

42A05NE2002 2.18168 WHITESIDES

010

LOGISTICAL AND INTERPRETIVE REPORT

SPECTRAL INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEYS

BARNES OPTION,

WHITESIDES TWP., ONTARIO

FED 17 1998 GEOSGIENCE ASSESSMENT

LOGISTICAL AND INTERPRETIVE REPORT SPECTRAL INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEYS BARNES OPTION,

WHITESIDES TWP., ONTARIO

For: PROSPECTORS ALLIANCE CORPORATION

Suite 1800, 95 Wellington Street West Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2N7

Attention: PETER VAMOS Tel: (416) 360-5333 Fax: (416) 360-4419

By: JVX Ltd.

60 West Wilmot St, Unit #22 Richmond Hill, Ontario L4B 1M6

Contact: Blaine Webster Tel: (905) 731-0972 Fax: (905) 731-9312

JVX Ref: 9728 June 1997



• • • •

42A05NE2002

2.18168 WHITESIDES

010C

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION	1
2. SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS	2
3. PERSONNEL	3
4. FIELD INSTRUMENTATION	4
5. DATA PROCESSING	5
6. INTERPRETATION METHODOLOGY	6
7. DISCUSSION	8
8. RECOMMENDATIONS	11

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1 :	Location Map
Figure 2:	Grid/Claim Map

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1:	Specifications for the IP/Resistivity Survey	
----------	----------------------------------------------	--

- Spectral IP/Resistivity Production Summary List of Targets and Their Priorities Table 2:
- Table 3:

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix A: Instrument specification sheets Appendix B: Plates

LIST OF PLATES

Plate 1:	Resistivity (n=2) Plan Map; Scale 1:5000
Plate 2:	Chargeability (n=2) Plan Map; Scale 1:5000
Plate 3:	Compilation Map; 1:5000
Plate 4:	IP/Resistivity, Spectral <i>M-IP/tau</i> Pseudosections L3400E, Scale 1:2500
Plate 5:	IP/Resistivity, Spectral <i>M-IP/tau</i> Pseudosections L3600E,
1 1400 5.	Scale 1:2500
Plate 6:	IP/Resistivity, Spectral M-IP/tau Pseudosections L3800E,
	Scale 1:2500

1. INTRODUCTION

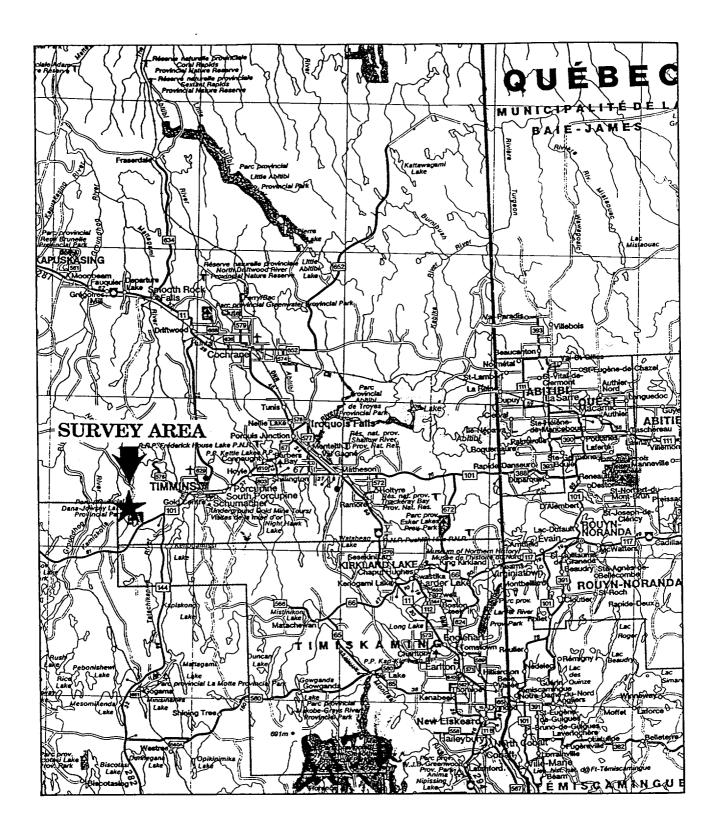
A time-domain spectral induced polarization survey was conducted by **JVX Ltd**. for **Prospectors Alliance Corporation** April 08 to 13, 1997, over several claims comprising the Barnes Option. The property is located southwest of Timmins, Ontario (Figure 1) in Whitesides Township (NTS 42A/5) on the following claims (Figure 2, Grid/Claim Map):

1204587 (4 Units) 1128935

The purpose of this survey was to locate and prioritize areas that may contain economic gold mineralization. Several targets were selected for follow up. They should be further prioritized geologically and geochemically.

1

Magnetic data were obtained from the client.

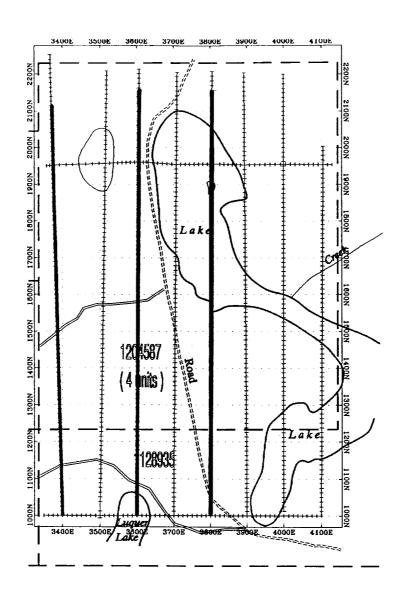


LOCATION MAP PROSPECTORS ALLIANCE INC. BARNES OPTION Whitesides Twp., Ontario N.T.S. 42 A/5 GROUND GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY Scale : 1 : 1,725,000

1.1

Survey by JVX Ltd.

Figure 1



GRID / CLAIM MAP PROSPECTORS ALLIANCE INC. BARNES OPTION Whitesides Twp., Ontario N.T.S. 42 A/5 GROUND GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY Scale : 1 : 10,000

.

Figure 2

2. SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS

Instrumentation and survey specifications for the Barnes Option are outlined in the following table:

P/RESISTIVI	Y SURVEY
Transmitter	Scintrex TSQ3/3.0 kW
	and IPC-7/2.5kW
Receivers	Scintrex IPR-12
Аттау Туре	Pole-Dipole
Transmit Cycle Time	2 sec
Receive Cycle Time	2 sec
Number of Potential Electrode Pairs	6
Electrode Spacing ("a" spacing)	25 m
Number of Lines Surveyed	3
Survey Coverage	3625 m

Table 1: Spectral IP/Resistivity Survey Parameters

Total coverage was 3625 metres of Spectral IP/Resistivity data with 139 stations surveyed. The following table lists the survey coverage in detail:

SPECTRAL IP/RESISTIVITY COVERAGE				
Line	From Station	To Station	Distance (m)	No. of Readings
3400E	1000N	2225N	1225	45
3600E	1000N	2200N	1200	47
3800E	1000N	2200N	1200	47
Total			3625	139

Table 2: Spectral IP/Resistivity Production Summary

3. PERSONNEL

<u>Graham Stone (Geophysical Technician)</u> Mr. Stone operated the IP receiver and was responsible for data quality.

Claudia Wilck (Geophysical Technician):

Ms. Wilck operated the transmitter systems, and was responsible for field data processing.

Three field assistants were also engaged by JVX for the IP/resistivity survey.

Aleksandra Savic (Geophysicist)

Ms. Savic interpreted the data, plotted the data, prepared this report and is responsible for data storage.

Dagmar Piska (Draftsperson):

Ms. Piska carried out the manual drafting on the figures/plates and assembled this report.

