REPORT

On

SPECTRAL IP/RESISTIVITY And MAGNETOMETER SURVEYS

CONDUCTED ON THE

DAVIS-KELLY PROPERTY

NORTHEASTERN ONTARIO

NTS: 41 I/10

FOR

PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORPORATION

JVX Ltd.

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SPECTRAL IP/RESISTIVITY And MAGNETOMETER SURVEYS

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DAVIS-KELLY PROPERTY

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NTS: 41 I/10

For: **Pacific North West Capital Corporation**
626 West Pender Street, Mezzanine Floor
Vancouver, British Columbia V6B 1V9

Tel: 800-671-0599
Attention: Mr. John Royall

And For: **JB Exploration and Development**
225 Ferndale Avenue
Sudbury, Ontario P3B 3C2

Tel: (705) 524-8060
Fax: (705) 521-0653
Attention: Mr. Scott Jobin-Bevans

By: JVX Ltd.
60 Wilmot Street West, Unit #22
Richmond Hill, Ontario L4B 1M6
Tel: (905) 731-0972
Fax: (905) 731-9312
Contact: Blaine Webster

JVX Ref: 9961
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

LIST OF FIGURES

LIST OF TABLES

LIST OF APPENDICES

LIST OF PLATES

1. INTRODUCTION

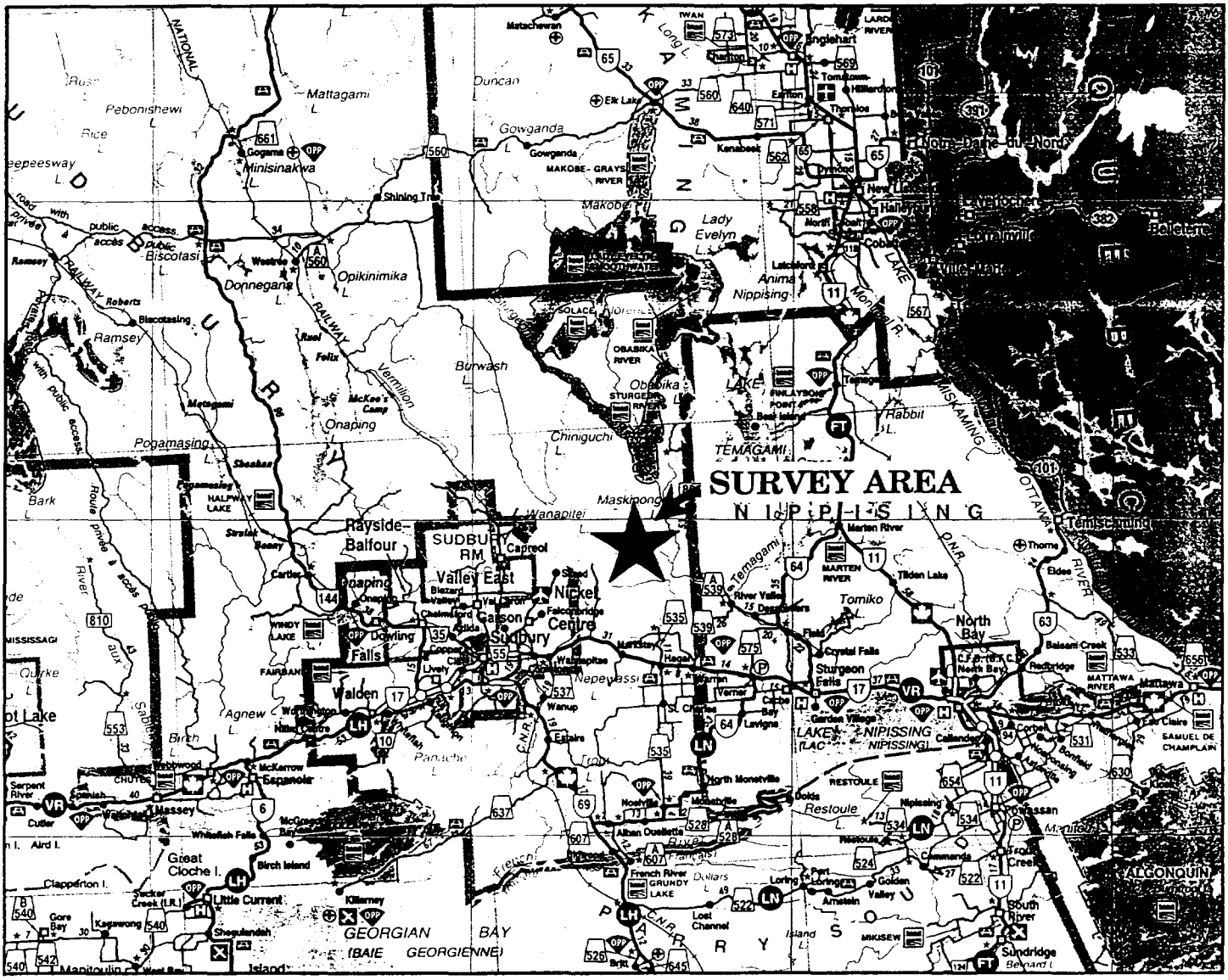
JVX Ltd. conducted IP Time-Domain ***Spectral*** Induced Polarization (IP)/Resistivity and Magnetometer surveys from December 15 to 21,1999 on behalf of Pacific North West Capital Corporation. The survey was conducted on the Davis-Kelly property located northeast of Sudbury (N.T.S. 41 I/10). The property is accessible by travelling north from the town of Hagar.The property location map is shown in Figure 1.

The purpose of this survey was to map disseminated sulphides associated with two (2) zones of platinum group metals mineralization.

2. SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS and PRODUCTION SUMMARY

IP/RESISTIVITY	
Transmitter	Scintrex IPC-7/2.5 kW
Receiver	Scintrex IPR-12
Array Type	Pole-Dipole
Transmit Cycle Time	2 sec
Receive Cycle Time	2 sec
Number of Potential Electrode Pairs	8
Electrode Spacing	12.5 & 25m
Station Spacing	12.5 m
Number of Lines Surveyed	5
Survey Coverage	3475 m

Table 1: Specifications for the IP/Resistivity Survey



LOCATION MAP
PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORPORATION
DAVIS - KELLY PROPERTY
Northeastern Ontario
NTS 41I/10
GROUND GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY
Scale 1 : 1,600,000

Survey by **JVX Ltd.**
December 1999

Figure 1

MAGNETICS	
Instrument	Field: Scintrex ENVIMAG Base Station: Scintrex IGS-2
Sensor Type	Proton Precession
Station Spacing	12.5 m
Number of Lines Surveyed	9
Survey Coverage	7740 m

Table 2: Specifications for the Magnetometer Survey

The production summaries are listed in the following tables:

IP/RESISTIVITY					
Line	Survey Configuration	From Station	To Station	Distance (m)	No. of Readings
0	12.5 m & 25 m dipoles	600.0E	1600.0E	1000.0	70
50N	12.5 m & 25 m dipoles	800.0E	1600.0E	800.0	64
700N	12.5 m & 25 m dipoles	900.0E	1725.0E	825.0	56
750N	12.5 m & 25 m dipoles	900.0E	1375.0E	425.0	38
800N	12.5 m & 25 m dipoles	900.0E	1325.0E	425.0	24
Total				**3475.0**	**252**

Table 3: Production Summary for the IP/Resistivity Survey

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY				
Line	From Station	To Station	Distance (m)	No. of Readings
50S	600.0E	1575.0E	975.0	79
0	600.0E	1600.0E	1000.0	81
50N	600.0E	1250.0E	650.0	53
100N	600.0E	1250.0E	650.0	53
200N	600.0E	1600.0E	1000.0	81
700N	750.0E	1750.0E	1000.0	81
750N	900.0E	1375.0E	475.0	39
800N	750.0E	1725.0E	975.0	79
850N	750.0E	1762.5E	1012.5	82
Total			**7740**	**628**

Table 4: Production Summary for the Magnetometer Survey

3. PERSONNEL

Jan Kozel (Geophysicist, Party Chief)
Mr. Kozel acted as Party Chief and was responsible for day-to-day field operations and overall data quality.

Gord Hume (Geophysical Technician)
Mr. Hume assisted Mr. Kozel with the day-to-day field operations.

Graham Stone (Geophysical Technician)
Mr. Stone conducted the magnetometer survey.

(2) Field assistants were also engaged by JVX.

Dagmar Piska & Vaso Lymberis (Draftspersons):
Ms. Piska and Ms. Lymberis drafted the figures/plates and assembled this report.

John Gilliatt (Senior Geophysicist)
Mr. Gilliatt assisted processed and plotted the data and prepared this report. He also liased with the field party chief.

Blaine Webster (President, JVX Ltd.):
Mr. Webster assisted intrepreted the IP/resisitivity results and provided overall supervision of the survey.

4. FIELD INSTRUMENTATION

JVX supplied the geophysical instruments specified in Appendix A.

4.1 IP Transmitter

The **Scintrex IPC-7/2.5 kW Time Domain Transmitter** powered by an eight-horsepower motor generator was used. The transmitter generates square wave current output with a period of 4, 8, or 16 seconds. Stabilization circuitry ensures that the output current is automatically controlled to within ±0.1% for up to 50% external load or ± 10% input voltage variations. Voltage, current and circuit resistance are presented on an analog display.

4.2 IP Receiver

The **Scintrex IPR-12 Time Domain Receiver** was used. This unit samples the voltage decay curve as measured by the potential electrodes at ten points in time. Readings are repeated until they converge to within a tolerance level, and the data are stored in solid-state memory.

4.2.1 Pole-Dipole "Special Penetrating Array"

The pole-dipole survey configuration was used. Typically this array consists of as many as 9 mobile electrodes: one current electrode C_1 and as many as eight potential electrodes (P_1 to P_8 connected to the receiver by means of the "Snake"). The infinity current location C_2 was maintained at a large distance from the grid.

For this survey a modified version of the standard layout was employed. This is referred to as the "**Special Penetrating Array**". A diagram of the array is provided in Appendix B.

Both porous ceramic pots containing a copper sulphate solution and steel electrodes were used to achieve good contact with the ground.

4.3 Magnetometers

Scintrex ENVIMAG proton precession magnetometer was used to measure the total magnetics over the grid.

Magnetic data was collected at 12.5-m intervals along gridlines.

A Scintrex IGS-2 proton precession magnetometer was employed as a base station to monitor the diurnal variations in the earth's magnetic field.

5. DATA PROCESSING

5.1 IP/Resistivity

After being transferred to a field computer at the end of each survey day, the data were examined, corrected, and organized by the instrument operator. Initial results were plotted on a

- FUJITSU DL 2400 dot-matrix printer

These plots were used to monitor progress and data quality, and to make an initial interpretation.

The data were sent by courier or e-mail to the head office of JVX in Richmond Hill, Ontario. They were processed and results were plotted on the following printers as was necessary:

- HEWLETT PACKARD DESIGNJET 750C 36 inch colour plotter
- HEWLETT PACKARD DESIGNJET 350C 24 inch colour plotter
- HEWLETT PACKARD 5L Laser printer

The processing procedure is outlined below:

1) **JVX** in-house software was used to spatially reference the time-domain data. Spectral *tau* and *M-IP* were calculated - in addition to chargeability and apparent resistivity. The spectral parameters describe the shape of the IP decay curve, giving information about:
    - the grain size (indicated by the parameter *tau*),
    - the magnitude of the chargeable source (indicated by *M-IP*),
    - The variability of grain size (indicated by *c*, not presented/discussed here).

    The spectral parameters were calculated internally in the IPR-12 and with ***SoftII*** (Scintrex). ***SoftII*** software works on IPR-11 format data and it also varies the spectral value *c*, whereas the IPR-12 circuitry uses a fixed value for *c*. **JVX**'s extensive experience with ***SoftII*** provides more reliable interpretative results. In-

character of the Log-Lin decay curve. This estimation proved satisfactory for our purposes, based on sensitivity analyses done on a test data sample.

2) The **GEOSOFT IP Package** was used to generate colour and black and white pseudosections of chargeability and resistivity data.

5.2 Magnetics

1) The profiles and postings of the magnetic data were generated using the **GEOSOFT MAPPING** package.

2) Plan maps of the magnetic data were also produced using the **GEOSOFT Mapping** package.

6. INTERPRETATION METHODOLOGY

JVX uses its many years of experience in geophysical interpretation to extract the most accurate information from the data. The procedures involved are simplified for the sake of clarity.

6.1 IP /resistivity

The IP and resistivity data are interpreted using the following procedure:

1) Chargeability anomalies are picked on the pseudosections and classified using the following scheme *as a guide*:

———	*Very Strong* (> 30 mV/V) and well defined
———	*Strong* (20 to 30 mV/V) and well defined
— —	*Moderate* (10 to 20 mV/V) and well defined
– – –	*Weak* (5 to 10 mV/V) and well defined
. . . . .	*Very Weak* (3 to 5 mV/V) and poorly defined
x x x x	*Extremely Weak* (<3 mV/V) and very poorly defined

The peak of the anomaly provides a qualitative indication of the depth to the top of the anomalous source and the location of the centre of the body. Where possible, the location and dipole number of the peak are written beside the anomaly bar.

2) The spectral characteristics of the anomalies are examined. The peak value of *M-IP* is noted, and *tau* is classified according to the following scheme:

IPR-12/SoftII Scheme:

L *Long* (> 10 s)

M *Medium* (0.5 s to 10 s)

S *Short* (< 0.5 s)

3) Resistivity anomalies are picked on the pseudosections and classified using the following scheme *as a guide*:

no symbol	**VH(*n*)** *Very High* (> 25 000 ohm m) — highly silicified
no symbol	**H(*n*)** *High* (> 10 000 ohm m) — probably silicified
no symbol	**WH(*n*)** *Weak High* (< 10 000 ohm m) — relative increase compared to surrounding material
— —	**SL(*n*)** *Strong Low* — strong decrease in resistivity
– – –	**ML(*n*)** *Medium Low* — medium decrease in resistivity
. . . . .	**WL(*n*)** *Weak Low* — weak resistivity decrease relative to surrounding material, where *n* is the dipole number at which the anomaly peak is located.

4) The anomalies from steps 1 to 3 are marked on the Compilation Map.

5) Zones of high chargeability are interpreted based on resistivity and geometric information.

6) The anomalies are rated according to JVX' past experience.

7. DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

Results of the geophysical surveys have been plotted as described in the previous section and are included in Appendix C of this report. Anomalous geophysical zones and trends have been identified on the IP pseudosections.

The IP survey has identified generally very weak to weak chargeability zones associated with variable resistivity values. Well-defined anomalies do not occur coincident with the PGE occurrences but weak chargeability features are present.

The Magnetometer survey cover most of the IP lines with the exception of the eastern portion of line 50N. In the south the Zone 1 PGE mineralization occurs within a narrow magnetic low zone which bisects higher magnetic values to the southeast and northwest. In the north, the PGE occurrence appears coincident with an apparent northeast-southwest high magnetic zone.

