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2015 SUMMER ASSESSMENT REPORT

2015 PROSPECTING AND TARGET EVALUATION ON THE NORTHERN PORTION OF THE FLINT LAKE PROPERTY, KENORA MINING DIVISION, NORTHWESTERN ONTARIO

NTS MAP SHEET 52F/05SW



September, 2015

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

During the period of August 11th to August 13th, 2015, Metals Creek Resources (MEK) personnel conducted a prospecting program on the northern portion of the Flint Lake Property. The northern portion of the Flint Lake Property contains 20 unpatented staked mining claims, currently registered to Metals Creek Resources, North American Uranium (NAUC), or under an option/JV agreement with NAUC and Endurance Gold Corp (EDG). North American Uranium Corp. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Metals Creek Resources Corp. The 239 unit claim group is located within the Kenora Mining District in Northwestern Ontario. The purpose of this prospecting program was to examine previously underexplored areas within Metals Creek's claim boundaries where favourable lithologies have been historically encountered, while also ground truthing portions of the property where very little exploration work has been completed.

2.0 TERMS OF REFERENCE

Map projections are in UTM, North American Datum 83, Zone 15 and all referenced UTM coordinates are in this project unless stated otherwise. Contractions are "mm" = millimeter, "cm" = centimeter, "m" = meters, "km" = kilometers, "g" = gram, "kg" = kilogram, "in" = inch, "ft" = foot, "lb" = pound, "oz" = troy ounce, "oz/ton" = troy ounce per short ton, "g/T" is grams per metric tonne, and "ddh" = diamond drill hole.

3.0 LOCATION AND ACCESS

The Flint Lake Property is located within the Kenora Mining District in Northwestern Ontario, within the Dogpaw Lake Area. The property is located within the NTS Map Sheet 52F/05SW as well as portions of 52F/05SE. The Flint Lake property is located approximately 55 km southeast of the town of Kenora (Figures 1 & 2).

The various claims of the Flint Lake Property can be accessed by either boat, ski-doo or road. Highway 71, a paved highway transects the western portion of the property and runs mainly north-south.

The Cameron Lake road runs east from Highway 71 through the southern portion of the northern block on the Flint Lake Property. This road continues on to the Cameron Lake Gold Project currently being evaluated by Chalice Gold Mines Ltd.

Lake access can be gained via these roads to enable access to other portions of the property by boat or Ski-Doo.

4.0 CLAIM HOLDINGS AND PROPERTY DISPOSITION

The northern portion of MEK's Flint Lake Property consists of 20 unpatented, staked claims, totaling 239 units (Table 1, and Figure 2). These claims are either registered to North American Uranium Corp., Metals Creek Resources or under an option/JV agreement with Endurance Gold Corporation.

Claim #	Units	Recorded Owner	Recorded	Expiry	
<u>1221374</u>	4	Endurance Gold Corporation	2001-Sep-26	2015-Sep-26	
<u>3001238</u>	9	Endurance Gold Corporation	2002-Jul-02	2016-Jul-02	
<u>3001239</u>	16	Endurance Gold Corporation	2002-Jul-02	2016-Jul-02	
3001241	16	Endurance Gold Corporation	2002-Jul-02	2016-Jul-02	
<u>3003433</u>	16	Endurance Gold Corporation	2002-Sep-03	2016-Sep-03	
<u>3003583</u>	10	Endurance Gold Corporation	2003-Apr-22	2016-Apr-22	
<u>3003672</u>	8	Endurance Gold Corporation	2002-Oct-15	2015-Oct-15	
<u>3010495</u>	16	Endurance Gold Corporation	2002-Oct-15	2015-Oct-15	
<u>3010496</u>	16	Endurance Gold Corporation	2002-Oct-15	2015-Oct-15	
3012203	4	Endurance Gold Corporation	2003-Apr-22	2016-Apr-22	
<u>4213374</u>	3	North American Uranium Corp.	2007-Mar-12	2016-Mar-12	
<u>4213375</u>	16	North American Uranium Corp.	2007-Mar-12	2016-Mar-12	
4213376	16	North American Uranium Corp.	2007-Mar-12	2016-Mar-12	
<u>4213377</u>	16	North American Uranium Corp.	2007-Mar-12	2016-Mar-12	
<u>4213378</u>	10	North American Uranium Corp.	2007-Mar-12	2016-Mar-12	
<u>4213379</u>	16	North American Uranium Corp.	2007-Mar-12	2016-Mar-12	
<u>4213380</u>	16	North American Uranium Corp.	2007-Mar-12	2016-Mar-12	
4213381	12	North American Uranium Corp.	2007-Mar-12	2016-Mar-12	
<u>4251983</u>	3	Metals Creek Resources Corp.	2011-Feb-09	2016-Feb-13	
4251984	16	Metals Creek Resources Corp.	2011-Feb-09	2016-Feb-13	

Table 1: Flint Lake Land Tenure Data (northern portion)

5.0 **REGIONAL GEOLOGY**

Metals Creek Resources' Flint Lake Property lies within the Archean Superior Craton aged 2.6-2.9 billion years as well as within the central portion of the east-west trending Wabigoon Subprovince.

