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# Report of 2021 Gradient IP Survey

# Newrange Gold Corp

# **North Birch Project**

Report Prepared by

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On Behalf of

# Newrange Gold Corp.

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Newrange Gold Corp.acquired the North Birch Project (north of Birch Lake) in the Red Lake Mining Division of Northwestern Ontario (Figure 1) for it potential to host gold mineralization of economic interest, based on previous work in the area and the favourable geological environment. The following "Interpretation Report " was prepared at the request of Mr. Brent Patrie of Dan Patrie Exploration Ltd. an experienced IP contractor who had just completed a Gradient Induced Polarization Survey (GIPS) on the North Birch Grid. The survey was carried out over a 44 day period from February 10 to March 25, 2021. The Survey Grid (Figure 2) is centred at UTM co-ordinates, NAD 83,, Zone 15, 539000 mE, 5705000 mN, trends N 65<sup>°</sup>W and is approximtely 8000 metres long and 2000 m wide (N 25 W). There are 42 survey lines spaced at 200 metres and a total of 74.5 line-km was surveyed. Figures 6 and 7 show the plotted IP Chargeability and Resistivity measured/calculated GIPS values respectively and were prepared by Mr Gab Roy, Smooth Rock Falts, Ontano. Figures 2,3 and 5 were provided by Newrange Gold Corp and the writer prepared Figures 1 and 4.

#### 2. BACKGROUND AND GEOLOGY

Figure 4 is a geological map of the Birch Lake Area taken from OGS Map 2175 Red Lake-Birch Lake Area. The North Birch Project area is in the top, northeast part and its location is labelled. It is centred at UTM539000 mE, 5705000 mN, northwest of Birch Lake and specifically in an area mapped as mafic metavolcanics (1a): massive lava, pillow lava, tuff and agglomerate, amphibolite and derived schists and gneiss. The presence of sulphides and gold mineralization is noted for the area. (Au,S). The location of the Project, in the northern part of the map indicates that it is hosted in basal units of a large regional syncline, opening to the south, into the Birch Lake area and further south. Here the geological units are felsic to intermediate meta volcanics (2e) and then metasediments (3a) further south. The Project area appears to be on the northeasterly limb of a small second order fold in the basal part of the main synclinal structure. Here the units dip steeply and trend N 65° W. The other limb of this fold is to the west, dips steeply, trends N 20°E. and joins with the northeasterly limb in the area of the northwest end of the Survey Grid (Figure 3), a satellite photo, provided by Newrange Gold which includes the Project Grid Area. The Grid is also shown in this Figure

Figure 5, also provided by Newrange Gold Corp, shows an outline of the North Birch Project Area claims and in the western two-thirds of the Property the small satellite fold is outlined by the results from a Total Magnetic Field Survey. Superimposed on the magnetics are the locations of historic exploration/development sites The locations of previous sampling sites and some gold assay values are also provided. and are of interest



#### FIGURE 2

#### NEWRANGE GOLD CORP NORTH BIRCH PROJECT GRADIENT IP SURVEY

#### **SURVEY GRID**

Scale: as shown April 2021



#### FIGURE 3

#### NEWRANGE GOLD CORP NORTH BIRCH PROJECT GRADIENT IP SURVEY

#### SURVEY GRID AND TOPOGRAPHY

Scale: 2 cm = 1000 m April 2021

#### LEGEND

#### CENOZOIC

PLEISTOCENE AND RECENT

Sand, gravel, clay

UNCONFORMITY

#### PRECAMBRIAN

ARCHEAN

FELSIC IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCKS

GRANITIC ROCKS

5 Undifferentiated granitic rocks. 5a Biotrite-and (or) hornblende-quartzfeldspar gneiss, augen gneiss, mig-

matile, granitegneiss, hybrid granite gneiss, amphibolite gneiss. 5b Granite, granotorite, quartz monzonite, quartz diorite, porphyritic granite and quartz monzonite, pegmatite, quartz porphyry, feldspar porphyly.

INTRUSIVE CONTACT

MAFIC AND ULTRAMAFIC IGNEOUS ROCKS

Undifferentiated.
Gabbro, metagabbro, metadiorite.