On lines 0 & 50N, the chargeability and resistivity sections suggests a geological contact occurs in the vicinity of 1300E. West of 1300E low to moderate resistivities are associated with background chargeabilities in the 2 mV/V range. To the east high resistivities coincide with background chargeabilities in the 6 mV/V range.

At the north end (lines 700N, 750N, & 800N) background chargeabilities are low with anomalous zones in the 3 to 5 mV/V range. The anomalous zones are usually coincident with high resistivities.

A summary of the priority chargeability zones is provided below.

ZONE 1

IP-1 (0+50N/9+25E – 9+75E)

Zone IP-1 is a moderate chargeability zone that is on the west flank of a resistivity high. The MIP reaches 300 mV/V and suggests the source is coarse grained. The best area to prospect IP-1 is 50N/9+50E.

IP-2 (0+50N/13+00E-13+25E TO 00/ 12+50E – 12+75E)

Zone IP-2 is a very weak to weak chargeability zone that is located on the west flank of a resistivity high. The resistivity low associated with overburden may cause a masking effect of the chargeability response. The MIP values reach 97 Mv/V which is very weak. The source may be explained mainly by the increase in resistivity. The best area to prospect IP-2 is at 50N/112+62.5E.

Note: At 13+25E on line 00 and at 13+00E a geological contact may occur. The area to the east hosts a wide chargeability anomaly IP-3 and IP-4 with an associated 10,000 ohm-m resistivity high.

IP-3 (0+50N/13+50E-13+87.5E TO 00/ 13+50E – 14+00E)

Zone IP-3 is a weak chargeability zone that correlates with the west contact of a wide resistivity high. The maximim MIP is 253 mV/Von line 0+50N. IP-3 should be prospected on both lines 00 and 50N and their strike extension.

IP-4 (0+50N/14+50E-15+00E TO 00/ 13+50E – 14+87.5E)

Zone IP-4 is a weak chargeability zone that correlates with a weak resistivity low in a wider resistivity high. The MIP values reach 276 mV/V which is weak. IP-4 should be prospected on both lines 00 and 50N and theirs strike extension.

ZONE 2

IP-5 (700N/9+12.5E-10+12.5E TO 800N / 9+87.5E - 10+50E)

Zone IP-5 is a very weak to weak chargeability zone that correlates with a strong resistivity high. The MIP values reach 168Mv/V which is weak. The source may be explained mainly by the increase in resistivity. The best area to prospect IP-5 is at 750N/10+00E with a MIP of 168mV/V. IP-5 should also be prospected on lines 700N and 800N.

IP-6 (700N/11+25E-12+12.5E TO 800N / 11+25E – 111+87.5E)

Zone IP-6 is a very weak chargeability zone that correlates with a strong resistivity high. The MIP reaches 107mV/V which is very weak. The source may be explained mainly by the increase in resistivity. The best area to prospect IP-6 is 800N/11+50E with a MIP of 107mV/V. IP-6 should also be prospected on lines 700N and 750N.

IP-7 (700N/12+75E-13+75E)

Zone IP-7 is a very weak chargeability zone (3.5mV/V) that correlates with a strong resistivity high. The resistivity indicates a shallow overburden may be present. The MIP values range from highs of 60 to 99mV/V which is very low. Therefore it is not likely many sulphides are present.

IP-8 (700N/11+25E-12+12.5E TO 800N / 11+25E – 111+87.5E)

Zone IP-8 is a very weak to weak chargeability zone that correlates with a strong resistivity high. PGE showings occur on at 700N/13E and 7+50N/13+25E. The MIP reach 138mV/V at 14+12.5E and should be prospected. The maximum Mx and MIP values should be prospected on IP-5.

IP-9 (700N/14+75E-15E)

Zone IP-9 is a very weak chargeability zone that correlates with a strong narrow resistivity high. The anomaly appears to be flanked by overburden. The MIP reach 101mV/V which is very weak. The source may be explained mainly by the increase in resistivity. The best area to prospect IP-9 is 700N/14+75E.

8. SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Numerous very weak to weak chargeability trends have been identified.

It is known that the various types of platinum deposits can be associated with low volumes of sulphides; in fact, Merensky reef type deposits can be less than **0.5% sulphides.** Chargeabilities will tend to mirror the resistivities when you have high background resistivities and variable overburden. Minor sulphides associated with high resistivities can be difficult to detect solely by observing the chargeabilities. It is therefore important to observe the Spectral IP value M, as it is an indicator of sulphide content. Follow-up prospecting should then focus on the maximum **Mx** and associated maximum **M-IP** values. Anomalies should be correlated to the geochem and geological data to further prioritize them for drilling.

If there are questions with regard to the survey please call the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

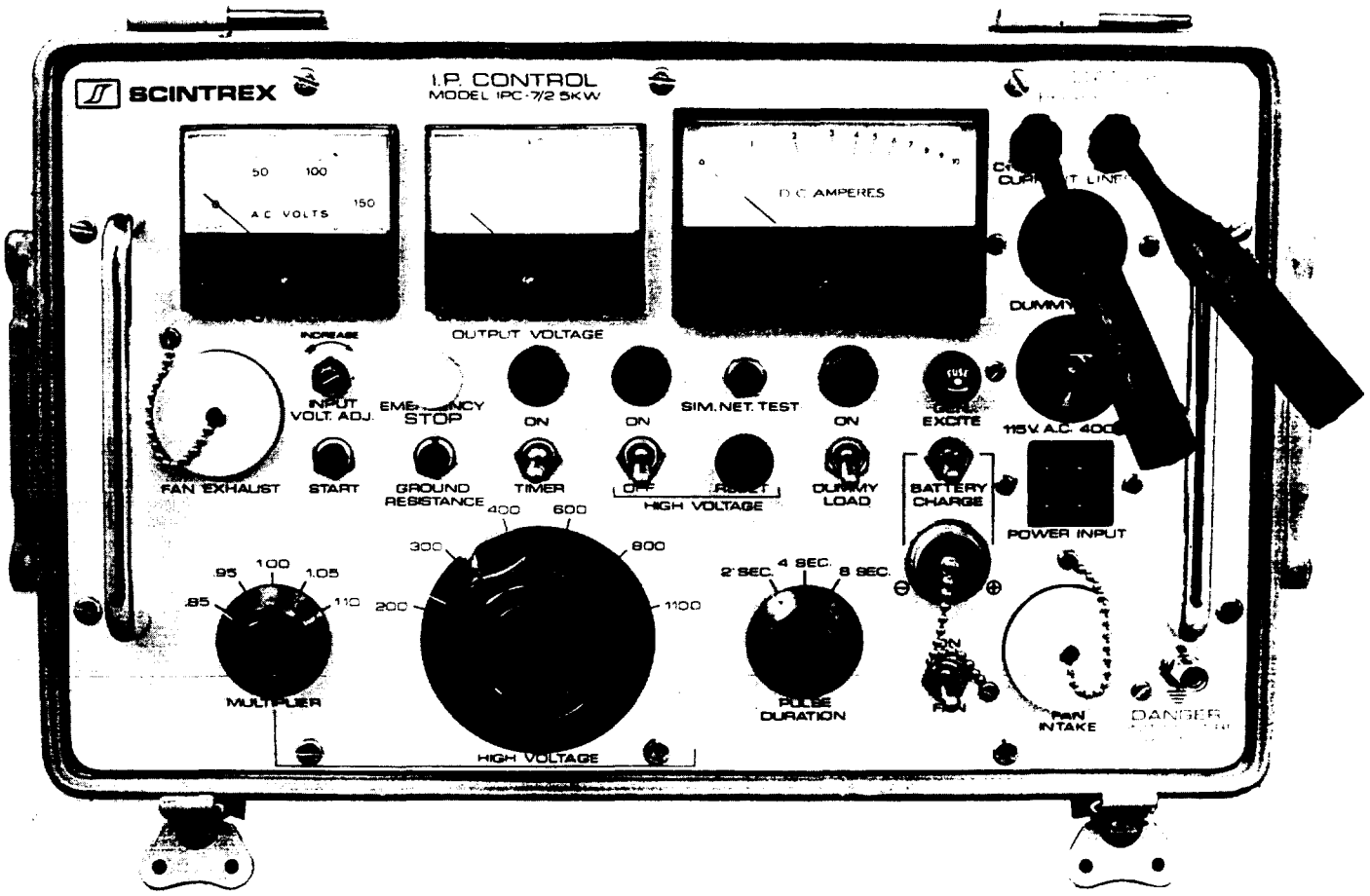
JVX Ltd.

John Gilliatt,
Senior Geophysicist

Blaine Webster
President

APPENDIX A

SCINTREX IPC-7/2.5kW Induced Polarization and Commutated DC Resistivity Transmitter System



Function

The IPC-7/2.5 kW is a medium power transmitter system designed for time domain induced polarization or commutated DC resistivity work. It is the standard power transmitting system used on most surveys under a wide variety of geophysical, topographical and climatic conditions.

The system consists of three modules: A Transmitter Console containing a transformer and electronics, a Motor Generator and a Dummy Load mounted in the Transmitter Console cover. The purpose of the Dummy Load is to accept the Motor Generator output during those parts of the cycle when current is not transmitted into the ground, in order to improve power output and prolong engine life.

The favourable power-weight ratio and compact design of this system make it portable and highly versatile for use with a wide variety of electrode arrays.

Features

Maximum motor generator output, 2.5 kW; maximum power output, 1.85 kW; maximum current output, 10 amperes; maximum voltage output, 1210 volts DC.

Removable circuit boards for ease in servicing.

Automatic on-off and polarity cycling with selectable cycling rates so that the optimum pulse time (frequency) can be selected for each survey.

The overload protection circuit protects the instrument from damage in case of an overload or short in the current dipole circuit.

The open loop circuit protects workers by automatically cutting off the high voltage in case of a break in the current dipole circuit.

Both the primary and secondary of the transformer are switch selectable for power matching to the ground load. This ensures maximum power efficiency.

The built-in ohmmeter is used for checking the external circuit resistance to ensure that the current dipole circuit is grounded properly before the high voltage is turned on. This is a safety feature and also allows the operator to select the proper output voltage required to give an adequate current for a proper signal at the receiver.

The programmer is crystal controlled for the very high stability required for broadband (spectral) induced polarization measurements using the Scintrex IPR-11 Broadband Time Domain Receiver.

SCINTREX

IPR-12 Time Domain Induced Polarization/Resistivity Receiver

Specifications

Inputs
1 to 8 dipoles are measured simultaneously.

Input Impedance
16 Megohms

SP Bucking
±10 volt range. Automatic linear correction operating on a cycle by cycle basis.

Input Voltage (Vp) Range
50 µvolt to 14 volt

Chargeability (M) Range
0 to 300millivolt

Tau Range
1 millisecond to 1000 seconds

Reading Resolution of Vp, SP and M
Vp, 10 microvolt; SP, 1 millivolt; M, 0.01 millivolt/volt

Absolute Accuracy of Vp, SP and M
Better than 1%

Common Mode Rejection
At input more than 100db

Vp Integration Time
10% to 80% of the current on time.

IP Transient Program
Total measuring time keyboard selectable at 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 or 32 seconds. Normally 14 windows except that the first four are not measured on the 1 second timing, the first three are not measured on the 2 second timing and the first is not measured on the 4 second timing. (See diagram on page 2.) An additional transient slice of minimum 10 ms width, and 10ms steps, with delay of at least 40 ms is keyboard selectable.

Transmitter Timing
Equal on and off times with polarity change each half cycle. On/off times of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 or 32 seconds. Timing accuracy of ±100 ppm or better is required.

External Circuit Test
All dipoles are measured individually in sequence, using a 10 Hz square wave. The range is 0 to 2 Mohm with 0.1kohm resolution. Circuit resistances are displayed and recorded.

Synchronization
Self synchronization on the signal received at a keyboard selectable dipole. Limited to avoid mistriggering.

Filtering
RF filter, 10 Hz 6 pole low pass filter, statistical noise spike removal.

Internal Test Generator
1200 mV of SP; 807 mV of Vp and 30.28 mV/V of M.

Analog Meter
For monitoring input signals; switchable to any dipole via keyboard.

Keyboard
17 key keypad with direct one key access to the most frequently used functions.

Display
16 lines by 42 characters, 128 x 256 dots, Backlit Liquid Crystal Display. Displays instrument status and data during and after reading. Alphanumeric and graphic displays.

Display Heater
Available for below -15°C operation.

Memory Capacity
Stores approximately 400 dipoles of information when 8 dipoles are measured simultaneously.

Real Time Clock
Data is recorded with year, month, day, hour, minute and second.

Digital Data Output
Formatted serial data output for printer and PC etc. Data output in 7 or 8 bit ASCII, one start, one stop bit, no parity format. Baud rate is keyboard selectable for standard rates between 300 baud and 51.6 kBaud. Selectable carriage return delay to accommodate slow peripherals. Handshaking is done by X-on/X-off.

Standard Rechargeable Batteries
Eight rechargeable Ni-Cad D cells. Supplied with a charger, suitable for 110/230V, 50 to 60 Hz, 10W. More than 20 hours service at +25°C, more than 8 hours at -30°C.

Ancillary Rechargeable Batteries
An additional eight rechargeable Ni-Cad D cells may be installed in the console along with the Standard Rechargeable Batteries. Used to power the Display Heater or as back up power. Supplied with a second charger. More than 6 hours service at -30°C.

Use of Non-Rechargeable Batteries
Can be powered by D size Alkaline batteries, but rechargeable batteries are recommended for longer life and lower cost over time.

Operating Temperature Range
-30°C to +50°C

Storage Temperature Range
-30°C to +50°C

Dimensions
Console: 355 x 270 x 165 mm
Charger: 120 x 95 x 55mm

Weights
Console: 5.8 kg
Standard or Ancillary Rechargeable Batteries: 1.3 kg
Charger: 1.1 kg

Transmitters available

IPC-9	200 W
TSQ-2E	750 W
TSQ-3	3 kW
TSQ-4	10 kW

SCINTREX

In Canada

222 Snidercroft Rd.
Concord, Ontario
Canada, L4K 1B5

Tel.: (905) 669-2280
Fax: (905) 669-6403
Telex: (905) 06-964570

In the U.S.A.

85 River Rock Drive
Unit # 202
Buffalo, N.Y.
U.S.A. 14207

Tel.: (716) 298-1219
Fax: (716) 298-1317

SCINTREX

ENVI-MAG Environmental Magnetometer/Gradiometer

Locating Buried Drums and Tanks?

The NEW ENVI-MAG is the solution to this environmental problem. ENVI-MAG is an inexpensive, lightweight, portable "WALKMAG" which enables you to survey large areas quickly and accurately.

ENVI-MAG is a portable, proton precession magnetometer and/or gradiometer, for geotechnical, archaeological and environmental applications where high production, fast count rate and high sensitivity are required. It may also be used for other applications, such as mineral exploration, and may be configured as a total-field magnetometer, a vertical gradiometer or as a base station.