The Superior Province is subdivided into subprovinces characterized by four combinations of distinctive rock types: volcano-plutonic; metasedimentary; gneissic or plutonic; and high-grade gneiss. The Wabigoon Subprovince is characterized by greenschist facies metamorphic greenstone belts consisting of metavolcanic rocks as well as sedimentary rocks, surrounded and intruded by felsic plutonic rocks.

The Wabigoon Subprovince has been further broken down (informally) by Blackburn et al (1991), into three regions: a Western, a Central and an Eastern Region. The Flint Lake Property lies within the Western Wabigoon region, "a series of interconnected greenstone belts surrounding large elliptical granitoid batholiths.....Volcanic sequences comprise ultramafic (komatiitic), through mafic (tholeiitic, calc-alkalic, and minor alkalic and komatiitic) types, to felsic (mostly calc-alkalic) rocks. Sedimentary sequences are mostly clastic rocks of alluvial fan-fluvial, resedimented (turbidite) and rare platformal facies. Minor chemical metasedimentary rocks are predominantly oxide iron formation." As well as granitoid batholiths, "Numerous smaller post-tectonic granitoid stocks intrude the



Figure 1 – Regional Location Map



Figure 2 – Claim Location Map

greenstone belts. Mafic to ultramafic sills and stocks are marginal to batholiths or intrude the metavolcanic sequences." (Blackburn et al 1991, p. 305).

The Flint Lake Property overlies a significant portion of the Kakagi-Rowan Lakes Greenstone Belt. The belt is divided in two by the northwest-trending Pipestone-Cameron Deformation Zone. Although rock types and sequences on either side are similar, no unequivocal stratigraphic correlations have been made across the fault zone.

Southeast of the deformation zone, the correlative Snake Bay and Katimiagamak Lake Groups are the lowermost units. They face towards the centre of the belt, and are composed of mafic volcanic flows intruded by mafic sills. They are overlain by a thick, predominantly pyroclastic, volcanic sequence of mixed chemical composition varying from mafic through felsic, but predominantly intermediate. At their southeastern end they pass into sedimentary rocks (Thompson Bay sediments). This Kakagi Lake Group is in turn intruded by differentiated ultramafic (peridotite and pyroxenite) to mafic (gabbro) sills, called the Kakagi Sills.

Northeast of the Pipestone-Cameron Fault, the correlative Rowan Lake Volcanics and Populus Lake Volcanics are the lowermost, mafic units. They are folded about a northeast-trending anticline at Rowan Lake, and overlain on their south limb by the Cameron Lake Volcanics. The latter sequence is of mixed chemical composition, similar to the Kakagi Lake Group, but not necessarily correlative across the Pipestone-Cameron Fault. The Cameron Lake Volcanics are in turn overlain by the Brooks Lake Volcanics - an upper mafic sequence.

A number of late, post-tectonic stocks intrude the greenstone belts on either side of the Pipestone-Cameron Fault. These include from north to south, the Flora Lake, NolanLake, Stephen Lake, Phinney, and Dash Lakes Stocks.

6.0 **PROPERTY GEOLOGY**

The Flint Lake Property's outer boundary incorporates, to the northeast of the Pipestone-Cameron Fault, a portion of the Rowan Lake Volcanics. The Rowan Lake Volcanics consist predominantly of massive and pillowed basaltic flows, with coarser gabbroic portions.

Southwest of the fault zone, Snake Bay group mafic volcanic flow rocks in the northwest of the property are in contact with pyroclastic rocks of the Kakagi Lake Group along the northwest shore of Emm Bay. This contact has important implications for mineralization. Snake Bay Group volcanics are predominantly massive to pillowed basaltic flows, containing coarser gabbroic bodies that are lenticular to irregular in shape. The latter are generally interpreted to be intrusive (e.g. Davies and Morin 1976a) rather than of flow origin.

The southern portion of the property is entirely underlain by Kakagi Lake Group rocks and the differentiated Kakagi Sills that intrude them. The combined sequence of pyroclastic rocks and peridotite-to-gabbro sills has been folded about the major northeasttrending Emm Bay - Peninsula Bay Syncline.

In the southeast portion of the property, the late tectonic Stephen Lake Stock is intruded into the uppermost or youngest sequences of the Kakagi Lake Group pyroclastic rocks. The stock is described as being mostly heterogeneous by Davies and Morin (1976a): the main internal portion was mapped as massive granodiorite, while dioritic phases appear to characterize the marginal portions. Large angular xenoliths of mafic volcanic rock and gabbro are reported (Davies and Morin 1976a) within the stock, mostly close to its margin. Only the northwest portion of the stock lies outside the current property. The stock is elliptical in shape, with its long axis oriented in a northwest direction. This direction is both parallel to the trend of the major Pipestone - Cameron deformation zone and at right angles to the axial plane of the Emm Bay - Peninsula Bay syncline. Both of these latter structures may have exerted control on the emplacement of the stock, and also have influenced mineralization within it. Small bodies of felsic rock that lie along this northwest trend at Cedartree Lake may be satellitic to the Stephen Lake Stock.

