CANADIAN EXPLORATION SERVICES LTD

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JUBILEE GOLD EXPLORATION LTD.

Induced Polarization Survey

Over the Munro North Property Munro and Warden Townships, Ontario

C Jason Ploeger, B.Sc, P.Geo
July 28, 2015

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1. SURVEY DETAILS

1.1 PROJECT NAME

This project is known as the **Munro North Property**.

1.2 CLIENT

Jubilee Gold Exploration Ltd.

80 Richmond Street West
Suite 605
Toronto, Ontario
M5H 2S9

1.3 LOCATION

The Munro North is located in Munro and Warden Townships approximately 20km northeast of Matheson, Ontario. The survey area covers mining claims numbered 4274143 and 4271133 along with mining leases L78704, L78705, L78706, L78707, L78708, L78709, L78710 and L59101 all located in Munro and Warden Townships, within the Larder Lake Mining Division.

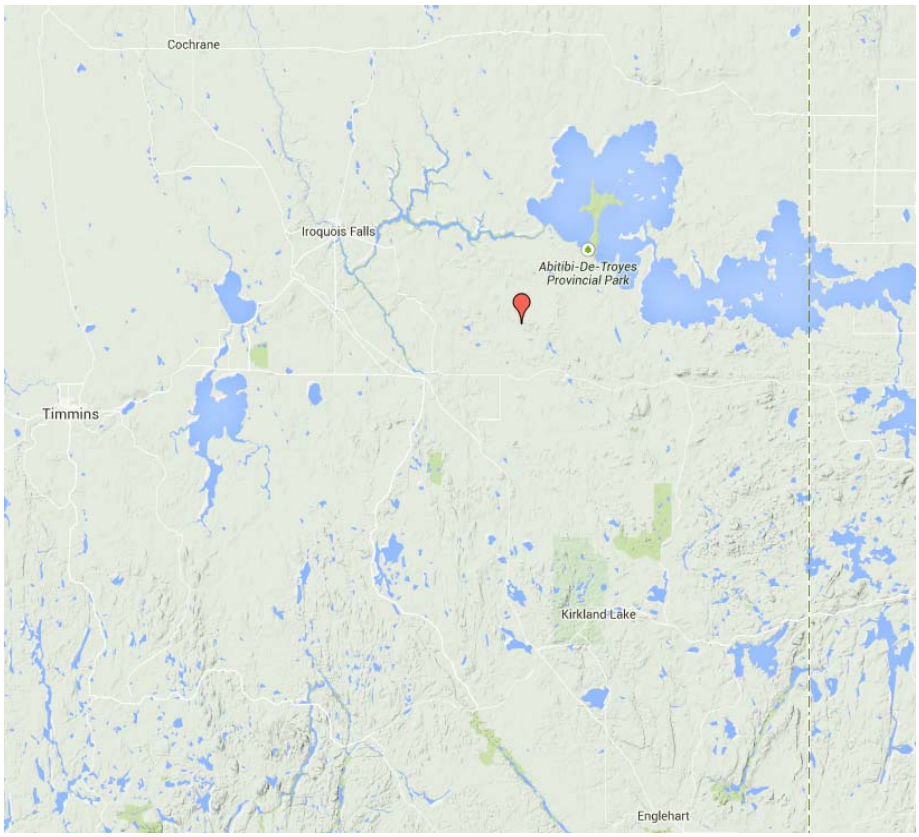

Figure 1: Location of the Munro North Property

1.4 Access

Access to the property was attained with a 4x4 truck on Highway 101. Highway 101 was travelled for approximately 10 km east of its intersection with highway 527. From here, a forestry access road was travelled an additional 12.5km to the grid area.

1.5 Survey Grid

The grid was established prior to survey execution and consisted of 11.6 line kilometers of cut grid lines. The grid lines were spaced at 50, 100, and 200 meter intervals with the stations picketed at 25 meter intervals with a broken baseline running at 125°N for a distance of 1300 meters.

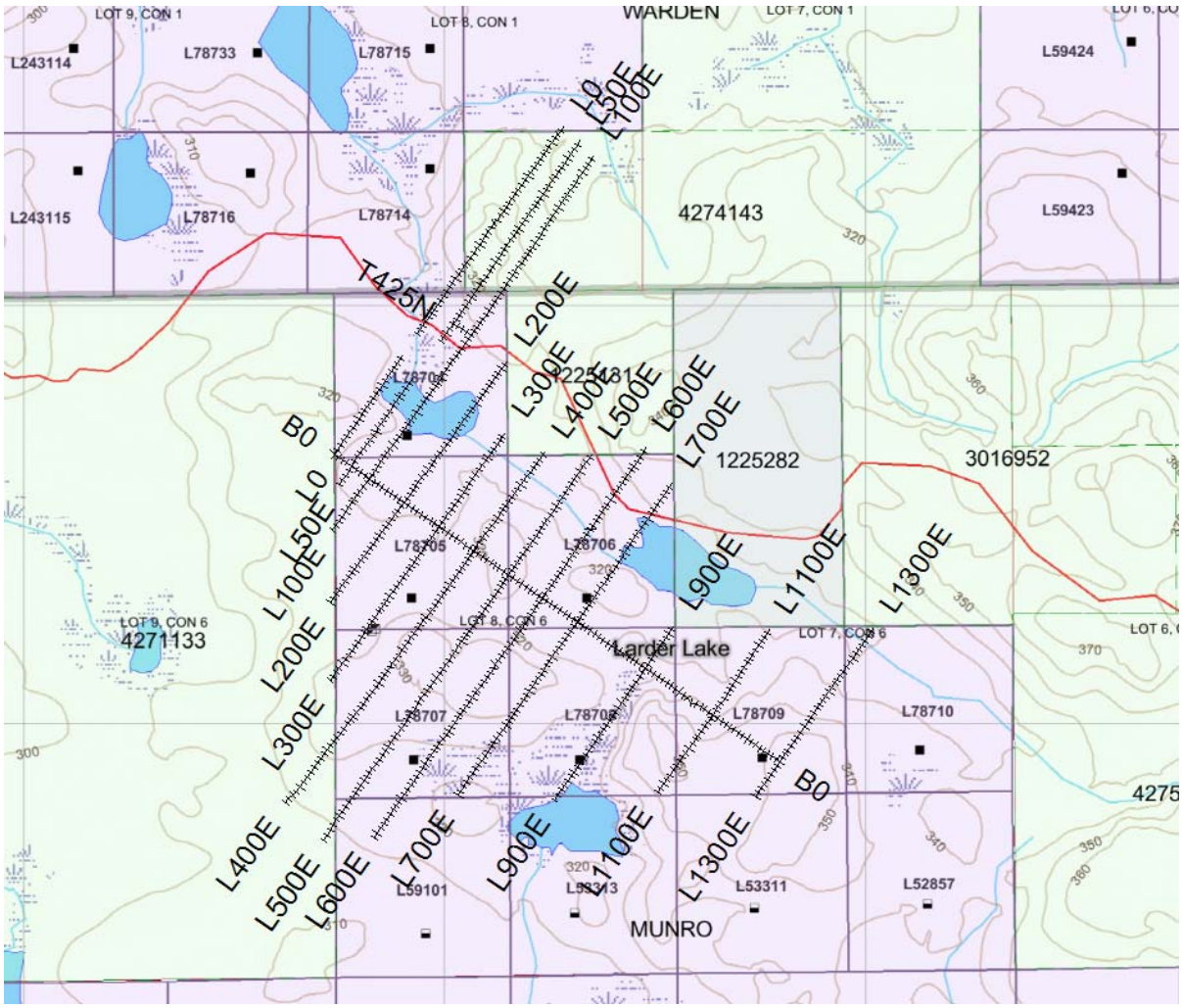

Figure 2: Claim Map with Melba Property-Phase 1 Grid

2. SURVEY WORK UNDERTAKEN

2.1 SURVEY LOG

Date	Description	Line	Min Extent	Max Extent	Total Survey (m)
July 13, 2015	Locate survey area and access points. Establish power wires and begin survey.	700E	100S	400N	500
July 14, 2015	Difficult rocky terrain results in contact issues.	700E	500S	100S	400
		600E	725S	100S	625
July 15, 2015	Continue survey.	600E	100S	450N	550
		500E	650S	350N	1000
July 16, 2015	Continue survey.	500E	800S	650S	150
		400E	750S	300N	1050
July 17, 2015	Continue survey.	300E	450S	275N	725
		200E	300S	425N	725
July 20, 2015	Continue survey. Thunderstorms in region cause survey delays.	100E	150S	950N	1100
July 21, 2015	Continue survey.	50E	50S	950N	1000
		0E	700N	950N	250
July 22, 2015	Complete survey. Recover gear and demobilize.	0E	0N	700N	700

Table 1: Survey Log

2.2 PERSONNEL

Bruce Lavalley of Britt, Ontario was the Crew Chief with Claudia Moraga also of Britt, Ontario operating the Transmitter. The crew consisted of Jordan Potts, Neil Jack, Steve Gingras and Khenan Bedingfield.

2.3 SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS

Dipole-Dipole Array

The dipole-dipole survey configuration was used for this survey. This array consists of 11 mobile stainless steel read electrodes and one current electrode (C1). The eleven potential electrodes were connected to the receiver by means of the "Snake".

The power locations C1 and C2 were maintained at a distance of 25m behind read electrode and the read electrodes had a 25m spacing to a depth of n=10. A two second transmit cycle time was used with a minimum number of receiver stacks of 12.

