



32D05NE0014 2.4924 HOLLOWAY

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JUL 12 1982

MINING LANDS SECTION

REPORT
ON
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY ON GRID B
HARKER TOWNSHIP
LARDER LAKE MINING DIVISION
ONTARIO

M. J. Crawford

January 21, 1982

HARKER-HOLLOWAY CLAIM GROUP - GRID B
PHELPS DODGE CORPORATION OF CANADA, LTD.

LOCATION

The Harker-Holloway claim group is located thirty-five miles east of Matheson, Ontario, in the southeastern corner of Harker Township and the northwest corner of adjacent Holloway Township, District of Cochrane, Larder Lake Mining Division, Ontario. The group is approximately one to one and one-quarter miles southeast of Harker Lake in Harker Township and approximately two to two and one-half miles south of Highway 101. The nine claims border the eastern and southern margins of the patented Coin Lake property.

ACCESS

Access is most easily gained from Highway 101, which crosses the northern parts of Harker and Holloway Townships in an east-west direction. The claims can be reached by driving south on a number of good logging roads a few miles east of the Ghost River and roughly across from the Ghost Range fire tower north of Highway 101. After approximately four miles the end of the main logging road is reached and the nearest claim (L 561998) is approximately one-half mile to the east.

PROPERTY HOLDER

Golden Harker Explorations, Ltd.
H. L. Banting, Vice President
80 Richmond St., West Suite 604
Toronto, Ontario M5H 2A4

ASSESSMENT WORK CONDUCTED BY

Phelps Dodge Corporation of Canada, Ltd.
D. A. Firth, Vice President and General Manager
68 Yonge Street - Suite 219
Toronto, Ontario M5E 1L1

CLAIM NUMBERS

Harker Township

L 561998 L 578854

Holloway Township

L 578844 L 578848

L 578845 L 578849

L 578846 L 578850

L 578847

DATE OF SURVEY

October - November, 1981

SUMMARIZED GEOLOGY

The property is underlain by a thick sequence of massive and pillowed dacite flows and minor interbedded dacite tuff, coarse diabasic and pillowed basalt flows, fine grained rhyolite flows and discontinuous lenses and minor, featureless andesitic flows. The rocks strike 60-110° and dip steeply (70-90°) to the south; pillow tops indicate the volcanic sequence has been overturned and youngs to the south.

TABLE OF FORMATIONS (FROM OLDEST TO YOUNGEST)

- Dacite I
- Dacite II
- Andesite I

Dacite II
Andesite I
Basalt I
Basalt II
Basalt I
Basalt II
Basalt I & II
Andesite II
Rhyolite I
Andesite III
Basalt III
Andesite IV
Basalt I & II

DESCRIPTION OF FORMATIONS

Dacite I

Massive, coarse grained dacite flows, generally featureless. Finer grained zones probably represent chilled margins of individual flow units. Light greenish-gray colour. Rare, discontinuous flow-top breccia units. 800 feet thick.

Dacite II

Fine to medium grained pillowed flows, occasionally spherulitic. Pillows generally one to two inches in length, flattened, with thin (1/8 to 1/4 inches) selvages. Where spherulitic, spherule density is low and individual spherules are widely spaced. Rare interbedded horizons of dacitic tuff. 400 to 600 feet thick.

Andesite I

Light to dark green, fine to medium grained, massive, generally featureless andesite flows. Thicker individual flow units occasionally coarser grained and diabasic in texture. 100 to 200 feet thick.

Andesite II

A relatively thin unit of light to dark green, siliceous, massive, fine to medium grained andesite. Generally featureless except for distinctly curved, quasi-conchoidal breaking pattern; also occasionally vesicular with quartz and calcite fillings. Approximately 100 feet thick.

Andesite III

Distinctive, slightly chloritized and sheared, bright green andesite. Slightly foliated, fine to medium grained. Approximately 80 feet in thickness.

Andesite IV

Very similar to Andesite II and featureless except for abundant partings of black chlorite which parallel the flow edges; however, no apparent schistosity or foliation is obvious in the fine to medium grained, light green groundmass.

Basalt I

Massive, generally coarse grained, diabasic basalt flows. Featureless. Fine to medium grained zones probably represent chilled margins of individual flow units. 1 - 2% disseminated cubic pyrite. Up to 600 feet thick.

