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SUMMARY

Geological and radiometric surveys of the Hunter Creek group have indicated a small area of anomalous radioactivity in rusted conglomerate close to its contact with Missisquoi quartzite and a large strike fault.

This condition is analogous to that on the nearby Hunter Lake group where low surface values in uranium were found under similar geological conditions. Should proposed drilling on the Hunter Lake shear prove encouraging, then a limited test-drilling program on the Hunter Creek fault zone would seem warranted.

The O'Brien Lake group is largely covered by sand overburden and no further work is warranted on this group.

INTRODUCTION

Uranium was first discovered in pyritized pebble conglomerate beds in the Missisquoi quartzite of the Blind River area of Ontario in 1943. At that time the true significance of this discovery was not fully appreciated as the uranium content in surface samples was low.

In 1955 however, the discovery on the Fronto claims was drilled and a considerable improvement in uranium values was found at depth and two commercial ore-bodies have been outlined by drilling in the area. Since then thousands of claims have been staked covering the areas underlain by the Bruce Series sediments in the Blind River area and extending westward to Bruce Mines and eastward to and beyond the Sudbury basin.

As yet there is no agreement on the origin of the uranium occurrence. Some consider them as consolidated placers but the weight of evidence seems rather to point to a hydrothermal origin. Pitchblende and uraninite although heavy, are brittle, friable minerals soluble in acid solution and neither has yet been found in significant amounts in modern placers. On the other hand the uranium minerals are found in association with iron sulphides in areas where the rocks were deformed by folding and faulting.

The most important deposit, the Fronto, occurs a short distance north of the Murray fault, a major structure which, according to Collins* has been traced for some 115 miles eastward from Echo River in Bruce Mines area to lot 3, concession 11, Nyman Township.

*Collins, W. M., North Shore of Lake Huron, Geol. Surv. Can. Mem. 143, 1925

As there is a large area of Bruce Series rocks in Porter township, several blocks of claims were staked here to cover areas of folding and faulting as shown on Geol. Surv. Can. map 291A "Espenola Sheet" which lie north of the presumed trend of the Murray fault.

PROPERTIES, LOCATION ACCESS

Vedge Mines Limited controls two claim groups in Porter Township.

(1) O'Brien Lake group; 10 claims:

371217 to 71225 inclusive
371572, 71573, 71574

in concessions II and III, lots 9, 10, 11.

(2) Hunter Creek group:

370664
374212 to 74220 inclusive

in concessions II and III, lots 3 and 4.

The O'Brien Lake group lies about one mile north of the west end of Hunter Lake and may be reached by a trail which starts at the cabin on the north side of the narrows in Hunter Lake.

The Hunter Creek group lies about two miles northeast of Hunter Lake and is reached by following the northeasterly-trending rock ridges.

Hunter Lake is about 5 miles due north of the village of Espanola on the Canadian Pacific Railway and highway 17 about 45 miles west of Sudbury. Hunter Lake is most conveniently reached by air from Sudbury where Austin Airways provides Horseman, Beaver or Casara aircraft service.

The water route from Agnew Lake, which is connected by road

to Espanola, involves a portage of 30 chains into the west end of Hunter Lake.

SURVEY PROCEDURES

Control for the surveys was established by cutting north-south picket lines every 300 feet on which chainage stations were made at 100-foot intervals.

Radiometric observations were made every 50 feet with an Electronic Associates model K1155 geiger counter with continuous headphone observation between stations. Readings are shown in counts per minute.

GEOLOGY

Except for occasional sills or dikes of quartz diabase both claim groups are underlain entirely by sediments of the Bruce Series.

Table of Formations

Recent and Pleistocene:

Swamp, sand, boulders

Late Precambrian:

Killarney:

Quartz diabase (D6)

Bruce Series:

Serpent quartzite (B5)

Espanola recrystallized calcareous silt (B4)

Bruce conglomerate (B2)

Kissisnoqui quartzite (B1)

Few rock outcrops were found on the O'Brien Lake group which is covered for the most part by an open sand plain from which widely

separated outcrops of quartz diabase, boulder conglomerate or white Mississagi quartzite protrude.

