Ontario Prospector's Assistance Program F. T. O'Connor OP 97 - 223
Diamond Drilling Report
Goodfish Lake Property

Mining Claim L 1202867 et al. Townships of Bernhardt and Morrisette District of Timiskaming Larder Lake Mining Division NTS 42A/SE

Submitted By: F. T. O'Connor

Prepared By: Dave Gamble Dave Gamble Geoservices Inc.

January, 1998



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INTRODUCTION

The focus of attention on this property is centered on a shear related pyritic gold showing discovered during the 1995 exploration program.

This report contains the results of a one hole diamond drilling program conducted with the help of the Ontario Prospector's Assistance Program, and carried out on the Goodfish Lake Property of F. T. O'Connor during 1997. The purpose was to test an Induced Polarization target generated during the 1996 field season.

In September, the collar was located by Dave Gamble, and a source for water was found. The drilling took place between the 16th and 18th of September, 1997.

PROPERTY OWNERSHIP:

The following seven (7) mining claims in Bernhardt Township L 1202760, L 1202867, L 1211524, L 1211525, L 1211969, L 1217738, L 1217739, and one (I) mining claim in Morrisette Township L 1211970 make up the Goodfish Lake Property. This property is comprised of a total of eight mining claims and consists of twenty-one (21) units and is held 100% by Frank T. O'Connor of 12 Toburn Drive, Box 834, Kirkland Lake, Ontario, P2N 3K4.

PROPERTY LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

Kirkland Lake Area,

Larder Lake Mining Division

Bernhardt Township and Morrisette Township, District of Timiskaming

Property Name: Goodfish Lake Property

L 1202760 (1 unit), L 1202867 (4), L 1211524 (2), L 1211525 (1), L 1211969 (1), L 1217738 (2), L 1217739 (9), - Bernhardt Twp L 1211970 (1), - Morrisette Twp

Claim Map Sheet: Bernhardt G - 3207

Morrisette G - 3217

NTS Map Sheet: 42A/SE Kirkland Lake

32D/SW Larder Lake

Latitude and Longitude of Goodfish Lake Property

northeast corner (L 1202867): UTM Coordinates:

572 500 mE 5 339 375 mN

Claim Number: L 1202760 (4 units) Bernhardt Twp

L 1202867 (1 unit) Bernhardt Twp

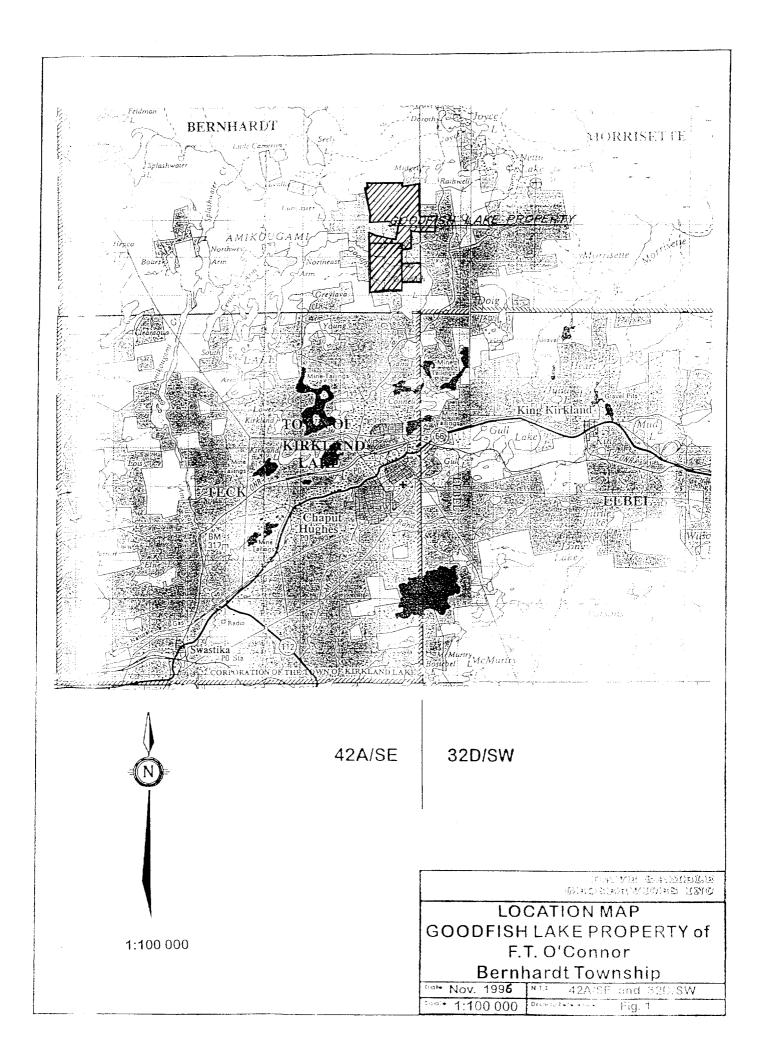
Claim Numbers added since 1995 OPAP project:

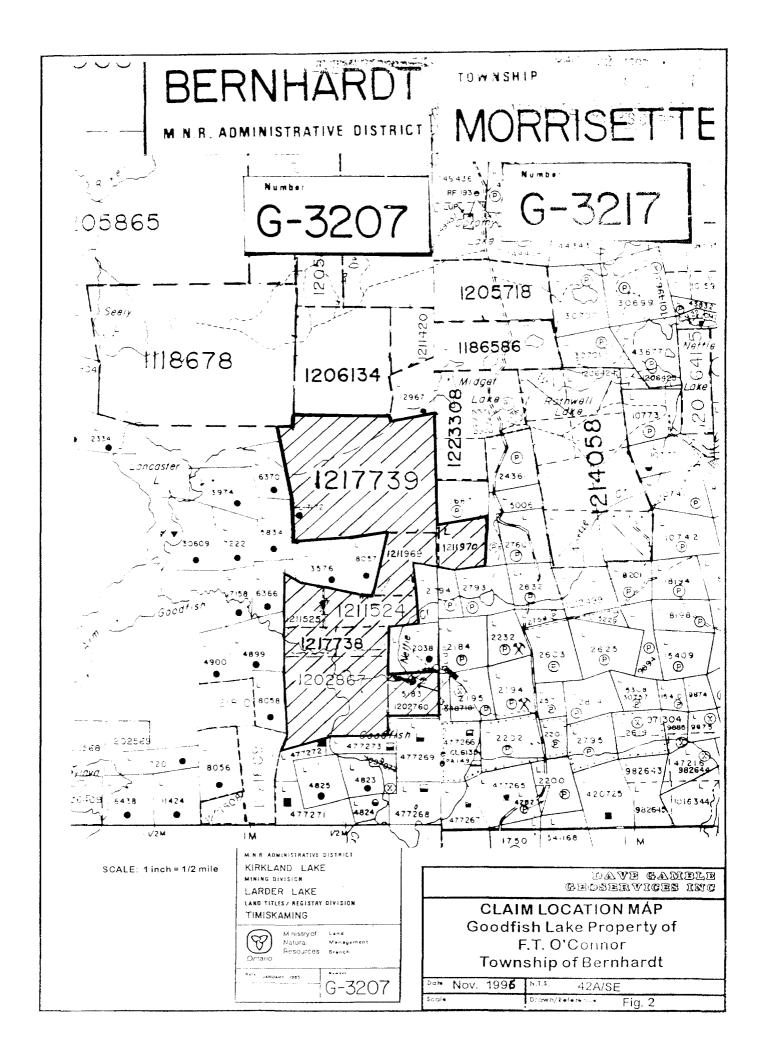
L 1211524 (2 unit) Bernhardt Twp L 1211525 (1 unit) Bernhardt Twp L 1211969 (1 unit) Bernhardt Twp L 1211970 (1 unit) Morrisette Twp L 1217738 (2 unit) Bernhardt Twp L 1217739 (9 unit) Bernhardt Twp

ACCESS:

The Goodfish Lake Property is located approximately 5 kilometers due north of Kirkland Lake, Ontario in southeast quadrant of Bernhardt Township and southwest quadrant of Morrisette Township. The property is comprised of eight mining claims consisting of twenty-one units and includes the extreme northwest portion of Goodfish Lake. (See Property Location Map Figure 1, and Claim Map Figure 2.) Access can be made by water across Goodfish Lake by taking a boat or canoe directly onto the property. To access the north half of the property take Goodfish Road out of Kirkland Lake towards the Kirkland Lake airport for 6.0 km to where it meets Harvey Drive leading off to the west. Follow Harvey Drive for 1.0 km to the west, continue past Bernhardt Drive, to where the road ends at the last residence near the east boundary of the property. Follow a path leading north over a rugged outcrop to where northwest trending grid lines have been established on the property.

The northern part of the property is also accessible west from the Dorothy / Lawgrave Lakes access road at a point approximately 1 km north of the Kirkland Lake airport turnoff.





REGIONAL GEOLOGY:

The Goodfish Lake Property is predominantly underlain by a series of mafic volcanics of the Kinojevis Group. The Kinojevis Group forms part of the southern limb of a regional synclinal structure in this area of the western Abitibi Greenstone belt. (See Fig. 3). The Kinojevis volcanic assemblage generally consists of Mg - rich and Fe - rich tholeiitic basalt lavas, although minor lenses of tholeiitic dacite and rhyolite may occur towards the top of the group. Minor interflow sedimentary horizons also occur in this volcanic assemblage. Overlying the Kinojevis to the north of property, is the predominantly calc-alkaline volcanic assemblage of the Blake River group that occupies the core of the regional synclinal structure. The Kinojevis volcanics have been intruded by tholeiitic gabbroic sills, syenite and quartz-feldspar porphyry (QFP) dykes and plugs, and finally by late diabase dykes.