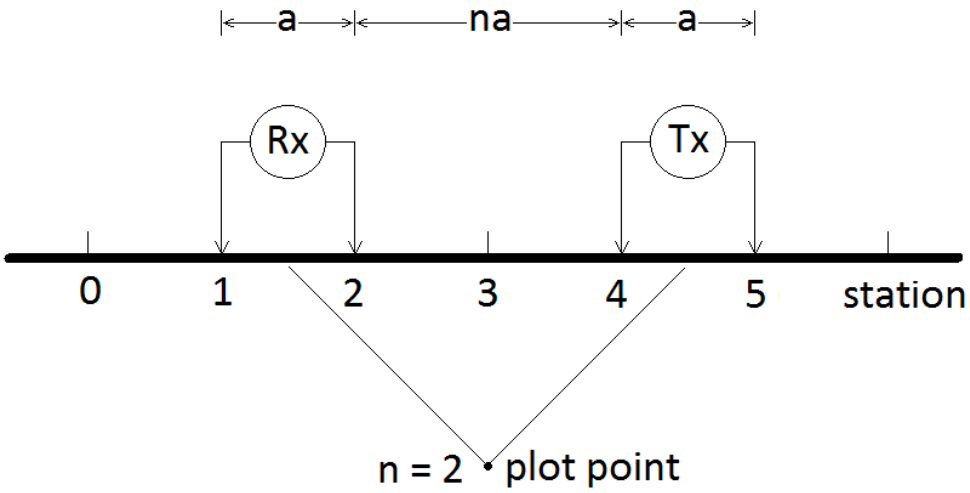

Figure 3: Dipole-Dipole Configuration

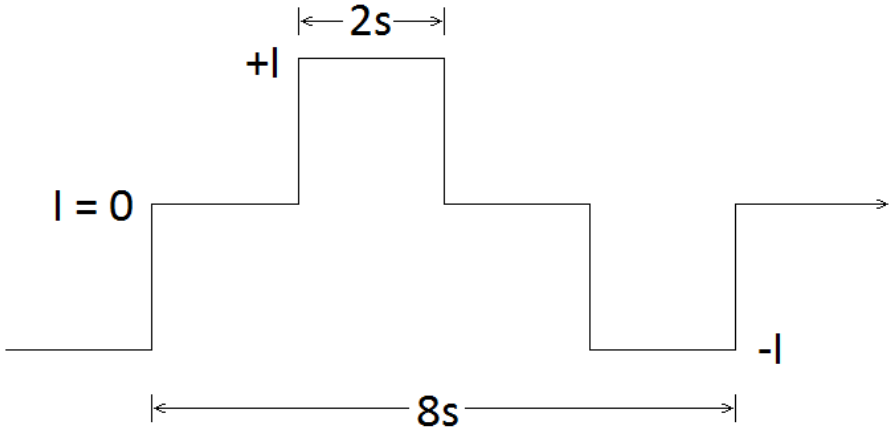

Figure 4: Transmit Cycle Used

A total of 8.775 line kilometers of Dipole Dipole IP was performed between July 13th and July 22nd, 2015.

3. OVERVIEW OF SURVEY RESULTS

3.1 SUMMARY INTERPRETATION

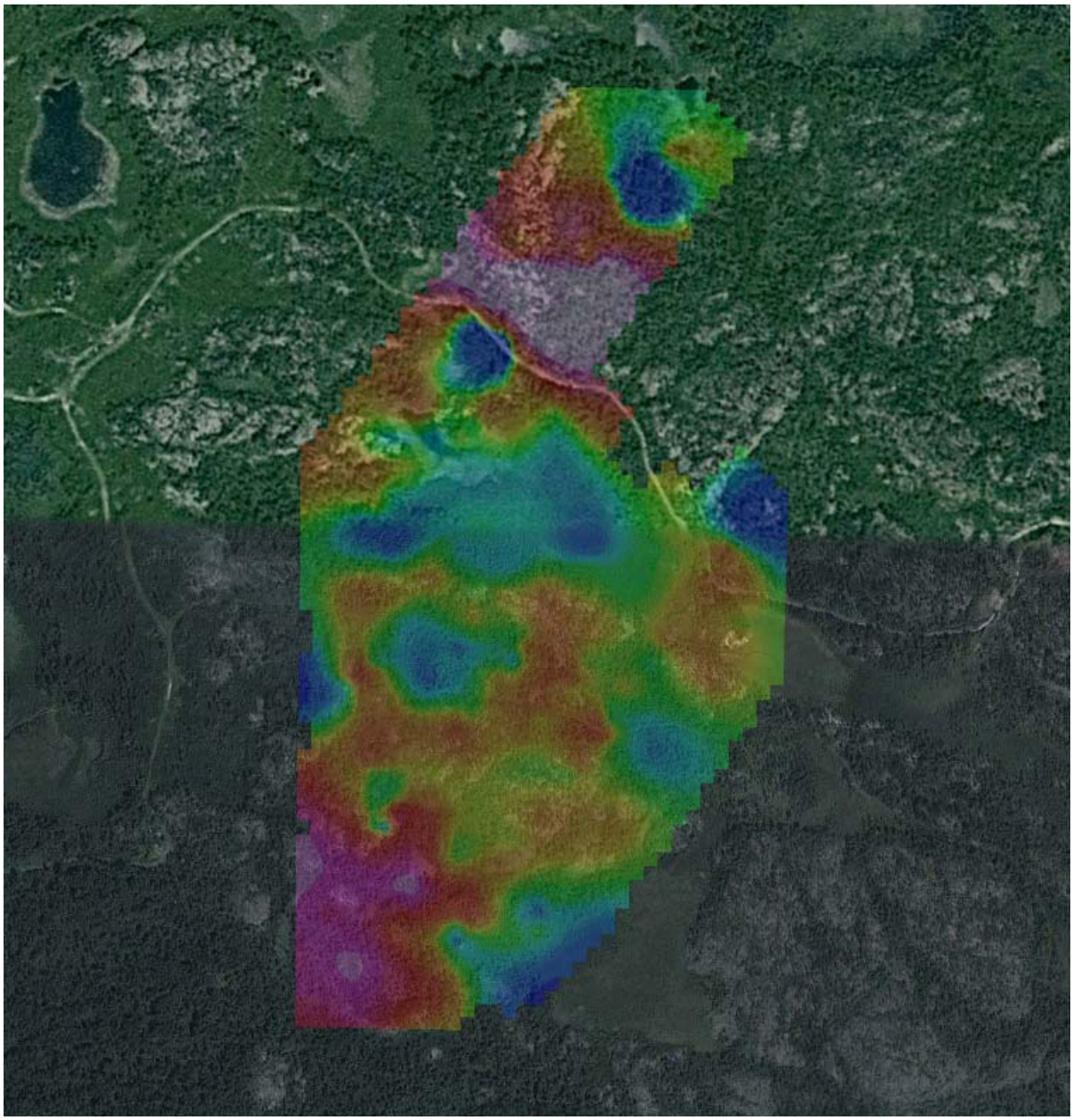

Figure 5: Google Image with Chargeability Overlay

The survey was designed to target a favorable region on strike with the historic Potter-Dole showings. Previously performed magnetic and VLF EM surveys indicate strong anomalous regions striking through the northern and southern regions of the survey grid.

Conducting the IP survey proved challenging in the terrain covered by the grid area.

Numerous regions of bare outcrop and tallus made contacts extremely difficult and noisy in regions. Some electrode sites required up to 10 repeat readings/electrode moves before a stable result was measured.

A series of east-west chargeability anomalies can be seen crossing the property. Each of the chargeability anomalies are viable targets for prospecting and soil sampling. Three of the chargeability anomaly clusters stand out from the rest.

The first anomaly cluster occurs over lines 0 through 100E between 500N and 700N. This cluster appears to comprise three chargeability responses. The most intense of these anomalies occurs at 500N across the three lines. Correlating with this intense chargeability high is a resistivity low. Comparison with a previous magnetometer survey indicates this anomaly also represents an intense magnetic high. A similar response occurs near 575N. Flanking this on the northern side appears a broad chargeability anomaly with a slight rise in magnetics and a increase in apparent resistivity. This series may indicate an iron formation, sulfide or ultramafic sequence. The broad flanking chargeability anomaly may also indicate a more disseminated mineralization or a magnetite rich sequence.

A second chargeability anomaly occurs near the baseline on line 100E through 300E. The resistivity of this chargeability trend appears to increase with little change in the magnetic signature. The topography appears to change along this horizon. This may indicate the source being related to topography.

The final sequence of note falls on the southern part of the survey grid. This can be seen crossing lines 400E-600E from 400S through to the southern line extent. Within this can be seen average to strong magnetic signatures and highly resistive to weakly resistive anomalies. This anomalous sequence may indicate the presence of an iron formation or ultramafic. The regions of low resistivity indicate sulfide or a graphitic environment.

The series of anomalies appears to represent a volcanic pile ranging from ultramafic through rhyolite. This sequence appears to be repeated within the grid area. With the geophysical response indicating the favorable nature of the geology, all of the anomalies identified should be investigated further. The geophysical signatures indicate a strong probability that the anomalous regions either outcrop or are covered with shallow overburden. Follow up should include prospecting, soil sampling and trenching.

APPENDIX A

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, C. Jason Ploeger, hereby declare that:

1. I am a professional geophysicist with residence in Larder Lake, Ontario and am presently employed as a Geophysicist and Geophysical Manager of Canadian Exploration Services Ltd. of Larder Lake, Ontario.

2. I am a Practicing Member of the Association of Professional Geoscientists, with membership number 2172.

3. I graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree in geophysics from the University of Western Ontario, in London Ontario, in 1999.

4. I have practiced my profession continuously since graduation in Africa, Bulgaria, Canada, Mexico and Mongolia.

5. I am a member of the Ontario Prospectors Association, a Director of the Northern Prospectors Association and a member of the Society of Exploration Geophysicists.

6. I do not have nor expect an interest in the properties and securities of **Jubilee Gold Exploration Ltd.**

7. I am responsible for the final processing and validation of the survey results and the compilation of the presentation of this report. The statements made in this report represent my professional opinion based on my consideration of the information available to me at the time of writing this report.

C. Jason Ploeger, P.Geo., B.Sc.
Geophysical Manager
Canadian Exploration Services Ltd.

Larder Lake, ON
July 28, 2015

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APPENDIX B

THEORETICAL BASIS AND SURVEY PROCEDURES

Induced Polarization Surveys

Time domain IP surveys involve measurement of the magnitude of the polarization voltage (Vp) that results from the injection of pulsed current into the ground.

Two main mechanisms are known to be responsible for the IP effect although the exact causes are still poorly understood. The main mechanism in rocks containing metallic conductors is electrode polarization (overvoltage effect). This results from the build up of charge on either side of conductive grains within the rock matrix as they block the flow of current. On removal of this current the ions responsible for the charge slowly diffuse back into the electrolyte (groundwater) and the potential difference across each grain slowly decays to zero.

The second mechanism, membrane polarization, results from a constriction of the flow of ions around narrow pore channels. It may also result from the excessive build up of positive ions around clay particles. This cloud of positive ions similarly blocks the passage of negative ions through pore spaces within the rock. On removal of the applied voltage the concentration of ions slowly returns to its original state resulting in the observed IP response.

In TD-IP the current is usually applied in the form of a square waveform, with the polarization voltage being measured over a series of short time intervals after each current cut-off, following a short delay of approximately 0.5s. These readings are integrated to give the area under the decay curve, which is used to define Vp. The integral voltage is divided by the observed steady voltage (the voltage due to the applied current, plus the polarization voltage) to give the apparent chargeability (Ma) measured in milliseconds. For a given charging period and integration time the measured apparent chargeability provides qualitative information on the subsurface geology.

The polarization voltage is measured using a pair of non-polarizing electrodes similar to those used in spontaneous potential measurements and other IP techniques.

APPENDIX C

Iris Elrec Pro Receiver

ELREC Pro unit with its graphic LCD screen

Specifications

- 10 CHANNELS / IP RECEIVER FOR MINERAL EXPLORATION
- 10 simultaneous dipoles
- 20 programmable chargeability windows
- High accuracy and sensitivity

ELREC Pro: this new receiver is a new compact and low consumption unit designed for high productivity Resistivity and Induced Polarization measurements. It features some high capabilities allowing to work in any field conditions.

