



41106SW0001 2.11791 LOUISE

010

**GEOLOGICAL REPORT OF
THE BEAR MOUNT ^{A/N} CLAIMS
LOUISE TOWNSHIP
SUDBURY MINING DISTRICT**

NTS SW1/4 of 411/6

LONGITUDE 86° 22' N

LATITUDE 46° 19'

RECEIVED

NOV 7 1988

OWNED BY: Robert Komarechka

MINING LANDS SECTION

Qual. 2.10828

**AUTHOR: Robert Komarechka P.Geol., and
Kai-Ming Kwok
396 Eva Ave. Apt. 1
Sudbury, Ontario
P3C 4N3**

SUDBURY MINING DIV.											
RECEIVED											
NOV - 3 1988											
A.M.						P.M.					
7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6

4.10.88

OCTOBER 25, 1988

Note: *Bluemount claims should read
Bearmountain claims*

INTRODUCTION

The ^YBea^{ain}mount claims consist of a grouping of four claims numbered 895159, 895160, 895161 and 895162. All these claims were staked on October 17, 1986.

The claims are initially staked for potential high purity quartzite (post depositional quartz veins and the quartzose-feldspathic sandstone) for industrial flux.

This report is the result of a series of prospecting and mapping trips in the area during the field season of 1988. This report shall concentrate on the geology of the area and the economic potential of the high purity quartzite.

LOCATION AND ACCESS

The Bluemount claims are located along the north shore of Georgian Bay about 30Km east of the town of Espanola in the eastern part of Louise township, District of Sudbury (Figure 1). Geographically, the property is located at a latitude of 46° 19' and longitude of 86° 22' or in reference to the NYS system, the 1/4 of 411/6.

Road access to the property is obtained via paved Hwy 17. Then at about 30Km east of Espanola, turn south on the gravel Hwy 549 and travel about 10Km to West Lake. The property lies within Concession 11 and lots 6, 7 and 8 of Louise Township.

