

GEOLOGICAL AND IP-RESISTIVITY SURVEY
of the
Chester Township Property
Chester Township
Porcupine Mining Division
District of Sudbury

for

GOGAMA RESOURCES

by

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RECEIVED

FEB 2 6 1985 MINING LANDS SECTION

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SUMMARY

The Gogama Resources Chester township property is underlain by a multi-phase felsic intrusion and is surrounded by active gold prospects, several with shafts, in identical geology. The extensive but shallow overburden on the claims hampered previous work, and little exploration has been done since 1930 when a spectacular gold discovery was made adjacent to the northwest corner of the claims. Over the past two years, active logging in the area has uncovered several mineralized zones on the property.

The felsic intrusion ranges in composition from granodiorite to a quartz-rich trondhjemite. Minor mafic intrusions and/or xenoliths exist on the property and range in composition from quartz diorite to quartz-gabbro to gabbro. The felsic intrusion is locally intruded by later diabase, lamprophyre, aplitic and quartz-feldspar porphyry dikes. Numerous gold bearing quartz veins have been found in the area, most of which are located within the central trondhjemitic intrusive. These veins occupy easterly trending fractures and shears and consist of quartz with varying amounts of pyrite, chalcopyrite, and less commonly sphalerite.

A total of 12 grab samples were collected from old pits and trenches and from quartz vein bearing mineralized shear zones and various altered zones on the Gogama Resources property. The samples were analyzed for gold. The highest gold value obtained

was 0.275 oz/ton. The mineralization appears to consist of coarse cubes and grains of disseminated pyrite, with disseminated chalcopyrite and sphalerite throughout zones of quartz-filled fractures in silicified trondhjemite, granodiorite and gabbro. In areas of shearing the felsic intrusives often have quartz stockwork veining and are often highly fractured and sericitized. Locally a diagnostic red hematized feldspar alteration is associated with the shear zones and with diabase, quartz-feldspar porphyry, lamprophyre and aplitic dike contacts.

Locally the quartz veining was seen crossing the shear zones at several points and indicates that quartz veining is both post and pre shearing.

Mineralization appears to be controlled by shearing and quartz veining within the felsic and mafic intrusive rocks.

INTRODUCTION

A line cutting, geological mapping and IP survey was conducted in late October to November 5, 1984 on the Gogama Resources property in Chester Township. The property consists of 10 contiguous unpatented mining claims located in the west central part of Chester Township. The property lies approximately 70 miles south of Timmins and 100 miles north of Sudbury via Highway 144, then about 5 miles west by active logging roads which traverse the property.

Personnel employed on the program included Ian Coster, B.Sc., Geology and Nadia Caira, B.Sc., Geology who carried out the mapping program on a cut grid of approximately 8.3 miles. The grid was cut in October, 1984 by employees of Henry T.Gonzalez Exploration Services, of Timmins, Ontario. The claim group covers approximately 400 acres of mining land.

The Induced Polarization-Resistivity survey commenced during the geological work and was completed on November 8, 1984. the survey was carried out by Robert S. Middleton Exploration Services.

The claim numbers are as follows:

681824 - 681827 all inclusive 720673 - 720675 all inclusive

720703 - 720705 all inclusive

A portion of claims 681824, 681826, 681827 are covered by the southeast arm of Clay Lake, and Mollie Creek flows north through claims 720704 and 720674.

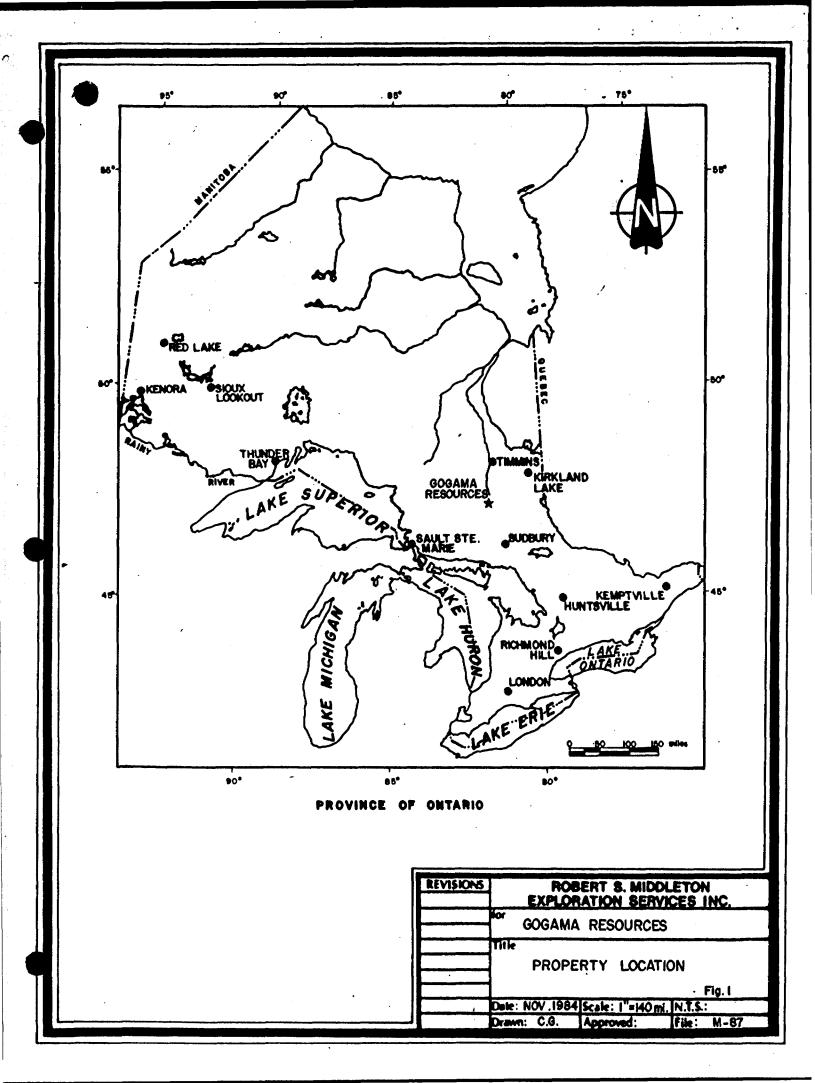
Geological mapping was done on a cut grid having an easterly trending tieline TL 45S located approximately 4,500 feet south of a baseline on the north adjoining grid covering the claims of Chester Minerals.

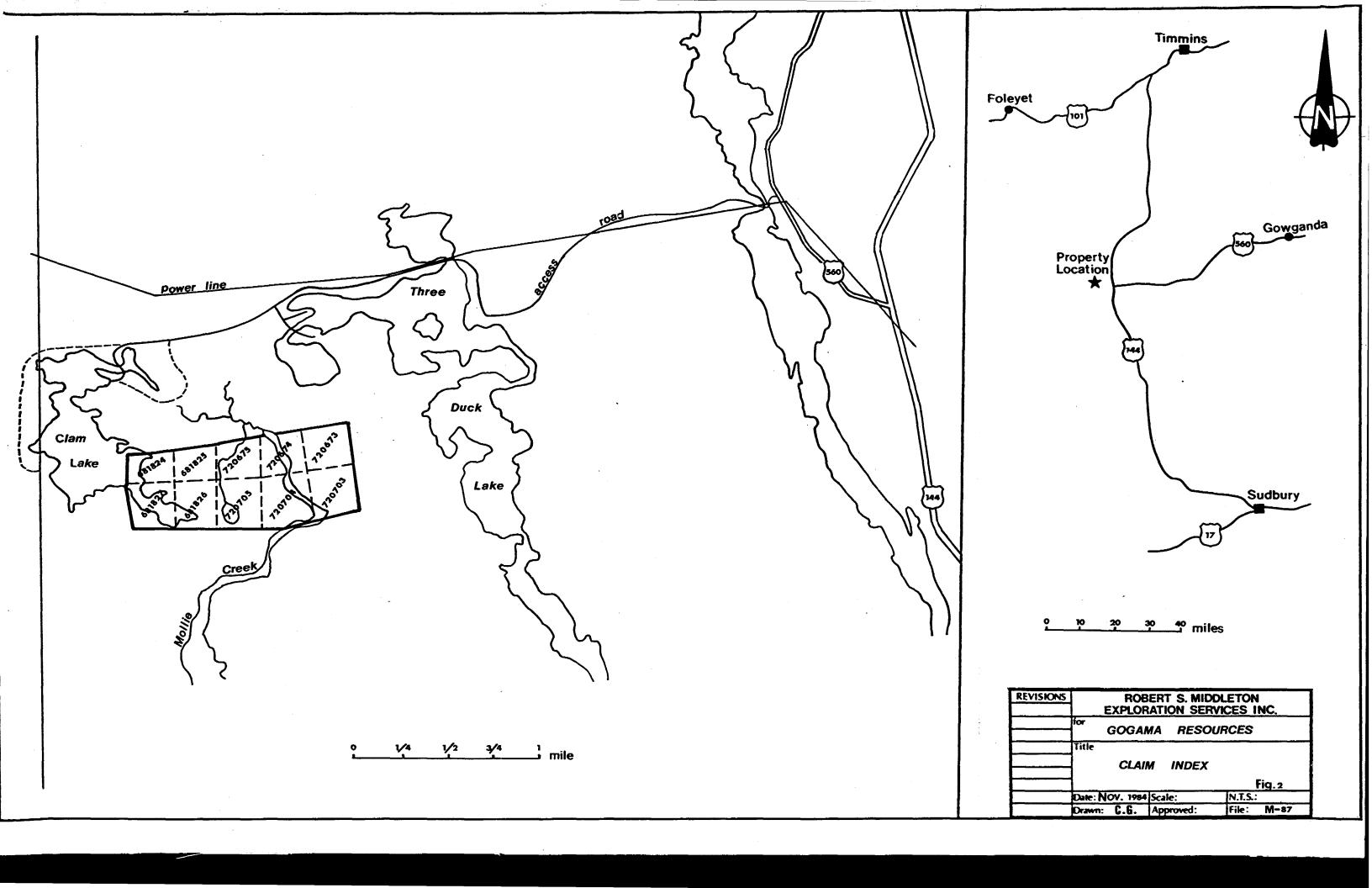
The grid was extended south from the Chester Minerals property for control. Tieline TL 45S trends easterly across the southern part of claims 681824, 681825, 720675, and across the northern part of claim 720704 and 720703. North-south trending lines were cut 300 feet apart with pickets every 100 feet.

It is the purpose of this report to discuss the findings of the geological survey, the lithogeochemical results and the results of the Induced Polarization Resistivity survey. Recommendations for further work to locate gold drilling targets are included following discussion of this material.

LOCATION AND ACCESS

The Gogama Resources property is located in the west central part of Chester Township in the district of Sudbury, Sudbury Mining Division, about 70 miles south-southwest of Timmins and 85 miles north of Sudbury, Ontario (Figure 1 and 2). Access to the claim group is by old mine roads and active logging roads (which





traverse the property) that lead west from the Mesomikenda Lake gravel road (formerly Highway 560) which in turn branches off Highway 144 about 20 km south of the town of Gogama. Access can also be made by float plane from Sudbury to Clam Lake at the west end of the property.

TOPOGRAPHY AND VEGETATION

The topography in the map area consists of low, flat lying swampy areas interspersed with low rolling areas with rock exposures. Scattered outcrop occurs over approximately 10% of the property.

The Gogama Resources property is flanked to the northwest by Clam Lake and is bisected by Mollie Creek. A smaller pond covers the southwest corner of claim 720705.

At least three-quarters of the property is covered by slash due to recent logging procedures and the rest is covered by a thick forest of spruce, birch, poplar with cedar and alder in swampy areas.

The overburden is shallow but extensive.

PREVIOUS WORK

Chester Township has been intermittently explored over the past 80 years. Most of the interest has centered on gold, but base metals have been searched for as well.

Current exploration activity has been directed to the search of gold mineralization. Several important gold prospects as well as numerous gold occurrences in Chester Township implies a good environment to search for gold deposits.

The following summary of the previous work in the area has been abstracted from assessment work files, government reports and reports from other companies that have worked in the area. Sporadic exploration has been carried out on properties in the immediate vicinity around the Gogama Resources property. This work is briefly summarized as follows:

Chester-Shannon Prospect

- The finding of gold on the northeast shore of Clam Lake approximately 1/2 mile north of the Gogama Resources property. The area is now covered by patented claim 58995 (occurrence No.29 on O.G.S., Preliminary Map 2449.
- 1931 Stripping, trenching, and diamond drilling (footage and number of holes is unknown) by Chester Shannon Syndicate on Shannon Island.
- 1932 The main vein was traced for 200 feet and four diamond drill holes put down to test the vein to a depth of 500 feet.
- 1933 Stripping and test pits exposed vein on west shore of Clam

 Lake for a distance of 440 feet.
- 1938 II diamond drill holes (1776 feet).