<u>Vaso Lymberis (Draftsperson):</u> Ms. Lymberis carried out the ACAD drafting on the individual pseudosections.

<u>Blaine Webster (President, JVX Ltd.):</u> Mr. Webster provided overall supervision of the survey.

4. FIELD INSTRUMENTATION

JVX supplied the geophysical instruments described below. Additional information about the geophysical methods may be found in Appendix A.

IP Transmitter

The Scintrex TSQ3/3.0 kW and Scintrex IPC-7/2.5 kW transmitters were used. The transmitters generate square wave current output with a period of 8 seconds. A digital multimeter in series with the transmitter was used to measure the magnitude of the variable current output.

IP Receiver

The Scintrex IPR-12 Time Domain Receiver was used. This unit samples the voltage decay curve as measured by the potential electrodes at ten points in time. Readings were repeated until they converged to within a tolerance level, and the data were stored in solid-state memory. The resulting chargeability response is a measurement of the potential decay of conductive particles during the transmitter turn-off times. The apparent resistivity is a measure of the ratio of the input voltage and the transmitter current times a factor. This so-called K-factor is an array geometric factor.

5. DATA PROCESSING

After being transferred to a field computer at the end of each survey day, the data were examined, corrected, and organized by the instrument operator. The results were plotted on the following printer:

• STAR NX-80 colour dot-matrix printer

These plots were used to monitor progress and data quality, and to make an initial interpretation. Thus survey parameters and design were altered when necessary.

The data were sent by courier to the head office of JVX in Richmond Hill, Ontario. They were processed and results were plotted on the following printers as was necessary:

- HEWLETT PACKARD DESIGNJET 750C 36 inch colour plotter
- HEWLETT PACKARD 5L Laser printer

The processing procedure is outlined below.

5.1 **IP/RESISTIVITY**

Step 1 was performed both in the field and in the head office. Steps 2, 3 and 4 were performed at the head office.

1) The GEOSOFT IP PROCESSING Package was used to generate colour pseudosections of chargeability and resistivity data as well as colour contour maps.

2) JVX software was also used to perform spectral analysis of the time-domain data. This step was crucial to maximizing the information that can be obtained from IP data. This software analyses the shape of the IP decay curve, giving information about:

- (a) the grain size (indicated by the parameter *tau*)
- (b) the magnitude of the chargeable source (indicated by *M-IP*).(Please see Appendix A for more information about spectral analysis.)

3) Contoured plan maps of chargeability and resistivity data from one dipole (n=2) were produced using JVX in-house software and the GEOSOFT Mapping Package.

4) Additional drafting on the individual pseudosections maps was done. GEOSOFT CAD was used to annotate the individual pseudosections.

6. INTERPRETATION METHODOLOGY

JVX uses its many years of experience in geophysical interpretation to extract the most accurate information from the data. The procedures involved are simplified for the sake of clarity.

The IP and resistivity data are interpreted using the following procedure:

- 1) Chargeability anomalies are picked on the pseudosections and classified using the following scheme *as a guide* (Mx sample window = 680 ms to 1050 ms)
 - *Very Strong* (> 30 mV/V) and well defined

----- Strong (20 to 30 mV/V) and well defined

---- Moderate (10 to 20 mV/V) and well defined

- - - Weak (5 to 10 mV/V) and well defined

····· Very Weak (3 to 5 mV/V) and poorly defined

x x x x x *Extremely Weak* (<3 mV/V) and very poorly defined

The peak of the anomaly provides a qualitative indication of the depth to the top of the anomalous source and the location of the centre of the body. Where possible, the location and dipole number of the peak are written beside the anomaly bar.

2) The spectral characteristics of the anomalies are examined. The peak value of M-IP is noted, and *tau* is classified according to the following scheme:

- L Long (> 10000 msec)
- M *Medium* (1000 to 10000 msec)
- **S** Short (< 1000 msec)

3) Resistivity anomalies are picked on the pseudosections and classified using the following scheme *as a guide*:

no symbol	VH(n)	<i>Very High</i> (> 25 000 ohm m) — highly silicified
no symbol	H (<i>n</i>)	High (> 10 000 ohm m) — probably silicified
no symbol	• • •	<i>Weak High</i> (< 10 000 ohm m) — relative e compared to surrounding material
	SL(n)	Strong Low — strong decrease in resistivity
	ML(n)	Medium Low — medium decrease in resistivity
	• • •	<i>Weak Low</i> — slight resistivity decrease to surrounding material

where *n* is the dipole number at which the anomaly peak is located.

4) The anomalies from steps 1 to 3 are marked on the Compilation map.

5) Resistivity anomalies on the Compilation map are joined into conductive and resistive zones.

6) Zones of high chargeability are interpreted based on spectral, resistivity, and geometric information.

7) The anomalies are rated according to JVX's past experience. The following are some of the characteristics that may be indicative of economic mineralization:

7

• A moderate to high chargeability anomaly flanked by a narrow finger-shaped resistivity high.

• High *M-IP* values (> 300 mV/V), which are not associated with a resistivity low, indicating a large quantity of metallic sulphides.

• Low *tau* values (short time constant) which indicate that the chargeable source is disseminated and fine-grained. Gold mineralization is generally associated with fine-grained sulphides. However, in environments where the sulphides have been remobilized, gold mineralization may be associated with coarse-grained sulphides (long time constant).

• In particular, very high M-IP values (> 900 mV/V) with short *tau* are typically the most favourable spectral IP targets.

7. DISCUSSION

The interpretation of the geophysical data was compiled onto a single map, and is summarized in the sections following. The Compilation map and all data plots are included in Appendix B.

There are several IP chargeability zones identified on the Compilation map (Plate 3) as well as on the pseudosections (Plates 4 to 6).

Total Field Magnetic data were obtained from the client and presented in detail in the Logistical Report, JVX ref. no. 9805. Total Field Magnetic data show moderate changes within ± 1000 nT. Several magnetic high areas are labeled on the Compilation map. Three zones *MH-1*, *MH-2* and *MH-3* are outlined with the same intensity, higher than 58000 nT. Most likely the west end of *MH-1* and *MH-2* with *MH-1* represents one high magnetic, approximately northsouth- trending body extending somewhat toward the east.

In general, this survey area is represented with low resistivity units, with one high resistivity zone (resistivities higher than 10000 ohm m) on the southwest part of the grid, L3400E.

Five chargeability zones, with five possible targets, are labeled on the Compilation map. The following is a discussion of each IP anomaly zone and a list of possible targets:

IP-1 Lines 3400E to 3800E, stations 1400N to 1600N (Moderate to Weak) IP-1a Line 3800E, stations 1525N to 1600N (Very Weak)

IP-1 is a relatively wide 200 m zone; it runs eastwest and correlates with a magnetic high zone *MH-1*. The west end of this zone is located at the north side of a high resistivity zone, and continues toward the east through a resistivity low zone. The chargeability trend generally weakens to the east, and the far east anomalies in this zone are weak. It appears that the source of the anomalies is deeper to the east; the peak of the anomaly at L3800E is at n=3, while on L3400E it is at n=1. This may be a reason for reduced chargeability response towards the east. True chargeability values are high, up to 215 mV/V at L3400E, to moderate, 129 mV/V at L3800E. Spectral tau values ranges from short to medium over this IP zone. This is the highest priority IP anomaly zone with a high priority drill target proposed to evaluate it.

Target T1H L3600W, stat. 1450N, M-IP=189 mV/V and tau= 2000 msec, high priority

IP-1a zone possibly represents part of the *IP-1* zone. It consists of a very weak, deep anomaly at the north edge of *IP-1*, with moderate MIP (108 mV/V) and a medium time constant.

