REPORT TO



Golden Croesus Mines Ltd.

Covering Surface Exploration:

Time: Sept. 1961

Claims: 71425, 71424, 71423.

Workmen: G. P. Thoday Haileybury Ont.

H. R. Norrie Toronto, Ont.

Introduction:

Geological information obtained and studied prior to fieldwork:

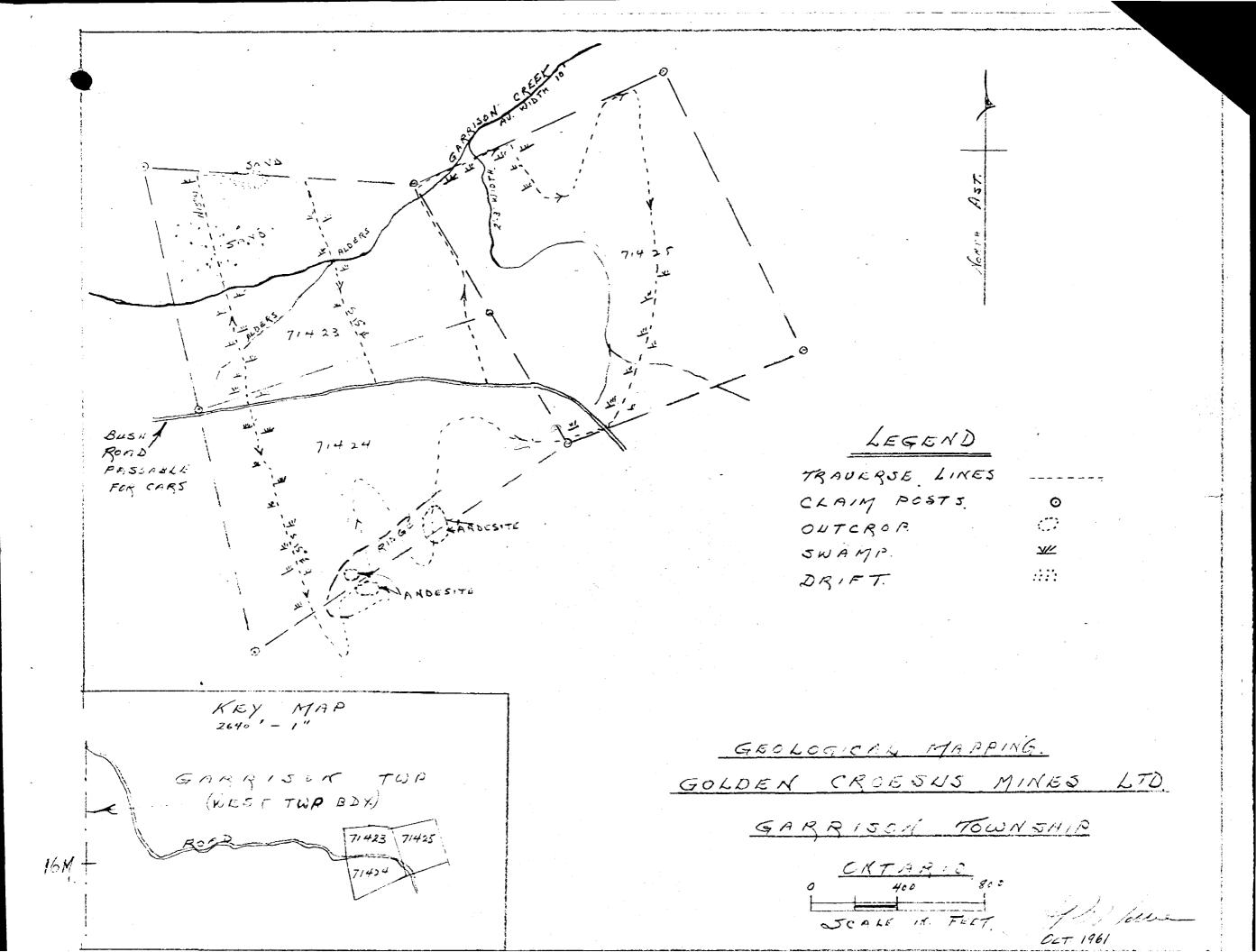
- (1) Ontario Nopt. Of Mines Vol.LX111 Part 1V, 1949 by J. Satterly
- (2) Wap No. 1949-1 Township Of Garrison.
- (3) Reports by S.V.Burr covering work carried out in the area we during 1943-1944.