- 1965 Geological and EM surveys.
- 1971 Induced Polarization survey and some diamond drilling.

Shannon Island Prospect

- 1930 Discovery of the Shannon Vein on a small island near the south end of Clam Lake, approximately 1/4 mile east of the northeast corner of the Gogama Resources (occurrence No. 33 O.G.S. on Preliminary Map 2449) property. The area is now covered by patented claim 516304. Vein is 3 feet wide and heavily mineralized with arsenopyrite, pyrite and chalcopyrite.
- 1933 Trenching a 26 foot pit on vein.
- 1934 Two compartment shaft sunk to a depth of 100 feet, 100 feet of lateral development on the 100 foot level, as well as 3,000 feet of development diamond drilling.
- Induced Polarization carried out by Barringer Research, survey covered eastern part of Gogama Resources property; follow-up diamond drilling in 5 holes to test IP anomalies; power stripping recommended over anomaly "3" which is located in the northeast quarter of claim 720703 in the northeast corner of the Gogama Resources property. Old shaft dewatered and underground workings resampled.

Young-Shannon Prospect

1930, Discovery, stripping and trenching of vein on ground bet-1931 ween Cote Lake and Three Duck Lake, approximately 1/2 mile north of the Gogama Resources property (occurrence No. 34 O.G.S. on Preliminary Map 2449). The area is now covered by patented claim 519971. Vein is 3 feet wide, quartz-carbonate containing pyrrhotite, pyrite, arsenopyrite, chalcopyrite, sphalerite and native gold.

- 1932 Diamond drilling (no details available)
- 1935 Pitting, trenching and 600 feet of diamond drilling.
- 1936 2-compartment shaft sunk to 200 feet (at -70°) with 172 feet of lateral development on the 100 foot level, 2,196 feet of diamond drilling.
- 1937 160 feet of drifting on the 200 foot level, 500 feet of diamond drilling and 120 ton mill installed.
- 1941 Diamond drilling for assessment credits (by Young-Shannon Gold Mines Ltd., no details).
- 1944 Geophysical surveys (no details) (by Young-Shannon Gold Mines Ltd.).
- 1946 Diamond drilling (no details).
- 1964 Geologic mapping (by Chester Minerals Ltd.).
- 1965 Geophysical survey (by Robert S. Nelson).
- More underground work completed, steel headframe errected, diesel power plant and concentrating plant installed by Canadian Crest Mines.

Kingbridge (Gomak) Prospect

- 1932 2,000 feet of trenching on a network of mineralized frac1935

 tures and quartz veins within intrusives, mineralized with
 pyrite, pyrrhotite, chalcopyrite and native gold
 approximately 1 1/4 miles NE of the Gogama Resources
 property on patented claim No. 20009; 2,500 feet of
 diamond drilling (occurrence No. 26, O.G.S. Preliminary
 Map 2449).
- 19351936

 2 compartment shaft sunk to 85 feet (at -65°) with 215

 feet of lateral development and 65 feet of raising on the
 65 foot level. A 35 ton mill operated intermittently in
 1936 (all work by Gomak Mines Ltd.)
- 1937- Substantial amount of trenching and 5,000 feet of diamond 1938 drilling (by Gomak Mines Ltd.)
- 19451948

 Two shafts sunk (16 and 20 feet deep), 900 feet of strip1948

 ping on No. 1 vein, 300 feet of stripping on No. 2 and
 No. 3 veins and a total of 8,000 feet of diamond drilling

 (all work by Chesgo Mines Ltd.).
- 1970- Trenching, stripping and sampling by Kingbridge Mines Ltd.
 1972
 in preparation for a 5 to 10 t.p.d. production schedule.
- Production: Intermittent, yeilding 1387 tons of ore yielded 98 ounces of gold and 23 ounces of silver producing average grade of 0.07 oz/ton gold, 0.02 oz/ton silver.

Strathmore Prospect

Northwest corner of patented claim No. S21613, which is

approximately 1 1/2 miles east north-east of the Gogama Resources property (occurrence No. 37 on O.G.S. Preliminary Map 2449); 3 parallel shear zones striking N62°W in intrusives.

- 1937 2-compartment shaft sunk to 116 feet (at -65°) with 286 feet of lateral development on the 100 foot level (by Strathy Basin Mines Ltd.).
- 1970- Property included in an area which was explored by an 1972

 EM 16 and IP survey followed by diamond drilling (by Kingbridge Mines Ltd.).

Beaverbridge Prospect

Gold occurs in narrow quartz veins with associated pyrite and chalcopyrite; approximately 1 1/4 miles north-north-east of the Gogama Resources property; (occurrence No. 19 on Preliminary Map 2449).

- 1965- Geological and EM surveys, stripping, and trenching (by 1967

 Beaverbridge Mines Ltd.).
- 1973 Surface and geophysical exploration (by Rockzone Mines Ltd.); Geophysical Surveys, surface exploration and diamond drilling were planned.

Numerous other gold (+ Ag, Cu, Pb, Zn) occurrences exist

within several miles of the Gogama Resources property but are too numerous to mention.

In 1981 wide zones of gold bearing disseminated sulphides were discovered on the <u>Chester Resources/Murgold Resources</u> property which lies approximately 2-3 miles northeast of the Gogama Resources property. Extensive trenching and stripping is presently being carried out.

In 1983, an 11 claim block owned by <u>Jarvis Resources Ltd.</u>, located immediately east of the Gogama Resources property, was extensively explored by VLF EM and diamond drilling. A total of 27 holes were drilled. The VLF EM survey defined several strong conductors in the vicinity of the quartz vein shears carrying gold values. Assay results up to 0.48 oz/ton Au over 7 feet were obtained. A 350 ton bulk sample averaged 0.17 oz/ton Qu and 125 pound bulk sample assayed 0.94 oz/ton Au, as well as 8.65% Zn. Apparently, some of the expected intersections in diamond drill holes were 'diked out' by numerous lampropheres in the area. A comprehensive program of detailed geological mapping, power stripping and detailed self potential surveying, as well as extensive bulk sampling has been recommended prior to further diamond drilling.

In 1984, Geological and IP surveys occurred on <u>Chester</u>

<u>Minerals</u> properties (over the old Shannon and Young-Shannon

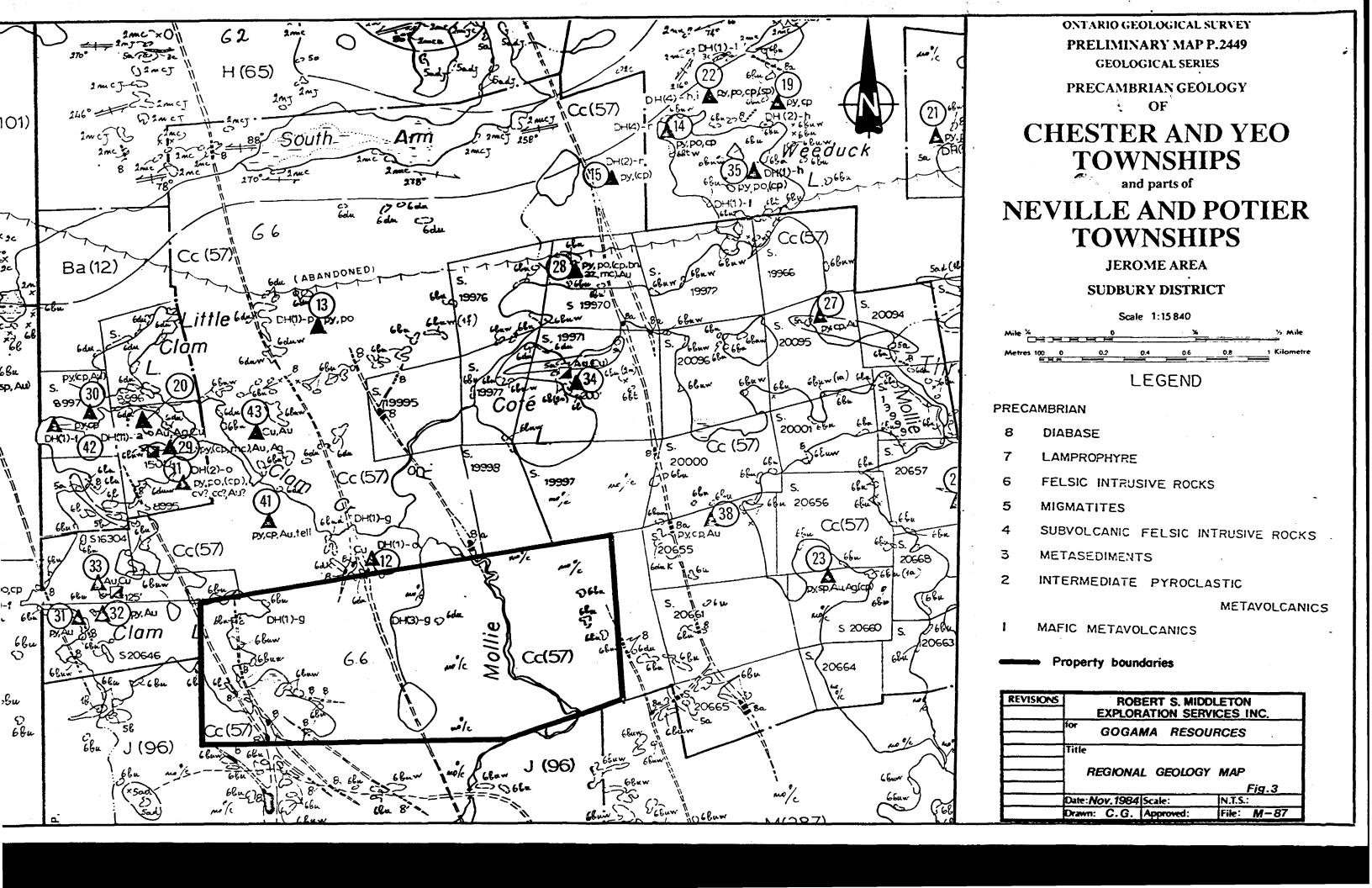
prospects) located on Clam and Cote Lakes (bordering the Gogama

Resources property). The surveys resulted in numerous chargeability anomalies with associated shear zones. Further trenching uncovered shear zones with associated auriferous quartz veins, within trondhjemite and granodiorite.

Between 1940 and 1956, the <u>Jerome Mine</u>, located 3 townships to the northwest (Osway Twp.) within the same mineralized belt, produced 56,893 ounces of gold from 335,060 tons of ore (giving a net average grade of 0.17 oz/ton Au). At present, resources are reportedly in the order of 500,000 tons grading 0.19 oz/ton Au and the mine is being actively explored including dewatering, resampling and diamond drilling. A production decision is imminent.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The central part of Chester Township, including the Gogama Resources property, is underlain by a trondhjemite-granodiorite intrusive complex approximately 3 1/2 miles in diameter with migmatitic inliers (Figure 3, after Siragusa, 1981, and is surrounded by active gold prospects and several shafts, in identical geology, O.G.S. map P2449). A series of hornblende diorite and gabbro migmatites occur to the south and southeast of the felsic intrusion. A series of intermediate pyroclastic metavolcanics were intruded by the felsic intrusion and the contact lies about 1/2 mile north of the Gogama Resources



property. North-northwesterly trending diabase and lamprophyre dikes cross the area, some possibly occupying pre-existing faults. The Mesomikenda Fault offsets the east end of the intrusion.

The trondhjemitic intrusive rocks contain scattered lensy, tabular xenoliths of (older) migmatitic hornblende-diorite and gabbro and host several gold bearing quartz veins generally occupying easterly trending shear zones. "16 important gold showings occur in concentration within one mile of the north contact of the trondhjemite, over a distance of 4 miles. It is highly significant that this area is characterized by inclusions or xenoliths of metavolcanic migmatite up to 500 feet wide and 7,000 feet in length, generally with an easterly strike, and often associated with shear and fracture patterns, reflecting dynamic stress in the vicinity of competent/incompetent rock Such areas of fracturing are favourable for relationships. mineralization." Variable amounts of pyrite, chalcopyrite, sphalerite. pyrrhotite, and lesser amounts of galena, arsenopyrite and tellurides have been noted in some of these shear zones. A relatively wide disseminated sulphide zone on the Resources/Murgold Chester Resources properties, related to migmatites within the intrusive complex occurs about

Report on the Exploration Potential for Gold of Pacific Northern (Gold Mines) by R.J. Graham.

one mile northeast of the Gogama Resources property. although considerable exploration has been done dating back to 1900, and at least five shafts sunk in Chester Township, gold production in the area has been limited.