IP-2 L 3400E, stations 1250N to 1350N (Medium)

This single-line zone is associated with a magnetic high zone MH-2. It is south and parallel to IP-1, with high-to-moderate MIP and a medium-to-short time constant. This zone correlates with the highest resistivities in the area indicating probably silicified mineralization. One high priority target is located on this zone.

Target T2H L3400E, station 1275N, M-IP=245 mV/V and tau=2000 msec, high priority

IP-3 L3600E to 3800E, stations 1025N to 1125N (Weak to Very Weak)

This low priority IP zone at the southeast end of the grid is associated with magnetic high *MH-2*. It consist of weak to very-weak anomalies, with moderate and low M-IP values, and a short time constant. This IP zone is associated with weak resistivity highs and some medium resistivity lows. One medium priority target is located on this zone.

Target T3M L3600E, station 1100N-1150N, M-IP=107 mV/V and tau=16 msec, medium priority

IP-4 Lines L3600E to L3800E, stations 1775N to 1825N (Very Weak)

This is a weak, low priority IP zone at the northeast part of the grid. It is an eastwest trending zone, consisting of a very weak, relatively shallow (n=2) IP anomaly at L3600E, and a very weak, deep anomaly at L3800E. This narrow IP zone coincides with a weak resistivity high zone. One low priority target is located to test this IP zone.

Target T4L L3600E, station 1850N, M-IP=75 mV/V, tau=250 msec, low priority

IP-5 Line L3800E, station 2125N (Weak)

This single-line anomaly located at the northeast corner of the grid is associated with a weak resistivity high. It consists of a well defined, weak chargeable anomaly, with moderate true chargeability, and medium time constant. One low priority target should test this IP zone.

Target T5L L3800E, station 2125N, M-IP=111 mV/V, tau=1000 msec, low priority

8. RECOMMENDATIONS

There are a total of seven IP zones and nine prioritized targets with a different priority. However, successful drill intersections in any of these locations would improve the priority rating of adjacent zones.

The following table is a summary of IP anomalies and possible targets:

Ev	BARNES OPTION / WHITESIDES TWP / PAL Evaluation of Spectral IP/Resistivity data (geophysical criteria used for target priorities).						
Torgot	IP Zone and	JV Res.	X Reference Mx	# 9728 M-IP	Tau	Dipole	TARGET
Target	Location	1103.			rau	2.poie	
		Ohm m	mV/V	mV/V	msec	n	Priorities
1	IP1 3600E/1450N	LOW	14	189	М	3	HIGH
2	IP2 3400E/1275N	н	17	245	М	2	HIGH
3	IP3 3600E/1175N	LOW	4.7	107	S	2	MED.
4	IP5 3600E/1850N	WH	4.4	75	S	2	LOW
							LOW

Table 3: List of Targets and Their Priorities

Before any further evaluation of this grid additional geological evaluation of targets is recommended.

If there are any questions with regard to the survey or the interpretation please call the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

JVX Ltd.

SO

Aleksandra Savic, M.Sc. Geophysicist

W

Blaine Webster, B.Sc. President

APPENDIX A

SCINTREX

IPR-12 Time Domain Induced Polarization/Resistivity Receiver

Brief Description

The IPR-12 Time Domain IP/Resistivity Receiver is principally used in exploration for precious and base metal mineral deposits. In addition, it is used in geoelectrical surveying for groundwater or geothermal resources, often to great depths. For these latter targets, the induced polarization measurements may be as useful as the high accuracy resistivity results since it often happens that geological materials have IP contrasts when resistivity differences are absent.

Due to its integrated, lightweight, microprocessor based design and its large, 16 line display screen, the IPR-12 is a remarkably powerful, yet easy to use instrument. A wide variety of alphanumeric and graphical information can be viewed by the operator during and after the taking of readings. Signals from up to eight potential dipoles can be measured simultaneously and recorded in solid-state memory along with automatically calculated parameters. Later, data can be output to a printer or a PC (direct or via modem) for processing into profiles and maps.

The IPR-12 is compatible with Scintrex IPC and TSQ Transmitters, or others which output square waves with equal on and off periods and polarity changes each half cycle. The IPR-12 measures the primary voltage (Vp), self potential (SP) and time domain induced polarization (Mi) characteristics of the received waveform. Resistivity, statistical and Cole-Cole parameters are calculated and recorded in memory with the measured data and time.

Scintrex has been active in induced polarization research, development, manufacturing, consulting and surveying for over thirty years. We offer a full range of instrumentation, accessories and training.



The IPR-12 Receiver measures spectral IP signals from eight dipoles simultaneously then records measured and calculated parameters in memory.

Benefits

Speed Up Surveys

The IPR-12 saves you time and money in carrying out field surveys. Its capacity to measure up to eight dipoles simultaneously is far more efficient than older receivers measuring a single dipole. This advantage is particularly valuable in drillhole logging where electrode movement time is minimal.

The built-in, solid-state memory records all information associated with a reading, dispensing with the need for any hand written notes. PC compatibility means rapid electronic transfer of data from the receiver to a computer for rapid data processing.

Taking a reading is simple and fast. Only a few keystrokes are virtually needed

since the IPR-12 features automatic circuit resistance checks, SP buckout and gain setting.

High Quality Data

One of the most important features of the IPR-12 in permitting high quality data to be acquired, is the large display screen which allows the operator easy real time access to graphic and alphanumeric displays of instrument status and measured data. The IPR-12 ensures that the operator obtains accurate data from field work.

The number and relative widths of the IP decay curve windows have been carefully chosen to yield the transient information required for proper interpretation of spectral IP data. Timings are selectable to permit a very wide range of responses to be measured.

Specifications

Inputs

1 to 8 dipoles are measured simultaneously.

Input Impedance

16 Megohms

SP Bucking

 ± 10 volt range. Automatic linear correction operating on a cycle by cycle basis.

Input Voltage (Vp) Range 50 µvolt to 14 volt

Chargeability (M) Range 0 to 300millivolt

Tau Range

1 millisecond to 1000 seconds

Reading Resolution of Vp, SP and M Vp, 10 microvolt; SP, 1 millivolt; M, 0.01 millivolt/volt

Absolute Accuracy of Vp, SP and M Better than 1%

Common Mode Rejection At input more than 100db

Vp Integration Time

10% to 80% of the current on time.

IP Transient Program

Total measuring time keyboard selectable at 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 or 32 seconds. Normally 14 windows except that the first four are not measured on the 1 second timing, the first three are not measured on the 2 second timing and the first is not measured on the 4 second timing. (See diagram on page 2.) An additional transient slice of minimum 10 ms width, and 10ms steps, with delay of at least 40 ms is keyboard selectable.

Transmitter Timing

Equal on and off times with polarity change each half cycle. On/off times of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 or 32 seconds. Timing accuracy of \pm 100 ppm or better is required.

External Circuit Test

All dipoles are measured individually in sequence, using a 10 Hz square wave. The range is 0 to 2 Mohm with 0.1kohm resolution. Circuit resistances are displayed and recorded.

Synchronization

Self synchronization on the signal received at a keyboard selectable dipole. Limited to avoid mistriggering.

Filtering

RF filter, 10 Hz 6 pole low pass filter, statistical noise spike removal.

Internal Test Generator 1200 mV of SP; 807 mV of Vp and 30.28 mV/V of M.

Analog Meter

For monitoring input signals; switchable to any dipole via keyboard.

Keyboard

17 key keypad with direct one key access to the most frequently used functions.

Display

16 lines by 42 characters, 128 x 256 dots, Backlit Liquid Crystal Display. Displays instrument status and data during and after reading. Alphanumeric and graphic displays.

Display Heater

Available for below -15°C operation.

Memory Capacity

Stores approximately 400 dipoles of information when 8 dipoles are measured simultaneously.