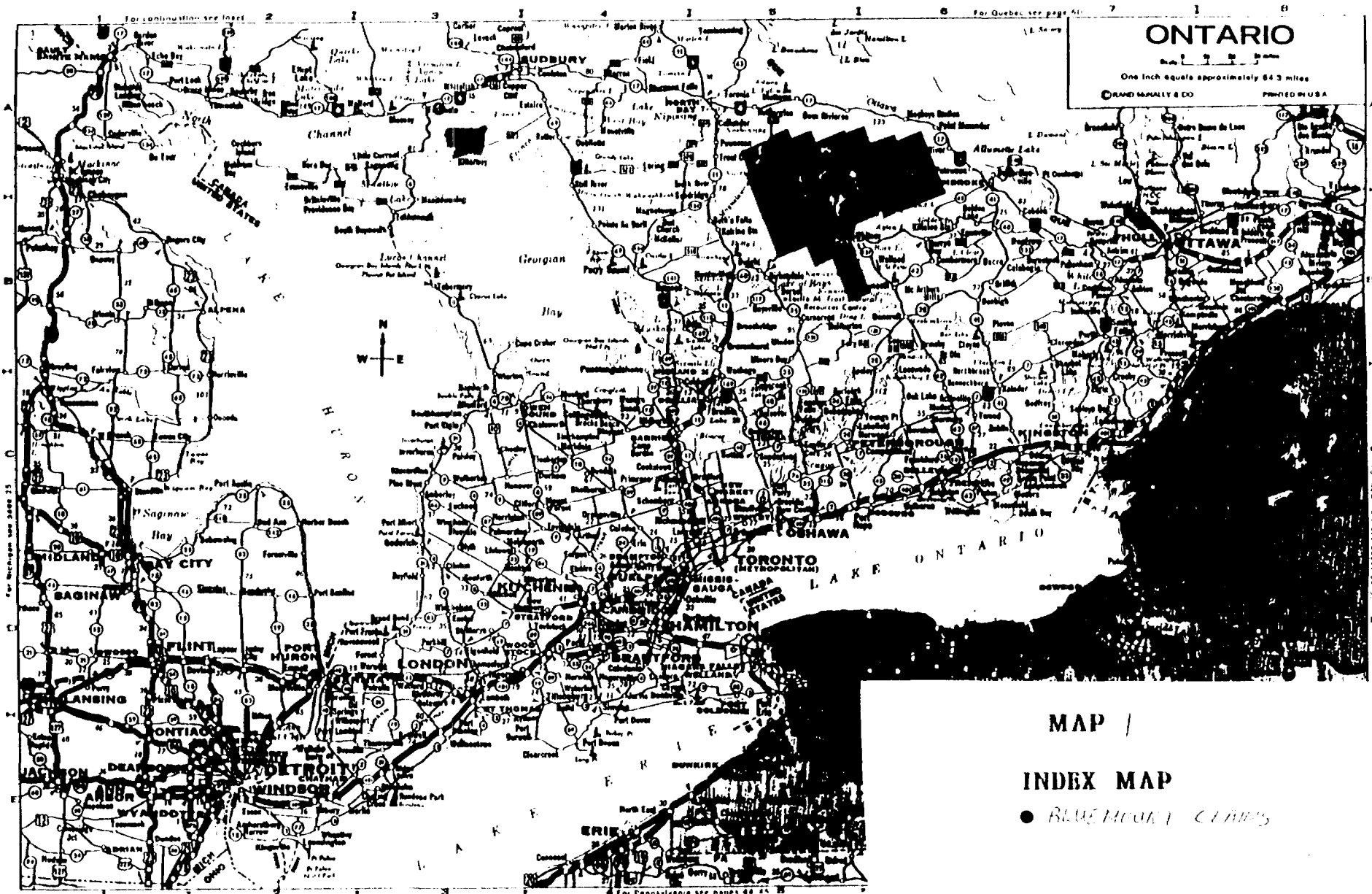
PREVIOUS WORK

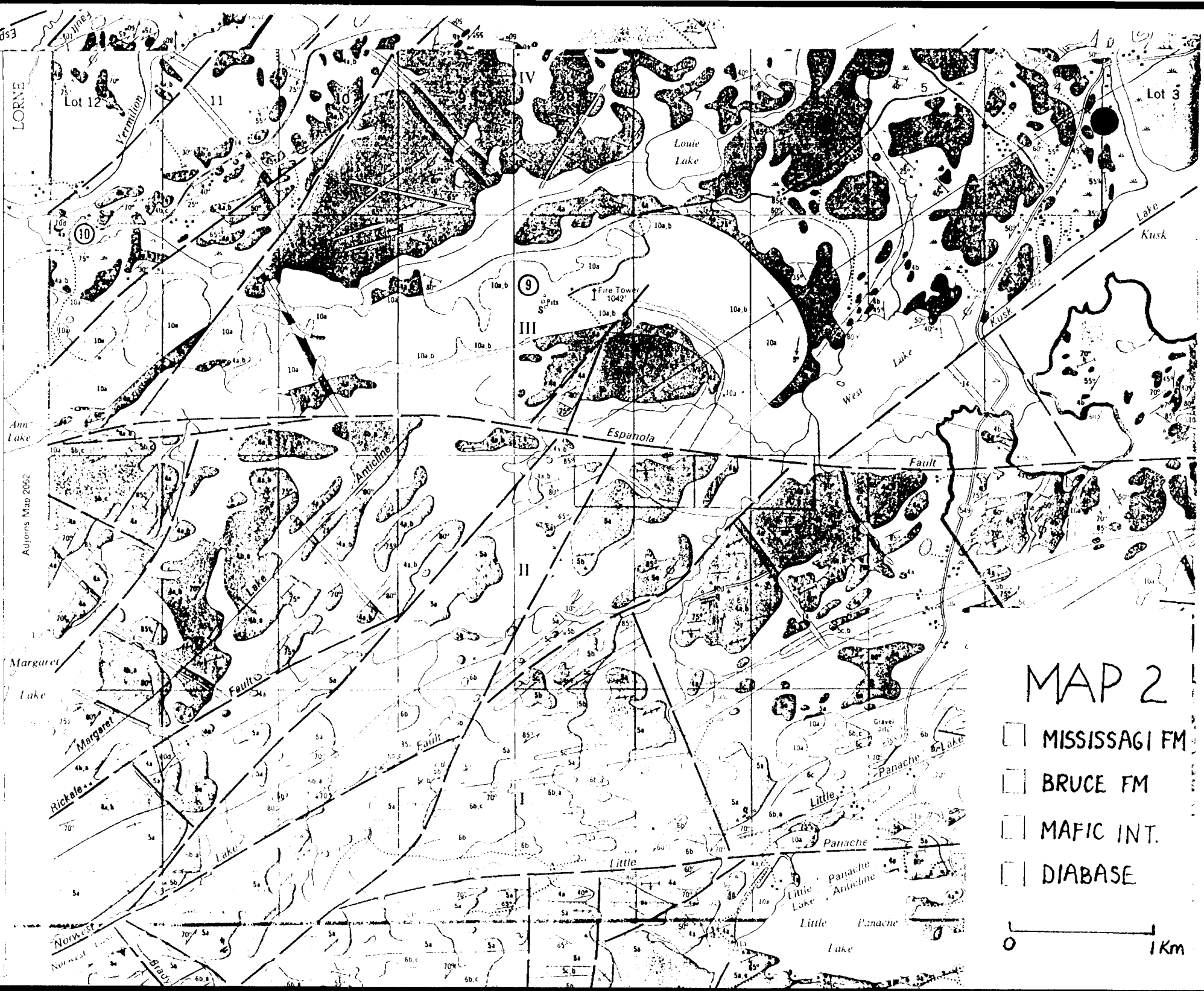
Card et. al. (1975) and Card (1978) mapped and studied the geology of the Louise-Eden area, including the area 4Km northwest of the Bluemount claims. From the map provided by the Ontario Division of Mine, it is concluded that the Bluemount claims are located at the middle to upper section of the Mississagi Formation and the lower section of the Bruce Formation (Figure 2). The claims are bounded by the Espanola Fault to the north and two subsidiary, northeast trending faults to the east and the west side of the claims.