The Hunter Creek group on the other hand has abundant exposures especially in the northwestern three-quarters of the group where the serpent quartzite occurs in large northeasterly trending ridges. The southwestern one-quarter of the property is underlain by Mississagi quartzite which is separated from the serpent by a narrow band of boulder conglomerate and minor calcareous silt.

In general the bedding of sediments strikes in a northeasterly direction with dip vertical or steeply to the south. Local variations in strike and dip, as in E74220, indicate minor folding.

According to mapping by Collins and Quirke (Geol. Surv. Can. map 291A) the Hunter Creek group lies near the east end of a syncline some 3 miles in length. The southeasterly limb of this syncline has been partly truncated by a northeasterly-trending strike fault. The trace of this fault is indicated across 574212, 74216, 74220 by sheared and rusty conglomerate and by a stream-valley.

Observations on the sheared conglomerate indicate that the fault dips to the southeast at about 75° .

RADIOMETRIC SURVEY AND URANIUM POSSIBILITIES

As would be expected in an area so extensively covered by overburden, the radiometric survey of the O'Brien Lake group showed nothing of interest. Background counts of about 200 per minute prevailed over the entire property with the exception of two isolated 300 counts on lines 9K and 12K which are of no apparent significance.

On the Hunter Creek group a slight increase in radioactivity occurs in the vicinity of the strike fault which traverses the property but only on the baseline near line 27E is there a significant increase in the readings. Here a reading of 480, or over twice background, was obtained in sheared rusty conglomerate very close to the contact with Missisquoi quartzite and a short distance southeast of the fault.

Although the anomaly cannot be considered either strong or persistent, it is of interest in that it occurs in similar geological conditions as the anomaly on the neighbouring Hunter Lake group which gave low surface assays in uranium.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

In view of the paucity of outcrop and the lack of significant radiometric indications the O'Brien Lake group does not warrant further attention.

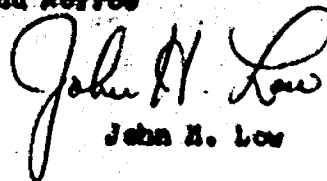
The Hunter Creek group however, does present some interesting possibilities. No doubt the most intense shearing lies under the stream valley to the northwest of the rusted conglomerate. Therefore if proposed drilling on the analogous situation on the Hunter Lake group should prove encouraging then, with the possibility of leaching of uranium oxide in mind, drilling of the sheared contacts on the Hunter Creek group would be warranted. Such drill holes should be drilled from southeast to northwest to intersect both the Missisquoi-conglomerate and the conglomerate-Serpent contacts. Holes at -45° and 300-foot slope length should accomplish this.

Pending results on the Hunter Lake shear more detailed radiometer or scintillation counter examination of the conglomerate outcrops

lying between lines 18i and 53E should be carried out with sampling of surface material where counts of more than twice background are found.