KG - Kinojevis Group

BR - Blake River Group

For Complete Legend refer to OGS Map # 2484, 1984

X GOODFISH LAKE PROPERTY

From OGS Map # 2484, 1984

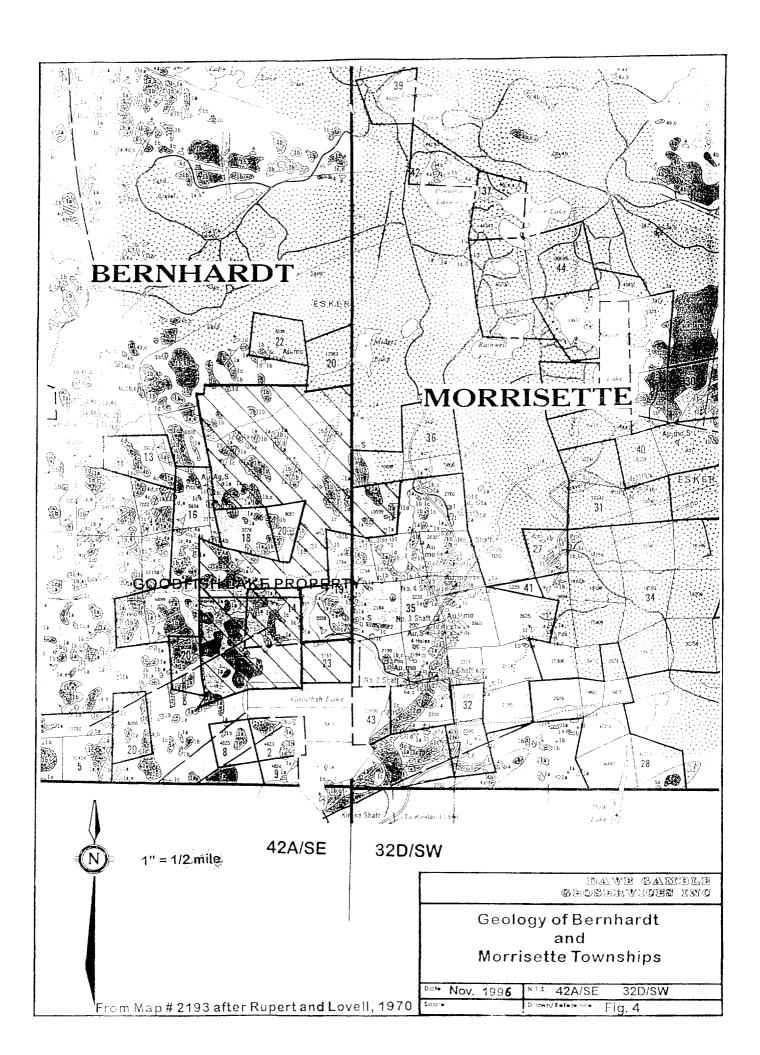
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Regional Geology and Lithostratigraphic Map of the Abitibi Sub Province

^{Dah} Nov. 199 6	N.T.3. 42A/SE and 32D/SW
soal• 1:500 000	Diawn/Reference Fig. 3

PROPERTY GEOLOGY:

In "Geology of Bernhardt and Morrisette Townships", Geological Report # 84 by R. J. Rupert and H. L. Lovell, 1970, Map No 2193, the O'Connor Goodfish Lake Property in Bernhardt Township is shown to be underlain by massive and pillowed mafic basalt volcanic flows that are striking northeast, and dipping to the northwest. Minor agglomeritic and porphyritic basalt are also present in the area. The stratigraphy is facing northwest as determined from the pillow facing determinations. A small quartz-feldspar porphyry dyke is located on the west shore of Goodfish Lake in the west central part of the property. A northeast trending fault is also indicated by Rupert and Lovell located transecting the property near the northeast end of Goodfish Lake. (See Figure 4.)



PREVIOUS WORK:

In 1984 Nova Beaucage Mines Limited held a group of claims which included the present O'Connor Goodfish Lake property, and the Kirana Gold Mines property to the south in Teck Township. An exploration program included gridding, ground geophysical surveys that consisted of total field magnetic and VLF EM surveys. The VLF EM survey identified several weak to moderate conductors striking northeast on the property. From detailed geological mapping at 1" = 400' on grid lines at 400 foot centres by D. Constable, carbonate and sericite alteration was described to lie proximal to and appear to flank the VLF conductors. In addition, interflow sedimentary horizons consisting of greywacke and argillaceous material were also mapped on the property. A number of grab samples were assayed for gold with the best value of 40 ppb Au taken from an old trench.

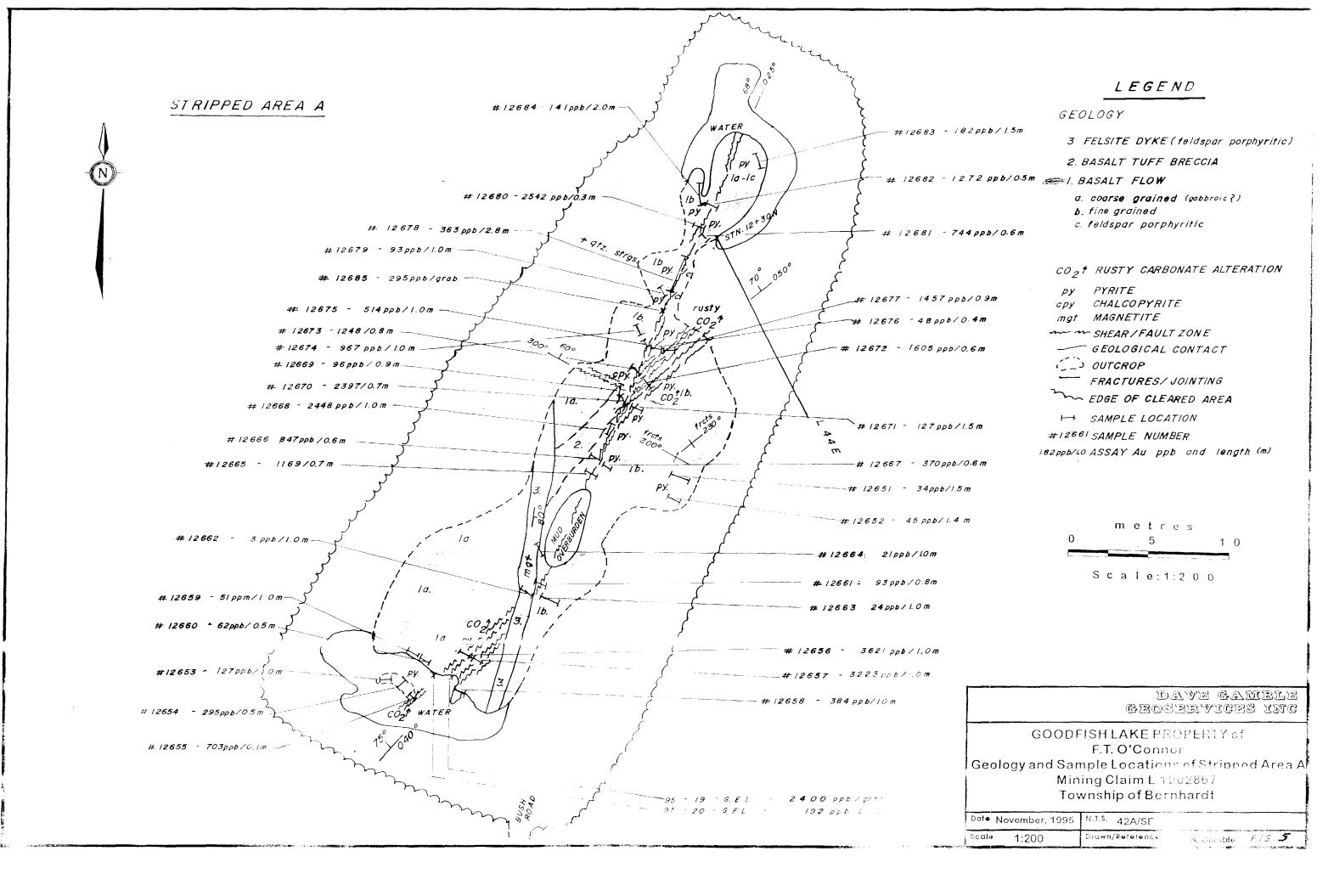
In 1988, Minnova Inc. held the same property as Nova Beaucage Mines Ltd. Minnova completed only limited work on a small part of the present O'Connor property that included some gridding and ground magnetic surveying.

The Goodfish Mine Property, located 3200 feet east, and the Kirana Mine Property, located 3500 feet southeast of the O'Connor property, both carry gold mineralization hosted in the northeast trending structures in mafic volcanics that lie within or proximal to quartz-feldspar porphyry dyke intrusions. The Goodfish Mine with a 620 foot shaft and 4400 feet of lateral development report on the 300 foot level a narrow three foot wide ore shoot containing 18 tons of vertical foot with a cut off grade of 0.50 oz./ton. Assays from the Kirana property range from 0.97 to 7.26 oz/ton Au over 7 - 10 " narrow widths. Ore reserves are reported to be 50 000 tons at a grade of 0.4 oz/ton Au.

