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EXAMINATION FOR SPHEROIDAL GOLD IN GLACIAL TILL CONCENTRATES FROM THE MIKWAM PROJECT

Ъу

W. Mueller

June 3, 1985

EXAMINATION FOR SPHEROIDAL GOLD IN GLACIAL TILL CONCENTRATES FROM THE MIKWAM PROJECT

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WM:pk

Distribution:

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INTRODUCTION

At the request of J. A. Coope,¹ a sample believed to contain spheroidal gold grains was examined to locate spheroidal and other gold grains to classify their morphology and to determine the elemental composition. This sample No. 14832 is from the Mikwam Project, 200 km northeast of Timmins, Ontario.

The Mikwam property covers an area of very few outcrops, where one of the leading exploration techniques for gold is overburden drilling, with subsequent examination and analysis of the nonmagnetic heavy mineral fractions collected from glacial till horizons.

Sample No. 14832 assayed 166 ppm Au and was the nonmagnetic fraction from tabling and heavy media separation.

SUMMARY

The amount of sample available for examination was very small ($\langle 0.1$ g) and only zircon and pyrite could be confirmed by XRD scans. Other phases are present.

The metallic elements indicated by XRF are major Zr and Fe and a trace of Zn.

The sample consisted mostly of subangular to subrounded, well graded grains approximately 0.05 mm to 0.1 mm. The particles are generally spherical to somewhat elongated. Some spheres (pyrite or marcasite, gold) as well as one cube (pyrite) were also observed.

A total of twenty gold-containing particles were located and classified into five morphological groups, as follows:

	Particle Groups	Number	Observed
Spheres			6
Blades	_		3
Spherical	Grains		4
Particles	with "Cleavage" Steps		3
Metallic-	Appearing Flakes and Chips		4

Particle size of gold-containing grains ranged from approximately 0.03 mm (30 μ m) to 0.13 mm, with the "blades" having lengths of 0.2 to 0.3 mm.

The twenty examined particles are gold (17) or electrum (3), with an abundance of other elements. Other elements frequently detected were Ti, Fe, Ni, Cu and Zn. Less common but also detected were Cl, Ca, Cr and Si. The distribution of these elements, or their occurrence as included particles, was not determined during this examination. This geochemistry is concluded to be very complex for a native gold/electrum occurrence and atypical for previously examined occurrences.

Additional study would be required to explain the origins, provenance and geochemical variations posed by these gold particles.

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

The amount of sample available was very small (<0.1 g), and when spread on double stick tape covered an area approximately 5 mm in diameter. The XRD-XRF scans were not optimum due to the small sample size, but they do confirm the presence of zircon and pyrite. Topaz may also be present, but could not be positively identified. Other phases are also present, but could not be keyed out from these XRD scans.

The metallic elements indicated by XRF are major Zr and Fe, and a trace of Zn.

The sample consisted of well-graded grains that are mostly approximately 0.05 mm to 0.1 mm in size and subangular to subrounded. The particles are generally spherical to somewhat elongated (Fig. 1). The elongated grains frequently show crystal faces. Some spheres were observed. Most of these were iron sulfides (pyrite or marcasite), and some were gold (Fig. 2). One well-formed and essentially preserved iron sulfide cube (pyrite) was also observed during the microprobe evaluation.

SAMPLE EXAMINATION

An ETEC microprobe with wavelength and energy dispersive spectrometer (EDS) was utilized in the evaluation for gold-containing particles.

Both Zr and W were present in this sample and they produced considerable interference for the major gold lines. Consequently, the gold L line was utilized for the elemental gold mapping search procedure. Interference still existed from the W, but this was not nearly as objectionable as that from the Zr, which was very abundant in zircon. Any gold would now appear as pronounced or more pronounced than the W.

Initial scans for gold (and tungsten) were conducted at 45X, utilizing the longest scan interval available (9 minutes). Each of these searches would locate approximately 5 to 15 Au- or W-containing particles. Each of these would then be evaluated via the EDS, which shows distinctive spectra for Au and W. This EDS evaluation would generally locate 1 to 3 gold particles per 45X field. A complete EDS spectra would then be collected for each Au particle, recorded, and is presented in Table I. Each gold particle was photographed for morphological characterization. Selected images of these particles are presented as Figures 2 to 8.

Twenty gold-containing particles were found in approximately 75% of the sample.

	•	n na hanna an san an a	TAB	LE I	ed after the state of a	المترتبة والمعرود الم	an ton a second	ndens texter la	navalora i filosofi i N		•		
		Information on	Mikwam	Proje	ct Gold	Part:	icles			·			
Particle		Particle Morphology and Comments			Detected	Elen	nents b	y EDS	(Peak	Intena	ities*)	
	No.	(Listed by Groups)	Au	Ag	<u>C1</u>	Ca	<u>Ti</u>	<u>Fe</u>	<u>Ní</u>	Cu	Zn	Cr	<u>Si</u>
	1	Sphere - Some surface pitting, has a "groove".	100	8				8	2	28	2		
Spheres	4	Sphere - With minor pitting and possible inclusions.	100	23	9.2		3	12	2	12	4		
	8	Sphere - Some surface imperfections.	100	7			2	3		38			
	10	Sphere - Some surface imperfections.	100					2					
	14	Sphere - With surface pitting.	100					3	10	23	3		
	2	Pitted Sphere - With inclusions (dark areas).	100					4	3	8	1		
Blades	16	Rounded Blade	100	2			2	8	11	21	5		
	11	Bent Rounded Blade	100	6			ī	2	13	20	6		
	13	Well Rounded Subprismoidal - With	100	15			_			24	3		
		surface grooves. Approaches the morphology of a small gold nugget.		, .							-		
1	16	Subrounded Spherical	100	4			3	4					
[a] IS	17	Subangular Spherical	100	2			-	3					
ኯ፝ኯ፝	12	Angular Spherical	100	6			2	9		11			
Sr. Je		Repeated	100	8			15	23		11			
Spl (20	Angular Subprismoidal	100				2	12	9	19	5		15
avage eps"	5	Subrounded Tabular - Fairly large, close to a grain in appearance, some areas more rounded than others, some "cleavage steps".	100	85				4	2	27	8		
"Clea	3	Angular Equant - Showing "cleavage steps".	100		•		3	6	11	25	7	2	
	18	Angular Semitabular - Showing "cleavage steps".	100	. 8				9		42	6		
SC	9	Metallic Flake	100	7			3	4	•		1		
11	19	Metallic Flake	100	6		•		8					
fetal	7 15	Metallic Chip Metallic Chip	100 100	25 11		1	4	14 1	١	33 28	5 4		

Peak intensities are differentially influenced by particle * morphology and location of surrounding particles.

Gold: Silver - relative (more or less) Other values are qualitative. No standards Compared with Au, Fe, Ni, Cu, Zu unbers, probably relatively low.

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PARTICLE MORPHOLOGY

The twenty recorded gold particles were divided into five morphological groups, as follows:

Particle Groups	Number Observed -
Spheres	6
Blades	3
Spherical Grains	4
Particles with "Cleavage" Steps	3
Metallic-Appearing Flakes and Chips	4

Five of the particles designated as spheres, two of the blade particles, and two of the particles with "cleavage" steps have very specific morphologies that are readily observable. However, the distinction between particle morphologies for the remainder of the particles was, in some instances, somewhat arbitrary and subject to reinterpretation.

No botryoidal gold grains were observed.

Particle size ranged from approximately 0.03 mm (30 μ m) to 0.13 mm (130 μ m), with the "blades" having lengths of 0.2 to 0.3 mm.

Spheres

The spheres were all quite uniform in appearance, with relatively smooth surfaces marked by minor surface imperfections (Fig. 2). Sphere size ranged from approximately 30 µm to 60 µm.

The pitted sphere was of a similar size and perfection of sphericity, but differed with pronounced surface pitting and inclusions of unidentified phases (Fig. 3).

Blades

The blades show the most unique morphology, with no resemblance to any other particles in this sample. Particle No. 16 appears to be a gold crystal (Fig. 4).

Particle No. 13 is the least blade-like in this group and approaches the morphology of a small gold nugget. Mechanical deformation in the form of grooves and edge rounding is well developed.

Spherical Grains

The spherical grains have morphologies similar to subangular to subrounded sand grains. Except for the gold content, they are not morphologically distinguishable from the majority of the other grains (Fig. 5).

"Cleavage" Steps

These particles are characterized by having a very distinctive steplike feature, similar to cleavage in some minerals. In a crude way, some of this material even appears micaceous (Fig. 6). This morphologic feature is possibly created by a tearing action. Smaller fragments of material similar to this may account for some of the "metallic" particles.

Metallics

The metallics particles somewhat resemble flakes and chips produced during a machining operation (Fig. 7).

The spherical grains, "cleavage" steps and metallics particles could all represent similar origins, with varying degrees of mechanical distortion (Fig. 8).

PARTICLE COMPOSITION

The twenty gold particles encountered included 17 particles of gold and 3 of electrum (>20% Ag). In addition to the Au and Ag an abundance of other elements was also detected (Table I). The most frequently detected other elements were Ti, Fe, Ni, Cu, and Zn. Also detected were Cl, Ca, Cr, and Si, though these were uncommon and only one observation of each was made in four different particles (see Table I).

These particles of gold and electrum have the greatest chemical complexity of any native occurrences previously examined by this investigator. It should, however, be noted that no placer gold has previously been examined and that all previous gold was examined in polished mounts.

All formerly examined gold-electrum occurrences have contained only detectable Au and Ag. As an example, the Mikwam core sample DDH A-8 $(255)^2$ contained electrum with approximately 30% Ag, and with a detection limit of approximately 1-2% no other elements were noted by the EDS system.

Silver content for these particles ranges from not detected to as much as approximately 50% in particle No. 5. In the remainder of the particles, Ag contents are approximately 25% or less.

Contents of the other elements range from not detected to greater than 10%. The peak intensities from the EDS scans are presented in Table I. These intensities were usable only as crude qualitative indicators of the amounts of elements present. Lack of suitable standards and limitations ' imposed by the sample morphology precludes any detailed element quantification at this stage of study.

There appears to be no correlation between particle morphology and composition. The distribution of chemically complex particles versus chemically simple appears to be apportioned among all of the particle types classified in this study.



Fig. 1. An overall view showing the general particle morphology. The particle 1 gold sphere is in the center of the view. 225X.



Fig. 2. A very regular gold sphere (particle 1) with a groove. 900X.



Fig. 3. A pitted gold sphere (particle 2) showing depressions and inclusions (darker areas) (A) designates the gold spheres and other gold particles.



Fig. 4. A gold blade (particle 16), which probably is an elongated gold crystal. 450X.



Fig. 5. Angular spherical gold grain (12) very similar in appearance to the remainder of the sample. 900X.



Fig. 6. A relatively large particle (8) showing the "cleavage" steps. 450X.





Fig. 8. Particle 5 with "cleavage" steps showing mechanical deformation. The morphology is close to that of a grain. 450X.

DISCUSSION

The composition of these particles is strikingly different from previously examined primary gold occurrences, where only Au and Ag have been detected. Except for iron in ferruginous oxide coatings in oxidized gold occurrences, no elements such as Ni, Cu or Zn have previously been found associated within elemental Au or Ag.

Sulfide minerals such as pyrite, chalcopyrite, arsenopyrite and sphalerite are frequently associated with primary elemental gold and could be mechanically trapped within some of these grains.

Newsome and McIvor favor an epigenetic in situ formation of gold, transported in solution and precipitated under favorable conditions.³ One morphologic feature demonstrated in at least some of the particles they investigated was a microcrystallite surface structure which was visible at a magnification of approximately 4000X. Microcrystallite structures can be formed by crystallization of <u>droplets from a melt</u> or by chemical precipitation.⁴ The microcrystallite surface structure is, of course, a key feature in this postulated origin.