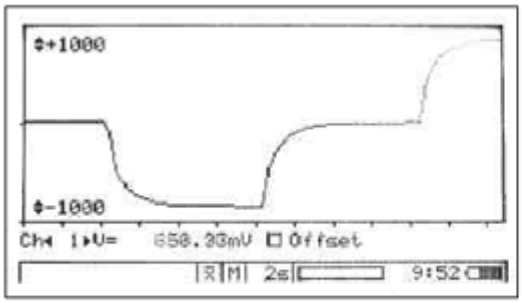
Reception dipoles: the ten dipoles of the ELREC Pro offer an high productivity in the field for dipole-dipole, gradient or extended poly-pole arrays.

Programmable windows: beside classical arithmetic and logarithmic modes, ELREC Pro also offers a Cole-Cole mode and a twenty fully programmable windows for a higher flexibility in the definition of the IP decay curve.

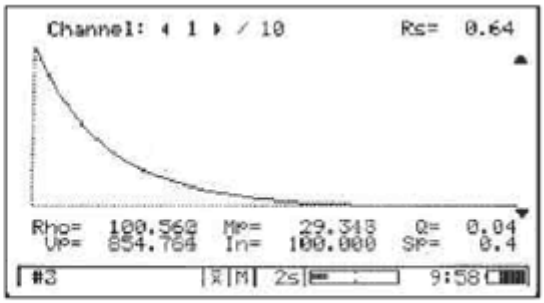
IP display: chargeability values and IP decay curves can be displayed in real time thanks to the large graphic LCD screen. Before data acquisition, the ELREC Pro can be used as a one channel graphic display, for monitoring the noise level and checking the primary voltage waveform, through a continuous display process.

Internal memory: the memory can store up to 21 000 readings, each reading including the full set of parameters characterizing the measurements. The data are stored in flash memories not requiring any lithium battery for safeguard.

Switching capability: thanks to extension Switch Pro box(es) connected to the ELREC Pro unit, the 10 reception electrodes can be automatically switched to increase the productivity in-the-field.



Monitoring of the Primary voltage waveform before acquisition



Display of numeric values and IP decay curve during acquisition

FIELD LAY-OUT OF AN ELREC PRO UNIT

The ELREC Pro unit has to be used with an external transmitter, such as a VIP transmitter.
The automatic synchronization (and re-synchronization at each new pulse) with the transmission signal, through a waveform recognition process, gives an high reliability of the measurement.

Before starting the measurement, a grounding resistance measuring process is automatically run ; this allows to check that all the electrodes are properly connected to the receiver.

Extension Switch Pro box(es), with specific cables, can be connected to the ELREC Pro unit for an automatic switching of the reception electrodes according to preset sequence of measurements ; these sequences have to be created and uploaded to the unit from the
ELECTRE II software.

The use of such boxes allows to save time in case of the user needs to measure more than 10 levels of investigation or in case of large 2D or 3D acquisition.

DATA MANAGING

PROSYS software allows to download data from the unit. From this software, one has the opportunity to visualize graphically the apparent resistivity and the chargeability sections together with the IP decay curve of each data point. Then, one can process the data (filter, insert topography, merge data files…) before exporting them to “txt” file or to interpretation software:

RES2DINV or RESIX software for pseudo-section inversion to true resistivity (and

IP) 2D section.
RES3DINV software, for inversion to true resistivity (and IP) 3D data.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- Input voltage:
  - Max. for channel 1: 15 V
  - Max. for the sum from channel 2 to channel 10: 15 V
  - Protection: up to 800V
- Voltage measurement:
  - Accuracy: 0.2 % typical
  - Resolution: 1 µV
- Chargeability measurement:
  - Accuracy: 0.6 % typical
- Induced Polarization (chargeability) measured over to 20 automatic or user defined windows
- Input impedance: 100 MW
- Signal waveform: Time domain (ON+,OFF,ON-, OFF) with a pulse duration of 500 ms - 1s - 2s - 4s -8s
- Automatic synchronization and re-synchronization process on primary voltage signals
- Computation of apparent resistivity, average chargeability and standard deviation
- Noise reduction: automatic stacking number in relation with a given standard deviation value
- SP compensation through automatic linear drift correction
- 50 to 60Hz power line rejection
- Battery test

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS.

- Data flash memory: more than 21 000 readings
- Serial link RS-232 for data download
- Power supply: internal rechargeable 12V, 7.2 Ah battery ; optional external 12V standard car battery can be also used
- Weather proof
- Shock resistant fiber-glass case
- Operating temperature: -20 °C to +70 °C
- Dimensions: 31 x 21 x 21 cm
- Weight: 6 kg

APPENDIX C

GGD II 5kW

SPECIFICATIONS

- Protection against short circuits even at 0 ohms
- Output Voltage range: 150V to 2400V in 14 steps
- Power source is a standard 220/240V, 20/60 Hz source
- Displays electrode contact, transmitting power and current

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- Standard Time Base of 2 seconds for time domain – 2 seconds on, 2 seconds off
- Optional Time Base of DC, 0.5, 1, 2, 4 or 8 seconds
- Output Current Range, 0.030 to 10A
- Output Voltage Range, 150 to 2400V in 14 steps
- Ability to Link 2 GDD transmitters to double power output

CONTROLS

- Switch ON/OFF
- Output Voltage Range Switch: 150V, 180V, 350V, 420V, 500V, 600V, 700V, 840V, 1000V, 1200V, 1400V, 1680V, 2000V and 2400V

DISPLAYS

- Output Current LCD: reads +- 0.0010A
- Electrode Contact Displayed when not Transmitting
- Output Power Displayed when Transmitting
- Automatic Thermostat controlled LCD heater for LCD
- Total Protection Against Short Circuits
- Indicator Lamps Indicate Overloads

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

- Weather proof
- Shock resistant pelican case
- Operating temperature: -40 °C to +65 °C
- Dimensions: 26 x 45 x 55 cm

- Weight: 40 kg

APPENDIX D

LIST OF MAPS (IN MAP POCKET)

Posted contoured Plan Maps (1:2500)

1) JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-CHG-N2
2) JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-RES-N2

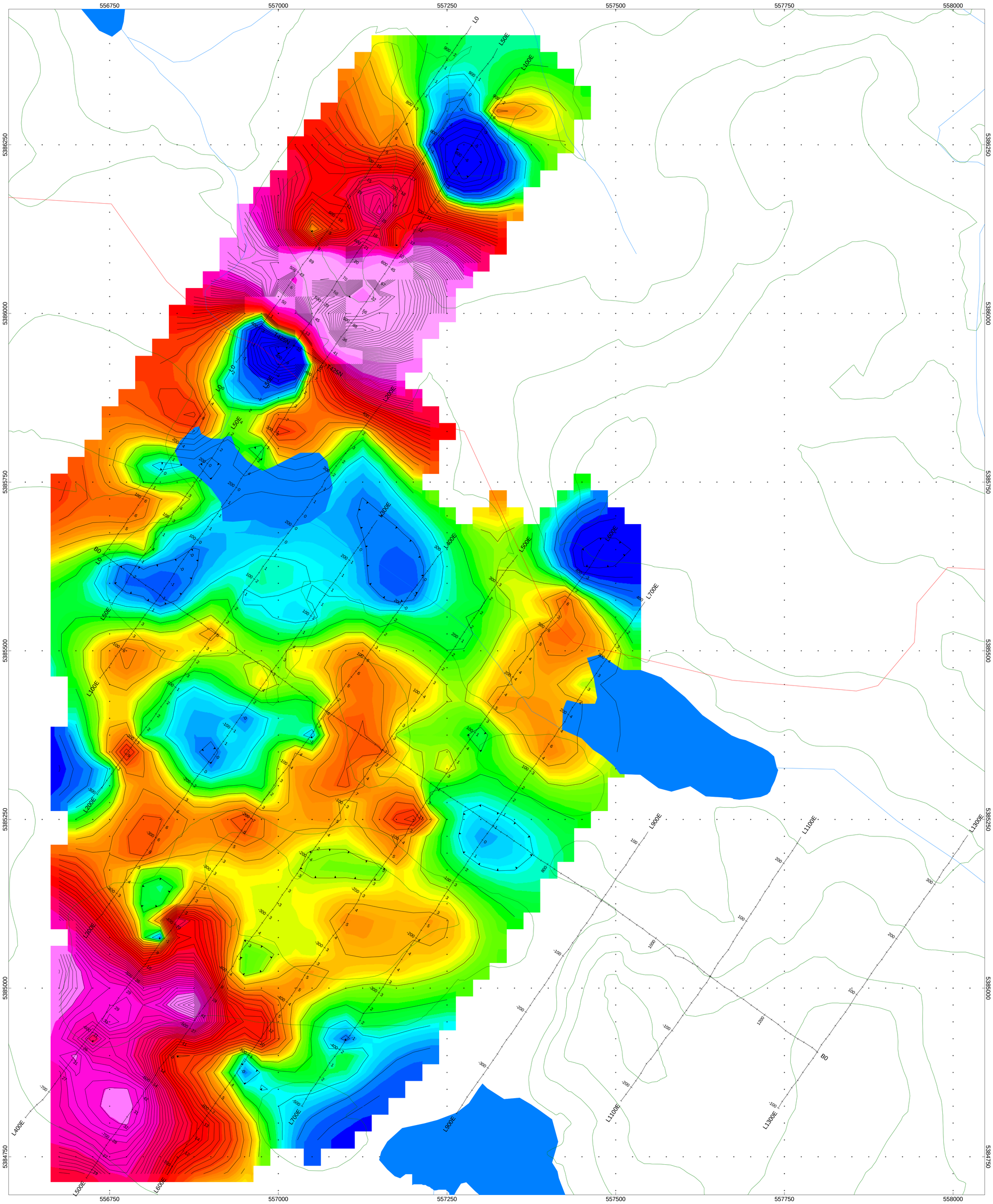
Posted contoured Pseudo-Sections (1:2500)

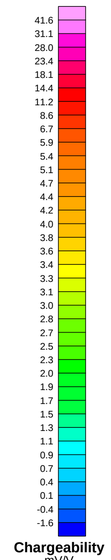
3) JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-0
4) JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-50E
5) JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-100E
6) JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-200E
7) JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-300E
8) JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-400E
9) JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-500E
10) JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-600E
11) JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-700E

Claim Map with Magnetic Traverses (1:20000)

12) JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-GRID

TOTAL MAPS = 12





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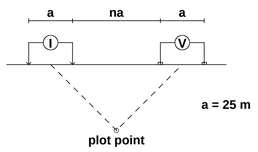
(meters)

Dipole-Dipole Array



JUBILEE GOLD EXPLORATION LTD.