A variety of felsic intrusions occur within the volcanic sequence, both as dikes and sills. They have been described as quartz porphyry, feldspar porphyry and quartz-feldspar porphyry are interpreted to predate the Stephen Lake Stock (Davies and Morin 1976a).

7.0 EXPLORATION HISTORY

Property History

The following property history has been compiled largely by Des Cullen P. Geo, 2007.

1944: E.M. Robertson and Company Gold mineralization was reported and diamond drilling was done on one of these groups of claims.

1944: Frobisher Exploration Company Ltd. Prospecting and drilling of 51 holes totaling (2344 ft total) on the discovery vein. Mostly trace amounts of gold over narrow widths were reported on assay: one high assay of 3.13 ounces gold per ton was reported over 1.8 feet.

1944-5: Harry Silverman and Albert Gauthier jointly held a group of claims at Dogpaw Lake, the major portions of which are included in parts of NAUC claims 3001239 and 4213379. Most of the work was done at two places, one on the west side of a small bay on the northeast shore of Dogpaw Lake (now known as the Gauthier Occurrence), and the other on the east side of the same bay. Sylvanite Gold Mines Ltd. optioned the property in 1944. Numerous carbonatized zones that were interpreted to strike in various directions were outlined, sampled and assayed, and values ranging from trace amounts to 2.40 ounces gold per ton from a grab sample were obtained.

1960-2: Noranda Mines Ltd. Geological mapping and drilling as follow-up to airborne geophysical survey. Six holes were drilled (1594 ft total).

1961: Selco Exploration Company Ltd. geologically mapped a group of claims north of Bag Lake, parts of which are included in NAUC claims 1221374 and 3003583. The claims were optioned from W.A. Johnston and associates and have come to be known as the Jenson-Johnston Prospect. Diamond drilling of 7 holes (1637 ft total). Grab samples taken prior to the drilling at the main occurrence assayed from trace to 0.50 ounces gold per ton, and the highest value obtained from drill core was 0.23 ounces gold per ton over a 2.5 ft core length.

1973-4: Chester Kuryliw did geological mapping and ground magnetic surveys over each of two of his claim groups, one at Dogpaw Lake, the other at Caviar and Flint Lakes.

1975: Hudson Bay Exploration and Development Company Ltd. conducted an airborne electromagnetic survey directed at base metals at Stephen Lake area.

1980: Gulf Minerals Canada Ltd. diamond drilled 9 holes (1058m total) in exploration for gold at the Knapp Prospect at the north end of Bag Lake.

1980: Noranda Mines Ltd. did ground magnetometer and IP surveys and geological mapping on their claim group between Flint and Corbett Lakes.

1981: Noranda Mines Ltd. completed ground magnetometer and IP survey over the Martin option generating several targets. The targets were drilled in a 7 diamond drillhole program. All drill holes were very short, under 100 feet, and intersected several quartz veins and zones of intense silicification. No assay results are listed.

1983: Rio Canex Inc. diamond drilled 3 holes at the north end of Weisner Lake on the same zone that had been previously tested for base metals by Noranda (1960-2) and Goldray (1971, 1975). However, these 3 holes were considerably longer (1849m or 6066 ft total).

1983: Southwind Resources Explorations Ltd. (551970 Ontario Ltd.) conducted ground magnetic and electromagnetic surveys on a claim group east of Weisner Lake, all but the eastern portion of which encompasses parts of NAUC claim 3011344.

1983-4: FTM Resources Inc. did magnetic and VLF electromagnetic surveys, a geological survey, stripping and trenching, sampling for assay and soil sampling, all over a claim group that straddled Dogpaw Lake and included the Gauthier Occurrence on the east shore. Assays of 1762ppb gold and 1913ppb gold were obtained from one of the new zones, and 0.686 and 0.275 ounces gold per ton from the older Gauthier Occurrence zone.

1983, 86: FGM Management and Gold Corporation sampled for gold on a group of claims at Dogpaw Lake that include parts or all of NAUC claim 3001239. These incorporate the Gauthier Occurrence, previously investigated by FTM Resources Ltd. in

1983-1984. No sample location map is available in the Assessment Files; however, assays above 1 ounce gold per ton were obtained from 4 samples, including one of 3.95 ounce gold per ton from a quartz vein. Three holes were diamond drilled (699 ft total), all to intersect a northwest-trending shear at the Gauthier Occurrence: best assay reported was 0.062 ounce gold per ton for a 1.4 ft core length.

1983,84: Frances Resources Ltd. stripping, preparation of portal and shaft sinking on the number 3 vein in the Wensley Occurrence previously held by Noranda and Roy A. Martin and called the Martin Option. The portal lies on NAUC claim 4210010.

1984: Rolls Resources Ltd. (539258 Ontario Ltd.) ground magnetic and electromagnetic surveys over a claim group at and southeast of Little Stephen Lake that included parts of NAUC claims 3011344, 3011345 and 3011346.