Real Time Clock

Data is recorded with year, month, day, hour, minute and second.

Digital Data Output

Formatted serial data output for printer and PC etc. Data output in 7 or 8 bit ASCII, one start, one stop bit, no parity format. Baud rate is keyboard selectable for standard rates between 300 baud and 51.6 kBaud. Selectable carriage return delay to accommodate slow peripherals. Handshaking is done by X-on/X-off.

Standard Rechargeable Batteries

Eight rechargeable Ni-Cad D cells. Supplied with a charger, suitable for 110/230V, 50 to 60 Hz, 10W. More than 20 hours service at +25°C, more than 8 hours at -30°C.

Ancillary Rechargeable Batteries

An additional eight rechargeable Ni-Cad D cells may be installed in the console along with the Standard Rechargeable Batteries. Used to power the Display Heater or as back up power. Supplied with a second charger. More than 6 hours service at -30°C.

Use of Non-Rechargeable Batteries

Can be powered by D size Alkaline batteries, but rechargeable batteries are recommended for longer life and lower cost over time.

Operating Temperature Range -30°C to +50°C

Storage Temperature Range -30°C to +50°C

Dimensions

Console: 355 x 270 x 165 mm *Charger:* 120 x 95 x 55mm

Weights

Console: 5.8 kg Standard or Ancillary Rechargeable Batteries: 1.3 kg Charger: 1.1 kg

Transmitters available

IPC-9	200 W
TSQ-2E	750 W
TSQ-3	3 kW
TSQ-4	10 kW



In Canada

222 Snidercroft Rd.	Tel.: (905) 669-2280
Concord, Ontario	Fax: (905) 669-6403
Canada, L4K 1B5	Telex: (905) 06-964570
in the li S A	

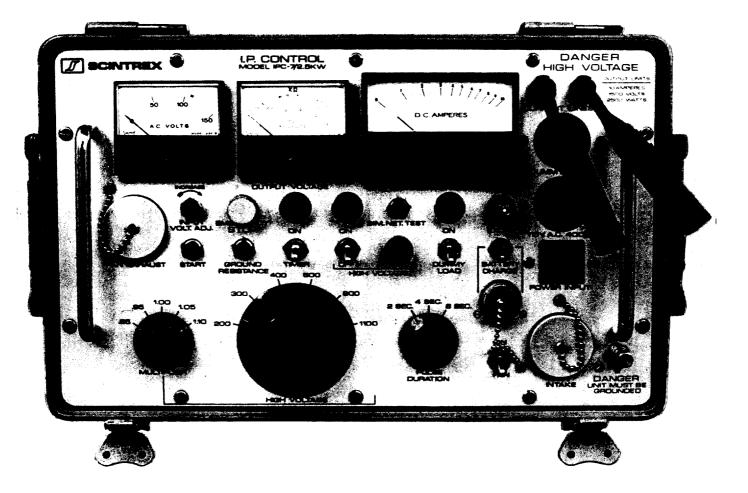
In the U.S.A.

85 River Rock Drive	Tel.:	(716) 298-1219
Unit # 202	Fax:	(716) 298-1317
Buffalo, N.Y.		
U.S.A. 14207		

IPR-12/94

SCINTREX IPC-7/2.5kW

Induced Polarization and Commutated DC Resistivity Transmitter System



Function

The IPC-7/2.5 kW is a medium power transmitter system designed for time domain induced polarization or commutated DC resistivity work. It is the standard power transmitting system used on most surveys under a wide variety of geophysical, topographical and climatic conditions.

The system consists of three modules: A Transmitter Console containing a transformer and electronics, a Motor Generator and a Dummy Load mounted in the Transmitter Console cover. The purpose of the Dummy Load is to accept the Motor Generator output during those parts of the cycle when current is not transmitted into the ground, in order to improve power output and prolong engine life.

The favourable power-weight ratio and compact design of this system make it portable and highly versatile for use with a wide variety of electrode arrays.

Features

Maximum motor generator output, 2.5 kW; maximum power output, 1.85 kW; maximum current output, 10 amperes; maximum voltage output, 1210 volts DC.

Removable circuit boards for ease in servicing.

Automatic on-off and polarity cycling with selectable cycling rates so that the optimum pulse time (frequency) can be selected for each survey.

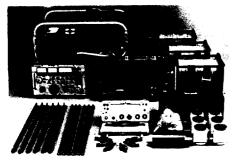
The overload protection circuit protects the instrument from damage in case of an overload or short in the current dipole circuit.

The open loop circuit protects workers by automatically cutting off the high voltage in case of a break in the current dipole circuit. Both the primary and secondary of the transformer are switch selectable for power matching to the ground load. This ensures maximum power efficiency.

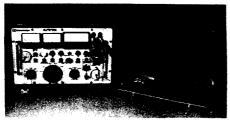
The built-in ohmmeter is used for checking the external circuit resistance to ensure that the current dipole circuit is grounded properly before the high voltage is turned on. This is a safety feature and also allows the operator to select the proper output voltage required to give an adequate current for a proper signal at the receiver.

The programmer is crystal controlled for the very high stability required for broadband (spectral) induced polarization measurements using the Scintrex IPR-11 Broadband Time Domain Receiver.

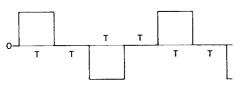
Technical Description of IPC-7/2.5 kW Transmitter System



Complete 2.5kW induced polarization system including motor-generator, reels with wire, tool kit, porous pots, simulator circuit, copper sulphate. IPR-8 receiver, dummy load, transmitter, electrodes and clips.



IPC-7 / 2.5kW transmitter console with lid and dummy load.



Time Domain Waveform

SCINTREX

Transmitter Console	
Maximum Output Power	1.85 kW maximum, defined as VI when cur rent is on, into a resistive load
Output Current	10 amperes maximum
Output Voltage	Switch selectable up to 1210 volts DC
Automatic Cycle Timing	T:T:T;T; on:off:on:off
Automatic Polarity Change	Each 2T
Pulse Durations	Standard: $T = 2,4$ or 8 seconds, switch selectable Optional: $T = 1,2,4$ or 8 seconds, switch selectable Optional: $T = 8,16,32$ or 64 seconds, switch selectable
Voltage Meter	1500 volts full scale logarithmic
Current Meter	Standard: 10.0 A full scale logarithmic Optional: 0.3, 1.0, 3.0 or 10.0 A full scale linear, switch selectable
Period Time Stability	Crystal controlled to better than .01%
Operating Temperature Range	-30°C to +55°C
Overload Protection	Automatic shut-off at output current above 10.0 A
Open Loop Protection	Automatic shut-off at current below 100 m
Undervoltage Protection	Automatic shut-off at output voltage less than 95 V
Dimensions	280 mm x 460 mm x 310 mm
Weight	30 kg
Shipping Weight	41 kg includes reusable wooden crate
Motor Generator	
Maximum Output Power	2.5 kVA, single phase
Output Voltage	110 V AC
Output Frequency	400 Hz
Motor	4 stroke, 8 HP Briggs & Stratton
Weight	59 kg
Shipping Weight	90 kg includes reusable wooden crate

222 Snidercroft Road Concord Ontario Canada L4K 1B5

Telephone: (416) 669-2280 Cable: Geoscint Toronto Telex: 06-964570 Geophysical and Geochemical Instrumentation and Services

î.

i.

L

ł

à



Time and Frequency Domain IP and Resistivity Transmitter

Function

The TSQ-3 is a multi-frequency, square wave transmitter suitable for induced polarization and resistivity measurements in either the time or frequency domain. The unit is powered by a separate motorgenerator.

The favourable power/weight ratio and compact design of this system make it portable and highly versatile for use with a wide variety of electrode arrays. The medium range power rating is sufficient for use under most geophysical conditions.