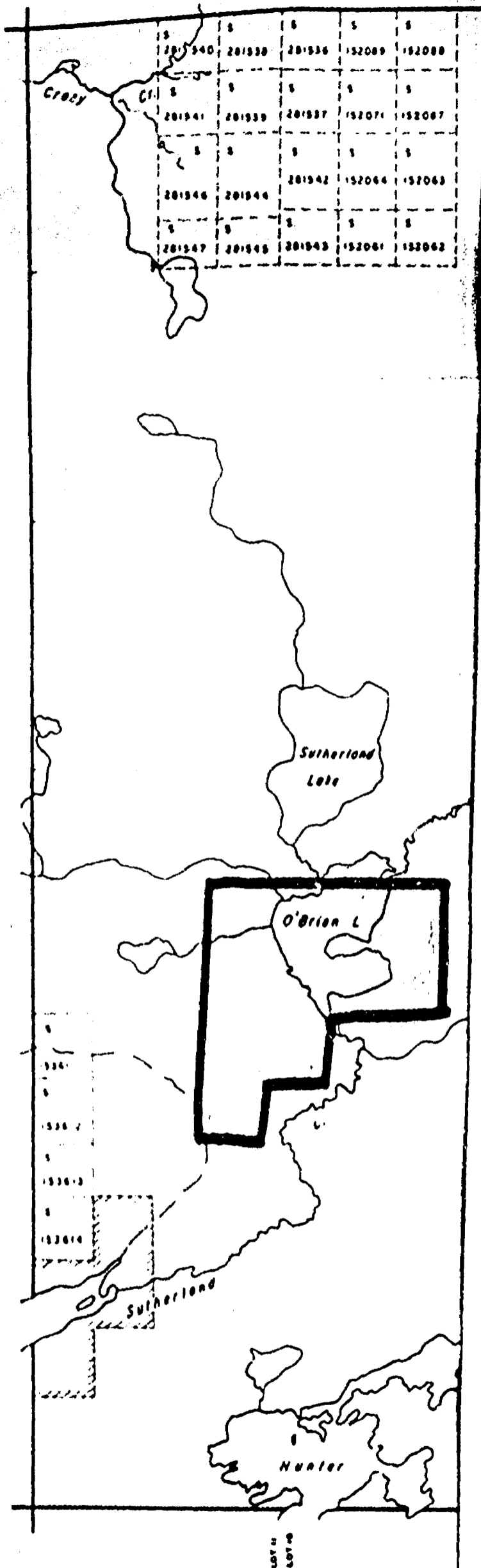
Respectfully submitted,

Gardiner, Low and Merrow



John H. Low

Toronto, Ontario
August 16, 1954

DUNLOP TR. M-771



Subdivision of this township into lots or sections has been annulled with the exception of lot 1 con.1, lot 2 con.1, and lot 1 con.2.

Area designated thus  lies within of W.P.L. A.69 for Surface Rights On

LEGEND

- PATENTED LAND
- PATENTED FOR SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY
- LEASE
- LICENSE OF OCCUPATION
- CROWN LAND SALES
- LOCATED LAND
- CANCELLED
- MINING RIGHTS ONLY
- SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY
- HIGHWAY & ROUTE NO.
- ROADS
- TRAILS
- RAILWAYS
- POWER LINES
- M. RSH OR MUSKOG
- MINES

*Wedge Mine
Hld.*

*used only with summer resort locations or when sp

TOWNSHIP OF

PORTER

DISTRICT OF
SUDBURY

SUDBURY
MINING DIVISION

SCALE : 1 INCH = 40 CHAINS (1/2

DR. Colin V T.

DATE 22 JUNE/72

PLAN NO.