A 1995 surface exploration program by F.T. O'Connor of overburden stripping and cleaning the exposed bedrock was conducted on the Goodfish Lake Property. The one area of significance is designated as stripped Area A on the O'Connor Goodfish Lake Property during the autumn of 1995, see Fig. 5, 1995 - Sample Location Map 1:200 (reduced) showing location of 1995 stripped area A.

Stripped Area A is located in the northeast quarter, south of the north boundary of mining claim L 1202867. A stripped area of 50 metres by 20 metres is centered on grid co-ordinates L 44+00 ft E/12+30'N on the old grid system and now centered on L 0 + 00 ft. W/) + 00 ft. S on the 1996 new grid co-ordinate system.

The 1995 exploration program on the O'Connor Goodfish Lake Property, Bernhardt Township discovered two new intersecting narrow shear/fault zones in mafic volcanics that hosts significant pyrite and gold bearing mineralization. The intersecting shear zones, located in stripped Area A, returned a high percentage



of anomalous gold values. The 1995 assay results revealed a low of 3 ppb Au with a high of 3621 ppb Au. A total of 29.7% of samples were less than 100 ppb Au while 70.2% were greater than 100 ppb Au. Of significance are the 16 samples or 43.2% of the samples that were greater than 500 ppb Au. Furthermore, of extreme importance were the 11 samples or 29.7% of samples containing greater than 1000 ppb Au, and ultimately the 6 samples or 16.2% of the samples that contain greater than 2000 ppb Au. Values up to 3621 ppb Au over 1.0 metre chip channel samples were recovered. The best continuous interval averaged 3422 ppb Au over 2.0 metres.

The geology of the stripped area A (taken form the 1995 OPAP final report - see Fig. 5) is underlain by a sequence of coarse grained crystalline basalt flows that are massive gabbroic looking on the west side of the exposed bedrock, unit 1a. A basalt volcaniclastic tuff-breccia with a fine grained granular matrix carrying mafic rock chips and rounded rubble blocks of the coarse basalt gabbroic looking flow material occurs as a narrow wedge-shaped thin horizon near the center of the exposed outcrop, unit 2. On the eastern side and to the north of the exposed outcrop the volcanics tend to be fine to medium grained basalt flows. unit 1b, with minor white 1 mm feldspar porphyritic basalt, unit 1c, a variation occurring only locally. The sequence appears to be striking in a northeast direction approximately the 040 degrees bearing of the narrow basalt tuffbreccia horizon. Dip orientations of lithologic units were not readily observed. Intrusive to and cutting all the volcanic lithologies is a 1m wide felsite dyke striking approximately 010 degrees and steeply dipping 80 degrees to the east. The felsite dyke is buff tan to pinkish grey on the weathered surface. On fresh surfaces the felsite consists of a fine grained crystalline pink ground mass. containing green mafic wisps and white plagioclase 1-2 mm lathes imparting a weak porphyritic texture. This rock is most likely syenite in composition. Finely disseminated magnetite occurs throughout the rock imparting a weak but definite magnetic response of 0.7 to 1.0 c.g.s. units on a Scintrex SM 5 magnetic susceptibility meter.

The volcanic sequence has been structurally disrupted resulting in two main sets of narrow shearing and/or faulting. Accompanying and local to the shearing is rusty carbonate alteration of the basalt, white carbonate stringers, and finely disseminated pyrite. A narrow fault plane with 0.1 to 0.5 m of heavy shearing strikes 025 degrees and dips 68 degrees to the northeast and cuts the length of the exposure. A splay or conjugate shear or fault set that is approximately 2.0m thick and is a rusty Fe carbonate rubbly shear branches off the main structure. On the east (footwall) side of the main structure near the center of the outcrop, this splay shear strikes at 050 degrees and dips 70 degrees to the northeast. At the south end of the outcrop it appears that this splay continues on the hanging wall west side of the main structure over several metres in sheared basalt, where it disappears into the water filled area and overburden to the southwest. The shear orientation here is approximately 040 degrees and dips 75 degrees north.

The felsite dyke is a late stage intrusive as it clearly cuts across the structural shearing and faulting fabric, i.e. post tectonic dyke.

Associated weak shearing striking 300 degrees and dipping 60 degrees north and fracture sets at 300 degrees and 230 degrees and steeply dipping (90 degrees) are also present, away from the main structural elements. This shearing and fractures are also rusty and carry fracture related pyrite and disseminated pyrite in the altered basalt. Trace chalcopyrite and malachite staining was observed near the center of the outcrop in this 300 degrees shear set.

Sampling area A in 1995 was confined to the rusty Fe carbonate shearing and faulting and to areas where abundant disseminated pyrite mineralization occurred. Fine grained pyrite is both fracture related and as fine disseminations throughout the altered basalts, up to 10% pyrite locally can be observed. The best continuous 1995 assay results were located on the south end of the outcrop where sample # 12656 and # 12657 returned 3621 ppb Au over 1.0 meter and 3223 ppb Au over 1.0 meter respectively. This represents an average grade of 3422 ppb Au over a continuous 2.0 meter interval.

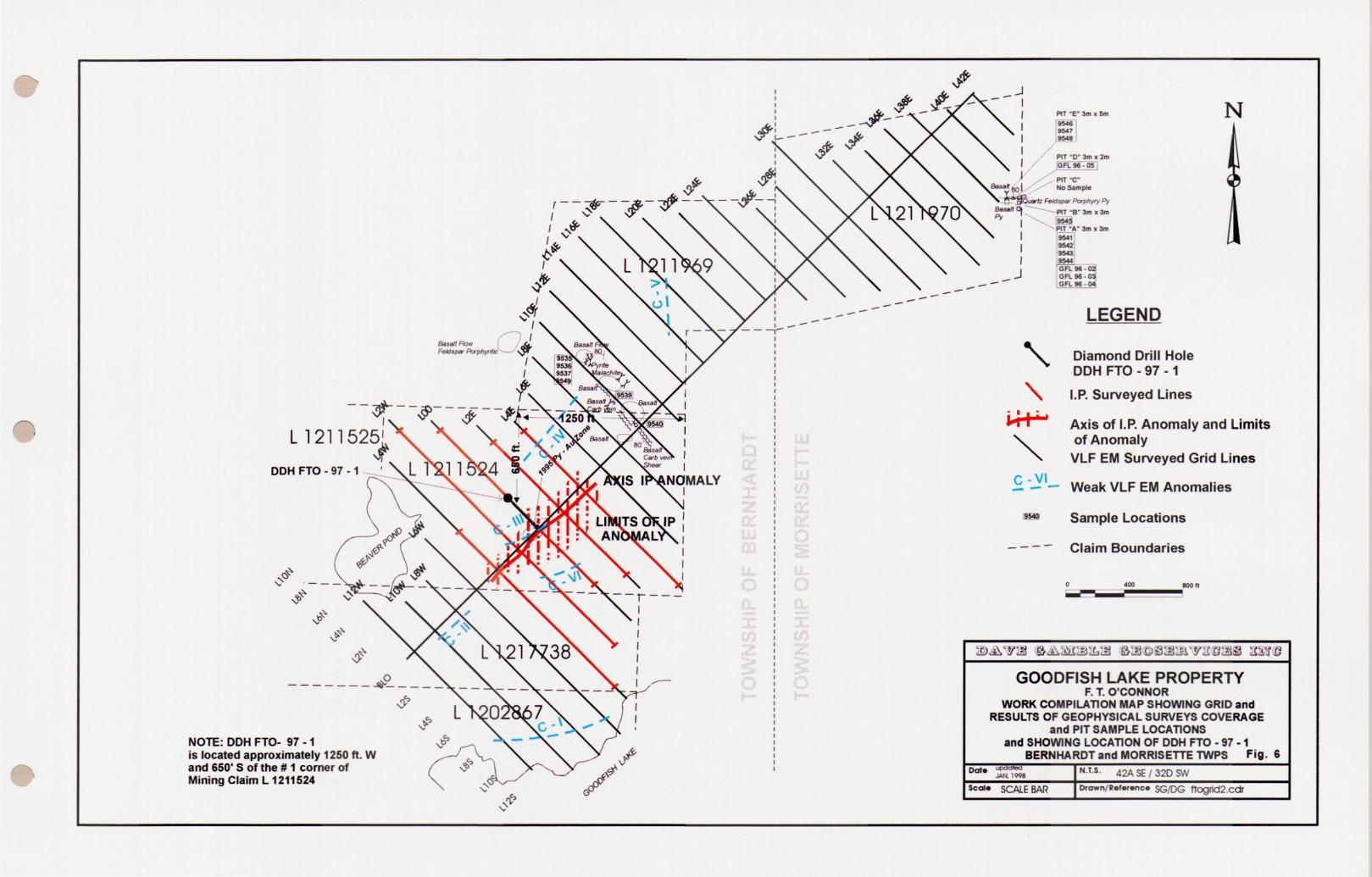
The Au 1995 assay results were very encouraging and clearly show that the shear/fault system and accompanying pyrite mineralization could potentially host a significant gold bearing system.

During September, 1996 through to January, 1997 a surface exploration program consisting of gridding, Induced Polarization Survey, VLF EM survey and limited surface sampling of several old trenches and small pits for gold was carried out under the direction of F. T. O'Connor on the Goodfish Lake Property in Bernhardt and Morrisette Townships.

The objective of the 1996 exploration was to attempt to further define the gold occurrence discovered in the field season of 1995 using Induced Polarization and VLF-EM methods over the showing and along strike.

The supervision of the IP survey, sampling, collating and reporting on all the exploration program activities was completed in a final report dated January, 1997 by Dave Gamble, Dave Gamble Geoservices Inc.

