PROJECT PROPOSAL

SAS LAKE PROPERTY



63.3239

INTRODUCTION:

1

Geological and geophysical work to date indicate that diamond drilling is warranted, on several geophysical targets, to explore for base metal sulphide deposits and silver veins.

PROPERTY:

The Sas Lake property is situated in Bucke and Coleman townships, immediately west of the town of Cobalt. The claim boundaries and recorded numbers are shown in Figure 1.

GEOLOGY:

The basement rocks of the area, where exposed, are Archean felsic and intermediate volcanics, in a steeply-dipping homoclinal sequence which probably faces south. These rocks strike westward, under a hundred feet or more of flat-lying conglomerates and greywackes of the Proterozoic Gowganda Formation. On the basis of geophysical surveys, one old drill hole, and examination of the basal conglomerate, Archean felsic volcanics are interpreted to constitute most of the basement rocks of the property. Figure 2 summaries the geology of the area. 010

GEOLOGY continued

The exploration targets on the property are (1) base metal massive sulphide deposits in Archean felsic volcanics, and (2) Cobalt-type silver veins related to mineralized Archean interflow sediments.

2

GEOPHYSICS:

The following geophysical surveys have provided useful data: magnetics, vertical loop E.M., horizontal loop E.M., horizontal shootback (C.E.M.), induced polarization (I.P.) and Turam. The latter survey seems to substantiate several vertical loop conductors, with more accuracy, and in addition, reveals several new conductors of interest. Conductor C was known from vertical loop and shootback E.M. methods, but was more clearly defined by horizontal loop E.M. The geophysical anomalies are shown on the accompanying map. They may represent either massive sulphide bodies in the Archean rocks or fault zones with silver veins in the Gowganda Formation. Conductors A, B, E, G, J, and K have low priority, on the basis of geological interpretation.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

 <u>Geophysics</u>: The Turam conductors should be confirmed and detailed by the horizontal loop E.M. method.

RECOMMENDATIONS continued

2.

Drilling: A program of diamond drilling is recommended to test the following conductors: C, L, M, N, P and R.

3

The thickness of the Gowganda Formation is estimated at 100 to 300 feet over all these conductors, except C (where Archean rocks outcrop). This necessitates drilling to intersect the conductors at a depth of about 350 feet. The locations and lengths of the holes are proposed in Table 1. An estimate of expenses is given in Table 2.

SCHEDULE:

The horizontal loop survey should be completed by November 30. Drilling could begin early in December and completed after Christmas, or the entire job delayed until January. It is noted that access to holes SL-6 to SL-9 requires that the swamps be frozen; moreover, any follow-up drilling on conductor C would have to be done from the lake ice.

The entire program as recommended should be completed before March, 1973.

David F. Fisher, M.Sc., Geologist

TABLE 1: PROPOSED DRILL HOLES

Hole	Conductor	r Location	Bearing	Dip	Length (ft)
SL-4	L	100+00W 8+10S	180°	-70°	450
SL - 5	С	67+30W* 10+50S	320 °	-50 °	250
SL-6	М	73+00W 15+20N	0°	-70°	450
SL-7	N	64+00W 13+20N	0 °	-70 °	400
SL-8	Р	43+00w 39+50n	0°	-70°	450
SL-9	R	43+00w 45+50N	0°	-70°	450
				•	2,450
	Further	tests if warrar	nted (4 holes	s)	1,550
					4,000

* measured from Base Line 3





ST. JOSEPH EXPLORATIONS LIMITED SHEE 29/8/7 ~ STA PROPERT 1120 ۲ AND LEGEND Ö Наа ⊢ CONTAC SASAGINAGA LAKE OSED RECORD APS GEOLOGICAL C E.M. CONDUCT 100 DT 100 DT 100 DT ĕ ROPOSE DEFE/R.SN. TOPO FROM O.D DEFE/R.SN. TOPO FROM O.D DEFE LINE CUTTING R.S.N ADDITIONAL GE DFF/MLD CONDUCTORS, DRAWING Наа 30 5 **74 79** . k .

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