For the conditions employed during this study, magnifications above 1000X were not employed. Therefore, the presence or absence of microcrystallite structures was not evaluated. However, an additional origin that should also be considered is the possibility that spheres may be artifacts created during drilling operations or rounded during glacial movement.

Two major differences are noted between these particles and those examined by Newsome and McIvor.³ The particles in this study were smaller (30 to 60 μ m) than those of Newsome and McIvor (100-150 μ m). The Newsome and McIvor grain composition was Au, Ag, Cu and Se, whereas grains in this study generally contained Au, Ag, Ti, Fe, Ni, Cu and Zn.

Much additional study is required to explain the origins and geochemical implications posed by these particles. In future studies it is recommended that some of these or similar grains be evaluated in polished sections. This would eliminate orientation response variants and possible neighbor grain interferences. Additionally, the composition could be examined as a function of depth within these particles. In conjunction with such future studies, it may also be appropriate to examine placer gold nuggets, as well as fire assay beads. Preparation of suitable standards should also be conducted.

as per fire assay

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THE OCCURRENCE AND SIGNIFICANCE OF SPHEROIDAL GOLD GRAINS IN GLACIAL SEDIMENTS

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While conducting overburden reverse circulation drilling during the 1982 field season in the Abitibi Clay Belt region of northeastern Ontario, an anomalous gold-bearing horizon was encountered in a basal till approximately 14 to 20 feet above the bedrock surface. Heavy mineral concentrate (H.M.C.) assays from this unit returned values of 1226 ppm Au, 87 ppm Ag, and 209 ppm Cu.

Initial binocular microscopic examination of the non-magnetic 1/4 split fraction of the H.M.C. revealed numerous individual spheroidal gold grains as well as several botryoidal gold aggregates. A few spheroidal gold grains were also found to be hosted in a dark green silicate-appearing matrix. Further examination of the gold grains employing an ISI scanning electron microscope indicated a microcrystallite surface morphology on near perfect spheres ranging in size from 100 to 150 microns (Plates 1-5). S.E.M. analytical methods also yielded a grain composition of Au, Ag, Cu, and Se, in varying amounts. Crude zonations of silver enriched rims (1-2 microns) and isolated pockets of selenium (5-10 microns) were also indicated. X-Ray Diffraction analysis of the silicate-appearing matrix host grains revealed them to consist of euhedral chromite and euhedral clarkeite set in a highly fractured amorphous material of indeterminate composition. Subsequent overburden drilling operations in other regions of the Abitibi Clay Belt have resulted in additional discoveries of this type of occurrence and suggests the processes responsible for these occurrences are not isolated or restricted to any single area.

Several hypotheses for the occurrence, morphology and composition of these spheroidal gold grains may be postulated which necessitate a re-thinking of the genesis of gold occurrences in glacially derived sediments. These include (a) a mechanical transport of spheroids from a here-to-fore unrecognized primary source (i.e. bedrock); (b) mechanical transport of gold as colloids formed in a secondary environment and later deposited under favourable conditions; and (c) epigenitic in-situ formation of gold, transported in solution and precipitated under favourable conditions. Due to the shape, texture and composition of individual spheroidal gold grains and their aggregates, an in-situ origin is favoured, although the processes of transport (i.e. either in solution or as colloids) is still debatable. If the in-situ origin is acceptable, the ramifications of this discovery suggest the classical concept of delineating dispersal trains of ore minerals in an up-ice direction must be modified. Close scrutiny of the nature of the gold mineralization responsible for anomalous gold values in overburden samples is imperative to determine the processes responsible for the anomaly. An understanding of regional groundwater flow patterns may become as important as an understanding of the regional glacial flow patterns when attempting to trace anomalous gold values in overburden to source.

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Plate 2: Detailed microcrystallite structure in an Au-Ag-Cu-Se grain (Note scale separation of 3 microns)

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Plate 3: Au-Ag-Cu-Se spheres set in a crystalline matrix of Cr, U-Ca, and indeterminate amorphous minerals. (Note scale separation of 100 microns)



Plate 4: Cut section through a gold sphere and crystalline matrix of Cr and U-Ca minerals set in a dark, amorphous indeterminate mineral matrix (Note scale spacing of 30 microns)

PAPER 9 - "TILL TOMORROW" 1984



NEWS REPORTS

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Gold Spheres in Surficial Sediments

Support for an origin of some placer gold by chemical precipitation comes from a recent find of gold spherules (0.05 ~ 0.2 mm in diameter) in glacial till from the Abitibi Clay Belt of northeastern Ontario. Heavy mineral concentrates made from samples of a deeply-buried discontinuous horizon contain up to 1226 ppm Au and 87 ppm Ag. SEM studies of the spherical gold grains and accompanying dentites (see cover photo) indicate a surface and internal structure composed of tightly packed lozenge-shaped units with a "cobble stone" appearance commonly referred to as microcrystallites by meteorite specialists.

The grains contain gold, silver, copper and selenium in varying amounts; some have Ag-rich rims (0.001-0.002 mm thick) and internal pockets of Ag-Se enrichment that may be eucairite, a Cu-Ag selenide. Some of the gold spheres were embedded in a soft dark-green matrix consisting of highly fractured amorphous material, which also contains 0.001-0.01 mm chromite euhedra and blades of clarkeite. The amorphous material has a Si-Al-Ca-Na-Fe-U composition in which the sum of the oxides in electron microprobe analysis totals less than 75%, indicating significant contents of light elements such as carbon. In addition, SEM energy dispersive spectrometry shows a high background spectrum characteristic of organic materials.

Gold spheres in glacial sediments have now been found elsewhere in the Belt, and a search of placer gold samples in the National Mineral Collection in Ottawa has uncovered spheres in a sample of gold dust from the Naraguta tin mine in Nigeria. The only other locality known to the authors where gold spheres have been found is in the Lakekamu gold field of Papua New Guinea where spheres occur in an Fe-Mn oxide crust in fractures in weathered bedrock (P. Lowenstein, personal communication). Metallic spheres with microcrystallite stuctures can be formed either by crystallization of droplets from a melt or by chemical precipitation. Although these gold spheres do resemble meteoritic metallic spherules and fire assay beads, a melt origin is rejected because of the unique composition, the worldwide distribution, and careful re-checking of the laboratory procedures involved. An in situ origin is favoured involving low-temperature precipitation, although bedrock sources and the processes of transport of the gold are unknown. Organic material and iron-manganese oxides are believed to be important in precipitating the gold, because they are powerful reducing agents and are present in most of the samples.

If the in situ origin is correct, then the classic concept of delineating glacial dispersal trains of gold in an up-ice direction must be modified where spheres are found in till. Where they are found in placers they should not be considered as detrital, and an understanding of the groundwater flow pattern should be sought so as to map the distribution of chemically precipitated gold or to find its bedrock source. The spheres may be related in origin to the large secondary nuggets found in lateritic terrains in Brazil and Australia. Indeed, they could be considered "proto-nuggets" for many gold grains in placer deposits.

> R.N.W. DiLabio, Geological Survey of Canada, Ottawa, J.W.Newsome and D.F.McIvor Utah Mines Ltd., Timmins, Ontario

IUGS and Marine Geology

The structure and evolution of the shallow parts of the crust under oceans and along continental platforms were the focus of marine geosciences in the late 1960s and early 1970s. More recently, methods have been developed that study deep crustal structures and processes, as well as history of marine depositional environments. Brand new fields of marine geoscience such as paleoceanography have evolved recently, shifting some of the centers of activities for the marine sciences.

CMG has taken an active part in these developments for many years now, largely through the sponsorship of symposia, workshops and conferences. Many of its activities in 1984 were founded upon the recommendations of the Third International Workshop on Marine Geosciences held in 1983 under the title "Whither the Oceanic Geosciences?" (see Episodes 1983/2, p. 31-32). During this meeting, the entire field of non-living resources of the oceans was discussed at great length, and the Commission decided to establish its own subcommission on the topic. B. ul Haq (U.S.A.) is now in charge of this group and is presently formulating its membership. Among the more active constituent bodies of IUGS is its Commission for Marine Geology. CMG is charged with the responsibility of promoting the advancement of knowledge in marine geoscience. This branch of geoscience has gone through a phase of specialization in the last decade, during which there has been rapid progress in our understanding of the geological history and structure of sediments and rock under ocean basins, continental margins and epicontinental seas.

Marine geosciences had been trailing the "continental geosciences" for many decades, but since the advent of sea-floor spreading and plate tectonics models some 20 years ago, the former have advanced much more rapidly than their continental counterparts. On the initiative of land geologists, marine geoscientists have developed into an independent group of researchers employed by academic institutions, government organizations, and industrial enterprises. These groups demand an increasing share of human and financial resources spent for the development of the Earth's mineral resources and for the protection of the global environment.



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Petrography and Whole Rock Geochemistry of 1985 Mikwam

Diamond Drill Core

by M. White

June, 1985

NEWMONT EXPLORATION OF CANADA LIMITED



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PETROGRAPHY AND WHOLE ROCK GEOCHEMISTRY OF 1985 MIKWAM

Diamond Drill Core

Introduction

24 representative thin sections and 183 whole rock samples were collected from the C area drill holes (DDH's B1, B2, B3, B5, B7, B9) and 198 whole rock samples were analysed from the B area (drill holes A1, A2, A3, A5, A7, A8). No thin sections from area B have been prepared.

In most cases samples were collected at 10 to 15 metres intervals in felsic schists and conglomerate units and sporadically in argillaceous units to obtain data for comparison. In holes A6, A8 rejects of original assay splits were used to obtain whole rock information.

Mag susceptibility readings on all core were taken every 10 feet with a portable susceptibility meter (model JH-8) from Urtec Ltd.

Data collected from the above has been used to better define the stratigraphic morphology and correlate units along strike. To a lesser extent the data has indicated which stratigraphy units and alteration features are associated with gold mineralization. Representative specimens collected from a field trip to the Inco-Golden Knight Property were analysed for WRA and corresponding thin sections were prepared. The results are included here for comparative purposes.

Results (Geochemistry) and Petrophysics (Mag Susceptibility)

The results of the WRA on core sections is included in Appendices Ia, Ib. Mag susceptibility results are found in Appendix II. Data is presented in table form for each hole: each element and the mag susceptibility are represented graphically, depth in the drill hole. Major rock against also represented units are in Appendix I.

Rock compositions are also illustrated in Figures 4 to 15.

Petrography

To date thin section examination of specimens been restricted to representative rocks from has in Area C. Specimens are mostly drill holes restricted to volcanic rocks and felsic schists thought and conglomerates that were to have a volcanic dominant component. Representative textures are presented in Plates Ι to XIX.

In general the stratigraphy is represented

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by a southern unit of felsic to intermediate volcanic rocks and reworked volcanic tuffs and pyroclastics overlain by chert, cherty tuffs and sulphide or magnetite iron formation. This unit is overlain by argillaceous sediments with tuffaceous interbeds that are in turn overlain by andesitic to intermediate volcanics and tuffs that have associated disseminated to massive volcanogenic sulphides generally barren of base or precious metal values.

The southern volcanic unit is comprised mostly of felsic to intermediate tuffs and volcanic conglomerate units of variable thickness. Clasts of the conglomerate are mostly volcanic in origin comprising chert, quartz feldspar porphyry, feldspar porphyry (Plate IIIa) and andesite. The matrix (Plate IIIb) appears similar to section of tuffaceous felsic schist as in Plates I and II.

Overall the conglomerate units may represent volcanic debris flows or lahars.

