

1M13NW0020 63.5877 CATHARINE

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COOK-GAMBLE PROPERTY CATHARINE TOWNSHIP LARDER LAKE MINING DIVISION FILE No. OP90-325

FILE No. OP90-326

REPORT ON DRILL PROGRAMME

DRILL OBJECTIVES

The drilling objectives were threefold.Placing the DDH 90-01 where three targets could be tested was done to maximize the usefulness of a single hole program.

First it was hoped to test the extension of the # 14 Vein and enclosing altered wall rocks. No good cross section through this vein had been encountered in the research available at the Resident Geologist's office. From old reports and previous assays it is known that this is a gold bearing vein with a width of approximately 40 feet and a strike length of over 800 feet, and a depth of at least 500 feet.

The source of the VLF EM conductor as outlined by Kennco Explorations in 1981 when they had optioned the property from the current holders was to be tested and explained. It was thought that from the maps of the old underground workings of the mine that this conductor could represent a 30' wide shear zone as described in old reports and as plotted on a plan of the underground workings. There is no record of any assays or work done on this shear zone. It could possibly be a gold bearing structure. It is traceable as a geophysical conductor on the Kennco reports for 1/4 to 1/2 a mile, and was not drilled by Kennco during their option of the property.

It was also thought that the extension of the #12 vein to the west of the shaft would be tested. The # 12 vein , from old reports , was thought to have the greatest potential as a possible economic source of gold.

The hole was collared at 9+50 S and 6+60 E. The azimuth was set at $328\circ$ and the dip was drilled at $-45\circ$. This orientation of the hole would allow all three tests to be conducted. Originally 600 feet of drilling was proposed.

ACTUAL DRILLING

The drilling was carried out during the week of September 17,1990 by Heath and Sherwood Drilling. (See Drill Logs). The first and second targets of the drill program were encountered as calculated, however the third target of the hole was not found. Drilling was carried out to a depth of 755 feet, 155 feet beyond the original proposal.

CORE LOGGING

Logging of the drill core was completed during the period of September 23, 1990 to October 4, 1990. The hole was described in great detail and was sampled extensively with 43 samples taken for assay. (23 more than the original proposal) Particular interest was given to the shear zones where gold and/or chalcopyrite was observed using a lens. The v.g. and/or chalcopyrite was generally located on the shears, and although assays confirmed the presence of gold the values were lower than expected.

The drill logs were filed for assessment work, and the core was stored at the Durocher-Gamble farm in Marquis Township where it will be kept for later study.

FINAL RESULTS

The #14 Vein was encountered at approximately 233 feet down hole. Its width in the core was 37.5 feet which is close to true thickness when considering the hole is at -45° and the dip of the vein is assumed to be 72° S. The width of this vein and its depth and extent makes it a potential source of silica flux for a smelter in addition to its gold potential.

The VLF conductor was encountered at approximately 480.5 feet. It was represented by an extremely broken rubble and fault breccia zone in andesite containing small amounts of pyrite, chalcopyrite and/or visible gold. (See Drill Logs). This fault breccia zone was fairly wide extending from 480.5 feet to 578.5 feet with a rubble and clay gauge zone from 509 feet to 519 feet.

The third target, the extension of the #12 Vein, west of the old shaft was not encountered. In an attempt to hit it, drilling was extended to 755 feet. This distance plots well beyond where the hole should have encountered a vein dipping to the south or dipping at 90° (see plan of drill hole). It is known from old reports that the #12 Vein, on which the shaft was sunk straightens up from its southerly dip and enters the footwall of the shaft. Since the drilling did not encounter the #12 vein west of the shaft the following possibilities could be concluded: 1) that the #12 vein is not continuous to any great extent to the west; and/or 2) that the #12 vein was faulted off; and/or 3) the #12 Vein actually changes its dip and rolls to the north and therefore could not be encountered in this hole.

DDH 90-01 was a success because it encountered two out of three targets. It also helped define the extent of the #14 Vein. The VLF conductor as outlined by Kennco in 1981 was proven to be a wide brecciated and shear zone. Although the results of the assays were not encouraging, they do confirm that the veins and the fault zone do carry gold. The property as a whole has not received enough drilling to fully evaluate its potential for gold or for silica.

RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that further drilling be carried out, and that a choice of drill targets be based on one or more of the following criteria:

1) Drilling a similar DDH to 90-01 to encounter the # 12 vein to the east of the shaft be carried out. This DDH could be set back far enough that it could also encounter the #14 vein and part of the #13 vein. This hole would also cut the VLF conductor, and would hopefully penetrate the #12 vein at depth. (Excellent assays were reported on the #12 Vein at the 200 foot level in old reports.)