A weak VLF-EM conductor C - II was also found to be coincidental with the shear/fault zones, and within the I.P. anomalous axis in the area of the surface gold showing. Several other weak VLF-EM conductors C - I, C - III, C - IV, C - V, C - VI, were also recovered at various locations on the property. See Figure 6, Compilation of Work.



TARGETS FOR EXPLORATION

The commodity and type of deposit sought on the Goodfish Lake Property is structurally related lode gold mineralization.

1997 DIAMOND DRILL PROGRAM

During the period from September 16, 1997 to September 18, 1997 a one hole diamond drill program totaling 527 feet was completed. The contract drilling company was Forage Boileau Inc. of Val D'Or, Quebec. The hole was drilled to test an Induced Polarization anomaly that coincidentally underlies a shear hosted gold-bearing pyritic zone discovered in the 1995 surface stripping and sampling program that was further delineated at depth by an I.P. survey in a 1996 exploration program. See Figure 7, I.P. Pseudosection L 0 + 00 ft. W, 1:2400.

<u>DDH FTO - 97 - 1:</u> See accompanying DDH log in Appendix and Drill Section Fig. D - 1. The drill collar is located on L 0+ 00 ft. E. at station 3 + 50 ft. N. and drilled on an azimuth of 135 degrees, and on an inclination of - 62 degrees. The collar lies approximately 1250 ft. west and 650 ft. south of the northeast corner of mining claim L 1211524, See Fig. 6, for collar location and surface trace of the DDH FTO - 97 - 1.

The hole was collared in overburden at - 60 degrees with casing sunk to 46 feet. After penetrating the overburden the drill head had to be reset to - 62 degrees to compensate for the steepening of the casing and to reduce the tightening difficulties of the BQ rods within the BW casing.

The hole encountered a Fe thoeliitic basalt flow sequence with a basalt breccia interval from 178.6 - 199.5 feet. The basalt flow sequence consists of fine and medium grained textured flows, calcite and chlorite amygdaloidal flows, locally megacrystic cream white plagioclase feldspar porphyritic flow, and minor interflow tuff-breccia intervals.

The mafic volcanic assemblage is variably sausseritized and altered to patchy to pervasive epidote, and also cut by calcite and quartz stringers. Leucoxene is abundant in the low magnetic basalt flows and generally absent in the high magnetic flows where disseminated magnetite is abundant. Magnetic susceptibility measurements using a Scintrex SM-5 susceptibility meter ranged from 0.0 c.g.s. in the non-magnetic flows to a high of 8.7 c.g.s. in the strongly magnetic medium grained basalt flows where strong disseminated magnetite is present. All magnetic susceptibility readings are entered on the accompanying drill log.

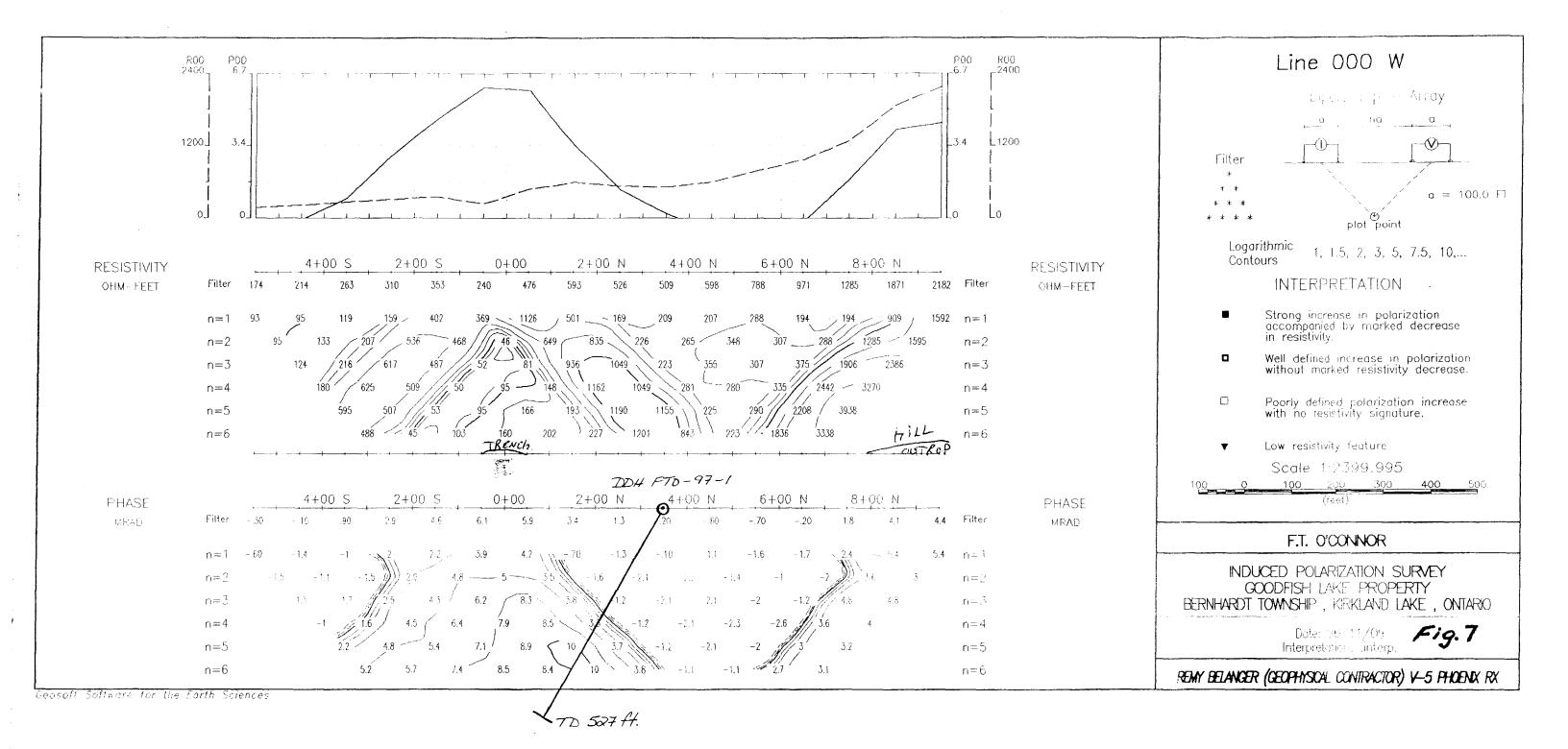
A zone of quartz stringers with minor disseminated pyrite was intersected from 270.0 - 307.3 feet. A narrow fault gouge zone with conductive clay occurs over 2" at 307.3 feet, associated with a narrow quartz vein. Bordering the quartz stringer silicification zone are carbonate stringers (calcite) and pervasive interstitial carbonate alteration. In addition, sausseritization as epidote, and

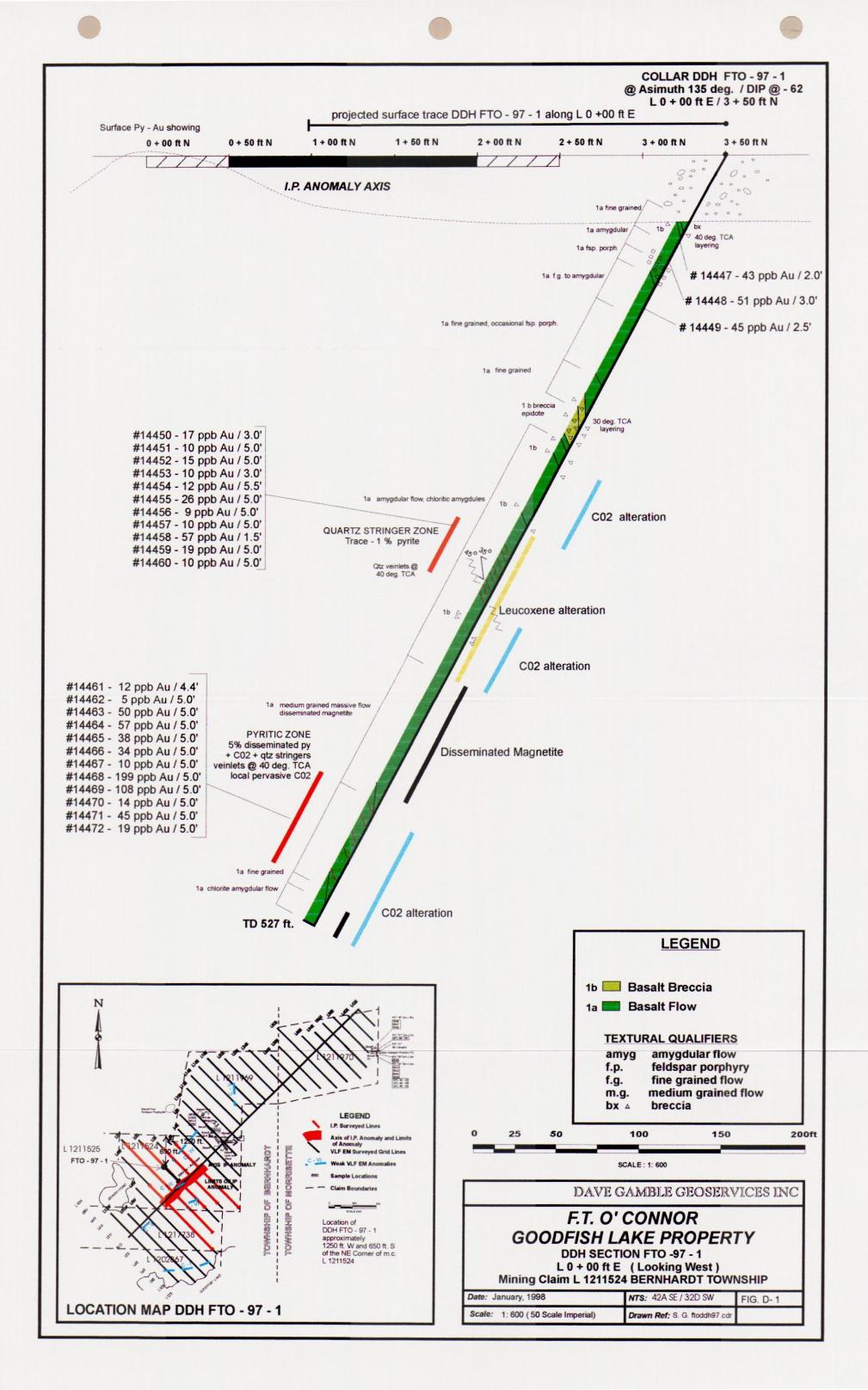
development of leucoxene as a breakdown product of titaniferous magnetite also occur within the carbonate alteration envelope to the quartz stringer zone.