The ENVI-MAG

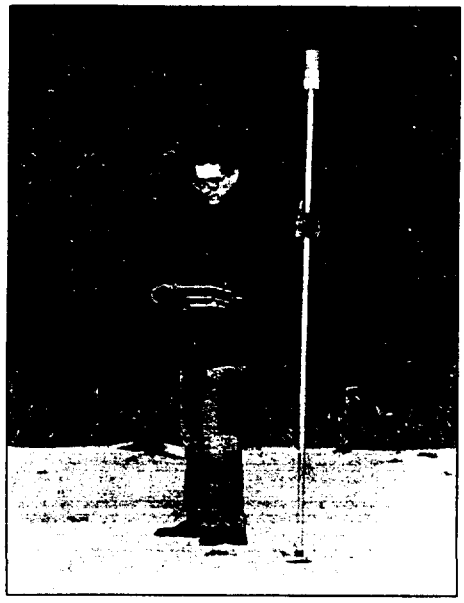
- easily detects buried drums to depths of 10 feet or more
- more sensitive to the steel of a buried drum than EM or radar
- much less expensive than EM or radar
- survey productivity much higher than with EM or radar

Main features include:

- select sampling rates as fast as 2 times per second
- "WALKMAG" mode for rapid acquisition of data
- large internal memory, expandable to 200,000 readings
- easy to read, large LCD screen displays data both numerically and graphically
- ENVIMAP software for processing and mapping data

ENVI-MAG comprises several basic modules; a lightweight console with a large screen alphanumeric display and high capacity memory, a staff mounted sensor and sensor cable, rechargeable battery and battery charger, RS-232 cable and ENVIMAP processing and mapping software.

For gradiometry applications an upgrade kit is available, comprising an additional processor module for installation in the console, and a second sensor with a staff extender.



ENVI-MAG Proton Magnetometer in operation

For base station applications a Base Station Accessory Kit is available so that the sensor and staff may be converted into a base station sensor.

Features and Benefits

"WALKMAG" Magnetometer/Gradiometer

The "WALKMAG" mode of operation (sometimes known as "Walking Mag") is user-selectable from the keyboard. In this mode, data is acquired and recorded at the rate of 2 readings per second as the operator walks at a steady pace along a line. At desired intervals, the operator "triggers" an event marker by a single key stroke, assigning coordinates to the recorded data.

True Simultaneous Gradiometer

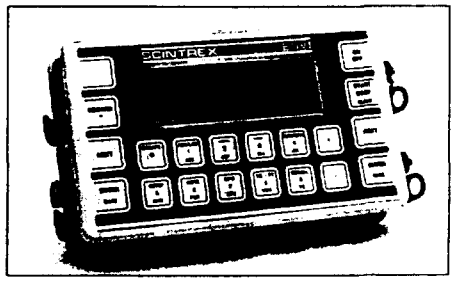
An optional upgrade kit is available to configure ENVI-MAG as a gradiometer to make true, simultaneous gradiometer measurements. Gradiometry is useful for geotechnical and archaeological surveys where small near surface magnetic targets are the object of the survey.

Selectable Sampling Rates

0.5 second, 1 second and 2 second reading rates user selectable from the keyboard.

Large-Key Keypad

The large-key keypad allows easy access for gloved-hands in cold-weather operations. Each key has a multi-purpose function.



Front panel of ENVI-MAG showing a graphic profile of data and large-key keypad

Large Capacity Memory

ENVI-MAG with standard memory stores up to 20,000 readings of total field measurements, 15,000 readings of gradiometry data or 100,000 readings as a base station. An expanded memory option is available which increases this standard capacity by a factor of 5.

Easy Review of Data

For quality of data and for a rapid analysis of the magnetic characteristics of the survey line, several modes of review are possible. These include the measurements at the last three stations, the ability to scroll through any or all previous readings in memory, and a graphic display of the previous data as profiles, line by line. This feature is very useful for environmental and archaeological surveys.

Highly Productive

The "WALKMAG" mode of operation acquires data rapidly at close station intervals, ensuring high-definition results. This increases survey productivity by a factor of 5 when compared to a conventional magnetometer survey.

"Datacheck" Quality Control of Data

"Datacheck" provides a feature wherein at the end of each survey line, data may be reviewed as a profile on ENVI-MAG's screen. Datacheck confirms that the

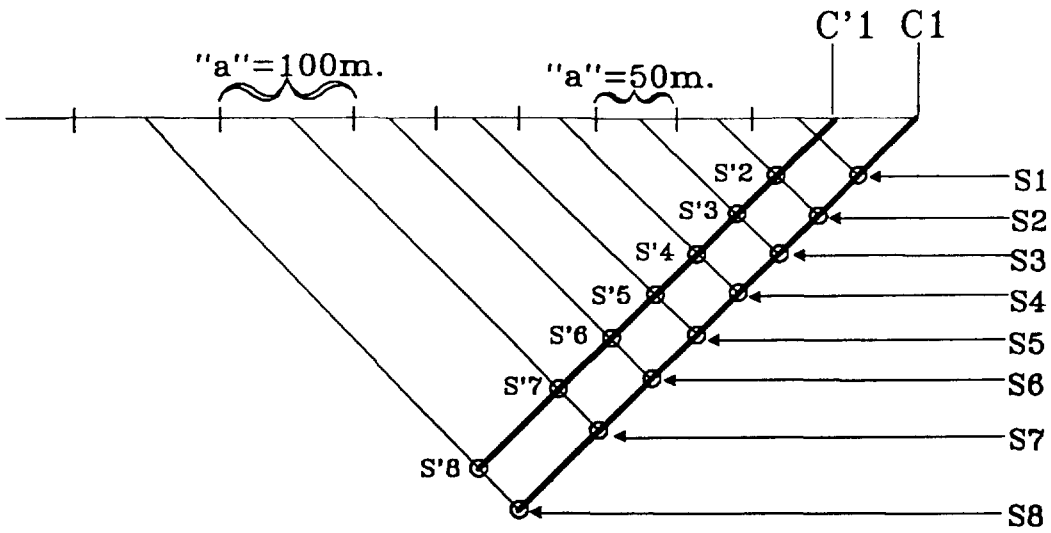
SCINTREX IGS-2/EM-4 GENIE/ Horizontal Loop Electromagnetic Receiver

Scintrex Introduces a Third Method for its IGS Integrated Portable Geophysical System

With the new EM-4 Sensor coupled to a Scintrex IGS-2 System Control Console, you can set new standards for accuracy and efficiency in ground electromagnetic surveys. Further, when the MP-4 Proton Magnetometer and VLF-4 VLF Electromagnetic Sensors are added, all three types of data can be collected in one traverse. Then, at the end of a day's surveying, the internal solid-state memory can communicate with a digital printer, modem, cassette recorder or microcomputer to list, plot, transmit, store or process data.

For maximum signal/noise ratio when operating at wide Transmitter-Receiver separations, the EM-4 Receive Coil may be placed on the ground for greatest stability.

APPENDIX B



ARRAY GEOMETRY

APPARENT RESISTIVITY :

$$\rho_a = 2\pi \text{ na } (n+1) \text{ Vp / I}$$

where ρ_a = apparent resistivity (ohm-m)

n(S)= dipole number

a = dipole spacing (m)

Vp = primary voltage (mV)

I = primary current (mA)

" Special Penetrating Array "

Array Geometry and Formula for Apparent Resistivity

APPENDIX C

Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines

Declaration of Assessment Work Performed on Mining Land

Mining Act, Subsection 65(2) and 66(3), R.S.O. 1990

Transaction Number (office use): W0010.00261

Assessment Files Research Imaging

41I09NW2017 2.20769 KELLY

900

Instructions: - For work performed on Crown Lands before recording a claim, use form 0240.
- Please type or print in ink.

1. Recorded holder(s) (Attach a list if necessary) Revised.

Name: FRANK RACICOT	Client Number: 185390
Address: 1912 Springdale Cres	Telephone Number: (705) 525-5920
Sudbury, ON. P3A 5J1	Fax Number: (same)
Name: Pacific North West Capital Corp.	Client Number: 304294
Address: 2303 West 41ST Ave	Telephone Number: 604-685-1870
VANCOUVER, BC V6M 2A3	Fax Number: 604-688-2582

2. Type of work performed: Check (✓) and report on only ONE of the following groups for this declaration.

[X] Geotechnical: prospecting, surveys, assays and work under section 18 (regs) [ ] Physical: drilling stripping, trenching and associated assays [ ] Rehabilitation

Work Type: Induced Polarization/Magnetometer Geophysical Surveys, Line-Cutting	Office Use: Commodity
	Total $ Value of Work Claimed: 12,473
Dates Work Performed: From 15 12 1999 To 21 12 1999 (Day / Month / Year)	NTS Reference
Global Positioning System Data (if available) — Township/Area: Kelly & Davis Twps.	Mining Division: Sudbury
Mor G-Plan Number: G-3033 & G-3182	Resident Geologist District: Sudbury

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Please remember to: - obtain a work permit from the Ministry of Natural Resources as required;
- provide proper notice to surface rights holders before starting work;
- complete and attach a Statement of Costs, form 0212;
- provide a map showing contiguous mining lands that are linked for assessment work;
- include two copies of your technical report.

3. Person or companies who prepared the technical report (Attach a list if necessary)

Name: Laurence Scott Jobin-Bevans	Telephone Number: 705-524-8060
Address: 225 Ferndale Ave, Sudbury, P3B 3C2	Fax Number: 705-521-0653
Name:	Telephone Number:
Address:	Fax Number:
Name:	Telephone Number:
Address:	Fax Number:

4. Certification by Recorded Holder or Agent

I, Laurence Scott Jobin-Bevans (Print Name) do hereby certify that I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this Declaration of Assessment Work having caused the work to be performed or witnessed the same during or after its completion and, to the best of my knowledge, the annexed report is true.

Signature of Recorded Holder or Agent: L. Jobin-Bevans		Date: Nov. 30/00
Agent's Address: 225 Ferndale Ave, Sudbury P3B3C2	Telephone Number: 705-524-8060	Fax Number: 705-521-0653

0241 (03/97)

#2919

12/12/00 TUE 21:41 FAX 7058745883 JBEX&PFN 004

(Print Name)

this Declaration of Assessment Work having caused the work to be performed or witnessed the same during or after its completion and, to the best of my knowledge, the annexed report is true.

Signature of Recorded Holder or Agent: L. Jobin-Bevans — Date: Nov. 30/00

Agent's Address: 225 Ferndale Ave, Sudbury P3B3C2 — Telephone Number: 705-524-8060 — Fax Number: 705-521-0653

0241 (03/97)

#2919

5. Work to be recorded and distributed. Work can only be assigned to claims that are contiguous (adjoining) to the mining land where work was performed, at the time work was performed. A map showing the contiguous link must accompany this form.

W0070.00261

Mining Claim Number. Or if work was done on other eligible mining land, show in this column the location number indicated on the claim map.		Number of Claim Units. For other mining land, list hectares.	Value of work performed on this claim or other mining land.	Value of work applied to this claim.	Value of work assigned to other mining claims.	Bank. Value of work to be distributed at a future date
eg	TB 7827	16 ha	$26,825	N/A	$24,000	$2,825
eg	1234567	12	0	$24,000	0	0
eg	1234568	2	$ 8,892	$ 4,000	0	$4,892
1	S-1230563	16	$7,484	$6,400	0	$1,084
2	S-1229408	12	$4,989	$4,800	0	$189
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
	Column Totals	28	$12,473	$11,200	$0	$1,273

I, Laurence Scott Jobin-Bevans (Print Full Name), do hereby certify that the above work credits are eligible under subsection 7 (1) of the Assessment Work Regulation 6/96 for assignment to contiguous claims or for application to the claim where the work was done.

Signature of Recorded Holder or Agent Authorized in Writing	Date
L Jobin-Bevans	Nov. 30/00

6. Instruction for cutting back credits that are not approved.

Some of the credits claimed in this declaration may be cut back. Please check (✓) in the boxes below to show how you wish to prioritize the deletion of credits:

- ☐ 1. Credits are to be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option 2 or 3 or 4 as indicated.
- ☐ 2. Credits are to be cut back starting with the claims listed last, working backwards, or
- ☐ 3. Credits are to be cut back equally over all claims listed in this declaration; or
- ☐ 4. Credits are to be cut back as prioritized on the attached appendix or as follows (describe).

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DEC 04 2000
GEOSCIENCE ASSESSMENT OFFICE

Note: If you have not indicated how your credits are to be deleted, credits will be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option number 2 if necessary.

For Office Use Only

Received Stamp	Deemed Approved Date	Date Notification Sent
	Date Approved	Total Value of Credit Approved
	Approved for Recording by Mining Recorder (Signature)	

0241 (03/97)

#2919

Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines

Statement of Costs for Assessment Credit

Transaction Number (office use): W0070.00261

Personal information collected on this form is obtained under the authority of subsection 6 (1) of the Assessment Work Regulation 6/96. Under section 8 of the Mining Act, this information is a public record. This information will be used to review the assessment work and correspond with the mining land holder. Questions about this collection should be directed to a Provincial Mining Recorder, Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, 3rd Floor, 933 Ramsey Lake Road, Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 6B5.

2

Work Type	Units of work Depending on the type of work, list the number of hours/day worked, metres of drilling, kilometres of grid line, number of samples, etc.	Cost Per Unit of work	Total Cost
IP Geophysical Survey	3.475 km	$1500	$5,212
Mag Geophysical Survey	7.74 km	$150	$1,161
Line Cutting	8 km	$325	$2,600
Geological Consulting	5 days	$300	$1,500
Reports/Drafting	4 days	$300	$1,200
Associated Costs (e.g. supplies, mobilization and demobilization).			
Fuel		—	$525
Transportation Costs			
Rental Vehicle (5 days)		$55	$275
Food and Lodging Costs			
		Total Value of Assessment Work	$12,473

RECEIVED
DEC 04 2000
GEOSCIENCE ASSESSMENT OFFICE

Calculations of Filing Discounts:

1. Work filed within two years of performance is claimed at 100% of the above Total Value of Assessment Work.
2. If work is filed after two years and up to five years after performance, it can only be claimed at 50% of the Total Value of Assessment Work. If this situation applies to your claims, use the calculation below:

TOTAL VALUE OF ASSESSMENT WORK x 0.50 = Total $ value of worked claimed.

Note:
- Work older than 5 years is not eligible for credit.
- A recorded holder may be required to verify expenditures claimed in this statement of costs within 45 days of a request for verification and/or correction/clarification. If verification and/or correction/clarification is not made, the Minister may reject all or part of the assessment work submitted.

Certification verifying costs:

I, Laurence Scott Jobin-Bevans (please print full name), do hereby certify, that the amounts shown are as accurate as may reasonably be determined and the costs were incurred while conducting assessment work on the lands indicated on the accompanying Declaration of Work form as AGENT (recorded holder, agent, or state company position with signing authority) I am authorized to make this certification.

Signature: [signature] Date: Nov. 30/00

0212 (03/97)

#2919

Ministry of
Northern Development
and Mines

Ministère du
Développement du Nord
et des Mines

Ontario

Geoscience Assessment Office
933 Ramsey Lake Road
6th Floor
Sudbury, Ontario
P3E 6B5

Telephone: (888) 415-9845
Fax: (877) 670-1555

Visit our website at:
www.gov.on.ca/MNDM/MINES/LANDS/mlsmnpge.htm

December 13, 2000

FRANK CHARLES RACICOT
1912 SPRINGDALE CRESCENT
SUDBURY, Ontario
P3Y-5J1

Dear Sir or Madam:

Submission Number: 2.20769

Status

Subject: Transaction Number(s): W0070.00261 Approval

We have reviewed your Assessment Work submission with the above noted Transaction Number(s). The attached summary page(s) indicate the results of the review. WE RECOMMEND YOU READ THIS SUMMARY FOR THE DETAILS PERTAINING TO YOUR ASSESSMENT WORK.