Basalt II

Fine to medium grained, pillowed, coarse spherulitic basalt flows. Pillows well-developed, up to four feet in length, squat and undeformed. Pillow cores are slightly epidotized; selvages are up to an inch thick and contain abundant concentrations of thick spherules. Ropy surface textures and remnant implosion brecciation. Sequences of pillowed basalt are between 100 - 200 feet in thickness.

Basalt III

Very distinctive unit composed of dark green-black angular fragments of basalt (1/8 to 1/4 inch in diameter) in a chloritic, ashy matrix with smaller, white lapilli (?) fragments. Probably a tuffaceous, fragmental unit of basaltic composition. However, some clusters of fragments can be "put back together" and suggest the unit may also be a flow breccia unit. Approximately 20 - 30 feet in thickness.

Rhyolite I

Aphanitic, black-dark grey to buff-white in colour, occasional flow banding. Vesicular in places which are occasionally filled with quartz, calcite or epidote. Exhibits the same distinctive, curved, quasi-conchoidal breaking pattern exhibited by the Andesite II, with which it is in contact.

STRUCTURE

The volcanic units strike 60 - 110° and dip steeply (70-90°) to the south; pillow tops indicate the volcanic sequence has been overturned and youngs to the south. Major faults trend northwest - southeast and involve dislocations of at least 500 feet (where determined). Connecting cross-faults and less extensive parallel breaks have only slightly dislocated the volcanic units. A major east-west (strike ?) fault is inferred to separate the dacite volcanics in the northern part of the claim group from the adjacent basaltic units. More local zones of shearing, foliation, alteration to chlorite and epidote and pressure solution occur adjacent to the prominent northwest - southeast fault zones.

MINERALIZATION

Gold mineralization occurs on the Coin Lake property, which borders the claim group to the west. Gold is associated with pyrite in quartz vein stockworks localized in sheared, silicified basalt. Gold values averaged .25 ounces per ton over nearly three feet (Satterly, 1952). The Coin Lake property may be an extension of the Harker mineralization, which consists of gold-bearing, pyritic quartz lenses and pyrite-filled fractures in an east - west shear zone roughly parallel to the strike of the volcanic units.

SUMMARY OF EXPLORATION WORK

An 8,000 foot long baseline was cut at 55° across the claim group. Twenty-two winglines at 400 foot intervals totalled 8.2 miles in length and stations were chained every 100 feet. Detailed geologic mapping (1" = 400') and a VLF-EM survey with 50 foot stations were conducted on the grid.

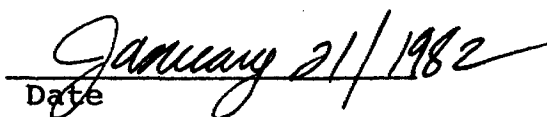
GEOLOGIST

M. J. Crawford
10 Damude Drive
Box 916
Fonthill, Ontario L0S 1E0

B. Sc. (Hon) 1976 University of Western Ontario
M. Sc. 1981-1982 University of Toronto

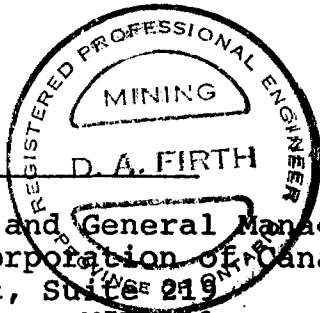
RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED BY