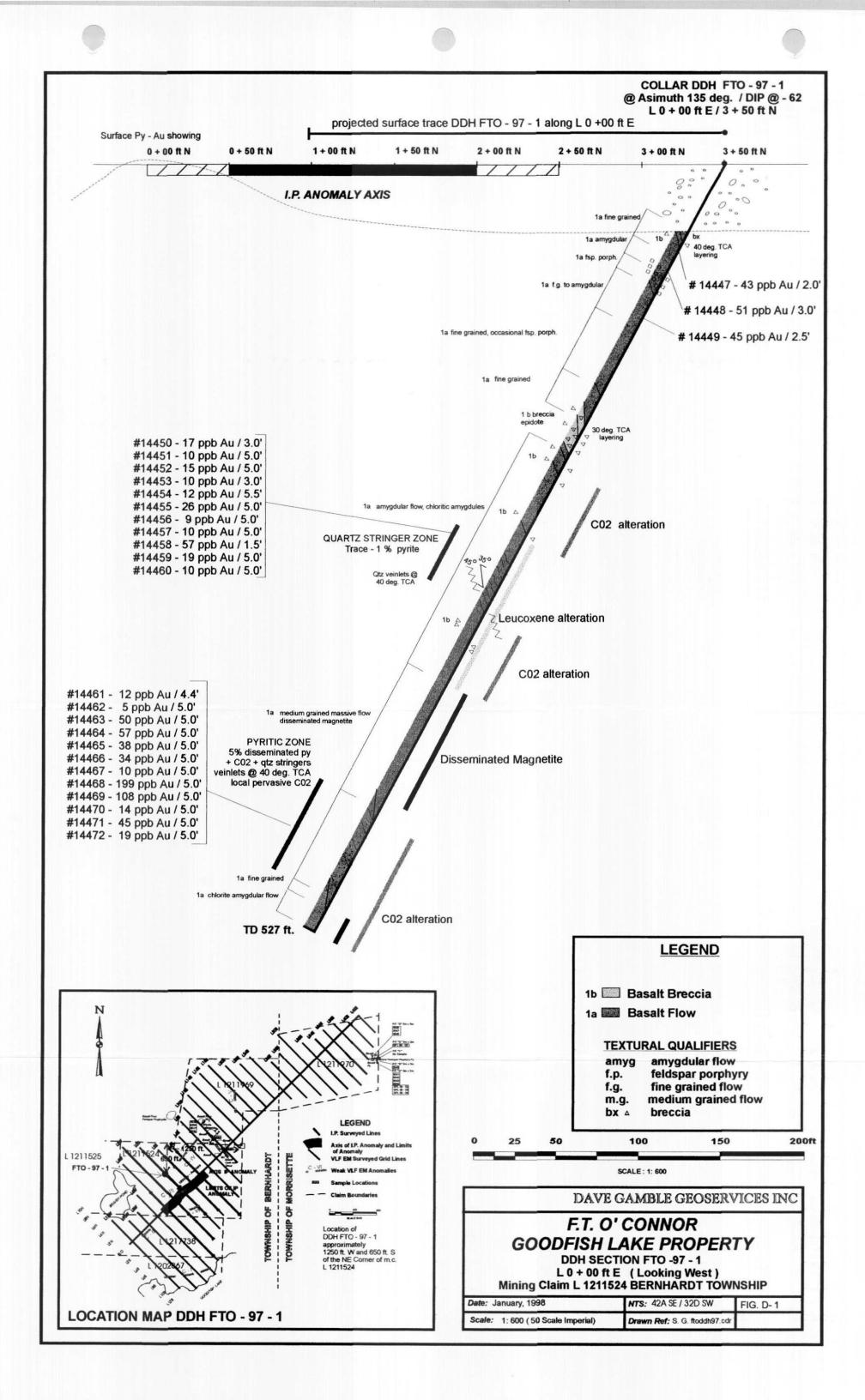
A disseminated pyritic zone was also intersected from 446.6 - 506.0' carrying 5% pyrite and locally cut by numerous thin white calcite + or - quartz stringers and veinlets. The disseminated pyrite zone occurs in a green basalt flow progressing to a dark grey-green basalt flow with disseminated pyrite increasing locally to 5 - 10 % over short intervals. This pyrite zone coupled with the disseminated magnetite in the basalt flow, appears to be the source of the Induced Polarization anomaly.

A total of 26 samples numbered 14447 - 14472 were saw cut and submitted to Swastika Laboratories for gold assaying. The assay results reported by Swastika Laboratories on Geochemical Assay Certificate # 8W-0036-RG1 accompanying this report. The assays have also been entered on the drill log.

The assay results indicate in general only low levels of gold in the zones sampled. Three short intervals of epidote alteration with accompanying quartz stringers and disseminated pyrite, sample # 's 14447 - 14449, returned gold values ranging from 43 - 51 ppb Au. The quartz stringer zone from 270 - 318 feet, samples #'s 14450 - 14460 returned gold values ranging from 9 - 57 ppb Au. The disseminated pyrite zone from 446.6 - 506.0 feet, in sample #'s 14461 - 14472 returned gold values ranging from 5 - 199 ppb Au. Only two samples # 14468 and 14469 exceeded 100 ppb Au with gold assays of 199 and 108 ppb Au respectively. The remaining gold assay results in this pyritic zone were generally low and insignificant in the low two digit Au ppb range.







CONCLUSIONS:

Drill hole <u>DDH FTO - 97 - 1</u> encountered an Fe thoeliitic basalt flow and fragmental sequence. A quartz stringer silicification zone occurs at 270.0 - 318.0 feet near a small fault gouge zone at 307.0 feet. A separate disseminated pyrite zone at 446.6 - 506.0 feet occurs within a disseminated magnetite flow sequence. The presence of the disseminated pyrite would appear to represent the sulphidization of magnetite. The pyrite occurs at the expense of magnetite, i.e. where pyrite is present magnetite is generally absent.

Gold assay results for the two zones, the quartz stringer zone and the disseminated pyrite zone, are generally low and insignificant. The disseminated pyrite zone coupled with disseminated magnetite in the basalt flows adequately explains the source of the Induced Polarization anomaly. Geochemically anomalous gold values were however obtained in only two Samples # 14468 and 14469 returning 199 and 108 ppb Au respectively. These results were disappointing relative to the surface sampling results obtained in 1995 sampling program on the pyritic - gold bearing showing. The disseminated pyrite intersected clearly demonstrates the source of the I.P. anomaly, but may simply represent a pyritic halo to a possible gold bearing mineralized structure. Further evaluation by drill testing is necessary along strike to explore a possible plunge direction of the gold bearing mineralization which was not intersected in the current drill hole.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

It is recommended that several drill holes be drilled to test this zone along strike in the event that the pyritic-gold mineralization seen on surface has a plunge direction.

At least one short drill hole at - 45 degree inclination is recommended to be drilled directly beneath the mineralized surface showing near the south end pit area of the gold bearing surface exposure. This hole would aid in determining if a possible plunge direction exists for the gold mineralization seen at surface. The feldspar porphyry dyke seen on surface, and its possible relavance to the surface gold mineralization warrants further investigation by drill testing.

Furthermore, the second shear fabric trending 050 degree / dipping -70 degree North, seen on the surface showing, may represent the structural plane of the mineralization and warrants further drill testing along strike. Further evaluation and exploration for several hundred feet in both directions along strike from the gold surface showing appears warranted at this time.

Dave Gamble

Dave Gamble Geoservices Inc.

January 19, 1998

Certificate of the Author

- I, Dave Gamble of 70 First Street, Kirkland Lake, Ontario P2 N 1N3, hereby certify that:
 - 1. I am a geologist residing at the above address.
 - 2. I am a graduate of the University of Ottawa with an Honors B. Sc. degree in geology (1973), and have completed two years leading towards an M.Sc. degree (geology) at Laurentian University (1974-1976).
 - 3. I have practiced my profession for more than 20 years.
 - 4. I have supervised the diamond drill program, logged the core, and overseen the cutting of the core for sampling, and interpreted the results as presented in this report.
 - 5. I hold no interest in this property.

Respectfully submitted,

Dave Gamble, B. Sc. (Hon. Geol.)
Dave Gamble Geoservices Inc.