If the status for a transaction is a 45 Day Notice, the summary will outline the reasons for the notice, and any steps you can take to remedy deficiencies. The 90-day deemed approval provision, subsection 6(7) of the Assessment Work Regulation, will no longer be in effect for assessment work which has received a 45 Day Notice. Allowable changes to your credit distribution can be made by contacting the Geoscience Assessment Office within this 45 Day period, otherwise assessment credit will be cut back and distributed as outlined in Section #6 of the Declaration of Assessment work form.

Please note any revisions must be submitted in DUPLICATE to the Geoscience Assessment Office, by the response date on the summary.

If you have any questions regarding this correspondence, please contact BRUCE GATES by e-mail at bruce.gates@ndm.gov.on.ca or by telephone at (705) 670-5856.

Yours sincerely,

Lucille Jerome

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY
Lucille Jerome
Acting Supervisor, Geoscience Assessment Office
Mining Lands Section

Correspondence ID: 15506
Copy for: Assessment Library

Work Report Assessment Results

Submission Number: 2.20769

Date Correspondence Sent: December 13, 2000 **Assessor:** BRUCE GATES

Transaction Number	First Claim Number	Township(s) / Area(s)	Status	Approval Date
W0070.00261	1230563	KELLY, DAVIS	Approval	December 13, 2000

Section:
14 Geophysical IP
14 Geophysical MAG

Correspondence to:

Resident Geologist
Sudbury, ON

Assessment Files Library
Sudbury, ON

Recorded Holder(s) and/or Agent(s):

Laurence Scott Jobin-Bevans
SUDBURY, ON, CAN

FRANK CHARLES RACICOT
SUDBURY, Ontario

PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORP.
VANCOUVER, BC

Correspondence ID: 15506

MAP SYMBOLOGY

AREAS WITHDRAWN FROM DISPOSTION

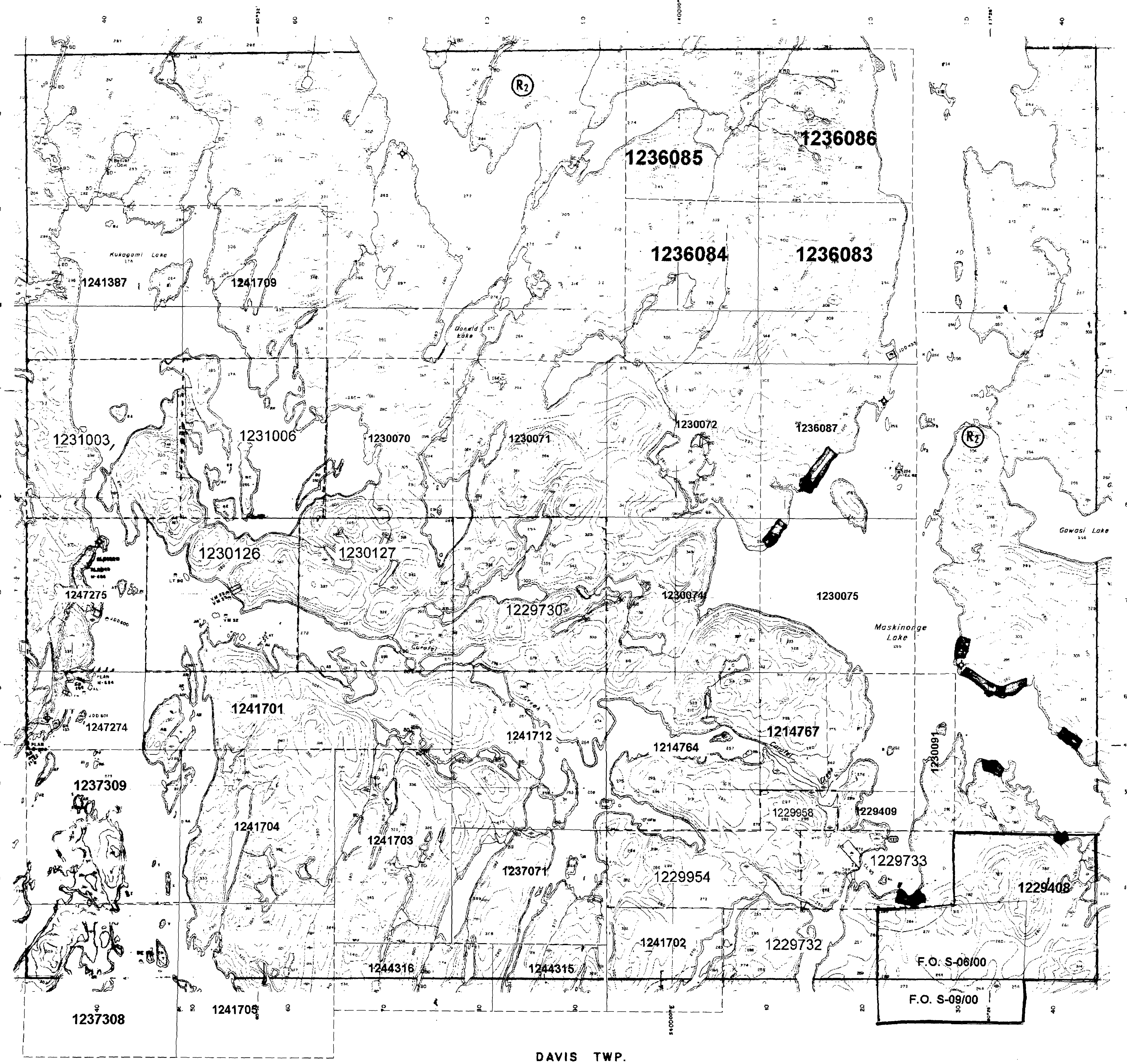
M.R.O. - MINING RIGHTS ONLY
S.R.O. - SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY
M.+S. - MINING AND SURFACE RIGHTS

Description Order No. Date Disposition File

SEC 35 W-LL-P174/99 ONT MAY 13/99 M&S

NOTES

SUBDIVISION OF KELLY TWP INTO LOTS AND CONCESSIONS WAS ANNULLED 18 SEPT, 1953



2.20769
MAG
IP

LEGEND

HIGHWAY AND ROUTE No.
OTHER ROADS
TRAILS
SURVEYED LINES
TOWNSHIPS, BASE LINES, ETC.
LOTS, MINING CLAIMS, PARCELS, ETC.
UNSURVEYED LINES
LOT LINES
PARCEL BOUNDARY
MINING CLAIMS ETC.
RAILWAY AND RIGHT OF WAY
UTILITY LINES
NON-PERENNIAL STREAM
FLOODING OR FLOODING RIGHTS
SUBDIVISION OR COMPOSITE PLAN
RESERVATIONS
ORIGINAL SHORELINE
MARSH OR MUSKEG
MINES
TRAVERSE MONUMENT

DISPOSITION OF CROWN LANDS

TYPE OF DOCUMENT — SYMBOL

PATENT SURFACE & MINING RIGHTS
" , SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY
" , MINING RIGHTS ONLY
LEASE, SURFACE & MINING RIGHTS
" , SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY
" , MINING RIGHTS ONLY
LICENCE OF OCCUPATION
ORDER-IN-COUNCIL
RESERVATION
CANCELLED
SAND & GRAVEL
LAND USE PERMITS FOR COMMERCIAL TOURISM, OUTPOST CAMPS

REMOTE TOURIST SET-UP

SCALE 1:20 000

GRID ZONE 17

THE INFORMATION THAT APPEARS ON THIS MAP HAS BEEN COMPILED FROM VARIOUS SOURCES, AND ACCURACY IS NOT GUARANTEED. THOSE WISHING TO STAKE MINING CLAIMS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THE MINING RECORDER, MINISTRY OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT AND MINES, FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE STATUS OF THE LANDS SHOWN HEREON.

TOWNSHIP

KELLY

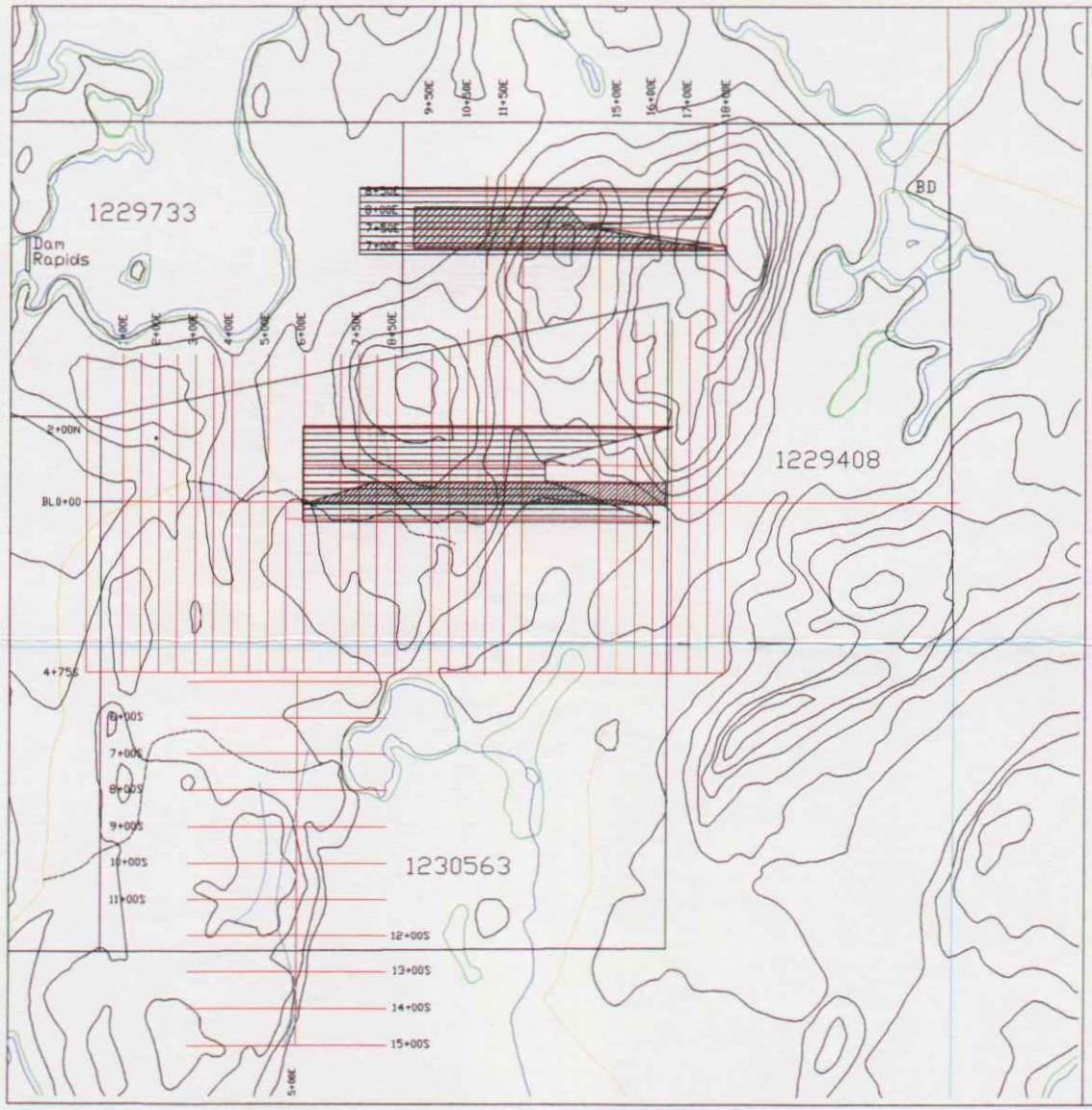
M.N.R. ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT
SUDBURY
MINING DIVISION
SUDBURY
LAND TITLES / REGISTRY DIVISION
SUDBURY

Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources — Land Management Branch

Date NOVEMBER, 1984 — Number G-3033

41I09NW2017 2.20769 KELLY 200

2.20769



Pacific North West Capital Corporation

Davis-Kelly Property

Location of I.P. Survey on Exploration Grid

Drafted by: Grant Mourre		Mining Division:	Sudbury
Date: January, 2000		Township:	Davis/Kelly
Scale: drafted 1:2500		NTS:	41I/NE
Rev. No.: 1	Declination: 10°W	Claims:	1229408 1230563
Centre of Property (UTM):		Map No.:	

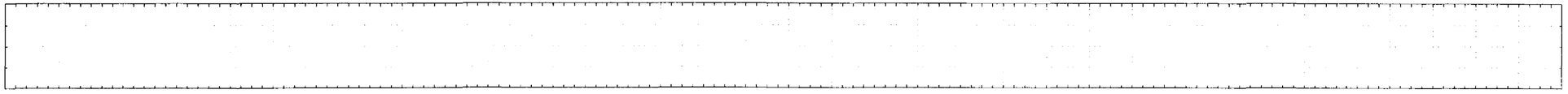
Area Surveyd in 1999 JVX Ltd. Survey

I.P. Survey Area

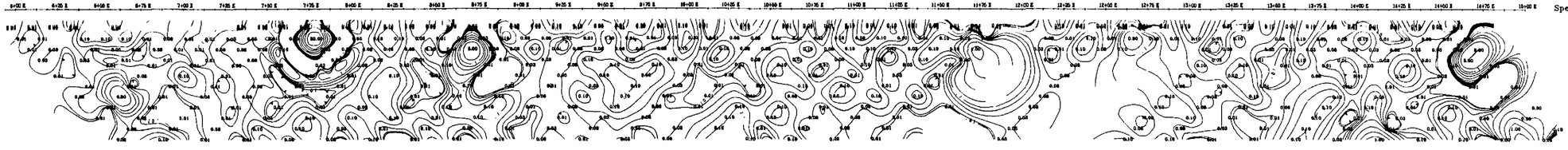
Magnetometer Survey Area

N
W E
S

400m

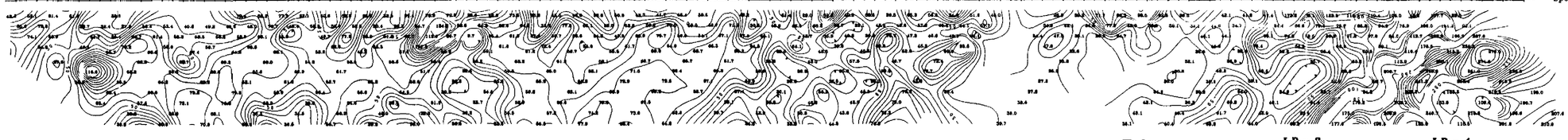


Spectral Tau (softII) (s)