The felsic to intermediate schists except for DDH-85-B-6 are likely dominantly tuffaceous comprising angular quartz and feldspar grains in a fine grained quartzo feldspathic matrix (Plate I and II). Alteration and deformation is variable in the above rocks. More deformed (well foliated) rocks show abundant sericite foliations (Plate II). Carbonate is generally ubiquitous though in varying proportions. Ankerite is abundant.

Sections from hole 85-B-6 show the best preserved volcanic features with remnant euhedral plagioclase phenocrysts and quartz eyes being prominent in volcanic sections (Plates VI, VII, VIII). Least altered samples show carbonate alteration but only minor sericite (Plate VI). Primary compositions indicate a Na rich intermediate affinity. With increasing amounts of sericite addition of K20 is evident (Plate VIII). some

Deformation (highly schistose sections) and alteration in some instances has been very intense (Plate VIII).

Volcanic rocks in the hole B-6 area show better preserved relict textures and likely represent the genetic parent of felsic schists to the east. Hydrothermal alteration (ankerite and sericite) have been locally intense.

The cherty tuffs and Fe formation (magnetite bands; Plate Va or sulphide bearing foliations; Plate Vb) are represented in Plates IV and V.

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Textures are very fine grained and granular. Locally about 50% of the rock is represented by grains of carbonate (Plate IVb) mostly ankerite? as the CaO content of the unit is very low. Carbonate in the cherty units may be primary as it occurs as discrete individual grains unlike the patchy alteration of the underlying "volcanic" units.

Chemically the unaltered cherty tuff units are distinguished (in the absence of a high magnetic signature) by very low Na20, Ca0 and Fe203 (pyrite or ankerite) and where pure chert, low A1203.

Chemical compositions of respective rock types are illustrated in Figures 10 to 15.

Figures 1 and 2 are included as being illustrative of rock type fields.

Similar chemistry in the A6, A8 holes illustrates the continuity of felsic to intermediate schists (tuffs) as a continuous stratigraphic unit.

High gold values appear related to cherty tuff units (Figs. 12, 13). High Fe203 in these mineralized units appears related to ankerite and pyrite (+ arsenopyrite). Megascopic cataclastic and/or deformational textures are characteristic of the mineralized zones.

Overlying the cherty units is a thick sequence of argillite and greywackes with interbedded tuffaceous units. Only representative specimens were taken from the units however the compositions more volcanic than suggest а clastic genesis ie., compositions fall in chemical fields represented by the volcanic conglomerate and sericite schists (tuffs). See figures 6, 9, 10a, 14, 15.

Overlying the argillite sequence are a series of andesite to dacite flows and tuffs, the base of which contain narrow Po, Py massive sulphide bands with thicker sections of disseminated sulphides. This unit is extensive and can be traced from hole B5 to A7. (Plates XVII, XVIII, XIX).

The volcanics vary from andesite (porphyry) flows, (Hole B5, Plate X), andesite tuffs, (Plate XIII, XI), to dacite tuffs (Plate XIVb, XII) with less common dacite flow material. (Hole B9, A7, Plate XIVa, XV). Chlorite alteration in the andesites is common. Deformation is prominent however the intensity is variable. More intensely deformed zones have abundant sericite foliations and carbonate alteration (usually calcite rather than ankerite) (Plates XIVa, b, XVI). Foliations are likely the product of folding (axial plane cleavage) as minor folds are rarely observed with axis 11 to foliations (Plate XI). The northerly volcanic unit can generally be distinguished from the southern units by higher TiO2 and Zr contents though porphyritic dacites in hole B9 resemble these in hole B-6.

Discussion and Conclusions

Three broad stratigraphic units can be defined in the B and C areas that can be textural and chemically correlated. These comprise a south felsic to intermediate volcanic unit with lensoid interbeds of chert, cherty tuff, magnetite and sulphide Fe formation. The volcanics comprise tuffaceous units and feldspar porphyry or quartz feldspar porphyry flows (only observed in hole B6-latered equivalents to the east are tuffs) with interbedded units of volcanic conglomerate (laharic or debris flows). Ankerite is locally abundant. evident where Abundant sericite is the rocks are well deformed.

Texturally and compositionally the above unit strongly resembles the gold bearing hosts at the Inco-Casa Berardi deposit, though the rocks of hole B6 have the greatest similarity

-7-

with the main ore zones. Characteristics of holes A8, A6 etc. resemble Au bearing localities at the Inco deposit in cherty units.

A northern volcanic unit of mafic (andesite) to intermediate tuffs and flows hosting disseminated volcanogenic sulphides with local narrow lenses of massive sulphide is separated by a thick unit of tuffaceous argillaceous sediments.

Mineralization

Au mineralization is most prominent in holes A8 and A6 though anomalous values do occur in holes A5 and B1. The host rock in the A holes appears to be a sericite schist whose chemical composition suggests the host to be a cherty tuff with disseminated pyrite and arsenopyrite. The mineralogy of the mineralized zone in A8 has been described in detail by Coope (Summary Progress report April 1985). The compositions of the host unit compare well with those of unaltered chert-Fe formation units (Hole B1, B2, B6).

Anomalous Au, As values are also encountered in the volcanic conglomerate unit in Hole B1. Mineralization in holes A8, A6 is very similar to that hosted by cherty-Fe formation units at the Inco-Golden Pond deposit.

Comparison with Inco-Golden Pond Deposit

Overall the southern felsic-intermediate "volcanic" unit is comparable on a gross scale with the ore hosting stratigraphy of Inco-Casa Berardi Au deposit. At this time comparison has been made on the basis of textural and chemical compositions.

Similarities include-similarity of the Mikwam volcanic conglomerate with the pyroclastic and volcaniclastic conglomerate at the Inco deposit and abundant ankerite and sericite alteration. Thin section photos of representative specimens are shown in Appendix III.

Approaching the ore zones at the Inco East Zone cataclastic/deformational textures become more pronounced. The ore is hosted by altered volcanic rocks (carbonate-sericite) referred to as tuffs by the Inco people however relict feldspar phenocrysts suggest the original rock may have been a volcanic porphyry flow. Chemistry (Table I) of the altered rocks at the Inco East Zone suggest the ore is hosted in a basaltic High loss of andesitic volcanic. ignition to (LoI) after 247 m in hole 71742 is indicative of the high carbonate content of the rocks. Additional alteration features include increases in Al203 and K20, minor loss of Na20 and loss of T102 near the ore zones.

Overall the host rock of the Golden Pond East Zone appears to be an altered mafic volcanic and associated quartz vein. Hydrothermal alteration is prevalent in the form of carbonate (high Co2-LoI) sericite (K20 addition) and Al203 addition.

Favourable areas so far detected on the property that have Mikwam similarities with the Inco deposit include the hole A8 Au bearing cherty horizon, the hole B6 area, because of indications that hydrothermal alteration and possible volcanic source rocks (porphyries) are more common here, and the mafic volcanic bearing horizons intersected in sulphide holes A5, A7 etc. The above mafic horizon may represent a favourable target however the strong ankeritic and sericitic alteration detected in the Inco intersected. deposits have so far not been

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Representative Specimens Inco-Golden Knight East

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Volcanic Rocks. Data from Spence, 1976.






from DDH 85-B-1.







Fig. 15 Representative samples of rock types from DDH 85-B-3.



Plate I

DDH 85-B-1; at 463 feet: WR#7808 Volcanic tuff - broken quartz and feldspar phenocrysts carbonate (buff colored mineral) abundant



magnification 70x

Plate II

PDM 85-B-1; at 995 feet: WR#7827 Volcanie tuif - au above, more deformed-more sericite - note deformed (kinked) ser cite bands



Plate IIIa

DDH 85-B-2; at 891 feet: WR#7843 Conglomerate - Porphyry fragment (andesite?)



magnificatior. 175x

Plate IIIb

TPH 85-B-2; at 891 feet: WR#7843 Conference -matrix - angular guartz & feldspar problem and at to tuffs in Hole B1. Abundant conscite and carbonate



Plate IVa

DDH 85-B-6; at 354 feet: WR#19427 Chert - aphanitic quartz-carbonate rock with coarser recrystallized bands



magnification 175x

Plate IVb

DFH 85-B-6; at 354 feet: WR#19427 Fularged from above - carbonate as grains (buff) intergrown with silica & feldspar grains. Frimary?



Plate Va

DDH 85-B-6; at 372 feet: Chert-Fe formation. Laminated magnetite band showing graded bedding



magnification 175x

Plate Vb

DDH 85-E-6; at 372 feet: WR#19428 Churty tuff band-with elongate grains of (1°) sulphode. Printatic colorless amphibele (tremolite?) common. Carbonate common.



Plate VI

DDH 85-B-6; at 455 feet: WR#19430 Feldspar porphyry: altered-carbonate and sericite common (40% carbonate). Sericite abundant in phenocrysts 1-2% qtz. phenocrysts of 20-30% total phenocryst count



magnification 70x

Plate VII

DDH 85-B-6; at 817 feet: Wa#19438 Foldepar perphyry-450 plagiocic e phenecrys s, 50 puster phenecrysts-phenos broken and retated-carbenate and reticite alteration common



Plate VIIIa

DDH 25-B-6; at 726 feet: WR#19436 Sericite schist. Well deformed-relict quartz eyes. Kink banded sericite foliations (60%)



magnification 70x

Plate VIIIb

DDH 85-B-6; at 726 feet: conjects schift as above note rotatel, broken and recrystallized quarts eye. $\sim 15^{\circ}$ carbonate.



Plate IXa

DLH 85-B-6; at 856 feet: WR#19440 Recrystallized felsic volcanic-trace of relict spherulites-carbonate and sericite alteration common



magnification. 175x

Plate IXb

PPH 85-L-6; at 856 feet: WR#19440 An above. Foliations outlined by sericite (deformation fair c)



magnificatic^{*} 70x

Plate X

DDH 85-B-5; at 522 feet: WR#19416 Feldspar porphyry-foliated fine grained mafic rock with abundant plagioclase phenocrysts-phenos rotatedpossible flow texture



magnificatio: 175x

Plate X1

DPH 85-R-5; at 603 feet: WR#19419 Kirk fold of cuartz foldspathic material in anderite ture fold axis parallel to foliation - chlorite and op doto common - some carbonate



Plate XII

DDH 85-B-7; at 216 feet: WR#19445 Sericite schist: sericitic foliations-kink banded. Carbonate common quartz feldspathic matrix



magnification 70x

Plate XIII

DER 85-B-9; at 174 feet: WR#19457 Chlorite schipt: wel foliated - alternate quirtnipldspathic (with carbonate) and chlorite binas

Plate XIVa

DDH 85-B-9; at 225 feet: WR# Feldspar Porphyry: a few guartz eyes: many phenocrysts broken. Sericite common-minor carbonate. Sericite outline foliation.

magnification 70x

Plate XIVb

DEH 85-B-9; at 225 feet: WR# As above-note many angular grains (broken phenecrysts) possible ash or debris flow.

Plate XV

DDH 85-B-9; at 369 feet: WR#19463 Feldspar porphyry; a few quartz eyes; aphanitic quartz-feldspathic matrix-chlorite common. Saussuritic-secicite alteration of felds ar phenocrysts.

magnification 70x

Plate XVI

DDH 85-B-9; at 457 feet: WR#19465 Felds: an perplyry: deformed and recrystallized phenocrystallized and rotated. Sericite bands (301) common.

Plate XVII

DDH 85-E-9; at 749 feet: WR#19473 Feldspar porphyry-tuff? A few relict plagioclase phenod ysts in recrystallized quartz-feldspathic groundhous. Sulphide bands or lenses. Carbonate & minor sericite.