PROPERTY GEOLOGY

The Gogama Resources property is underlain by a felsic intrusive pocket). Medium to complex (Figure 5. back coarse-grained granodiorite (Units 6d, 6k) are the most abundant phases on the property but quartz diorite, trondhjemitic and aplitic phases also occur. Less commonly more mafic phases occur including gabbro and quartz gabbro as intrusions and as xenoliths within the felsic phases. Diabase and lamprophyre dikes locally intrude the felsic rocks in a generally north direction. Also, subvolcanic felsic intrusives including feldspar-quartz porphyry sills (?) are found in a east-south-east direction following major foliations in the area.

Mineralization on the property includes disseminated pyrite, chalcopyrite and sphalerite in shears and associated quartz veins. In addition, it was reported that coarsely crystallized arsenopyrite was found in a sub-angular quartz cobble float of probable local origin (R.G. Graham, 1983).

Overburden is shallow but extensive, and the logging operations recently carried out have produced a series of logging



roads across the property. Logging related bulldozing has partly exposed several strong east striking shears, locally well mineralized with pyrite and chalcopyrite. Also, their clearing operations have exposed numerous large angular float of mafic metavolcanics with 2-10% pyrite and chalcopyrite.

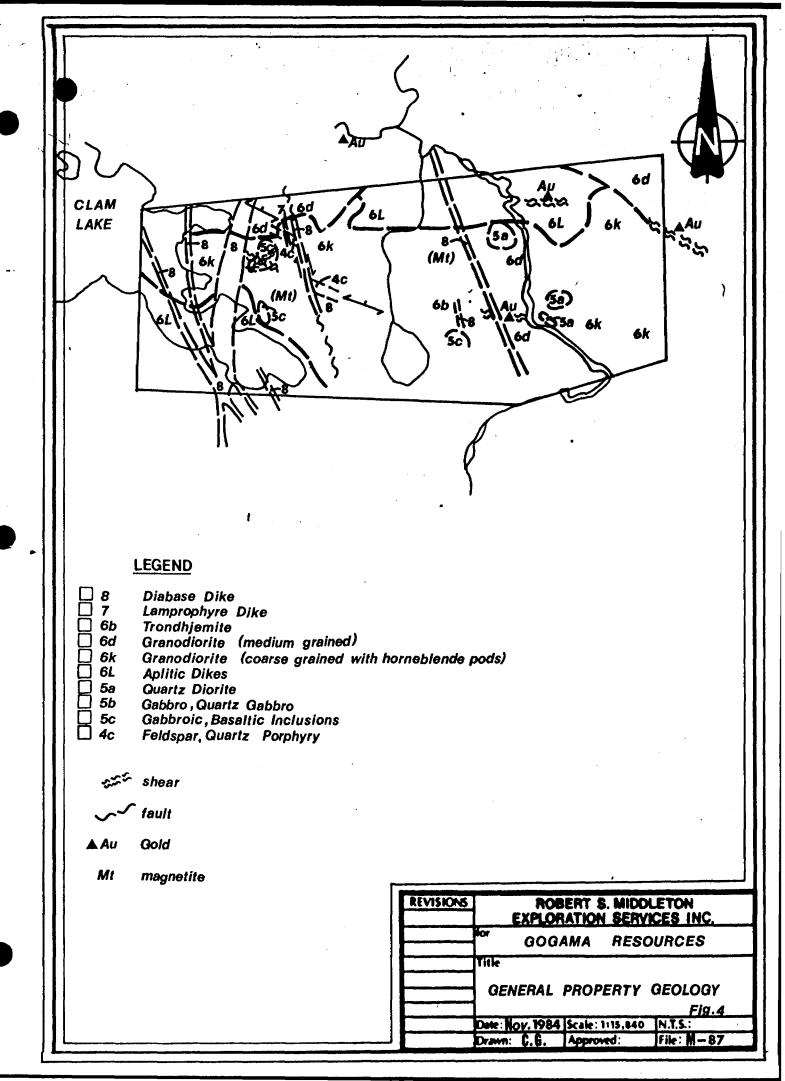


TABLE 1 TABLE OF FORMATIONS

Middle to Late Precambrian (Proterozoic) Mafic Intrusive Rocks

- 8 Diabase
- 7 Lamprophyre Dike

Intrusive Contact

Early Precambrian (Archean) Felsic Intrusive Rocks Batholithic Intrusive Rocks 6d Potassic-rich Granodiorite (medium-grained) 6k Sodic-rich Granodiorite (coarse-grained with hornblende pods) 6l Trondhjemite (occassionally aplitic)

Felsic Intrusive Dikes

6m Aplitic Granitic Dikes

Mafic Intrusive Rocks

- 5a Quartz Diorite
- 5c Gabbro, Quartz-Gabbro, basaltic xenolith and/or intrusion

Subvolcanic Felsic Intrusive Rocks

4c Feldspar-Quartz Porphyry

Mafic Intrusive Rocks

Unit 8 Diabase Dike

Several diabase dikes cut the felsic intrusive rocks on the property. The dikes run just west of north and occur as swarms throughout the western half of the property. The dikes range from 5 to 60 feet in width. A diagnostic red hematitic alteration is associated with the dike contacts. The diabase is reddish brown on weathered surface, black on fresh, equigranular, medium to coarse-grained and locally magnetic. Glomeroporphyritic texture exemplified clusters of pale green plagioclase occurs throughout most of dikes. The dikes are chilled against the felsic the intrusive rocks.

Unit 7 Lamprophyre Dikes

This unit was seen as a series of dikes in a single location on line 89W at 38S. The dikes range from 1 to 5 feet in width and were seen cutting the felsic intrusive rocks. The lamprophyre dikes are rusty red through red brown on weathered surface and grey black to greenish black on fresh surfaces. The weathered surface is mafic rich with coarse biotite phenocrysts that form a speckled surface. The fresh surface is aphanitic with 1-2mm black biotite phenocrysts. Much coarse silvery specular hematite was associated with dike contacts. A pervasive carbonatization

persists throughout the dikes. The dikes trend roughly north-northwest and were seen crosscutting the quartz feldspar porphyry dikes (Unit 4d).

Felsic Intrusive Rocks

Batholithic Intrusive Rocks

A variety of felsic intrusive rocks occur on the property that seem to vary in age of emplacement. According to Pyke (1982, Geology of the Timmins Area) the soda-rich quartz-feldspar porphyries (Unit 4c) and the trondhjemites (Unit 6b) are the oldest, with the youngest being the more potassic granodiorites (Unit 6d).

Unit 6d Potassic-rich Granodiorite (medium-grained)

This phase of the granodiorite is thought to be the youngest felsic intrusive on the property. It consequently flanks the northeastern and northwestern corners of the property with smaller elliptical plugs in the west portion of the property, averaging 100 feet by 100 feet in diameter. The granodiorite is medium-grained, massive to very weakly foliated with a white weathered surface. Adjacent to diabase dikes, this unit weathers a distinctive red colour due to hematization from the dike. Fresh surfaces are light grey to more commonly pinkish grey due to the presence of potassium feldspars and hematized plagioclase crystals. From hand specimen examination, the rock contains 55%

plagioclase, 2-4% potassic feldspar and hematized plagioclase, 20% quartz, 10% hornblende and biotite and 5% combined sericite, chlorite, epidote and trace magnetite. Varying proportions of disseminated pyrite was seen ranging from trace to 2%. The unit is cut by numerous small 1/2"-1" quartz veins, stockwork or pods that vary in attitude but commonly are roughly east-southeast, dipping to the north. Locally north-south trending veins were seen. The granodiorite contains diagnostic blue quartz eyes throughout matrix exhibiting a weakly porphyritic texture in the places. The occassional gabbroic or basaltic xenolith was seen within this unit.

Unit 6k Sodic-rich Granodiorite

(coarse-grained with hornblende pods)

This felsic intrusive phase is by far the most abundant intrusive rock on the property. The granodiorite is coarse-grained, massive with a white to red weathering surface. Fresh surfaces are light grey to dark grey depending on the abundance of hornblende pods or clots throughout the matrix. From hand specimen examination the rock contains approximately 55% sodic plagioclase, 20-25% blue quartz, 15% -25% combined hornblende and biotite with varying proportions of chlorite and sericite. Varying proportions of disseminated pyrite, as well as a hematitic

alteration were seen depending on nearness to diabase and lamprophyre dike contacts and shear zones.

This unit is cut by numerous small veins and pods of quartz throughout the property, associated with a common east-southeast fracture system.

Unit 61 Trondhjemite (Aplitic)

The trondhjemite outcrops in the west central portion of the claim group and is thought, by the author, to be one of the oldest of the felsic phases seen on the property. The rock is equigranular, generally massive and weathers white to buff. Fresh surfaces are white to grey-white, and often display a sugary aplitic texture. Adjacent to shear zones, the rock is moderately foliated and is sericitic along foliation.

From hand specimen examination the rock contains 40-50% blue quartz, 30-40% plagioclase, 5-10% hornblende and biotite with 5-10% sericite, chlorite and minor hematite and epidote. The rock is often aplitic in composition and texture with later dikes of aplite (Unit 6m) seen intruding the granodiorte. These dikes associated late stage differentiates of the may represent trondhjemite (Unit 6L). Shearing within the trondhjemite has associated quartz veins and pods ranging from 1/2" to 2" in diameter. within the shear. Mineralization includes 1-4% disseminated and chalcopyrite in a partly pyrite lesser sericitized, silicified hostrock.

Locally the trondhjemite looks porphyritic with 20% blue 1-2mm quartz eyes.

Unit 6m Aplitic Granitic Dikes

This unit was seen in two locations at L87W/40S and at L69W/46S. both cases the dikes intruded the coarse-grained diorite (Unit 6k) along a major 170° fracture Similarily a diabase dike occurs just east of the zone. aplites along the same trend. The aplite dikes were seen filling both a roughly north-south and east-west fracture pattern in the same area. The aplites are equigranular, weather a white-red hematitic colour depending on the presence of any potassium feldspar or hematized plagioclase crystals. The dikes are generally medium-grained and sugary textured, similar in composition to the trondhjemite (Unit 61). The aplites may, in fact, be part of the trondhjemite (i.e. differentiate). .

Mafic Intrusive Rocks

Unit 5a Quartz Diorite

On the Gogama Resources property this rock occurs as plugs averaging 100 x 100 feet in diameter. The matrix is composed of 60% combined plagioclase and quartz, 30% hornblende and biotite with up to 10% chlorite, hematite and sericite. The rock locally contains blue quartz eyes averaging 1-2mm in diameter. This unit is seen cut by

numerous small 1-2" wide quartz veins and stockwork systems trending roughly north-south and east-west. Trace amounts of disseminated pyrite were seen.

Unit 5c Gabbro, Quartz-Gabbro Intrusion and/or Xenolith

A more mafic-rich intrusion occurs on the property in several localities and may either be a mafic phase of the quartz diorite intrusion (Unit 5a) or large metamorphosed. partly recrystallized mafic xenoliths. This phase was mapped gabbro and quartz-gabbro depending on the presence locally of up to 15% blue quartz eyes within the rock. The rock is medium grained, slightly foliated, equigranular and dark green in colour. From hand specimen examination it consists of 70% combined, pyroxene, hornblende and biotite, 10-15% interstitial plagioclase and 5-10% chlorite. tremolite.

Subvolcanic Felsic Intrusive Rocks

Unit 4c Feldspar-Quartz Porphyry

This unit was seen in two locations on the property at L85W at 47S and just west of L89W at 39S. The dikes are striking 130° and may, in fact, be the same dike that is offset by a later north-northwest striking diabase dike (see property geology, back pocket).

The dikes are light grey to buff weathering, and are weakly to moderately foliated along contacts. On fresh surfaces the

rocks are light grey to grey green with an aphanitic matrix. The dike is thought to be dacitic in composition and contains from 30-50% subhedral plagioclase phenocrysts, ranging in size from 1mm to 1cm and averaging 3mm - 4mm. Locally the plagioclase phenocrysts are partly sericitized. The matrix is composed of plagioclase and lesser quartz with flecks of sericite imparting a foliation along contacts. Accessory minerals include chlorite and pyrite. The rock also contains from 2-5% quartz phenocrysts that range in size from 1 to 4mm in diameter.

STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY AND METAMORPHISM

Throughout Chester Township, the major structural features are roughly east trending shear zones. The shearing generally follows the major foliation and lithologic contacts in the area.