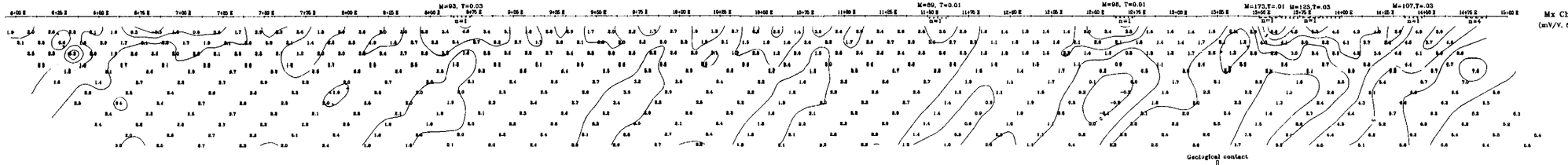
Spectral Tau (softII) (s)

Spectral MIP (softII) (mV/V)



Spectral MIP (softII) (mV/V)

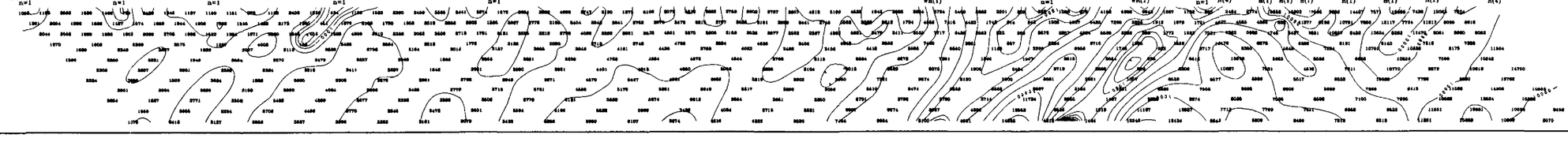
Mx Chargeability (mV/V, 690ms-1060ms)



Mx Chargeability (mV/V, 690ms-1060ms)

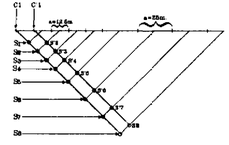
Geological contact

Apparent Resistivity (ohm-m)



Apparent Resistivity (ohm-m)

Line 0



Special Penetrating Array

Resistivity and Chargeability Anomalies

- Very strong
- Strong
- Medium
- Weak
- Very weak
- Extremely weak

41I09NW2017 2.20769 KELLY

220

25 0 25 50 (metres)

Plate 1

PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORP.

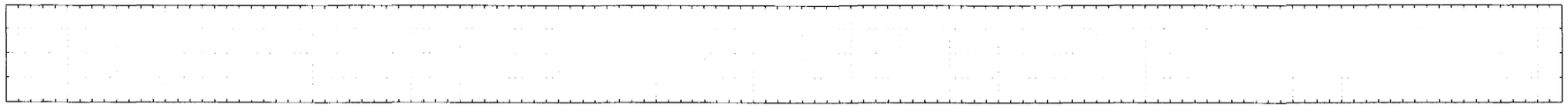
SPECTRAL IP/RES SURVEY

SURVEYED DECEMBER 1999; NE ONTARIO

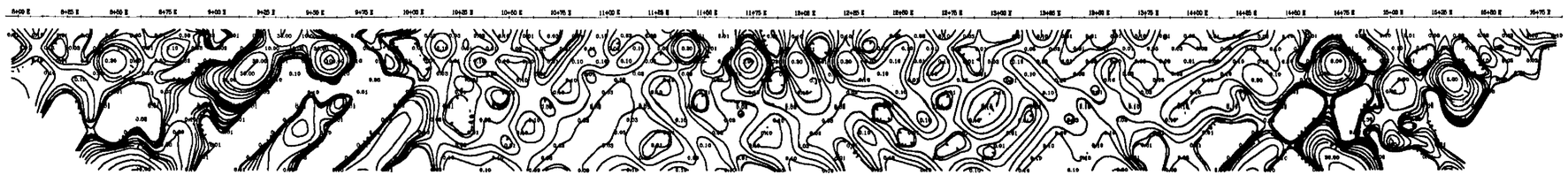
Line 0

Rx (2 sec): Scintrex IPR12, Tx (2 sec): Scintrex IPC-7

JVX Ltd. ref. no. 9961

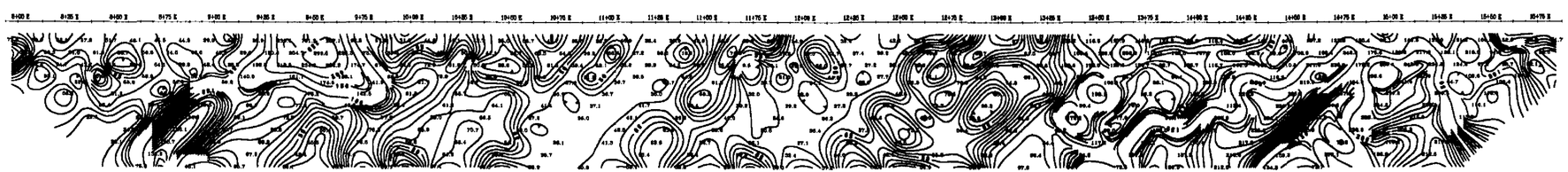


Spectral Tau (softII)
(s)



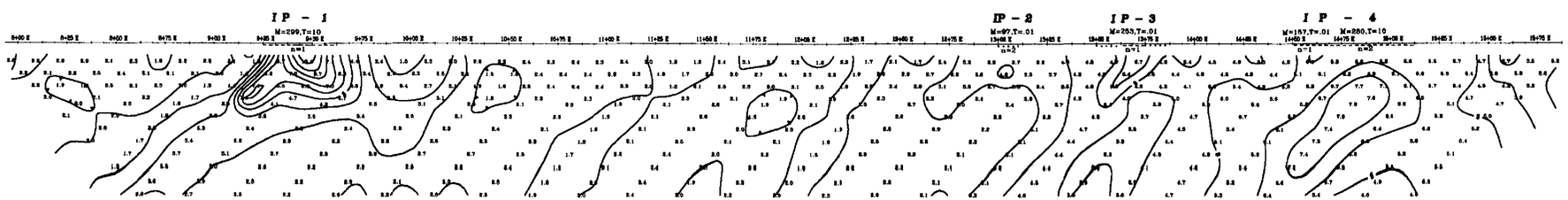
Spectral Tau (softII)
(s)

Spectral MIP (softII)
(mV/V)



Spectral MIP (softII)
(mV/V)

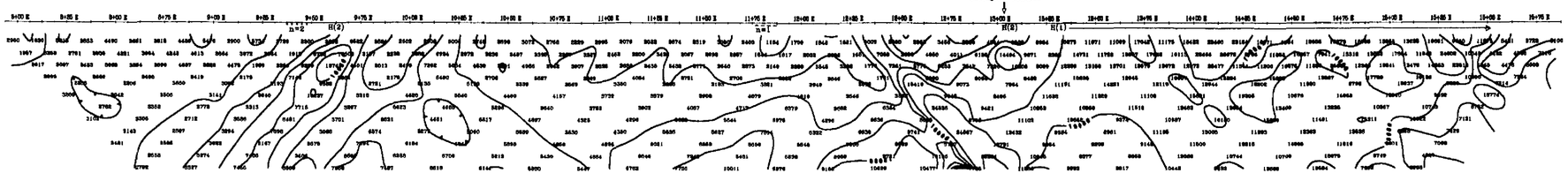
Mx Chargeability
(mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)



Mx Chargeability
(mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)

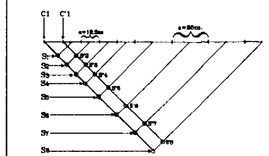
Geological contact

Apparent Resistivity
(ohm-m)



Apparent Resistivity
(ohm-m)

Line 50 N



Special Penetrating Array

Resistivity and Chargeability Anomalies

- Very strong
- Strong
- Medium
- Weak
- Very weak
- Extremely weak

20 0 20 40
(metres)

Plate 2

PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORP.

SPECTRAL IP/RES SURVEY

SURVEYED DECEMBER 1999; NE ONTARIO

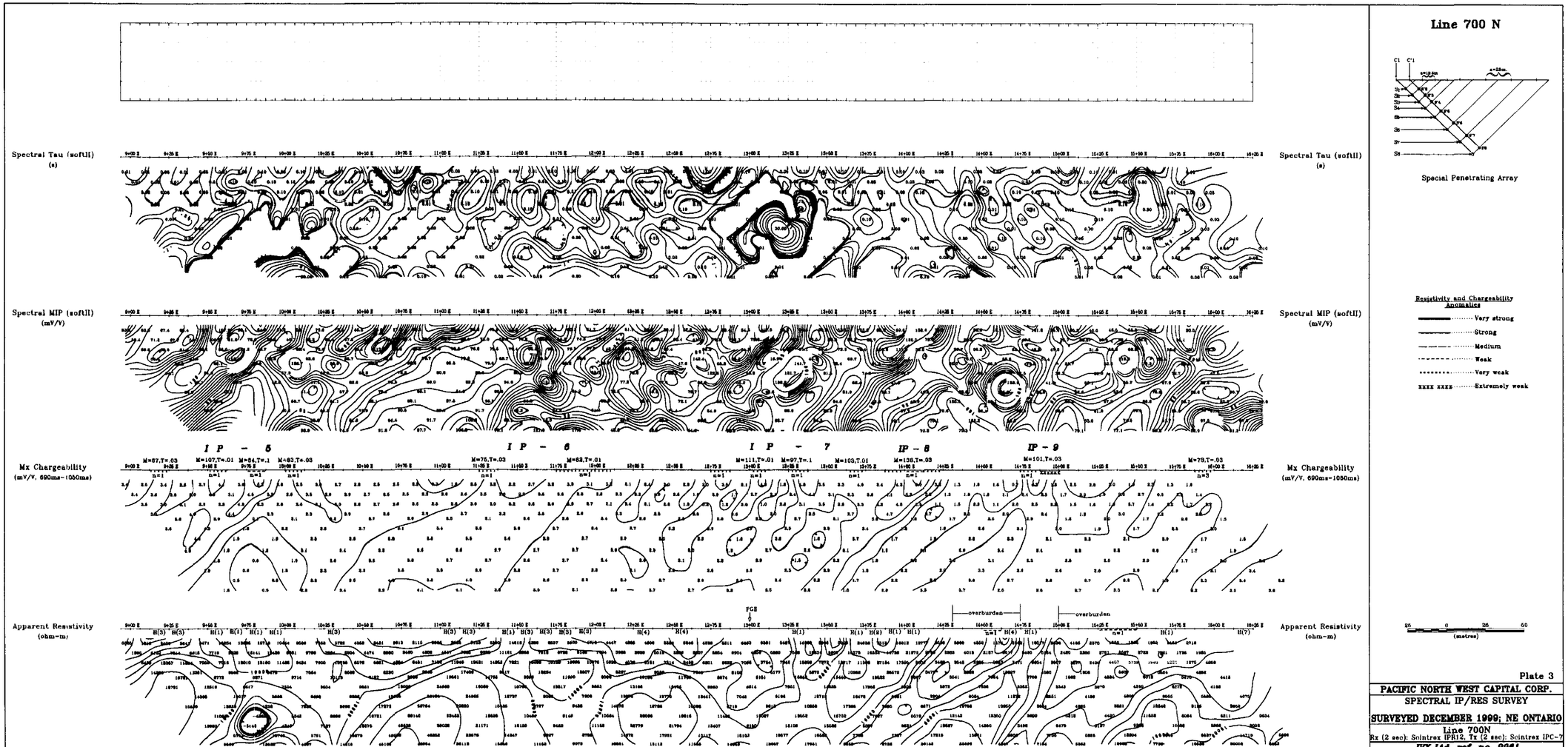
Line 50N

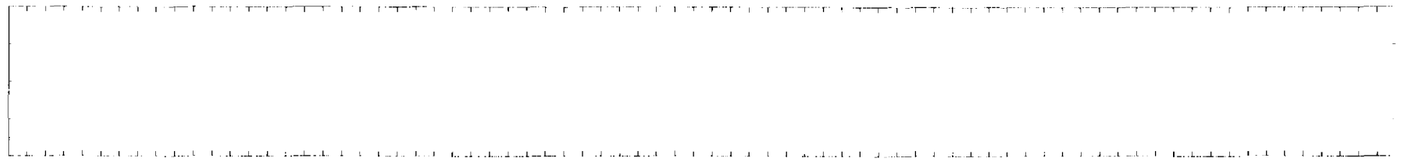
Rx (2 sec): Scintrex IPR12, Tx (2 sec): Scintrex IPC-7

JVX Ltd. ref. no. 9961

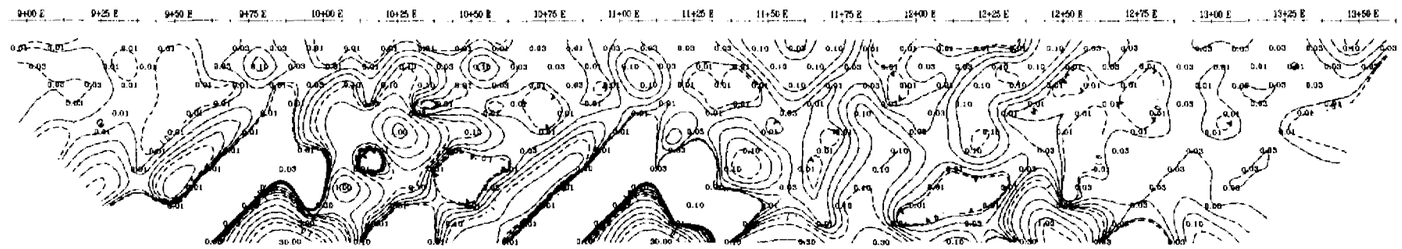
230

41109NW2017 2.20769 KELLY



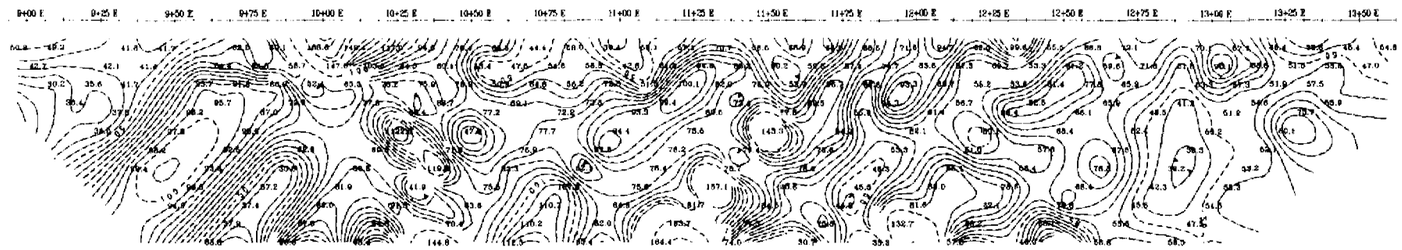


Spectral Tau (softII)
(s)