MUNRO NORTH PROPERTY
Munro and Warden Townships, Ontario

Dipole Dipole Induced Polarization Survey
Chargeability N=2 Data

Interval: 2 seconds
Current: 20-5500 mA
Rx: Iris Elrec Pro
Tx: GDD II (5kW Time Domain)

Elrec Pro Operated by: Bruce Lavalley
Processed by: C Jason Ploeger
Map Drawn By: C Jason Ploeger, PGeo, BSc
July 2015

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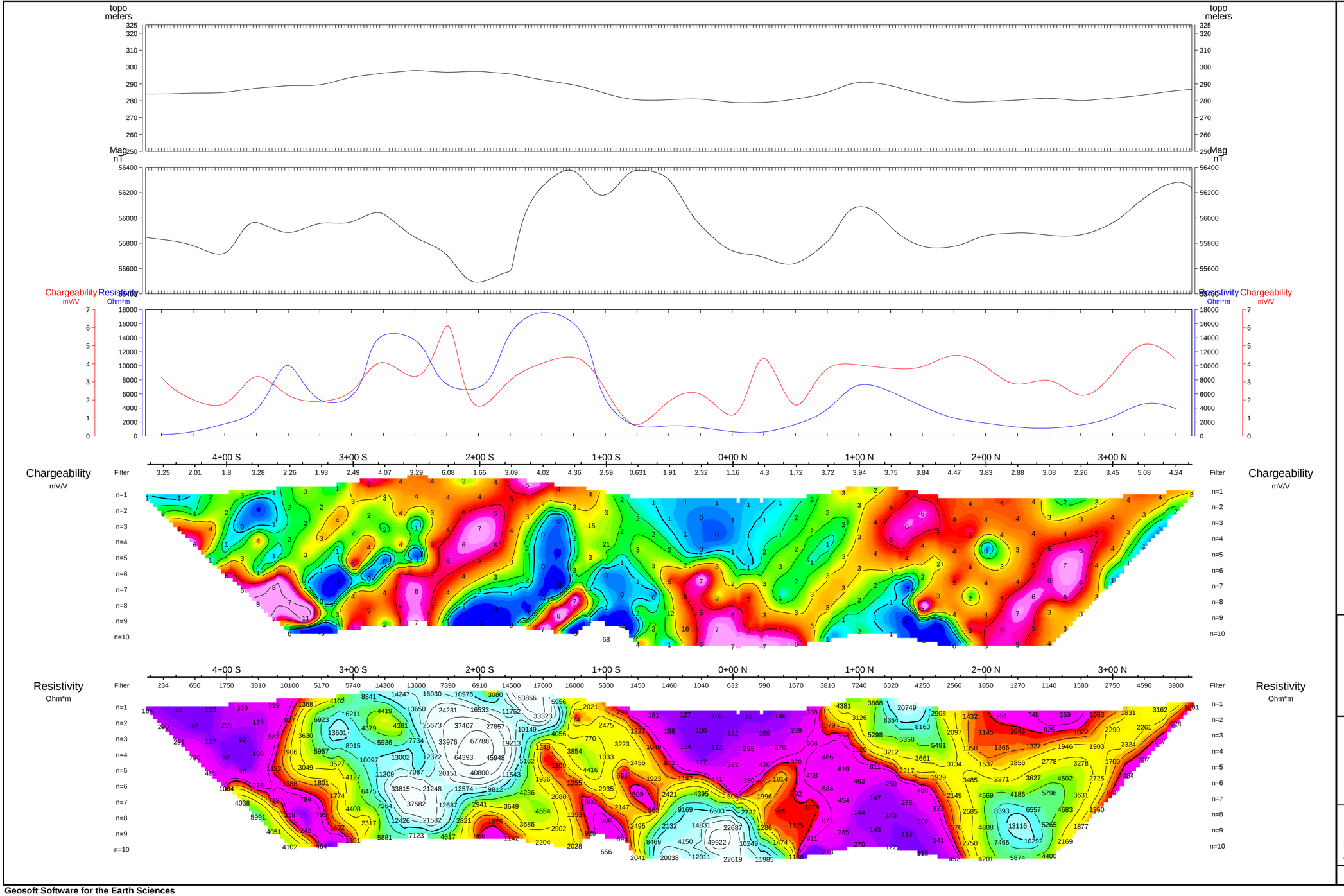
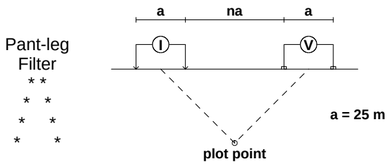
Drawing: JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-CHG-N2



Pseudo Section Plot

7+00 E

Dipole-Dipole Array



Scale 1:2500

25 0 25 50 75 100 125 150

(meters)

JUBILEE GOLD EXPLORATION LTD

Munro North Property

Munro and Warden Townships, Ontario

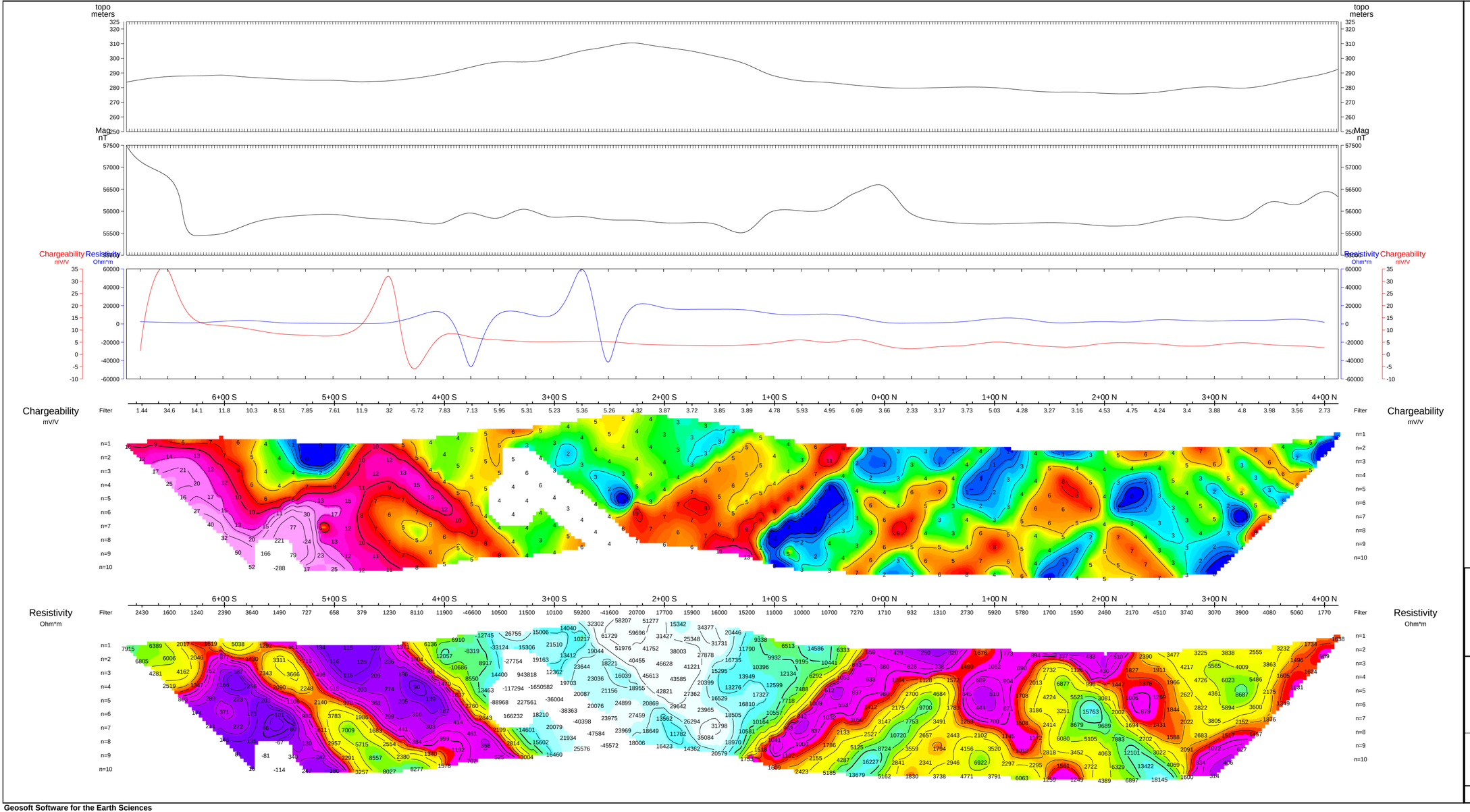
Dipole Dipole Induced Polarization Survey

Interval: 2 seconds
Current: 50-3500 mA
Rx: Iris Elrec Pro
Tx: GDD TXII (5kW Time Domain)

Processed by: C Jason Ploeger
Map Drawn By:
C Jason Ploeger, P.Geo., B.Sc.
July 2015

CANADIAN EXPLORATION SERVICES LTD

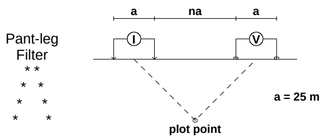
Drawing : JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-700E



Pseudo Section Plot

6+00 E

Dipole-Dipole Array



Scale 1:2500

25 0 25 50 75 100 125 150

(meters)

JUBILEE GOLD EXPLORATION LTD

Munro North Property

Munro and Warden Townships, Ontario

Dipole Dipole Induced Polarization Survey

Interval: 2 seconds
Current: 50-2400 mA
Rx: Iris Elrec Pro
Tx: GDD TXII (5kW Time Domain)

Processed by: C Jason Ploeger
Map Drawn By:
C Jason Ploeger, P.Geo., B.Sc.
July 2015