M. J. Crawford


Date

CERTIFIED BY

D. A. Firth



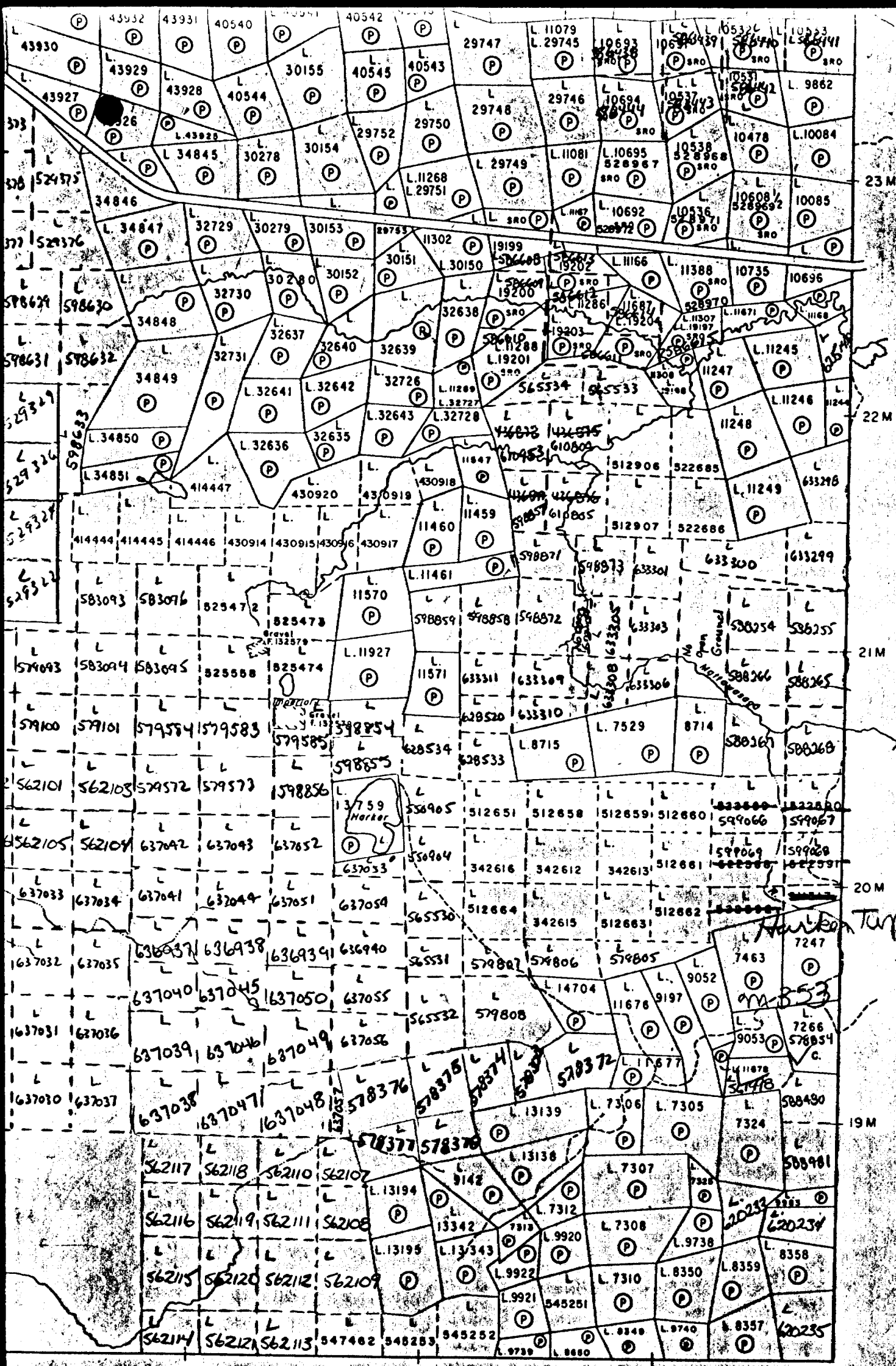
D. A. Firth
Vice President and General Manager
Phelps Dodge Corporation of Canada, Ltd.
68 Yonge Street, Suite 219
Toronto, Ontario M5E 1L1

REFERENCE

Satterly, J.

1952: The Geology of Harker Township, Ontario Dept. of Mines,
Volume LX, Part 7, 1951, 47 pp.

MJC:ph
1/21/82



HOLLOWAY TWP. M-356

ELLIOTT TWP. M-347

HARKER TWP. M. 35

Halloway Twp
M 356



TARINIA...

5M.



Report of Work
(Geophysical, Geological,
Geochemical and Expenditures)

Harker
File
The Min.



32D05NE0014 2.4924 HOLLOWAY

900

W 810800224

2.4924

Type of Survey(s) GEOLOGICAL	Township or Area HARKER AND HOLLOWAY
Claim Holder(s) HELPS DODGE CORPORATION OF CANADA LTD.	Prospector's Licence No. T 1125
Survey Company 219 - 68 YONGE ST. TORONTO, ONTARIO MSE 111	Survey Dates (linecutting to office) Day 9 Mo. 8 Yr. 1 Day 31 Mo. 12 Yr. 81
Name and Address of Author (of Geo-Technical report) MARK J. CRAWFORD, Box 916, Fonthill, Ont L0S 1E2	
Total Miles of line Cut 9.7	