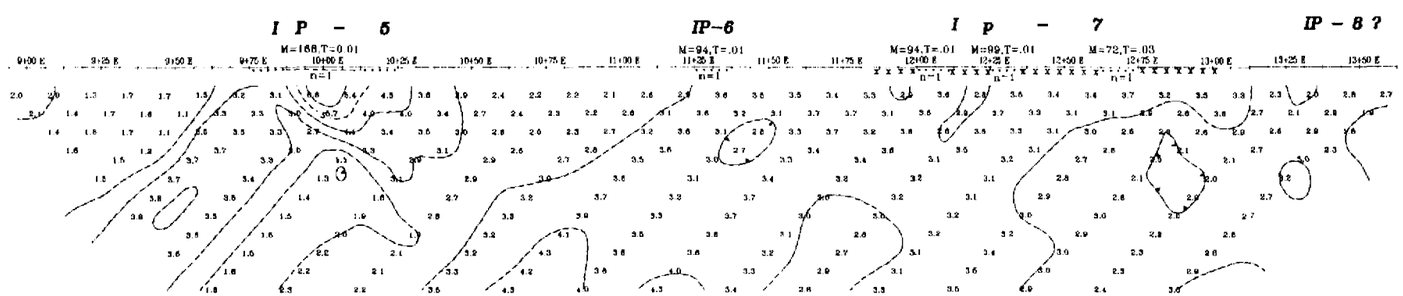


Spectral Tau (softII)
(s)

Spectral MIP (softII)
(mV/V)



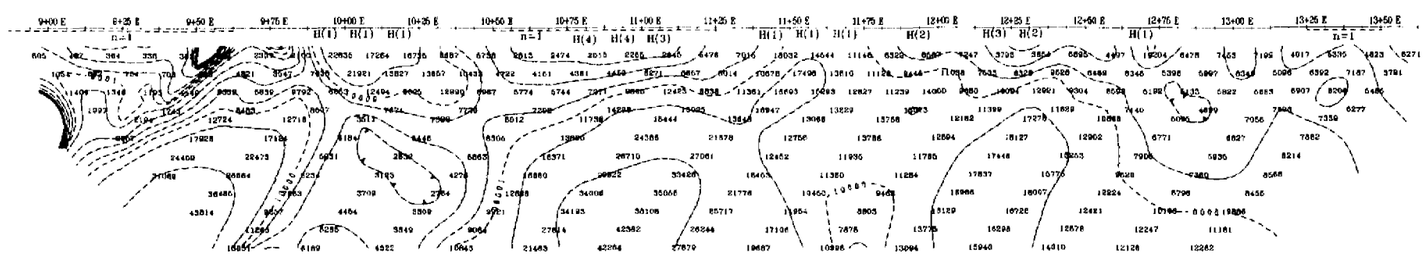
Spectral MIP (softII)
(mV/V)



Mx Chargeability
(mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)

Mx Chargeability
(mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)

Apparent Resistivity
(ohm m)

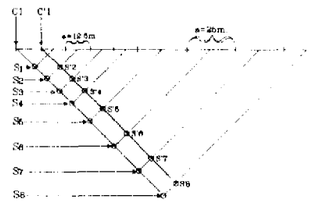


Apparent Resistivity
(ohm-m)

250

41109NW2017 2.20769 KELLY

Line 750 N



Special Penetrating Array

Resistivity and Chargeability Anomalies

- Very strong
- Strong
- Medium
- Weak
- Very weak
- XXXX XXXX Extremely weak

25 0 25 50
(metres)

Plate 4

PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORP.

SPECTRAL IP/RES SURVEY

SURVEYED DECEMBER 1999; NE ONTARIO

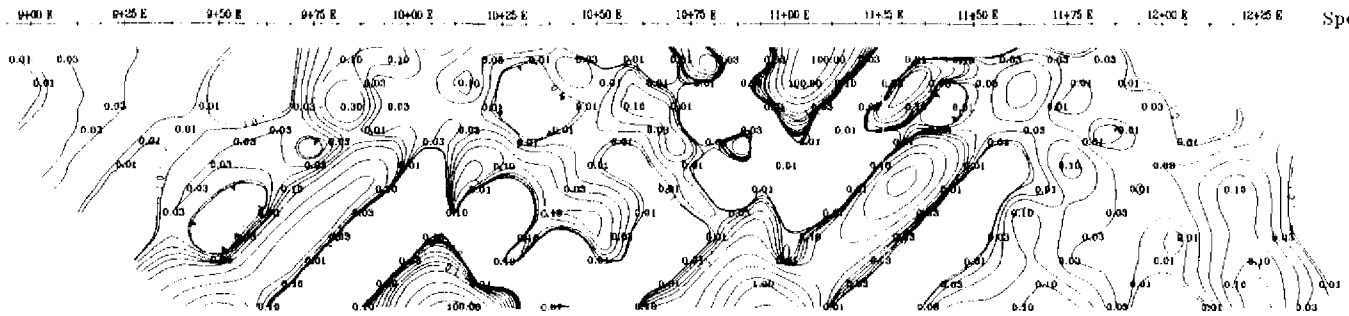
Line 750N

Rx (2 sec): Scintrex IPR12, Tx (2 sec): Scintrex IPC 7

JVX Ltd. ref. no. 9961

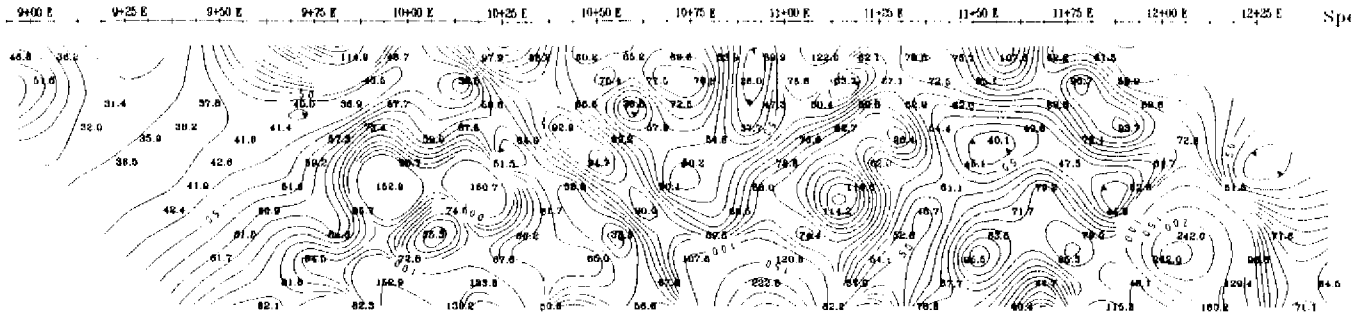
Line 800 N

Spectral Tau (softII)
(s)



Spectral Tau (softII)
(s)

Spectral MIP (softII)
(mV/V)

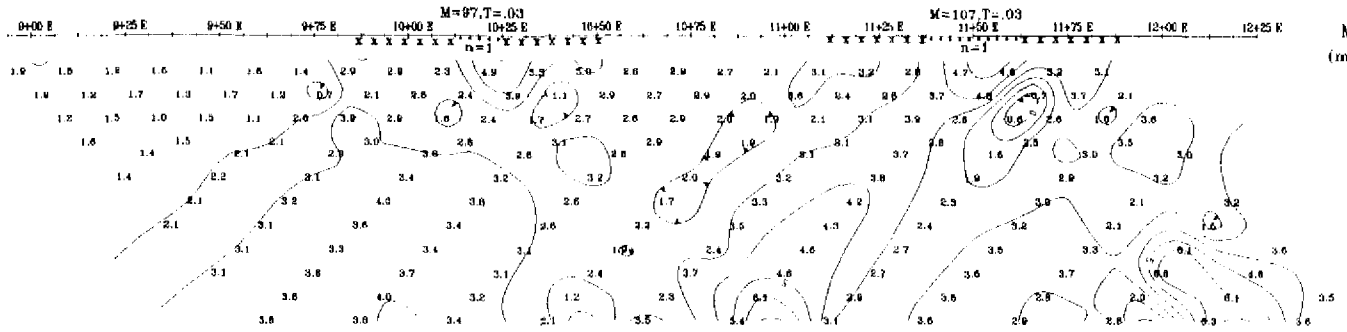


Spectral MIP (softII)
(mV/V)

I P - 5

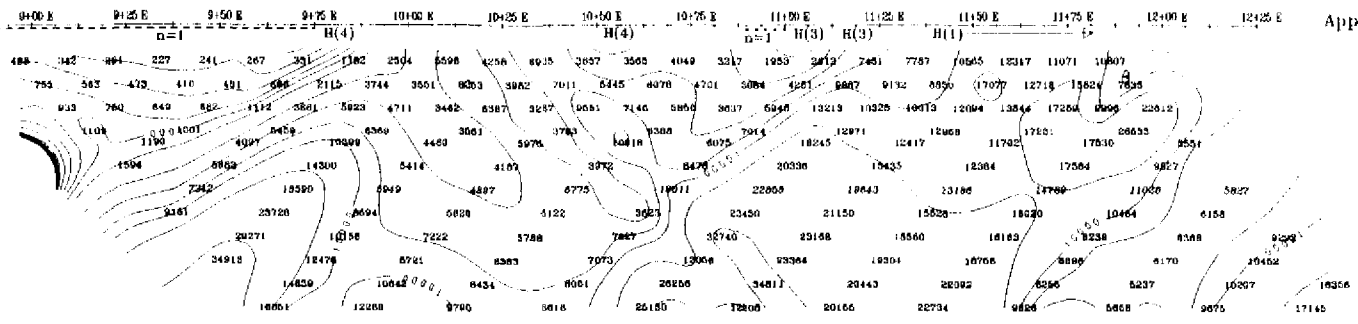
I P - 6

Mx Chargeability
(mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)

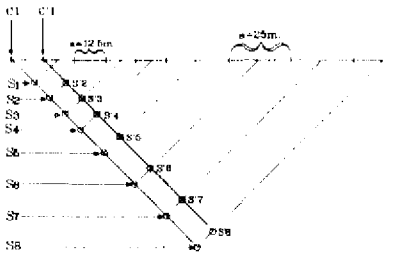


Mx Chargeability
(mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)

Apparent Resistivity
(ohm-m)



Apparent Resistivity
(ohm-m)



Special Penetrating Array

Resistivity and Chargeability Anomalies

- Very strong
- Strong
- Medium
- Weak
- Very weak
- Extremely weak

25 0 25 50
(metres)

Plate 5

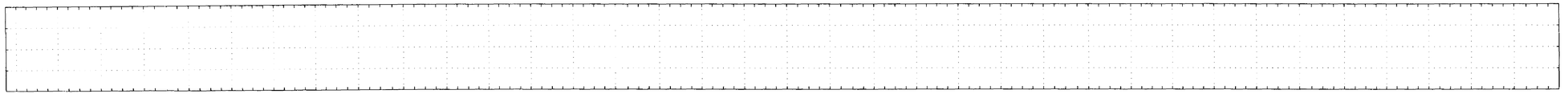
PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORP.

SPECTRAL IP/RES SURVEY

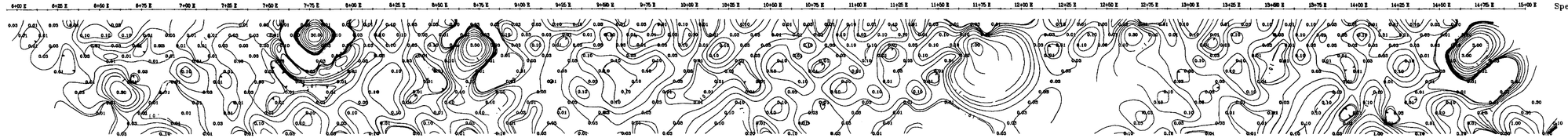
SURVEYED DECEMBER 1999; NE ONTARIO

Line 800N
Rx (2 sec): Scintrex IPR12, Tx (2 sec): Scintrex IPC-7

JVX Ltd. ref. no. 9961

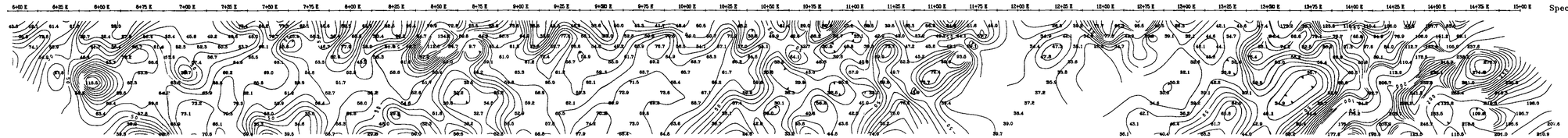


Spectral Tau (softII)
(s)



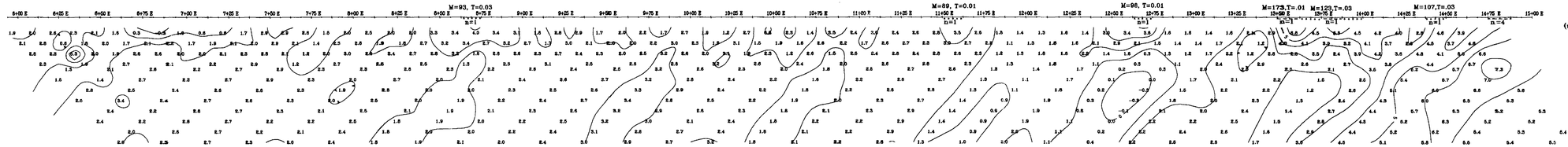
Spectral Tau (softII)
(s)

Spectral MIP (softII)
(mV/V)



Spectral MIP (softII)
(mV/V)

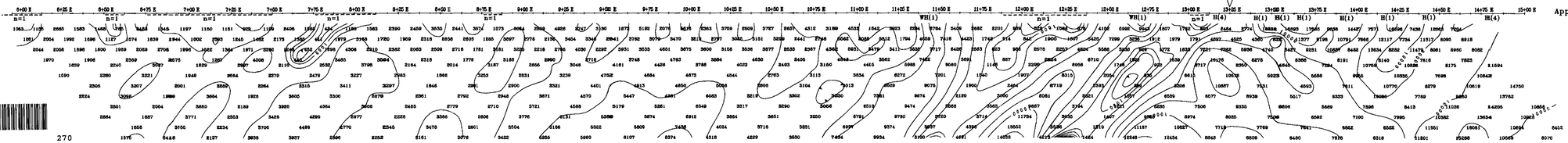
Mx Chargeability
(mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)



Mx Chargeability
(mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)

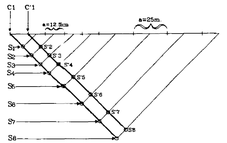
Geological contact

Apparent Resistivity
(ohm-m)



Apparent Resistivity
(ohm-m)

Line 0



Special Penetrating Array

Resistivity and Chargeability Anomalies

- Very strong
- Strong
- Medium
- Weak
- Very weak
- xxxx xxxx Extremely weak

Scale 1:1250

25 0 25 50
(metres)

Plate 1

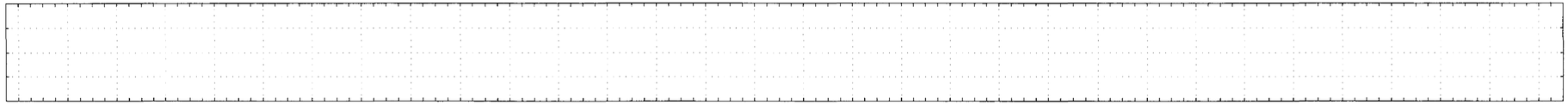
PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORP.

