CJP Exploration Inc. Larder Lake, Ontario P0K1L0

CJP EXPLORATION INC.

Spectrometer Survey Over the

TANNAHILL GOLD PROPERTY Tannahill Township, Ontario

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1. SURVEY DETAILS

1.1 PROJECT NAME

This project is known as the Tannahill Gold Property.

1.2 CLIENT

CJP Exploration Inc.

15 MacDonald St. Larder Lake, Ontario P0K1L0

1.3 LOCATION

The Tannahill Property is located approximately 33km northeast of Kirkland Lake, Ontario. The magnetic traverse area is located in Tannahill Township and covers a portion of mining claim 4284062, within the Larder Lake Mining Division.

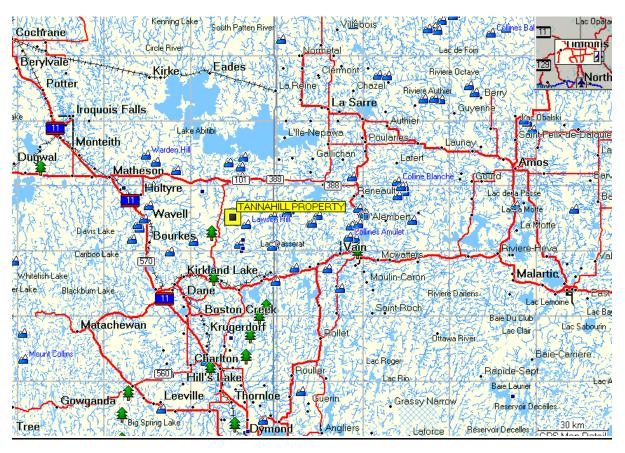


Figure 1: Location of Tannahill Gold Property

1.4 ACCESS

Access to the property was attained near kilometer 7 on the Rosko Forestry Access Road. This road can be found on the 27km north of the intersection of highway 66 and 672.

1.5 SURVEY AREA

The traversed lines were established using a GPS in conjunction with the execution of the survey. The survey area was for reconnaissance and therefore randomly generated in the field based on topography and vegetation.

2. SURVEY WORK UNDERTAKEN

2.1 SURVEY LOG

Date	Description	Line	Min Ex- tent	Total Survey (km)
November 7,	Locate survey area and			
2015	conduct survey.			0.825

Table 1: Survey Log

1.1 PERSONNEL

Jason Ploeger of Larder Lake, Ontario operated the spectrometer along with the navigation using a GPS.

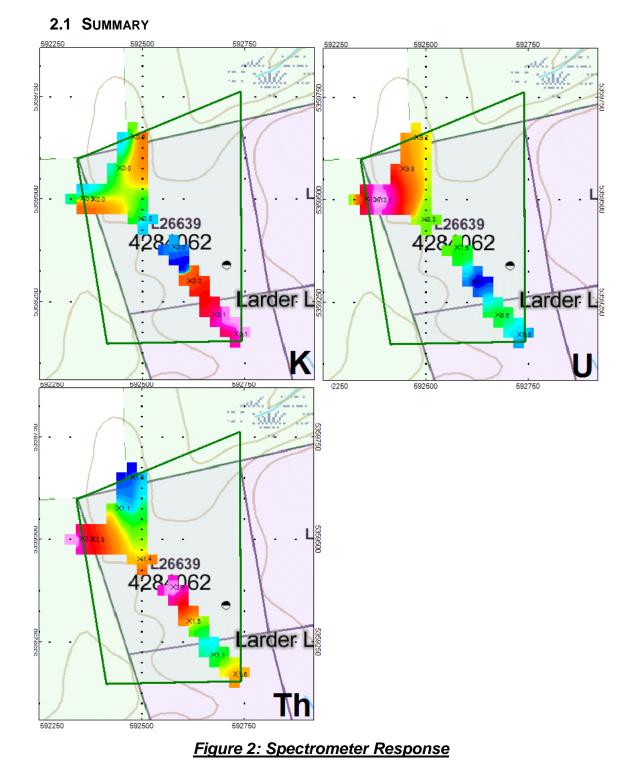
1.2 SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS

The survey was conducted with a Radiation Solutions RS-230 – BGO SUPER-SPEC spectrometer. The operator traversed the outlined block until the unit detected a cps above background. Once this was detected, the operator backtracked 50m, a GPS waypoint was taken with a corresponding 60 second stacked Spectrometer assay for K%, U ppm and Th ppm. At this point the operator took a sample every 25m until the anomalous region was traversed. Otherwise the operator took an assay and GPS reading every 100m. All data was both electronically noted and written in a notebook.