Special Provisions Credits Requested

Instructions	Geophysical	Days per Claim
For first survey: Enter 40 days. (This includes line cutting)	- Electromagnetic	
	- Magnetometer	
	- Radiometric	
For each additional survey: using the same grid: Enter 20 days (for each)	- Other	
	Geological	20
	Geochemical	

Mining Claims Traversed (List in numerical sequence)

Mining Claim		Expend. Days Cr.	Mining Claim		Expend. Days Cr.
Prefix	Number		Prefix	Number	
L	561998	20			
	578844	20			
	578845	20			
	578846	20			
	578847	20			
	578848	20			
	578849	20			
	578850	20			
	578854	20			

Man Days

Instructions	Geophysical	Days per Claim
Complete reverse side and enter total(s) here	- Electromagnetic	
	- Magnetometer	
	- Radiometric	
	- Other	
	Geological	
	Geochemical	

Airborne Credits

Note: Special provisions credits do not apply to Airborne Surveys.	Days per Claim
Electromagnetic	
Magnetometer	
Radiometric	

Expenditures (excludes power stripping)

Type of Work Performed

Performed on Claim(s)

Calculation of Expenditure Days Credits

Total Expenditures ÷ 15 = Total Days Credits

\$ [] ÷ 15 = []

Instructions

Total Days Credits may be apportioned at the claim holder's choice. Enter number of days credits per claim selected in columns at right.

Report Completed

Date of Report: **JULY 8, 1982**

Recorded Holder or Agent (Signature): *Madith*

Total number of mining claims covered by this report of work: **9**

For Office Use Only

Total Days Cr. Recorded: **180**

Date Recorded: **JUL 12 1982**

Date Approved as Recorded: **83.04.08**

Mining Recorder: *[Signature]*

Certification Verifying Report of Work

I hereby certify that I have a personal and intimate knowledge of the facts set forth in the Report of Work annexed hereto, having performed the work or witnessed same during and/or after its completion and the annexed report is true.

Name and Postal Address of Person Certifying: **D.A. FIRTH 68 YONGE ST. SUITE 219, TORONTO, ONT MSE 1L1**

Date Certified: **JULY 8, 1982**

Certified by (Signature): *Madith*



Dec 15/82

Mining Lands Comments

To: Geophysics

Comments

Approved
 Wish to see again with corrections
 Date
 Signature

To: Geology - Expenditures *Mr. Kustra*

Comments

Approved
 Wish to see again with corrections
 Date *Jan 20/93*
 Signature *Kustra*

To: Geochemistry

Comments

Approved
 Wish to see again with corrections
 Date
 Signature

To: Mining Lands Section, Room 6462, Whitney Block. (Tel: 5-1380)

GEOPHYSICAL TECHNICAL DATA

GROUND SURVEYS – If more than one survey, specify data for each type of survey

Number of Stations _____ Number of Readings _____

Station interval _____ Line spacing _____

Profile scale _____

Contour interval _____

MAGNETIC

Instrument _____

Accuracy – Scale constant _____

Diurnal correction method _____

Base Station check-in interval (hours) _____

Base Station location and value _____

ELECTROMAGNETIC

Instrument _____

Coil configuration _____

Coil separation _____

Accuracy _____

Method: Fixed transmitter Shoot back In line Parallel line

Frequency _____
(specify V.L.F. station)

Parameters measured _____

Instrument _____

Scale constant _____

Corrections made _____

Base station value and location _____

Elevation accuracy _____

Instrument _____

Method Time Domain Frequency Domain

Parameters – On time _____ Frequency _____

– Off time _____ Range _____

– Delay time _____

– Integration time _____

Power _____

Electrode array _____

Electrode spacing _____

Type of electrode _____

INDUCED POLARIZATION
RESISTIVITY

SELF POTENTIAL

Instrument _____ Range _____

Survey Method _____

Corrections made _____

RADIOMETRIC

Instrument _____

Values measured _____

Energy windows (levels) _____

Height of instrument _____ Background Count _____

Size of detector _____

Overburden _____

(type, depth – include outcrop map)

OTHERS (SEISMIC, DRILL WELL LOGGING ETC.)