4b Peridolite, serpentinite.

INTRUSIVE CONTACT

METASEDIMENTSª

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 Undifferentiated.
Conglomerate, arkose, greywacke, sillstone, argitlite, slate, and derived

- schists. 3b Metasediments with some metavolcanics.
- 3c Paragneiss, lit-par-lit gneiss,

Iron formation.

#### METAVOLCANICS

FELSIC TO INTERMEDIATE METAVOLCANICS

- 2 Undifferentiated. 2a Rhyolitic and dacitic luff, agglomerate and flows.
  - 2b Tuff with some metasediments.

Iron formation.

#### MAFIC METAVOLCANICS 1 Undifferentiated. 1a Massive lava, pillow lava, tuff, agglomerate, amphibolite, and derived schists and gneisses. 1b Metavolcanics with some metasediments.

Iron formation.

S Sulphide mineralization.





**NEWRANGE GOLD CORP NORTH BIRCH PROJECT GRADIENT IP SURVEY** 

**GOLD SHOWINGS** and **PROPERTY MAGNETICS** 

#### Scale: as shown Aprril 2021

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#### 3. GRADIENT INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEY

Between the 10th of February and the 25th of March 2021, Dan Patrie Exploration Ltd, carried out a Gradient Induced Polarization Survey on the North Birch Project Grid with a total of 74.5 line-km in 42 lines being surveyed. The measured/ calculated Chargeability and Resistivity values are plotted respectively in Figures 6 and 7.

In Figure 6, the Chargeability values are plotted in mV/V and fall into five(5) ranges:

< 10 mV/V		blue
10 to 20 mV/V	-	green to yellow
20 to 30 mV/V		yellow to red
30 to 40 mV/V		red
>40 mV/V		pink

Background values are considered to be 20 mV/V, with elevated values, zones of interest, >30 mV/V and greater to maximum values of plus 40 mV/v. In Figure 6z the Zones of higher Chargeabilities, occur in different shapes and sizes; small circular to elliptical zones from 100 m to 200 m in diameter plus some up to +400 m as well as more elongated zones.

N 30<sup>8</sup> to N 40<sup>6</sup> W ---- 600m to 1000m long East-West --- Up to 800m long N 25<sup>o</sup> E parallel to the lines --- 800m to 1200m long

In some areas, two trends meet and in doing so produce longer Chargeability and Resistivity zones. And so as can be seen in Figures 6, these zones of higher values occur in two rather irregular groups trending N 75<sup>¢</sup>W to to East - West, separated by zones of very low Chargeabilities (blue), with similar trends.

Figure 7 shows the Resistivity values measured/calculated in the GIPS As can be seen, the orange to red to pink, higher Resistivity values, appear to form patterns overall that are quite irregular., however, there are some common trends;

N 25<sup>6</sup>E, parallel to the survey lines East-West Curved to linear zones comprised of small circular zones

The Survey Grid Area lies along the northeast arm of the small satellite fold structure so the Chargeability and Resistivity plots/zones would appear to be the reflection of zones, structures, stratigraphy in the underlying metavolcanics. For example, sulphides are reported from the area and in turn areas of sulphides may be represented by the higher Chargeability zones. Similarily, gold-bearing areas may be represented by areas of high Resistivity values (quartz veining and/or silicification). Areas of high Resistivity with high Chargeability could be areas of quartz veining and/or silicification as well as some sulphides.



### **FIGURE 6**

NEWRANGE GOLD CORP NORTH BIRCH PROJECT **GRADIENT IP SURVEY** 

#### **IP CHARGEABILITY MAP**

Scale: as shown April 2021



#### NEWRANGE GOLD CORP NORTH BIRCH PROJECT GRADIENT IP SURVEY

**IP RESISTIVITY MAP** 

Scale: as shown April 2021

#### 4. SUMMARY

The Gradient Induced Polarization Survey, in conjunction with previous work has indicated zones of reasonable size that could host mineralization of economic potential and so at this point the question is, what to do now?

To further evaluate the Newrange North Birch Project Area, several approaches are possible.