M-1

ONTARIO

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RES

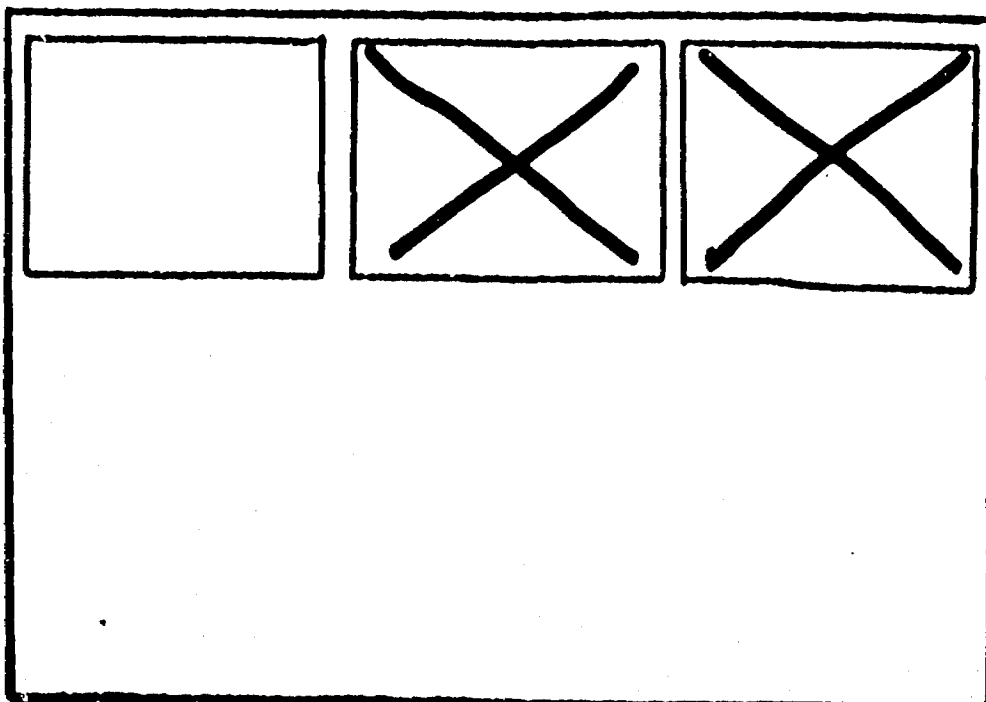
SURVEYS AND MAPPING BR

SEE ACCOMPANYING
