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GEOLOGICAL, GEOPHYSICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL SURVEYS ON THE MIDLOTHIAN TOWNSHIP PROPERTY OF DENISON MINES LIMITED

Toronto, Ontario. June 15, 1971. R. H. Clayton, M.Sc., P. Eng. Watts, Griffis and McOuat Limited

INTRODUCTION

The claims were of interest because of a number of mineral showings, including a bog-iron deposit and several airborne anomalies which had not been drilled.

FORMER WORK

The area has been mapped on a scale of 1/2 mile = 1 inch by the Department of Mines. Three diamond drill holes are reported. Two were at a peridotite-rhyolite contact and contained minor zinc. The other was near the northeast corner of Strange Lake and intersected disseminated pyrite in conglomerate and graphitic sediments.

TABLE OF FORMATIONS

Bright (1970) lists the following:

Archean

Matachewan

Diabase Intrusive contact

Felsic Intrusive Rocks

Intrusive contact

Ultramafic and Mafic Intrusive Rocks

Intrusive contact

Metasediments Intermediate and Mafic Metavolcanics Felsic Metavolcanics

Of these the Felsic Volcanics and Ultramafic Intrusives form the bulk of the rocks in the area. Three minor occurrences of mafic igneous rock were seen. They were assumed to be Matachewan igneous rocks although none had a diabasic texture. No felsic intrusives were noted.

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ROCK TYPES

The felsic volcanics are medium to light gray in colour. They are generally comparatively fresh. Occasional darker sections occur in which minor schistosity can be seen. Their texture is generally cryptocrystalline to aphanitic. Quartz can generally be seen in the crystalline sections but it is not a major constituent. Generally the rock can be classified as rhyodacite. Fragmentals are common, both angular and rounded fragments occur, often together, and the median size is about one inch. Mixed rhyolite-andesite fragmentals were seen in the core from one hole.

Fine grained black sedimentary material, logged as mudstone, was seen in the core from the two diamond drill holes, although none was seen on the surface. It usually occurred as a matrix containing rhyodacite fragments, the proportion of sedimentary material varying from very fine stringers separating the volcanic fragments to one hundred percent of the rock over short lengths of core.

Disseminated pyrite occurs throughout the mudstone. Typically there is about 1% pyrite but there is as much as 50% in some places. Minor chalcopyrite also occurs. No sphalerite was seen but one two-foot length of core assayed 0.5% zinc.

Minor disseminated pyrite is common in the rhyodacite but by no means always present. It is generally more coarsely crystalline than in the sedimentary material. Nodules and stringers up to one inch occur occasionally and in Hole No. 1, eight feet of core averages 50% pyrite, including one foot six inches of massive pyrite.

Two short lengths of core, one in each hole, were classed as andesite. They are quite distinct from the rhyodacite and from each other. In Hole No.1 the rock is comparatively light in colour and white feldspar crystals are visible, while in Hole No. 2 the rock is dark gray and fine grained. Both contain a little disseminated pyrite. Since no andesite was seen on the surface it is possible that they are actually Keeweenawan dykes without the diabasic texture which these rocks usually have in the area.

The peridotite is mainly olivine, with substantial alteration in places to serpentine and talc. Magnetite is not abundant.

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Veinlets of quartz and calcite, generally near vertical, are abundant in the volcanics and in the peridotite.

No diabase was seen on the property but an exposure of gabbro near the northeast end of Strange Lake is probably Keeweenawan dyke material.

WORK CARRIED OUT

Previous work consisted of two airborne geophysical surveys, one by Canadian Aero, one by Lockwood Surveys, two drill holes on the peridotite rhyolite contact between Lloyd Lake and Trap Lake, and one hole near the northeast end of Strange Lake. Old survey lines can be seen but no ground work is reported.

The work reported here was first directed to large airborne anomaly and several small anomalies on the property. One hole had apparently been drilled on the main anomaly, but it seemed to be across a fault from the best part of the anomaly. No work was reported on the small anomalies.

The first part of the programme, carried out in July, 1970, was as follows:

- 1. Carry out a geological survey of the property.
- 2. Clear out and resurvey old lines over the main anomaly and carry out an <u>electromagnetic survey</u>.
- 3. Carry out a geochemical survey.

The second part of the programme, carried out in <u>April and May. 1971</u>, consisted of:

- 1. <u>Cutting new lines on strike with the conductor and carry out a</u> <u>new electromagnetic survey to test for the possibility of multiple</u> <u>conductors</u>.
- 2. <u>Electromagnetic surveys</u>, mainly on lake ice, to try to locate the weak airborne anomalies reported.
- 3. <u>Reconnaissance electromagnetic surveys in accessible areas.</u>
- 4. <u>Magnetometer traverses</u> in ultramafic areas.
- 5. Some geological mapping, which was limited because of snow.
- 6. One <u>diamond drill hole</u>, 338 feet on the main anomaly.

7. One <u>diamond drill hole</u>, 300 feet on a new anomaly discovered by ground reconnaissance.

MINERALIZATION

No mineralization of economic significance was discovered. The geophysical anomalies were explained by massive pyrite in the No. 1 Hole and by pyrite, carbon and graphite in both holes.

Minor chalcopyrite was seen in the core from Hole No. 1 which probably accounts for the weak geochemical copper anomaly. However the zinc anomaly was somewhat stronger and is not accounted for by the assays from Hole No. 1. In Hole No. 2 a 2-foot section assayed 0.5% zinc, although no sphalerite was visible in the core. While this could not account for the anomaly (it is close but on slightly lower ground), it may indicate that there are patches of low grade zinc but that either the No. 1 Hole did not intersect any or that if it did, they were not assayed because no sphalerite was visible.

Peridotite outcrop and float were examined but no asbestos of significance was seen.

Some of the rhyodacite in Hole 2 with little or no interstitial sedimentary material assayed as high as 0.06% nickel which seems high for this type of rock.

STRUCTURE

Most of the area is underlain by felsic volcanics. Little or no structural indications could be seen in these volcanics, the small amount of banding which was observed was parallel to, and probably associated with, the widespread veinlets of quartz and calcite which occur in the areas. These veinlets are near vertical. The topography gives the impression that there has been east-west folding in the southern part of the property which veers to east-northeast, further north. The only schistosity noted was in float, notably near the southwest end of Strange Lake.

The peridotite intrusive in the south part of the property appears to be near vertical at the east end (from the magnetometer survey), while diamond drill Hole No. 2 indicates that the north contact dips south at about 70 degrees.

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PERSONNEL

The following personnel did the following work on the survey. Linecutting is not claimed in the geophysical and geochemical surveys.

Linecutting	Dates	Hours	Total (8 hr.) Days
P. LaBreque	July 10-11, 1970	8	2
L. Stevenson	July 10-11, 1970	8	2
J. E. George	April 26-May 3, 1971	8	7
R. George	April 27-May 3, 1971	8	6 17
Geological survey	Dates	Hours	Total (8 hr.) Days
P. LaBreque	July 13-14, 1970	4	1
D. Beggs	July 13-15, 1970	4	11/2
D. DesRosiers	April 28, 1971	8	1
	May 5, 1971	8	

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PREVIOUS WORK

Two airborne electromagnetic surveys are on record in the assessment files, one of which incorporates a magnetic survey. One large electromagnetic anomaly appears on both surveys, with some indication that it might actually be two distinct anomalies. Several small anomalies are also recorded.

Line had been cut over the main anomaly, but it is doubtful if it was cut for geophysical purposes because the lines are not at right angles. No ground surveys are on record.

WORK DONE

The following geophysical work was done:

1.	Vertical loop E.M. over a recut old grid with lines at 400-foot
	intervals.
2.	Magnetometer traverses on two of the above lines.
3.	Horizontal and vertical loop surveys over a new grid at 300-
	foot intervals in the same general area but with the baselines
	parallel to the strike of the anomaly.
4.	A magnetometer survey along trails.
5.	Vertical loop reconnaissance on lakes and along trails, mainly

directed to locating small airborne anomalies.

On the <u>old grid 1.0</u> miles of vertical loop E.M. was carried out and 0.38 miles of magnetometer survey.

On the <u>new grid</u> 1.68 miles of vertical loop E.M. and 0.66 miles of horizontal loop E.M. were carried out.

On lakes and trails 1.90 miles of vertical loop survey and 0.57 miles of magnetometer survey were completed.

Stations were at 100-foot intervals or less.

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	Vertical E.M.	Horizontal E.M.	Magnetometer
Old grid	1.00	, 	0.38
New grid	1.68	0.66	
Total grid	2.68	0.66	0.38
Other	1.90		0.57
Total	4.58		0.95

There were <u>fifty-three stations on the old grid</u>, <u>eighty-four stations on</u> the new grid, one hundred and two reconnaissance E.M. stations and thirty reconnaissance magnetometer stations.

Instruments Used

 Sharpe SE 250. Frequency 1.000 c.p.s. Used for the E. M. survey on the old grid and for most reconnaissance.
 McPhar V.H.E.M. Frequencies 600 and 2.400 c.p.s. Used on new grid and as a vertical loop unit for some reconnaissance.
 Sharp MF-1 magnetometer on the 0-3,000 scale.

RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

The main airborne anomaly was easily detected. It was traced for a strike length of 2,000 feet. Total length is probably about 2,500 feet based on negative reconnaissance results at the west end and the fact that the anomaly is weak on the most easterly line.

The results indicate a conductor which could be massive sulphides on line 400 west on the old grid or line 1200 east on the new grid but which, if sulphides, is generally less than massive over most of its length. A dip of between 50 degrees south and vertical is indicated. A single conductor is indicated at the west end with two conductors at the west end. The No. 1 Hole was close to the west end and two conductors were intersected. Presumably they correspond to the two conductors at the east end but are too close to show as separate conductors at the hole location.

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One conductor was 8 feet of 50% pyrite, including 1' 6" of massive pyrite, in a rhyodacite fragmental. The other consisted of up to 50% disseminated pyrite with substantial carbon and some graphite in the sedimentary matrix of a rhyodacite fragmental.

Another anomaly occurred at around 1,000 feet south on lines 900 east and 1200 east on the new grid. It was discovered by reconnaissance and re-run after extending the grid. It also indicated less than massive sulphides and proved to be disseminated pyrite, generally 10-20% by volume but as high as 50% in places. The rocks were similar to those from Hole 1 but lengths of rhyolite fragmentals, fragmentals with sedimentary matrix, and mudstone were intermixed rather than forming two distinct and separated zones.

A number of small airborne anomalies were looked for. No dip angles were recorded but in traverses over Bess Lake, Mavis Lake and Strange Lake, minor conductivity was indicated by minima instead of nulls. This was interpreted as lake bottom conductivity. No conductivity at all was noted at Mitre Lake and Weary Lake, and the dip angles recorded at Strange Lake were almost certainly caused by the proximity of the transmitter to the southern branch of the main anomaly. Dip angles were recorded when the transmitter was on the shore of the lake but none when it was on the lake ice.

There appeared to be a weak magnetic anomaly close to the main electromagnetic anomaly so the two lines surveyed were repeated twice, setting up the instrument each time (not the usual procedure with this instrument). After averaging the second and third surveys and removing a "regional" trend, it appeared that there might be an anomaly of somewhat less than 50 gammas about 50 feet north of the conductor, but this was too close to background to be of much significance.

A magnetometer traverse along the trail indicated a peridotite outcrop between the northwest end of Lloyd Lake and the southwest end of Strange Lake. It appeared to cease abruptly to the east but could have been continuous with the peridotite outcrop at the east side of the northern tip of Lloyd Lake. Hole No. 2 intersected peridotite between the two drill holes. There is a similar anomaly, about 400 gammas, 800 feet further south but no peridotite was noted. Float in the area is mainly rhyolite with some granite. It seems that the peridotite occurs in much smaller lenses than is shown on the O.D.M. maps.