SPECTRAL IP/RES SURVEY

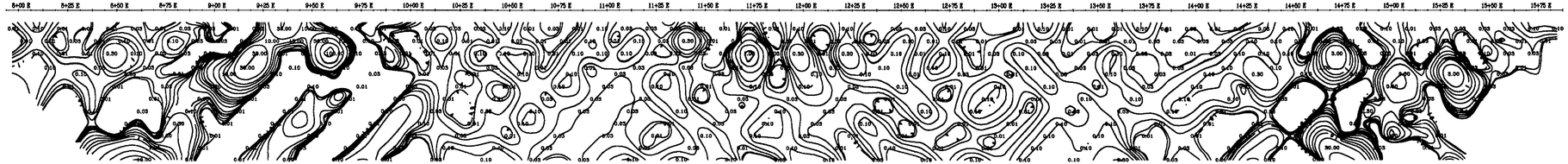
SURVEYED DECEMBER 1999; NE ONTARIO

Rx (2 sec): Scintrex IPR12, Tx (2 sec): Scintrex IPC-7

JVX Ltd. ref. no. 9961

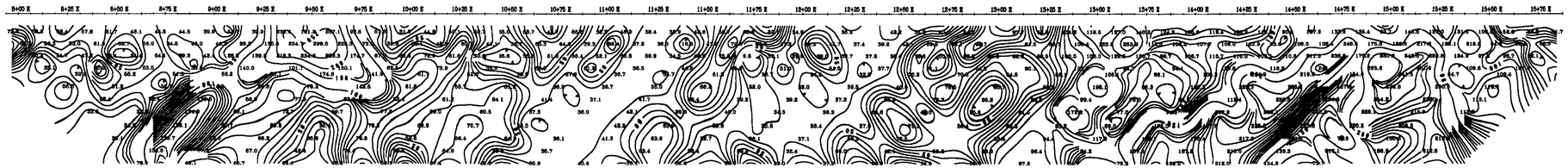


Spectral Tau (softII) (s)



Spectral Tau (softII) (s)

Spectral MIP (softII) (mV/V)



Spectral MIP (softII) (mV/V)

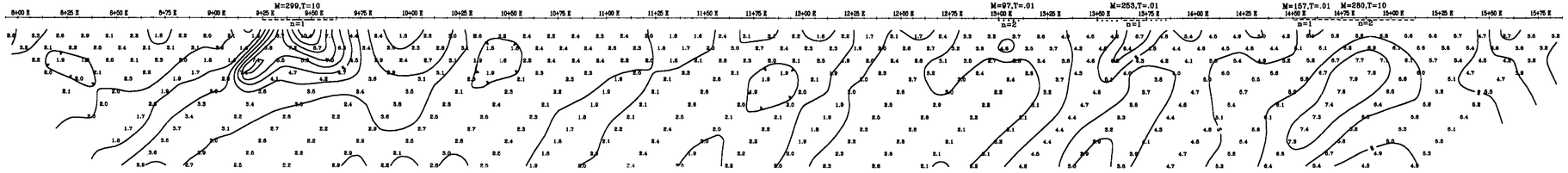
IP - 1 M=299,T=10

IP - 2 M=97,T=.01

IP - 3 M=253,T=.01

IP - 4 M=157,T=.01 M=280,T=10

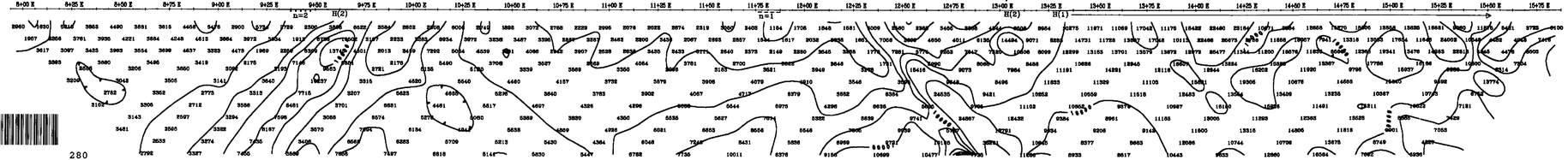
Mx Chargeability (mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)



Mx Chargeability (mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)

Geological contact

Apparent Resistivity (ohm-m)

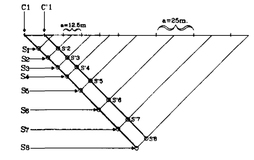


Apparent Resistivity (ohm-m)

41109NW2017 2.20769 KELLY

280

Line 50 N



Special Penetrating Array

Resistivity and Chargeability Anomalies

- Very strong
- Strong
- Medium
- Weak
- Very weak
- Extremely weak

Scale 1:1250

25 0 25 50 (metres)

Plate 2

PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORP.

SPECTRAL IP/RES SURVEY

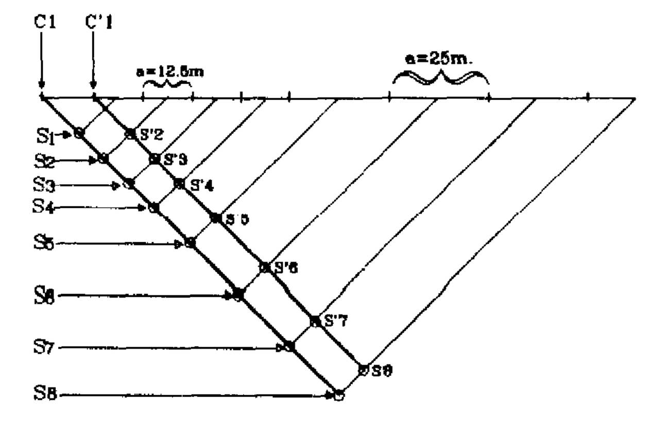
SURVEYED DECEMBER 1999; NE ONTARIO

Line 50N

Rx (2 sec): Scintrex IPR12, Tx (2 sec): Scintrex IPC-7

JVX Ltd. ref. no. 9961

Line 700 N



Resistivity and Chargeability Anomalies

- Very strong
- Strong
- Medium
- Weak
- Very weak
- xxxx xxxx Extremely weak

Scale 1:1250

25 0 25 50 (metres)

Plate 3

PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORP.

SPECTRAL IP/RES SURVEY

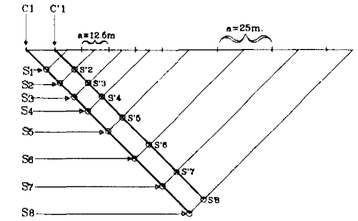
SURVEYED DECEMBER 1999; NE ONTARIO

Line 700N

Rx (2 sec): Scintrex IPR12, Tx (2 sec): Scintrex IPC-7

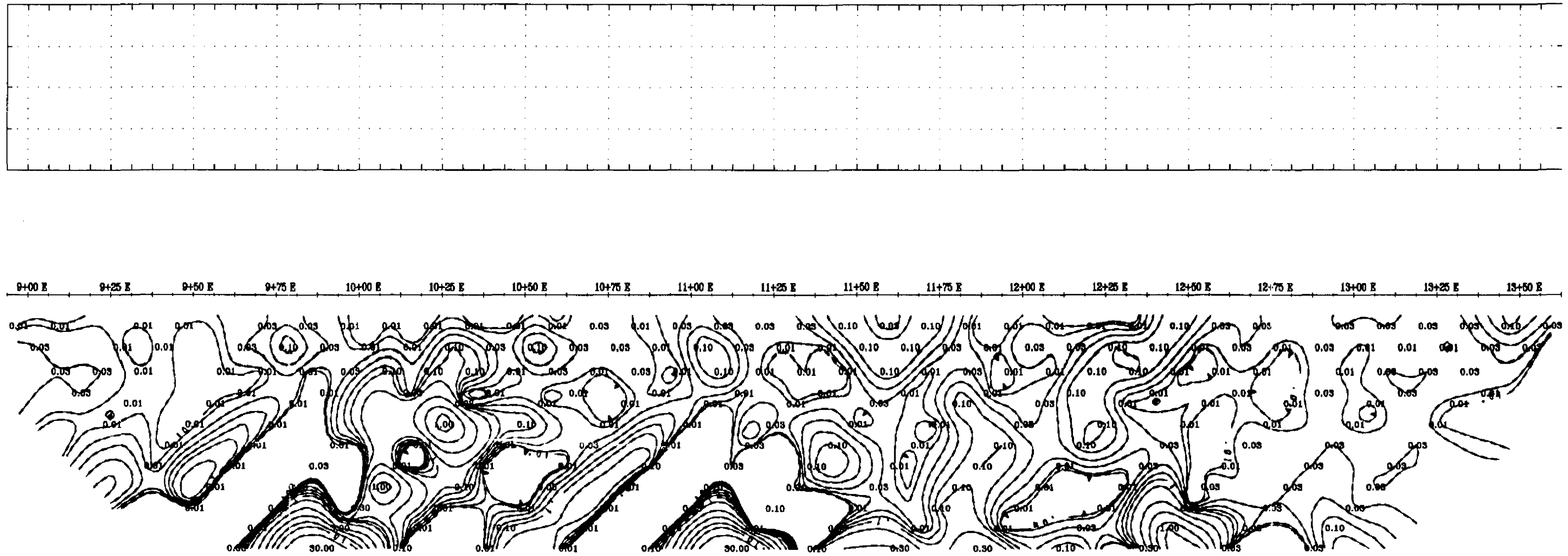
JVX Ltd. ref. no. 9961

Line 750 N



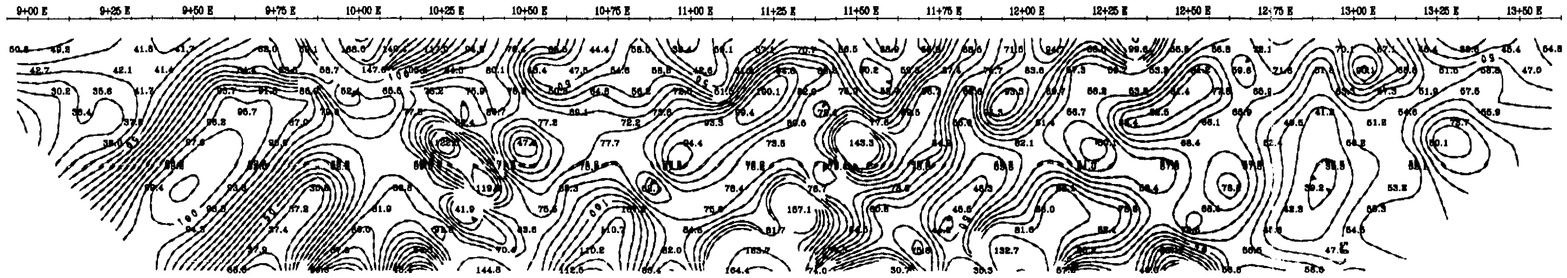
Special Penetrating Array

Spectral Tau (softII)
(s)



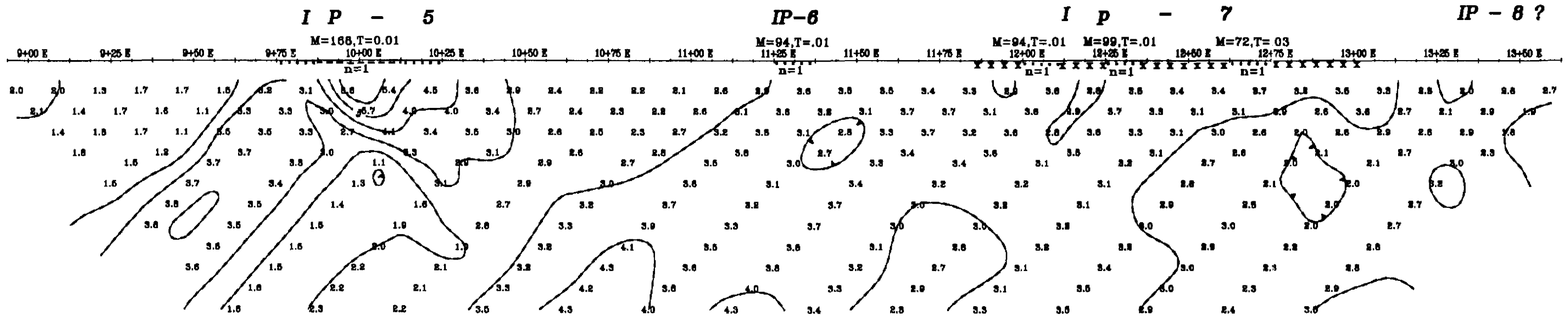
Spectral Tau (softII)
(s)

Spectral MIP (softII)
(mV/V)



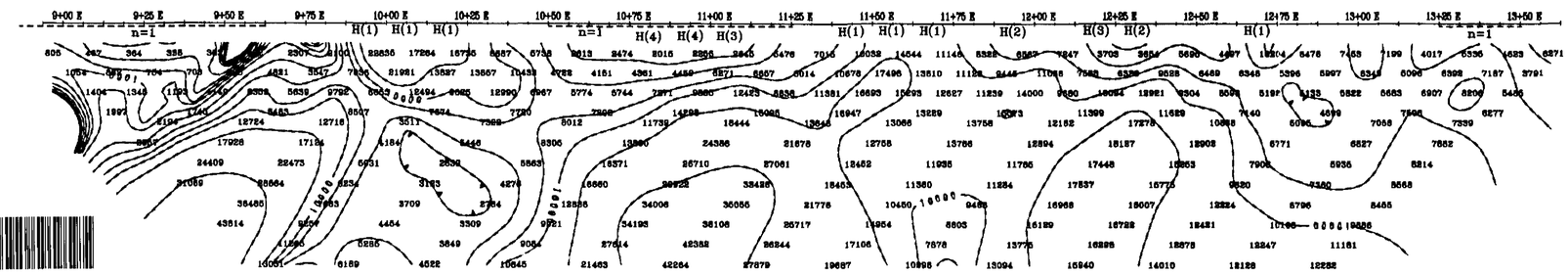
Spectral MIP (softII)
(mV/V)

Mx Chargeability
(mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)



Mx Chargeability
(mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)

Apparent Resistivity
(ohm-m)



Apparent Resistivity
(ohm-m)

Resistivity and Chargeability Anomalies

- Very strong
- Strong
- Medium
- Weak
- Very weak
- Extremely weak

Scale 1:1250

25 0 25 50
(metres)

Plate 4

PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORP.