Type of survey _____

Instrument _____

Accuracy _____

Parameters measured _____

Additional information (for understanding results) _____

AIRBORNE SURVEYS

Type of survey(s) _____

Instrument(s) _____

(specify for each type of survey)

Accuracy _____

(specify for each type of survey)

Aircraft used _____

Sensor altitude _____

Navigation and flight path recovery method _____

Aircraft altitude _____ Line Spacing _____

Miles flown over total area _____ Over claims only _____

GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY – PROCEDURE RECORD



Numbers of claims from which samples taken _____

Total Number of Samples _____

Type of Sample _____
(Nature of Material)

Average Sample Weight _____

Method of Collection _____

Soil Horizon Sampled _____

Horizon Development _____

Sample Depth _____

Terrain _____

Drainage Development _____

Estimated Range of Overburden Thickness _____

SAMPLE PREPARATION

(Includes drying, screening, crushing, ashing)

Mesh size of fraction used for analysis _____

General _____

ANALYTICAL METHODS

Values expressed in: per cent
p. p. m.
p. p. b.

Cu, Pb, Zn, Ni, Co, Ag, Mo, As, (circle)

Others _____

Field Analysis (_____ tests)

Extraction Method _____

Analytical Method _____

Reagents Used _____

Field Laboratory Analysis

No. (_____ tests)

Extraction Method _____

Analytical Method _____

Reagents Used _____

Commercial Laboratory (_____ tests)

Name of Laboratory _____

Extraction Method _____

Analytical Method _____

Reagents Used _____

General _____

1982 07 22

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Mining Recorder
Ministry of Natural Resources
4 Government Road East
P.O. Box 984
Kirkland Lake, Ontario
P2N 1A2

Dear Sir:

We have received reports and maps for a Geological Survey submitted under Special Provisions (credit for Performance and Coverage) on Mining Claims L 561998 et al in the Townships of Harker and Holloway.

This material will be examined and assessed and a statement of assessment work credits will be issued.

Yours very truly,

E.F. Anderson
Director
Land Management Branch

Whitney Block, Room 6450
Queen's Park
Toronto, Ontario
M7A 1W3
Phone: 416/965-1316