Several north-northwest trending diabase dikes occur throughout the area and possibly occupy pre-existing fault zones, as a 600 foot offset of a quartz-feldspar porphyry dike occurs on the property.

Although these shear zones are small (1-4 feet), they carry significant gold values. Several quartz vein, stockwork systems and pods were seen on the property and seem to occupy shear zones and/or major fracture zones that range from 080° to 180° and dip steeply to the north. The vein walls are bounded by slips but more often the vein is a stockwork system ranging from 1/4" to

12" in width. Locally, the veins were seen crossing the shears at various points, which indicates that the shear zones are pre-quartz veining.

A diagnostic red hematized feldspar alteration is associated with shear zones as well as with diabase, lamprophyre and quartz-feldspar porphyry dike contacts.

Mineralization including pyrite, chalcopyrite and sphalerite, together with associated gold values, occur within or near to the shear zones.

Shearing was located at:

		Directions
1.	L60W at 52S	096°/80°S
2.	TL 45S at 91W	125°/80°NE & 050°/50°NW
3.	L52W at 42S	095°/70°N
4.	L44W at 58S	095°/65°N
5.	200' east of L36W/43S	120°/85°S

Foliations throughout property the are parallel or subparallel to regional bedding attitudes. Foliation ranges from 085° to 130°. The foliation is defined by orientation of platy minerals including biotite, sericite and chlorite. Overall the rocks have undergone regional metamorphism to the lower greenschist facies.

ECONOMIC GEOLOGY

A total of 12 rock grab samples were taken on the Gogama Resources property and were analysed for gold.

Several areas of interest were located on the property which returned anomalous gold values. These include three previously trenched quartz vein bearing shear zones and two untrenched mineralized shear zones.

Area 1

This area occurs on line 60W at 5200S and is composed of a roughly east-west trending 12" wide shear zone within the (Unit 61) and near to the potassic-hematitic trondhjemite granodiorite contact (Unit 6d). A grab sample was taken of a 1" wide quartz vein within the shear, that was striking at 095° and dipping steeply to the south. The sample returned 0.275 oz/ton gold, while another grab sample of the sericitic, pyritic wall rock returned 121 ppb gold. The shear zone is 12" wide and is striking 096°/80S. The quartz vein is vuggy with abundant boxwork of jarocite, goethite and hematite with 1% cubic pyrite Alteration envelopes around the vein range from 2" to remaining. and are moderately to strongly foliated. The envelope consists of quartz and sericite.

Area 2

This area occurs at TL45S at 91W. A 3mx2m circular pit has been blasted and has partially exposed a series of quartz stringers averaging 1/2" in diameter. The pit is partially filled by rubble with a strong rusty staining caused by oxidation of sulphide mineralization consisting of up to 3% disseminated

coarse pyrite. A conjugate set of two shears occur within this pit within a foliated gabbroic xenolith or intrusion. The shears 125° and 050° and dip 80° and 50° to the north, Similarly, two directions of quartz veins exist respectively. and appear to be the pinch and swell type. Alteration envelopes around the veins range from 2" to 10", varying with the size of the vein. The vein contacts are chloritic and strongly schistose. Mineralization within this zone consists of 1-2% coarsely disseminated pyrite. Hydrothermal alteration includes chloritization, epidotization and hematization. A second pit occurs 60 feet north of the previous one and contains 1-3% pyrite within a gabbro. Two rock samples were taken. One of a 1" wide quartz vein (Pit 1) and another of pyritized gabbro (Pit 2). The vein returned weakly anomalous in gold (52 ppb) and the pyritized gabbro returned 16 ppb in gold.

Area 3

In the southeast corner of claim 720674 on line 52W at 4200S, a previously trenched 2-5 foot wide shear zone occurs along the contact between the trondhjemite and a more mafic inclusion (Unit 5c). This east west trending shear is following the contact at 095°/70° north and has been trenched for 10 feet.

The zone is composed of yellow-white strongly schistose sericitic trondhjemite with strong jarocite, goethite and hematite alteration. Associated 1/2 to 1" wide grey quartz veins

also exist roughly paralleling within and around the shear zone. Mineralization includes up to 3% coarsely disseminated pyrite and 2% chalcopyrite within the sericitic rock. Rock samples returned as high as 0.167 oz/ton gold (R.S.Middleton's sample).

A brief property examination by Robert S. Middleton and Bruce Durham and John Scott in September, 1984 resulted in eight grab samples being taken from these trenches. The samples and results are as follows:

Sample No.	Gold/ppb	Gold/oz
5925		0.167
5926	136	
5927	90	
5928		0.148
5929	724	
5930	835	
5931		0.032
5932	29	

A grab sample collected from the trenches during the coarse of mapping returned 0.051 oz/ton gold.

This zone may be part of a major east west trending shear zone located 1/2 mile east on the Jarvis Property, also within trondhjemite. Samples on the Jarvis ground reportedly returned .88 oz/ton to 1.76 oz/ton gold from this eastern shear zone.

Area 4

In the southeastern corner of the property on line 44W at 58+60 south, a roughly east-west trending shear zone exists along the contact between a mafic xenolith or gabbroic dike (Unit 5c)

and the coarse-grained granodiorite (Unit 6k). This shear zone is following the lithologic contact at 095° and is dipping 65° to the north. The mafic xenolith was moderately to strongly foliated and contained numerous crenulated folded quartz pods from which a lineation was taken. Mineralization included trace amounts of pyrite. Low gold values were obtained from this area.

Area 5

East the eastern boundary of the claim group approximately 150' east of L36W at 4300S a 1-2 foot wide roughly trending zone exists within the potassic southeast shear hematitic granodiorite (Unit 6d). The shear zone is striking 120° and dipping 85° to the south. This area has been previously trenched along and across the shear zone for 20 feet. The hostrock is sericitized with pyritic quartz stringers 1" wide, and coarse granular pyrite with massive pyrite lenses containing up to 50% pyrite within the shear. The highest gold value obtained here was 392 ppb from within a 1-2" wide quartz vein.

Area 6

This area is located on L81W at 44+00S and consists of silicified trondhjemite with associated 1/4" quartz stockwork veining. The trondhjemite is sericitic along foliation and contains from 2-4% chalcopyrite, lesser pyrite with minor sphalerite. The mineralization is associated with a major subvertical fracture system trending roughly 080°. A single rock sample returned weakly anomalous in gold (143 ppb).

TABLE 2 DESCRIPTION, LOCATION, RESULTS OF ROCK SAMPLES

			Gold
Sample No.	Rock Type and Description	Location	Results
31187	Trench 2 -Sheared, sericitized trond- hjemite (Unit 61) with 1" wide east- west quartz veins; 1-4% pyrite and chalcopyrite.	L52W, approx. 30' west of 42S	0.051 oz/ton
31188	Recrystallized trondhjemite with 1-2% pyrite.	L52W, approx. 30' east of 54S	97 ppb
31189	Limonitic granodiorite (Unit 6k) with 12" wide quartz vein.	L56W, approx. 40' east of creek.	4 ppb
31190	Shear zone within gabbro with 2" wide pyritic quartz vein.	TL45S/91W	52 ppb
31191	Recrystallized trondhjemite with 2-4% pyrite, sphalerite along fractures.	L81W/44S	143 ppb
31192	Sheared gabbroic xenolith?	L44W/58+60S	3 ppb
31193	Trondhjemite with 1" wide quartz vein	L60W/52S	0.275 oz/ton
31194	Sericitic trondhjemite - Wallrock of vein	L60W/52S	121 ppb
31195	Hematitic granodiorite	L40W/42S	7 ppb
31196	Shear zone within quartz diorite, associated 1-2' wide quartz veins, trace pyrite.	TL45S, approx. 30' north of 91W	16 ppb
59704	Old trench with pyritic 1" quartz stringers occupying 2' wide shear zone.	L36W, approx. 200' east of 43S	392 ppb
59705	Old trench with bull quartz vein in hematized granodiorite.	L36W, approx. 150' east of 43S	8 ppb
5925	Trench 1 Quartz stingers with 2% pyrite within silicified trondh-jemite.	L52W, approx. 30' west of 42S	.167 oz/ton
5926	Trench 1- Subcrop of silicified trondhjemite near vein contact.	L52W, approx. 30' west of 42S	136 ppb
5927	Unaltered trondhjemite.	L52W, approx. 30' west of 42S	90 ppb

5928	Trench 1- pyrite, chalcopyrite within sheared trondhjemite.	L52W, approx. 30' west of 42S	0.148 oz/ton
5929	Trench 1-30' chip sample across shear zone - sericitic, occassional quartz vein.	L52W, approx. 30' west of 42S	724 ppb
5930	Trench 2- disseminated pyrite within trondhjemite.	L52W, approx. 30' west of 42S	835 ppb
5931	Trench 2-fracture controlled pyrite and disseminated within trondhjemite.	L52, approx. 30' west of 42S	0.032 oz/ton
5932	Trench 1-Sericite schist	L52, approx. 30' west of 42S	29 ppb

DISCUSSION OF THE INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEY

Survey Dates and Statistics

The induced polarization-resistivity survey was conducted during the early part of November, 1984 by four technicians, Chris Jones, Wayne Pearson, Dave Strain and Scott Hurst, of Robert S. Middleton Exploration Services Inc. A total of 777 readings were taken over a total of 9,500 feet of north-south lines that were spaced 300 feet apart, with stations established every 100 feet. A pole-dipole array was used with an "a" spacing of 50 feet and readings taken at n= 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

INTERPRETATION OF INDUCED POLARIZATION AND RESISTIVITY SURVEY

These IP profiles were run in order to outline east-west trending shear zones which are known to occur in the area, that might contain significant gold sulfide mineralization. Several areas of anomalous chargeability were outlined by the IP survey which suggest areas of mineralization within possible shear zones.

The most distinct anomalies were on line 89W where three anomalies of weak to moderate chargeability occur. Values of 4-8 milliseconds 36+00 to 37+00 south in moderate occur at resistivity. This anomaly may correspond with a zone of mineralization seen on strike on line 93W at 37+00 south. Trace to 1/2% of disseminated pyrite and chalcopyrite occurred within At 42+00 south an 11 foliated granodiorite (Unit 6d). millisecond anomaly in moderate resistivity correlates with an northeast trending mineralized small shear zone located on TL45+00S at 91W. At 45+00S to 46+00S an 8 millisecond anomaly in resistivities correlates wi th high southeast trending mineralized shear zone located on TL45+00S at 91W during the previous geological mapping program.

Another set of two broad anomalies occur on line 40W between 37+50S and 39+00S and between 35+00S and 36+00S where chargeabilities of up to 8 milliseconds occur at 38+00S and at 35+50S respectively. Another possible anomalous chargeability occurs at 33+50S. Values of 9 milliseconds occur here. These anomalies have poor shape and may reflect irregular disseminated sulfides that roughly corresponds to the northwest trending shear zone seen just east of L36W at 43+00S.

Resistivity values are high throughout the property due to fairly shallow overburden conditions.

SURVEY PROCEDURE AND INSTRUMENTATION

The IP survey was done using a Scintrex IPR 11 and a TSQ3 transmitter (3.0 k watt). An "a" spacing of 50 foot was used with n= 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 in a pole-dipole array configuration. This gave theoretical survey depths up to 150 feet which should have been sufficient to explore to bedrock in all areas of the property, as overburden is shallow.

A 2 second "on" 2 second "off" square wave pulse was transmitted into the ground via stainless steel stake electrodes and the voltage readings were taken using porous pots filled with copper sulphate. A series of 10 time windows were recorded after the shut off of the pulse and the 7th time window (690 - 1150 ms) was plotted on the sections which are attached to the back of this report. This time interval is the 690 - 1050 millisecond duration after the shut off of the pulse.

Specifications for the IPR-11 system are given at the back of this report. Lines were run at 400 foot spacings with readings at 50 foot intervals.

CONCLUSIONS

- 1. The Gogama Resources property lies within or near to the centre of a trondhjemitic-granodioritic felsic pluton approximately 3 1/2 miles in diameter.
- 2. Mineralization on the Gogama Resources property appears to be controlled by shearing in the felsic intrusive rocks.
 Locally, shearing centers on mafic xenolith contacts.
- 3. Several subparallel shear zones occur on the Gogama Resources property, two of which contain highly anomalous gold values up to 0.275 oz/ton and four of which contain weakly to moderately anomalous gold values ranging from 52 ppb to 392 ppb.
- 4. On the Gogama Resources property the distribution of the felsic intrusives indicates that the trondhjemitic phase (Unit 61) is the oldest phase filling the core of the complex with the potassic-hematitic granodiorite (Unit 6d) being the youngest phase, and therefore flanking the felsic intrusion.
- 5. Gold Mineralization seems to be related to roughly east trending shear zones containing associated quartz veins.
- 6. The auriferous quartz veins occur in a variety of host rocks including the trondhjemite, granodiorite and the mafic gabbroic phase.