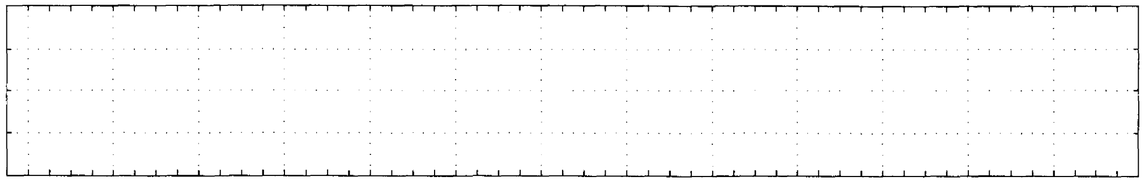
SPECTRAL IP/RES SURVEY

SURVEYED DECEMBER 1999; NE ONTARIO

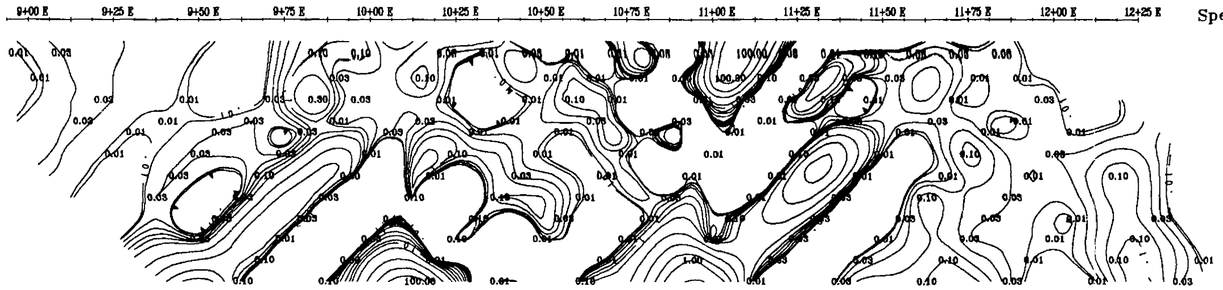
Line 750N

Rx (2 sec): Scintrex IPR12, Tx (2 sec): Scintrex IPC-7

JVX Ltd. ref. no. 9961

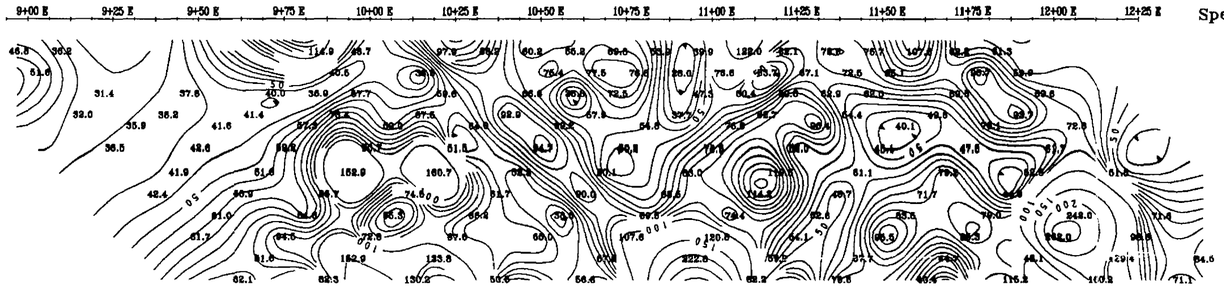


Spectral Tau (softII)
(s)



Spectral Tau (softII)
(s)

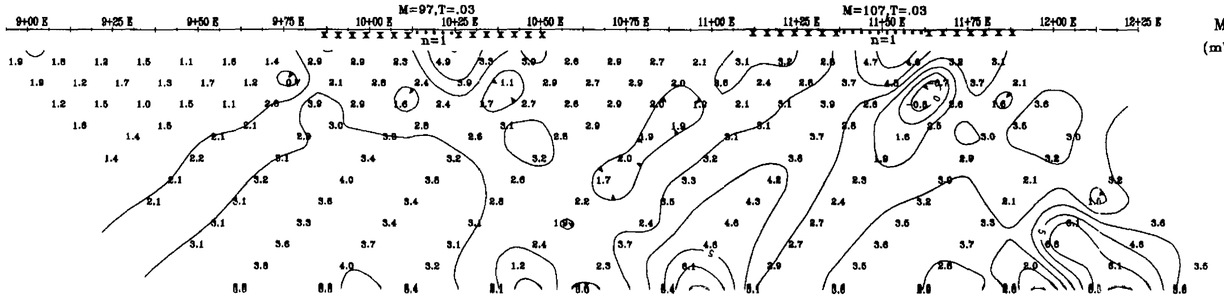
Spectral MIP (softII)
(mV/V)



Spectral MIP (softII)
(mV/V)

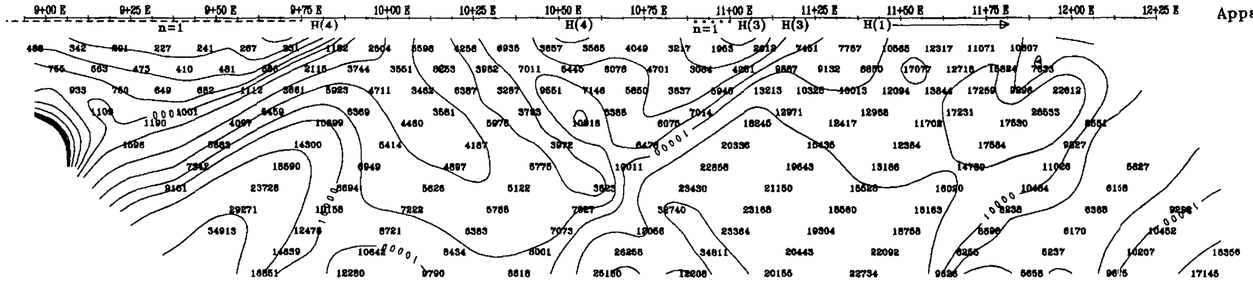
I P - 5 *I P - 6*

Mx Chargeability
(mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)



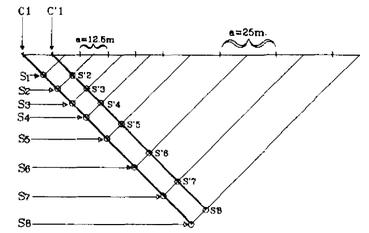
Mx Chargeability
(mV/V, 690ms-1050ms)

Apparent Resistivity
(ohm-m)



Apparent Resistivity
(ohm-m)

Line 800 N



Special Penetrating Array

Resistivity and Chargeability Anomalies

- Very strong
- Strong
- Medium
- Weak
- Very weak
- Extremely weak

Scale 1:1250

25 0 25 50
(metres)

Plate 5

PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORP.

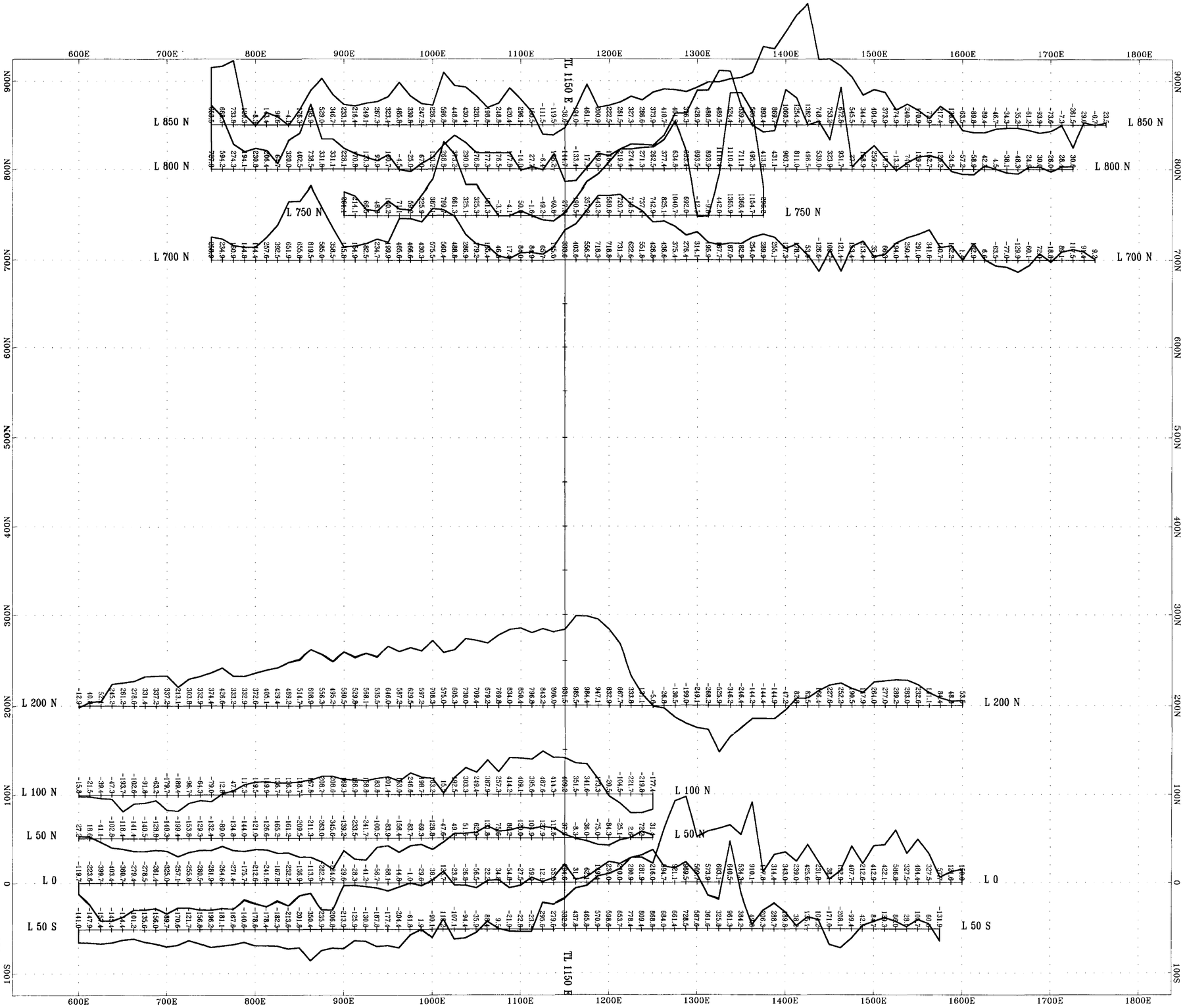
SPECTRAL IP/RES SURVEY

SURVEYED DECEMBER 1999; NE ONTARIO

Line 600N

Rx (2 sec): Scintrex IPR12, Tx (2 sec): Scintrex IPC-7

JVX Ltd. ref. no. 9961



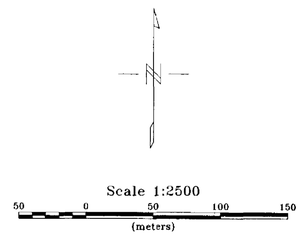
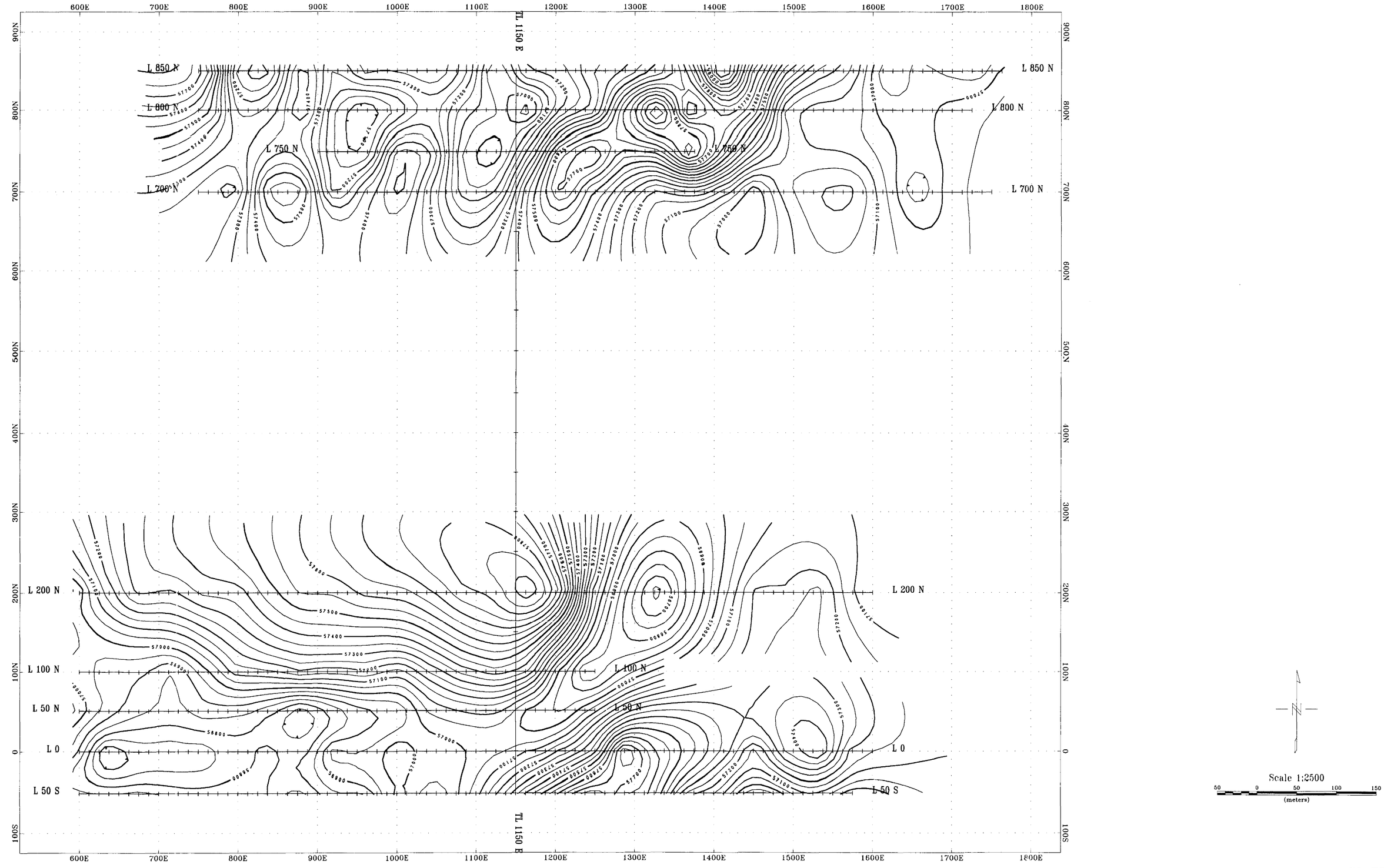


PLATE 6

PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORP.
DAVIS-KELLY PROPERTYY DAVIS & KELLY TWPS. NE ONTARIO
TOTAL FIELD MAGNETIC PROFILES & POSTINGS Base Field: 57000 nT removed Profile Scale: 1 cm = 250 nT
JVX LTD., ref. no. 9961, Jan 2000



Scale 1:2500

50 0 50 100 150

(meters)

PLATE 7

PACIFIC NORTH WEST CAPITAL CORP.

DAVIS-KELLY PROPERTYY
DAVIS & KELLY TWPS.
NE ONTARIO

TOTAL FIELD MAGNETIC CONTOURS
Base Field: 57000 nT
Contour Interval: 50, 100, & 500 nT

JVX LTD., ref. no. 9961, Jan 2000