MAP(S) IDENTIFIED AS

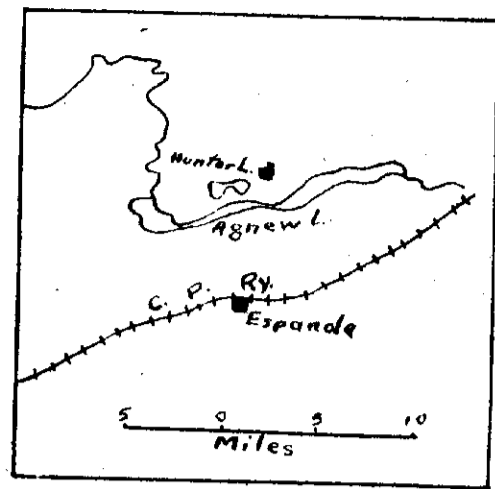
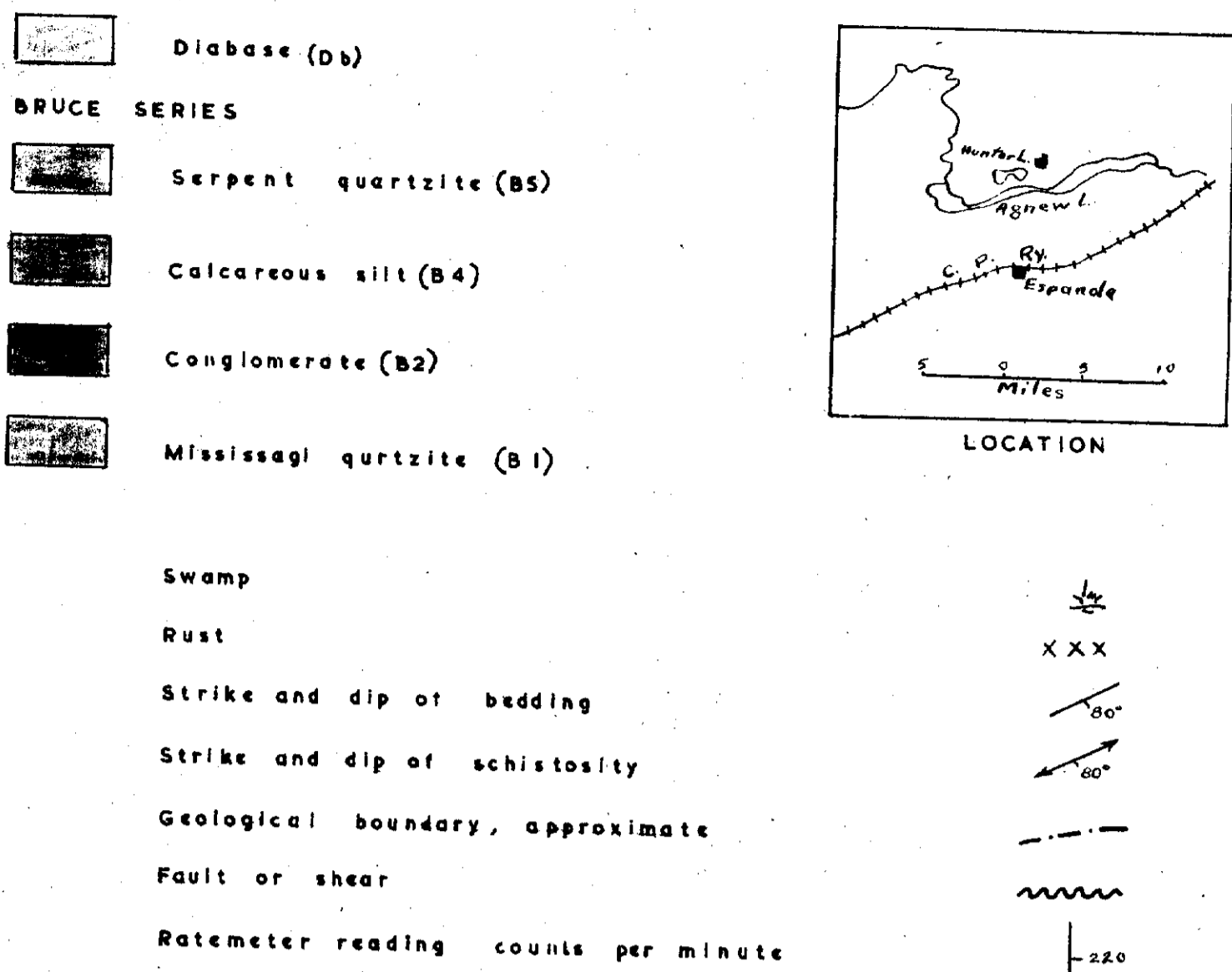
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#2

