

Texas Gulf Sulphur Company
Report on Geophysical Work
in
Bartlett and McArthur Townships.

Claims:

P297885-P297889, P297892-P297898, P297900-P297907, P297909-P297914, P297916-P297918, P313801.

A geophysical survey, consisting of magnetic and horizontal loop traverses, was carried out over this group of 30 contiguous claims, located in Lots 4, 5 and 6 of Con. I, McArthur Twp. and Lots 4,5 and 6 of Con V and VI, Bartlett Twp.

Most of the electromagnetic survey (24.5 miles)
was performed by the <u>Jean Alix Co. Ltd.</u> under the
supervision of Mr. J. Leclair. The remainder of the
electromagnetic work (2.7 miles) as well as all of the
magnetometer survey was carried out by Texas Gulf
Sulphur Company personnel. All field work was directed
by Texas Gulf Sulphur staff.

JANUARY, 1972

MAGNETIC:

The magnetic survey was performed using an Askania torsion magnetometer. This instrument measures the relative intensity of the vertical magnetic field with an accuracy of about 20 gammas. Readings were taken every 100 feet with 50 foot spacings used to detail anomalous areas.

RESULTS:

The results show several magnetic highs that trend between N and N 20° W. The intensity of the anomalies (up to 40000 gammas above background) suggests that they are caused by magnetite-rich iron formation. In a few instances there are indications that some of the wider anomalies are due to multiple bands of high susceptibility material. The bands are either vertical or dip steeply to the east.

Because of the possibility of multiple sources, it is difficult to estimate the depth of burial with any accuracy. However, the relatively steep magnetic field gradients on the flanks of many of the anomalies suggests that overburden thickness does not exceed 100 feet and locally may be only a few feet.

The background magnetic field strength is very uniform and does not reflect any possible changes in the type of country rock.

HORIZONTAL LOOP:

Both parts of the horizontal loop survey were carried out using a <u>Geonics EM-17 unit</u>. The cable length was 300 feet and the station interval 100 feet, decreasing to 50 feet over anomalous areas.

The presence of high tension power lines 100 feet west of the base line made it impossible to survey a 400 foot wide strip in the central part of the claim group.

RESULTS:

The conductors detected are all in magnetically anomalous areas. However, the conductivity anomalies cannot be directly attributed to the iron formation as it has poor conductivity and, also, the width of the conductors is in most cases much smaller than the indicated width of the magnetic zones. It is probable that the conductivity anomalies are caused by bands of graphite and/or metallic sulphides that are associated with the iron formation. The horizontal loop profiles suggest that the conductive zones are less than 100 feet below the surface and generally dip steeply to

the east.

CONCLUSIONS:

The spatial association of the conductive zones and the iron formation makes it impossible to deduce the magnetic characteristics of the conductors. Similarly, because of the relatively small width of the zones, no other geophysical methods seem capable of distinguishing between graphite and metallic sulphides as possible anomaly sources.

J.A. Slauli

J. A. Slankis, Geophysicist.

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GEOPHYSICAL - GEOLOG

TECHNICAL DATA STATEMENT

FEB 1 1972

900

PROJECTS SECTION

TO BE ATTACHED AS AN APPENDIX TO TECHNICAL REPORT FACTS SHOWN HERE NEED NOT BE REPEATED IN REPORT TECHNICAL REPORT MUST CONTAIN INTERPRETATION CONCLUSIONS ETC.

Type of SurveyGEOPHYSICA	AL				
•	& McARTHUR TOWNSHIPS				
Claim holder(s) TEXAS GULF SULPHUR COMPANY			MINING CLAIMS TRAVERSED		
	TORONTO DOMINION CENTRE		List numerically		
Author of Report J. A. SLAI	NKIS				
Address TEXAS GULF SULI	PHUR COMPANY (AS ABOVE)		(prefix) (number)		
Covering Dates of SurveyJUNI	E 8, 1971 - JAN.12, 197	2			
Total Miles of Line cut 32.8			· ·		
Total wiles of falle cut					
SPECIAL PROVISIONS	DAYS		CER AMUNICIPAL CO		
CREDITS REQUESTED	Geophysical per claim	1	SEE ATTACHED IN The port		
TAYOUT 40 1 44 1 4	-Electromagnetic 40	1/ 1			
ENTER 40 days (includes line cutting) for first	-Magnetometer20				
survey.	-Radiometric				
ENTER 20 days for each	-Other				
additional survey using	Geological				
same grid.	Geochemical		***************************************		
AIRBORNE CREDITS (Special prov	vision credits do not apply to airborne surveys)	•			
	gnetic Radiometric				
	days per claim)				
DATE: <u>JAN. 12,1972</u> SIGN	ATURE: A SCall		•••••		
	Admor of Report				
PROJECTS SECTION	11.46				
Previous Surveys	Qualifications 2.686		••••••		
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Checked by	date				
CHECKEU DY	uaic	_			
GEOLOGICAL BRANCH			••••••		
Approved by	date				
••		-			
GEOLOGICAL BRANCH					
			TOTAL CLAIMS 30		
Approved by	date	[TOTAL CLAIMS		

GEOPHYSICAL TECHNICAL DATA

GROUND SURVEYS MAG: 1797		MAG:	
Number of Stations EM: 1470	Number of Readings.	EM:	1513
Station interval 100 FEET;	50 FEET OVER ANOMAL	IES	
Line spacing 300 FEET			
Profile scale or Contour intervals EM: 1" = 20%			
(specify for each type	of survey)		
MAGNETIC			
Instrument ASKANIA TORSION MAGNETOMETER	(VERTICAL FIELD)		
Accuracy - Scale constant 20 GAMMAS, 250 GA	_{MMAS} / SCALE DIVISION	<u>N</u>	
Diurnal correction method LOOPING			
Base station location AT BASE LINE ON LINE 5	4 + 00 S		
ELECTROMAGNETIC			
Instrument GEONICS EM-17			
Coil configuration HORIZONTAL LOOP		- 	
Coil separation 300 FEET ± 2% FOR IN-PHASE AND QUADR			
Accuracy ± 2% FOR IN-PHASE AND QUADR	ATURE		
Method:	oot back 🔼 In line		Parallel line
Frequency 1600 Hz			
(specify V.I Parameters measured IN-PHASE AND QUADRATUR	L.F. station) RE COMPONENTS OF SECO	ORDARY	•
GRAVITY FIELD AS PERCENT OF TR			
Instrument			
Scale constant			A THE STATE OF THE
Corrections made			
Corrections made			
Base station value and location			
Dase station value and location			
Elevation accuracy			
INDUCED POLARIZATION — RESISTIVITY			
Instrument			
Time domain.			
Frequency	•		
Power			
Electrode array			
Electrode spacing			
Type of electrode			