Up to 5% disseminated pyrite is seen on a hill near the south boundary but reconnaissance electromagnetic traverses gave no indications of conductivity. Dip angles were all zero and nulls were all clear. The Sharpe SE 250 was used for this reconnaissance.

PERSONNEL EMPLOYED

Person	Date	Hours	Type of Survey	Claims
R. H. Clayton	13/7/1970	8	Vertical loop E. M.	284376
11	14/7/1970	4	11 11 11	284377
· .			•	284379
11	15/7/1970	8	Magnetometer	284376
				284379 —
11	20/7/1970	8	Plotting —	
11	21/7/1970	8	Report writing -	
S. Anand	27/7/1970	8	Drafting 🗕	•
R. H. Clayton	16/4/1971	.8	Recon, E. M.	284376-77
	. ,			284489
11	17/4/1971	4	Magnetometer	284379 -
	,		- 	284489 -
11	26/4/1971	8	Horizontal loop E. M.	284376
				284379
11	27/4/1971	8	Horizontal E. M.	284484
	• •			284377
11	29/4/1971	3	Plotting —	
. 11	1/5/1971	2	Vertical E. M.	284376
	, ,			284379
11	2/5/1971	8	Recon. E.M.	284379
				284489
II .	1/6/1971	8	Report writing -	
11	2/6/1971	8	Report writing -	• •
L. Stevenson	13/7/1970	8	Vertical E. M.	284376
33	14/7/1970	4	Vertical E. M.	284377
	• • .			284379

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Person	Date	Hours	Type of Survey	. Claims
L. Stevenson	15/7/1970	8	Magnetometer	284376 -
D. DesRosiers	16/4/1971	8	Recon. E.M.	284379 - 284376-77 284489
11	17/4/1971	4	Magnetometer	284379 -
11	26/4/1971	8	Horizontal E. M.	284489
11	27/4/1971	8	Horizontal E. M.	284484
11	1/5/1971	2	Vertical E. M.	284377 284376
11	2/5/1971	8	Recon. V.E.M.	284379 284379 284489

I certify that the above work was carried out by myself or under my direct supervision.

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R. H. Clayton, M. Southe Bara R. H. W. CLAYTON POUINCE OF OW

8 Hn. days EM - 11 2 Mag - 3 Reports - 5 2

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INTRODUCTION

The property is in an area of flat rhyolite hills interspersed with small lakes and swamps. Near the area of interest there are two occurrences of bog iron in a swamp.

On the rhyolite hills there are generally three soil layers, a humus layer, an A layer of brown, loamy soil, and a gray B layer. The swamps consist of decayed vegetable matter.

LOCATION

The claims are close to the centre of <u>Midlothian Township</u>. They are accessible by 36 miles of road and 2 miles of trail from Matachewan.

The numbers are <u>284375</u>, <u>284376</u>, <u>284377</u> and <u>284379</u>. The claims are the property of Denison Mines Limited. The work was carried out by Watts, Griffis and McOuat Limited, Consulting Geologists and Engineers.

WORK DONE

Samples were taken at 100-foot intervals along the grid system and from the bog iron. There were fifty-three stations.

On the rhyolite ridge where the conductor is located, most samples were taken from a well developed layer of <u>dark brown loamy soil</u>. In places the soil cover was too thin to have developed. In particular, <u>Station 700</u> north on 400 west is on an outcrop, and <u>Station 300</u> north on Line O is in an area of thin cover. This may explain the isolated highs at these two stations. The soil consists largely of <u>decayed vegetable</u> matter.

Assays were made by atomic absorbtion after screening through 80 mesh. The results are supposedly accurate to $\pm 25\%$. All samples were assayed for copper and zinc, and on Line 400 west only for lead and silver as well.

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INTERPRETATION

The highest values of zinc were about five times background. The two isolated copper highs were about five times background, but other copper highs were only two to three times background. The best anomalies were on Line 400 west which also has the best E. M. anomaly. There is a moderate copper anomaly immediately south and downhill from the conductor, with a large zinc anomaly of up to <u>290 ppm starting 100 feet</u> further south. Silver assays were generally at the minimum detectable 0.1 ppm, but the only reading of 0.2 ppm was at the station closest to the crossover.

From 200 south to 600 north the samples were taken from a well-defined soil horizon. From 300 south to 600 south the samples were taken in the bog, but there does not appear to be any difference in background values between the bog and the rhyolite ridge. The high values on 700 north may be a result of the thin soil as suggested above, however, although there is some slightly higher ground in between, this station is much lower than the conductor.

Results from the other lines are less good, but there are generally higher values close to the conductor. There is also a small anomaly about 500 feet south of the conductor and roughly parallel to it. Most of it is in the bog but this does not seem to be controlling factor.

There was no lead anomaly, and values in the bog iron were low.

The overall picture is consistent with the possibility that the conductor represents a copper-zinc sulphide body, however such a pattern could occur equally well from a pyrite zone with low copper and zinc values. The anomaly seems somewhat too big to be background variation, but this possibility cannot be ruled out. Bearing in mind the presence of bog iron, the most likely cause of the anomaly seems to be sulphides with at least some zinc and copper.

PERSONNEL EMPLOYED

The samples were taken by P. LaBreque and D. Begg. Each worked eight hours on this work on July 12, 1970. The work was under the field supervision of R. H. Clayton who also did the interpretation and spent two days, of eight hours each, July 20th and 21, 1970, on interpretation, report writing, and preparing the maps. The maps were drafted by S. Anand on July 26th and 27, 1970.

Respectfully submitted,

R. Heleyk

Toronto, Ontario. June 15, 1971.

R. H. Clayton, M.Sc., P. Eng. Watts, Griffis and McOuat Limited



GENERAL INFORMATION

Location and Access

The property consists of <u>10 claims</u> in <u>Midlothian Townshin</u>. Access is westward from the town of Matachewan via Highway 512 and its extension for 26 miles, then south by a bush road for 10 miles to Sirola Lake beyond the old Stairs Mine, then 2 miles east by an improved trail to the drill hole locations on the property.

The northeast corner of the property is in Mavis Lake, the east boundary cuts Mitre Lake, and the south boundary cuts two arms of Lloyd Lake.

Ownership

The recorded owner is Denison Mines Limited. 4 King Street West, Toronto, Ontario.

This work is submitted by Watts, Griffis and McOuat Limited, Consulting Geologists and Engineers. The claims are numbered 284376, 284377, 284378, 284379, 284380, 284484, 228488, 284489 and 228490.

PERSONNEL

The following men were employed on the surveys:

R. H. Clayton,	608 - 45 Dunfield Avenue, Toronto 295, Ontario.
D. F. DesRosiers,	280 Wellesley Street East, Toronto, Ontario.
P. LaBreque	3495 Avenue Van Horne, Montreal 251, Quebec.
L. Stevenson	1710 - 75 Thorncliffe Park Drive, Toronto, Ontario.
D. Begg	40 Naig Street, Espanola, Ontario.
S. Anand	208 Geoffrey Street, Toronto 154, Ontario.
J. E. George	P.O. Box 11, Matachewan, Ontario.
R. George	P.O. Box 11, Matachewan, Ontario.

Clayton, LaBreque, Stevenson and Begg were on the property from July 9th to the 15th inclusive, Clayton and DesRosiers April 16 and 17, 1971, April 26 and 27, 1971, and May 2 and 3, 1971. DesRosiers April 28th to May 1st, J. E. George April 26th to May 1st and May 3rd, R. George April 27th to May 1st and May 3rd.

Time spent setting up camp, working on adjacent claims and supervising drilling is not included.

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REFERENCES

Marshall, H. I.

Geology of Midlothian Township Ontario Department of Mines, 56th Annual Report

' Volume LVI - Part V, 1947

With map 1'' - 1,000 ft.

Bright, E. G.

Geology of Halliday and Midlothian Townships Ontario Department of Mines Geological Report 79, 1970

With map 1'' - 1/2 mile.

	Watts Suite 159 B Toron	, Griffi 911 ay stree to, Onta	s, & Mo et urio				EAR Labora Report	tory ;	7	BARRINGER R 304 CARLIN REXDALE, ON PHONE: 4 CABLE: 1 DATE JU	IGVIEW D ITARIO, CAI 16-677-2 BARESEA	RIVE NADA 491 RCH
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		IN	7	27		12E5N	8	67				
		2N	11	12		BL 100E	4	44				
		1s	16	41		200E	1	150				
		25	3	70		300E	11	30				
		3S	8	44		400E	3	28				
	4 E	4S	19	130		500E	7	39				
	8E	0	8	42		600E	6	41				
		ln	3	36		700E	10	61				

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Sample Num	ber	Total Cu ppm	Total Zn ppm	Total Pb ppm	KCN Ag ppm					
4w 0	,	7	170	13	.1					
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2	N	2	23	7	.2					
3	BN	3	42	13	<.1					•
4	N	3	26	12	.1			·		
5	5N	6	45	18	<.1					
6	ōN	3	18	13	.1				·	
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FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	% SULPH	CORE REC'D 100%	NO.	FROM	то	LENGTH				
0 -	8	Casing										
8		Serpentinized Peridotite										
		Light-dark greens highly fractured and			-		·		· · ·			
•		broken, calcite and a white semi-fibrous		• •								
	10.5	material in the first foot.						-				
10.5		Talcy-peridotite.	:									
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Gradational change from above, light					-					
		green-gray, very soft, quartz stringers										
		throughout. and the sole mercenial.								· .		
		12.5' few flakes of mica on the										
	23.5	fracture face.										
23.5		Peridotit e	· · · ·			•						
		dark green-black, uitreous lustre									2 m.	
		when broken, calcite on fracture							·			
		surfaces									×	
		26.5' pyrite on fracture plain with	tr					•				

COMPANY Denison Mines Limited,

		Coords:								Page	2 of 7		
Bearing:		Angle: Depth:				SAMPL	. E		ANALYSIS				
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	SULPH.	core rec'd 100%	NO.	FROM	то	LENGTH					
		red hematite staining							•.				
		35 - 37 Highly broken											
		38 - 39 Few pyrite flakes along some of	tr					•					
		the fracture surfaces	-	4 5 -				-					
		38.5 - 40.5 Granular coust buccoss			•			•			- -		
		40.5 Pyrite along fracture face	tr						•				
		41 - 42 Few flakes of pyrite school about	tr	• • •	•								
		42 - 47 Broken Malacopy in the partie		-					1 1 1	4	;		
	50.5	47-50.5 Laced with soft white material,		• •									
		pyrite along fractures as thin the letter	tr						•				
		plates (minor quantities)							· .				
50.5		Soapstone											
		Green-gray, very soft, greasy feel with											
		vitreous lustre, banding about 30° to core					\$		2				
		53 - 57 Small patches of calcite.	,						-				
					-								

Denison Mines Limited COMPANY___

Property: Hole No:		Coords: Depth:								Pag	e <u>30</u>	<u>f 8</u>
Decring:		Angle: Depth:	 		······	SAMPL	- E		ANA	LYSIS		
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	% SULPH.	core rec'd 100%	NO.	FROM	то	LENGTH				
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	62.5	61 - 62.5 Laced with calcite veins (5%)										
62.5		Talcose peridotite.			.							
		Dark gray with veins (up to $1/2"$)										
		and veinlets of light gray talcose								, ,		
		material, core feels greasy with		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•							· ·
		vitreous lustre; calcite veins throughout			· · · · · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		67' Traces of chalcopyrite in pyrite										
		veinlet 1/16" on facture surface										
-		68 - 74' Numerous veinlets of calcite										
		and talc.										
		69.5 Trace of pyrite.										
		82 - 83 Contains calcite crystals (20%).			1							
		and traces of pyrite with rate	tr									
		chalcopyrite and reactions quest a votable s										
		83 - 87 As above with more soapstone										

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COMPANY _____ Denison Mines Limited