1984: Sault Meadows Energy Corporation flew airborne magnetic and electromagnetic surveys over three widely separated areas at the north end of Emm Bay, between Flint and Caviar Lakes, and between Cedartree and Wicks Lakes that covered a number of NAUC claims in those areas.

1984-5: Flint Rock Mines Ltd. completed geological mapping and airborne electromagnetic and magnetic surveys directed at gold exploration over a claim group between Little Stephen and Weisner Lakes.

1984, 86: Micham Exploration Inc. completed an airborne electromagnetic and magnetic surveys, geological mapping and follow-up diamond drilling directed at gold exploration on a group of claims between Dogpaw, Caviar and Flint Lakes, that included the Flint Lake Mine Occurrence. The claims are included in all or parts of NAUC claims 4213379, 3003672, 3001238, 4213380, 4213381 and 3001241. A new gold showing north of the mine assayed 263 ppb gold; while a 902 ppb assay was obtained from an outcrop adjacent to a regionally extensive Proterozoic age diabase dike located close to the south end of Dogpaw Lake. The drilling consisted of four holes (543 ft total) all drilled to test the zone that hosts the Flint Lake Mine Occurrence: trace amounts of gold were typically assayed, the best assay being 0.014 ounce gold per ton over a 2 ft core length. Eighteen samples of "cobbed ore" taken from the old stockpile at the mine assayed from trace to 8.36 ounces gold per ton, for an average of 2.70 ounces per ton.

1985-9: Dunfrazier Gold Corporation Inc. acquired by staking a large claim holding now included in portions or all of NAUC claims 1221374, 3003433, 3010496, 4213375, 4213377, 3010495 and 3003583. Over a 5-year period, geological, magnetic and biogeochemical surveys were conducted over all or portions of the ground, and follow-up diamond drilling, trenching and sampling for assay done, all directed at gold exploration. Ogden (1985a) identified numerous targets and was of the opinion that strong north trending zones had not been recognized in previous work including drilling by Gulf Minerals Canada Ltd. in 1980. In 1985, 10 holes (3920 ft total) were drilled on various targets (Ogden 1985b). Four holes were drilled on the Knapp prospect, previously drilled by Gulf: Ogden targeted two of these holes to test one of the northerly lineaments.

Anomalous gold values were obtained on assay, the highest being 1200 ppb over a 2.7 ft core length and 6795 ppb over a 2.5 ft length.

1987-8: Granges Exploration Ltd. opened up a trench on present NAUC claim 1221374, from which 6 samples were taken for assay, the highest returning 14.30 grams per tonne across 1m. Subsequently the company did electromagnetic and magnetic surveys across a claim group that included NAUC claims 1221374 and 3003583. Diamond drilling of 12 holes (1390m total) was done to test northerly-trending geophysical targets. Seven of the holes were drilled in the vicinity of the Jenson-Johnston Prospect, which was previously examined and drilled by Selco in 1961, south of, but close to the Cameron Lake Road. The rest were located to the south, on the west side of Bag Lake: two of the holes lay just outside and to the west of the NAUC claim group. The drilling confirmed gold at the original occurrence, with a best assay of 34.90 grams per tonne for a core length of 0.25 m.

1988: Joe Hinzer and John Ternowesky conducted an airborne magnetic and electromagnetic survey over a claim group that extended from the north end of Mongus Lake north-northwestward to Little Stephen Lake and included Weisner Lake.

1988 Teeshin Resources completed a large exploration program including diamond drilling and 350 feet of drifting on the number 3 vein on the Wensley Occurrence, now NAUC claim 4210010. Conclusions of the program were that the gold is in the vein only and so limited to narrow, uneconomic widths. Further exploration was recommended to further investigate the potential of the vein down dip and along strike.

1997-8: Avalon Ventures Ltd., conducted: a ground magnetometer survey, an induced polarization/resistivity survey, geological mapping, rock geochemistry and soil sampling (mobile metal ion technology), on a claim group that covers part or all of NAUC claims 4213381 and 3001241.

1997-9: Starcore Resources Ltd. conducted a ground magnetometer survey, an induced polarization/resistivity survey, geological mapping, rock geochemistry and soil sampling (mobile metal ion technology) on a claim group that covers parts or all of NAUC claims 3001238, 3001239, 4213379, 4213380 and 3003672.

1997-8, 2000: Hornby Bay Exploration Ltd. conducted an airborne electromagnetic and magnetic survey over a large claim group that encompassed most of Kakagi Lake, eastward to Cameron Lake and northwestward to Cedartree Lake. A prospecting reconnaissance of the entire area was done in 1997-1998. However, no gold values were obtained on assay of samples taken on present NAUC ground. Detailed geological mapping was done in small selected areas in 2000, including west of Wicks Lake on leased claim CLM368.

1998: Ken Fenwick, as part of a prospecting program on his claims in the vicinity of Highway 71 that included NAUC claims 1221374 and 3003583, obtained gold assays of

1100 ppb and 1500 ppb from shear zones close to the Cameron Lake road in proximity to the Jenson-Johnston Prospect.