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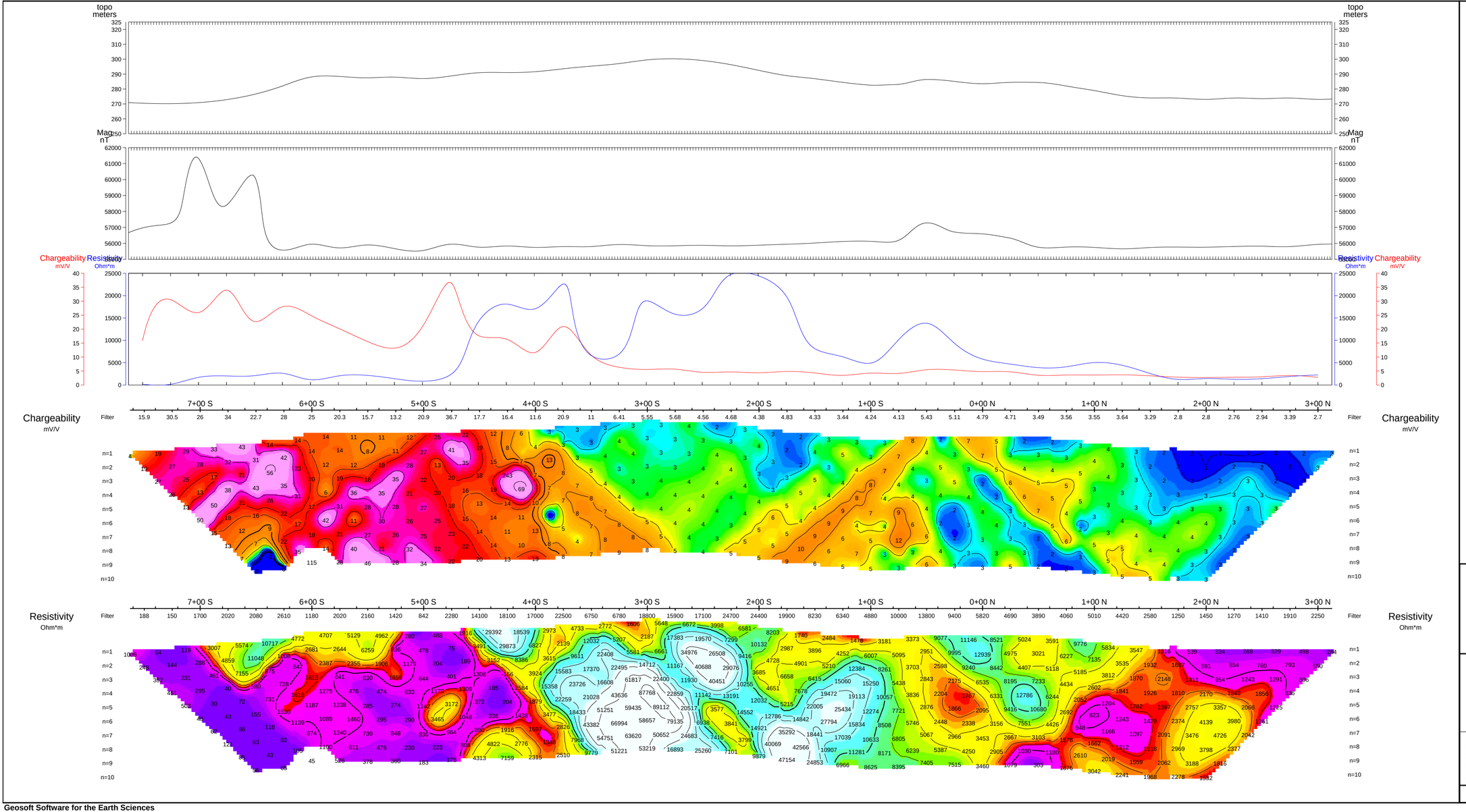
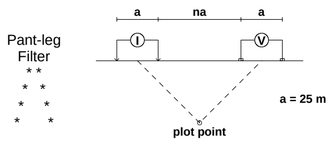
Drawing : JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-600E



Pseudo Section Plot

5+00 E

Dipole-Dipole Array



Scale 1:2500

25 0 25 50 75 100 125 150

(meters)

JUBILEE GOLD EXPLORATION LTD

Munro North Property

Munro and Warden Townships, Ontario

Dipole Dipole Induced Polarization Survey

Interval: 2 seconds
Current: 20-3400 mA
Rx: Iris Elrec Pro
Tx: GDD TXII (5kW Time Domain)

Processed by: C Jason Ploeger
Map Drawn By:
C Jason Ploeger, P.Geo., B.Sc.
July 2015

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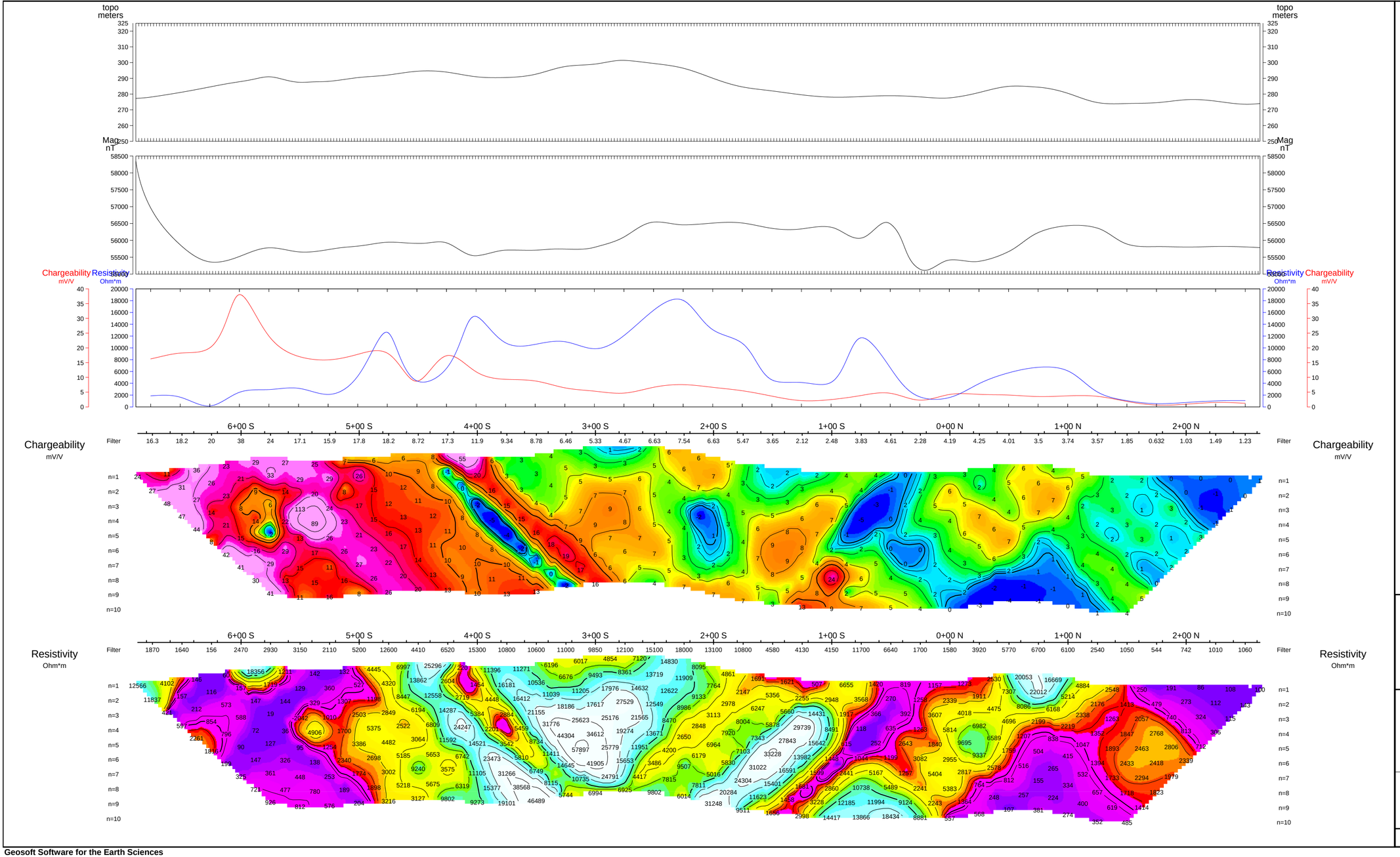
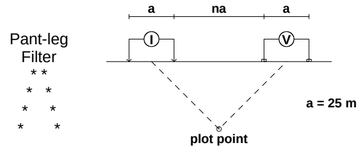
Drawing : JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-500E



Pseudo Section Plot

4+00 E

Dipole-Dipole Array



Scale 1:2500

25 0 25 50 75 100 125 150

(meters)

JUBILEE GOLD EXPLORATION LTD

Munro North Property

Munro and Warden Townships, Ontario

Dipole Dipole Induced Polarization Survey

Interval: 2 seconds
Current: 50-1000 mA
Rx: Iris Elrec Pro
Tx: GDD TXII (5kW Time Domain)

Processed by: C Jason Ploeger
Map Drawn By:
C Jason Ploeger, P.Geo., B.Sc.
July 2015

CXS
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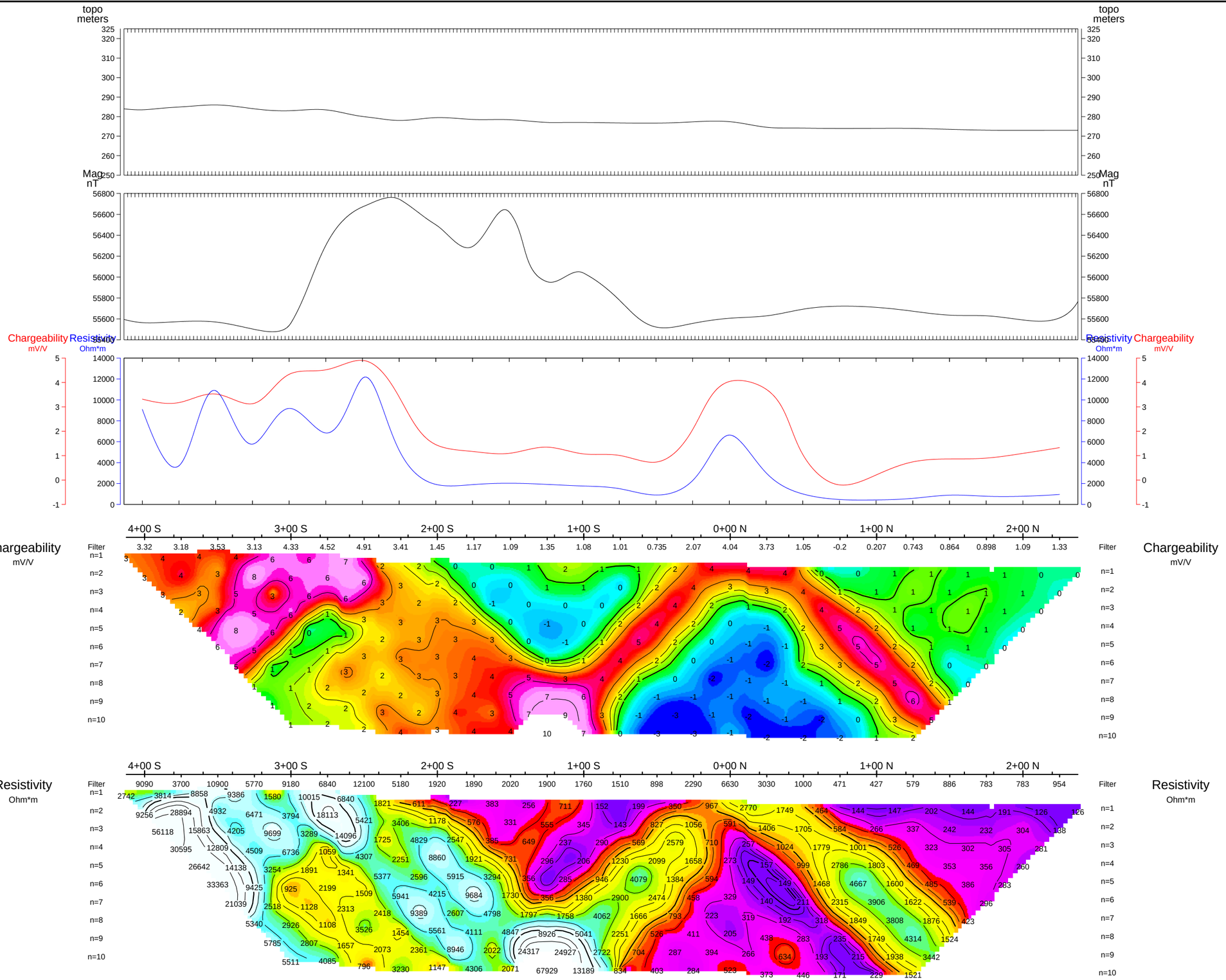
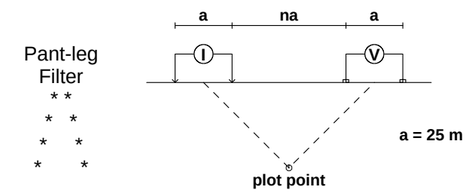
Drawing : JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-400E