Hole No:	<u></u>	Coords:								Page	4 of ?	
Secring:		Angle: Depth:		[SAMPI	. F					
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	% SULPH.	core rec'd 100%	NO.	FROM	то	LENGTH				
		and about 10% calcite, no mineralization										•
		87 - 90.5 about 15% soapstone and no										
		calcite.					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
		90.5 - 105. Trace of soapstone and									•	
	105.	10% calcite.		-								
105.		Dacite										
		Contains much calcite, light gray				-						
		122' 1" calcite vein										
		132' 1/2" calcite vein a president ingen			на. 1986 г. с	111.5		2.0				
		138' 1/2" calcite vein										
		All are about 30° to the core	:						•		E.	
	170.5	Axis			3	•						
170.5		Andesite									· · · · ·	
		Gray black with minor pyrite										
		disseminations, numerous quartz veinlets										
	175.5	at 30° to the core.		-	· ·			1 - -				-

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NP5-6459

COMPANY_____ Denison Mines Limited

		Coords: Angle: Depth:							•	Pag	e5 of /	
	1			[T	SAMPL	_ E	······································		ANA	LYSIS	
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	% SULPH	core rec'd 100%	NO.	FROM	то	LENGTH	Cu	Zn	Ni	Fe
175.5		Andesite-rhyodacite breccia.						· · ·				
		Laced with calcite veinlets, database			· .							
	177.5	disseminated pyrite up to 25% of rock	25		• 5903	175.5	177.5	2.0	0.005	0	0.06	1-2%
177.5		Carbonaceous mudstone		-						-		
		Black with a few partings of								2		
		graphite; white material in										
		veinlets and small patches; up to					-					
		10% pyrite in patches and veinlets										
	179.5	with hematite stain on a few partings \mathbb{Q}_{2}	8	-	5904	177.5	179.5	2.0	0.2	0.5	0.08	M-7%
179.5		Rhyodacite breccia	· .									
		Contains few carbonaceous partings										
	•	and 40% pyrite in patches up to 1"		(
	180.5	in diameter	40		5905	179.5	180.5	5.0	0	0	0.06	M-7%
180.5		Banded Rhyodacite: deriverseene										
an Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna		Green-gray with disseminated pyrite										
		throughout (+/- 1%), banding about 30° to				- - 					÷.	

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COMPANY_____Denison Mines Limited

	Coords:	-							Paa	e 6 d	of 🚄
			ſ		<u> </u>	1.5		T			
		1			SAMP		1			LYSIS	1
то	DESCRIPTION	% SULPH.	CORE REC'D	NO.	FROM	то	LENGTH	Cu	Zn	Ni	Fe
	core axis										
	185 – 190.5 Quartz veins and patches	_:		-							
	+/- 15%.			•				-			-
	188' 1/4" vein of pyrite and dark	-									
	brown mineral. An an an an an an an an									·	
	190 - 190.5 Pyrite makes up 5 - 10% of			• • •							
	rock in veinlets, quartz veins and	7		- - - -		f 2 • •	· ·	, 			
190.5	disseminated patches										
	Carbonaceous rhyodacite breccia zone.					*					
 ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ 	Few minor partings of graphite,	- 		<u>.</u>							
	carbonaceous material 60% of core,								•		
192	pyrite disseminated and patches (+/- 20%)	20	3.0	5906	190.5	193.5	3.0	0.01-0.0	2 0	0.08	M-MH
	Rhyodacite breccia zone										
	contains sections of carbonaceous				1 1 1						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	material and 30 - 40% pyrite	35			i -		a -				
193.5	193 - 193.5 Carbonaceous breccia zone	-	·					•			
	то 190.5	TO DESCRIPTION core axis 185 - 190.5 Quartz veins and patches 185 - 190.5 Quartz veins and patches +/- 15%. 188 ¹ 190 - 190.5 Pyrite and dark brown mineral. 190 - 190.5 Pyrite makes up 5 - 10% of rock in veinlets, quartz veins and 190.5 disseminated patches Carbonaceous rhyodacite breccia zone. Few minor partings of graphite, carbonaceous material 60% of core, 192 pyrite disseminated and patches (+/- 20%) Rhyodacite breccia zone contains sections of carbonaceous material and 30 - 40% pyrite	Coords: Depth: TO DESCRIPTION SULPH. core axis 185 - 190.5 Quartz veins and patches 185 - 190.5 Quartz veins and patches +/- 15%. 188' 1/4" vein of pyrite and dark 188' 1/4" vein of pyrite and dark brown mineral. 190 - 190.5 Pyrite makes up 5 - 10% of 190 - 190.5 Pyrite makes up 5 - 10% of rock in veinlets, quartz veins and 7 190.5 disseminated patches 190 - 190.5 Pyrite makes up 5 - 10% of rock in veinlets, quartz veins and 7 190.5 disseminated patches 190 - 190.5 Pyrite makes up 5 - 10% of rock in veinlets, quartz veins and 7 191.5 disseminated patches 190 - 190.5 Pyrite makes up 5 - 10% of rock in veinlets, quartz veins and 7 192 pyrite disseminated patches 192 Pyrite disseminated and patches (+/- 20%) 20 Rhyodacite breccia zone 192 contains sections of carbonaceous 193 material and 30 - 40% pyrite 35	Coords: Depth: Angle: Depth: TO DESCRIPTION SULPH REC'D core axis CORE 185 - 190.5 Quartz veins and patches - +/- 15%. - 188' 1/4" vein of pyrite and dark brown mineral. - 190 - 190.5 Pyrite makes up 5 - 10% of - rock in veinlets, quartz veins and 7 190.5 disseminated patches - Carbonaceous rhyodacite breccia zone. - Few minor partings of graphite, - carbonaceous material 60% of core, - 192 pyrite disseminated and patches (+/- 20%) 20 Rhyodacite breccia zone - - contains sections of carbonaceous - - material and 30 - 40% pyrite 35 -	Coords: Depth: Angle: Depth: TO DESCRIPTION \$\sum_{PH}\$ \$\sum_{PH}\$ CORE NO. 185 - 190.5 Quartz veins and patches - +/- 15%. - 188* 1/4" vein of pyrite and dark brown mineral. - 190 - 190.5 Pyrite makes up 5 - 10% of - rock in veinlets, quartz veins and 7 190.5 disseminated patches Carbonaceous rhyodacite breccia zone. - Few minor partings of graphite, - 192 pyrite disseminated and patches (+/- 20%) 20 3.0 Rhyodacite breccia zone - - material and 30 - 40% pyrite 35 -	Coords: Angle: Depth: SAMP TO DESCRIPTION SULPH CORE RECTD NO. FROM 10 CORE axis Image: Core axis	Coords: Depth: SAMPLE TO DESCRIPTION SULPH CORE SULPH NO. FROM TO Core axis Image: Image: <t< td=""><td>Coords: Depth: Angle: Depth: TO DESCRIPTION SULPH CORE RECTO NO. FROM 185 - 190.5 Quartz veins and patches Image: Correct and patches +/- 15%. Image: Correct and patches 188' 1/4" vein of pyrite and dark brown mineral. Image: Correct and patches 190 - 190.5 Pyrite makes up 5 - 10% of Image: Correct and patches Carbonaceous rhyodacite breccia zone. Image: Correct and patches Few minor partings of graphite, Correct and patches Image: Correct and patches 192 pyrite disseminated and patches (+/- 20%) 20 3.0 5906 190.5 193.5 3.0 Rhyodacite breccia zone Image: Correct and patches Ig2 pyrite disseminated and patches (+/- 20%) 20 3.0 5906 190.5 193.5 3.0 Rhyodacite breccia zone Image: Correct and patches Image: Correct and patches<!--</td--><td>Coords: Angle:Depth:SAMPLETODESCRIPTIONSAMPLEOCORE SULPHCORE RECDNO.FROMTOLENGTHCuDESCRIPTIONSAMPLEOPOCORE SULPHCORE SULPHNO.FROMTOLENGTHCuDESCRIPTIONSAMPLEOPOCORE AND. SQuartz veins and patchesSAMPLEISO 190.5 Quartz veins and patchesISO 1000000000000000000000000000000000000</td><td>Coords: Peg Angle: Depth: SAMPLE ANA TO DESCRIPTION</td><td>Coords: Depth: SAMPLE ANALYSIS TO DESCRIPTION 3 N CORE NO. FROM TO LENGTH Cu Zn NI CORE axis DESCRIPTION 3 N CORE NO. FROM TO LENGTH Cu Zn NI 185 - 190.5 Quartz veins and patches Image: Image:</td></td></t<>	Coords: Depth: Angle: Depth: TO DESCRIPTION SULPH CORE RECTO NO. FROM 185 - 190.5 Quartz veins and patches Image: Correct and patches +/- 15%. Image: Correct and patches 188' 1/4" vein of pyrite and dark brown mineral. Image: Correct and patches 190 - 190.5 Pyrite makes up 5 - 10% of Image: Correct and patches Carbonaceous rhyodacite breccia zone. Image: Correct and patches Few minor partings of graphite, Correct and patches Image: Correct and patches 192 pyrite disseminated and patches (+/- 20%) 20 3.0 5906 190.5 193.5 3.0 Rhyodacite breccia zone Image: Correct and patches Ig2 pyrite disseminated and patches (+/- 20%) 20 3.0 5906 190.5 193.5 3.0 Rhyodacite breccia zone Image: Correct and patches Image: Correct and patches </td <td>Coords: Angle:Depth:SAMPLETODESCRIPTIONSAMPLEOCORE SULPHCORE RECDNO.FROMTOLENGTHCuDESCRIPTIONSAMPLEOPOCORE SULPHCORE SULPHNO.FROMTOLENGTHCuDESCRIPTIONSAMPLEOPOCORE AND. SQuartz veins and patchesSAMPLEISO 190.5 Quartz veins and patchesISO 1000000000000000000000000000000000000</td> <td>Coords: Peg Angle: Depth: SAMPLE ANA TO DESCRIPTION</td> <td>Coords: Depth: SAMPLE ANALYSIS TO DESCRIPTION 3 N CORE NO. FROM TO LENGTH Cu Zn NI CORE axis DESCRIPTION 3 N CORE NO. FROM TO LENGTH Cu Zn NI 185 - 190.5 Quartz veins and patches Image: Image:</td>	Coords: Angle:Depth:SAMPLETODESCRIPTIONSAMPLEOCORE SULPHCORE RECDNO.FROMTOLENGTHCuDESCRIPTIONSAMPLEOPOCORE SULPHCORE SULPHNO.FROMTOLENGTHCuDESCRIPTIONSAMPLEOPOCORE AND. SQuartz veins and patchesSAMPLEISO 190.5 Quartz veins and patchesISO 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	Coords: Peg Angle: Depth: SAMPLE ANA TO DESCRIPTION	Coords: Depth: SAMPLE ANALYSIS TO DESCRIPTION 3 N CORE NO. FROM TO LENGTH Cu Zn NI CORE axis DESCRIPTION 3 N CORE NO. FROM TO LENGTH Cu Zn NI 185 - 190.5 Quartz veins and patches Image: Image:

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COMPANY Denison Mines Limited

Hole No: _		Coords:								Page	e7 of .	2
Bearing: _		Angle: Depth:	[SAMPI	F	ANALYSIS					
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	% SULPH.	CORE REC'D	NO.	FROM	то	LENGTH				
193.5		Rhyodacite breccia zone				,					-	
		Trace of carbonaceous material and										
	194	minor pyrite.										
194		Rhyodacite. At most part plats part and					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-				
		medium gray-brown with quartz								1.		-
		stringers e t various intervals			-							
-		through core; disseminated pyrite				•						
		throughout. and weather stating and										
		194 1/4" calcite vein at 30° to core axis										a vina aria
		197 - 198 calcareous zone with calcite										
		stringers, pyrite veinlets and										
		carbonaceous partings all at										
		30° to the core axis.							-			
		205 ' 1/4" calcite vein cutting core										
	218	at 20° to the axis.										
		a tarrent tarrita (al este den el este detaix tette),		÷						-		
	1	1				1	1	1 1		1	1	1

COMPANY_____Denison Mines Limited

Hole No:		Coords: Angle: Depth:								Page	e8 (of O	
		Vigie Uepin		<u> </u>		SAMPL	- ε		ANALYSIS				
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	% SULPH.	CORE REC'D	NO.	FROM	то	LENGTH	- -				
218		Rhyodactie and Rhyodactir breccia											
		They grade back and forth into											
	-	each other with no clearly defined							.				
		boundaries. Breccia contains rounded			<u> </u>			••••	-				
		and angularfragments averaging											
		3/4"											
		Light-medium gray to gray green											
e e		with calcite and quartz stringers											
		throughout; pyrite is generally					-	ч 1. 1. т. <u>т. 1</u> . т. т.			منابقہ جسم کر ج		
		disseminated but concentrates in a										d San San San San San San San San San San	
		few patches to $1/2$ " diameter and									an An An An	- 	
		along some fractures (less than				- - -			-	n 19 19 - De Martin De Martin		and a second	
	300	1% pyrite).			•							n Maria Maria Maria Maria Maria	
300		END OF HOLE.				•	• • • •	- - - 			n	-	
						-							
		Core recovery was more than 100%.		•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	1						1	l		I	L	HPS-6459	

COMPANY Denison Mines Ltd.