2) Results of the ongoing surface mapping and sampling be analyzed to determine if the "North Zone " warrants drilling. This zone is a zone of quartz veins bordered by extremely altered and pyritized wall rocks. Recent stripping has exposed very heavily rusted alteration on rocks never before exposed or sampled.

3) The VLF conductor - shear zone - could be tested to the west where there are surface indications of it being flanked by quartz veins to the north and to the south, to see if the shear zone has greater potential in this area. Some thought should be given to testing the shear zone at points where it might be assumed to be intersecting a north-south fault, or where it might intersect the \neq 14 Vein.

4) The great number of quartz veins present on this property make its potential for silica flux very important. Further drilling for gold potential could take into consideration evaluation of the extent of vein structures for this purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

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Cook & S. A. Gamble

October 22, 1990



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Assay Certificate

0W-1495-RA1

Company:	SUE GAMBLE/B.G. COOK	
Project:		
Attn:		

Date: OCT-09-90 Copy 1. 70 FIRST STREET KIRKLAND LAKE, ONT.

We hereby certify the following Assay of 41 CORE samples

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Sample	Au A	u check	
Number	oz/ton	oz/ton	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7201	Nil		
7202	Nil	Ni l	
7203	Nil		
7204	Nil		
7205	Nil		· .
7206	Ni I		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
7207	Nil		
7208	0.002		
7209	0.002		
7210	Nil		
7211	0.005		
7212	0.002		
7213	0.002		
7214	0.002	Ni I	
7215	0.002		
7216	· Ni l	* - • - • • • •	
7217	Nil	·· ••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7218	0.002		
7219	Ni l		*
7220	0.002		
7221	Nil		
7222	Ni l		
7223	Nil		
7224	0.003		
7225	0.002	0.002	
7226	Nil		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
7227	Nil		
7228	0.002		
7229	Nil		
7230	Nil		

Au was determined using 1 AT fusions

Certified by

G. Lebel / Manager

P.O. Box 10, Swastika, Ontario P0K 1T0 Telephone (705) 642-3244 FAX (705) 642-3300



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Assaying - Consulting - Representation

Page 2 of 2

Assay Certificate

0W-1495-RA1

Company: SUE GAMBLE/B.G. COOK Project:

Dale: OCT-09-90

Projo Atta: Copy 1. 70 FIRST STREET KIRKLAND LAKE, ONT.

We hereby certify the following Assay of 41 CORE samples submitted OCT-04-90 by .

Sample	Au	Au check				
Number	oz/ton	oz/ton				
7231	Nil		 		********	***********
7232	0.002					
7233	Ni 1					
7234	0.002					
7235	Ni I					
7238	Nil	Nil	 	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	
7239	NII					
7240	NII					
7241	Nil					•
7242	Nil					
7243	Ni I		 		* * * * * * * * * *	

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Au was determined using 1 AT fusions

Certified by

G. Lebel / Manager

P.O. Box 10, Swastika, Ontario P0K 1T0 Telephone (705)642-3244 FAX (705)642-3300



Swastika Laboratories

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Assaying - Consulting - Representation

Metallic Assay Certificate

0W-1496-RM1

Company: SUE GAMBLE / B.G. COOK Project: Attn: Date: OCT-09-90 Copy 1. 70 FIRST STREET KIRKLAND LAKE, ONT.

We hereby certify the following Metallic Assay of 02 CORE samples submitted OCT-04-90 by .

Sample	•	Total	• 4	100 M		Assay Valu	ue An		Total We	ight Au		Metallic	Au		Not A	LUI
Naber	*	M. (#).	* *	M. (F)	*	+100(g/1)	100(\$/1)	• •	100(mg) -	100(mg)	*	(oz/ton)	.(#/!).	*	(oz/lon)	(# /1)
7236 "V0"		\$79.75	•	1.95		0.01	0.07	٠	0.000	0.061		0.000	0.00		0.002	0.07
7237 °V3°	٠	304.14	8	0.34	٠	0.01	0.01	٠	0.000	0.003	٠	0.000	0.00		0.000	0.01

Certified by

G. Lebel / Manager

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DM OP 90 - 325

THIS SUBMITTAL CONSISTED OF VARIOUS REPORTS, SOME OF WHICH HAVE BEEN CULLED FROM THIS FILE. THE CULLED MATERIAL HAD BEEN PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED UNDER THE FOLLOWING RECORD SERIES (THE DOCUMENTS CAN BE VIEWED IN THESE SERIES):

DDH 90-1 log by Beverly Cook -> See Catherine Tup and Susan Gamble, Sept-Oct/90 DO Report #41 ROW # W9008,333



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