TOPOGRAPHY, VEGETATION AND CLIMATE

The topography of the Bluemount Claims consists basically of an east-west trending ridge terminated to the north by a swampy creek and lake. This ridge is bisected by a by a south-west to north-east trending creek. To the east of the creek, the land rises steeply then maintains a hummocky undulating terrain.

To the west of the bisecting creek, the terrain adjacent to the north bordering swampy creek rises abruptly along quartz rich cliffs to a high east-west ridge then slope down toward the south.





MAP 2

- MISSISSAGI FM
- BRUCE FM
- MAFIC INT.
- DIABASE



Vegetation in the area consists of mixed growth of birch, maple, spruce and occasional pine. The lower area have thicker growth and the higher ridge areas have sparse growth. Outcrops were numerous in the higher ridge areas. Climate is moderate with snow beginning in late November and melting in late April.

GENERAL GEOLOGY

Initial geological work consisted of mapping of the perimeter of the four claims. It is followed by mapping along the boundaries of the interal adjacent claims. Afterward, mapping was done along the North-South traverses that were set at 100 meters interval in claims# 895159 and 895160 and at 200 meters interval in claims# 895161 and 895162. All mapping distances were measured with the use of hip chain. Five rock type were identified and they were described as follows:

A) Protoquartzite

This is the most abundant rock type in the area. It is a sandstone which composed of mostly quartz and feldspar with 10% to 20% matrix (Card, 1978, p.28). Individual grain size ranges from <0.5mm to about 1mm and graded beddings are common. This rock unit is grey or pink (hematitic cement?) in color. It strikes northeasterly and dips steeply to the southeast. The protoquartzite is generally massive (thick unit) without any trough or planar crossbedding. Post deposition milky white quartz veins are sometimes present in the protoquartzite. Large quartz veins are quite abundant in the northern part of claims# 895159 and 895160. In places, the quartz veins occur with folded sulphide bands within the fractures of the protoquartzite see Map 3).

B) Subgreywacke

This is a muddy-sandy unit which stratigraphically overlies(?) the protoquartzite. Generally, the average grain size of this unit is finer (fine sand to silt size) than the grey/pink protoquartzite and the subgreywacke appears to be more siliceous. Quartz veinlets are rarely seen in this rock type.