- 7. A pervasive hydrothermal alteration occurs within or near these shear zones and along dike contacts including sericitization, hematization, chloritization and minor epidotization.
- 8. It is possible that the gold was derived from the felsic intrusive complex with later remobilization into favourable structural sights during a period of deformation.
- 9. Most of the significant gold values throughout the area occur in the quartz veins with weakly anomalous values in the pyritized, sericitized, chloritized hostrock.
- 10. The quartz veining was emplaced after shearing as quartz veins were seen cross cutting and following shears.
- 11. Common accessories in the gold bearing veins are sericite, chlorite, pyrite, and chalcopyrite with minor sphalerite and arsenopyrite (seen in float).
- 12. A second period of deformation produced minor shear folding and the development of crenulations within the quartz veins and pods within the mafic xenoliths. This second period of deformation may have provided development of depositional sites favourable for the remobilization of silica-gold bearing solutions.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The Induced Polarization Resisitivity survey outlined several anomalous chargeability zones that coincide with disseminated sulfides at depth.

Bulldozer power stripping to bedrock along with detailed mapping and sampling of the newly exposed outcrops is recommended along anomalies outlined by the IP survey and along projected fault and shear zones located in the field, so that detailed sampling can be done.

A two phase program is recommended to continue the assessment of gold potential on the Gogama Resources property.

Recommended maximum expenditures for each phase are tabulated below with each succeeding phase being contingent upon favourable results from the preceeding phase.

Phase III

Contingent on favourable results from Phase II the Induced Polarization-Resistivity Survey

Trenching (surface showings and near surface \$400/day for 10 days Assaying (75 samples at \$13/sample)	\$4,000.00 975.00
Supervision \$250/day x 10	2,500.00

Total Phase III \$7,475.00

Phase IV

Contingent on favourable results from Phase III

Diamond Drilling (geophysical targets	and near surface
IP Anomalies) 3,000' at \$20/foot	\$60,000.00
Core logging and Assessment filing	2,500.00
Assaying	3,000.00
Transportation and Accommodation	3,000.00
Total Phase IV	\$68,500.00

A total budget of \$75,975 will be required to carry out the two continued phases of the recommended exploration program.

Respectfully Submitted,

Nadia Caira

Madia (cia

Ian Coster

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Winter, L.D.S.

1982

Jarvis Resources Ltd., Property Report and Proposed Exploration Program.

CERTIFICATION

- I, Nadia M. Caira, B.Sc., of Timmins, Ontario, certify that:
- 1. I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C., with a B.Sc. degree in Geology obtained in 1981.
- 2. I have been practising my profession in Canada since 1981.
- 3. I have no direct or indirect interest in the properties, leases or securities of Gogama Resources, nor do I expect to receive any.

Dated this December 7, 1984, Timmins, Ontario.

Mada (ane Nadia M. Caira, B.Sc.

CERTIFICATION

- I, IAN P.D.A. COSTER, B.Sc., of Timmins, Ontario, certify that:
 - 1) I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C., with a B.Sc. degree in Geology obtained in 1981.
 - 2) I have been practising my profession in Canada since 1981.
 - 3) I have no direct or indirect interest in the properties, leases or securities of Gogama Resources, nor do I expect to receive any.

Dated this December 7, 1984, Timmins, Ontario.

IAN P.D.A. COSTER, B.Sc.

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Bell - White analytical laboratories Ltd.

P.O. BOX 187,

HAILEYBURY, ONTARIO

TEL: 672-3107

Certificate of Analysis

NO.

B1100-84

DATE:

September 28, 1984

SAMPLE(S) OF:

Rock (8)

RECEIVED:

September, 1984

SAMPLE(S) FROM:

Mr. John Scott

R. S. Middleton Exploration Services

Project #M-87

Gold/oz.	Gold/ppb	Sample No.
0.167**		5925
	136	5926
	90	5927
0.148**		5928
	724	5929
	835	5930
0.032**		5931
	29	5932

** Checked

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IN ACCORDANCE WITH LONG-ESTABL SHED NORTH AMERICAN CUSTOM, UNLESS IT IS SPECIFICALLY STATED OTHERWISE GOLD AND SILVER VALUES REPORTED ON THESE SHEETS HAVE NOT BEEN ADJUSTE? TO COMPENSATE FOR LOSSES AND GAINS INHERENT IN THE FIRE ASSAY PROCESS.



Bell-White analytical laboratories LTD.

P.O. BOX 187,

HAILEYBURY, ONTARIO

TEL: 672-3107

Certificate of Analysis

NO.

B1327-84

DATE:

November 14, 1984

SAMPLE(S) OF:

Rock (12)

RECEIVED:

November, 1984

SAMPLE(S) FROM:

Mr. Ian Coster

R. S. Middleton Exploration Services

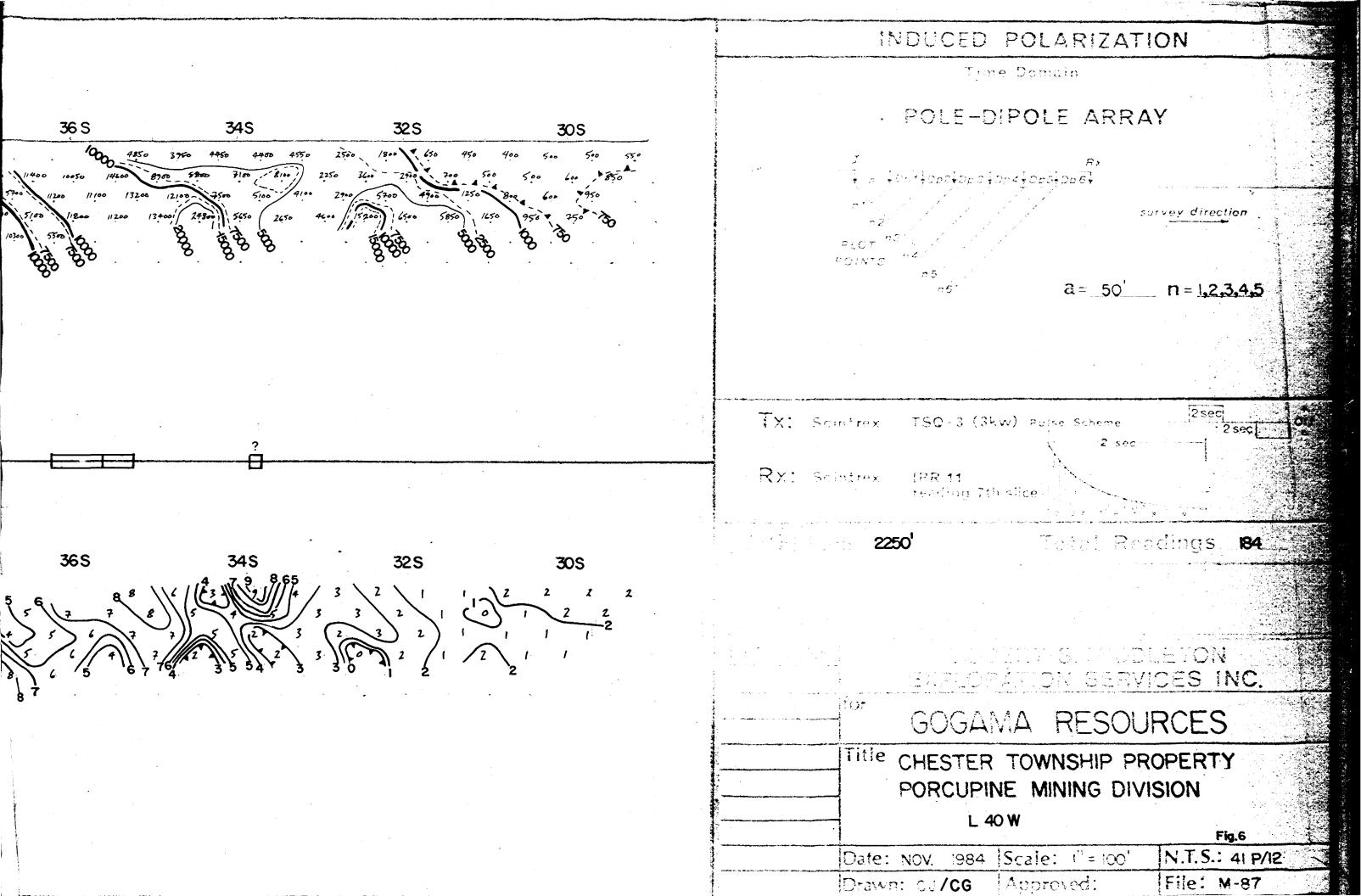
Project #M-87

Sample No.	Gold ppb	Gold oz.
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8	97	
9	4	
G31190	52	
1	143	
2	3	
3		0.275**
4	121	
5	7	
6	16	÷
G59704	392	
5	8	

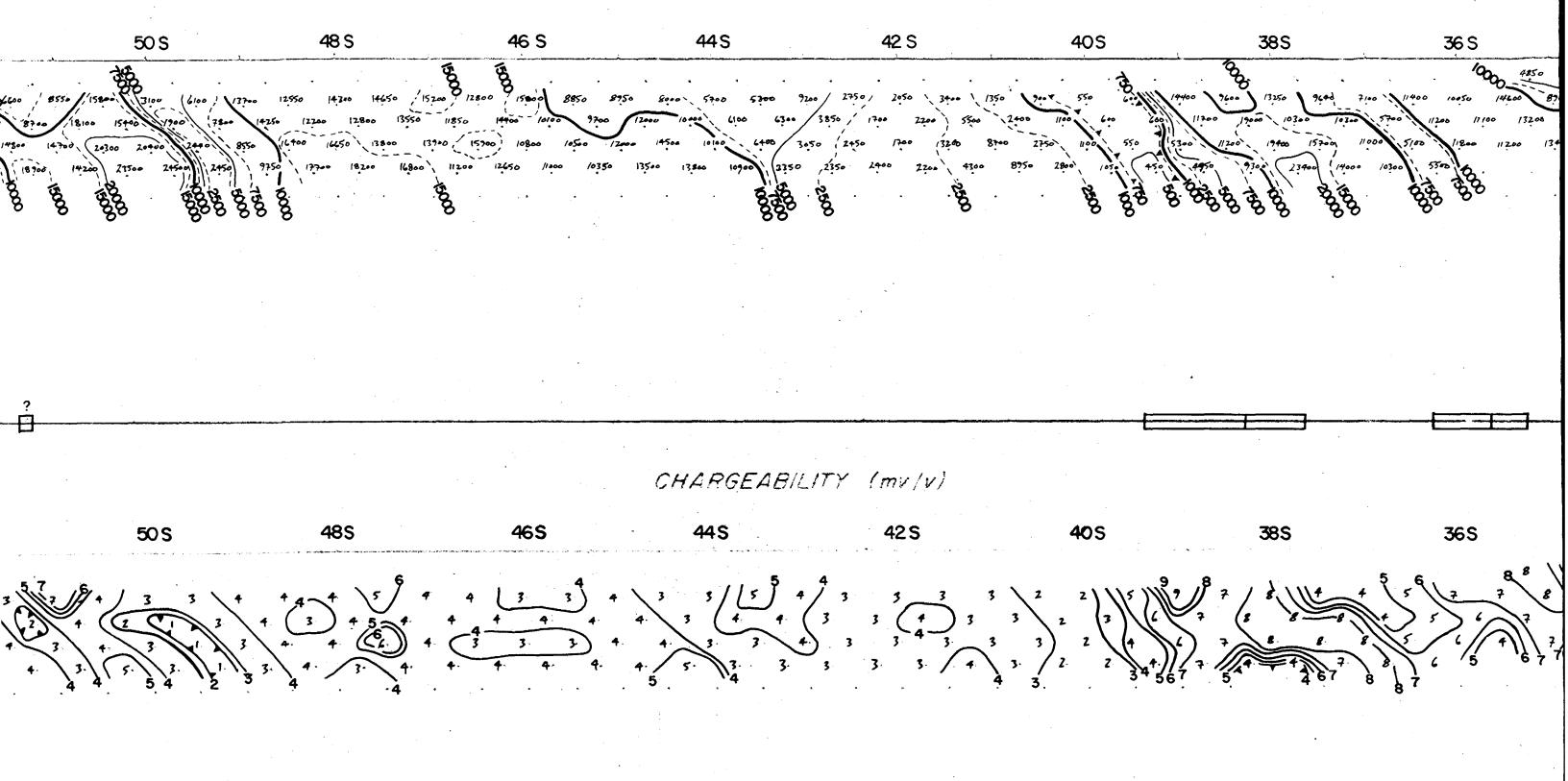
BELL-WHITE ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.