Pseudo Section Plot

3+00 E

Dipole-Dipole Array



Scale 1:2500

25 0 25 50 75 100 125 150

(meters)

JUBILEE GOLD EXPLORATION LTD

Munro North Property

Munro and Warden Townships, Ontario

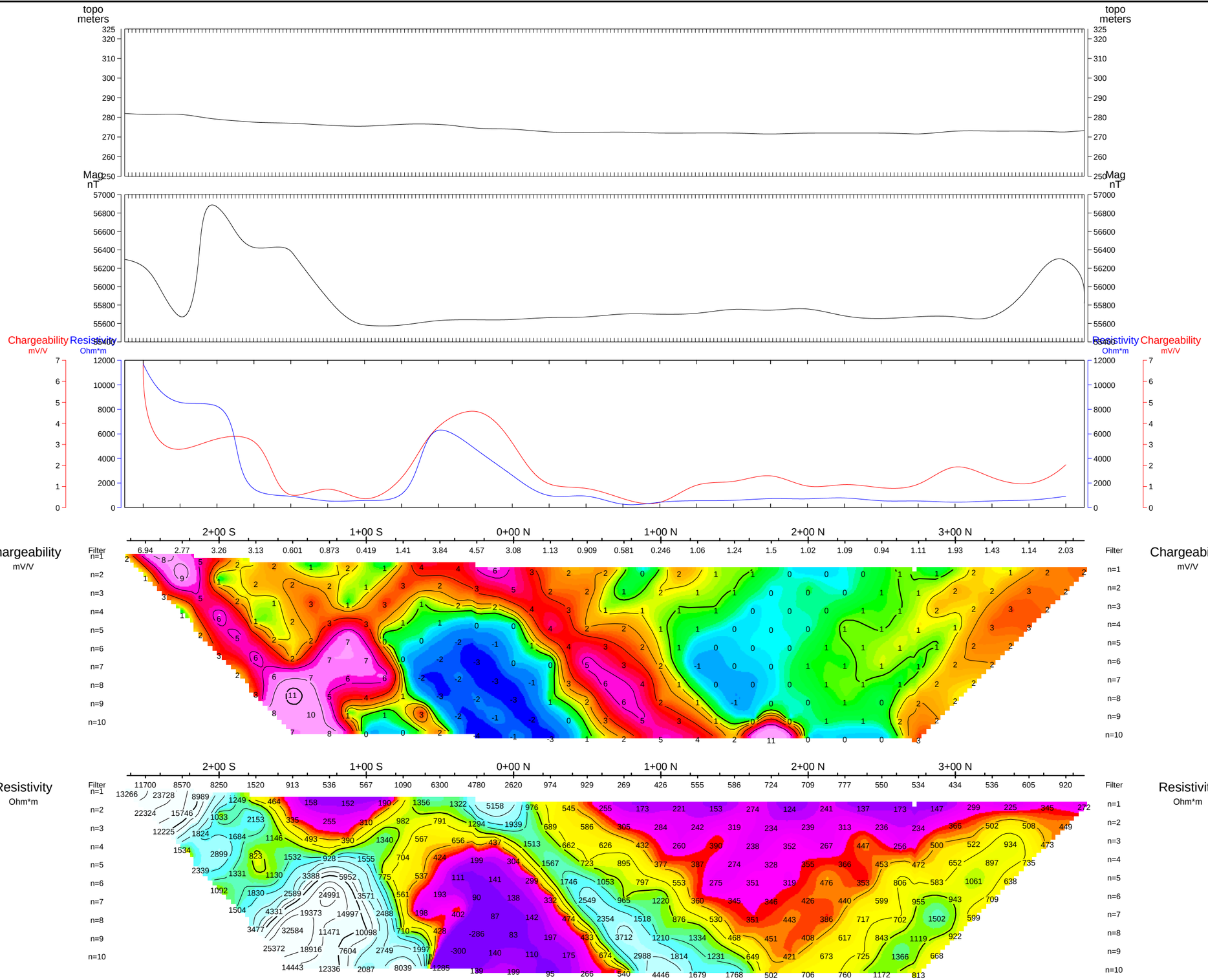
Dipole Dipole Induced Polarization Survey

Interval: 2 seconds
Current: 120-2500 mA
Rx: Iris Elrec Pro
Tx: GDD TXII (5kW Time Domain)

Processed by: C Jason Ploeger
Map Drawn By:
C Jason Ploeger, P.Geo., B.Sc.
July 2015

CANADIAN EXPLORATION SERVICES LTD

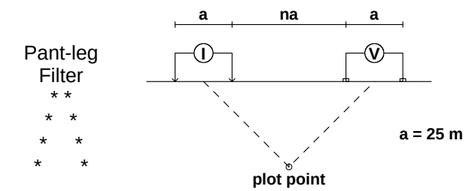
Drawing : JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-300E



Pseudo Section Plot

2+00 E

Dipole-Dipole Array



Scale 1:2500

25 0 25 50 75 100 125 150

(meters)

JUBILEE GOLD EXPLORATION LTD

Munro North Property

Munro and Warden Townships, Ontario

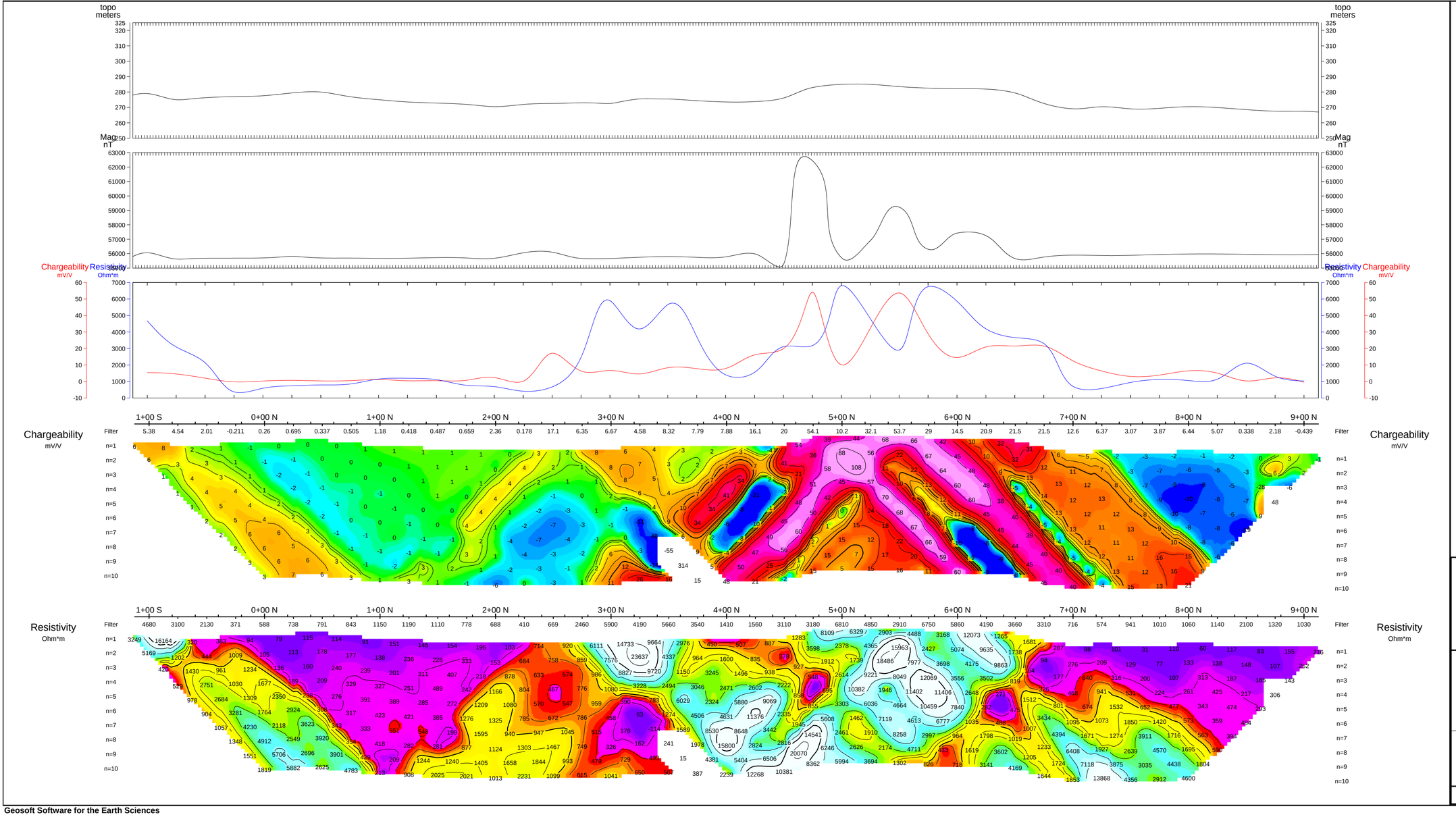
Dipole Dipole Induced Polarization Survey

Interval: 2 seconds
Current: 100-2000 mA
Rx: Iris Elrec Pro
Tx: GDD TXII (5kW Time Domain)

Processed by: C Jason Ploeger
Map Drawn By:
C Jason Ploeger, P.Geo., B.Sc.
July 2015

CXS CANADIAN EXPLORATION SERVICES LTD

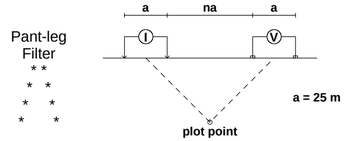
Drawing : JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-200E



Pseudo Section Plot

1+00 E

Dipole-Dipole Array



Scale 1:2500

25 0 25 50 75 100 125 150

(meters)