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Property:	Midloth 1 rid N, N	hian <u>Coords: 11+98 E 2+1</u> 0 S 24 ⁰ E. T. Angle: <u>- 50⁰N</u> Depth: <u>336''</u>						•		Pag	e1 of	3
						SAMPL	.Ε			ANA	LYSIS	
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	% SULPH.	CORE REC'D	NO.	FROM	то	LENGTH	с	Zn		*
0	8	Overburden										-
8		Rhyo-dacite fragmental. Light grey. Minor										
		quartz stringers. Scattered pyrite and limonite +	• • •									
		1%.			2 2 . 							
	29.5	Gorge 19.5 - 20 5 3 4 4							·			
29.5		As above with 20% pyrite in	20								-	
	30.5	large blebs (± 1")										-
30.5		Massive pyrite. Partly crystalline (cubes).	80		1	30.0	32.0	2.0	0.003	Ť	-	
		Calcite stringers generally 60 ⁰ to core axis,										
	32	Minor limonite and hematite.										
32		As above with 50% pyrite in massive	50									· ·
	38	pods and stringers averaging 2".									-	
38		Rhyo-dacite			1							• * * • *
		45-57 Minor black stringers					-					
	and a second sec	57-66 Fragments more noticeable in a			-					•		
		dark grey groundmass.									2.	
		۲ 	L	L	I	l		L				NP5-6459

COMPANY Denison Mines Ltd.

Property:	Midlot	hian Coords:										
Hole No:	1	Coords: Angle: Depth:								Page	, <u>2.</u>	
Bearing:		Angle: Depth:	- 1	[SAMPL	E					
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	% SULPH.	CORE REC'D	NO.	FROM	то	LENGTH				
		Minor calcite stringers at 60 ⁰ to core axis.				-						
		66-186 Fragments less prominent 1" green										
		porous material at 92'. No reaction to acid.										
		97-107 2% pyrite both in large blebs and	2								· ·	
	·:	disseminated.										
4		155-177 Broken, some gorge.							•			
•.	· · ·	185-200 Fragments prominent in dark groundmass.										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		200-204 10% pyrite as blebs	10 ·						-			
		211-227 10% quartz stringers up to 1"										
		231-236 50% quartz, 25% black rock and 25%										
	236	green rock both aphanitic and non-reactive										
		to acid.					•					
236		Rhyo-sediment. Dark grey fine grained rock with					·. ·		- · · ·			
		light grey rhyotite fragments. Carbon and							· .	•		
	252	some graphite.			<u>.</u>	25(,0	253.0	2,0	9, QI	2.607	0	
252		Mudstone. Almost black, calcite 15%.									3.	

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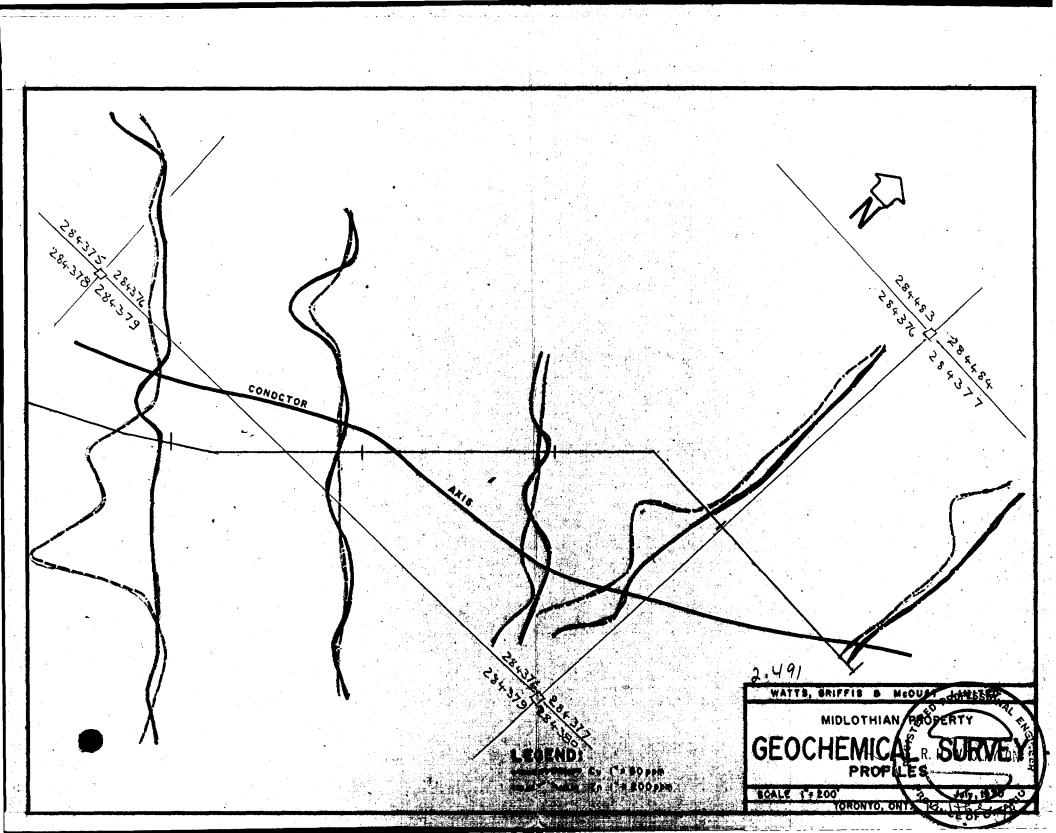
A .