DPH 85-R-9; at 629 feet: WR#19476 Tuff: well-foliated-lenses and disseminations of sulphids. Afternate soricite (kink folded) and quartic feedspathic laminae. magnification 70x

Plate XVIII

Plate XIX

DDH 85-B-9; at 888 feet: WR#19479 Sericitic tuff: carbonate sericite-common. Lisseminated sulphides.

APPENDIX Ia

Geochemistry of Area C

DDH's B1, B2, B3, B5, B7, B9

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	. 1 .		161	111	3	64.00	19.04	8.23	1.11	2.34	1.2	1.71	1.20		₩såf #såf	4 FV	y.3	74		1.001-2	5	90 74
	17.0	<u>}</u>	11	187		63.81	10.38	6.80	4.81	2.//	1.3	Z.#6	9.62	9.11	P -18	743	651	74	22	7.54	3	(#
	1975		121	191		63.20	15.43	6.31	1.15	Z.81	1.37	1.04	1.57	9.12	\$.Z	710	759	-191	3	11.29	۴	30
	15 %	2	197	85		C 67.39	17.84	4.39	4.76	1.62	1.69	1.52	1.7	1. 27	1.16	T.7	745	113	19	7.47		53
	197:5	,	35	815		72.91	14.72	3.8	3.97	1.27	1.54	1.82	1.63	1.34	1.:5	54	672	114		6.72		242
	10-1)	815	825	*	67.44	14,44	5.16	5.7	1.73	1.58	1.31	1.49	1.16	1.13	644	6.3	89	11	7.33	12	ະ
	19771		\$.5	- 4	~	62.37	13.52	7.86	7.65	2.41	1.49	1.57	\$. 47	86.1	44	615	5.4	163		16.29	42	2.3
	15-73		8.3.5	540.3	ي ا	11.45	14,47	4.31	4.51	1.33	1.51	1.58	1.46	1.B	1.17	624	614	175		7.24	*	154
	1977	3	641.3	63	U	₹ 71.57	13.68	4.52	4.78	1.56	1.37	1.5	1.47	1.85	8.15	523	529	172		7.47	Э	173
	1	L	£3	8-3	ŝ	1 72.53	14.54	4.19	3.45	1.54	1.41	1.59	1.47	1.74	4.:5	616	5.3	122		5.35	42	le7
	197.7	5	S:3	8.3	2	1 2.14	:5	3. 36	3.32	1.28	1.45	1.34	1.43	1.24	1.13	a. 1	5-3	173		6.31	1	157
	1:20		5-7	8.7	-	1.1.1	17.15	5.44	£a	1.54	1.5	1.74	1.45	1.13	1.13	6.6	5.6	- 34		7.74		25
	12.2				den in		15 47	1.12	F. F.	1.14	1.13	1 21	1 57	4.19		412	× 17	-73		7 14		:13
		-	2.4	5.1	C. C. C. St.			1 71		1 .4	4 10	****	4 78	1.0			E 15			# 23	73	1-7
		•					4.1.4				1.07	1.29	1 A A	1 14	4	122	610 610	32		4.02		124
		•		7. .	~	a de la dela dela dela dela dela dela de	11.7	2.2		33	1.4	1.5	8.94	1.00			2.7 E 18			6.52		1.0
					. 2		14 (f -			1.1	K	1.21		2.63	1		543	یک د مرد		0.10		
		•		1	2	ei. 4	13.10	- 8	0.2	1.7	1	1.3	1.45	1.13		716 	27.1	1.0		9.53		2.0
		7		art	-	y 11.15	15.53	4.14	3.39	1.11	1.41	2.15	£.5	5.1	F.13	6. S	(3) (3)	1.5		6.24	ال	149
	1505	3	÷.)	49 1	U	1 20.33	13,94	4.1	4.50	1.3	1.26	1.31	1.45	1.5	8.15	541	618	323		7.1	19	143
	10	•	÷.4	942	Ý	73.41	14.82	3.71	3.30	1.1	1.15	2.12	\$.44	1.14	1.12	625	651	76		5.85		241
	12.0	e i i i	s.ş	6.5		74	14.33	3,43	3.22	1.9	1.15	2.27	£.47	Ø.24	1.13	e 75	725	11		5.∞	12 I	1:4
	1:0			۶ ۰ , ۹	~	14.10	11.52	4.04	4.73	1.01	1.71	1.97	E.44	1.75	4.12	53	645	111		6.12		221
	1425	:	PE . 2	Vic. 6		e7.74	9	5.34	4.57	1.2	1.15	2.5	1.2	\$.8 7	Ø.13	717	8:3	113		6.41		25
	1545	3	9	×.7		1 62.74	15.25	¢.*ô	9.75	3.57	6.77	2.35	1.45	8.12	1.14	522	821	:#2		13.2	68	3:#
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SANFLE HOLEN	DESC DEPTH	5102	AL203	FE203	CAD	MGO	NA20	K20	1102	INO	P205	BA	SR	ZR	101	K/NA	CA/NG	FE/NG	AU	AS	ZN
78ði B-85-i	N 136	71.2	13.43	7.37	₿.46	1.73	2.98	1.83	1.68	Ø.13	8.15	366	203	102	2.72	8.61	Ø.27	3.83			53
7882	205	62.37	18.#3	8.32	1.96	Z.42	3.81	2.13	9.67	6.63	Ø.17	501	273	141	3.79	0.56	₿.31	3.87			72
7823	1360	62.11	19	7.3	2.#1	2.52	2.56	3.29	88.	6.63	1.2	501	284	191	4.41	1.29	9.99	2.61		18	95
7824	N . FLY 385	59.91	₿.96	33.81	3.49	1.68	1.95	1.22	8.83	· †.1 7	. .1	45	92	6.6001	15.4	4.42	1.83	18.11			38
7845	CARY 303	53.4Z	18.83	24.19	1.01	1.83	J. 51	3.#8	#.84	1.12	. 0.23	361	212	131	5.22	6.24	0.55	9.03		59	N
7885	[484	63.94	17.26	4.92	4.97	1.51	3.9	2.11	5.46	1.18	8.14	493	653	76	7.2	E.71	3.29	2.93		43	50
7907	430	67.06	15.82	6.4	3.16	1.39	2.88	2.08	1.86	1.11	19	742	724	134	4.89	6. 72	2.27	4,14			124
7969	462	73.12	14.45	3.07	2.85	1.92	2.29	2.61	1.45	1.13	#.16	978	795	85	4.27	1.14	3.10	3.63			75
1643	1.500 492	69.21	14.55	5.21	3.53	1.24	2.94	2.42	8.54	1.16	0.18	878	793	113	4.81	8.32	2.85	3.73			102
7814	JU 519	69.85	14.64	4.86	3.4	1.66	2.12	2.69	#.5	1.86	\$.18	953	031	99	4.83	# .99	3.21	4.13			120
7611	V 554	66.14	16.12	5.3	4,49	1.1	3.19	2.89	9.47	6.6 8	0.17	955	870	136	6.1	0.91	4.83	4.34			53 (S)
7812	5-20	70.91	15.65	3.81	2.84	1.68	Z.33	Z.99	1.5		.18	1824	1602	101	4.19	1.28	4.18	5.84			. 78
7813	1 611	66,15	14.4	6.84	6.69	2.01	1.35	2.55	8.46	1.1	. 9.17	837	994	155	9.33	1.85	3.33	2.18			113
1814	Y OIY	66.1/	15.77	6.91	4.11	1.11	1.75	2.45	8. 00		· • • • • • •	133	673	202	6.2	1.25	2.40	3.54			81
7010	601	74 47	10.0	0.73	9.31	4.05	£ + (£	6.04	7.0 4 El	9.11 # ##	9.10 A 10	603	9/29	101	5.12	1 45	1.52	2.20			27
7017	719	44.46	14.73	2.74	7 21	2 70	1 77	2 42	9.01	4 49	4 10	1410	100	152	134	1.15	3.25	3,14 A 72			• ; ¢ .
7819	753	64.79	12.4	6.49	9.55	3.46	1.14	1.87	6.44	8.15	#.18	616	474	71	12.7	1.64	2.76	1.69		23	 14
7819	4. 799	64.36	10.32	7.51	14.89	3.81	1.46	1.36	1.33	1.16	1.15	487	473	172	13.5	1.29	2.56	1.77		24	57
78.4	1897	78.72	13.67	4.1	5.85	1.91	1.63	1.42	8.43	6.66		542	627	17	8.62	0.87	3.15	1.73		32	64
7821	y X 841	15.07	14.23	3.76	2.73	6.74	1.31	1.59	1.46	5.63	6.16	658	550	193	4	1.21	3.67	4.57			n.
1822	NN 1853	73.1	15.36	3.76	2.97	0.78	1.42	1.89	6.48	6.63	8.15	735	531	93	4.71	1.33	3.81	4.34			125
7823	879	72.12	13.32	4.93	4.76	1.23	1.28	1.63	1.46	\$.68	9.12	522	543	103	7.85	1.27	3.87	3.61			[i' -
7824	877	71.71	13.72	4.57	4.83	1.41	1.3	1.71	1.46	\$.\$3	9.11	544	572	91	7.43	1.32	3.46	2.92			157
7825	934	78.67	15.7	4.51	3.85	1.01	1.46	2.06	#. 5	1.05	9.12	685	639	114	6.31	1.41	3.81	4.82			17.9
7826	965	74,43	14.03	3.15	3.41	8.97	1.14	2.18	8.44	1.13	0.11	654	765	105	5.73	1.71	3.52	2.92			1.5
1821	975	72.96	13.93	3.29	4.84	1.48	1.89	2.45	8.53	1.65	8,14	583	710	123	6.97	2.21	2.73	2.88			281
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		• 2 8 - 2	201	phas	12203	60	MO	Nor0	K10	T102	MO	P105	Ba	Sr	- - - - -	LoI	(# n	G. Aug	"e/hg	45	٤.	للعم
19405 B-85	-6	7382	67.32	14.77	7.96	3.23	2.43	Ø.34	3.36	#.25	Ø.96	F. 13	1589	448	93	6.04	\$. 53	1.35	2,25		27	1
15426		326	68.93	15.11	14.92	1.12	2.35	8.89	4.85	P.35	P.P5	0.18	1399	244	118	9.68	53.52	6.48	5.71		:3	£
¥ 12417 TS	that stefn	363	54,41	P.52	28.82	6.45	8.53	0.691	6.1	P.01	₽. ₽ 2	8.11	X	15	P.P??1	15	1655.69	8.(5	65.42	18	13	7
A 19438 TS		345	59.42	19.55	15.63	9.13	0.95	#. @9	4.4	Ø.74	P.#3	0.12	1421	122	144	6.16	43.39	8.15	17.61	19	51	17
19429	~	328	64.73	13.51	5	3.AC	1.51	2.57	3.75	0.54	0.03	1.29	625	478	115	6.1	1.45	1.62	2.15		29	5
* 1242775	OLL !	455	62.87	16.65	5.4	5.3	3.47	5.67	P. 92	B.64	£.03	8,34	739	1442	169	8.47	P.16	1.53	1.44		52	
# 19421 TS	congli	492	24,45	14.35	7.5	5.66	3.2	2.97	1.62	F. 52	8.1	#. 18	687	563	120	8.67	P. 55	1.53	2.11		£4 .	11
15432	QFP	564	6°.1	12.29	5.51	4.72	2.22	2.76	2.84	8.49	6.63	8.15	505	537	154	7.33	P.74	2.13	2.23		- 52	15
19433		596	62.74	11.77	6.84	9.54	4.1	2	2.25	P.4	Ø.13	8.15	629	644	192	13.1	1.13	2.33	1.53		\$3	<u>;</u> 1
19434	conglemente	642	63.48	18.55	6.18	2.36	2.78	3.43	2.67	F. 59	e.e3	Ø.24	768	429	198	5.43	6.67	P.85	1.68		27	43
19435	•	4.0	62.99	15.13	6.29	6.71	2.58	2.78	2.67	0.52	e. 97	P.18	654	554	133	8	P.º6	1.00	2.19		264	41
A 1619 12		r 7.5	64.67	17.47	8.39	3.13	1.59	1.42	2.08	#. 91	#.8 9	0.21	537	824	167	3.63	1.46	1.97	4.14		B1	11
15437	OFP	775	58.62	17.35	1.22	14.8	1.27	1.91	1.24	1.86	F.15	6. 33	405	1786	183	8.83	A .65	8.50	5.12		54	[]
¥ 19438 75	4.1	817	63.35	12.73	3.59	2.92	#. 96	5.11	1.8	8.52	£.02	0.29	755	1266	143	4.82	F .31	3.74	3.1		44	7,4
A 15449 12		6:3	59.93	15.83	6.81	6.47	4.75	4.74	1.05	F.8	0.11	P.46	BZZ	971	122	9.1	P.12	1.36	1.29		<i>€</i> 1	2
1944]	. 1	849	65.71	16.93	4,45	5.68	0.93	3.18	Z.23	8.55	₩.09	J .21	619	1015	169	5.28	8.78	6.11	4.31		3	71
19442	Cong 1.	873	57.21	16.96	6.8	8.49	Z.87	4.29	Z.(1)	8 ,87	0.11	J.32	686	1025	156	16.9	E.47	2.94	2.12		4	:1
19443	-	L 974	64.42	17.62	6.32	4.68	1.65	1.78	3.14	1.83	#. 18	J.33	729	619	183	4.56	1.76	7.20	8.15	40	135	7