2000: Hornby Bay Exploration Limited completed a short, four day, geological mapping program over the Wensley Occurrence covering NAUC claim 4210010. High grade gold assays were returned from grab samples in the area as well as elevated PGM values.

2003: 6172342 Canada Ltd., as part of a prospecting program on their claims in the vicinity of northeast Bag Lake, (that currently include NAUC claims 1221374 and 3003433), grab sampling obtained gold assays ranging between 123 ppb and 47746 ppb, from twenty-two samples.

2004: 6172342 Canada Ltd., as part of a short reconnaissance mapping program on their claim 3001275 (now NAUC's claim 4215379) in the vicinity of central Cedartree Lake and the historical Robertson Occurrence - grab sampling obtained no significant gold or PGE assays, from thirty samples.

2003-2004: Endurance Gold Corp. completed a series of exploration programs on the Flint Lake Property between the summer of 2003 and the fall of 2004 (following compilation work by Cunniah Lake Inc.). The work comprised prospecting, geological mapping, sampling, diamond drilling, line cutting, humus sampling, and airborne geophysics. Two new showings were discovered during this work, the Starlyght and the New Dogpaw Showings. Exploration completed by Endurance Gold Corp. on the Starlyght Showing fifteen grab samples taken in the area returned assayed gold values ranging from 3,189 ppb to 47,290 ppb. During the period February 28 through March 19, 2004, a seven hole, 850.4 metre diamond drilling program was completed on the Starlyght Showing and returned results up to 4.71 g/t Au over 0.3 metres.

2007: North American Uranium Corp. completed a 3 hole diamond drilling program during March 2007, in the vicinity of the Starlyght and Weisner Lake North Showings for a total of 765.0 meters. Two of the holes were laid out to test the Starlyght Occurrence while the third tested the Weisner Lake North Showing. The holes were oriented to test and intersect gold mineralization related to a strong, complex fracture-alteration system trending roughly north-south within the granodioritic Stephen Lake Stock. All three holes intersected zones of variably altered and mineralized granitic rocks, with altered-mineralized zones exhibiting variable silicification, iron-carbonate, potassium feldspar, sericite, epidote, chlorite and variable pyrite. Highlighted assays included 1.178g/t Au over 7.7m in hole DP-07-08, 1.4g/t Au over 5.0m in hole DP-07-09, and 0.564g/t Au over 3.8m in hole DP-07-10.

2008: Metals Creek Resources Corp. initiated a 2 week prospecting and mapping program to evaluate the property for gold potential, to become familiar with historic showings and to compile a basic geology map on the recently cut grid on the shore of Dogpaw Lake.

2009: Metals Creek Resources Corp. conducted a phase of prospecting of its northern claim block that encompassed areas around Flint and Caviar Lakes, Dogpaw Lake, as well as Bag Lake. With the prospecting, the Flint Lake mine site was located and highgrade gold values up to 133.206 g/t Au were reproduced, as historic assay certificates from the area had returned up to 8.36 oz/t Au in grab samples from Nuinsco Resources Ltd in 1986. Visible outcrop from the historic trenching was mapped. A majority of the quartz veining was historically blasted and removed from the trench and placed into muck piles at the northwestern end of the dugout area. Mapping was performed mainly of the wall rock with little exposed rock on the bottom of the trench. North-south traverses were conducted along the Flint Lake claim block for the purpose of prospecting and to map in lithologies to gain a better understanding of the geology on the property. Numerous historic, small pits were located as well as shear zones, most with similar geology to that of the Flint Lake Mine site. The area around another historic showing named Flint Lake North, approximately 1.6km northwest of the Flint Lake Mine site, was prospected with a fair amount of success. The original blasted trench and rubble piles were located and sampled as well as a new showing to the southeast towards the Flint Lake Mine site. The newly discovered area appears to be a silicified mafic volcanic hosted by a strongly iron carbonated shear zone containing up to 15% pyrite locally.

Prospecting was also done along strike of the Bag Lake South showing and returned favourable lithologies as a widening quartz-carbonate flooded shear zone was sampled roughly 100m to the northwest. The original Bag Lake South showing, which in 2008 returned gold values of 15.906g/t, was manually stripped to expose a 20cm to 1.0m wide quartz vein and anything that was possible of what appeared to be a larger silicified dioritic body. Channel cuts were taken every 5 meters along the trench with samples being broken out by rock type. Samples were taken of massive mafic volcanics, sheared mafic volcanics, massive quartz veining and silicified diorite.

One day was spent examining thin quartz veins at the southern end of Dogpaw Lake as well as prospecting around the historically worked Gauthier Occurrence. The quartz veins at the south end of Dogpaw Lake were sampled in 2008 with some sporadic gold values obtained. Due to the height of the water in 2009, mapping of these areas was difficult as most of the previous sampling was covered by water. Areas that were visible showed larger, rusty, carbonatized shear zones hosting thin, boudin-like quartz veins ranging from 5cm up to 0.7m wide.