C) Polymictic quartzite

The polymictic quartzite is only seen in the southern part of claim# 895162. No sample was collected from this unit but it is assumed that this polymictic quartzite represents the lower section of the Bruce Formation. (Figure 2). Post depositional quartz veins are absent within this mapped unit.

D) Diabase dyke

A northwest trending diabase dyke was mapped in the area in claim# 895160. The sample collected indicate that the dyke had been sheared, altered and weakly mineralized. It is composed of mainly chlorite, epidote, carbonate, altered plagioclase, pyrite and magnetite. In places, post emplacement quartz veins are very abundant and wide spread. In general, the quartz veins

orientated subparallel to the dyke and the veins can be as wide as 25 meters (see map 3).

E) Granite

Two small granite outcrops were seen in claim# 895159. No detail description or sample was collected.

STRUCTURE

Generally the protoquartzite, subgreywacke and the polymictic quartzite strikes east-westerly and dips about 80° to the southeast. These Huronian sedimentary rocks were intruded by a northwest trending diabase dyke, which is now sheared and crosscut by abundant quartz veins. In addition, sedimentary rocks around the diabase appear to contain two generations of quartz veins/veinlets (orientated at 090° and 335°). In places, folded sulphides bands are associated with it. These high purity quartz occurs exclusively along the northern part of claim#895159 and 895160 (see map 3). This suggests the area where the quartz veins are abundant may represent the nose of a syncline or an anticline. The rock were fractured upon folding, and is now filled with quartz veins and sulphides. The completely different lithology in Claim# 895161 and 895162 probably represents a fault present near the claim boundary.

ECONOMIC GEOLOGY

The Bluemount claims consist of mostly Mississagi protoquartzite and subgreywacke with some polymictic quartzite and an altered diabase dyke. The major high purity quartz vein system occurs in the northern part of claim 895159 and 895160, which may represent the nose of a fold. No major quartz veins/veinlets were located in claim# 895162.

Chemical analysis of the Mississagi quartzite by Dupuis (1979) indicates that the SiO₂ content is between 85% to 90%, with an average of 87.6% SiO₂. Though the silica content in the quartzite is not as high as that in the veins, it may also be used as a potential industrial mineral.

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The availability of high quality quartz (>95%) from the mapped area is confined only to the large quartz vein of Claim# 895160. Optimistically, tonnage of this body is only about 18,000 tonnes. Further tonnages of >90% quartz is found along the northern cliff along Claims# 895160 and 895161. Quality of quartz is erratic here and care is required to avoid excessive feldspar contamination while mining. Overall tonnage of this material is estimated at 220,000 tonnes.

Although excessive, the white quartzite in the mapped area contains only 87% SiO₂ and should not be considered suitable for any industrial applications.

SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

<u>Sample no.</u>	<u>Description</u>
S1	Poorly sorted, massive quartzose feldspathic sandstone with some milky white quartz veinlets (0.5cm wide).
S2	Poorly sorted, massive quartzose feldspathic sandstone with abundant milky white/glassy quartz veinlets (0.5cm to 0.2cm wide).
S3	Sheared, altered and mineralized metavolcanic (mapped as diabase dyke). The specimen contains about 15% pyrite. Some milky white quartz veinlets present (<0.1cm wide).
S4	Mineralized metavolcanic similar to S3. This specimen contains abundant milky white quartz veins/veinlets (up to 8cm wide). The quartz appears to be interbanded with the metavolcanic.
S5	Massive quartz collected from the vein that crosscut the metavolcanic.
S6	Silicified metavolcanic rock. The sample contains abundant quartz veinlets (up to 2cm wide), which crosscut the matrix.
Sa1	Pinkish, poorly sorted quartzose feldspathic sandstone with some white quartz veinlets present (2cm wide). Graded beddings?
Sa 2	Very fine-grained (fine sand to silt size) green silicious quartzite. Quartz veinlets present crosscut the matrix (1cm wide).
Sa 3	Sample not found.
Sa 4	Poorly sorted, pinkish quartzite feldspathic sandstone with some small quartz veinlets (up to 1cm wide). Very similar to sample S 1.