January 19, 1998

APPENDIX

DDH No: FTO- 97 - 1 Sheet 1 of 5

DAVE GAMBLE GEOSERVICES INC. 70 First Street, Kirkland Lake, Ontario, P2N 1N3, Tel: 705-567-4381, Fax: 705-567-3801

	F. T. O'CON	NOR DRILL RECORD	
Project: F. T. O'Connor	Azimuth: 135 degrees	Started: Sept. 16, 1997	Logged For: F.T. O'Connor
Property: Goodfish	Dip: - 62 degrees	Completed: Sept. 18, 1997	Logged By: Dave Gamble
Twp/Claim: Bernhardt Township L 1211524	Location: L 0 + 00 Ft E/3 + 50 Ft N	Core Size: BQ	Tests: TD: 297' Dip: - 62 deg. Az:
Hole No: FTO - 97 - 1	Total Depth: 527 feet	Drilled By: Forage Boileau Inc.	TD: Dip: Az:

Purpose of Hole: To test an induced polarization anomaly that coincidentally underlies a shear hosted gold bearing pyritic zone, discovered in a 1995 stripping program, and located at L 0 + 00 Ft E / BL0

Remarks / Results: The hole encountered a Fe tholeiitic basalt flow sequence with a basalt breccia interval from 178.6 - 199.5 ft. The mafic volcanic assemblage is variably sausseritized and cut by calcite and quartz stringers. Leucoxene is abundant in the low magnetic basalt flows and absent in the high magnetic flows where disseminated magnetite is abundant. One zone of quartz stringers with minor pyrite was intersected from 270.0 - 307.3 ft. Enveloping the quartz stringer silicification zone is carbonate stringers (calcite) and pervasive carbonate alteration in addition to the sausseritization (epidote) and leucoxene alteration. A disseminated pyritic zone was also intersected from 446.6 - 506 ft carrying locally 5 % pyrite and cut by numerous calcite quartz stringers and veinlets. The pyritic zone is the source of the I.P. anomaly. A total of 26 samples numbered 14447 - 14472 were submitted for gold assaying and are reported on the log.

Feet From:	Feet To:	Description	Sample Number:	From:	To:	Length	Au		Ft.	SM - 5
110	10.		Humber.	:			ppb			c.g.s.
0.0'	46.0'	OVERBURDEN (Casing Pulled)		1						T
		Casing set at - 60 degrees at collar. Drill head for rods had to be reset to - 62 degrees as casing			1					
		steepened to - 62 deg.Casing pipe sunk to 46.0'.								
46.0	178.6'	ANDESITE - BASALT FLOW SEQUENCE								
		Massive, uniform, fine grained, medium green flow sequence, cut by numerous threadlike								
		epidote filled fractures as well as pervasive patchy epidote locally. From 57.25' - 58.0' strong	14447	56.0	58.5	2.0	43			0.0
		epidote patchy areas with 1/4" - 1/2" quartz stringer plus epidote + calcite stringers +								
		pyrite veinlets with accompanying reddish hematite staining. Also cut by fine threadlike veinlets								
		to stringers of white calcite, veinlet of gray white to pale pink calcite at 49.5' (1/2") @					-			
		35 degrees TCA, also 49.7' - 50.2', 5 to 6 " at 10 degrees TCA with minor chlorite + py fracture								
		filled stringers over 4 " in basalt, at lower contact.								
		From 53.0' - 54.0' rubbly flow breccia, narrow interval of rubbly autobrecciated flow material,						_		
		possible flow top or interflow breccia interval. At 55.75 flow layering internal flow contact @ 40								
		degrees TCA.								
		From 64' internal flow contact, from fine grained massive to amygdular flow with 1/16" to 1/8"								
		epidote + calcite + or - pyrite filled amygdules imparting an amygdular texture, contact @ 80								
		degrees TCA, sharp delineating the start of the amygdules.								

DDH No: <u>FTO- 97 - 1</u> Sheet <u>2</u> of <u>5</u>

Feet	Feet	Description	Sample	From:	То:	Length	Au	Ft.	SM- 5
From:	To:		Number:						in
	 	Epidote stringers fairly consistent at 30 - 40 degrees TCA, as well as irregular epidote fracture		<u> </u>					c.g.s.
-		fillings and patchy epidote.		1	1				
		Abundant epidote + calcite + pyrite, 1/8 * and less + or - hematized amygdules from 73' to 76'	1	1					
		with 40 degrees TCA calcite + or = epidote stringers.	14448	73.0	76.0	3.0'	51	1	+
		From 76.5' - 77.0' bleached epidote flow top and the beginning of a megacrystic plagioclase							-t
		porphyritic flow from 77.0' - 82.0' with abundant cream white euhedral 1/2" to 1" plagioclase		<u> </u>					
		crystals in a fine grained green groundmass. At 80' 1/4" - 1/2" disseminated pyrite stringer.	†	<u> </u>					
		From 82.0 - 86.5' only a few isolated large plagioclase crystals and not as heavily clusters as			1				
		from 77.0' - 82.0'. At 86.5' an internal flow contact from coarse porphyritc to fine grained @ 45							1
		degrees TCA.				<u> </u>			1
		From 87.0' - 87.5' two hematized quartz 1/4" to 1/2" veinlets @ 55 degrees TCA.							
		Flow sequence continues from 86.5' - 114' with 1/16" - 1/8 " epidote + or - calcite + or - pyrite			1				1
	1	amygdules in a fine grained green uniform flow. Strong pervasive epidote pale yellow bleached		İ					1
		zone 100.3 - 101.5' with white 1 1/2" white calcite vein @ 45 degrees TCA.			<u> </u>				<u> </u>
		White quartz + CO2 vein at 110.5' - 110.6' and at 111.5' - 112.0' @ 30 degrees TCA with	14449	110.5	113.0	2.5'	45		
		trace specks cpy and minor disseminated pyrite near vein borders and in fractures in basalt wall				1			
		rock. Calcite veinlet at 113.25 @ 35 degrees TCA and locally specks and blebs of pyrite.							
		From 114' - 156' occassional isolated 1/4" - 1/2" plagioclase cream white crystals in fine grained				1			
		green groundmass, plagioclase porphyritic flow. At 117.25' pyrite stringer.	<u> </u>						
		At 119.5' (1/4") and 120.75' (1/2") quartz and epidote veinlets @ 60 degrees TCA.	1						-
		At 129.5' (4") Bull white quartz + epidote borders vein at 50 degrees TCA.				<u> </u>	-		
		At 131.5' (1/2") Qtz + epidote borders at 55 degrees TCA.							
	1	At 136.75' (1") Qtz + epidote borders at 65 degrees TCA							*
		At 138.6' (1/2") Qtz + epidote borders at 60 degrees TCA.							
		At 153.5' (2") yellow green epidote + hematized red quartz stringers @ 55 degrees TCA.							
		At 156' lower contact sharp, of porphyritic, plagioclase flow, to massive uniform flow @ 40					-		
		degrees TCA.							1
		From 144' - 173' wispy tension filled fractures of dark green chlorite, occurs locally, plus trace							
		pyrite.							
		From 156,0 - 178.6' massive uniform green basalt flow.							
		At 158.25' - 158.5' quartz + epidote bordered veinlets at 55 degrees TCA, - barren veinlets.							
		Lower contact of flow sequence - sharp at 30 degrees TCA at 178.6'.							
		From 46' to 178.6', Mag susceptibility is 0.0 c.g.s. throughout.							
178.6'	199.5'	BASALT BRECCIA			ļ				
170.0	155.5	Dark green to medium green, angular to subrounded fine grained basalt breccia fragments, clast				 			0.0
	<u> </u>	Dank groun to mediam groun, angular to substantiate mile granica basak brooks magnitums, stast				1			1 0.0

DDH No: <u>FTO- 97 - 1</u> Sheet <u>3</u> of <u>5</u>

Feet	Feet	Description	Sample	From:	To:	Length	Au	Ft.	SM-5
From:	To:		Number:						in
								 	c.g.s.
		supported and interstitial to the fragment population is a lacy network of pale green epidote + or						 	
		- calcite + or - trace pyrite blebs locally.]		
		Upper contact sharp @ 30 degrees TCA.							
		At 180.6' - 180.9' a 3 - 4" band of pale greenish grey "cherty" looking band containing epidote							
		fine quartz and carbonate along fractures @ 30 degrees TCA. Could be a fine " cherty"							
		sedimentary band.							
		At 181.5' angular 1 - 2 " grey laminated "cherty" looking breccia clasts.							
		The majority of the fragments are dark to medium green fine grained basalt that range from							
		1/4" up to 2 - 3 " in size. Some are rounded, while most are subrounded to irregular.							
		Pervasive yellow green epidote patches from 194.0 - 194.5' and 195.0' - 196.0', and near lower							
		contact 199.0' - 199.5'.							
		Lower contact sharp at 50 degrees TCA.							
	1								
199.5'	527.0'	BASALT FLOW SEQUENCE							
		As previous, 1/10" - 1/8" sausseritized amygdules some have calcite cores + or - pyrite with an							
		epidote rim and outer reaction rim enveloping each amygdule. Occasional white feldspar						 	1
		plagioclase 1/2" crystal imparting a weak porphyritic texture in addition to the amygdular texture.		Ī					
		Amygdules are rounded and have not been flattened with exceptions near some of the quartz							T
		+ or - calcite veining. Minor interflow breccia 207.75 - 208.0', 217.1' - 217.3'.							
		White and gray calcite vein at 206.1' (1 1/2") @ 55 degrees TCA, and quartz + calcite vein at							
		221.25' - 221.5' with upper contact @ 25 degrees slip and Lower contact @ 30 degrees TCA.			1				
		Quartz + chlorite in core of vein with white calcite edges and on the border of the vein.							
		- Barren vein. From 221.0' start to see the appearance of dark green chlorite filled amygdules							
		locally.							
	1	From 209.5' the start of strong interstitial to pervasive carbonate throughout and white calcite							
		stringers at 30 - 50 degrees TCA and several at 5 - 20 degrees TCA.							
		At 212.5' (1/2") quartz + epidote veinlet @ 40 degrees TCA.							
		At 234.5' - 235' calcite veining @ 20 degrees TCA.							
		Chloritized and trace hematite slips at 216' - 217'.							
		At 267', end of pervasive interstitial C02.							
		Minor interflow tuff - breccia narrow intervals of basalt flow tuff breccia at 254.75' - 255.25' and							
		at 329.3' - 330.5', and at 331.0' - 331.5'.	-						
		From 255' the start of fine flecks of leucoxene disseminated and becoming more noticeable							
		downhole.						 	
								 	