JUBILEE GOLD EXPLORATION LTD

Munro North Property

Munro and Warden Townships, Ontario

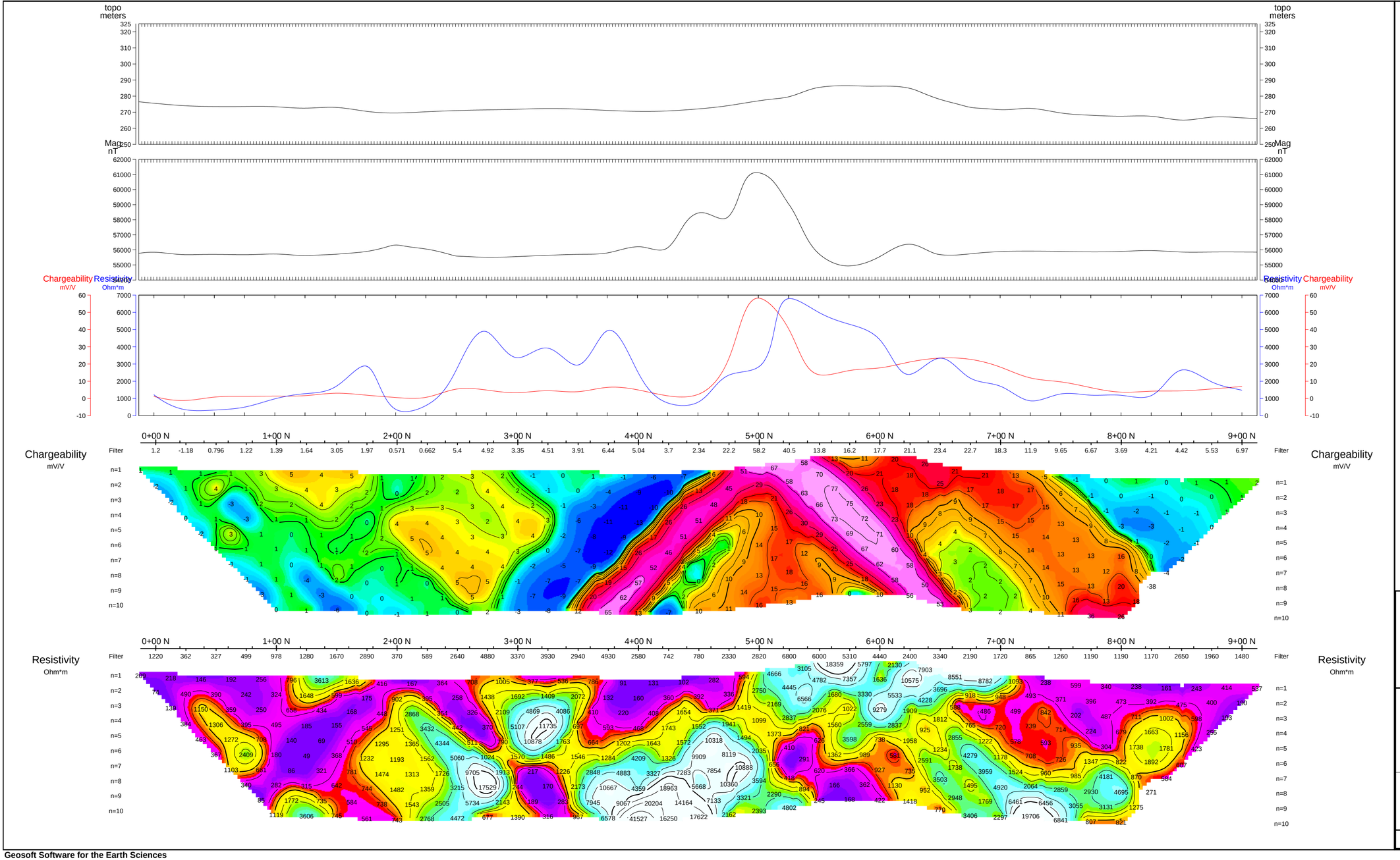
Dipole Dipole Induced Polarization Survey

Interval: 2 seconds
Current: 130-3300 mA
Rx: Iris Elrec Pro
Tx: GDD TXII (5kW Time Domain)

Processed by: C Jason Ploeger
Map Drawn By:
C Jason Ploeger, P.Geo., B.Sc.
July 2015

CXS CANADIAN EXPLORATION SERVICES LTD

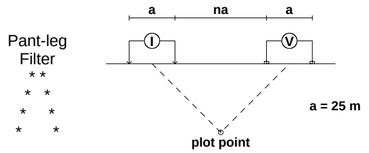
Drawing : JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-100E



Pseudo Section Plot

0+50 E

Dipole-Dipole Array



Scale 1:2500

25 0 25 50 75 100 125 150

(meters)

JUBILEE GOLD EXPLORATION LTD

Munro North Property

Munro and Warden Townships, Ontario

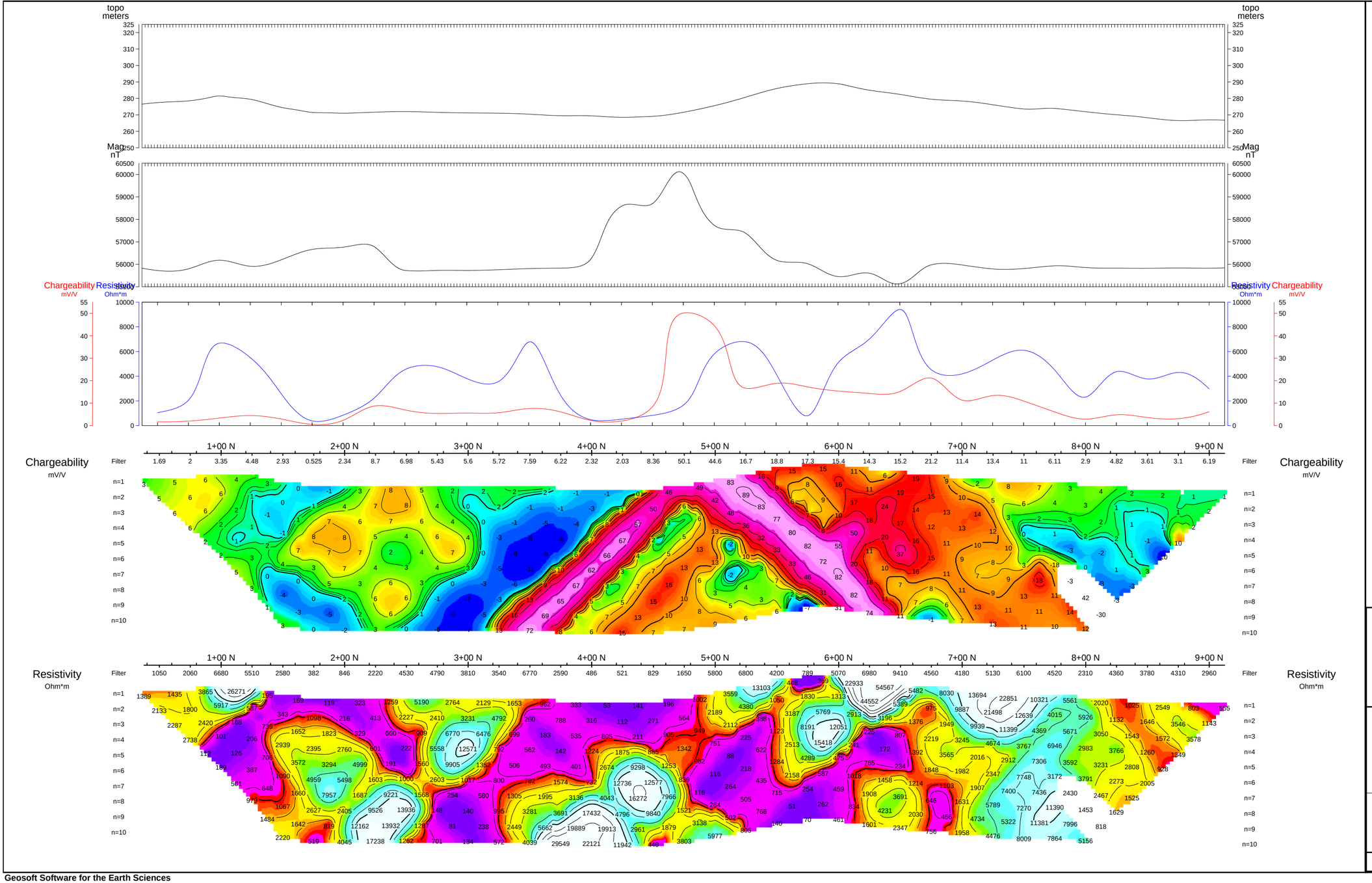
Dipole Dipole Induced Polarization Survey

Interval: 2 seconds
Current: 50-2600 mA
Rx: Iris Elrec Pro
Tx: GDD TXII (5kW Time Domain)

Processed by: C Jason Ploeger
Map Drawn By:
C Jason Ploeger, P.Geo., B.Sc.
July 2015

CXS
CANADIAN EXPLORATION SERVICES LTD

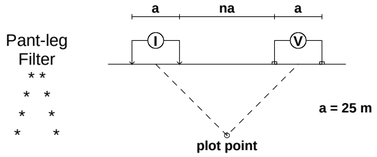
Drawing : JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-50E



Pseudo Section Plot

0+00 E

Dipole-Dipole Array



Scale 1:2500

25 0 25 50 75 100 125 150

(meters)

JUBILEE GOLD EXPLORATION LTD

Munro North Property

Munro and Warden Townships, Ontario

Dipole Dipole Induced Polarization Survey

Interval: 2 seconds
Current: 50-2400 mA
Rx: Iris Elrec Pro
Tx: GDD TXII (5kW Time Domain)

Processed by: C Jason Ploeger
Map Drawn By:
C Jason Ploeger, P.Geo., B.Sc.
July 2015