LOCATED IN THE MAP
CHANNEL IN THE FOLLOWING
SEQUENCE (X)

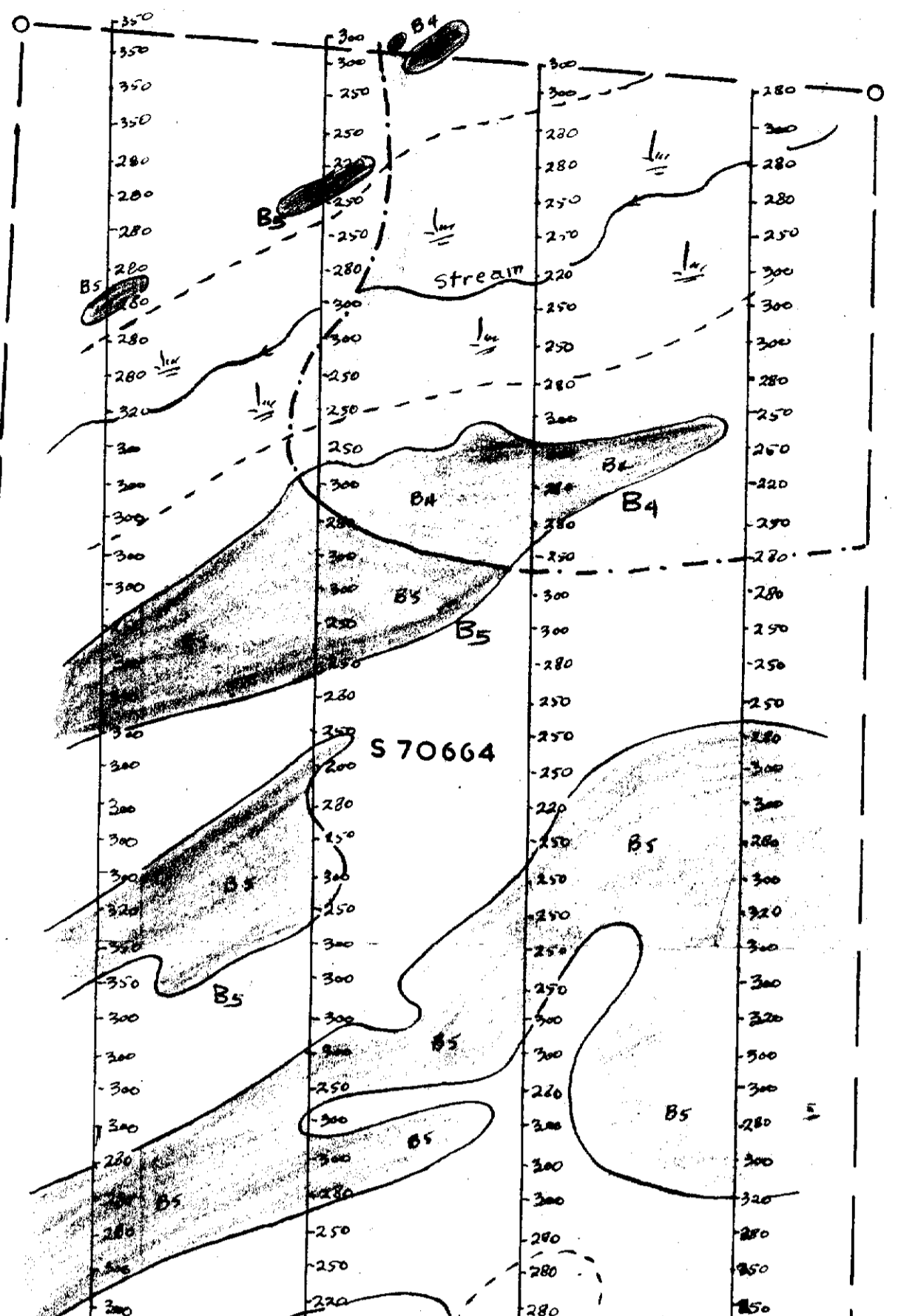
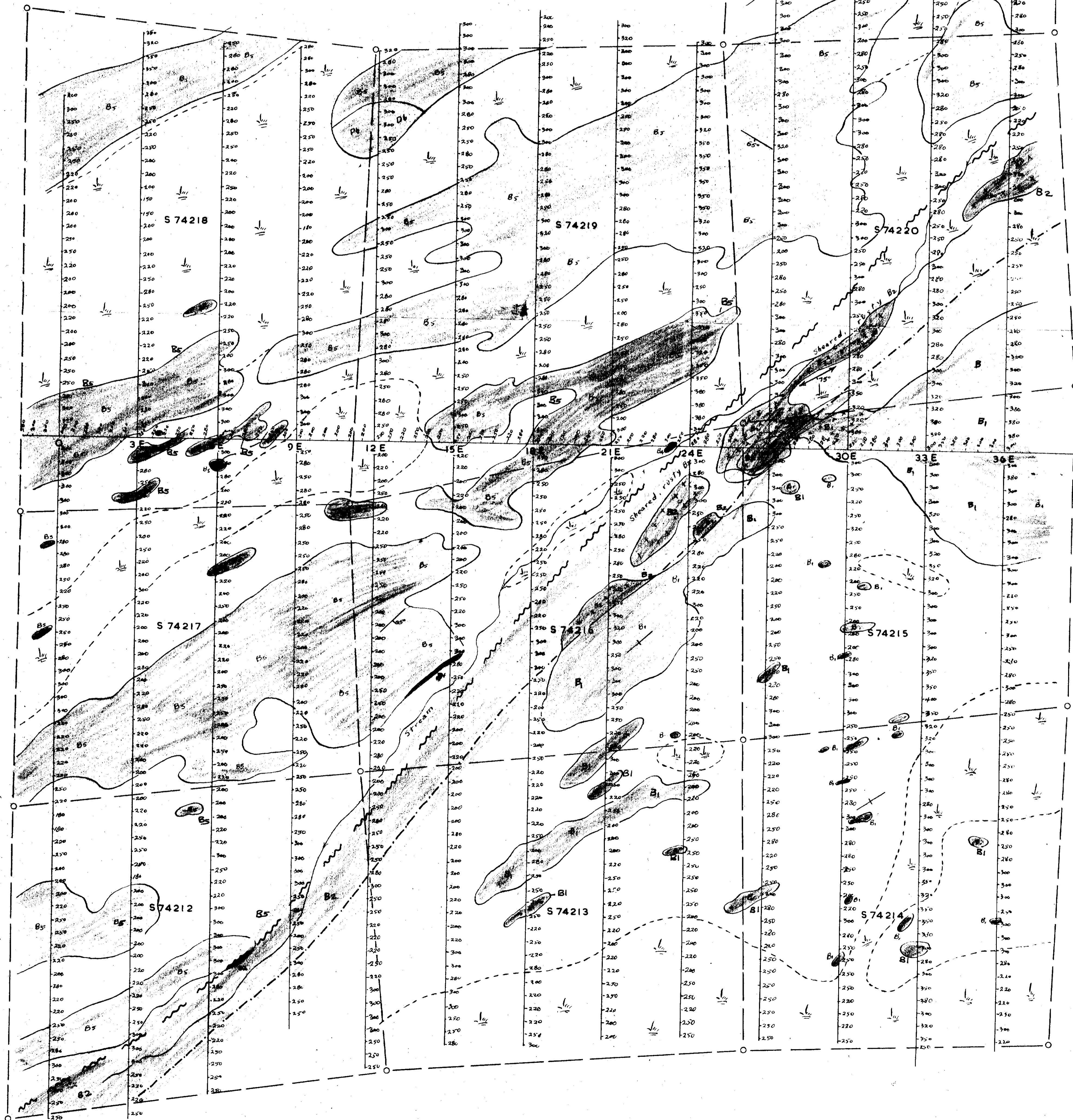