DDH No: <u>FTO- 97 - 1</u> Sheet <u>4 of 5</u>

Feet	Feet	Description	Sample	From:	To:	Length	Au	Ft.	SM-5
From:	To:		Number:				ppb		in
									c.g.s.
		Also continuing of dark green chlorite amygdules as blebs and flecks and becoming partially							
		flattened near 270' adjacent to quartz stringer / vein.							
		From 267' basalt flow is partially and locally bleached to light to medium green near quartz							
		stringers and veinlets.	1	<u> </u>					
		Quartz stringers and veinlets occur in a SILICIFIED ZONE from 270.5' to 308.0' as clear white	14450	270.0'	273.0'	3.0'	17		
		and cream white quartz, some of which is ferrocalcite (carbonate stains blue) and/or albite.	14451	273.0'	278.0'	5.0'	10		
		The main quartz stringers and veining occurs at:	14452	278.0'	283.0'	5.0'	15		
		270.5' - 273.0' at 45 degrees TCA + buff tan altered basalt with flecks and patches of honey	14453	283.0'	286.0'	3.0'	10		
		coloured leucoxene and trace disseminated pyrite.	14454	286.0'	291.5'	5.5'	12		
		283.0' - 283.25' at 80 degrees TCA with numerous stringers to 286.0'	14455	291.5'	196.5'	5.0'	26		
		From 286' - 306.5' numerous stringers and veinlets and occassional coarse patches of quartz,	14456	296.5'	301.5'	5.0'	9		
		some vuggy quartz generally carrying trace - 1% finely disseminated pyrite. Quartz + chlorite	14457	301.5'	306.5'	5.0'	10		
		veinlets 290.5' - 291.0'.	14458	306.5'	308.0'	1.5'	57		1
		Quartz veinlets and stringers @ 55 degrees TCA at 305' - 305.5'.	14459	308.0'	313.0'	5.0'	19		
		Strong foliated leucoxene at 35 - 40 degrees TCA at 295.25' - 295.75'	14460	313.0'	318.0'	5.0'	10		
		The intervening basalt flow areas between quartz stringers and veinlets have strongly	14461	446.6'	451.0'	4.4'	12		†
		disseminated leucoxene.	14462	451.0'	456.0'	5.0'	5		
		At 306.5' - 308.0 quartz veining at 45 degrees TCA with conductive fault gouge at 45 degrees	14463	456.0'	461.0'	5.0'	50		
	<u> </u>	TCA over 2" from 307.3' - 307.4' FAULT ZONE.	14464	461.0'	466.0'	5.0'	57		
	1	From 315' start of calcite stringers only and interstitial locally pervasive strong carbonate, some	14465	466.0'	471.0'	5.0'	38		
	T	calcite stringers carry minor pyrite e.g. at 332' and at 338.5'.	14466	471.0'	476.0'	5.0'	34	337'	0.0
	1	First indication of disseminated magnetite at 342.0' with magnetic susceptibility of 0.6 - 1.0	14467	476.0'	481.0'	5.0'	10	342'	0.0
	 	c.g.s. over 1.0 ft.	14468	481.0'	486,0'	5.0'	199	347'	0.8
	 	Start to loose leucoxene around 357', coupled with a gradual increase in grain size to a medium	14469	486.0'	491.0'	5.0'	108	352'	0.0
		to coarse grained basalt flow that is sausseritized, i.e. plagioclase altered to pale yellow green	14470	491.0'	496.0'	5.0'	14	357'	0.0
		epidote and also patchy bands of epidote.	14471	496.0'	501.0	5.0'	45	362'	1.0
		Increase in magnetite content as determined by magnetic susceptibility meter and visual	14472	501.0'	506.0'	5.0'	19	367'	2.0
1.10		disseminated magnetite. Cut by carbonate stringers, no pervasive C02 throughout most of			1		† · · · · ·	372'	2.9
		medium to coarse grained basalt flow.						377'	2.1
		Locally some magnetite has gone to reddish hematite especially exhibiting in patchy epidote		·			<u> </u>	382'	3.8
	1	sections.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				387'	3.2
	·	Magnetic Susceptibility readings as 0.0 - 3.8 c.g.s. from 357.0' - 392.0', and 3.9 - 7.1 c.g.s. from					 	392'	3.1
	-	392' - 394'.						397'	4.4
	 	From 351' - 353' partially broken core with calcite stringers.					 	402'	7.1
	_1	The particular section of the sectio	l	1	-1 .			-TVA	<u> </u>

DDH No: <u>FTO - 97 - 1</u> Sheet <u>5 of 5</u>

Feet	Feet	Description	Sample	From:	To:	Length	Au	Ft.	SM-5
From:	To:		Number:						in
				ļ					c.g.s.
		Locally 1/4" to 1/2" plagioclase subhedral white cream crystals imparting a porphyritic texture	ļ					407'	5.6
		to the flow locally at 394'.	<u> </u>					412'	6.3
		Calcite veinlets vary from 20 - 35 degrees TCA, with some at 60 - 80 degrees TCA to 446.6'.						417'	5.8
		Change from medium - coarse grained basalt flow to fine grained basalt flow at 444.5' with						422'	4.8
		what appears to be a low angle of 10 - 15 % TCA.						427'	7.2
		At 446.6' start of PYRITIC ZONE ,at approximately 20 degrees TCA , of finely disseminated						432'	6.1
		pyrite in fine grained basalt greenish coloured flow with white calcite stringers, weak to						437'	5.4
		moderate pervasive interstitial C02 alteration. Local short intervals of 5 % disseminated						442'	0.5
		pyrite i.e. 450' - 450.5' but in general is finely disseminated 2 - 5 % pyrite throughout.						445'	2.8
		Calcite stringers are variable in orientation but there is a predominant set at 30 - 50 degrees						448'	6.3
		TCA.						449'	8.7
		At approximately 466' there is a gradual colour change from predominantly green to dark gray						452'	7.0
		- green to dark grey basalt with an increase on pyrite content of 5 - 10 % disseminated pyrite						457'	6.9
		i.e. the I.P. conductive source,						461'	3.6
		Throughout the dark gray basalt pyrite is fine grained and finely disseminated.						466'	6.0
		Some pyrite occurs in and along fine fractures as occasional thin discontinuous seams and						471'	1.6
		patches to blebs. In addition the gray basalt pyritic zone is marked by a zone of numerous						475'	0.7
		calcite stringers. Along the borders of some of the stringers and veinlets there is an increase in						477'	1.4
		disseminated pyrite. Some of the stringers of calcite + or - quartz + or - albite veinlets are 1 - 2"						481'	0.6
		thick, locally vuggy and appear to be consistently orientated @ 40 degrees TCA. In areas						486'	0.2
		where the mag susceptibility is low, leucoxene is present in the basalt flow rock.						491'	0.7
		The core recovery is good, only one section from 497' - 499' is more fractured than the rest of						496'	2.4
		the disseminated pyrite interval.						497'	3.3
		Lower contact of pyrite zone is sharp at 20 degrees TCA at 506'.						501'	3.2
		The overall fabric of 40 degrees TCA is marked by stringers and veinlets in the pyritic zone.						506'	0.3
		From 506' - 513' fine grained medium green basalt flow with moderate pervasive interstitial						507'	0.5
		C02, trace pyrite.			-			512'	1.3
		From 513' -527' fine grained dark green basalt flow with dark green chlorite spots or filled						514'	6.9
		amygdules, as seen further up hole. The darker flow contains disseminated magnetite						517'	3.9
		as exhibited by the higher magnetic susceptibility readings of 2.0 - 6.9 c.g.s. Also the darker						522'	2.5
		flow exhibits more brittle fracturing, also contains minor calcite stringers and locally moderate						526'	2.8
		pervasive C02 to EOH.						527'	2.8
		16.04						527'	2.0
		EOH. HOTEL							



Established 1928

Swastika Laboratories

Assaying - Consulting - Representation

Geochemical Analysis Certificate

8W-0036-RG1

Date JAN-12-98

Сопірапу:

F.T. O'CONNER

Project: Λιιει

F.T. O'Conner / D. Gamble

We hereby certify the following Geochemical Analysis of 26 Core samples submitted JAN-08-98 by.