J. Skura/sc

c.c. Phelps Dodge Corporation
Toronto, Ontario

c.c. Mark J. Crawford
Fonthill, Ontario

LAMPLUGH TWP. M-358

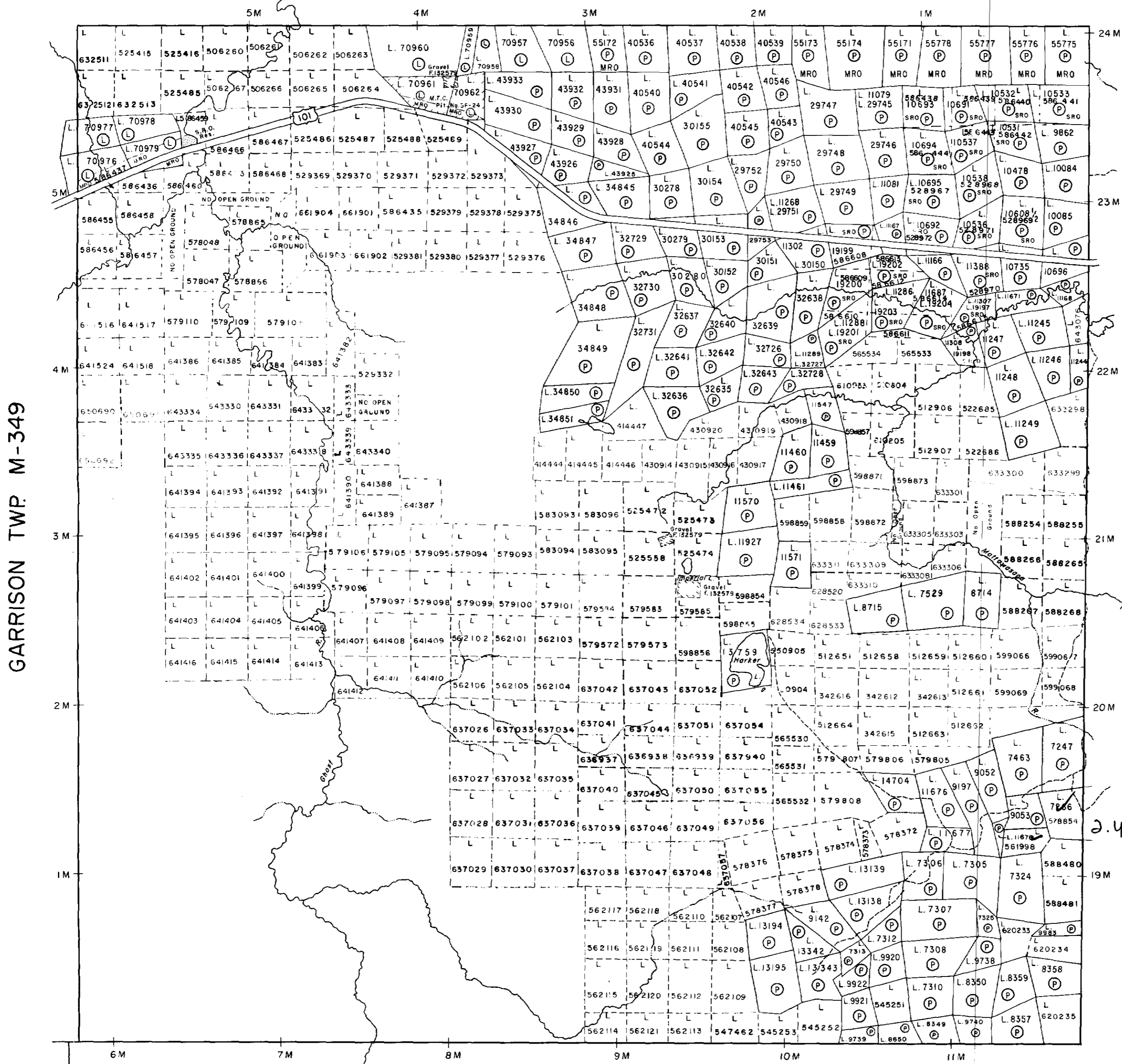
THE TOWNSHIP OF

HARKER

DISTRICT OF COCHRANE

LARDER LAKE MINING DIVISION

SCALE: 1-INCH 40 CHAINS



LEGEND

- PATENTED LAND ● or P
- CROWN LAND SALE C.S.
- LEASES L
- LOCATED LAND Loc.
- LICENSE OF OCCUPATION L.O.
- MINING RIGHTS ONLY M.R.D.
- SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY S.R.O.
- ROADS
- IMPROVED ROADS
- KING'S HIGHWAYS
- RAILWAYS
- POWER LINES
- MARSH OR MUSKEG
- MINES
- CANCELLED
- PATENTED S.R.O.

NOTES

400' Surface Rights reservation along the shores of all lakes and rivers.

DATE OF ISSUE
 JAN 26 1983
 Ministry of Natural Resources
 TORONTO

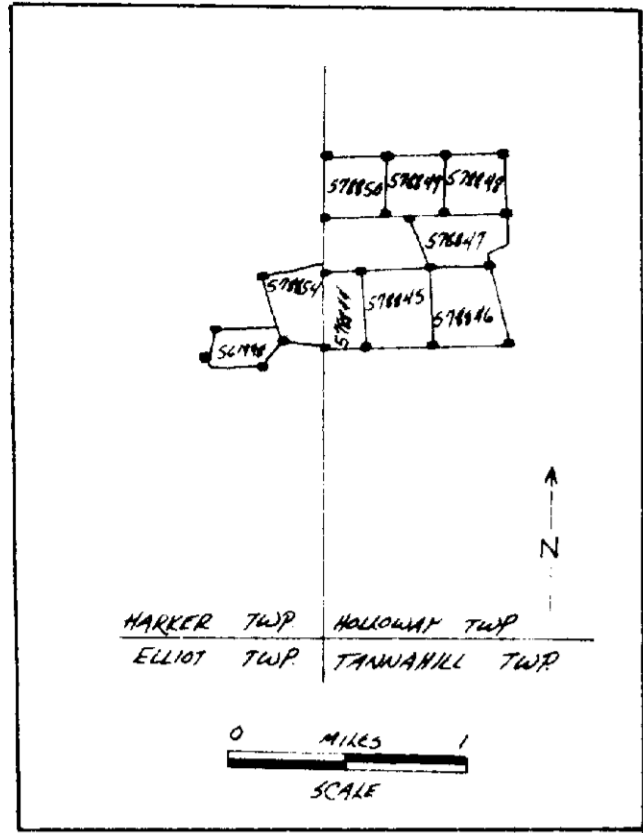
PLAN NO. M-353

ONTARIO
MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES
SURVEYS AND MAPPING BRANCH