2012: Metals Creek Resources Corp. conducted a mechanical trenching program in the areas of the Flint Lake high-grade quartz veins and the Stephens Lake Stock. Five trenches were completed at Flint Lake and six at Stephens Lake. Washing and channel sampling of the trenches was done in both locations. Assay results of 7.80g/t Au over 3.1m was attained from quartz flooding in the vicinity of the Flint Lake mine. The lower-grade and more pervasive mineralization was obtained from the Stephens Lake trenching, yielding 1.43g/t Au over 21.0m.

2013: Metals Creek Resources Corp. conducted a phase of prospecting focusing mainly along claim boundaries of its northern claim block encompassing the areas around Flint Lake, Caviar Lake, Dogpaw Lake, as well as Bag Lake. This small work program consisted of 13 grab samples, two of which returned anomalous results of 0.435g/t Au

and 0.187g/t Au on the shores of Caviar Lake and Dogpaw Lake respectively, where follow-up work was recommended.

2014: Metals Creek Resources Corp. conducted two prospecting programs to examine previously underexplored areas within Metals Creek's claim boundaries where favourable lithologies have been historically encountered. These areas included felsic intrusive units, which have previously shown to be anomalous in gold over vast areas, as well as smaller shear zones with the possibility of mineralized and auriferous quartz veining, stock working or blowouts. These programs were a direct attempt at more systematic sampling program to show any bulk tonnage, and to a lesser degree, high grade potential on the northern section of the property. Sporadic anomalous to low-grade values were encountered within the felsic intrusive units at Bag Lake, as well as in local shear zones east of the Flint Lake trenching.

2015: Metals Creek Resources Corp. conducted a follow-up prospecting programs to examine previously underexplored areas within the Metals Creek claim boundary, which have not historically been ground truthed by MEK personnel. These areas included felsic intrusive units uncovered in 2014, which have previously shown to be anomalous in gold over vast areas. The prospecting also targeted smaller shear zones within the Bag Lake area with the possibility of mineralized and auriferous quartz veining, stock working or blowouts. These programs were a direct attempt at more systematic sampling program to show any bulk tonnage, and to a lesser degree, high grade potential on the northern section of the property. Sporadic anomalous to low-grade values were encountered within the felsic intrusive units at Bag Lake and minor anomalous gold values returned from the south end of Dogpaw Lake.

8.0 CURRENT PROGRAM

During the period of August 11th to August 13th, 2015, Metals Creek Resources personnel conducted a prospecting program focusing on underexplored sections of the Caviar Lake and Dogpaw Lake areas. This program was to explore the gold potential of underexplored areas southwest of Dogpaw Lake as well as the shores of Caviar Lake to locate any new mineralization in the area. 36 grab samples were taken from the Caviar/Dogpaw Lake areas within claim numbers 4213376, 4213379, 4213380 and 4213381. The samples taken along the shores of Caviar Lake were typically from weakly to strongly altered deformation zones oriented with a strike at or close to 300° and dipping vertical or steeply to the north. Samples were taken from either the host sheared volcanics or from altered quartz veins, stringers or blowouts within shear zones. Three grab samples were taken from this area during the 2015 summer program and returned low, but above detection, gold values of 9, 11 and 14 ppb Au. The remaining 22 grab samples in this area assayed <5 ppb Au. The area southwest of Dogpaw Lake was traversed due to the very limited historical data and the previous absence of MEK exploration within that specific claim. 14 samples were taken from this area which were mainly aphanitic to fine-grained mafic volcanic with very minor shearing or mineralization. Two of the 14 samples were taken from a felsic intrusive unit to the north of the claim but had little to nil visible sulphide and/or alteration. No anomalous gold grades were returned from 14 grab samples as the area displayed little sulphide, alteration or surface potential to warrant further exploration work.



Figure 3: Flint Lake Property Sample Location Map

9.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This program of prospecting was unsuccessful in outlining areas of interest within the Caviar Lake Area contained in the northeast portion of Metals Creek's Flint Lake Property. Both the Caviar Lake shoreline and the inland area of claim 4213376 returned no significant gold values with no further exploration work planned for these claims. This area was of importance due to the previous lack of documented exploration work within these claims, but the detection values of gold returned from sampling limits the advancement of the area. Moving forward, focus should be placed on the many other areas of the property hosting significant gold showings/occurrences.