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1444 B-85-7	1	R6	68.49	16.27	7.43	6.9	3.12	3.4	1.14	6. 86	ŧ.12	8.2	148	144	139	7.03	P. 34	2.21	2.14
415 TS	n.1 7.4) 2	16	64.45	15.66	6.49	6.92	0.99	3.87	2.14	ŧ.66	0.18	6.3	274	134	229	5.41	€.7#	6.93	5.89
446	····· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	58	66.42	15.9	6.67	4.6	4.93	1.66	2.69	0.67	6.12	0.29	293	185	236	5.7	1.52	1.95	6.45
2447 73	3	19	61.51	17.61	6.61	5.47	1.5	3.7	1.36	1.66	e.12	8.42	243	187	222	5.41	₽. 37	3.65	3.97
418	<u>r</u> 3	69	65	19.86	6.24	3.35	#.87	2.7	2.03	£.78	₽.Ø5	1.32	179	254	296	3.1	P. 75	3.85	6.05
449	160	18	64.57	18.53	6.29	3.31	P. 99	2.71	2.43	6.78	#.84	Ø.33	223	241	281	2.6	P.90	3.79	6.35
453	-tuff + 14	48	61.59	16.7	8.64	5.56	1.4	2.63	2.84	1.42	P. P3	F.34	285	201	344	3.72	1.47	3.97	5.17
451	martile 4	77	53.77	17.4	9,54	3.59	3.17	4.92	8.61	1.51	Ø.11	1.32	187	258	183	3.17	1.12	1.13	2.71
452	2 1 1000 12	87	62.61	15.95	7.42	4.61	2.61	5.21	£.75	1.07	ē.1	1.23	253	236	142	3.63	P.14	1.77	2.55
9453	15	33	63.26	18.95	5.35	3.6	1.87	3.95	2.17	1.6	9.01	Ø.15°	448	333	149	3.11	8.55	1.97	2.55
9454	cigilité 15	55	71.69	14.8	3.83	3.05	1.35	3.32	2.17	f.38	8.06	Ø.11	357	276	105	3.35	P. 65	2.26	2.42

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		15457 B-85	9 chl. schot 111	49.15	13.32	21.9	11.27	2.02	0.64	#.76	0.68	6. 87	0.13	28	74	78	9.83	19.60	5.42	\$.15
•		12458	212	67.1	19.23	5.81	3.16	2.31	6.#7	1.32	1.43	P.11	8.43	333	260	236	3.48	1.22	1.37	2.26
		A 17459 TS	Q FP 225	78.74	14.14	4.85	2.1	1.23	4.01	₿.63	1.#3	6.89	Ø.31	294	208	166	2.25	2.13	1.11	3,55
		1-469	231	62.58	16.14	5.92	1.05	3.03	3.66	0.39	P.86	F.16	#.17	132	338	160	5.18	Ø.11	2.33	1.76
-		10451	275	68.33	16.88	3.47	3.6	1.59	1.98	2.92	0.93	0.05	P.21	392	171	175	3.73	1.47	2.26	1.96
		12462	Jacob 337	66.74	15.7	4,39	3.48	1.39	6.19	P.33	1.27	0.09	0.38	114	211	178	2.58	P.85	5.58	2154
		N 12483 1 S	374	62.86	16.42	1	4.68	1.99	4.89	0.27	1.32	0.12	· · • • •	192	345	193	2,54	6.85	2.35	2.17
•		14.4	ting one 418	66.89	15.68	4.35	4.47	1.33	5.46	F.56	1.18	8.86	1.36	153	324	178	2.14	P.18	3.45	2.4
		# 194515	lifed. web 457	64.89	17.28	5.59	4.36	1.36	2.84	2.67	1.3	6.63	8. 4	281	169	215	3.57	6104	3.11	3.03
		1=456	Part 1 1 522	61.74	17.43	7.03	4.74	3.25	3.41	1.16	P.94	£.1	8.19	177	251	147	2.64	8.34	1.46	1.95
•		12457	552	62.73	16.42	6.79	5.59	2.68	3.31	1.21	0.96	6.1	P.16	277	261	121	4.42	2.37	2.37	2.23
		19459	642	63,54	16.47	5.57	4.85	3.91	4	P.4 1	£.95	0.07	8.17	197	275	122	4.19	8.10	1.24	1.23
		11459	615	67.01	16.33	5.23	4.1	P.96	3.25	2	Ø.71	0.09	1.27	310	169	211	2.86	6.62	4.27	4.43
0		17478	647	64.37	11.11	6.34	4.58	1.97	3.66	Z.18	E.74	9.15	1 ,29	254	129	221	4,84	P.71	4.28	5.33
÷		19471	L619	60.1	16.07	1.53	9.55	1.96	1.29	1.48	1,48	Ø.Z	0.28	198	197	135	8	1.15	4.87	3.46
		19472	0 +	64.72	16.44	6.95	3.41	2.3/	2.94	1.26	1.48		9.29	312	240	145	3.28	4.43	1.44	2.54
• •		1-4/3	1m. Voic 100	62.03	10.63	5.89	4.(3	101	9.61	9.90	1.48	T.11	8.30	619	231	148	2.11	F.23	2.43	219/
		174/4	Ainem 100	01.P1	10.27	1.72	5.33	2.44	9.98	E.77	1.4	0.07		. 119	200	100	3.5	T.LL 8 0/	2.12	3.21
		174(0	outshide 202	00.10	18.41	11.10	3.10	3.91	5.18	8.30	1.64		8.91	12	1/4	199	3.9	8.85	1.20	3.39
6		174/0		62,33	10.8/	0.7 (00	4.0	1.21	2.91	1.74	8.19	9 ,83	\$+27 A 1E	137	174	154	3.91	17.00	3.00	1.6/3
		10470	U-12-10 1070	20.04	10.01	0.73	4.07	J.CO 1 ap	4.04	¥.((9.10	8.83 4.83	V-17 A 14	409	100	139	2.7	2.17	6 74	1.70
	1	1-4/0	· // 54/0/3	714	18 0/	4.70	2.0	1.63	D 24	9.20	8.91	8.00	8.19 4.12	91°¥ 48.6	240	00	2.7	0.76	2 67	1.01
5	ம்	17917	1010 014	74.26	10.00	7 69	3.0	1.3 4	9,64 0.46	2.30	4 27	0.00 4 4/	8,12 8,87	908	290	77	4.14	7 77	1 72	1.71
	ω -	1.400	aguine m	14.30	19.92	2.37	2.02	1.03	P.93	3.21	D .21	B • 190	#-#	013	324	r o	/-	1.21	1.13	1.45
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APPENDIX Ib

Geochemistry of Area B

DDH's A1, A2, A3, A5, A6, A7

SUMMARY LOG

OH 250-85-A-1, Pavisiant

SUMMARY LOG

DOH 260-85-A-7, Fevision:

ECOTAGE	DESCRIPTION		
0 - 177.9	-Cverburden	FOOTAGE	DESCRIPTION
177.0- 207.0	-Argillaceous Sediments	0 - 180	-Cverturden
207.0- 343.0}	-Volcanic Conglemenate	160 - 419.5	-Andesite-dacite tuffs-argillaceou: component after 300*
343.0- 431.5)	-Cherty tuffs- part of above unit? as in A5	419.5- 767.0	-Argillaceous Sediments -more dissem, Salphiles (po) after
401.5- 420.0	-Cherty Tuffs and Iron Formation		500° - higher may susceptizility
	(storred short of Au zone inter- sected in AS)	767.0-1197.9	-Andositic tuffs. Unit correlates With andesites in 8 holes. -Sulphide rith sections common especially from 767-792 - higher 813-825 meg suc- 642-869 cepticil.
		1197.0-1276.7	-Massive to foliated datitic flows or tuffs
		1276.7-1293.8	-Dacite agglomerate-sulphides common
SUMMARY LOG		1299.8-1349.0	-Auto brecciated and banded dacite flow
DOH 250-85-A-2,	Revision:		

No change.

SUPMARY LCG

SUMMARY LCG

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DDH 260-85-A-6, Fevision:

FOOTAGE	DESCRIPTION
0 - 172.0	-Overburden
172.0- 239.5	-Cherty tuffs and iron formation
239.5- 256.5	-Fault zone in cherty tuif
256.5- 277.0	-Cherty tuff-minor argilisceous comporent
277.0- 316.5	-Volcanic Conglomerate
316.5- 493.0	-Cherty tuffs and iron formation -ankarite connon
498.0- 579.3	-Argillaroove sediment
539.3- 563.0	 Cherty tuffs and minor iron formation -ankerite conmon

SCHMARY	103		
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DOH 260-85-A-3, Fevision:

No change - all argillaceous sediments.

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Estable	DECOLIETION
0 - 1 4 0	-Cvereurien
184.)- 311.5	-Argyllaceous Selicents
377.5- 418.3	-Cherty Tuffs and Iron Fermation?
408.3+ 673.02	-Confloweratos and tuffs? No enem duta to correlate
875.0- 897.5	-Storty Tuffs and Iron Forbation
Cat.s= h14.0	-Arphilacious sediments

SUMMARY LCG

CON 200-25-A-8. Ferioron:

to change except zone to 200.5 all enerty that and itom formation.