- Sa 5 Poorly sorted, massive white quartzite. Subrounded quartz granules present enclosed by muddy matrix. Milky white quartz veinlets present.
- Sa 6 Massive, quartzose feldspathic sandstone showing graded beddings. Quartz veinlets present (0.5cm wide).
- Sa 7 Massive, very fine-grained silicious quartzite with no apparent quartz vein/veinlets.
- Sa 8 Sample not found.
- Sa 9, 10, 11, 13, 14 Greyish, silicious protoquartzite. Massive, no quartz veinlets present. The samples look very similar to the rocks near Laurentian University.
- B 2 Quartzose feldspathic sandstone with no apparent quartz veinlets.
- B 3 Well sorted sandstone with some rock fragments, quartz and feldspar. Massive with no quartz veinlets.
- B 4 Massive fine sandstone; no veinlets.

REFERENCES

- Card, K. D., Palonea, P. A. and Siemiatkowska, K. M. (1975)
"Geology of the Louise-Eden area, District of Sudbury."
ODM Geological report 124
- Card, K. D., Innes, D. G. and Debicki, R. L. (1977)
"Stratigraphy, sedimentology and petrology of the Huronian
Supergroup in the Sudburt-Espanola area."
ODM Geoscience study 16
- Card, K. D. (1978)
"Geology of the Sudbury-Manitoulin area, District of Sudbury and
Manitoulin."
OGS Report 166.
- Dupuis, L. (1979)
"The nature and origin of Sudbury Breccia near Lake Laurentian."
Unpublished MSc thesis, Laurentian University.

APPENDIX 1

AFFIDAVIT

I, Robert G. Komarechka P.Geol., hereby declare that I, with the assistance of Joe Kowal and Kai-Ming Kwok carried out the work described in this report which was undertaken between October, 1986 and November, 1988.



Robert G. Komarechka P.Geol.

Dated at Sudbury, Ontario, this 1st day of November 1988.

APPENDIX 2

CERTIFICATE

I, Robert G. Komarechka, of the City of Sudbury, in the Province of Ontario hereby certify as follows:

1. That I am a consulting geologist residing in Sudbury.
2. That I am a graduate, BSc. Geology major of Laurentian University of Sudbury, Ontario, a registered professional geologist in the Province of Alberta affiliated with the Canadian Council of Professional Engineers, and that I have been practising my profession for eight years.
3. That I am familiar with the geology of this area, having lived in the Sudbury area most of my life and prospected here for the past 18 years.

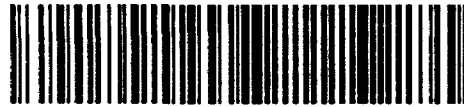


Robert G. Komarechka P.Geol.

Dated at Sudbury, Ontario, this 1st day of November, 1988.



Ontario



411065W0001 2.11791 LOUISE

900

Ministry of
Northern Development
and Mines

Ministère du
Développement du Nord
et des Mines

Whitney Block, Room 6610
Queen's Park
Toronto, Ontario
M7A 1W3

Telephone: (416) 965-4888

November 21, 1988

Your file: W8807-181
Our file: 2.11791

Mining Recorder
Ministry of Northern Development and Mines
Bag 3000
200 Brady Street, 6th floor
Sudbury, Ontario
P3A 5W2

Dear Sir:

Re: Geological Survey submitted under Section 77(19) of the Mining Act
R.S.O. 1980 on Mining Claims S 895159 to 161 inclusive in Louise Township

The enclosed statement of assessment work credits for Geological Survey has been approved as of the above date.

Please inform the recorded holder of these mining claims and so indicate on your records.

Yours sincerely,

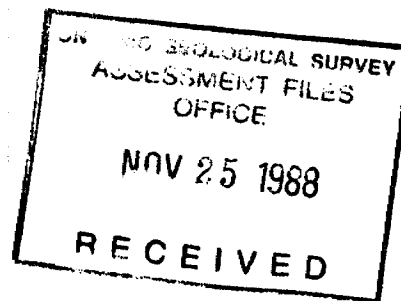
W.R. Cowan
Provincial Manager, Mining Lands
Mines & Minerals Division
Rm

