

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY on MINERAL CLAIM No. 373404 POWELL TOWNSHIP, ONTARIO RECEIVED JUL 3 () 1974 PROJECTS UNIT

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INTRODUCTION

A reconnaissance magnetometer survey was made on June 10th, 1974, on claim No. 373404 in Powell Township, Larder Lake Mining Division. This report and the map attached cover the work done and show the results of the survey.

<u>Claim 373404</u> is located about two miles north-west of the village of Matachewan and about 1 claim west of the north end of Otisse Lake. Access is from Highway 566 by means of an old road, now overgrown, that runs east from the highway to the north end of Otisse Lake and crosses the claim.

The area is covered with bush, logged over many years ago. The topography is relatively flat with some low lying wet areas, particularly in the southeastern part of the claim. Drainage is toward the south but by low areas rather than distinct drainage channels.

Bedrock can be seen in a number of places, mostly in the northern half and toward the east and west boundaries. Overburden is probably fairly shallow in general but could be deeper in some of the swampy areas.

GEOLOGY

Geology of the area is described in the Ontario Department of Mines Geological Report No. 51 and Map 2110 which accompanies the report. A band of syenite porphyry classified as an Algoman intrusive strikes east-west through the central and northern part of the claim. Timiskaming sediments occupy the rest of the claim south of the intrusives and possibly a slice in the north-east corner of the claim. A later diabase dyke is thought to run north and south through the centre of the claim.

Map 2110 shows one small gold showing in the north east part of the claim, and pyrite is believed to occur in places in sediments.

SURVEY GRID

For the reconnaissance survey the old road cutting through the claim was used as a base line and pace and compass lines were run north and south of the road to the north and south boundaries. Lines were spaced generally about 225 feet apart, and stations were marked every 100 feet along lines using red plastic flagging.

The method of gridding is not entirely accurate. However with the relatively short length of lines from the road to the boundaries and by checking the distance from line to line no large errors could accumulate. Thus the position of each station is fairly accurate in relation to nearby stations, or sufficiently so for a reconnaissance survey.

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY

A <u>Sharpe Fluxgate magnetometer Model MF-1</u> with a <u>sensitivity of about 20 gammas per scale division</u> was used for the survey. The magnetometer indicates the vertical component only of the earth's magnetic intensity at the point read, in gammas.

Readings were taken every 100 feet along each line with a number of readings at <u>50 foot intervals</u> along the road. A total of 113 readings were made. No diurnal readings or corrections were made, but frequent checks to a central base station showed no appreciable variations.

SURVEY RESULTS

The map enclosed shows all the magnetic readings taken. Contour lines have been drawn along lines of equal intensity and colours show some interpreted zones of magnetic intensity.

Over most of the claim the magnetic readings don't show much variation and range from about minus 2200 to minus 2500 gammas. In the south half of the claim there are two fair sized areas and three small ones in which readings are lower than minus 2500 gammas, while in the centre there are two north-south trending zones with readings above minus 2000 gammas. There is no discernable pattern to the magnetic readings, or any clear difference that might represent different formations or outline the contact between sediments and intrusives, which as mapped should strike about east-west through the centre of the surveyed area.

Page 4.

The north-south trending zones on Lines 4 and 6 with readings above minus 2000 gammas, may however represent a diabase dyke which is shown in about this position on the geological map. Readings in this north-south zone average about 400 or 500 gammas higher than readings on each side.

At one location along the trail half way between Lines 6 and 8 there are two readings 25 feet apart with a difference of over 3000 gammas. A small stream was noted at this point, and while it was not checked at the time a culvert could be the cause of the erratic readings.

Over the property generally the horizontal gradient is rather low and seldom do readings 100 feet apart differ by more than 200 gammas.

CONCLUSIONS

The survey did not clearly distinguish between areas underlain by sediments and those underlain by intrusives. Thus the survey offers no assistance in geological mapping of the contacts between formations.

A band with higher magnetic readings, with a northsouth trend, is believed to outline a diabase dyke.

M. Markett F. J. Garbutt, P.Eng.

June 18, 1974





GEOPHYSICAL – GEOLOG: 41P15NE8272 2 TECHNICAL DAT	900
TO BE ATTACHED AS AN APPENDIX TO TECHNIC FACTS SHOWN HERE NEED NOT BE REPEATED TECHNICAL REPORT MUST CONTAIN INTERPRETATION	IN REPORT
Type of Survey Magnetometer Survey	
Township or Area Powell Twp. Claim holder(s) F. T. Garbutt	
Claim holder(s) $F = S = Oar Out / $	MINING CLAIMS TRAVERSED List numerically
Author of Report F. J. Garbutt	1 372101
Address 242 Hanna Rd., Toronto.	(prefix) (number)
Covering Dates of Survey <u>14ne</u> 10, 16 × 18, 1974 (linecutting to office)	
Total Miles of Line cut hobe.	
SPECIAL PROVISIONSDAYSCREDITS REQUESTEDGeophysical	
ENTER 40 days (includes line cutting) for first Electromagnetic 12,25 Magnetometer 20	Strace insufficient, attach list
inte cutting) for first	
ENTER 20 days for eachOther	
additional survey using Geological	·/·/
Gcochemical	
AIRBORNE CREDITS (Special provision credits do not apply to airborne surveys)	
Magnetometer Electromagnetic Radiometric (enter days per claim)	
DATE: July 27, 1978 IGNATURE: 4. 1. Harbuilt Author of Report or Agent	
PROJECTS SECTION	
-	
Res. Geol. Qualifications 43.1081 Previous Surveys 2.86 (Mag & P) diplorent Instrument	
Checked by Condate i 1970	
GEOLOGICAL BRANCH	
Approved bydate	
GEOLOGICAL BRANCH	
	TOTAL CLAIMS
Approved bydate	

OFFICE USE ONLY

Show instrument technical data in each space for type of survey submitted or indicate "not applicable"

GEOPHYSICAL TECHNICAL DATA

GROUND SURVEYS		
Number of Stations82Number of Readings		
Station interval_ 100 feet, with some at 50 feet		
Line spacing225 feet, approx,		
Line spacing <u>225 feet</u> approx. Profile scale or Contour intervals <u>As per map Varying Contours</u> (specify for each type of survey)		
(specify for each type of survey)		
MAGNETIC		
Instrument Sharpe Fluxgyle, Model MF-1		
Instrument Sharpe Fluxgute, Model MF-1 Accuracy - Scale constant 20 gammas per scale division. Diurnal correction method Multiple checks to intermediate stations Base station location ONOrth on hime 2		
Diurnal correction method Multiple checks To intermediate stations		
Base station location ONorth on hine 2		
ELECTROMAGNETIC		
Instrument		
Coil configuration		
Coil separation		
Accuracy		
Method:		
Frequency(specify V.L.F. station)		
Parameters measured		
GRAVITY		
Instrument		
Scale constant		
Corrections made		
Base station value and location		
Elevation accuracy		
INDUCED POLARIZATION RESISTIVITY		
Instrument		
Time domain Frequency domain		
Frequency Range		
Power		
Electrode array		
Electrode spacing		
Type of electrode		