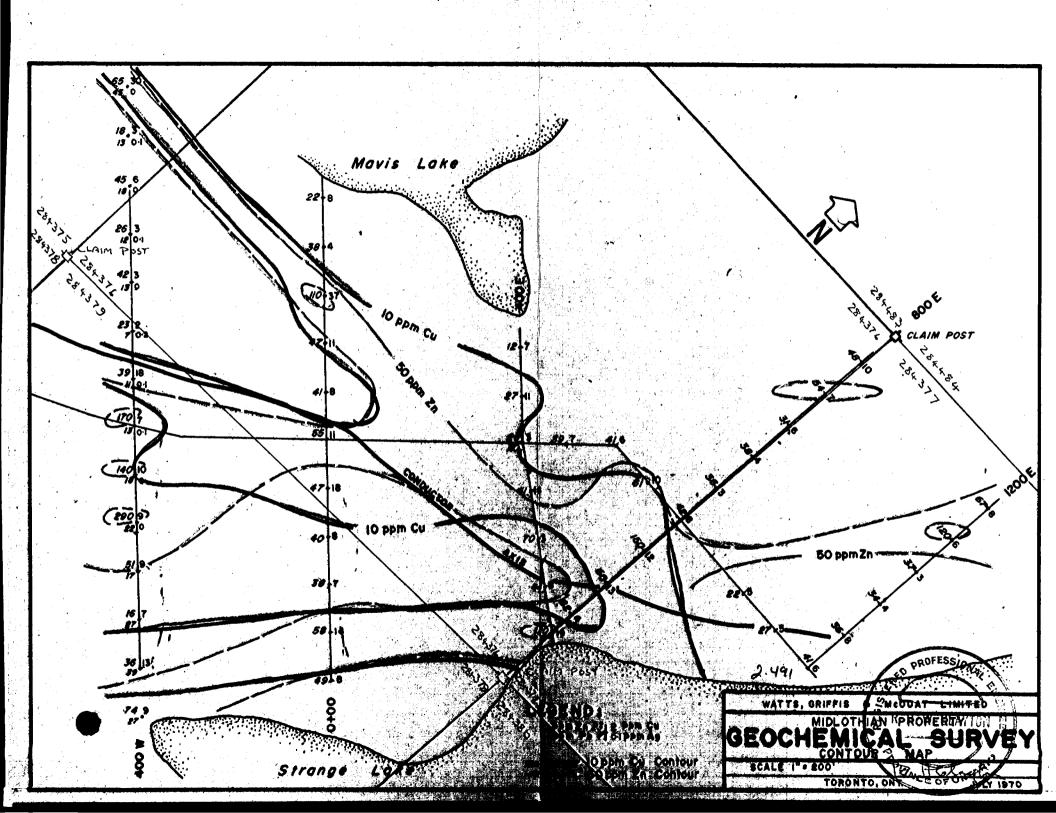
/

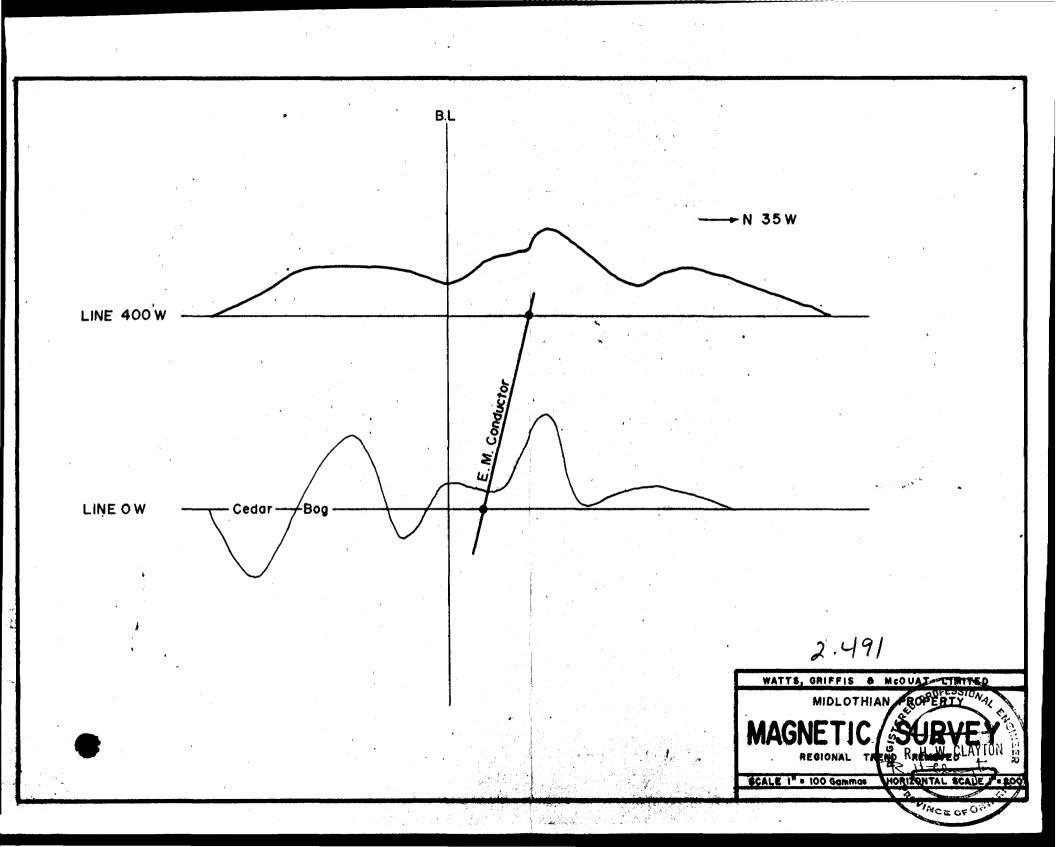
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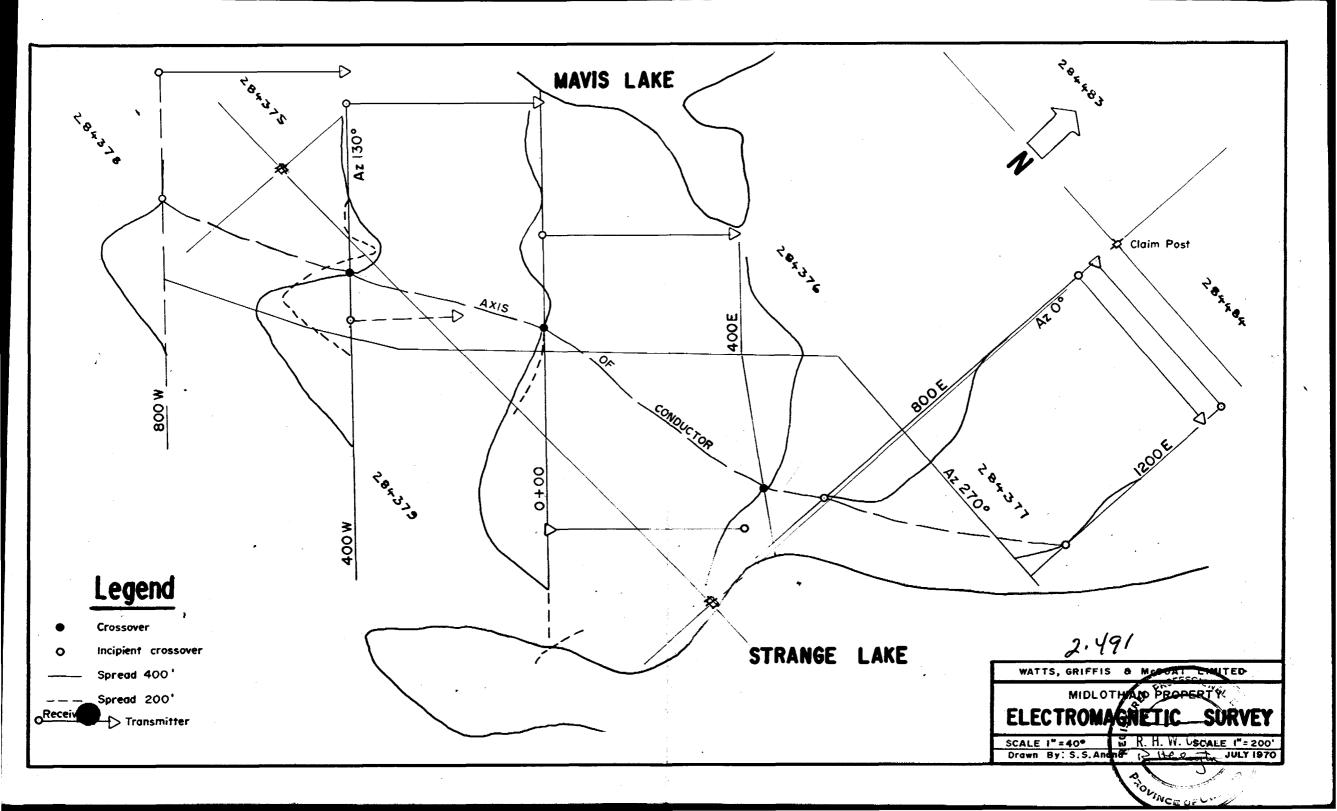
COMPANY Denison Mines Ltd.

Property:	Midlothi 1	ian									3			
		Coords: Angle: Depth:								Pag	e3			
Dearing		Ougle Ocpin		SAMPLE						ANALYSIS				
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	% SULPH.	CORE REC'D	NO.	FROM	то	LENGTH	· ·					
- 1. 1.		No rhyotite fragments.							-					
		257-267 30% calcite, large			-									
	267	pyrite blebs.			<u>بة</u>					-				
267		Andesite. Light grey, phaneritic.	1											
	276	Disseminated pyrite.												
276		Mudstone, Very dark, soft, heavy carbon and									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		some graphite in fracture planes. Disseminated	1											
-		pyrite and minor very fine grained chalcopyrite.												
		304-314 20% calcite, 10% pyrite, disseminated						- 						
· ·	314	and as blebs.	10											
314		Rhyolite fragments (light grey) in dark groundmass				-								
	324	314-315 30% pyrite	30			•					tana Aritana Aritana			
324	336	Rhyo-dacite fragmental. Fragments distinct.	34											
											× -			
									-	-				









PERFORMANCE & CO'

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ASSESSMENT WORK DETAILS 41P14NE0033	2.491 MIDLOTHIAN 900
Township or Area MIDLOTTAIAN (LARDER LAKE)	List numerically
Type of Survey <u>GEOLOGICAL</u> A separate form is required for each type of survey	7.84498
Chief Line Cutter J. E. GEORGE or Contractor Dr. Name	284376
or Contractor <u>P.O. Box II</u> <u>MATACHEWAN ONT</u> Address Party Chief <u>R. H. CLAYTON</u>	
Name	284485
45 DUNFIELD AVE, TORONTO Address	284379
Consultant IZ. H. CLAYTON Name	284380
45 DUNFIELD AVE TORONTO Address	284484
COVERING DATES	284488
Line Cutting July 10-11, 1970 April 26-May 3 1871	284489
Field July 13-15 1970, April 28 - May 7, 1971 Instrument work, geological mapping, sampling letc.	
Office July 20 & 28 1970. June 20-22 1971 (4 2 days)	
-(4 2 days)	
INSTRUMENT DATA	* See Man-day
Make, Model and Type	A see I an-day
Scale Constant or Sensitivity Or provide copy of instrument data from Manufacturer's brochure.	* See Man-day breakdown.
Radiometric Background Count	
Number of Stations Within Claim Group	T I
Number of Readings Within Claim Group	
Number of Miles of Line cut Within Claim Group <u>2.68</u>	
Number of Samples Collected Within Claim Group	
<u>CREDITS REQUESTED</u> <u>20 DAYS</u> <u>40 DAYS</u> Includes per claim per claim (Line cutting)	TOTAL
Geological Survey	
Geophysical Survey	Send in duplicate to:
Geochemical Survey □ □	FRED W. MATTHEWS SUPERVISOR-PROJECTS SECTION DEPARTMENT OF MINES &
DATE June 18 1971	NORTHERN AFFAIRS WHITNEY BLOCK QUEEN'S PARK
SIGNED_12. HBlank	TORONTO, ONTARIO

Performance and coverage credits do not apply to airborne surveys

SUBMISSION OF GEOLOGICAL, GEOPHYSICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL SURVEYS

AS ASSESSMENT WORK

In order to simplify the filing of geological, geochemical and ground geophysical surveys for assessment work, the Minister has approved the following procedure under Section 84 (8a) of the Ontario Mining Act. This <u>special provision</u> does not apply to airborne geophysical surveys.

If, in the opinion of the Minister, a ground geophysical survey meets the requirements prescribed for such a survey, including:

- (a) substantial and systematic coverage of each claim
- (b) line spacing not exceeding 400 foot intervals
- (c) stations not exceeding 100 foot intervals or
- (d) the average number of readings per claim not less than 40 readings

it will qualify for a credit of 40 assessment work days for each claim so covered. It will not be necessary for the applicant to furnish any data or breakdown concerning the persons employed in the survey except for the names and addresses of those in charge of the various phases (linecutting contractor, etc.). It will be assumed that the required number of man days were spent in producing the survey to qualify for the specified credit.

Each additional ground geophysical survey using the same grid system and otherwise meeting these requirements will qualify for an assessment work credit of 20 days.

A geological survey using the same grid system, and meeting the requirements for submission of geological surveys for maximum credits will qualify for an assessment work credit of 20 days. If line cutting has not previously been reported with any other survey and is reported in conjunction with the geological survey a credit of 40 days per claim will be allowed for the survey.

Similarly, a geochemical survey using the same grid system with the average number of collected samples per claim being not less than 40 samples, and meeting the requirements for the submission of geochemical surveys for maximum credits, will qualify for an assessment work credit of 20 days. If line cutting has not previously been reported with any other survey and is reported in conjunction with the geochemical survey a credit of 40 days per claim will be allowed for the survey.

<u>Credits for partial coverage or for surveys not meeting requirements for full credit</u> will be granted on a pro-rata basis.

If the credits are reduced for any reason, a fifteen day Notice of Intent will be issued. During this period, the applicant may apply to the Mining Commissioner for relief if his claims are jeopardized for lack of work or, if he wishes, may file with the Department, normal assessment work breakdowns listing the names of the employees and the dates of work. The survey would then be re-assessed to determine if higher credits may be allowed under the provisions of subsections 8 and 9 of section 84 of the Mining Act.

If new breakdowns are not submitted, the Performance and Coverage credits are confirmed to the Mining Recorder at the end of the fifteen days.

PERFORMANCE & COVERAGE CRE	DITS
ASSESSMENT WORK DETAILS	MINING CLAIMS TRAVERSED
Township or Area MIDLOTHINN	List numerically
Type of Survey <u>GEOCHEMICA</u>	13 NOT covered 284374
Chief Line Cutter	284,277
Address Party Chief TZ. H., CLAYTON	284379
45 DUNFIELD AVE TORONTO	Area of claims
Consultant R. H. CLATTON Name	not covered = 14
Address	$3 \times 20 = 60 \div (3 + 1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
COVERING DATES	
Line Cutting <u>See geological survey</u>	=15 days por claim
Field July 12 1970 Justrument work, geological mapping, sampling etc.	
Office July 20-28, 1970	
INSTRUMENT DATA Make, Model and Type	
Scale Constant or Sensitivity Or provide copy of instrument data from Manufacturer's brochure.	
Radiometric Background Count	
Number of Stations Within Claim Group 53	
Number of Readings Within Claim Group	
Number of Miles of Line cut Within Claim Group	Inimum munder of
Number of Samples Collected Within Claim Group 53	samples 120
<u>CREDITS REQUESTED</u> <u>20 DAYS</u> <u>40 DAYS</u> Includes per claim <u>per claim</u> <u>Line cutting</u>	TOTAL
Geological Survey	
Geophysical Survey	Send in duplicate to: FRED W. MATTHEWS
Geochemical Survey	SUPERVISOR-PROJECTS SECTION DEPARTMENT OF MINES &
PATE 18,1971 PATE 18,1971 PA	NORTHERN AFFAIRS WHITNEY BLOCK QUEEN'S PARK TORONTO, ONTARIO
SIGNED 1 II COL	

Performance and coverage credits do not apply to airborne surveys

SUBMISSION OF GEOLOGICAL, GEOPHYSICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL SURVEYS

AS ASSESSMENT WORK

In order to simplify the filing of geological, geochemical and ground geophysical surveys for assessment work, the Minister has approved the following procedure under Section 84 (8a) of the Ontario Mining Act. This <u>special provision</u> does not apply to airborne geophysical surveys.