RM:p1
Enclosure (2)

cc: Resident Geologist
Sudbury, Ontario

Mr. Carman Fielding
R.R. 2
Lively Ontario
POM 2E0

Mr. Robert Komarechka
Suite #1
346 Eva Ave.
Sudbury, Ontario
P3C 4N3





Recorded Holder
Mr. Carman Fielding

Township or Area
Louise

Type of survey and number of Assessment days credit per claim	Mining Claims Assessed
<p>Geophysical</p> <p>Electromagnetic _____ days</p> <p>Magnetometer _____ days</p> <p>Radiometric _____ days</p> <p>Induced polarization _____ days</p> <p>Other _____ days</p>	<p>S 895159 to 161 inclusive</p>
<p>Section 77 (19) See "Mining Claims Assessed" column</p>	
<p>Geological <u>40</u> days</p>	
<p>Geochemical _____ days</p> <p>Man days <input type="checkbox"/> Airborne <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Special provision <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ground <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Credits have been reduced because of partial coverage of claims.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Credits have been reduced because of corrections to work dates and figures of applicant.</p>	

Special credits under section 77 (16) for the following mining claims

No credits have been allowed for the following mining claims

not sufficiently covered by the survey insufficient technical data filed

The Mining Recorder may reduce the above credits if necessary in order that the total number of approved assessment days recorded on each claim does not exceed the maximum as follows: Geophysical - 80; Geological - 40; Geochemical - 40; Section 77(19) - 60.



Ministry of Northern Development and Mines

Report of Work (Geophysical, Geological, Geochemical and Expenditures)

DOCUMENT No. **W8807-181**

Instructions: - Please type or print.
- If number of mining claims traversed exceeds space on this form, attach a list.
Note: - Only days credits calculated in the "Expenditures" section may be entered in the "Expend. Days Cr." columns.
- Do not use shaded areas below.

021-2972

Mining Act

Type of Survey(s) **GEOLOGICAL** Township or Area **LOUISE**

Claim Holder(s) **Garnett Fielding** Prospector's Licence No. **619716**

Address **RR 2 Lively PO Box 250** Total Miles of line Cut **683/404**

Survey Company **BEDROCK CONSULTING** Date of Survey (from & to) **14 5 88 27 8 88**

Name and Address of Author (of Geo-Technical report) **Robert Komarechka suite #1, 396 EVA AVE, SUDBURY ONTARIO**

Credits Requested per Each Claim in Columns at right

Special Provisions	Geophysical	Days per Claim
For first survey: Enter 40 days. (This includes line cutting)	- Electromagnetic	
	- Magnetometer	
For each additional survey: using the same grid: Enter 20 days (for each)	- Radiometric	
	- Other	
	Geological	30
	Geochemical	

Men Days	Geophysical	Days per Claim
Complete reverse side and enter total(s) here	- Electromagnetic	
	- Magnetometer	
	- Radiometric	
	- Other	
	Geological	12
	Geochemical	

Airborne Credits	Geophysical	Days per Claim
Note: Special provisions credits do not apply to Airborne Surveys.	- Electromagnetic	
	- Magnetometer	
	- Radiometric	

Mining Claims Traversed (List in numerical sequence)

Prefix	Mining Claim Number	Expend. Days Cr.	Prefix	Mining Claim Number	Expend. Days Cr.
S	895159	42			
S	895160	42			
S	895161	42			
S	895162	42			

SUDBURY MINING DIV. RECEIVED AUG 29 1988

RECEIVED

SEP 1 1988

MINING LANDS SECTION

Expenditures (excludes power stripping)

Type of Work Performed

Performed on Claim(s)

Calculation of Expenditure Days Credits

Total Expenditures \$ ÷ 15 = Total Days Credits

Instructions: Total Days Credits may be apportioned at the claim holder's choice. Enter number of days credits per claim selected in columns at right.

Total number of mining claims covered by this report of work. **43**

Date Recorded Holder or Agent (Signature)

For Office Use Only

Total Days Cr. Recorded **126** Date Recorded **9 SEPT. 1988** Mining Recorder **J.C. Miller**

Date Approved & Recorded Branch Director

Certification Verifying Report of Work

I hereby certify that I have a personal and intimate knowledge of the facts set forth in the Report of Work annexed hereto, having performed the work or witnessed same during and/or after its completion and the annexed report is true.