Kith alog Febry L.L 1.1 1.ag 61.Cs Teads 60 No Kio 4.0 Fils 1.0 Tre 101 *R*< Sr で 10 1.1.4 10.11 #.16 1.39 3.42 ú.13 4.84 2.14 3.94 8.65 1.07 0.11 6.22 157 144 14 elil 65 253 214 6.22 18.53 4.52 252 1:3 6.21 1.54 1.94 35 7.16 and 41.3 2.23 4.57 1.74 1.24 1.1 0.21 160 5.41 62.14 15.55 3.10 6.47 2.83 2.61 8,44 1.85 6.21 163 187 161 6.52 1.16 3.19 3.83 25.3 6.11 sha? 3.7 61.73 19.-3 2.1 2.05 2.75 285 165 5.2 4.13 2.83 3.12 30 2.7 1.91 1.24 0.1 . 0...3 192 246 199 25 25 53.5 19.57 3.63 3.21 4.11 2.32 1.5 1.3 0.05 0.24 166 6.95 6.53 1.7) 1.22 12 2.5 罰 65 2.1 5.93 2.50 4,69 0.23 177 135 4.21 1.49 2.63 41. Jul-2.19 Let. 8.47 1.1 2.09 3-Y.PI 226 1.70 11. 6 1.01 2.58 8.43 0.12 314 1.60 4.5 14.93 3.00 11.22 4:3 15.57 2.7 2.78 1.93 2.87 2.44 0.37 0.05 0.11 667 413 118 5.10 9.84 1.44 1.25 17 413 62.4 14.53 4.52 2.19 3.07 1.21 1.55 0.04 8.15 473 743 94 5.26 1.52 8.21 1.25 15 3.45 argulation 122 14.32 16.21 4.19 3.22 2.05 3.08 2.2 0.61 1.85 #.14 671 494 119 3.15 8.68 1.57 2.05 23 5.3 71.24 15.13 3.85 3.49 2.09 848 522 135 4.85 1.19 1.91 ŧJ 1.63 2.47 Ø.5 8.84 0.15 2.13 51) 65.53 17.4 5.3 2.57 2.1 5.03 1.21 1.05 0.05 8.13 246 625 122 3.37 0.24 1.22 2.31 43 5.4 67.92 2.37 291 372 121 4.72 **#.**26 1.13 1.13 31015.0 4.35 2.53 4.19 1.49 0.53 1.63 1.16 6.4 61.79 15.47 5.15 3.13 2.15 1.74 353 513 123 3.32 8.55 1.53 2.43 420 3.15 ₿.55 1.06 8.16 more life . it 57.44 16.13 4.74 12.157 1.92 2.34 8.53 8.23 9.13 517 571 183 9,7) 0.35 7.15 2.12 £.J 2.75 781 576 916 47.21 14,54 4.33 30. AJ 1.95 2.23 2.27 1.46 8,45 8.14 3e Ø - 16 19.31 1.02 15.52 2.28 7:0 53.5 19.59 5.35 4.24 2.55 4.01 1.67 1.53 8.31 0.14 313 533 120 4.37 8.40 1.60 1.12 25.3 The contact correlation with 10 423 3.93 2.33 17,23 1.5 2.10 1.78 14.14 5,42 2.9. 2.13 3,15 2.21 1.6 8.65 8.13 441 ~32 125 23 7.J almand antiphetis 12.6 2.53 5.87 0.0001 0.59 ¥.3í 33 2.19 . . . with B dauge which 5. 1 11.35 1.64 8.1 8.17 68.5 16.73 6.63 8.39 3.39 1.39 0.75 1.34 9.14 191 144 141 1.2 9.41 5.12 3.:4 15/3 1.64 about sigh 623 53.54 10.93 9.15 6.53 2.47 3.97 1.35 1.72 9.36 0.14 1215 91 131 2.97 0.34 2.65 3.12 4268 11 6:4 5.80 57.56 15.31 9.35 2.11 8.84 0.72 1.29 215 116 2.33 1.20 2.37 3.27 6.42 4.122 1.13 143 314 50.3 14.3 15.22 8.53 2.47 1.67 1.3 6.41 1.15 459 142 117 6.63 0.21 3.47 4.82 614 2.5 4 942 57.1116.72 4,9 130 217 134 8.11 1.91 2.69 123 9.16 5.36 3.87 3.69 1.4 0.21 0.17 5.64 27 5.3 \$4.15 17,31 11.23 4.97 4.74 3.32 8.91 6.93 8.26 8.17 178 161 125 7.19 P.27 1.25 2.10 528 373 1413 51.8 18.42 5.9 5.53 3.16 4.47 ₿.86 1.01 #.11 0.2 314 237 152 4,43 1.19 1.75 1.28 15.49 181 ê.11 1.9 2228 1.4 53.44 12.4 6.11 3.25 2.69 \$.29 8.7 8.41 1.1 11 114 5.5 3.43

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£.,	10	1	F 14 57.39	11.75	25.24	2.4	2.24	1.89	0.97	8.49	0.12	0.23	567	94	91	7	6.97	16260		
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EAL P	211.5	217.5 d.1	53.53	11.81	29.6	8.45	2.18	1.26	1.13	8.41	8.17	6.2	544	189	n	7	11.7	XI		
5478	2:7.5	2:1.	P	14.27	22.27	0.32	2.2	B.15	2.44	0.62	6.05	#.2	641	70	107	12	8.75	221		
54°1	222	2.7 *	2 . 61.53	13.63	18.72	0.29	1.79	0.1	2.92	8.66	0.14	8.18	456	75	146	8	8.33	22.2		
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513	2.5	234	17 53.37	3.9	39.41	8.54	1.63	8.8431	1.35	8.18	8.14	8.21	91	25	58	3	15.9	220		55
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		257.5	20 5.99	7.33	22.49	6.32	1.25	6.71	1.22	1.32	8.87	8.15	238	£5	63	19/3	12.2	63		
11.13	257.5		5% 56.41	10.11	18,47	6.35	1.65	0.43	1.78	8.44	6.11	0.19	321	91	87	16.9	8.25	63		
F	2.1	ومعاودي	all the ship	16.72	8.73	1.46	1.50	1.83	3.24	0.12	Ø.06	Ø.16	648	221	157	131	4.85	63	16	
54:5	(s)	24. 663.	1 27 59 . 6	11.18	23.15	1.19	2.15	0.37	1.44	8.47	8.16	8,16	353	109		406	9.3	269	8	
	285	257	59,63	11.63	23.21	1.97	2.11	0.3	1.71	0.43	. 0.1	8.17	420	117	89	193	8.85	200	15	
1+3	251	2.5		ir.43	28.93	0.7	2.84	1.32	1.25	0.49	· 8.15	Ø.Z	335	134	93	4:1	11.2	289	9	
-			1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	م المشهب	_ في الم		~1.83	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	1.91	0.43	. 11	F.18	362	116	13	14.4	12.24	(8	15	
f. 1	12.5	- 114 	iye Turus	11.13	8.15	2.89	1.17	- 3.19	1.34	0.36	2.24	0.11	322	318	H	11.00	6.51	70	39	
111	2.5.1		714	141	6.17	3.45	1.67	2.43	1.82	E100	0.65	0.14	376	351	87	243	4.17	(0	- 43	
		10.341 #F# 4	* 16 At 3 10.93	11.3	8.23	4.3	2.17	2,93	3.4	0.49	P. (4	0.22	6/8	407	1_0	73	(.1)	(1) 7.3	4	
		وفقية فيرين	1 1 1 10.03	341.41	. P. P.	1.23	1.19	1.54	2.00	0,42	0.07	P.17	4//	195	¥\$ 00	107	8.03	18	13	
	1. C. C. C.		- 11 - 2 5 50 43	9.43	63.2	0.51	1.73	0.12	1.02	T. 51	P.97	F. 11	423	361	59	45	11.19	110	1	
1.4 J			······································	18.81	12181	2.10	2.54	0.03	1.29	0.43	F.20	4.19	571	149	123	140	7,5	20	4	
		273 5	55.71 19 - 19 - 19 - 19	12.127	10.1 201	4.64	6.20	- 17,0J	1.11	Ø.51	1.101	0.2	574 4334	1/1	102	301 71	7.03	64 67	5	
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	ا ما جد بسب			36.00	2.10	2.5/	9.53	1.50	<b>D</b> 141	· 0.0/	F-19	328	11.2	12	11	12.2	20	2	
		a sa angat	1.001 12.14	14,14	4.54	2.52	1.22	3.75	2.07	9.27	8.61 A 41	E.12	444	3.2	115	10	4.13	117	3	
	1	Sec an	gitüle buizt	15.75	6	3.17	2.05	2.24	3.85	F.¢4	r.96	6.16	554	314	1.	10	5.103	116	14	

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zn AL-101 Cu Bú Sr 2r As Fe103 600 AlyO Nk.U K20 TIOL 10 ALC: P:05 Sec.n 5.02 Mro 2.31 452 25 6.18 148 48 12.91 13.97 14.0 3.09 2.45 8.94 8.71 1.2 396 117 60 1.11 1.4 202.7 #.1 1.12 14.45 14.25 2.2 2.5 551 12 6.19 53 147 5.5 511.1 61.72 2.37 8.7 6.08 1.12 8.16 3.1 1.1 16 يتعادين وريع مرارب 16.77 69 299 1.1.5 E....4 6.11 15.61 3.13 2.11 0.15 2.85 0.65 0.15 ø.2 534 346 93 4 7.95 139 1.3 611.5 15.95 6.03 817 5.7 118 2 9.33 59 141 17 667.6 4.11 6.73 4.68 2.73 1.63 3.14 1.61 6.2 37.3 83.24 15.89 6.33 6.22 2.82 2.78 6.52 1.1 4.18 55Ø 657 18? 8 7.72 58 187 14 875 1.49 8.3 14 64.95 875 575.5 12.92 1.79 1.95 1.68 0.33 8.1 0.12 537 169 33 9.97 34 0.26 5 876.5 682.3 62.1 9.16 23.64 £.81 1.96 0.07 1.55 0.37 8.67 1.2 337 57 65 342 12.5 4ó 1 258 83 49 49 12.7 53 6.1.3 65.5 t4.15 8.33 21.45 1.36 1.72 6.14 2.83 8.37 8.89 \$.2 350 -64 22.5 8.29 280 98 43 2 13.5 43 314 35 83.5 53.71 31.13 2.83 2.25 1.14 1.73 ₿.34 6.13 1.15 872 J 261 77 12.1 383 33 651.9 53.35 8.64 21.59 6.28 2.21 0.85 2.84 8.4 0.11 8.16 54 2 30 75 18.09 135 28 892 67.33 11.25 16.27 5.23 2.95 1.07 0.22 453 114 2 183 894.1 × 4 895.8 × 3.04 0.08 8.44 21.578.39 24.64 3.54 3.08 2.51 8.12 8.19 358 111 74 2 13 30 53 10 8.4.1 55.89 6.15 8.44 19129 75 25 59 615.6 897.5 61.23 12.3 17.23 5.63 2.94 1.13 2.67 1.43 8.11 1.17 290 121 8.17 100 Zó 1.13 K. 1.13 142 11 \$7.5 942.5 17.22 9.73 2.91 2.38 2.07 2.9 0.85 1.09 Ø.16 418 242 8 5.77 50 216 24 9.5 0.03 15 3.12 198 912.5 14.83 2.52 2.05 523 438 94 40 48 1.03 4.39 1.93 8.26 1.19