If, in the opinion of the Minister, a ground geophysical survey meets the requirements prescribed for such a survey, including:

- (a) substantial and systematic coverage of each claim
- (b) line spacing not exceeding 400 foot intervals
- (c) stations not exceeding 100 foot intervals or
- (d) the average number of readings per claim not less than 40 readings

it will qualify for a credit of 40 assessment work days for each claim so covered. It will not be necessary for the applicant to furnish any data or breakdown concerning the persons employed in the survey except for the names and addresses of those in charge of the various phases (linecutting contractor, etc.). It will be assumed that the required number of man days were spent in producing the survey to qualify for the specified credit.

Each additional ground geophysical survey using the same grid system and otherwise meeting these requirements will qualify for an assessment work credit of 20 days.

A geological survey using the same grid system, and meeting the requirements for submission of geological surveys for maximum credits will qualify for an assessment work credit of 20 days. If line cutting has not previously been reported with any other survey and is reported in conjunction with the geological survey a credit of 40 days per claim will be allowed for the survey.

Similarly, a geochemical survey using the same grid system with the average number of collected samples per claim being not less than 40 samples, and meeting the requirements for the submission of geochemical surveys for maximum credits, will qualify for an assessment work credit of 20 days. If line cutting has not previously been reported with any other survey and is reported in conjunction with the geochemical survey a credit of 40 days per claim will be allowed for the survey.

<u>Credits for partial coverage or for surveys not meeting requirements for full credit</u> will be granted on a pro-rata basis.

If the credits are reduced for any reason, a fifteen day Notice of Intent will be issued. During this period, the applicant may apply to the Mining Commissioner for relief if his claims are jeopardized for lack of work or, if he wishes, may file with the Department, normal assessment work breakdowns listing the names of the employees and the dates of work. The survey would then be re-assessed to determine if higher credits may be allowed under the provisions of subsections 8 and 9 of section 84 of the Mining Act.

If new breakdowns are not submitted, the Performance and Coverage credits are confirmed to the Mining Recorder at the end of the fifteen days.

PERFORMANCE & COVERAGE CREDITS

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ASSESSMENT WORK DETAILS	MINING CLAIMS TRAVERSED
Township or Area Mid Lottia N	List numerically
Type of Survey <u>Geophysical Survey</u> (mayne touster)	2.8.4.87.6
Chief Line Cutter	
Party Chief 12. H. CLAYTON	······································
45 DUNFIELD AVE TORONTO Address	
Consultant R HULAYTON Name	
Address	
COVERING DATES	
Line Cutting Applied to geological survey	
Field IS 1970 Instrument work, geological mapping, sampling etc.	
Office July 20-28 1970 April 28-May 7, 1971	
INSTRUMENT DATA	n 200 jim-aayo
Make, Model and Type ScinTrex MF1 Mayre brench	truakdown
Scale Constant or Sensitivity <u>O-3000 gamma Scale</u> Or provide copy of instrument data from Manufacturer's brochure.	
Radiometric Background Count	ome and manufactor and a second
Number of Stations Within Claim Group	minum munification
Number of Readings Within Claim Group	readings 160
Number of Miles of Line cut Within Claim Group	
Number of Samples Collected Within Claim Group	
CREDITS REQUESTED20 DAYS per claim40 DAYS per claimIncludes per claimGeological SurveyImage: Comparison of the second secon	TOTAL
Geophysical Survey	Send in duplicate to;
Geochemical Survey	FRED W. MATTHEWS SUPERVISOR-PROJECTS SECTION DEPARTMENT OF MINES &
DATE June 18 1971	NORTHERN AFFAIRS WHITNEY BLOCK QUEEN'S PARK
SIGNED_12, 10 Calif	TORONTO, ONTARIO

Performance and coverage credits do not apply to airborne surveys

SUBMISSION OF GEOLOGICAL, GEOPHYSICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL SURVEYS

AS ASSESSMENT WORK

월일 - 1999년 - 1993년 1993년 1997 - 1993년 - 1993년 - 1993년 199 1993 - 1993년 19 energia al artegare

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In order to simplify the filing of geological, geochemical and ground geophysical surveys for assessment work, the Minister has approved the following procedure under Section 84 (8a) of the Ontario Mining Act. This <u>special provision</u> does not apply to airborne geophysical surveys.

If, in the opinion of the Minister, a ground geophysical survey meets the requirements prescribed for such a survey, including:

- (a) substantial and systematic coverage of each claim
- (b) line spacing not exceeding 400 foot intervals
- (c) stations not exceeding 100 foot intervals or
- (d) the average number of readings per claim not less than 40 readings

it will qualify for a credit of 40 assessment work days for each claim so covered. It will not be necessary for the applicant to furnish any data or breakdown concerning the persons employed in the survey except for the names and addresses of those in charge of the various phases (linecutting contractor, etc.). It will be assumed that the required number of man days were spent in producing the survey to qualify for the specified credit.

Each additional ground geophysical survey using the same grid system and otherwise meeting these requirements will qualify for an assessment work credit of 20 days,

A geological survey using the same grid system, and meeting the requirements for submission of geological surveys for maximum credits will qualify for an assessment work credit of 20 days. If line cutting has not previously been reported with any other survey and is reported in conjunction with the geological survey a credit of 40 days per claim will be allowed for the survey.

Similarly, a geochemical survey using the same grid system with the average number of collected samples per claim being not less than 40 samples; and meeting the requirements for the submission of geochemical surveys for maximum credits, will qualify for an assessment work credit of 20 days. If line cutting has not previously been reported with any other survey and is reported in conjunction with the geochemical survey a credit of 40 days per claim will be allowed for the survey.

Credits for partial coverage or for surveys not meeting requirements for full credit will be granted on a pro-rata basis.

If the credits are reduced for any reason, a fifteen day Notice of Intent will be issued. During this period, the applicant may apply to the Mining Commissioner for relief if his claims are jeopardized for lack of work or, if he wishes, may file with the Department, normal assessment work breakdowns listing the names of the employees and the dates of work. The survey would then be re-assessed to determine if higher credits may be allowed under the provisions of subsections 8 and 9 of section 84 of the Mining Act.

If new breakdowns are not submitted, the Performance and Coverage credits are confirmed to the Mining Recorder at the end of the fifteen days.

PERFORMANCE & COVERAGE CREDITS

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ASSESSMENT WORK DETAILS	MINING CLAIMS TRAVERSED
Township or Area MIDLOTHIAN	List numerically
Type of Survey <u>ELECTROMAGNETIC</u> (CUT 6RID) A separate form is required for each type of survey	284376
Chief Line Cutter or Contractor Name	284379
Address Party Chief <u>R. H. CLATON</u> Name	284377
4.5 DUNFIELD AVE TORONTO 7 Address	
Consultant IC. 11, CLAYTON Name	
Address	
COVERING DATES	
Line Cutting See geological Survey	, attach
Field April. 16 May 3 1971 Instrument work, geological mapping, sampling etc.	insufficient
Office May 4 - June 8, 1971	
INSTRUMENT DATA	E See Mon Jays
Make, Model and Type MePhar V. H. E. M.	·····
Scale Constant or Sensitivity <u>600 & 7.4.00 CPS</u> Or provide copy of instrument data from Manufacturer's brochure.	breakdown
Radiometric Background Count	\square
Number of Stations Within Claim Group	
Number of Readings Within Claim Group How 100237 1.00	<u> </u>
Number of Miles of Line cut Within Claim Group	
Number of Samples Collected Within Claim Group	
CREDITS REQUESTED20 DAYS per claim40 DAYS per claimIncludes (Line cutting)Geological SurveyImage: Claim structureImage: Claim structure	TOTAL4
Geophysical Survey (Show	Send in duplicate to:
Geochemical Survey	FRED W. MATTHEWS SUPERVISOR-PROJECTS SECTION
DATE JUNE 18, 1971	DEPARTMENT OF MINES & NORTHERN AFFAIRS WHITNEY BLOCK QUEEN'S PARK TORONTO, ONTARIO
SIGNED_1<, 15 black	TORONTO, UNTARIO

SUBMISSION OF GEOLOGICAL, GEOPHYSICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL SURVEYS

AS ASSESSMENT WORK

In order to simplify the filing of geological, geochemical and ground geophysical surveys for assessment work, the Minister has approved the following procedure under Section 84 (8a) of the Ontario Mining Act. This <u>special provision</u> does not apply to airborne geophysical surveys.

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- (d) the average number of readings per claim not less than 40 readings

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If new breakdowns are not submitted, the Performance and Coverage credits are confirmed to the Mining Recorder at the end of the fifteen days.

PERFORMANCE & COVERAGE CREDITS

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ASSESSMENT WORK DETAILS	MINING CLAIMS TRAVERSED
Township or Area MIDLOTHIAN	List numerically
Type of Survey ELECTROMAGNETIC (RECONNALSANC) A separate form is required for each type of survey	284376
Chief Line Cutter	284377
or Contractor Name	284379
Party Chief R. H. CLAYTON	
Name	284380
45 AUNFIELD AVE 1020MTO Address	284484
Consultant R. H, CLAYTON Name	284485
Address	284498
COVERING DATES	284489
Line Cutting See geological report	
Field April 28 - May 7 1971 Instrument work, geological mapping, sampling etc.	ufficient
Office June 20-23 1971	li, B
	K See Man-dates
INSTRUMENT DATA	Line Line Line Line Line Line Line Line
Make, Model and Type Scintrex S.E. 250	reakdown
Scale Constant or Sensitivity 1000 c-pl Or provide copy of instrument data from Manufacturer's brochure.	
Radiometric Background Count	01
Number of Stations Within Claim Group	$\square \square $
Number of Readings Within Claim Group	
Number of Miles of Line cut Within Claim Group None	
Number of Samples Collected Within Claim Group	
<u>CREDITS REQUESTED</u> <u>20 DAYS</u> <u>40 DAYS</u> Includes per claim <u>per claim</u> (Line cutting)	TOTAL 8
Geological Survey	
Geophysical Survey	Send in duplicate to:
Geochemical Survey □ □ Check ✓	FRED W. MATTHEWS SUPERVISOR-PROJECTS SECTION
	DEPARTMENT OF MINES & NORTHERN AFFAIRS WHITNEY BLOCK
DATE	QUEEN'S PARK TORONTO, ONTARIO
SIGNED	

AS ASSESSMENT WORK

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If new breakdowns are not submitted, the Performance and Coverage credits are confirmed to the Mining Recorder at the end of the fifteen days.



POJECTS SECTION

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES

FILE: 2.491

TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT WORK CREDITS

Recorder Holder	Denison Mines Ltd.
Township or Area	Midl e thian Twp.