Name and Postal Address of Person Certifying **Robert Komarechka suite #1, 396 EVA AVE, SUDBURY ONTARIO**

P3C 4N3 Date Certified **AUG 28 1988** Certified by (Signature) **[Signature]**

ON THE RECORD
 TOBACCO
 Assessment Work Breakdown

Man Days are based on eight (8) hour Technical or Line-cutting days. Technical days include work performed by consultants, draftsmen, etc..

Type of Survey ~~GEOLOGICAL O.M.T. RJA~~

Technical Days	Technical Days Credits	Line-cutting Days	Total Credits	No. of Claims	Days per Claim
12 × 7 = 84					

Type of Survey GEOLOGICAL

Technical Days	Technical Days Credits	Line-cutting Days	Total Credits	No. of Claims	Days per Claim
6 × 7 = 42		+ 6 =	48	+ 4 =	12

Type of Survey

Technical Days	Technical Days Credits	Line-cutting Days	Total Credits	No. of Claims	Days per Claim
[] × 7 = []		+ [] =	[]	+ [] =	[]

Type of Survey

Technical Days	Technical Days Credits	Line-cutting Days	Total Credits	No. of Claims	Days per Claim
[] × 7 = []		+ [] =	[]	+ [] =	[]

NOTES

400' surface rights reservation along the shores of all lakes and rivers

This Township lies within the Town of WALDEN

SAND & GRAVEL

AREAS WITHDRAWN FROM DISPOSITION

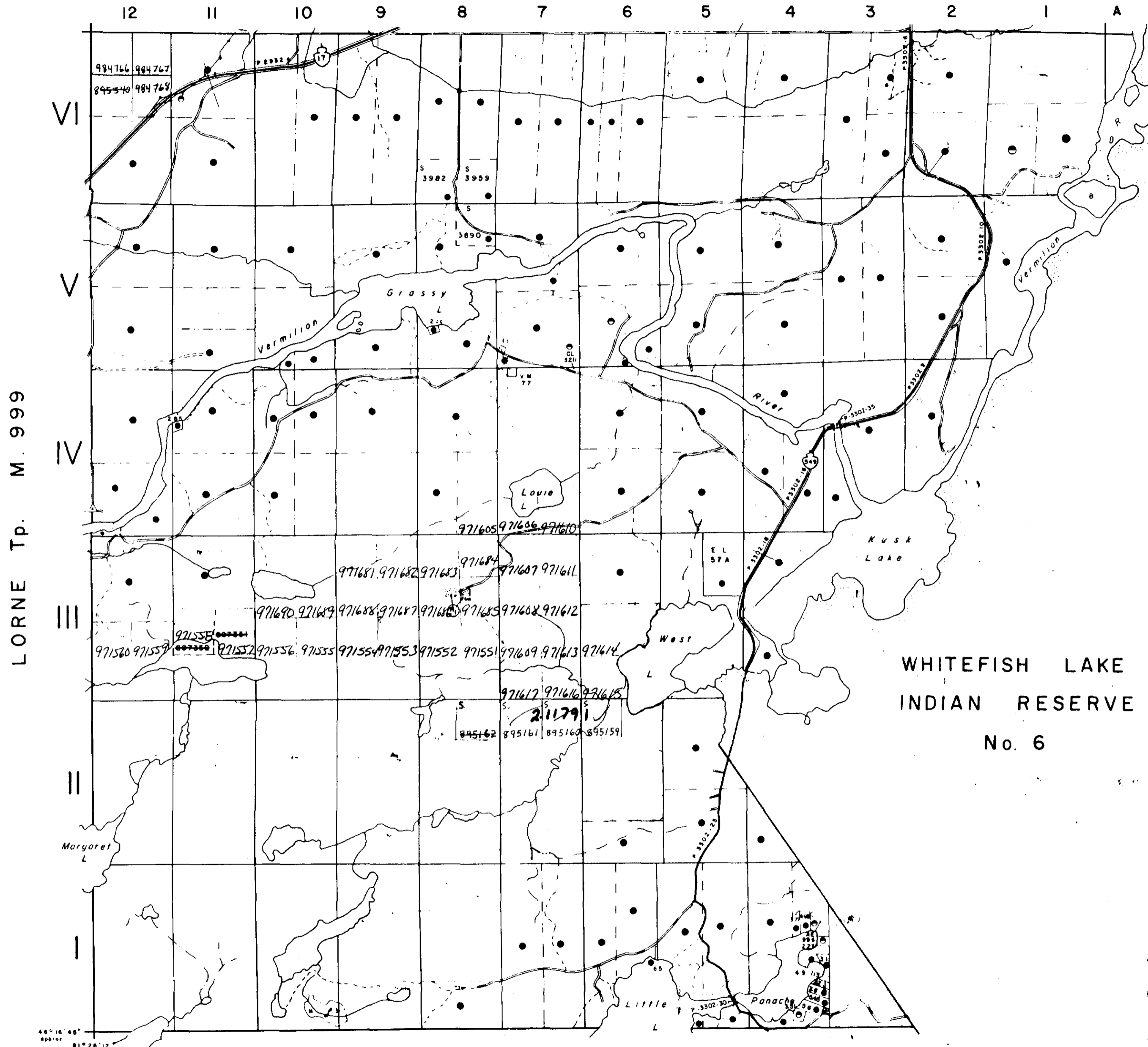
M.R.O. - MINING RIGHTS ONLY

S.R.O. - SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY*

M.+S. - MINING AND SURFACE RIGHTS

Description	Order No.	Date	Disposition	File
SEC. 36/80	W. 6/83	7/4/83	M.S.	188539

DENISON Tp. M. 756



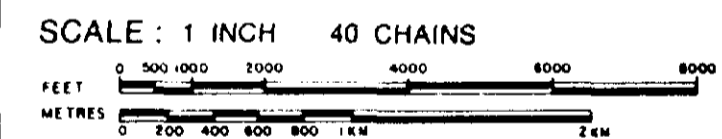
WHITEFISH LAKE
INDIAN RESERVE
No. 6

LEGEND

- HIGHWAY AND ROUTE No.