LEGEND

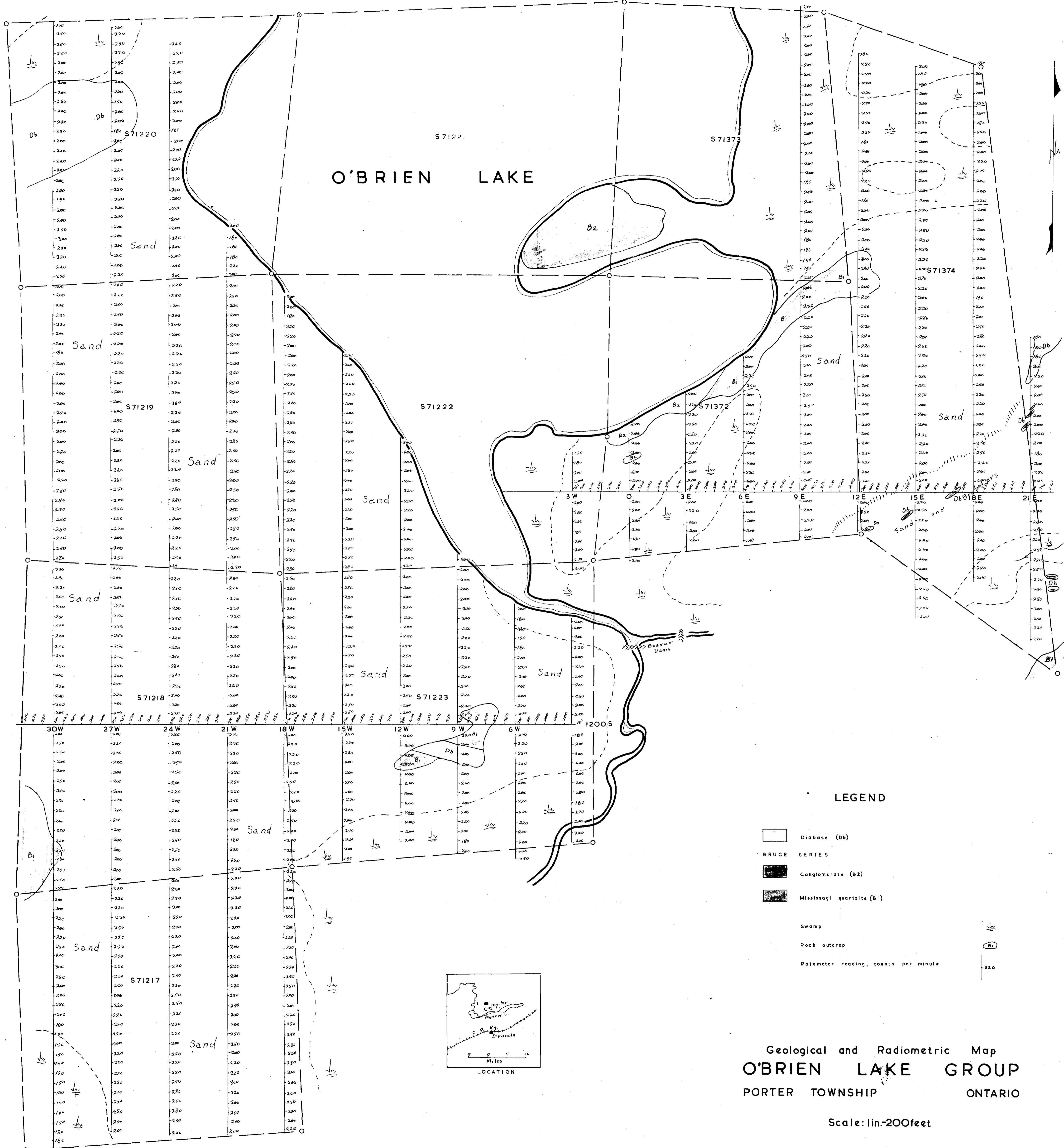


Geological and Radiometric Map
HUNTER CREEK GROUP
 PORTER TOWNSHIP ONTARIO

Scale: 1 inch = 200 feet

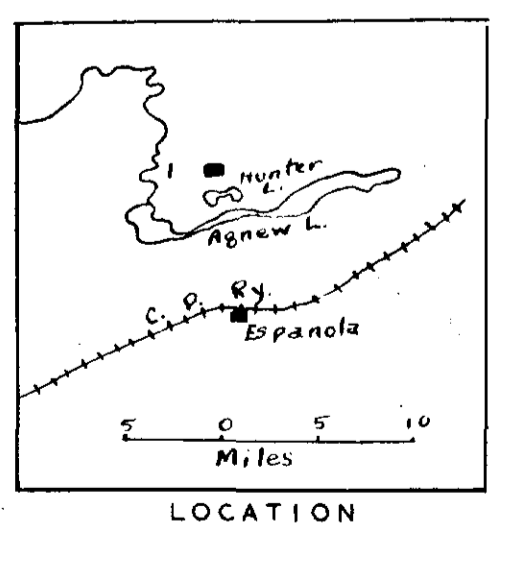


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LEGEND

- Diabase (Db)
- BRUCE SERIES
- Conglomerate (B2)
- Mississagi quartzite (B1)
- Swamp
- Rock outcrop
- Potometer reading, counts per minute



Geological and Radiometric Map
O'BRIEN LAKE GROUP
 PORTER TOWNSHIP ONTARIO

Scale: 1in.=200feet



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DEPT

PORTER-0018-B1-#1