The TSQ-3 has been designed primarily for use with the Scintrex Time Domain and Frequency Domain Receivers, for combined induced polarization and resistivity measurements, although it is compatible with most standard time domain and frequency domain receivers. It is also compatible with the Scintrex Commutated DC Resistivity Receivers for resistivity surveying. The TSQ-3 may also be used as a very low frequency electromagnetic transmitter.

Basically the transmitter functions as follows. The motor turns the generator (alternator) which produces 800 Hz, three phase, 230 V AC. This energy is transformed upwards according to a front panel voltage setting by a large transformer housed in the TSQ-3. The resulting AC is then rectified in a rectifier bridge. Commutator switches then control the DC voltage output according to the waveform and frequency selected. Excellent output current stability is ensured by a unique, highly efficient technique based on control of the phase angle of the three phase input power.

Features

Current outputs up to 10 amperes, voltage outputs up to 1500 volts, maximum power 3000 VA.

Solid state design for both power switching and electronic timing control circuits.

Circuit boards are removable for easy servicing.

Switch selectable wave forms: square wave continuous for frequency domain and square wave interrupted with automatic polarity change for time domain.

Switch selectable frequencies and pulse times.

Overload, underload and thermal protection for maximum safety.

Digital readout of output current.

Programmer is crystal controlled for very high stability.

Low loss, solid state output current regulation over broad range of load and input voltage variations.

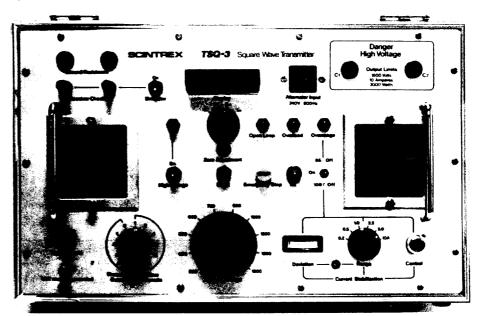
Rectifier circuit is protected against transients.

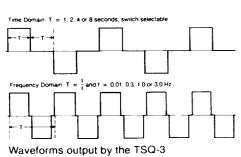
Excellent power/weight ratio and efficiency.

Designed for field portability; motor-generator is installed on a convenient frame and is easily man-portable. The transmitter is housed in an aluminum case.

The motor-generator consists of a reliable Briggs and Stratton four stroke engine coupled to a brushless permanent magnet alternator.

New motor-generator design eliminates need for time domain dummy load.





Technical Description of TSQ-3/3000W Time and Frequency Domain IP and Resistivity Transmitter



TSQ-3 transmitter with portable motor generator unit



222 Snidercroft Road Concord Ontario Canada L4K 1B5

Telephone: (416) 669-2280 Telex: 06-964570 FAX: (416) 669-5132 Cable: Geoscint Toronto

Geophysical and Geochemical Instrumentation and Services

Output Power	3000 VA maximum	
Output Voltages	300, 400, 500, 600, 750, 900, 1050, 1200, 1350 and 1500 volts, switch selectable	
Output Current	10 amperes maximum	
Output Current Stability	Automatically controlled to within $\pm 0.1\%$ for up to 50% external load variation or up to $\pm 10\%$ input voltage variation	
Digital Display	Light emitting diodes permit display up to 1999 with variable decimal point; switch selectable to read input voltage, output current, external circuit resistance. Dual current range, switch selectable	
Absolute Accuracy	± 3% of full range	
Current Reading Resolution	10 mA on coarse range (0-10A) 1 mA on fine range (0-2A)	
Frequency Domain Waveform	Square wave, continuous with approximately 6% off time at polarity change	
Frequency Domain Frequencies	Standard: 0.033, 0.1, 0.3, 1.0 and 3.0 Hz, switch selectable Optional: any number of frequencies in range 0 to 5 Hz.	
Time Domain Cycle Timing	t:t:t:t,on:off:on:off;automatic	
Time Domain Polarity Change	each 2t; automatic	
Time Domain Pulse Durations	Standard: t = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 or 32 seconds Optional: any other timings	
Period Time Stability	Crystal controlled to better than .01%. An optional high stability clock provides stabilization to better than 1 ppm over -20/ + 50° C.	
Efficiency	.78	
Operating Temperature Range	-30° C to + 50° C	
Overload Protection	Automatic shut-off at 3300 VA	
Underload Protection	Automatic shut-off at current below 100 mA	
Thermal Protection	Automatic shut-off at internal temperature of + 85° C	
Dimensions	350 mm x 530 mm x 320 mm	
Weight	25.0 kg.	
Power Source		
Туре	Motor flexibly coupled to alternator and installed on a frame with carrying handles.	
Motor	Briggs and Stratton, four stroke, 8 H.P.	
Alternator	Permanent magnet type, 800 Hz, three phase 230 V AC.	
Output Power	3500 VA maximum	
Dimensions	520 mm x 715 mm x 560 mm	
Weight	72.5 kg.	
Total System		
Shipping Weight	150 kg includes transmitter console, motor generator, connecting cables and re-usable wooden crates.	

APPENDIX B

🛞 Onta	rlo
--------	-----

Ministry of Northern Development and Mines

Declaration of Assessment Work Performed on Mining Land

Mining Act, Subsection 65(2) and 66(3), R.S.O. 1990

Bingaction Num 2 00 rch im

42A05NE2002 2.18168 WHITESIDES of subsections 65(2) and 66(3) of the Mining Act. Under section 8 of the review the assessment work and correspond with the mining land holder. Recorder, Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, 6th Floor,

Instructions: - For work performed on Crown Lands before recording a claim, use form 0240. - Please type or print in ink.

. c

900

1. Recorded holder(s) (Attach a list if necessary) Name John Peter Huot	Client Number 146 892
Address Box 106, 36 Maple Sheet Timmins Ou	Telephone Number 705 267-6464
PAN 7HG	Fax Number 264 - 3260
Name	Client Number
Address	Telephone Number
	Fax Number

2. Type of work performed: Check (~) and report on only ONE of the following groups for this declaration.

assays and work under section 1	- (- 3 /	Ssociated assays Office Use
Work Type Included Polential	(spectral) Survey	Commodity
<i>y</i>		Total \$ Value of # 5855
Dates Work From OB 34 199 Performed Day Month Year	a latenth Ver	NTS Reference
Global Positioning System Data (if available)	Township/Area White sides	Mining Division forcuptine
	M or G-Plan Number Cr 32.3 C	Resident Geologist District
- complete and	notice to surface rights holdors be	

3. Person or companies who prepared the technical report (Attach a list if necessary)

	Telephone Number
Name Aleksander Sauce M.S. JVX Limited	(905) 731-0972
Address 60 West Wilmot Street Richmond Hill Out	Fax Number (905) 731-9312
Name	Telephone Number
	Fax Number
Address	Pax Number
	Telephone Number
Name	ED
Address	Fax Number VED
	FEB 17 1998.00
Address Address 4. Certification by Recorded Holder or Agent I,, do hereby certify the (Print Name) forth in this Declaration of Assessment Work having caused the work to forth in this Declaration of Assessment Work having caused the enpered	
or after its completion and, to the best of my knowledge, the annexed	report is true.
Signature of Recorded Holder or Agent	Date 12 Feb 98
Agent's Address 19. Berry HILL AV. Waterclown On (905)	Number Fax Number 684-6276 (905) 690 - 2175
0241 (02/00) Anned. Mars 18/9	8

FEB-19-98	03:52 AM	PETERVAMOS
-----------	----------	------------

7052645955

5. Work to be recorded and distributed. Work can only be assigned to claims that are contiguous (adjoining) to the mining land where work was performed, at the time work was performed. A map showing the configuous link MUSE accompany this form.