Respectfully Submitted,

Jeff Myllyaho Metals Creek Resources

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Appendix I

List of Sample Numbers, UTM Coordinates and Assay Values

Waypoint	Date	Zone	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Au (ppb)	Description			
JMM-15-001	11-Aug-15	15	437758	5467064	277	<0.005	shr zone; altered vol; 3% disseminated pyrite; same shear zone as JMM-15-002			
JMM-15-002	11-Aug-15	15	437758	5467064	277	0.014	d fv; cherty appearance; silicified with thin qtz veinlets; trace pyrite; 265/75			
JMM-15-003	11-Aug-15	15	438242	5467111	294	0.011	chloritized pillows with 10-20cm qt sweats; nil sulphide			
JMM-15-004	11-Aug-15	15	438289	5467480	304	< 0.005	chloritized pillows with 10-20cm qt sweats; nil sulphide			
JMM-15-005	11-Aug-15	15	438732	5467572	310	<0.005	qtz/carb/calcite veining; moderate ankerite; no visible sulphide; 308/80N			
JMM-15-006	11-Aug-15	15	438732	5467572	310	<0.005	qtz/carb/calcite veining; moderate ankerite; no visible sulphide; 308/80N; 3-4m wide deformation zone			
JMM-15-007	11-Aug-15	15	438732	5467572	310	<0.005	m south of 006; qtz sweats/veining in shear zone			
JMM-15-008	11-Aug-15	15	438662	5467648	321	<0.005	shr volcanics; same shr as 006 & 007 but at northern contact; qtz stringers and vnlets with strong carbonate altertation; 1-2% pyr in host roc			
JMM-15-009	11-Aug-15	15	438637	5467740	326	< 0.005	brecciated discontinuous qtz veins; friable and sheared vocanics; shr @ 300/65N			
JMM-15-010	11-Aug-15	15	438051	5467876	329	<0.005	massive int vol; nil sulphide			
JMM-15-011	11-Aug-15	15	437953	5468093	329	<0.005	sericite schist; minor carbonate; nil sulphide			
JMM-15-012	11-Aug-15	15	437955	5468102	330	< 0.005	sericite schist; minor carbonate; nil sulphide; 277/90			
JMM-15-013	11-Aug-15	15	437880	5468195	329	< 0.005	qtz/carb veining within 30-40m wide shr zone @ 300°; trace pyrite			
JMM-15-014	11-Aug-15	15	437855	5468211	332	0.009	qtz vein in schist; 2% fine disseminated sulphide			
JMM-15-015	11-Aug-15	15	437855	5468211	332	<0.005	qtz vein in schist; 2% fine disseminated sulphide; carbonate rich; 270/85S (variable); qtz stringers/sweats throughout (2 zones 50cm and 1.5m wide			
JMM-15-016	11-Aug-15	15	437782	5468352	332	<0.005	extremely sheared carbonate schist; nil sulphide			
JMM-15-017	11-Aug-15	15	437783	5469203	332	< 0.005	chlorite/carb schist; qtz ribbing; trace sulphide			
JMM-15-018	11-Aug-15	15	437785	5469192	332	< 0.005	qtz sweats/veining through carb/chlorite schist; 297/70N; nil sulphide			
JMM-15-019	11-Aug-15	15	437271	5469385	333	< 0.005	sericite schist; minor chlorite/carb; trace fine sulphide; ~284 degree:			
JMM-15-020	11-Aug-15	15	437250	5469401	334	< 0.005	historic 0.4 grammer on claim line; thin qtz stringers through mafics; same schist as 019; trace pyrite			
JMM-15-021	11-Aug-15	15	437250	5469401	334	<0.005	tz vein; 10" wide; extremely hard and siliceous			
JMM-15-022	12-Aug-15	15	434334	5466591	362	< 0.005	aphanitic mv; weaky sheared; trace-0.5% fgr pyrite			
JMM-15-023	12-Aug-15	15	434251	5466330	359	< 0.005	aphanitic mv; weaky sheared; trace-0.5% fgr pyrite			
JMM-15-024	12-Aug-15	15	434189	5466172	376	< 0.005	vfgr mv; mod carbonate; 20x10m o/c of massive mv; trace pyr; qtz/carb amygdules			
JMM-15-025	12-Aug-15	15	434362	5466209	373	< 0.005	weakly sheared and silicified mv; nil sulphide			
JMM-15-026	12-Aug-15	15	434531	5466310	371	<0.005	relatively massive mv; weak shearing; nil sulphide			
JMM-15-027	12-Aug-15	15	434729	5466445	363	< 0.005	carbonatized and moderately shr'd mv (almost tuffaceous appearance); small outcropping; trace to mostly nil pyrite; very fine to fine graine			
JMM-15-028	12-Aug-15	15	437834	5468753	329	< 0.005	shr'd and sericitized felsic intrusive?; fgr qtz eyes throughout resembling porphyry; sericite-rich; thin 1cm qtz veinlets cross-cutting; 2.5m wid			
JMM-15-029	12-Aug-15	15	434487	5466897	337	< 0.005	carbonate & sericite altered felsic intrusive, cream/beige colouration, weakly foliated, thin quartz/tourmaline veinlet			
JMM-15-030	12-Aug-15	15	434480	5466897	338	< 0.005	foliated felsic intrusive, deep red/burgundy colouration, moderate sericite alteration, barren of sulphid			
JMM-15-031	12-Aug-15	15	434134	5467079	338	< 0.005	shr'd vol with moderate chlorite-sericite and minor carb alteration, tight shearing, minor pyrite			
JMM-15-032	12-Aug-15	15	433652	5467038	371	< 0.005	chloritic flow breccia, f.grained groundmass hosting angular shards of volcanic materia			
JMM-15-033	12-Aug-15	15	433575	5466723	354	< 0.005	silicified volcanics/porphyry; close to contact? Green/grey colour with 10% creamy phenos			
JMM-15-034	12-Aug-15	15	433615	5466679	364	< 0.005	very f.grained volcanics, concoidal fracturing locally, dense, 0.5% fine cubic pyrite (selvage?			
JMM-15-035	12-Aug-15	15	433772	5466512	360	< 0.005	f.grained mafic volcanics, green, massive, weakly tuffacous, trace to 0.25% cubic pyrite			
JMM-15-036	12-Aug-15	15	434123	5466373	354	< 0.005	f.grained mafic volcanics, green, massive, 0.25 - 0.5% cubic pyrite			