The background of the instrument was automatically set during the auto-calibration process and it was around 50nGy/h. The device was set to emit an audible alarm if the background was exceeded by two times the level. This was considered by the operator to be anomalous and at this point the operator increased the sample density.

A total of 0.825 kilometers of no grid spectrometer was performed on November 7, 2015. This consisted of 9 K, U and Th samples taken.

2. OVERVIEW OF SURVEY RESULTS



No anomalous areas were located with this survey.

APPENDIX A

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, C. Jason Ploeger, hereby declare that:

- 1. I am a professional geophysicist with residence in Larder Lake, Ontario and am presently employed as a Geophysicist and Geophysical Manager of Canadian Exploration Services Ltd. of Larder Lake, Ontario.
- 2. I am a Practicing Member of the Association of Professional Geoscientists, with membership number 2172.
- 3. I graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree in geophysics from the University of Western Ontario, in London Ontario, in 1999.
- 4. I have practiced my profession continuously since graduation in Africa, Bulgaria, Canada, Mexico and Mongolia.
- 5. I am a member of the Ontario Prospectors Association, a Director of the Northern Prospectors Association and a member of the Society of Exploration Geophysicists.
- 6. I do have an interest in the properties and securities of CJP Exploration Inc.
- 7. I am responsible for the final processing and validation of the survey results and the compilation of the presentation of this report. The statements made in this report represent my professional opinion based on my consideration of the information available to me at the time of writing this report.



C. Jason Ploeger, P.Geo., B.Sc. President CJP Exploration Inc.

Larder Lake, ON January 20, 2015

APPENDIX B

THEORETICAL BASIS AND SURVEY PROCEDURES

Gamma-Ray Spectrometry (GRS) provides a direct measurement of the surface of the earth, with no significant depth of penetration. This at-surface characteristic allows us to reliably relate the measured radioelement contrasts to mapped bedrock and surficial geology, and alteration associated with mineral deposits. All rocks, and materials derived from them are radioactive, containing detectable amounts of a variety of radioactive elements. A gamma-ray spectrometer is designed to detect the gamma rays associated with these radioactive elements and to accurately sort the detected gamma rays by their respective energies. It is this sorting ability that distinguishes the spectrometer from instruments that measure only total radioactivity.

Why do we need to know about K, U, and Th?

Potassium (K), uranium (U) and thorium (Th) are the three most abundant, naturally occurring radioactive elements. K is a major constituent of most rocks and is the predominant alteration element in most mineral deposits. Uranium and thorium are present in trace amounts, as mobile and immobile elements, respectively. As the concentration of these different radio elements varies between different rock types, we can use the information provided by a gamma-ray spectrometer to map the rocks. Where the 'normal' radioelement signature of the rocks is disrupted by a mineralizing system, corresponding radioelement anomalies provide direct exploration guidance.

Ground surveys do not require a corresponding airborne survey. They are easily conducted by one person as a reconnaissance survey or more formally using a series of grid lines. The resulting geochemical information provides an important additional layer of information significantly improving bedrock and surficial mapping and ore vectoring.

The Gamma-ray Energy Spectrum

The primary acquisition data set is a multichannel gamma-ray energy spectrum. The area from 0 to 0.4 MeV is not used and consists of counts created by Compton scattering. For geological mapping, the K⁴⁰ (potassium), Bi²¹⁴ (uranium) & Tl²⁰⁸ (thorium) peaks are of interest. During the aerial survey, the full spectrum of counts is recorded once per second, using a 256-channel histogram. During post-flight data processing, the counts for the radio elements of interest (K⁴⁰, Bi²¹⁴, Tl²⁰⁸) are accumulated. The summation includes the counts for a range of energies (a 'window' or 'region of interest') centred on each peak.