Mining Claim Number. Or if work was done on other eligi mining land, show in this column the location number indicated on the staim map.	Number of Ciai Ible Units. For other mining land, list hectares.	performed on this	Value of work applied to this claim,	Value of work assigned to other mining claims.	Bank. Value of work to be discributed at a future date.	Jenar Ler
eg TB 7827	18 ha	\$28, \$25	N/A	\$24,000	\$2,825	•
ng 1234567	12	0	\$24,000	0	0	
•g 1234568	2	§ 8, 892	\$ 4,000	0	\$4,892	/
1 1204587	4	1,172			9 7.172 V	/
2 112893	т з	1,682 PI	V		1,6839.7	0/
3						
4						
5						
0						
7						
•					,	
P	-		CEIVEL			
10		1 1 1				
11	_		Ed 17 1558			
12		02030	ENCE ASSESSME	NT		
13						
14	_					
16						
	Column Totala	\$ 9,855		ļ	\$ 8,9	

I. <u>Peter</u>, <u>Volumos</u>, do hereby certify that the above work credits are eligible under subsection 7 (1) of the Assessment Work Regulation 6/96 for assignment to contiguous claims or for application to the claim where the work was done.

P	Dele 12 EL 4B

6. Instructions for cutting back credits that are not approved.

Some of the credits claimed in this declaration may be cut back. Please check (\sim) in the boxes below to show how you wish to prioritize the deletion of credits:

1. Credits are to be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option 2 or 3 or 4 as indicated.

 \square 2. Credits are to be cut back starting with the claims listed last, working backwards; or

3. Credits are to be cut back equally over all claims listed in this declaration; or

4. Credite are to be cut back as prioritized on the attached appendix or as follows (describe):

Note: If you have not indicated how your credits are to be deleted, credits will be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option number 2 if necessary.

Received Blamp	Desmad Approved Data	Date Nuch	allan Bern
	Date Approved	Yotal Value	of Credit Approved
	Approved for Recording by Mining Re	corder (Signature)	-
FEB 18 '98 15:54		7052645955	PAGE.01

Note: If you have not indicated how your credits are to be deleted, credits will be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option number 2 if necessary.

For Office Use Only		
Received Stamp	Deemed Approved Date	Date Notification Sent
	Date Approved	Total Value of Credit Approved
	Approved for Recording by Mining Re	ecorder (Signature)
0241 (02/98)		



Ministry of Northern Development and Mines

Statement of Costs for Assessment Credit

Transaction Number (office use)

Mines, 6th Floor, 933 Ramsey Lake Road, Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 6B5.

Units of Work Work Type Depending on the type of work, list the number of hours/days worked, metres of drilling, kilometres of grid line, number of samples, etc.		Cost Per Unit of work	Total Cost	
Induced Polential spect.	3.625km	5 2.207/km	7,999	
Induced Polenhial Spect. Repust			BSE	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Associated Costs (e.g. supplies,	mobilization and demobilization).			
			•	
			•	
Transpo	ortation Costs			
	N/A			
	·····			
Food a	nd Lodging Costs			
······································	N/A			
	Total Value o	f Assessment Work	8,855	

Calculations of Filing Discounts:

- 1. Work filed within two years of performance is claimed at 100% of the above Total Value of Assessment Work. 2. If work is filed after two years and up to five years after performance, it can only be claimed at 50% of the Total
- 2. If work is filed after two years and up to five years after performance, it can only be claimed at 50% of the rotal Value of Assessment Work. If this situation applies to your claims, use the calculation below:

TOTAL MALLIE OF ACCECCHENT WORK	× 0.50 =	Total \$ value of worked claimed.
TOTAL VALUE OF ASSESSMENT WORK	x 0.50 =	I ULAI & VAILLE UI WOIKEL CIAITIEL.

HOID'

Signature	Date
Fet D	12 Fx 6 48

Ministry of Northern Development and Mines Ministère du Développement du Nord et des Mines

May 8, 1998

JOHN PETER HUOT 36 MAPLE STREET, SOUTH TIMMINS, ONTARIO P4N-7H9



Geoscience Assessment Office 933 Ramsey Lake Road 6th Floor Sudbury, Ontario P3E 6B5

Telephone: (888) 415-9846 Fax: (705) 670-5881

Dear Sir or Madam:

Submission Number: 2.18168

		Status
Subject: Transaction Number(s):	W9860.00120	Deemed Approval

We have reviewed your Assessment Work submission with the above noted Transaction Number(s). The attached summary page(s) indicate the results of the review. WE RECOMMEND YOU READ THIS SUMMARY FOR THE DETAILS PERTAINING TO YOUR ASSESSMENT WORK.

If the status for a transaction is a 45 Day Notice, the summary will outline the reasons for the notice, and any steps you can take to remedy deficiencies. The 90-day deemed approval provision, subsection 6(7) of the Assessment Work Regulation, will no longer be in effect for assessment work which has received a 45 Day Notice.

Please note any revisions must be submitted in DUPLICATE to the Geoscience Assessment Office, by the response date on the summary.

If you have any questions regarding this correspondence, please contact Steve Beneteau by e-mail at benetest@epo.gov.on.ca or by telephone at (705) 670-5855.