- OTHER ROADS
- TRAILS
- SURVEYED LINES:
 - TOWNSHIPS, BASE LINES, ETC.
 - LOTS, MINING CLAIMS, PARCELS, ETC.
- UNSURVEYED LINES:
 - LOT LINES
 - PARCEL BOUNDARY
 - MINING CLAIMS ETC.
- RAILWAY AND RIGHT OF WAY
- UTILITY LINES
- NON-PERENNIAL STREAM
- FLOODING OR FLOODING RIGHTS
- SUBDIVISION
- ORIGINAL SHORELINE
- MARSH OR MUSKEG
- MINES

DISPOSITION OF CROWN LANDS

- | TYPE OF DOCUMENT | SYMBOL |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| PATENT SURFACE & MINING RIGHTS | ● |
| SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY | ○ |
| MINING RIGHTS ONLY | ◐ |
| LEASE SURFACE & MINING RIGHTS | ■ |
| SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY | ◼ |
| MINING RIGHTS ONLY | ◑ |
| LICENCE OF OCCUPATION | ▼ |
| CROWN LAND SALE | CS |
| ORDER-IN-COUNCIL | OC |
| RESERVATION | ⊙ |
| CANCELLED | ⊘ |
| SAND & GRAVEL | ⊚ |



ACRES	HECTARES
40	16

TOWNSHIP

LOUISE

DISTRICT

SUDBURY
DATE OF ISSUE
SEP 21 1988
MINING DIVISION
SUDBURY
MINING RECORDER'S OFFICE

Ministry of Natural Resources

Ontario Surveys and Mapping Branch

Date 3.7.88 Plan No.

Whitney Block
Queen's Park, Toronto

M. 998



411065W0001 2.11791 LOUISE

DIEPPE Tp. M. 761

Map 3 Geology of the
 BEAR MOUNTAIN 2.11791
 Claims

- LEGEND
- 1a Greyish Protoquartzite
 - 1b Pinkish Protoquartzite
 - 2 Subgreywacke
 - 3 Polymictic Quartzite
 - 4 Diabase
 - 5 Granite
 - Q Quartz veins
 - Δ Breccia
 - S Sulphide bands
 - Sa6 Sample location
 - Geological Boundary (defined, assumed)
 - - - Swamp Boundary
 - - - Claim Boundary
 - Electrical line
 - - - Trails