Remarks:

The entire area, except for two small outcrops in the south-central part of claim No.71424, is low and drift covered. The outcrop area was examined and found to be basic andesited lava flows containing narrow quartz stringers and small highly altered sparsly mineralized fracture zones. No samples were taken.

The purpose of this work was to locate and map outcrops to determine the possible westward extension of gold bearing fractur zones that procur near the West boundary of Thorncliffe Mines about 2500 feet to the East of this property.

Signed.





GOLDEN CROESUS MINES LTD.

GARRISON TOWNSHIP

LARDER LAKE MINING DIVISION, COCHRANE DISTRICT ONTARIO

INTRODUCTION

A geophysical program was carried out over the Golden Crossus property located in Garrison Township, Ontario, during October 1961.

A grid of north-east picket lines was cut over the property at 300 foot intervals and stations established at 100 foot intervals.

Electromagnetic and magnetic readings were taken at 100 intervals along the picket lines.

The results have been plotted on the accompanying map which is on the scale of 1 inch - 200'.

The claims held by the Company are numbered as follows:

71417,

71423.

71424.

71425

GENERAL GEOLOGY

The Golden Croesus property is located on the western edge of a large granite intrusive massive. The western 3/4 of the property is underlain by northwesterly striking volcanics. The granite to the east cuts northwesterly across the two eastern claims of the property.

A gold bearing deposit has been outlined by diamond drilling on the Euffonta Mines which adjoins the Golden Croesus on the east. The projection of the gold bearing zone on the Euffonta strikes unto the Golden Croesus property.

METHOD OF SURVEY

The method used in this survey is sometimes known as the electromagnetic-galvanic method to distinguish it from other electromagnetic methods.

A long insulated copper cable is laid out in a direction approximating the regional strike and is grounded at both ends. An alternating current of about 800 cycles per second is passed through this system, the source of supply being a motor-driven generator.

The current generates an alternating magnetic field concentric about the cable and therefore roughly perpendicular to the surface of the ground at points away from the axis of the cable.

Secondary currents will be generated in any sub-surface conductor such as a sulphide body - partly by induction from the cable itself, and partly
by earth conduction from the grounded ends of the cable. The magnetic field
from such a body will be horizontal in a limited region above the body.

Readings of the direction (or tilt) of magnetic field are made along survey lines perpendicular to the cable. Significant departures from the vertical are ascribed to sub-surface conductors. The interpretation of any such anomaly will involve the size, conductivity and attitude of the sub-surface body, and its position relative to the cable.

In addition to sulphides, other conductors -- such as graphitic zones, water-permeated shears, clay beds, or swampy ground -- may give rise to anomalies.

helpful in deciding the nature of a conductor. The two minerals most likely to produce a magnetic anomaly are pyrrhotite and magnetite. A concentration of pyrrhotite should show up as a conductor in the same way as most metallic sulphides. Magnetite is only rarely a conductor, but its occurrence in above-normal concentration may suggest a zone of more general mineralization.

In either case a magnetic anomaly in close association with an E.M. anomaly suggests that the latter is more probably due to mineralization than to other causes.

RESULTS OF THE SURVEY

Some test magnetic and electromagnetic profiles were run across the Buffonta gold zone. High magnetic values, 2000 gammas above normal, occur over the open pit on the Buffonta and an electromagnetic anomaly also occurs over the pit.

The magnetic work outlined a zone of higher than normal magnetic values extending westerly from the Buffonta open pit across the eastern part of the Golden Croesus property.

on line 300 E at chainage 2100 south and trends northwesterly to line 300 W at chainage 1400 south. The second trends southwesterly from chainage 500 north on line 300 W to chainage 100 south on line 9400 W. The third appears to be a local magnetic zone which occurs on line 1200 W at 300 north and at zero on the same line.

The electromagnetic survey showed up a weak electromagnetic zone along the projected strike of the Buffonta zone. Another electromagnetic anomaly occurs on the southern part of the property from chainage 1300 south on line 600 E to chainage 1300 south on line 3400 W.