Sample	Au	Au Check	
Number	PPB	PPB	
14447	43	31	
14448	51	-	
14449	45	-	
14450	17	-	
14451	10	-	
14452	15		
14453	10		
14454	12	•	
14455	26	~	
14456	9	-	
14457	10	-	. — — — — — , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
14458	51	57	
14459	19	-	
14460	10	-	
14461	12	-	
14462	5	*	
14463	50	-	
14464	57	•	
14465	38	-	
14466	34	-	
14467	10		
14468	199	178	
14469	108	-	
14470	14	-	
14471	45	-	
14472	19	-	

One assay (on portion used,



42A01NE2013 2.19065

Agent's Address

0241 (03/97)

Declaration of Assessment Work Performed on Mining Land

Mining Act, Subsection 65(2) and 66(3), R.S.O. 1990

Transaction Number (office use) W9880.00795 Assessment Files Research Imaging

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section 65(2) and 66(3) of the Mining Act. Under section 8 of the Mining Act, sment work and correspond with the mining land holder. Questions about this ern Development and Mines, 3rd Floor, 933 Ramsey Lake Road, Sudbury,

Instructions: - For work performed on Crown Lands before recording a claim, use form 0240.

900

	- Please type or print in ink.
2.19065	. Recorded holder(s) (Attach a list if necessary)
	ame
Client Number 177128	TOUR TO Y LONDING
Telephone Number	Idress
(705) 567-513Z	2 TOBRUM DR. P.O. BOX 834
Fax Number	Idress 12 TOBRUM DR. PIO. BOX 834 WIRKIAND LAKE ONFORIO P2N-3K4
Client Number	me
Telephone Number	dress
Fax Number	
the following groups for this declaration	Time of words market made Charles () and connect an only ONE of the
	Type of work performed: Check (✓) and report on only ONE of the
drilling stripping, Rehabilitation and associated assays	assays and work under section 18 (regs) trenching and
Office Use	ork Type Physical DIAMOND PRILLING
Commodity	
Total \$ Value of	
Work Claimed 13 498	
97 NTS Reference	
Mining Division Larder Lake	bal Positioning System Data (if available) Township/Area BEEN HARDT
Mining Division farder Lake Resident Geologist District Kirkland hake	M of G-Plan Number
District Kirkland hake	6-3207
rm 0212;	 provide proper notice to surface rights holders be complete and attach a Statement of Costs, form 0 provide a map showing contiguous mining lands t include two copies of your technical report.
tach a list if necessary)	Person or companies who prepared the technical report (Attach
Telephone Number (705) - 567 - 4381	ame
	DAVE GAMBLE GOSERVICES INC.
10 Fax Number (705) - 567-3801	Idress 10 First AVE KIRKLAND LAKE ONLAND
Telephone Number	10 FIRST AVE KIRKLAND MAKE ONTARIO
	Pro
Fax Number RECEIV	Idress
LARDER LAKE Telephone Number MINING DIVISION	-1461
Telephone Number C 12.00	me / DEC 2.3 4000
Fax Number DEC 22 1998	Idress GEOSCIENCE 3004
ENIX From	OFFICE ASSESSMENT
	WITCE WENT
	Certification by Recorded Holder or Agent
that I have personal knowledge of the facts and facts.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(Print Name)
erformed or witnessed the same during or after its	is Declaration of Assessment Work having caused the work to be perfo
rue.	
y that I have personal knowledge of the facts set erformed or witnessed the same during or after i rue.	4. Certification by Recorded Holder or Agent 1. THOMAS (Print Name), do hereby certify the this Declaration of Assessment Work having caused the work to be performed and, to the best of my knowledge, the annexed report is true.

PO. BOX 834 Telephone Number 205) - 568-0128

Work to be recorded and distributed. Work can only be assigned to claims that are contiguous (adjoining) to the mining land where work was performed, at the time work was performed. A map showing the contiguous link must accompany this form 795 W988T Mining Claim Number. Or if **Number of Claim** Value of work Value of work Value of work Bank. Value of work work was done on other eligible Units. For other applied to this performed on this assigned to other to be distributed mining land, show in this mining land, list claim or other claim. mining claims. at a future date column the location number hectares. mining land. indicated on the claim map. **TB 7827** eg 16 ha \$26,825 N/A \$24,000 \$2,825 1234567 12 0 \$24,000 eg 0 eg 1234568 2 \$ 8.892 \$ 4,000 \$4,892 13, 800.00 1 498,00 1211524 2 5098.00 1217739 2 9 3600,00 1211969 j 3 400.00 4 1211970 1 400.00 1211525 5 1 400,00 1217738 2 6 800,00 7 1202760 400.00 1 1600,00 8 1202867 4 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 13,498,00 800,00 Column Totals 21 , do hereby certify that the above work credits are eligible under (Print Full Name) subsection 7 (1) of the Assessment Work Regulation 6/96 for assignment to contiguous claims or for application to the claim where the work was done or Agent Authorized in Writing Date Signature of Beentdad Holder DECU 198 Instruction for cutting back credits that are not approved. Some of the credits claimed in this declaration may be cut back. Please check (✓) in the boxes below to show how you wish to prioritize the deletion of credits: 1. Credits are to be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option 2 or 3 or 4 as indicated. 2. Credits are to be cut back starting with the claims listed last, working backwards; or 3. Credits are to be cut back equally over all claims listed in this declaration; or 4. Credits are to be cut back as prioritized on the attached appendix or as follows (describe): Note: If you have not indicated how your credits are to be deleted, credits will be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option number 2 if necessary. For Office Use Only **Date Notification Sent Deemed Approved Date** Received Stamp Total Value of Credit Approved **Date Approved**

0241 (03/97)

GEOSCIENCE ASSESSMENT

Approved for Recording by Mining Recorder (Signature)



Ministry of Northern Development and Mines

GEOSCIENCE ASSESSMENT

Statement of Costs for Assessment Credit

Transaction Number (office use)
W9880.00795

record information collected on this form is obtained under the authority of subsection 6 (1) of the Assessment Work Regulation 6/96. Under section 8 of the ning Act, this information is a public record. This information will be used to review the assessment work and correspond with the mining land holder, restions about this collection should be directed to a Provincial Mining Recorder, Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, 3rd Floor, 933 Ramsey Lake and, Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 6B5.

Units of work Depending on the type of work, list the number of hours/day worked, metres of drilling, kilometres of **Work Type** Cost Per Unit **Total Cost** of work grid line, number of samples, etc. \$59.65 160.63 METERS 11.50+6.51 50mplES Associated Costs (e.g. supplies, mobilization and demobilization). **Transportation Costs Food and Lodging Costs** 13,498.00 **Total Value of Assessment Work** Ilculations of Filing Discounts: Work filed within two years of performance is claimed at 100% of the above Total Value of Assessment Work. If work is filed after two years and up to five years after performance, it can only be claimed at 50% of the Total Value of Assessment Work. If this situation applies to your claims, use the calculation below: TOTAL VALUE OF ASSESSMENT WORK x 0.50 =Total \$ value of worked claimed. ite: Work older than 5 years is not eligible for credit. A recorded holder may be required to verify expenditures claimed in this statement of costs within 45 days of a request for Minister may reject all rification and/or correction/clarification. If verification and/or correction/clarification is not made, the part of the assessment work submitted. ertification verifying costs: hereby certify, that the amounts shown are as accurate as may reasonably DD 195 (please print full name) determined and the costs were incurred while conducting assessment work on the lands indicated on the accompanying eclaration of Work form as I am authorized to make this certification. (incorded holder, agent state company position with signing authority RECEIVED Signature 2 (03/97)

Ministry of Northern Development and Mines Ministère du Développement du Nord et des Mines

January 27, 1999

FRANCIS T. O'CONNOR P.O. BOX 834 12 Tobrun Drive KIRKLAND LAKE, Ontario P2N-3K4



Geoscience Assessment Office 933 Ramsey Lake Road 6th Floor Sudbury, Ontario P3E 6B5

Telephone: (888) 415-9846 Fax: (877) 670-1555

Visit our website at: www.gov.on.ca/MNDM/MINES/LANDS/mlsmnpge.htm

Dear Sir or Madam: Submission Number: 2.19065

Status

Subject: Transaction Number(s): W9880.00795 Deemed Approval

We have reviewed your Assessment Work submission with the above noted Transaction Number(s). The attached summary page(s) indicate the results of the review. WE RECOMMEND YOU READ THIS SUMMARY FOR THE DETAILS PERTAINING TO YOUR ASSESSMENT WORK.

If the status for a transaction is a 45 Day Notice, the summary will outline the reasons for the notice, and any steps you can take to remedy deficiencies. The 90-day deemed approval provision, subsection 6(7) of the Assessment Work Regulation, will no longer be in effect for assessment work which has received a 45 Day Notice. Allowable changes to your credit distribution can be made by contacting the Geoscience Assessment Office within this 45 Day period, otherwise assessment credit will be cut back and distributed as outlined in Section #6 of the Declaration of Assessment work form.

Please note any revisions must be submitted in DUPLICATE to the Geoscience Assessment Office, by the response date on the summary.

If you have any questions regarding this correspondence, please contact Steve Beneteau by e-mail at steve.beneteau@ndm.gov.on.ca or by telephone at (705) 670-5855.

Yours sincerely.

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Blair Kite

Supervisor, Geoscience Assessment Office

Mining Lands Section

Work Report Assessment Results

Submission Number:

2.19065

Date Correspondence Sent: January 27, 1999

Assessor: Steve Beneteau

Transaction

First Claim

Number

Township(s) / Area(s)

Status

Approval Date

W9880.00795

1211524

BERNHARDT

Deemed Approval

January 27, 1999

Section:

Number

16 Drilling PDRILL

Correspondence to:

Resident Geologist Kirkland Lake, ON

Assessment Files Library Sudbury, ON

Recorded Holder(s) and/or Agent(s):

FRANCIS T. O'CONNOR KIRKLAND LAKE, Ontario