- 1. Review and compilation of historic data from the area. This may have already been done.
- 2. Correlate areas of interest from the historic data with zones of increased Chargeability and Resistivity as appropriate for sulphides or quartz veins and silicification.
- 3 For the Chargeability zones, perhaps it would be appropriate to look at some longer zones as well as some shorter ones to see if they have different characteristics.
- 4 After a review of the historic data nd any recent work look at field programs of prosecting, geological mapping and sampling as well as soil geochemistry if soil types/conditions are acceptable.

123. Winten

L. D. S. Winter BASc, MSc (App) 15 April 2021

# **Personnel**

Brent Patrie - Sudbury, Ontario Gabriel Roy – Smooth Rock Falls, Ontario Justin Abramson – Sudbury, Ontario Robert Kippax – Sudbury, Ontario Joshua Francis – Toronto, Ontario Calder McKenna – Toronto, Ontario Mario Pilon – Timmins, Ontario Samuel Pilon – Timmins, Ontario Roger Jacklin – Sudbury, Ontario

## **Equipment Specifications**

#### Figure 1, Scintrex IPR-12 Receiver



## **IPR-12 SPECIFICATIONS**

The IPR-12 IP receiver has been successfully used for many years as a mineral exploration tool, specifically for gold exploration.

Induced polarization can also be used as a method for mapping hydrocarbon plumes and geotechnical applications.

Inputs: Input Impedance: SP Bucking:

Input Voltage (Vp) Range: Chargeability (M) Range: Tau Range: Reading Resolution of Vp, SP and M: Absolute Accuracy of Vp, Sp and M: Common Mode Rejection: Vp Integration Time: IP Transient Program:

Transmitter Timing: External Circuit Test:

Filtering: Internal Test Generator: Analog Meter: Memory Capacity:

Power Supply:

Operating Temperature: Dimensions and Weights:

1 to 8 dipoles are measured simultaneously. 16 MΩ ±10 volt range. Automatic linear correction operating on a cycle by cycle basis. 50 µV to 14 V 0 to 300 mV/V 60 microseconds to 2000 seconds. Vp - 10 µV; SP - 1 mV; M - 0.01 mV/V Better than 1% At input more than 100dB. 10% to 80% of the current on time. Pulse selectable at 1,2,4,8,16 or 32 seconds. Programmable windows also available. 50% duty cycle. On/off times of 1,2,4,8,16 or 32 seconds. All dipoles measured individually in sequence. Range 0 to 2 M $\Omega\,$  with 0.1 kΩ resolution. Circuit resistances displayed and recorded. RF filter, 10 Hz 6 pole low pass filter, statistical noise spike removal. 1200 mV of SP; 807 mV of Vp and 30.28 mV/V of M. For monitoring input signals; switchable to any dipole via keyboard. Stores approximately 400 dipoles of information when 8 dipoles are measured simultaneously. Rechargeable Ni-Cad D cells. More than 20 hours service at +25°C. (77°F), more than 8 hours at -30°C (-22°F) -30°C to +50°C (-22°F to 122°F) Console: 355 x 270 x 165 mm (14" x 10.6" x 6.5") 120 x 95 x 55 mm (4.7" x 3.7" x 2") Charger: 5.8 kg (12.8 lbs.) Console: 1.3 kg (2.8 lbs.) 1.1 kg (2.4 lbs.) Batteries: Charger:

#### Figure 2, Walcer TX-KW10 Transmitter & Walcer MG-12A Generator



External - to minimize shipping problems with airlines

#### MG-12A

Output Self Excite / Regulated 120 / 220V AC 20 KVA Max 400 Hz / 3 phase

Generator Bendix Aircraft Type Very durable Forced Air Cooled

> Engine 24 HP Honda Electric Start

**Size** 79cm. x 61cm. x 48cm.

Weight 89 kg.

# Walcer Model TX KW10



#### Voltage Input 125V line to neutral 400 Hz / 3 phase Powered by MG12, MG6 and MG12A

Output 100 - 3200V in 10 steps 0.05 - 20 Amps Tested to 10.5 kVA

Switching 1 sec., 2 sec., 4 sec., 8 sec.

> Metering LED for line voltage and output current

Size 63cm. x 54cm. x 25cm.

> Weight 44 kg.

# Map A



# Map B



# Map C