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etter kant al	172	177 12	3% 71.15	6.67	19.34	8.53	1.61	8.12	Ø.61	0.29	6.83	Ø.16	205	34	51	50	3.29		15
5163	177	184 dl. to	1 6.53	8.55	21.81	6.29	1.64	8.84	1.43	8:45	1.16	0.15	137	16	84	8	5.18	10	
F1173	194	10,01.44	64	12.45	16.21	8.2	2.13	4.43	1.93	8.36	8.42	4.14	1022	25	181	3	3.37	1.4	13
ra, a	193	164 dt 7-26	AT 72	9.21	74 74	\$ 70	1.55	4 4331	8.52	A 17	1 10	6 15	177	14	75	ň	5 22	14	
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42151 ****	1.55		01.27	11.04	61.03	F-14	2.31	8.00VI	4.00	₩104 - 21.41	- #.#7		· (0)	17	00		3.2	10	
latea Trans	133	223 E.K.1. 11	01.11	11.1	13.14	P.13	2.84	0.0001	<b>9.</b> 36	P.41		<b>U.1</b> 5	ระกว	15	82		3,12	20	
12013	283	20,000		1.01	34.12	0.33	1.63	0.0201	0.0001	0.31	6.87	0.14	69	20	63	20	4.87		4:
22173	115	284 Volet	4.9 65.2	15.1	13.85	0.14	2.36	8.82	2.45	1.63	<b></b> 2	9.16	657	40	136	2	3.1	110	
1	25-3	214 #	* 61.63	17.33	13.67	8.07	2,45	<b>9.0</b> 3	3.43	0.73	0.01	<b>8.</b> 14	841	-44	150	3	3.45	5.ð	
2005	214	218.5 "	" 61.11	15.27	18.24	6.87	2.49	0.01	2.02	1.62	0.02	Ø.11	496	30	122	56	3.8	34	
2013	216.5	(لمبغ) ال 223	2% 61.13	11.03	24.64	0.1	2.35	1.0001	6.11	8.42	1.12	Ø.12	28	16	81	193	4.39		
2.135	2.3	2.7 4 0%.	56.15	12.44	20.76	0.63	2.47	6.2231	1.37	8.62	6.63	1.15	98	16	116	144	3.34	42	
1122	07	231.41 .44	65.36	18.93	8.74	4.13	1.4	8.96	3.5	1.76	4.6441	6.11	733	97	15#	3	3.92	144	
* 2 3	731	175		12 33	(1.41)	4 17	1 54	1 29	7 60	1 74	4 41		176	112	157	้า	3 73	74	
1.11	2.4	77:3 5	37. 13.14	10.00	14 43	4 21	2 10	4 57	2.17	4 76	4 84	A 16	414	110	132	J	3.13	7.0 7.3	
4	1.00 1.00					~ 1 10 -				~ .			~ [1]	8.24	4.20	2			
al est.	1.01.0	LUCIUM AND	C01	17.51	4,14	8.43	1.87	4.01	1.78	8.9	0.0.01	¥.22	011	939 870	100	3	2.44	10	
•-111	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	2:2.5 6.4	04.07	17.43	1.63	0.43	2,36	5.88	1.07	9.67	9.16	0.21	523	5/9	129	I I	3.25	20	
<u></u>	2.6.5	264.5 11	64.73	17.14	1.19	e.45	2.23	5.1	1.34	0.74	. 0.16	1.21	519	636	161	2	3.21	20	
L113	204.5	2-3 +	61.74	19.45	8.31	8.49	3	2.48	3.09	1.5	4.89	1.3	612	340	134	3	3.3	19	
2.114	243	213	64	19.21	8.39	0.51	1.56	1.51	3.93	8.54	0.18	1.21	836	222	121	3	3.45	19	
1115	273	211	65.77	18.47	5.2	_1.35	2.37	1.2	- 2.65-	المتبالي	#.13	Ø.2	761	453	124	2	3.31	29	
2.115	277	222 6-91	64.15	15.85	8.51	1.57	3.31	4.11	1.44	1.57	6.16	8.2	681	444	113	5	4.72	43	
11117	267	251 •	14.73	15.84	8.35	1.56	3.26	4.16	1.47	0.58	0.15	1.2	676	446	118	5	5.12	28	
51115	247	201 A	67 32	15 92	7 47	A 47	3 19	4 24	4 94	6 41	A 42		E.a	475	117	Å	3 45	43	
* 3	201	557 W	25.21	15.55	6.73	1 41	3 13	4 12	1 10		4 13	4 71	440	470	140	ž	3.73	5.4	
ala da Constanti da	207	271	63.44	131.3	0.00	1.009	3.63	9.16	1.17	<b>1</b> 4 4 7	8113	V.CI	6007	4-3	107	,	<b>1.</b>	30	
	291	342	61.71	12.62	8.30	1.31	3.83	3.92	1.82	1.63	1.12	0.2	217	304	163	1	4.10	38	
2.1.1	Ciri 2	547	66.82	15.7	7.4	1.24	3.48	3.83	1.41	0.6	6.87	<b>4.</b> 2	681	364	112	5	3.19	5,3	
51122	347	312	65.45	14.94	9.73	1.36	2.37	3.11	2	0.53	1.22	<b>1.</b> 19	657	278	181	8	4.37	168	
22123	312	317 🗂	65.82	14.51	7.93	2.93	2.94	2.97	1.92	<b>1.5</b> 6	0.12	0.19	615	321	95	- 4	5.12	30	
22124	317	3:3 -	65.42	15.1	7.78	1.94	3.66	3.37	1.42	1.53	1.13	Ø.19	637	314	107	5	4.45	. tə	
2.115	3.0	24 = onk	1 65.53	17.44	3.58	4.5	2.36	2.68	3.22	4.53	0.26	<b>8.2</b>	504	527	95	8	7.95	210	
2.2.0	3.4	5.3	63.19	14.9	7 5,7	3.57	2.93	2.55	2.33	A. 17	6.67	4.21	773	5.) A	133	i i	6.37	134	
1811	20	11 1 1 1 1 1	51 .5 .53	12.25	10 04	1 25	1 07	4 51	1 26	4 40	4 47	4.7	140	2014	117	2.22	4 10		
6	515	534 Day 24	1	13.33	6.13	1.63	3.00	8 24	1.30	8.00 A 71	0.01 4 41	# 10	400	610	121	10	0.10	63	
1.1.1.1.1. 1.1.1.1.1	34	325 44 44	4. 04.45	11.14	5.13	2.99	2.44	5.20	1.01	0.11	E. 24	9.17	196	6.3	131	67	0	70	
s.2.3	335	319 parts	A 16.61	13,39	10.67	2.26	2.22	Z.6	1.29	0.42	<b>8.6</b> 3	<b>1.</b> 21	432	415	102	60	4.54	36	
285	34.5	343	** 05.°4	12.1	14.3	1.74	1.83	1.#3	2.24	6.42	6.1	· #.19	459	269	93	177		17.15	
131	343	348	" 67.51	15.28	6.37	1.35	2.43	2.54	2.4	8,43	4.43	<b>#.2</b>	618	418	121	8	3.19	10	
2.3.8	343	3. [1]	17. 61.3	18.23	6.17	3.46	2.72	4.31	2.11	0.32	0.05	1.29	655	845	144	5	5.99	52	
21.1	312	555.5 vd .	65.54	17.75	4.83	2.43	2.1	3.62	2.54	0.51	8.63	8.3	653	561	145	- 4	4	58	
2.82	<b>3</b> 15 5	3.5 4-4	6.42	15.74	4.5	1.35	0.97	6.45	6.94	0.37	1.14	0.17	297	617	72	11	2.70	7:0	
	125	374	22 43.5	10.00	1.25	1.51	1.17	-1.16	7.15	1.15	-A.19		215	RI	83	7	14.79	F A	
1111	213	175	9 1. 1.1	11 19	07.14			- 41	2 42	4 57	4 17	4 13	459	03	47	ģ	0 72	FJ	
	375	515	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11112	22.02	1.45	4 17	841 4 33	4.00	# 64	# 1C	2.17	1,7	00	71		0.27	9 11	
ALL T	21.1	3.0	10.00	11.17	23.52	1.11	2.17	0.03	6.69	5.34	9.10	0.01	998	6.9	70	11.2	75	175	
	(C)	302.4	S. 3. 12	Y, 55	15.94	1.83	2.21	0.15	1.6/	P.40	<b>B</b> .13	<b>9.1</b> 7	345	131	84	273	10.4	1126	
		©. <b>4.8</b>	ر ۱. ر. ۲	13.3	184	3.17	25	1.07	2.65	ŧ.52	0.1	<b>9</b> .2	510	311	43	157	8.04	349	
	264.3	37.7 ·	CL 51.23	8.44	28.23	1.55	2.64	6.41	0.97	e 35	<b>#.16</b>	<b>8.</b> 17	243	129	67	111	11.7		
11513	3 7	372 .	57 ! 5	15.57	12.78	3.77	2.67	0.39	3,55	€.76	#.11	0.19	521	3(1)	135	- 472	7.35	21 A	
2.2-8	352	397	61.72	14.57	12.53	3.92	3.#3	E.17	2.99	8.69	1.67	8.18	431	244	127	64	6.97	254	
21803	397. j	422.9	31 29.14	11.27	19.18	3.41	3.47	0.05	1.99	€.6	0.12	8.21	367	94	162.	62	8.07	8	
2.34	42.9	4.5.8	1453.32	13.26	20.37	1.99	3.27	6.65	1.64	4.7	1.43	6.2	422	67	120	25	5.05	15	
	110.3	in dillif		10 37	10 5	6 Q T	2 13	A 45	1 44	<b>6</b> 62	# 10	# 12	212	27	87	1.ค	14.5	43	
ELE E		117 . 4.3 . 3.1	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12.47	10.40		1 07	E-1VJ A 41	9.54	d 17	4 1 7	# #3	407		4.51	, ,	0.54	-9 5 1	
an Ella Al Ala	4,7	412.9 - W. W.	(97.93) • • • • • • •	13.11	69.45	#.03J	1.77	E.V/	2.54	E. 14	W+14	<b></b>	471	(12	1.1		2.24		
	422.4	413.7 043 1	2-11,51	3.12	15.61	1.42	1.37	<b></b> 2	0.15	\$.15	0.12	1.00	153	37	32		0.1	1.1	
• • • •	43.7	416.2	. 5072.33	3.89	21.83	₹.47	1.63	6.84	9.8001	<b>P</b> .14	<b>P.</b> 85	F.64	154	29	13	118	9.11	5ð	
21.25	415.2	417.2 H	68.42	2.8	13,43	<b>8</b> .91	0.96	0.03	\$.83	Ø.14	<b>#.</b> 87	0.11	292	36	23	10	6.37	15	
1.847	417.2	A At A	24 51 55	9.21	23.2	0.61	2.17	2.61	£.71 -	€.42	f.tó	Ø.13	312	43	91	11	9,39	63	
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2.1.4 427.7 151.5 14 2 % 61.5 14.81 14.57 3.6 3.86 8.67 2.38 8.52 1.55 8.16 479 126 99 343 6.47 10.4 22 2005 1. S. S. H. 9.56 16.03 3.84 1.83 8.42 1.85 65 74 5.81 50 431.8 66.42 3.21 8.7 8.15 269 15 2.37 15.5 4.0.7 55.31 4.34 34.55 2.35 2.56 6.15 0.22 1.22 0.11 4.17 100 43 31 14 12.8 XXI 211 -412.7 - 2. 12.12 6.38 58 4.2.7 55.23 21.01 2.71 1.2 1.64 6.56 6.1 1.23 442 265 87 11 18.6 441.1 40. 7 21214 45.7 11.15 14.51 8.37 6.51 4.92 8.66 2.94 8.6a 6.1 8..22 713 578 107 10.9 310 451.5 11 3 447.7 12.92 12.47 3.52 2.92 2.15-1.45 8.46 1.06 9.17 423 291 95 8 7.16 218 10 65.10 Barrard Till elin 3.1 8.19 151 124 34 1.39 220 151.5 15.32 14.27 2.96 3.5 2.33 1.65 6.26 4.16 462 Sec. Salla 21.12 2.1 12.9 20.53 2.17 3.24 8.35 0.56 6.87 8.19 405 154 94 33 8.74 260 8.1 453.5 1.61 ::.3 4.3 10.13 3.62 1.15 1.57 6.37 643 455 102 79 9.79 254 62.5 51.3 14.53 5.36 2.96 1.2 21.14 21.67 2.73 292 156 78 12.9 9.76 4:3 4:5 12.15 2.5 2.46 8.44 1.62 0.41 0.11 6.16 119.5 4:5 4.9 57.81 21.44 0.72 2.35 6.52 478 182 100 432 9.67 75 12.91 2.62 2.22 8.67 6.17 3451.55 47.8 7.79 31.57 1.97 -48 13.1 11.1 1.9.5 2.77 2.91 8.8 8.29 6.1 4.19 212 146 6ð 478 415 54,84 9.45 23.39 2.57 8.55 498 132 163 9833 1 1 2.79 1.56 1.4 6.11 1.18 74 11.6 425 3F 3.24 48.9 6.56 54 44 12.9 54 21. 3 474.2 52.3 1.14 1.25 6.19 4.11 6.09 1.18 117 26 51.65 C5 473 9.19 31.44 8.76 6.46 8.07 376 122 123 262 13.2 11.1 1.32 2.2 2.65 8.19 211.5 418 431.7 av 7-4 61.23 14.39 15.57 2.91 2.47 8.49 2.16 1.63 0.1 0.15 420 194 105 11 7.55 18Ø 45.2F 1455.99 1.59 31.85 0.76 7 9.25 21.1 431.7 1.44 1.95 1.69 €.26 0.07 #.15 82 53 ж 367 4:37F 17.53.85 10 ÷. . . 135 9.37 30.12 1.42 2.18 0.91 1.49 1.37 6.86 0.17 476 74 71 18.29 5 32:33 210.9 453 174 dr and 14 52.53 7.37 34.18 1.91 2.05 1.36 1.11 6.31 2.07 4.17 325 64 57 1 9.79 15 2524.53 418 36 2% 5.81 24.84 109 2:12 454 10.27 2.65 2.53 . 4 2.18 8.39 8.89 6.18 693 88 15 16.79 28 53 alv - myll 245.47 5.47 21111 15.60 3.23 2.02 1.73 3.63 1.63 1.03 4.14 535 200 129 7 68 4:3 150 6.7 823 M P 523 11 2 66.45 16.25 6.3 2.73 1.9 2.83 2.95 1.63 8.07 6.14 511 250 131 5 4.92 90 523 513 7.83 8 21.3 6.13 15.52 3.47 1.75 2.18 2.82 1.6 6.1 . 0.15 503 276 123 5.64 12# 28 518 614 · 513 65.13 6.18 2.57 0.03 216 132 4 5.43 163 2114 15.66 2.8 2.06 2.7 1.63 8.15 494 513 78.13 15.76 2.62 2.96 1.51 3.92 2.56 1.32 8.05 6.12 628 274 103 18 4.77 42 21.5 21 5 523 527.5 72.23 3.97 1.52 2.15 2.82 8.84 621 96 4.75 43 14.28 2.75 8.3 8.89 216 8 5.3.5 An entertain 55.33 21 3 5:7.5 11.27 25.97 1.51 2.56 8.45 2.12 1.43 89.8 8.17 400 85 87 67 9.92 58 504 523.5 67.44 15.4 7.65 2.55 2.62 1.37 3.17 4.57 8.84 1.15 556 133 130 H 5.18 150 60 21.3 5.33 16.22 6.53 2.69 217.7 5:4 539.3 65.74 2.75 1.32 3.24 1.01 ₿.₿ó 4.15 574 271 135 5 €ð 5∂ 544 ..... 2375 2: 3.55 593.3 12.65 19.74 2.15 1.78 2.15 1.78 1.56 7.17 437 16 8.41 42 8.19 Зłó 86 sis adita 6177 544 55.8 11.93 24.23 1.73 2.68 1.64 1.56 1.63 4.89 1.17 443 219 84 3 8.7 25 2273 £2.2 192 143 57.6 10.62 23.62 2.03 1.96 2.21 6.68 4.48 8.07 8.17 368 248 65 8.43 330 6443 582 222 63 5ð 152.9 554.7 \$3.33 7.71 32.01 2.04 8.6 8.92 **#.16** 171 35 13 65.9 2.64 8.35 1.1 23712 544.7 559 62.21 15.24 1.91 1.43 1.86 6.19 448 299 97 20 6.91 5ð 13.5 2.19 2.3 1.87 1.82 223 79 5 8 11741 5.9 5-3 5-.83 11.55 23.84 2.31 1.81 1.81 0.5 1.89 6.19 391 8.6