Type of Survey and number of Assessment Days Credits per claim Mining Claims GEOPHYSICAL L. 284376 - 79 Electromagneticdays 284380days Magnetometer 284489davs Radiometric Induced Polarizationdays GEOLOGICAL......days Man days 🔀 Airborne Special Provision Ground for monter (173 NOTICE OF INTENT TO BE ISSUED Credits have been reduced because of partial coverage of claims. Credits have been reduced because of corrections to work dates and figures of applicant. NO CREDITS have been allowed for the following mining claims as they were not sufficiently covered by the survey:

The Mining Recorder may reduce the above credits if necessary in order that the total number of approved assessment days recorded on each claim does not exceed the maximum allowed as follows: Geophysical – 60; Geofogical – 40; Geochemical – 40;



PROJECTS SECTION

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES

FILE: 2.491

TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT WORK CREDITS

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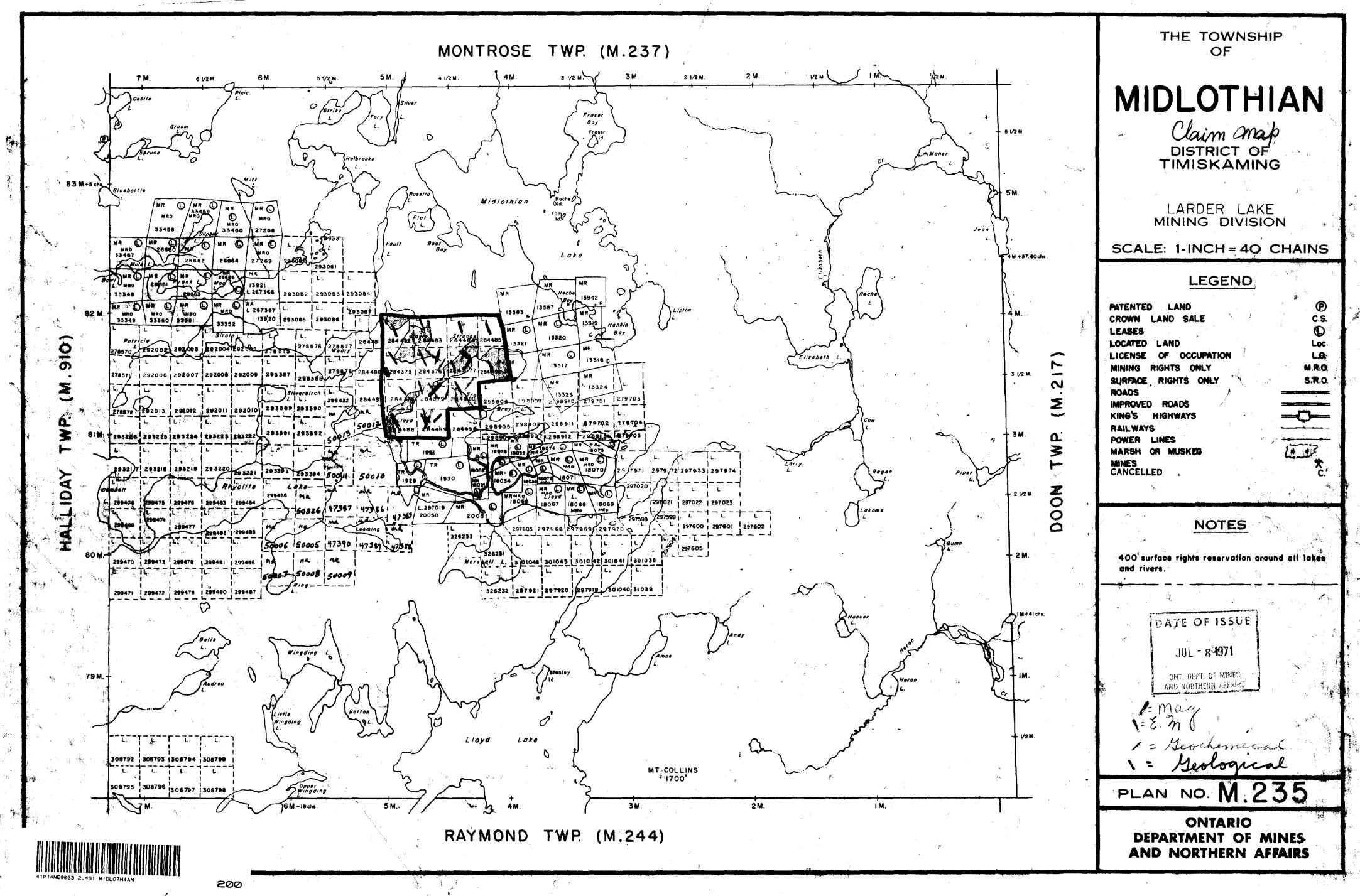
Denison Mines Ltd.

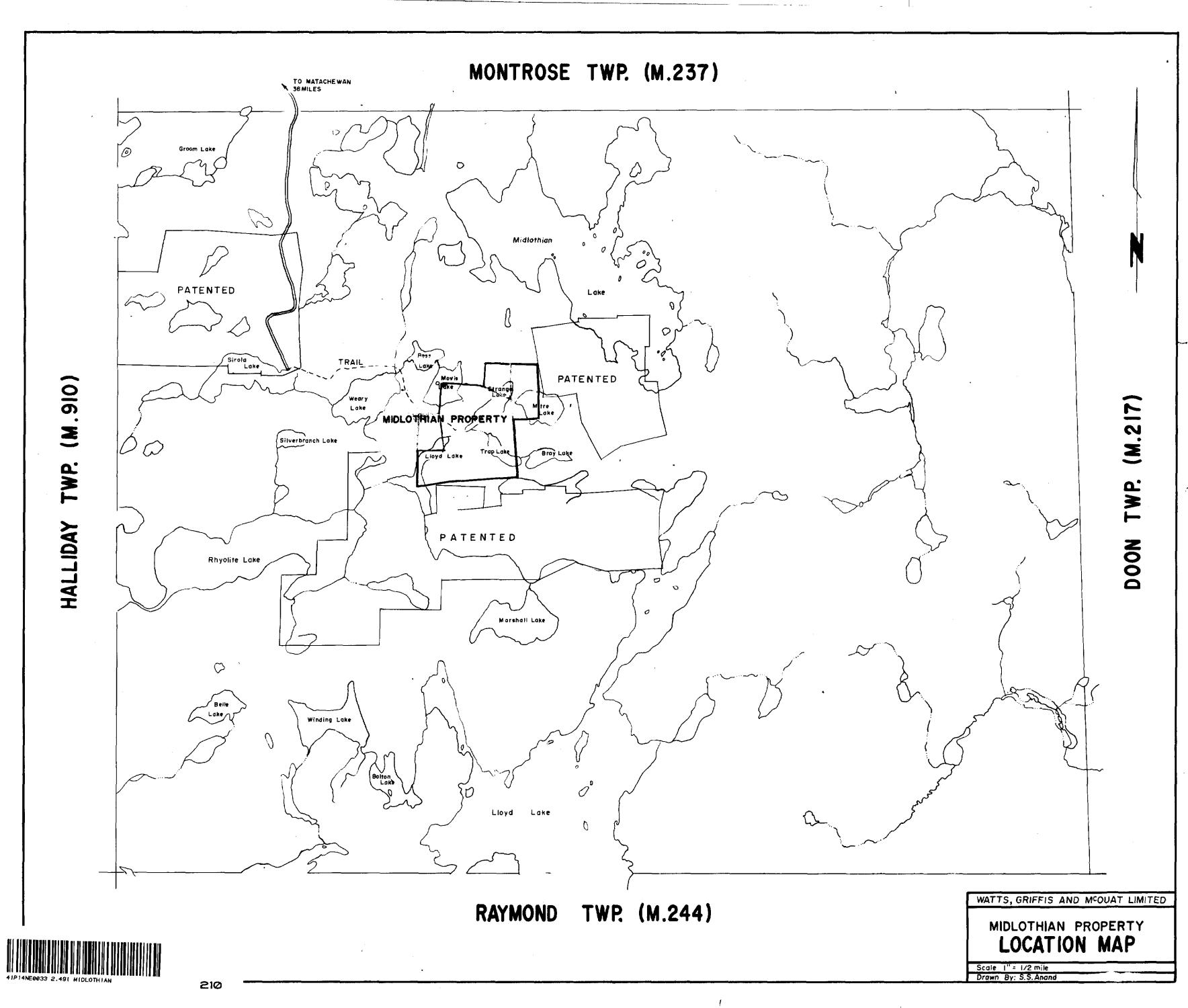
Township or Area

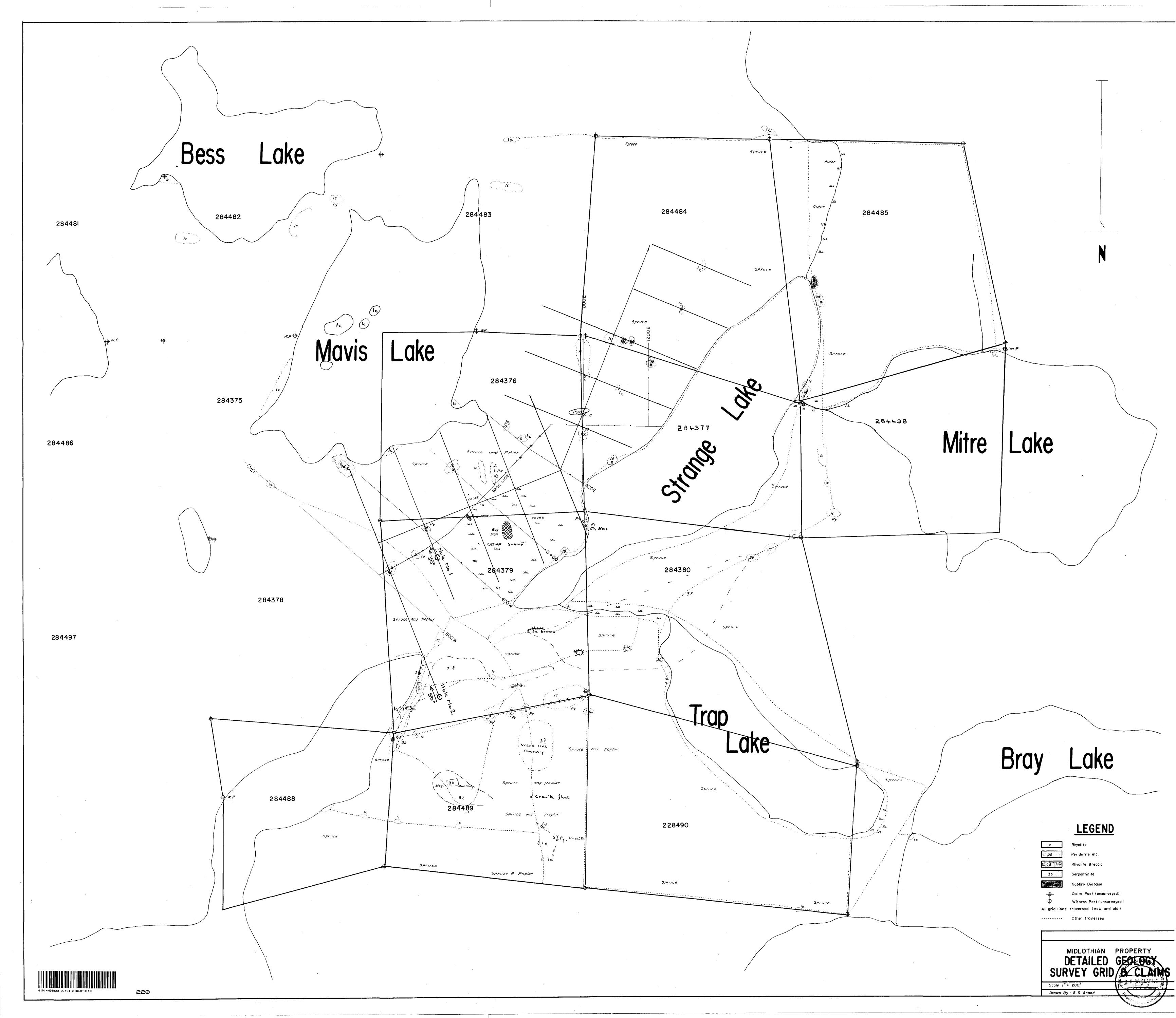
Midlothian Twp.