3205NE0014 2.4924 HOLLOWAY

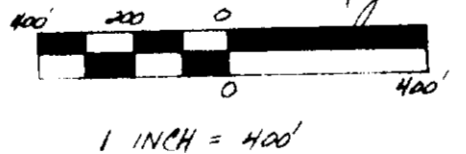
ELLIOTT TWP. M-347



PHELPS DODGE CORPORATION
OF CANADA
OCTOBER-NOVEMBER, 1981

GEOLOGISTS: M. J. CRAWFORD
R. J. MOYE

COMPILED AND DRAFTED BY M.J.C.
11/8/82
M.J. Crawford 3/18/82



VEGETATION ABBREVIATIONS

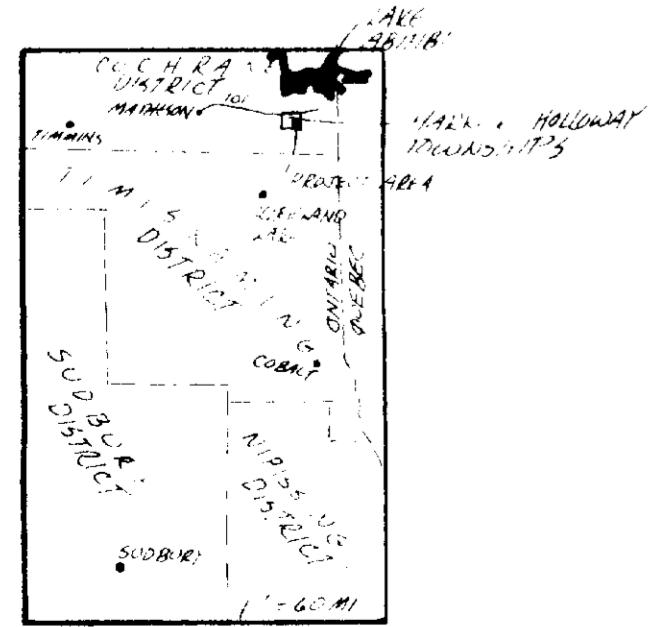
sp = spruce
ald = alder
bch = birch
tam = tamarack
mus = muskeg

SYMBOLS	
X	SMALL OUTCROP
○	OUTLINE OF LARGER OUTCROP
○	AREA CONTAINING DISPERSED OUTCROP
---	INFERRED GEOLOGIC CONTACT
40	STRIKE, DIP, DIRECTION OF DIP
X	STRIKE, VERTICAL DIP
20	STRIKE, DIP OF PILLOWED UNITS (CONVEX DIRECTION INDICATES STRATIGRAPHIC TOP)
---	INFERRED FAULT PLANE
---	SHEARING/SCHISTOSITY
■	SHAFT
■	MINE DUMP
○	TRENCH
○	TEST PIT
■	CLAIM POST (LOCATED)
○	CLAIM POST (ESTIMATED)
---	LOGGING ROAD
○	SWAMP
---	STREAM
ABBREVIATIONS	
Py = Pyrite	CHL = CHLORITE / CHLORITIC
QU = QUARTZ VEIN	EPID = EPIDOTE
QTZ = QUARTZ	

EXPLANATION	
CENOZOIC	
RECENT AND PLEISTOCENE Clay, sand, glacial erratics	
PRECAMBRIAN	
VOLCANICS	
1) BASALT	3) DACITE (continued)
a) fine grained massive flow	d) flow-top breccia
b) coarse grained (diabasic) flow	e) tuff agglomerate
c) pillowed flow	f) feldspar porphyry
d) pillowed, spherulitic flows	
e) flow-top breccia	4) RHYOLITE
f) vesicular-amygdales flow	a) white fine grained flow
g) tuff agglomerate	b) gray-black fine grained flow
h) feldspar porphyry	c) vesicular-amygdales flow
	d) flow top breccia
2) ANDESITE	
a) fine grained massive flow	
b) coarse grained (diabasic) flow	
c) pillowed flow	
d) pillowed, spherulitic flows	
e) flow-top breccia	
f) vesicular-amygdales flow	
g) tuff agglomerate	
h) feldspar porphyry	
	INTRUSIVES
	6) DIABASE
	a) dike
	b) sill
	8) SYENITE
	a) pink, porphyritic syenite
3) DACITE	
a) fine grained massive flow	
b) coarse grained massive flow	
c) pillowed flow	



210



PROJECT LOCATED IN SOUTH-WESTERN
HARKER TOWNSHIP, COCHRANE
DISTRICT, KARDER LAKE
INDIENING DIVISION