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	S . The	· · · ·	5,52	N.V.S	T. is	i.o	140	Naro	KaD	-T102	(mail)	P.05	Ba	Sr	21	Au	LOI	As	2n	May
257-7	3:4.3	386.3	63.75	16.05	6.92	6.60	3.11	1.9	3.61	0.6	0.11	0.24	588	643	122	10	9.24	25	716	75
193	429	4112 2018	63.:4	14.67	6.32	7.19	3.20	6.7	3.47	0.58	0.11	6.19	770	605	139	4	12.2	48	75	10
211.2 #1415-41	416	451	6.5	17.44	7.31	3.08	3.15	2.45	2.39	#.66	0.63	8.19	743	519	182	2	7.16	58	70	68
2.1.2	- 11	- 1 S	49.54	1.4	37.94	1.33	2.84	8.67	73	0.32	8.26	0.22	217	134	ćJ		10.9			
111	45	4.4.5	65.33	13.50	14.74	2.32	2.59	2.12	1.51	8.43	8.85	8.14	756	303	84	10	6.89	15	44	
22.4	4.4.5	407.5	68.07	12.15	11.71	2.4	2.62	1.31	1.43	6.41	0.04	4.2	764	303	78	6	6.97	15	43	<b>6</b> 5
22.5	0.1.5	4.1.3	63.77	12.51	5.82	2.52	2.84	5.21	1.76	0.63	0.03	1.22	628	762	143	Э	5.35	25	49	
12.14	1.1.3	40.2	58.58	15.22	17.75	1.43	2.29	1.69	2.12	8.63	0.05	8.17	531	2Ý3	123	7	6.51	68	92	2188
111	445.2	445.4	59.97	13.18	19.54	2.25	2.57	0.58	2.04	1.56	0.07	Ø.19	506	252	95	3	7.39	49	81	
11.13	435.4	442.2 1.37	5	11.34	24.93	2	2.5	6.34	1.63	<b>5.</b> 61	9.1	<b>9.</b> 17	474	163	91	4	8.56	58	63	
1.34	417.3	44+25 ¹⁰⁷	62.15	11.14	18.45	2.07	2.31	1.25	1.83	8.47	8.86	6.19	549	243	169	2	7.12	5.		
<u>.</u>	441.5	453.1	43.3	1	38.85	2.25	2.19	8.49	8.79	0.32	8.07	6.21	287	176	47	2	11.6	5	47	
2. 3	455.1	8.1.1	50.5	8.11	21.23	3.01	2.04	8.89	1.19	8.39	9.43	8.16	383	278	72	3	7.72	20	52	752113
1.1	417.7	4.2.2	54.84	9.81	29.15	1.66	2.17	8.82	1.13	8.49	<b>5.16</b>	8.21	313	280	66	3	10.29	20	112	
107-2	4:2.2	4-5	50.03	11.32	24.74	1.77	2.12	8.99	1.54	0.54	0.11	0.19	449	232	73	4	7.91	18	94	
237-3	4:5	469.5	51.7	14.26	27.39	1.96	2.14	8.26	2.53	0.45	Ø.33	0.18	749	169	73	2	7.43	19	53	5.43
257-4	4:9.50	473	55.01	8.91	31.12	0.95	1.77	0.28	2.64	0.39	8.83	8.19	591	112	53	2	10.7	0	49	
2015	473	471.3	57.25	11.1	24.11	1.44	2.2	Ø.38	2.27	₫.54	0.63	<b>9.</b> 18	469	169	249	3	6.83	8	87	55203
	477.3	4:8.3	5.5	9.9	24.18	1.35	1.93	6.23	2.95	6.5	8.13	8.17	599	131	95	6	10.2	20	201	

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#### APPENDIX II

Mag Susceptibility Data of Some of 85 Mikwam Drill Holes (Data not listed here in Appendix IIb)



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1991年前前前前的1991年前前前前前前前前前前前前前前前前前前前前前前前前前	671777777777777777799300779122266366666666666969999999999999999999	20777777777777111111542011511511746473	됮뒛늰욄휳콽붱쭝튚햜햜탒쑵돰쑵놖톉븮촧뭑챵싧켨횫깈 <b>갂돰옘잂겄</b> 柱엻 햜뤣윩놂슻즁h	66781 6781 6781 6781 7777777777 77781 8588 8587771 89999999 9799999 9718 8588 857771 89999999999999999999999999999999999		17月7月12日。 17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月1日:17月	55.00 45.00 51.00 51.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 52.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 50.000	735 743 761 761 7718 813 8217 848 851 851 852 851 851 851 851 851 851 851 851 851 851	415 925112 전시314 15 15 15 4 4 4 5 11 15 45 15 4 5 2 2 4 40 4 8 2 14 15 17 925112 전시314 16 17 17 17 17 17 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	75.77737分分的金属的分子的分子和约约约约约约约约约约约到间间的比较级。	
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### APPENDIX III

## Representative Thin Section Textures

## Inco-Golden Knight Property East Zone



magnification 70x

DDH 71742; at 37 metres Conglomerate - porphyry fragment



magnification 70x

Tragment of above (top left) in tuffaceous matrix



# magnification 175x

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DDH 71742; at 37 metres Enlargement of conglomerate matrix - foliation outlited by sericite



magnification 70x

DDH 71742; at 87 metros Conglemenato - Porphyry fragment



magnification 70x

DDH ; at 165 metres Conglomerate matrix - sericite foliations



magnification 70x

DDH 71742; at 254 metres Altered porphyry - abundant ankerite



DDM ; at 287 metres Altered perphycy with leucoxene



magnificatio[.] 70x

DDH ; at 342 metres 3 metres above 1st mineralized zone. Altered porphyry? relict plag. pheno. foliations define 1 by sericite.



magnification 175x

DDH ; at 361 metres Alterel tuff - relict broken fragments of phenoc yats in carbonate sericite matrix.



magnification 70x

DDH 72907; at 237 metres Conglomerate-quartz-porphyry fragment - deformedfoliations defined by sericite



magnification 70x

DDH 72907; at 237 metres Conglomerate-matrix-lamianted (tuff) alternate guartzo-feldspathic and sericite laminae-broken guartz and feld. phenocrysts?


*63.4614

900

## OM84-6-JV-325

08/07/87

THIS SUBMITTAL CONSISTED OF VARIOUS REPORTS, SOME OF WHICH HAVE BEEN CULLED FROM THIS FILE. THE CULLED MATERIAL HAD BEEN PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED UNDER THE FOLLOWING RECORD SERIES. (THE DOCUMENTS CAN BE VIEWED IN THESE SERIES): **A**) ... A85 DIAMOND DRILL LOGS MIKWAM JOINT VENTURE FEB. - MAR. 1985 Logged by : Archer and JONES _____ NOSEWORTHY TWP. D.D." 20 MAXMIN AND INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEY (2.) a. (1985) DCT. 1985 (and the following appendices) APPENDIX I ; DIPOLE-DIPOLE IP SECTIONS APPENDIX I : MIKWAM MAXMIN PROFILES 1985 2,8741 all under ..... garan ya Afrika Ina ana ya k a. 1985 OVERBURDEN DRILLING PROGRAM (REPORT) MIKWAM PROJECT 260 JUNE ASS 1985 OVERBURDEN DRILLING PROGRAM We .. VOL. IL DAILL LOGS JAN .- FEB. 1985 * 2.8347 LAFLEUR, J. all under.... MAGNETIC SURVEY - 1985 NTS: 32E/5 initia fimion ".H." # 2.8016 APRIL 1985