PROULY OPTION LORNE TOWNSHIP DISTRICT OF SUDBURY ONTABLO 63.676

General

010

A group of eleven unpatented mining claims in Lorne Township District of Sudbury, held by this Company under an option agreement with A. Proulx, Timmins, Ontario, was surveyed by electromagnetic methods during the months of September and October, 1955. These claims are numbered as follows:

S.74225	N.B.‡ N.}	Lot 10	Con. V	Lorne	Township
8.74226	N.W. & S. 🚽	Lot 9	Con. V	[#]	n '
8.74227	N.B S	Lot 9	Con. V	E *	*
5.74228	S.R. 1 S. 1	Lot 9	Con. V	r *	N
5.74229	3.W. [N.]	Lot 10	Con. V	n	Ħ
S.74230	N.W. L N. 1	Lot 10	Con. V	¥	N
5.74231	S.W. 2 5.2	Lot 9	Con. V	τ *	*
8.74232	N.B.É N.J	Lot 9	Con. V	Ħ	₩
8.74233	3.8.1 N.J	Lot 9	Con. V		
5.74234	N.W. E N.J	Lot 9	Con. V		Ħ
8.74235	3.W. + N. 1	Lot 9	Con. V	Ħ	11

Purpose of Survey

The purpose of the survey was to locate electromagnetic conductors that may represent or lead to the discovery of valuable sulphide ores.

Company Conducting Survey

The electromagnetic survey was conducted by technicians employed by Noranda Mines, Limited during the period, September 15 to November 7, 1955. Results of Survey

The results of the electromagnetic survey are shown on the map accompanying this report. The receiver coil dip angle readings were taken at 100 foot intervals along north-south traverse lines 400 feet apart. Readings accompanied by the letter S represent a receiver coil dip angle southward and those accompanied by the letter H represent a receiver coil dip angle northward. All readings were taken with the transmitter set up at the location indicated by the number at the end of each line of readings. At stations where the signal was too indistinct or inductive interference blanked out the signal, the station is marked N.R.

In general the survey revealed that the area underlain by the claim group is fairly flat electromagnetically. Two crossovers were obtained in the northeast portion of the claim group, on that portion over which lines were cut at 200 foot intervals.

One crossover, indicating a conductor between lines 12E. and 14E. at 8 to 900 feet south of the baseline, is rather weak, and no indication of the nature of the conductor could be determined although bedrock is well exposed in the conductor area. Because of its weakness it is not considered to be significant.

A fairly strong conductor extends from line 18E. to line 24E. striking N.60°E. about 500 feet north of the base line. Steeper dip angles on the north side of the indicated conductor suggests that the conductor dips northward. As this conductor lies in low, wet ground, no indication of the possible nature of the conductor is observable. A series of strong faults trends in this direction from the southwest portion of the claim group and the conductor is believed to represent one of these faults. As such conductors due to electrolytic solutions along fault planes are common in low wet ground this conductor described above is not deemed worthy of further investigation, which could only be by diamond drilling.

Unfortunately a sone of varying widths along the C.P.R. railway was unreadable with the instrument because of interference both by false results caused by currents induced in steel tracks and fences, and by static interference caused by telegraph and telephone lines along the right of way. This sone is indicated on the map by stations marked N.R. (no reading).

Instrument and Sensitivity

The instrument used on the electromagnetic survey was a McPhar E.M. 1,000 cycle ground unit capable, with the large transmitter used, of a 2,500 foot range. The E.M. unit crusists of a transmitter assumbly and a receiver assembly.

Stations Established

Eight transmitter stations were established, and receiver stations were set up at 100 foot intervals along traverse lines 400 feet apart. Over the showing area in the northeast part of the property, transmitter state at 200 foot intervals. For the eight large coil transmitter stations established, 543 receiver stations were established.

General Geology

The main portion of the claim group is underlain by 'medium to coarse grained gabbro which is intrusive into quartrite of probable Mississagi age. The quartrite outcrops as a marrow strip along the hill facing north toward the railway tracks, and the formation strikes about N.70°E. and dips steeply northward. North of this hill, which is a prominent feature of the landscape, the claims are underlain by swamp and stream and a heavy overburden of sand and gravel. No outcrops of bedrock occur north of the railway on the claim group.

Respectfully submitted,

Shadwater

R. S. Woolverton.

RSW:s Bec. 28/55.

STATEMENT OF WORK

PROULE OPTION

LORNE TOWNSHIP

DISTRICT OF SUDBURY

Line cutting, chaining and Picketing	
Biler Maki, Worthington, Ontario	
September 16 - October 13, 1955	26
Instrument Work	
Operator: R.M. Davidson, Winnipeg, Manitoba September 16 - November 1, 1955	39
Assistant: K. Weiler, Sudbury, Ontario	
September 16 - November 1, 1955	39
Consultation and Supervision	
R. S. Woolverton, Don Mills, Ontario	
September 15 - November 7, 1955 (equivalent 8 hour days)	5
Field_Draughting	
R.M. Davidson (equivalent 8 hour days)	3
Office Draughting	
B.A. Shaw, Toronto, Ontario	
November 1 - 4, 1955	4
Report Preparation	
R. S. Woolverton, Don Hills, Ontario	_
November 8 - 9, 1955	_2_
Total 8 hour man days	118
Assessment work days 118 x 4 -	472
Assessment work per claim $\frac{472}{11} =$	42.9
Amount submitted per claim	40

Cortified by

ash ortuntor.

Geologist.

RSW: 8