** Checked

IN ACCORDANCE WITH LONG-ESTABLISHED NORTH AMERICAN CLSTOM, UNLESS IT IS SPECIFICALLY STATED OTHERWISE SOLD AND SILVER VALUES REPORTED ON THESE SHEETS HAVE NOT BEEN ADJUSTED TO COMPENSATE FOR LCSSES AND GAINS INHERENT IN THE FIRE ASSAY PROCESS.



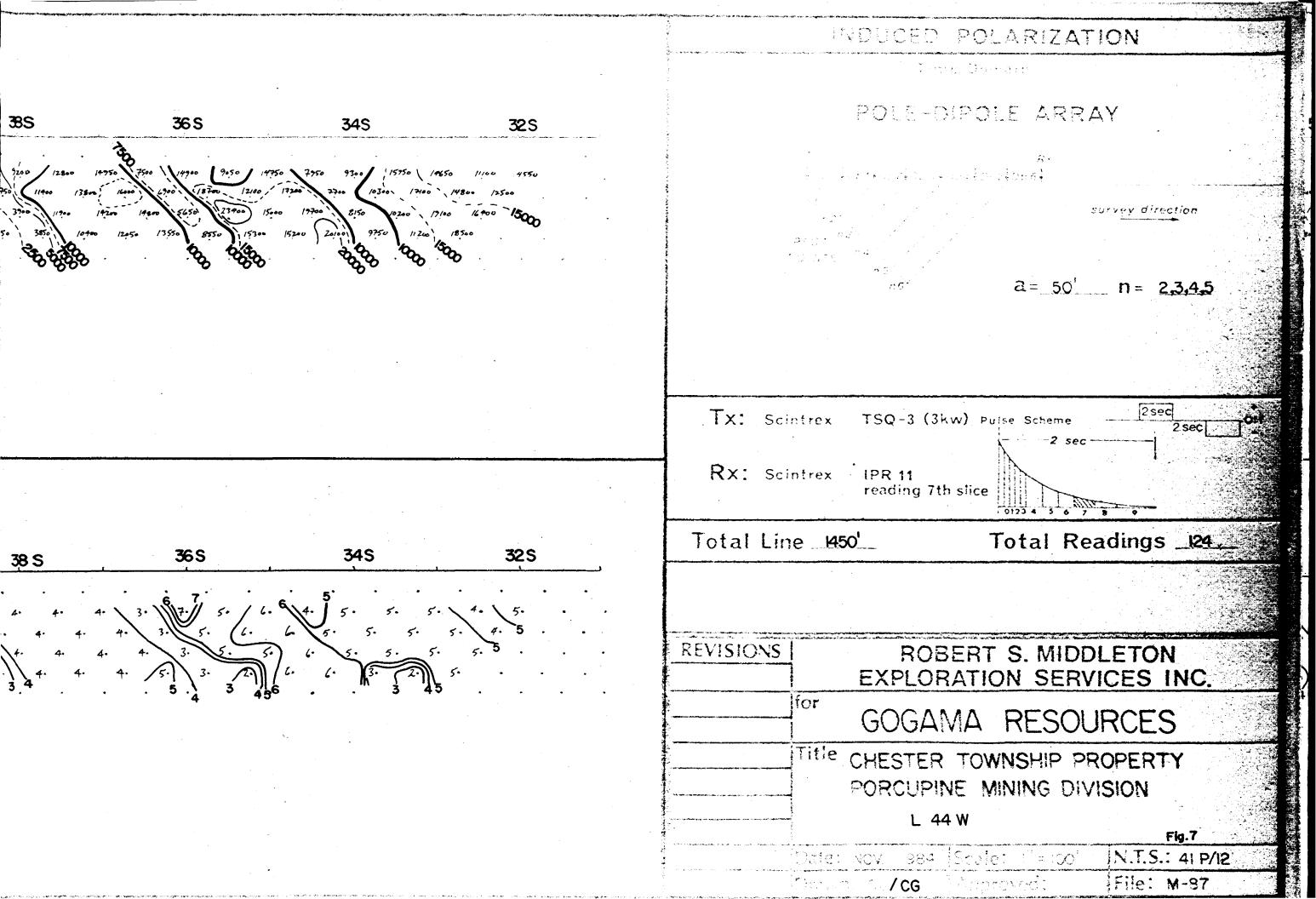
RESISTIVITY (ohm/m)



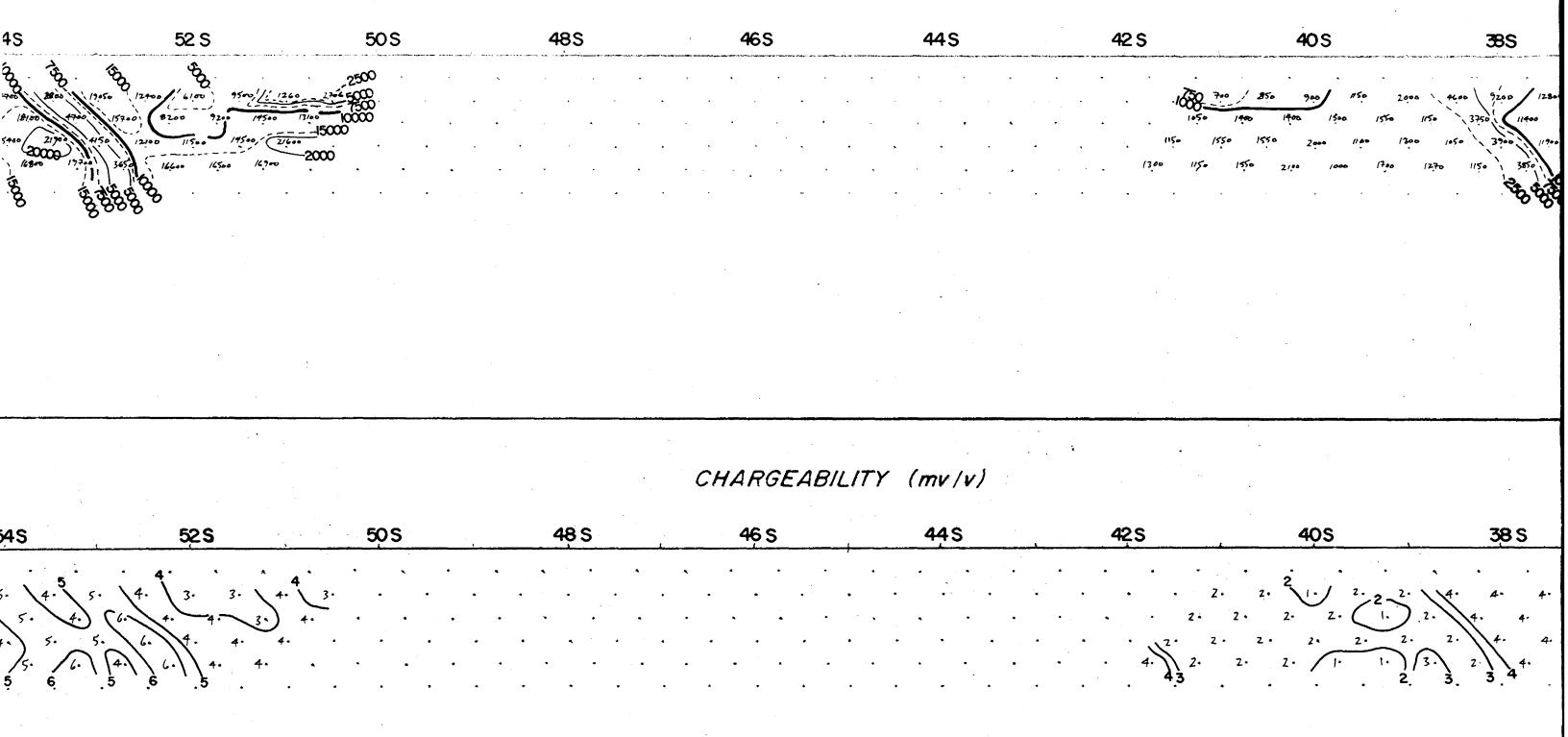
52 S

50 S

489



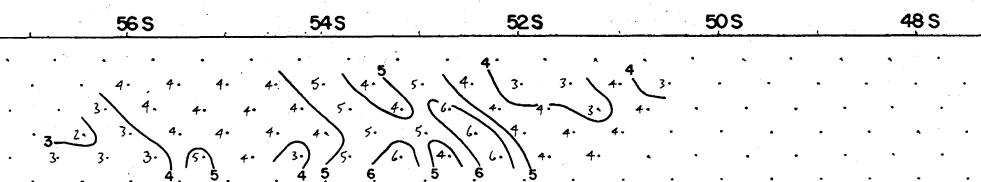
RESISTIVITY (chm/m)



56S 54S 52S 50S 48S

5150 |12,400 | 8800 | |13250 | 14400 | 1800 | 17500 | 12400 | 1500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 17500 | 1750

CH



a 50' n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Total Readings 108

ROBERT S. MIDDLETON EXPLORATION SERVICES INC.

GOGAMA RESOURCES

Title CHESTER TOWNSHIP PROPERTY PORCUPINE MINING DIVISION

L 48 W

Fig.8

N.T.S.: 41 P/12 1984 |Scale: 1" = 100

|File: M-87 Graves 3.2 / C.G. Approved:

32 S

30S

30S

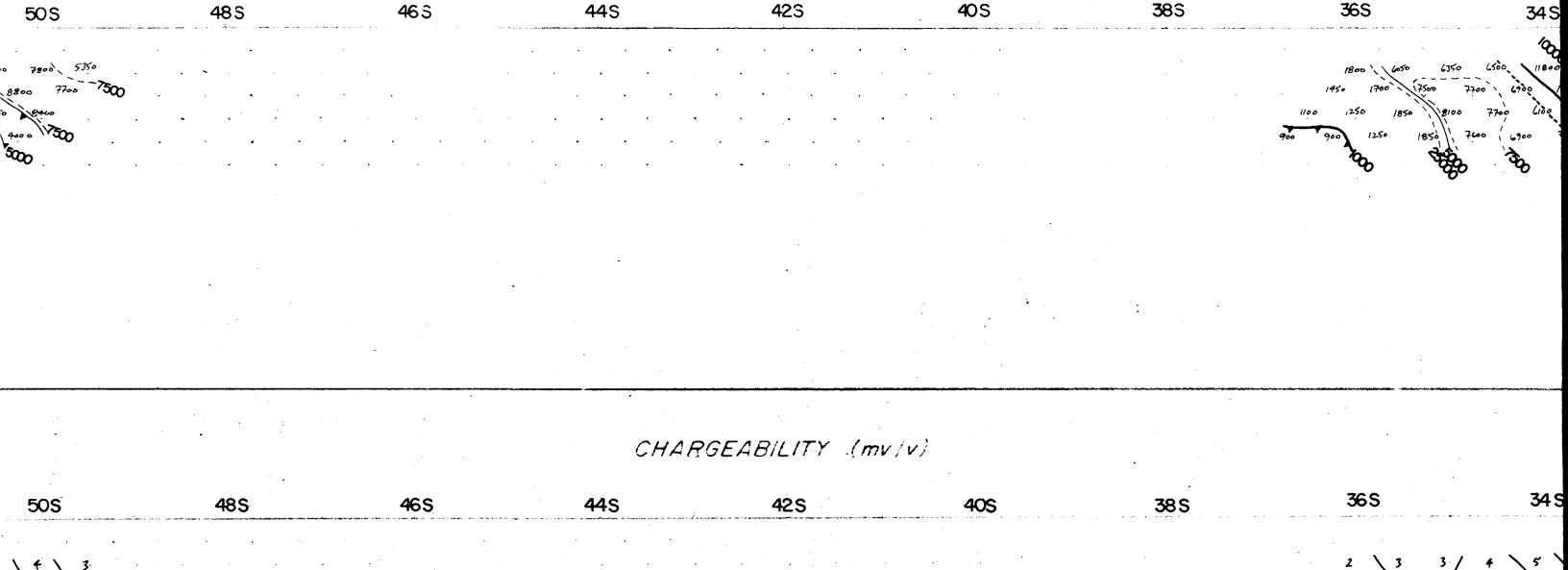
32S

34S

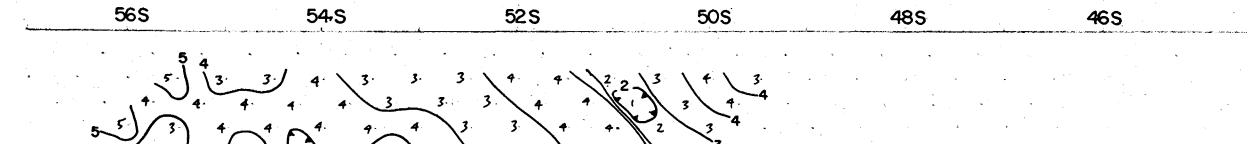
RESISTIVITY (ohm/m)

0S

S



CH



a= 50 n= 2,3,4,5

38 S

Total Readings 44

ROSERT S. MIDDLETON EXPLORATION SERVICES INC.