The accumulated count rates are then converted to **equivalent** ground concentrations of **potassium**, **uranium** & **thorium** using a set of calibration constants that are a characteristic of each spectrometer system.

APPENDIX C

RS-230 BGO Super Spec Gamma Spectrometer Handheld Gamma-Ray Spectrometer



Specifications

Memory:

- Internal Data Storage memory
- Assay + 1024 channel Spectra: 128 samples

Data Input / Output:

(Using supplied RS-Analyst software) -USB -Bluetooth -GPS link via Bluetooth

Temperature Range:

-20 to +50 degrees Celsius

Control:

-Single one button, Thumb activated

Alarm:

-Audio via miniature speaker -Variable audio threshold set point -Audio proportional to count rate

Weight:

4.5 lb (2.04 kg) including batteries

RS-230 Size & Package Style

-10.2" x 3.2" x 3.8" (259 mm x 81. mm x 96 mm)

-1 mm aluminum outer case

-In a flashlight configuration with side support strap and handle

Display:

-128 x 64 pixels, 1 1/8 x 2 3/8" -Graphic LCD display with white backlight and automatic dimming

Readout:

-Search Mode: Counts in CPS from 0 to 65,535 and Histogram chart -Assay Mode: Display in %K, ppm of U & Th

Energy Response:

30 keV - 3000 keV

Internal Sampling:

20 readings per second

Batteries:

-Internal battery pack module (4xAA) easily replaceable -Rechargeable or Alkaline (optional) -Life: 8 + hours at 20 degrees C

The performance of the 6.3 in³ (103 cm³) higher density Bismuth Germanate (BGO) detector is an equivalent of a 21 in³ (390 cm³) Sodium Iodide (Nal) commonly used with larger portable units and approximately more than 3 times the same size Nal crystal.

The spectrometer is auto-stabilizing on the naturally occurring (K, U, & Th) radioactivity and does not require any test sources

APPENDIX C

GARMIN GPS MAP 62S



Physical & Performance:			
Unit dimensions, WxHxD:	2.4" x 6.3" x 1.4" (6.1 x 16.0 x 3.6 cm)		
Display size, WxH:	1.43" x 2.15" (3.6 x 5.5 cm); 2.6" diag (6.6 cm)		
Display resolution, WxH:	160 x 240 pixels		
Display type:	transflective, 65-K color TFT		
Weight:	9.2 oz (260.1 g) with batteries		
Battery:	2 AA batteries (not included); NiMH or Lithium recom- mended		
Battery life:	20 hours		
Waterproof:	yes (IPX7)		
Floats:	no		
High-sensitivity re- ceiver:	yes		

Interface:	high-speed USB	and NMEA 0183 compatible
Maps & Memory:		
Basemap:		yes
Preloaded maps:		no
Ability to add maps:		yes
Built-in memory:		1.7 GB
Accepts data cards:		microSD™ card (not included)
Waypoints/favorites/loc	cations:	2000
Routes:		200
Track log:		10,000 points, 200 saved tracks
Features & Benefits: Automatic routing (turn on roads):	by turn routing	yes (with optional mapping for detailed roads)
Electronic compass:		yes (tilt-compensated, 3-axis)
Touchscreen:		no
Barometric altimeter:		yes
Camera:		no
Geocaching-friendly:		yes (paperless)
Custom maps compatil	<u>ole</u> :	yes
Photo navigation (navigotion (navigotion) otagged photos):	gate to ge-	yes
Outdoor GPS games:		no
Hunt/fish calendar:		yes
Sun and moon informa	tion:	yes
Tide tables:		yes

Area calculation:	yes
Custom POIs (ability to add additional points of interest):	yes
Unit-to-unit transfer (shares data wire- lessly with similar units):	yes
Picture viewer:	yes
Garmin Connect [™] compatible (online community where you analyze, catego- rize and share data):	yes

• Specifications obtained from www.garmin.com

APPENDIX C

LIST OF MAPS (IN MAP POCKET)

Posted Color Contour Maps (1:5000)

- 1) CJP-TANNAHILL-SPECT-K
- 2) CJP-TANNAHILL-SPECT-U
- 3) CJP-TANNAHILL-SPECT-Th
- 4) CJP-TANNAHILL-OUTCROP

TOTAL MAPS=4