CXS CANADIAN EXPLORATION SERVICES LTD

Drawing : JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-0E

ONTARIO CANADA

MINISTRY OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT AND MINES

PROVINCIAL MINING RECORDER'S OFFICE

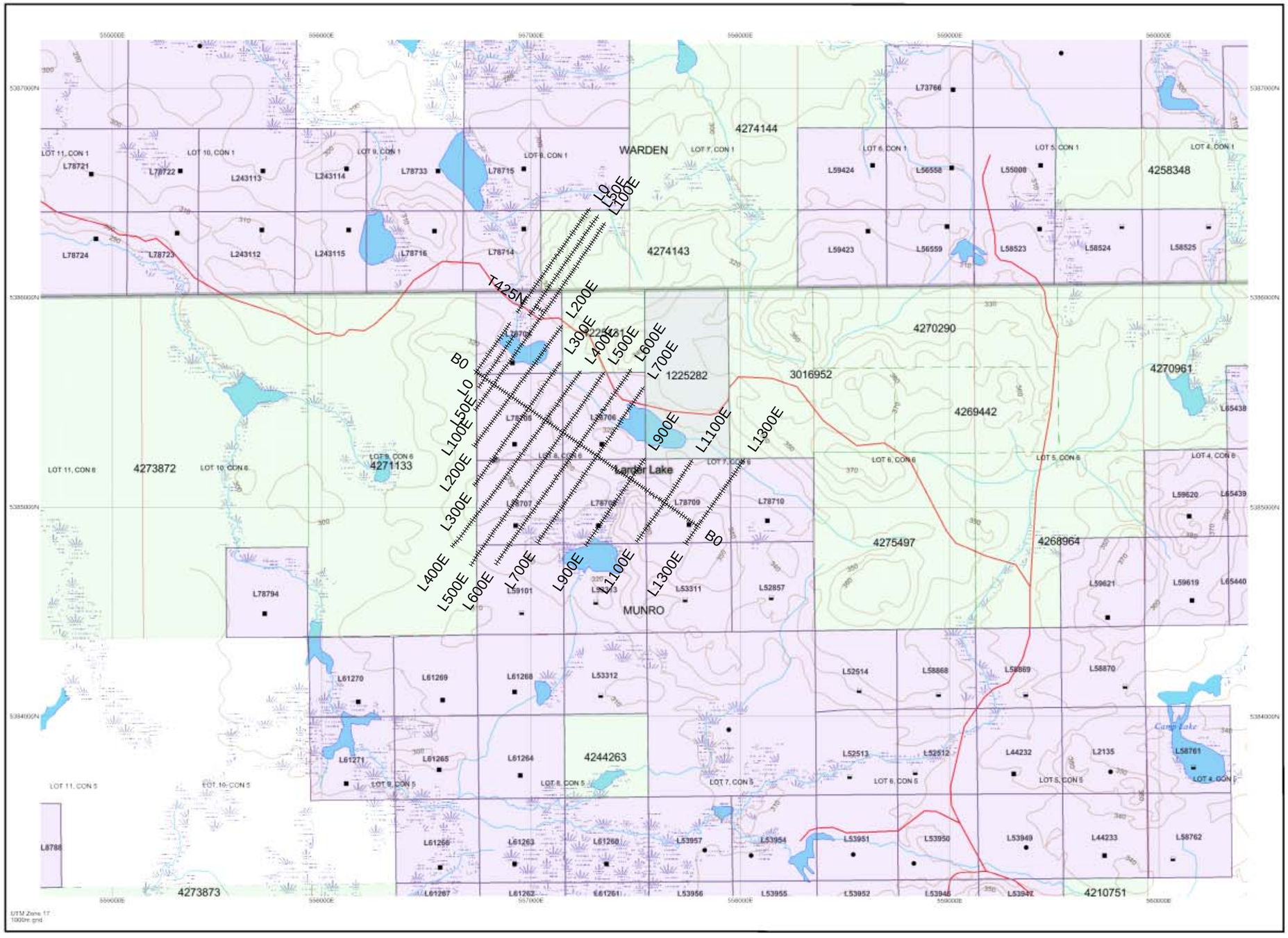
Mining Land Tenure Map

Date / Time of Issue: Wed Dec 03 09:05:40 EST 2014

TOWNSHIP / AREA	PLAN
MUNRO	M-0376

ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICTS / DIVISIONS

Mining Division	Larder Lake
Land Titles/Registry Division	COCHRANE
Ministry of Natural Resources District	KIRKLAND LAKE



TOPOGRAPHIC

Administrative Boundaries

- Township
- Concession, Lot
- Provincial Park
- Indian Reserve
- Cliff, Pit & Pile
- Contour
- Mine Shafts
- Mine Headframe
- Railway
- Road
- Trail
- Natural Gas Pipeline
- Utilities
- Tower

Land Tenure

Freehold Patent

- Surface And Mining Rights
- Surface Rights Only
- Mining Rights Only

Leasehold Patent

- Surface And Mining Rights
- Surface Rights Only
- Mining Rights Only

Licence of Occupation

- Uses Not Specified
- Surface And Mining Rights
- Surface Rights Only
- Mining Rights Only

- Land Use Permit
- Order In Council (Not open for staking)
- Water Power Lease Agreement
- 1234567 Mining Claim
- 1234567 Filed Only Mining Claims

LAND TENURE WITHDRAWALS

- 1234 Areas Withdrawn from Disposition

Mining Act Withdrawal Types

- Wsm Surface And Mining Rights Withdrawn
- Ws Surface Rights Only Withdrawn
- Wm Mining Rights Only Withdrawn

Order In Council Withdrawal Types

- W'sm Surface And Mining Rights Withdrawn
- W's Surface Rights Only Withdrawn
- W'm Mining Rights Only Withdrawn

- Ns IMPORTANT NOTICES

Scale 1:20000

200m 0m 400m

Those wishing to stake mining claims should consult with the Provincial Mining Recorders' Office of the Ministry of Northern Development and Mines for additional information on the status of the lands shown hereon. This map is not intended for navigational, survey, or land title determination purposes as the information shown on this map is compiled from various sources. Completeness and accuracy are not guaranteed. Additional information may also be obtained through the local Land Titles or Registry Office, or the Ministry of Natural Resources.

The information shown is derived from digital data available in the Provincial Mining Recorders' Office at the time of downloading from the Ministry of Northern Development and Mines web site.

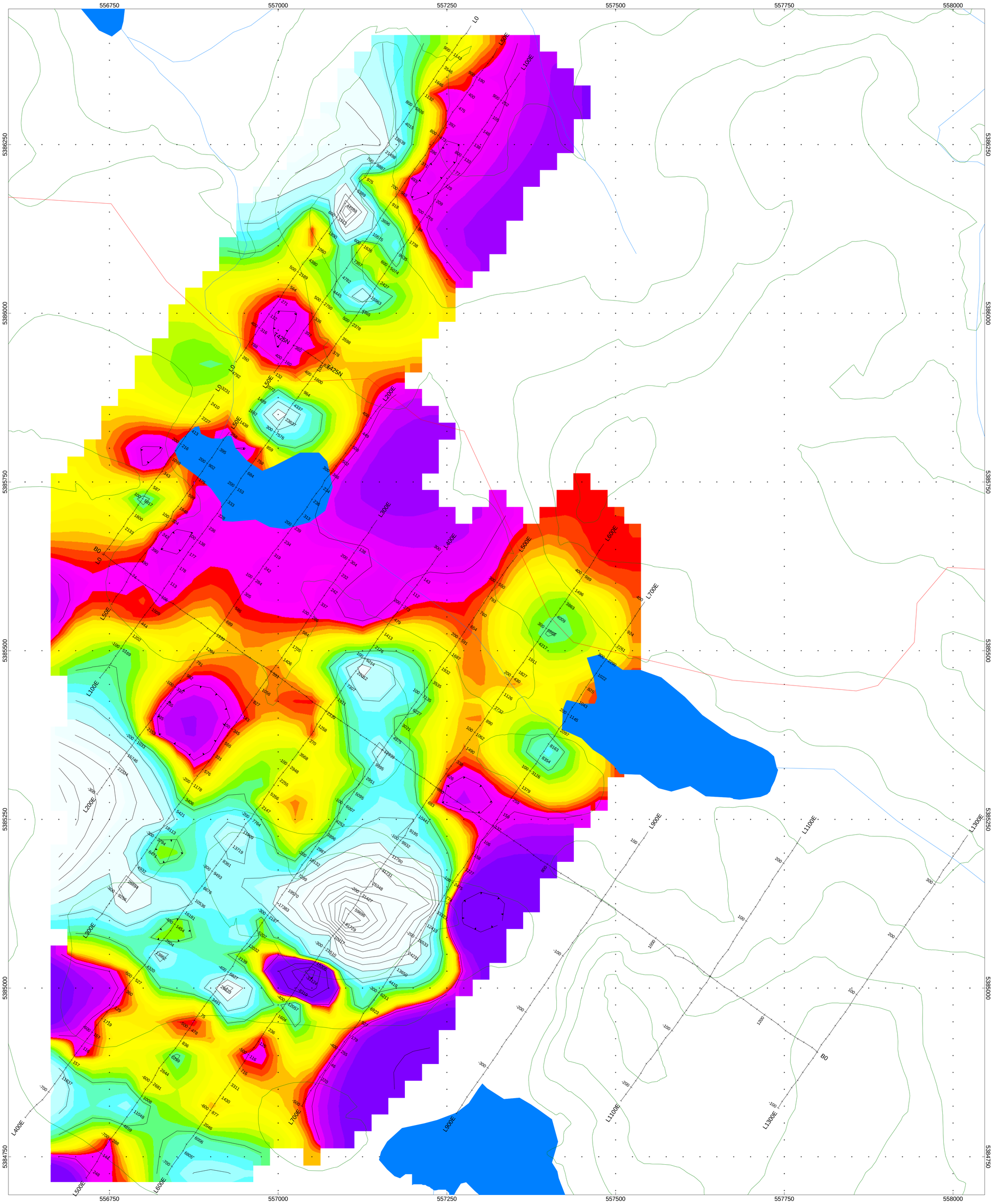
General Information and Limitations

Contact Information:
Provincial Mining Recorders' Office
Willet Green Miller Centre 933 Ramsey Lake Road
Sudbury ON P3E 6B5
Home Page: www.mndm.gov.on.ca/MNDM/MINES/LANDS/mlsmrpge.htm

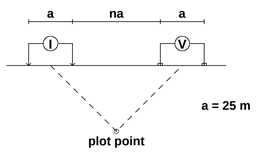
Toll Free
Tel: 1 (888) 415-9845 ext 5742
Fax: 1 (877) 670-1444

Map Datum: NAD 83
Projection: UTM (6 degree)
Topographic Data Source: Land Information Ontario
Mining Land Tenure Source: Provincial Mining Recorders' Office

This map may not show unregistered land tenure and interests in land including certain patents, leases, easements, right of ways, flooding rights, licences, or other forms of disposition of rights and interest from the Crown. Also certain land tenure and land uses that restrict or prohibit free entry to stake mining claims may not be illustrated.



Dipole-Dipole Array



JUBILEE GOLD EXPLORATION LTD.

MUNRO NORTH PROPERTY
Munro and Warden Townships, Ontario

Dipole Dipole Induced Polarization Survey
Resistivity N=2 Data

Interval: 2 seconds
Current: 20-5500 mA
Rx: Iris Elrec Pro
Tx: GDD II (5kW Time Domain)

Elrec Pro Operated by: Bruce Lavalley
Processed by: C Jason Ploeger
Map Drawn By: C Jason Ploeger, PGeo, BSc
July 2015

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CANADIAN EXPLORATION SERVICES LTD

Drawing: JUBILEE-MUNRO NORTH-IP-DpDp-RES-N2