It is recommended that a diamond drilling program be undertaken to test the magnetic zone which appears to be the projection of the Buffonta Gold bearing zone. It is suggested that the first two holes be put down at the following locations.

i1 Line 600 i at 150 south - drill south at 50°

#2 Line 600 W at 250 north - drill south at 50°

Respectfully submitted,

I. C. Christopher, J.Eng.

Toronto, Ontario. December 4, 1961.

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

	PROPERTY GOL	den croesus mines l'	TD.	and the same of th	НС	DLE NO.	18	de Wilade cumina			
SHEET NUMBER	1	SECTION FR	ОМ	то_		_ ST/	ARTED	NOV.15th,	1962		
LATITUDE27	1 20 W	DATUM				_ co	MPLETED :	Dec. 16th,	1962		
DEPARTURE 20 1 15 S						UII.	ULTIMATE DEPTH			752	
			- 50°						1,000		
ELEVATION		DIP				_ PK(JPOSED D	EPTH	т		
DEPTH FEET	•	FORMATION			SAMPLE No.	WIDTH OF SAMPLE	GOLD \$	COLD S			
0.0 - 8.0	Casing										
8.0 - 525.6	Uniform lava -	grey, fine grained	scattered	narrow c	ts strs.						
	30.6 - 33.9	Brecciated Zone -	epidote, ga	rnet - q	te – alt	ration					
		medium mineralizati	ion								
	37.2 - 1 in	Epidote str.				***************************************			_		
	46.0 - 46.4	Garnet, epidote alt	teration po	rce lai ni	c shards	-1					
	47.3 - 47.6	Epidote strs.	v								
	50.0 - 75.0	Many hairline strip	ng era – e pi	dote - p	orc. sha	·da•				32005	
	73.8 - 1"			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *						I OAN	
	75.0 - 77.1	Mostly epidote - 1:	ight minera	lization	•					86 6	
	96.2 - 98.5	tt g	#	n				-		3.11:	
	109.5 - 110.8	Qts strs. Well mine	eralized -	homatite	at cont	ic ts	-	-		გ გ	
	113.0 - 113.9	Epidote str.								SER IS	
		Qtm. strs. well min	neralized_							Ž	
		Much epidote alt.									
		Scattered narrow e		l •							
	198.5 - 200.0	Narrow calcite atre	5.				ASSES	SMENT	WO		
Person in the commence of the commence of the substitute of the commence of th		Epidote with } calc	oite - hemi	te stra.							
	208.3 - 208.6							T-691			
	226.0 - 292.0	Kany calcite strs.	Some with	hematite	on cont	icts.				030	
	292.0 - 375.0	Heavy epidote alt.	Scattered	llight "	ineraliz	d sertic	na.		·	Ö	

DRILLED BY

SIGNED

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

PROPERTY			HOLE NO								
SHEET NUMBER	w1.2 m		STA	ARTED							
LATITUDE		DATUM	COMPLETED								
DEPARTURE		BEARING									
ELEVATION	tandas pro-promo descuido de altreformino de ristrigações para describir de la distribuição de altreformino de respecto de la distribuição de altreformino de respecto de la distribuição de altreformino de la distribuição d	DIP									
DEPTH FEET		FORMATION	SAMPLE No.	WIDTH OF BAMPLE	GOLD \$	GOLD \$					
	428.3 - 1"	Qtz. Str.									
	451.4 - 1"	Calcite str.						married to area to be			
	458.3 - 460.5	Quite well mineralized # Pink xls (Fe	ldspars?)		1	The second section of the section				
	162.4 - 462.8	Well mineralized purple alt.									
	475.0 - 500.0	Many fine qts and calcite strs 1/8 - 2	Bome ho	matite a	lt.						
		minor epidote alt.									
	500.0 - 525.6	Some qtz - calcite strs. Heavy epidote	alt.								
525.6 - 555.5		Structured Lava.									
	525.6 - 539.0	Medium epidote alt. Prominent amygdule	8								
		Heavy epidote alt. Much distortion.									
555.5 - 752.c		Uniform lava - grey, fine grained									
		Some fine qts calcite stro. Low epidot	e alt.								
	567.0 - 570.0	Well mineralized qtz calcite strs.									
	652.5 - 655.0	* " Purple alt.									
		Hole discontinued 752.0			ASSESS	MENT	wo	RK			
						T-691					
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N.M.P., TORONTO-STOCK FORM No. 501 REV. 12/51

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ASSESSMENT WORK T-69I 4.71424