Yours sincerely,

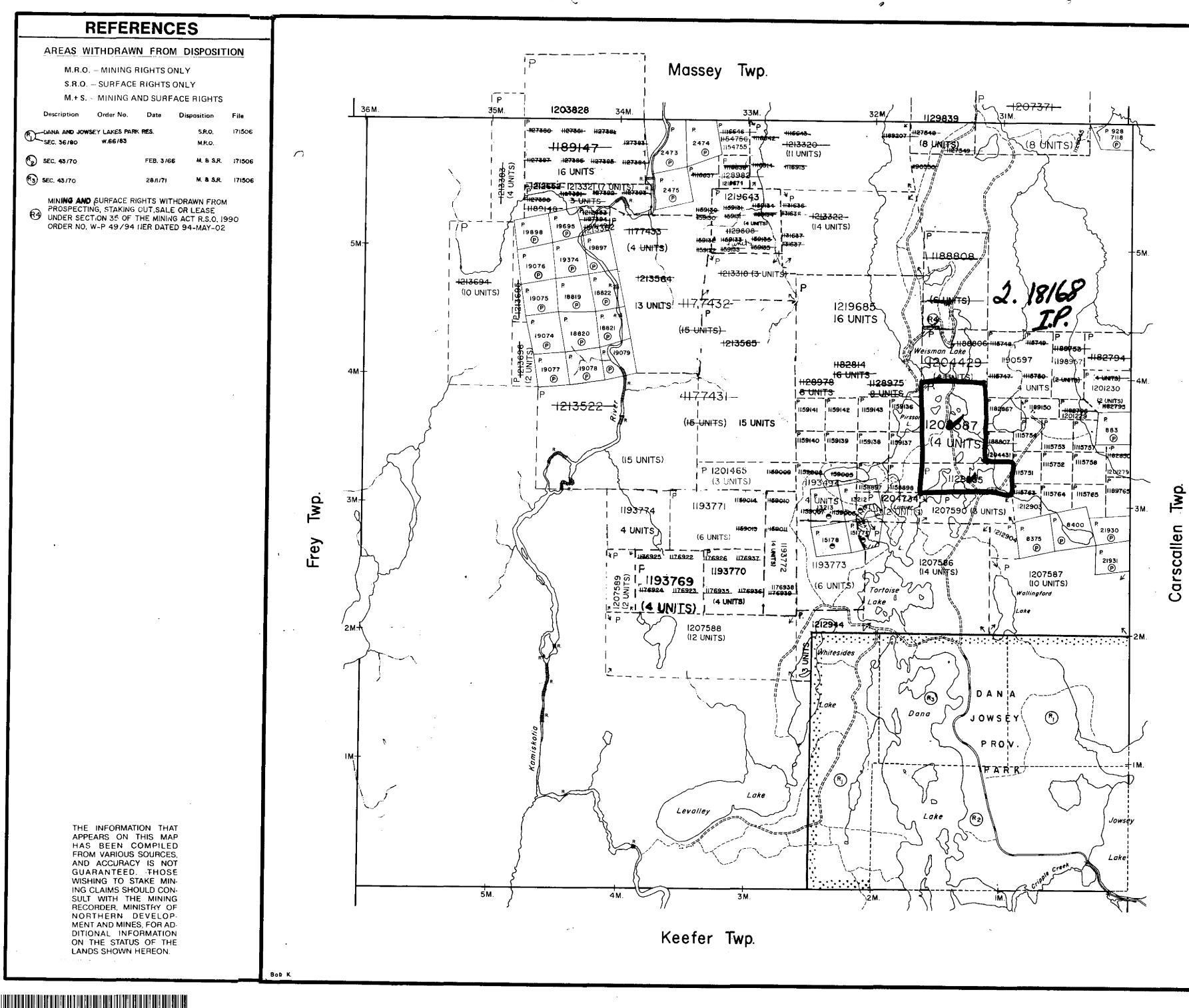
a Ha

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY Blair Kite Supervisor, Geoscience Assessment Office Mining Lands Section

Work Report Assessment Results

Date Correspond	dence Sent: May 08	, 1998	Assessor:Steve Beneteau				
Transaction Number	First Claim Number	Township(s) / Area(s)	Status	Approval Date			
W9860.00120	1204587	WHITESIDES	Deemed Approval	April 29, 1998			
Section: 14 Geophysical IF	5						
Correspondence	e to:		Recorded Holder(s)	and/or Agent(s):			
Resident Geologis	st		Peter J. Vamos				
South Porcupine,	ON		WATERDOWN, ON				
Assessment Files	Library		JOHN PETER HUC	т			
Sudbury, ON	-		TIMMINS, ONTARIO)			

.



DE .

Ć.