Appendix II

Personnel Involved with Prospecting Program

Personnel involved in the 2015 Flint Lake Prospecting Program

Don Heerema Jeff Myllyaho

Appendix III

Laboratory Certificate of Analysis



1046 Gorham Street Thunder Bay, ON Canada P7B 5X5 Tel: (807) 626-1630 Fax: (807) 622-7571 www.accurassay.com assay@accurassay.com

Wednesday, September 16, 2015

Final Certificate

Metals Creek Resources 945 Cobalt Cres Thunder Bay, ON, CAN P7B 5Z4 Ph#: (807) 345-4990 Fax#: (807) 345-5382 Email: mmacisaac@metalscreek.com, astares@metalscreek.com

Date Received: 08/18/2015 Date Completed: 09/15/2015 Job #: 201543729 Reference: JMM-15 Sample #: 36

Acc #	Client ID	Au g/t (ppm)
333173	JMM-15-001	<0.005
333174	JMM-15-002	0.014
333175	JMM-15-003	0.011
333176	JMM-15-004	<0.005
333177	JMM-15-005	<0.005
333178	JMM-15-006	<0.005
333179	JMM-15-007	<0.005
333180	JMM-15-008	<0.005
333181	JMM-15-009	<0.005
333182	JMM-15-010	<0.005
333183	JMM-15-011	<0.005
333184	JMM-15-012	<0.005
333185	JMM-15-013	<0.005
333186	JMM-15-014	0.009
333187	JMM-15-015	<0.005
333188	JMM-15-016	<0.005
333189	JMM-15-017	<0.005
333190	JMM-15-018	<0.005
333191	JMM-15-019	<0.005
333192	JMM-15-020	<0.005
333193	JMM-15-021	<0.005
333194	JMM-15-021 Dup	<0.005
333195	JMM-15-022	<0.005
333196	JMM-15-023	<0.005
333197	JMM-15-024	<0.005

APPLIED SCOPES: ALP1, ALFA1

Validated Bv Shawn Rask Laboratory Assistant Manager

Certified By Andrew Oleski Lab Manager - Thunder Bay

norized By:

Derek Demianiuk, VP Quality

The results included on this report relate only to the items tested. The Certificate of Analysis should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.



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Date Received: 08/18/2015 Date Completed: 09/15/2015 Job #: 201543729 Reference: JMM-15 Sample #: 36

Acc #	Client ID	Au g/t (ppm)
333198	JMM-15-025	<0.005
333199	JMM-15-026	<0.005
333200	JMM-15-027	<0.005
333201	JMM-15-028	<0.005
333202	JMM-15-029	<0.005
333203	JMM-15-030	<0.005
333204	JMM-15-031	<0.005
333205	JMM-15-031 Dup	<0.005
333206	JMM-15-032	<0.005
333207	JMM-15-033	<0.005
333208	JMM-15-034	<0.005
333209	JMM-15-035	<0.005
346741	JMM-15-036	<0.005

APPLIED SCOPES: ALP1, ALFA1



Laboratory Assistant Manager

Certified By: Andrew Oleski Lab Manager - Thunder Bay

Authorized By: Derek Demianiuk, VP Quality

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Date Received: 08/18/2015 Date Completed: 09/15/2015 Job #: 201543729 Reference: JMM-15 Sample #: 36

Control Standards

QC Type	QC Performance (ppm)	Mean (ppm)	Std Dev (ppm)
KL02	0.411	0.408	0.020
KL02	0.405	0.408	0.020

APPLIED SCOPES: ALP1, ALFA1

Validated By: Shawn Rask Laboratory Assistant Manager

Certified By: Andrew Oleski Lab Manager - Thunder Bay

Authorized By: Derek Demianiuk, VP Quality

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Appendix IV

Expenditures

Ex	pend	itures submitted for assessment credit			
	Lab	our			
		Prospecting/Geology	4 man days @ \$450/day	\$	1,800.00
	Rep	ort Writing/Compilation			
		Geologist	4 days @ \$450/day (Report)	\$	1,800.00
		Geologist	2 days @ \$450/day (Drafting/Digitizing)	\$	900.00
	Trar	sportation			
		Mob/demob		\$	900.00
		Ground Transportation (including fuel)		\$	1,131.00
	Sup	plies			
		Field Supplies		\$	64.00
	Equ	ipment Rentals			
		Boat/Motor Rental		\$	180.00
	Acc	omodations/Meals			
		Motels/Lodging		\$	260.00
		Food and Meals		\$	209.00
Assays					
		(Au) 36 rock samples @ \$17.22/sample		\$	620.00
	Tota	ll		\$	7,864.00

Appendix V

Attached Maps and Figures