GOGAMA RESOURCES

CHESTER TOWNSHIP PROPERTY CROUPINE MINING DIVISION

L 52 W

Fig.9

N.T.S.: 41 P/12 Eile: W-87

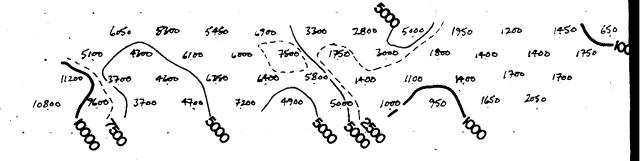
/ CG

44 S

42 S

40S

38 S



CHARGEABILITY (mv/v)

445

425

40S



n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

GOGAMA RESOURCES

Title CHESTER TOWNSHIP PROPERTY PORCUPINE MINING DIVISION

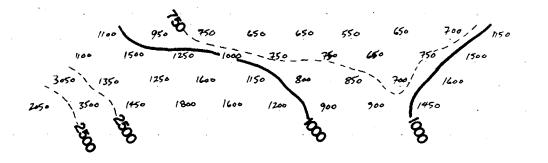
L 56W

Fig. 10

N.T.S.: 41 P/12

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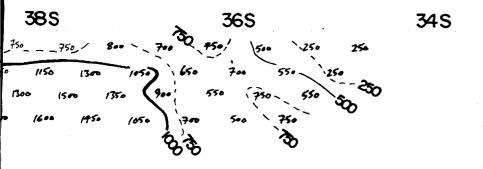
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425

40S

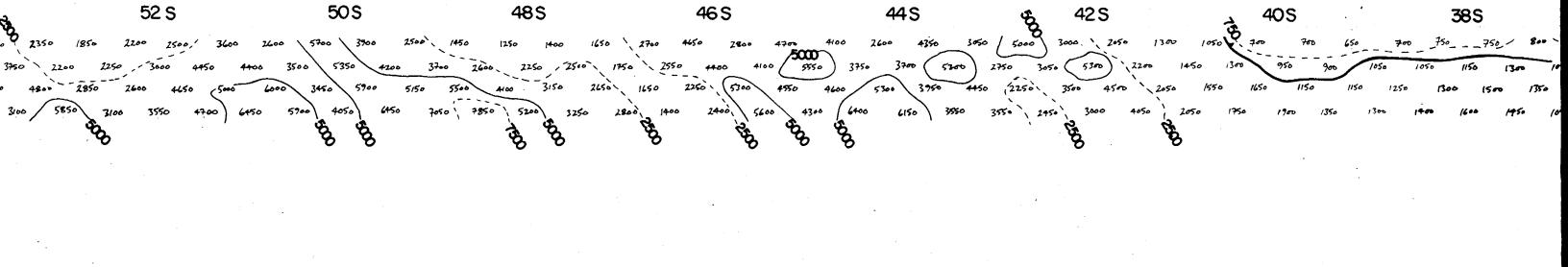


348 **3**6S **38**\$

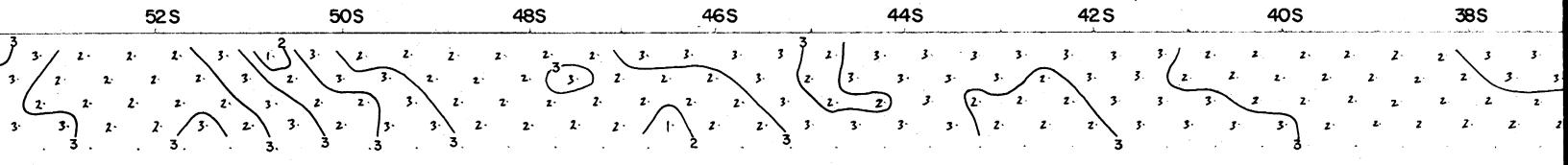
2050 EXPLORATION SERVICES INC. GOGAMA RESOURCES CHESTER TOWNSHIP PROPERTY PORCUPINE MINING DIVISION L 65 W Fig. II

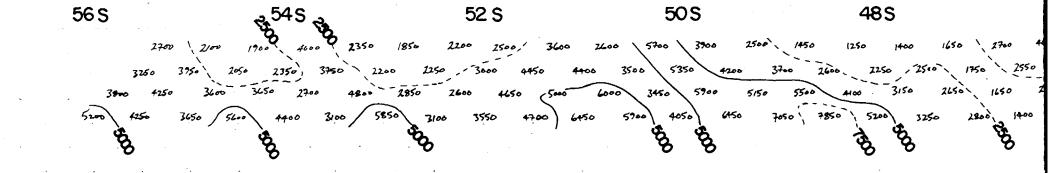
N.T.S.: 41 P/12

/CG



CHARGEABILITY (mv/v)





CH

38S **3**6S **34**S 34 S 38 S

POLE-DIFOLE ARRAY

2 = 50 n = 1,2,3,4,5

∞'

Total Readings (113

REVISIONS

ROBERT S. MIDDLETON
EXPLORATION SERVICES INC.

for

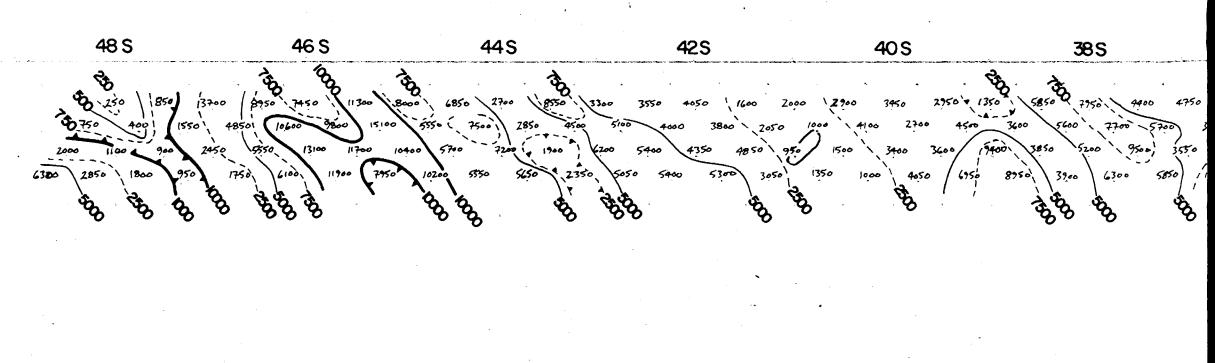
GOGAMA RESOURCES

Title CHESTER TOWNSHIP PROPERTY
PORCUPINE MINING DIVISION
L89 W

Fig.12

Date: Nov. 1984 | Scale: 1"= 100 | N.T.S.: 41 P/12

Drawn: Co/CG | Approved: | File: M-87



48S 46S 44S 42S 40S 38S



Mining Lands Section

File No 2. 7838

Control Sheet

	TYPE OF SURVEY	GEOPHYSICAL
		GEOLOGICAL
		GEOCHEMICAL
		EXPENDITURE
MINING LAND	OS COMMENTS:	

	huol	
	7	
		[ones
		Signature of Assessor
		3/4/85
		Date

1985 05 08

Your File:047/85 Our File: 2.7838

Mining Recorder Ministry of Natural Resources 60 Wilson Avenue Timmins, Ontario P4N 2S7

Dear Sir:

RE: Notice of Intent dated April 17, 1985 Geological, Geophysical (Induced polarization) on Mining Claims P 681824, et al, in Chester Township

The assessment work credits, as listed with the above-mentioned Notice of Intent, have been approved as of the above date.

Please inform the recorded holder of these mining claims and so indicate on your records.

Yours sincerely,

S.E. Yundt Director Land Management Branch

Whitney Block, Room 6643 Queen's Park Toronto, Ontario M7A 1W3 Phone: (416)965-4888

D. Isherwood:mc

593348 Ontario Corporation Mr. G.H. Ferguson cc: c/o R.S. Middleton Exploration Serbices Mining & Lands Commissioner Tomats, Ontario Toronto, Ontario Resident Geologist Ed Blanchard cc: CCI Lively, Ontario Gogama Resources Inc Timmins, Ontatio

Toronto, Ontario

cc: R.S. Middleton Exploration Timmins, Ontario

Encl.



Technical Assessment Work Credits

	2.7838
Date	Mining Recorder's Report of Work No. 047 (05
1985 04 17	Work No. 047/85

Recorded Holder		
ED BLANCHAR	D	
Township or Area CHESTER TOW	NSHIP	
Type of survey and number of		
Assessment days credit per claim		Mining Claims Assessed
Geophysical		
Electromagnetic	_ days	
Magnetometer	_ days	
Radiometric	_ days	
	_ days	P 681825 720673-674 720703-704
Other	_ days	
Section 77 (19) See "Mining Claims Assessed" colu	ımn	
Geological	_ days	
Geochemical	_ days	
Man days 🔀 Airborne	• 🗆	
Special provision Ground	1 [3]	
Credits have been reduced because of coverage of claims.	partial	
Credits have been reduced because of correto work dates and figures of applicant.	ections	
Special credits under section 77 (16) for the follo	owing n	nining claims
No credits have been allowed for the following m	inina al	alma
not sufficiently covered by the survey	·····iy c	Insufficient technical data filed
P 681824 681826-827		msometric technical data med
681675 720705		



Technical Assessment Work Credits

Date | Mining Recorder's Report of Work No. 047/85

	·
Recorded Holder	
ED BLANCHARD Township or Area	
CHESTER TOWNSHIP	
Type of survey and number of	Mining Claims Assessed
Assessment days credit per claim Geophysical	
Electromagnetic days	
Magnetometer days	
Radiometric days	
Induced polarization days	
Other days	
Section 77 (19) See "Mining Claims Assessed" column	
40	P 681825-826
Geological days	720673 to 675 inclusive
Geochemicaldays	720703 to 705 inclusive
Man days 🖂	
Man days ☐ Airborne ☐ ☐	
Special provision ☑ Ground ☑	·
Credits have been reduced because of partial coverage of claims.	
Credits have been reduced because of corrections to work dates and figures of applicant.	
Special credits under section 77 (16) for the following m	nining claims
<u>20 DAYS</u>	
P 681824 681827	
No credits have been allowed for the following mining cl	
not sufficiently covered by the survey	Insufficient technical data filed



May 2/85

1985 04 17

Your File: 047/85 Our File: 2.7838

Mining Recorder Ministry of Natural Resources 60 Wilson Avenue Timmins, Ontario P4N 2S7

Dear Sir:

Enclosed are two copies of a Notice of Intent with statements listing a reduced rate of assessment work credits to be allowed for a technical survey. Please forward one copy to the recorded holder of the claims and retain the other. In approximately fifteen days from the above date, a final letter of approval of these credits will be sent to you. On receipt of the approval letter, you may then change the work entries on the claim record sheets.

For further information, if required, please contact Mr. R.J. Pichette at 416/965-4888.

Yours sincerely,

Qualek

S.E. Yundt Director

Land Management Branch

Whitney Block, Room 6643 Queen's Park Toronto, Ontario M7A 1W3

(i)D. Isherwood:mc

Encls.

cc: 593348 Ontario Corporation

c/o R.S. Middleton Exploration Services

Box 1637

Timmins, Ontario

P4N 7W8

cc: Ed Blanchard

106 Fielding Road

R.R.#2

Lively, Ontario

POM 2EO

cc: Gogama Resources Inc

Suite 1710

390 Bay Street Toronto, Ontario

M5H 2Y2

cc: Mr. G.H. Ferguson

Mining & Lands Commissioner

Toronto, Ontario cc: R.S. Middleton Exploration Services Inc

Box 1637

Timmins, Ontario

P4N 7W8

Attention: Ian Coster



Notice of Intent

for Technical Reports

1985 04 17

2.7838/047/85

An examination of your survey report indicates that the requirements of The Ontario Mining Act have not been fully met to warrant maximum assessment work credits. This notice is merely a warning that you will not be allowed the number of assessment work days credits that you expected and also that in approximately 15 days from the above date, the mining recorder will be authorized to change the entries on his record sheets to agree with the enclosed statement. Please note that until such time as the recorder actually changes the entry on the record sheet, the status of the claim remains unchanged.