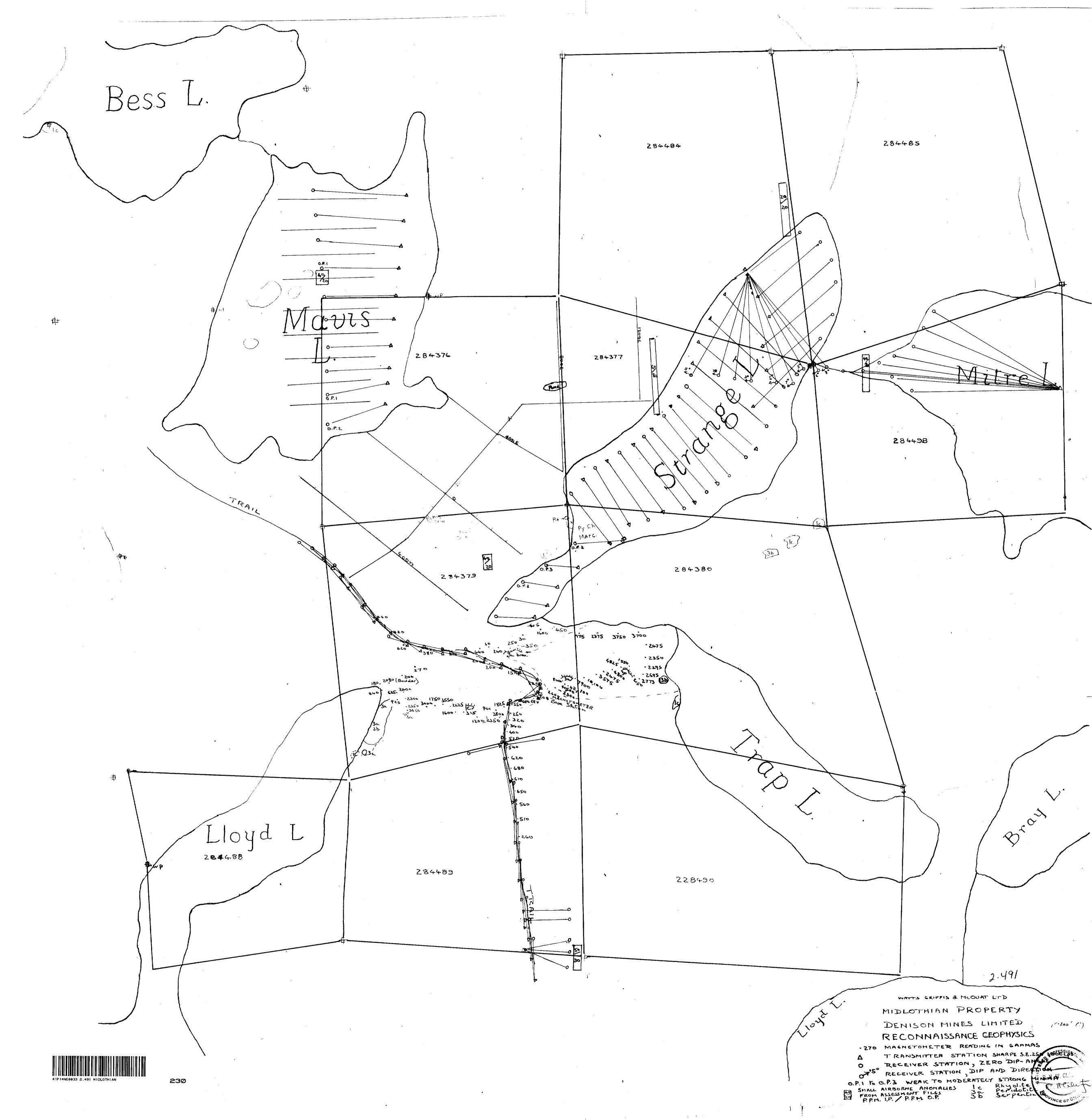
Type of Survey and number of Assessment Days Credits per claim	Mining Claims
GEOPHYSICAL	
9 Electromagneticdays	L. 284376 - 77
Magnetometerdays	284379 - 80
Radiometricdays	284484 - 85
Induced Polarizationdays	284489
	284498
GEOLOGICALdays	
GEOCHEMICAL	and the second
Man days X Airborne	and the second design of the second
Special Provision Ground X	
 NOTICE OF INTENT TO BE-ISSUED Credits have been reduced because of partial coverage of claims. Credits have been reduced because of corrections to work dates and figures of applicant. NO CREDITS have been allowed for the following mining claims as they were not sufficiently covered by the survey: 	ple remained 14/73

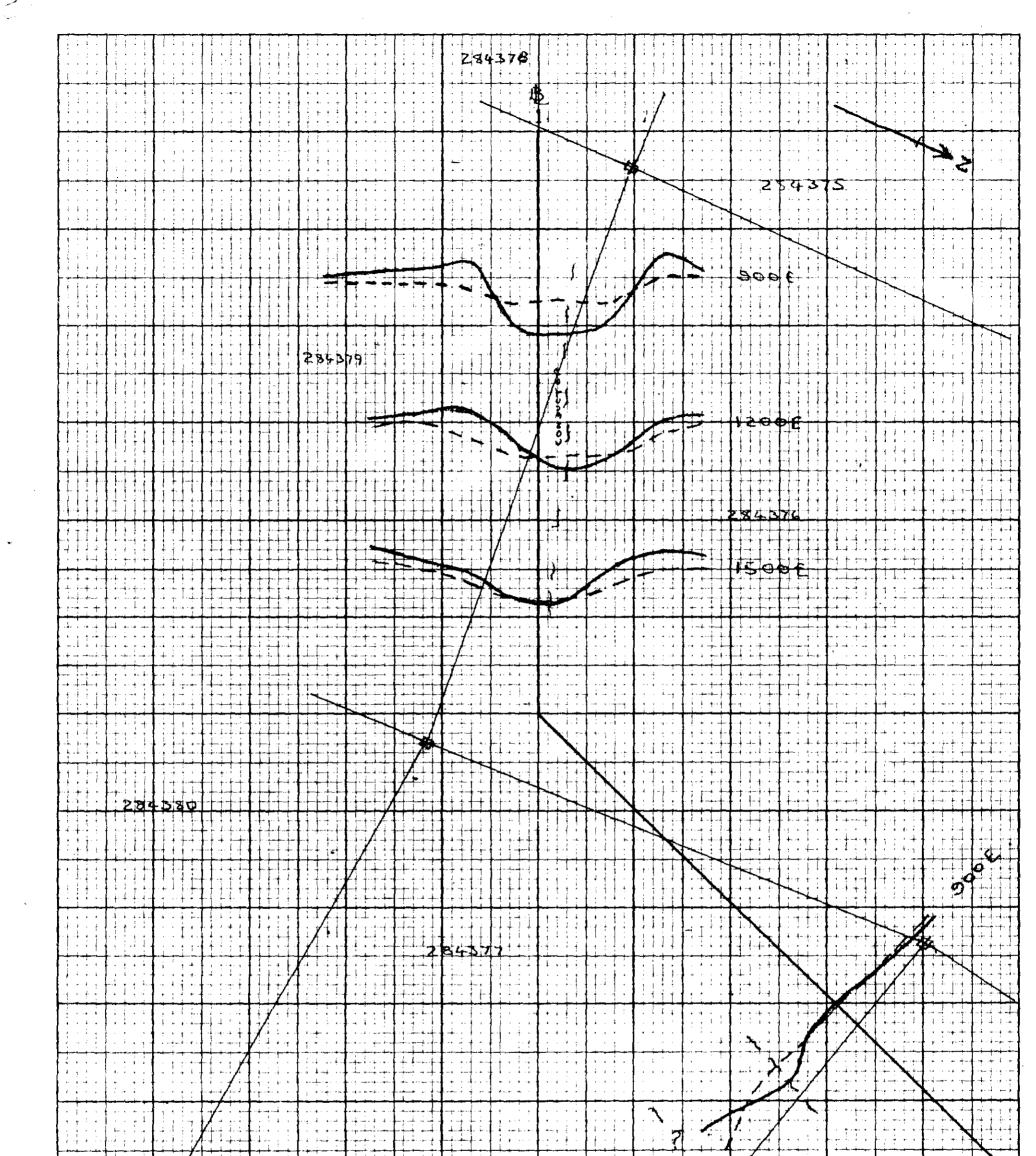
The Mining Recorder may reduce the above credits if necessary in order that the total number of approved assessment days recorded on each claim does not exceed the maximum allowed as follows: Geophysical – 60; Geological – 40; Geochemical – 40;









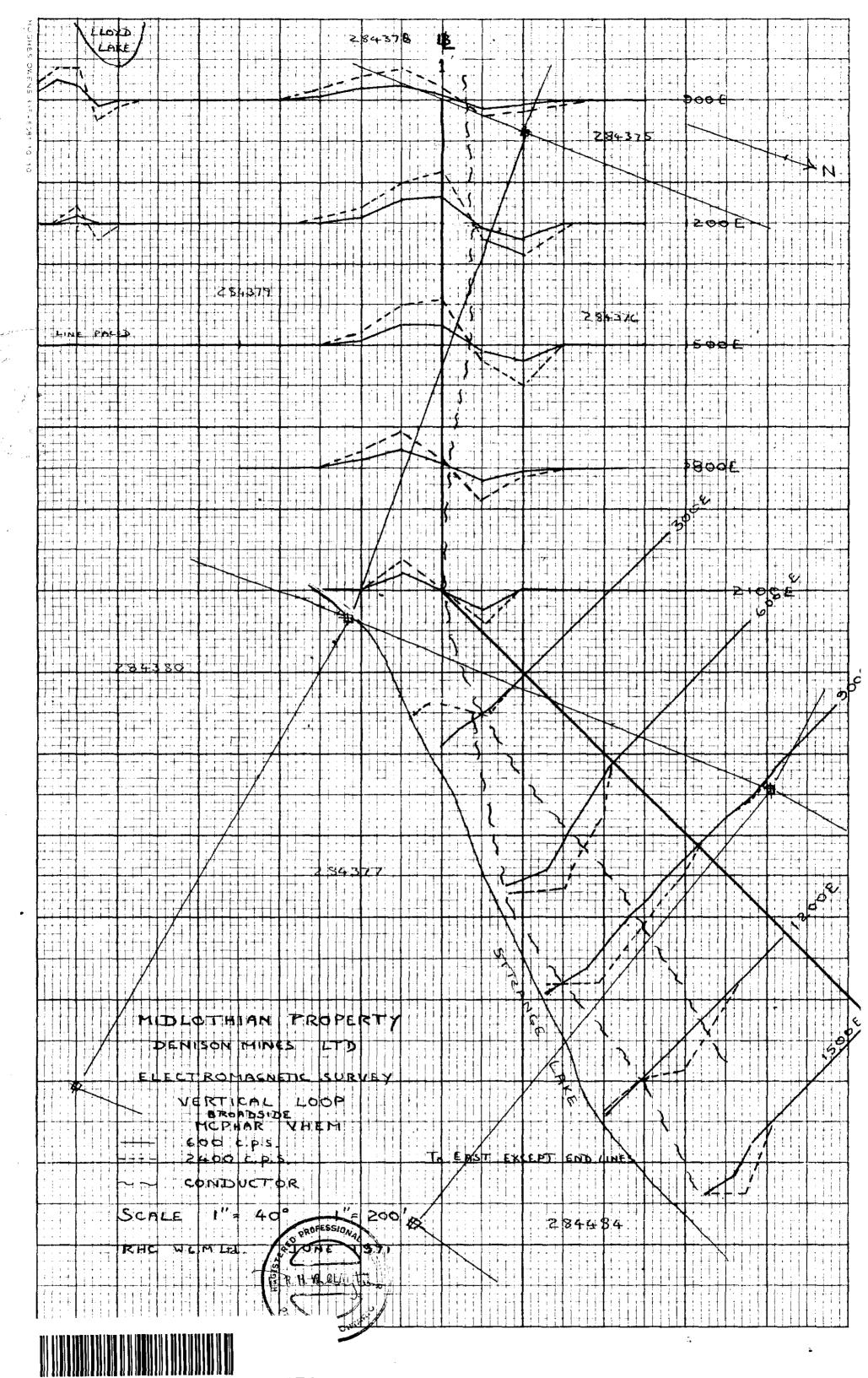


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HGRIZONTA HCPHAR HCPHAR			
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MID-POILL			· · · ·
BUC VER USA	TUDE 1971		
	284483		

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