If you are of the opinion that these changes by the mining recorder will jeopardize your claims, you may during the next fifteen days apply to the Mining and Lands Commissioner for an extension of time. Abstracts should be sent with your application.

If the reduced rate of credits does not jeopardize the status of the claims then you need not seek relief from the Mining and Lands Commissioner and this Notice of Intent may be disregarded.

If your survey was submitted and assessed under the "Special Provision-Performance and Coverage" method and you are of the opinion that a re-appraisal under the "Man-days" method would result in the approval of a greater number of days credit per claim, you may, within the said fifteen day period, submit assessment work breakdowns listing the employees names, addresses and the dates and hours they worked. The new work breakdowns should be submitted direct to the Land Management Branch, Toronto. The report will be re-assessed and a new statement of credits based on actual days worked will be issued.



1362 (81/9)

Report of Work

(Geophysical, Geological, Geochemical and Expenditures)

0 4 1/85 0 1838 Mining Act

Instructions: - Please type or print.
- If number of mining claims traversed exceeds space on this form, attach a list. Only days credits calculated in the "Expenditures" section may be entered in the "Expend. Days Cr." columns.
 Do not use shaded areas below. Note: -

Type of Survey(s)	1				Township (or Area				
GEOLOGIC	AL & GEC	PHYS	ICAL	·	CH	EST	ER			
GEOLOGICAL & GEOPHISICAL CHESTER Prospector's Licence No.										
GOGAMA RESOURCES; Ed Blanchard; 593348 Ont. (orp. C-27521) Address YOR.S. Middleton Expl. Services; Box 1637 TIMMINS, ONT. PAN7W8 Survey Company Degree of Survey (from & to)										
% R.S. Middleton Expl. Services; Box 1637 TIMMINS, ONT. PAN7W8										
Robt. S. Middleton Exploration Services Inc Day Mo. 187 Bay Mo. 187 8.36										
Name and Address of Author (o: Lan Costeir	f Geo-Technical report)	T M M	1115 6	VIT DIN	2 10	130 a.	4046			
Lan Logier	80X 1637	(+ () (0 , CO 1.	101. FAIO	7000	~67	4246)			
Credits Requested per Each C		Days per		laims Traversed (L	List in nume		ence) lining Claim	[Fueral]		
	Geophysical	Claim	Prefix	Number	Days Cr.	Prefix	Number	Expend. Days Cr.		
For first survey: Enter 40 days. (This	- Electromagnetic		P	681824	<u> </u>	him to a				
includes line cutting)	 Magnetometer 		المراف سيكيم الأرام	" 825						
For each additional survey:	- Radiometric		10.14004	" 826		R	ECEIVE			
using the same grid: Enter 20 days (for each)	- Other			" 827			CEIVE	. D		
Enter 20 days (for each)	Geological	40		720673		M	AR 1 5 1981			
	Geochemical			" 674		Minus	1981			
Man Days	Geophysical	Days per Claim		" 675		TITING	LANDS SECT	/		
Complete reverse side and enter total(s) here	- Electromagnetic		e version se	" 703			-201	MA		
·	- Magnetometer			" 704		िके के जिल्ला सम्बद्धाः सम्बद्धाः				
	- Radiometric			" 705	Γ	REC	ORDE	D		
	- Other I.P.	30.1					-5 1 / 20			
	Geological		r Chillian II.			1 F	FR T 4 10.00	<u> </u>		
Aistan	Geochemical					Receipt	No. S	4_1_1		
Airborne Credits		Days per Claim			l l	See See				
Note: Special provisions credits do not apply	Electromagnetic					3 C J				
to Airborne Surveys.	Magnetometer					וח		-		
	Radiometric					M I				
Expenditures (excludes power Type of Work Performed	er stripping)						FR 14 1985	5		
Type of Work Performed		-				4,85 2,85		F		
Performed on Claim(s)							The state of the s	1 12 1 2 1 1 2 1		
Calculation of Expenditure Days										
Total Expenditures		otal Credits								
\$	÷ 15 =					Total nur	nber of mining			
Instructions						claims co- report of	vered by this work.	10		
Total Days Credits may be ap				For Office Use O	nlv	1 .	\sim \sim	······		
choice. Enter number of days in columns at right.	creoits per claim selecte	"		Cr. Date Recorded		Mining it	RII 1			
			Recorded	Pet 14	1/85	10	Manley			
Date Rec	orded Holder or Agent (S	Signature)	1701	Date Approved	s Recorded	Branch Di	rector	1		
Certification Verifying Repart of Work										
I hereby certify that I have a or witnessed same during and		-			of Work annex	ed hereto,	having performed t	he work		
Name and Postal Address of Pers TAN COSTER,	on Certifying				PANI-	2. 18				
LAN CUSIER,	OUX 163	7 1 1	7-17-10	Date Certified	1 110 7		ov (Signature)			

Assessment Work Breakdown

Man Days are based on eight (8) hour Technical or Line-cutting days. Technical days include work performed by consultants, draftsmen, etc..

Type of Survey GEO PHYS1	cA	L	(11	NDUCED 1	902	ARIZAT	101	J - RESIS	571	VETY)	
Technical Days	×	7	=	Technical Days Credits	+	Line-cutting Days	=	Total Cradits	+	No. of Claims] =	Days par Claim
Type of Survey						:						
Technical Days	×	7	=	Technical Days Credits	+	Line-cutting Days	=	Total Cradits	+	No. of Claims] =	Days per Cialm
ype of Survey												
Technical Days	×	7.	=	Technical Days Credits	+	Line-cutting Days	=	Total Credits	+	No. of Claims] =	Days per Claim
ype of Survey									·			
Technica! Days				Technical Days Credits		Line-cutting Days		Total Credits		No. of Claims		Days per Claim

Blacky

1985 03 05

Your File: 2.7838

Hining Recorder
Hinistry of Natural Resources
60 Wilson Avenue
Timmins, Ontario
P4N 2S7

Dear Sir:

We received reports and maps on February 26, 1985 for a Geophysical (Induced Polarization) and Geological Survey submitted on Mining Claims P 681824 et al in the Township of Chester.

This material will be examined and assessed and a statement of assessment work credits will be issued.

We do not have a copy of the report of work which is normally filed with you prior to the submission of this technical data. Please forward a copy as soon as possible.

Yours sincerely,

S.E. Yundt Director Land Management Branch

Whitney Block, Room 6643 Queen's Park Toronto, Ontario M7A 1W3 Phone: (416)965-6918

A. Barrisc

cc: Gogama Resources Inc Suite 1710 \$90 Bay Street Toronto, Ontario M5H 2Y2

cc: Edward Blanchard 106 Fielding Road R.R. #2 Lively, Ontario POM 2E0 cc: R.S. Middleton
Exploration Services Inc
P.O. Box 1637
Timmins, Ontario
P4N 7W8
Attn: Ian Coster

OFFICE USE ONLY

837 (5/79)

Ontario

Ministry of Natural Resources

GEOPHYSICAL – GEOLOGICAL – GEOCHEMICAL TECHNICAL DATA STATEMENT

TO BE ATTACHED AS AN APPENDIX TO TECHNICAL REPORT
FACTS SHOWN HERE NEED NOT BE REPEATED IN REPORT
TECHNICAL REPORT MUST CONTAIN INTERPRETATION, CONCLUSIONS ETC.

Type of Survey(s) GEOLOGICAL & GEOPHYSICAL	
Township or Area CHESTER TOWNSHIP	MINING CLAIMS TRAVERSED
Claim Holder(s) GOSAMA RESOURCES INC; EDWARD	List numerically
BLANCHARD; 593348 ONTARIO CORP.	_
Survey Company ROBT. S. MIDDLETON EXPLOR. SERVICES	P 681824
Author of Report IAN COSTER	(prefix) (number) - (8/825
Address of Author BOX 1637 TIMMINS, ONT	P 681826
Covering Dates of Survey NOV 1/84 - DEC 6/84. (linecutting to office)	_
Total Miles of Line Cut 8,36 mi	681827
	P 720673
SPECIAL PROVISIONS DAYS	P 720674
CREDITS REQUESTED Geophysical per claim	D _
-Electromagnetic	720675
ENTER 40 days (includes line cutting) for first -Magnetometer	720703
surveyRadiometric	P 720704
ENTER 20 days for each Other 30.1	f 720705
additional survey using Geological 40	TAUTUS
same grid. Geochemical	
AIRBORNE CREDITS (Special provision credits do not apply to airborne surveys)	
Magnetometer Electromagnetic Radiometric	-
DATE: Jan. 8/85 SIGNATURE: Author of Report or Agent	
0 / - 0//	
Res. Geol. Qualifications 2.6024	RECEIVED
Previous Surveys	
File No. Type Date Claim Holder	FFB 2 6 1985
	MINING LANDS SECTION
	2010-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04
	TOTAL CLAIMS 10

GEOPHYSICAL TECHNICAL DATA

GROUND SURVEYS - If more than one survey, specify data for each type of survey

N	umber of Stations 7477 Aumber of Readings 777					
	tation interval 400 Feet Line spacing 400 Feet					
	rofile scale See Maps					
	ontour interval					
	Instrument					
CNEDIC	Accuracy - Scale constant					
	Diurnal correction method					
N N	Base Station check-in interval (hours)					
·	Base Station location and value					
4	Instrument					
Image: Control of the	Coil configuration					
3	Coil separation					
	Accuracy					
3	Method:					
17.	Frequency(specify V.L.F. station)					
-1	Parameters measured					
	Instrument					
	Scale constant					
=	Corrections made					
5						
51	Base station value and location					
	Elevation accuracy					
	a many many many many many many many man					
	Instrument SCINTREX IPR-11 receiver/SCINTREX TSQ-3 transmitter					
	Method					
	Parameters – On time 2 Sec Frequency					
RESISTIVITY	- Off time 2 Sec Range					
	- Delay time 30 millisec.					
	- Integration time From 768 millisecto 1792 millisec					
Z.	Power 3.0 KWATT					
•	Electrode array POLE - DIPOLE					
	Electrode spacing 50 Feet					
	Type of electrode POROUS POTS CONTAINING COPPER SULPHATE					

INDUCED POLARIZATION

SELF POTENTIAL	,						
	Range						
Survey Method	<u>-</u>						
Corrections made							
RADIOMETRIC							
Instrument							
Values measured							
Energy windows (levels)							
Height of instrument	Background Count						
Size of detector							
Overburden							
(type,	depth — include outcrop map)						
OTHERS (SEISMIC, DRILL WELL LOGGING	ETC.)						
Type of survey							
Instrument							
Accuracy							
Parameters measured							
Additional information (for understanding result	s)						
AIRBORNE SURVEYS							
Type of survey(s)							
Instrument(s)							
(specify for each type of survey)							
Accuracy(specif	y for each type of survey)						
Aircraft used							
Sensor altitude							
Navigation and flight path recovery method							
	Line Spacing						
Miles flown over total area	Over claims only						

GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY – PROCEDURE RECORD

Numbers of claims from which samples taken						
Total Number of Samples	THE VIEW FROM THE WAR TO BE					
Type of Sample (Nature of Material) Average Sample Weight (Nature of Material)	p. p. m. □ p. p. b. □					
Method of Collection	Cu, Pb, Zn, Ni, Co, Ag, Mo, As,-(circle)					
Soil Horizon Sampled	Others					
Horizon Development	Field Analysis (tests)					
Sample Depth	Extraction Method					
Terrain	Analytical Method					
	Reagents Used					
Drainage Development	· ·					
Estimated Range of Overburden Thickness						
	m 3.6 .1 .1					
	Reagents Used					
	Reagents Oseu					
SAMPLE PREPARATION	Commercial Laboratory (tests					
(Includes drying, screening, crushing, ashing)	Name of Laboratory					
Mesh size of fraction used for analysis	Extraction Method					
	Analytical Method					
	Reagents Used					
	- Reagents Oscu					
	Communi					
General	General ————————————————————————————————————					

geol	IP						
581824 2/4 825 U	/			10 	Illanchard Tielding Rd vely, Ont.		
826 14 827 2/4		linecutting		10	vely, ont. M 2:EO		
720673. V	V	43×7=30	V ÷ \$	6a	2 Sogana		
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