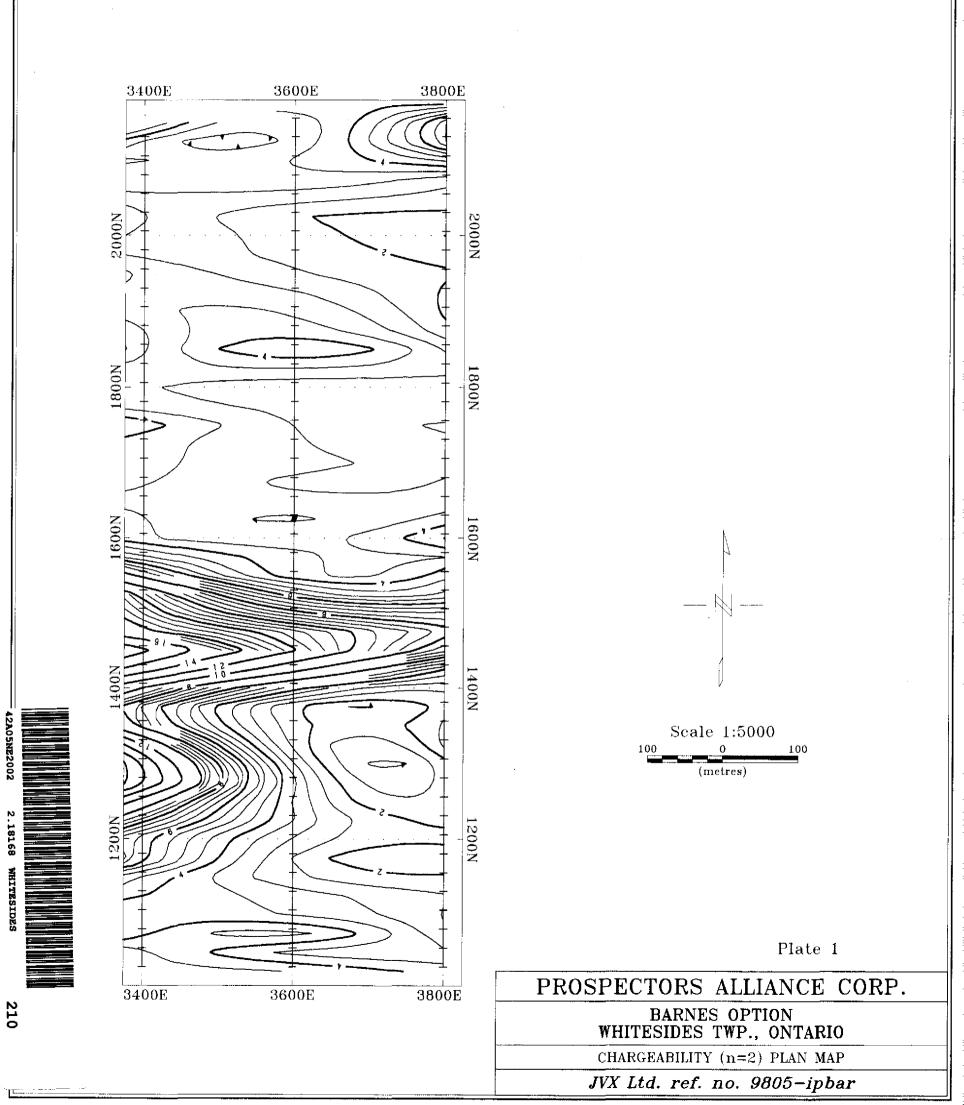
42A05NE2002 2.18168 WHITESIDES

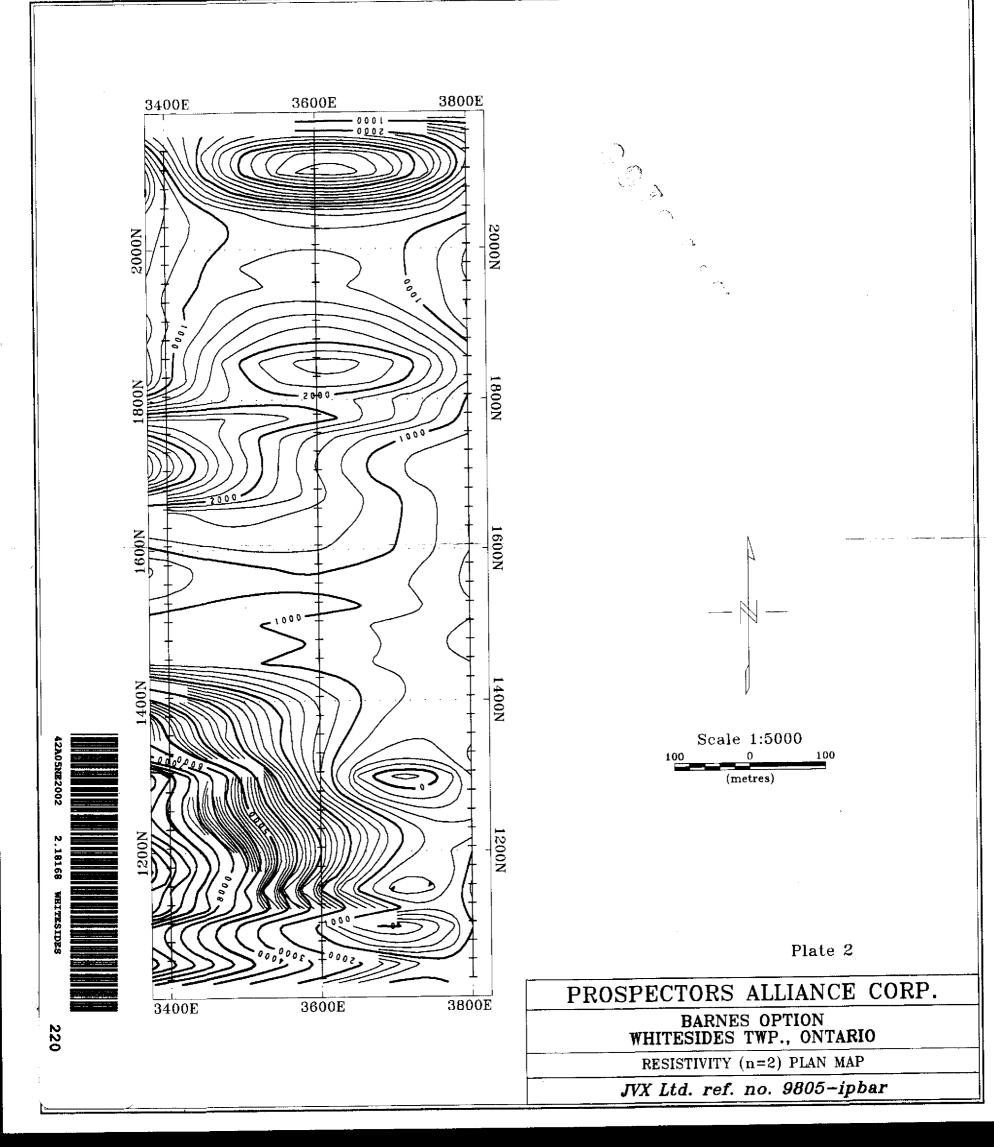
200

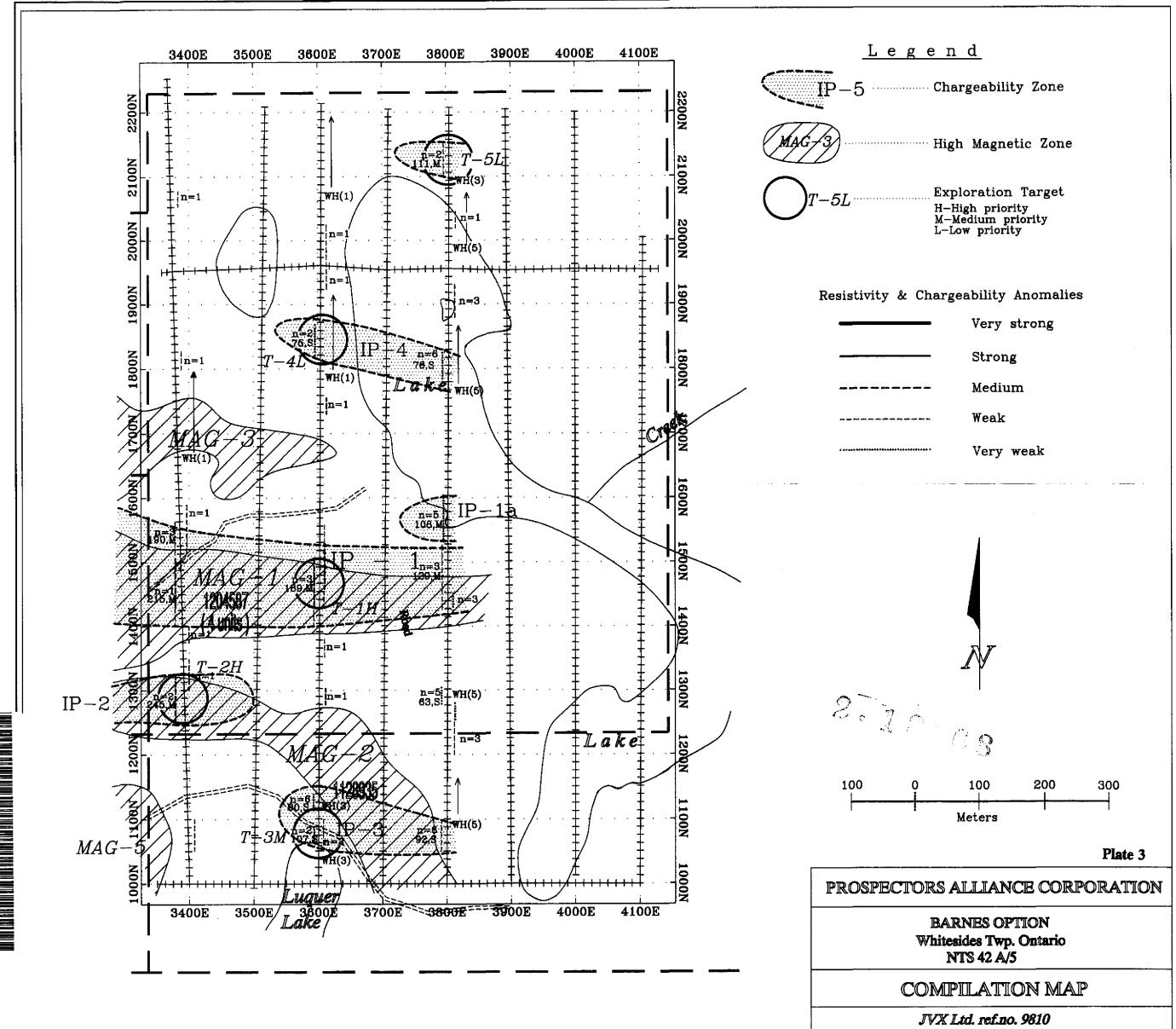
LEG	END	
HIGHWAY AND ROUTE No.		<u>^</u>
OTHER ROADS		
TRAILS SURVEYED LINES:	<u> </u>	
TOWNSHIPS, BASE LINES		
LOTS, MINING CLAIMS, P UNSURVEYED LINES	ARCELS, ETC	
+LOT LINES		
MINING CLAIMS ETC		
RAILWAY AND RIGHT OF W	/AY +	·
UTILITY LINES NON-PERENNIAL STREAM	-0	
FLOODING OR FLOODING F	иднтя 🎞	
SUBDIVISION OR COMPOSIT	TE PLAN	
RESERVATIONS ORIGINAL SHORELINE		
MARSH OR MUSKEG	<u> </u>	
MINES TRAVERSE MONUMENT		×
	·	
DISPOSITION O	F CROWN	LANDS
TYPE OF DOCUMENT	<u> </u>	SYMBOL
PATENT, SURFACE & MININ	G RIGHTS	
" SURFACE RIGHTS (ONLY	•
// , MINING RIGHTS ON LEASE, SURFACE & MINING		
" SURFACE RIGHTS ON	ILY	
", MINING RIGHTS ONL		
LICENCE OF OCCUPATION ORDER-IN-COUNCIL		
RESERVATION		
CANCELLED		
NOTE: MINING RIGHTS IN PARC		Ŭ
1913, VESTED, IN ORIGIN LANDS ACT, R.S.O. 1970	NAL PATENTEE B	Y THE PUBLIC
SCALE: 1 INCH = 40 CHAI	INS	
FEET		
	000 6000	8000
0 200 1000 METRES (1KM)	(2)	00 < M)
DATE OI	FISSUE	
MAY	5 1998	
PROVINCIAL	RECORDING	
TOWNSHIP OFFICE -		
WHITESI	DES	
M.N.R. ADMINISTRATIVE	DISTRICT	
	~~~~	
TIMMINS		1
MINING DIVISION		
PORCUPINE		
LAND TITLES / REGISTRY	DIVISION	
COCHRANE		
Ministry of	Land	
Natural	Land Manageme	ent
Resources		1
Ontario		
Date FEBRUARY 1985	Number	
ACTIVATED JUNE 30, 1992	6-7	230
BY D.C.		

Ŷ

•

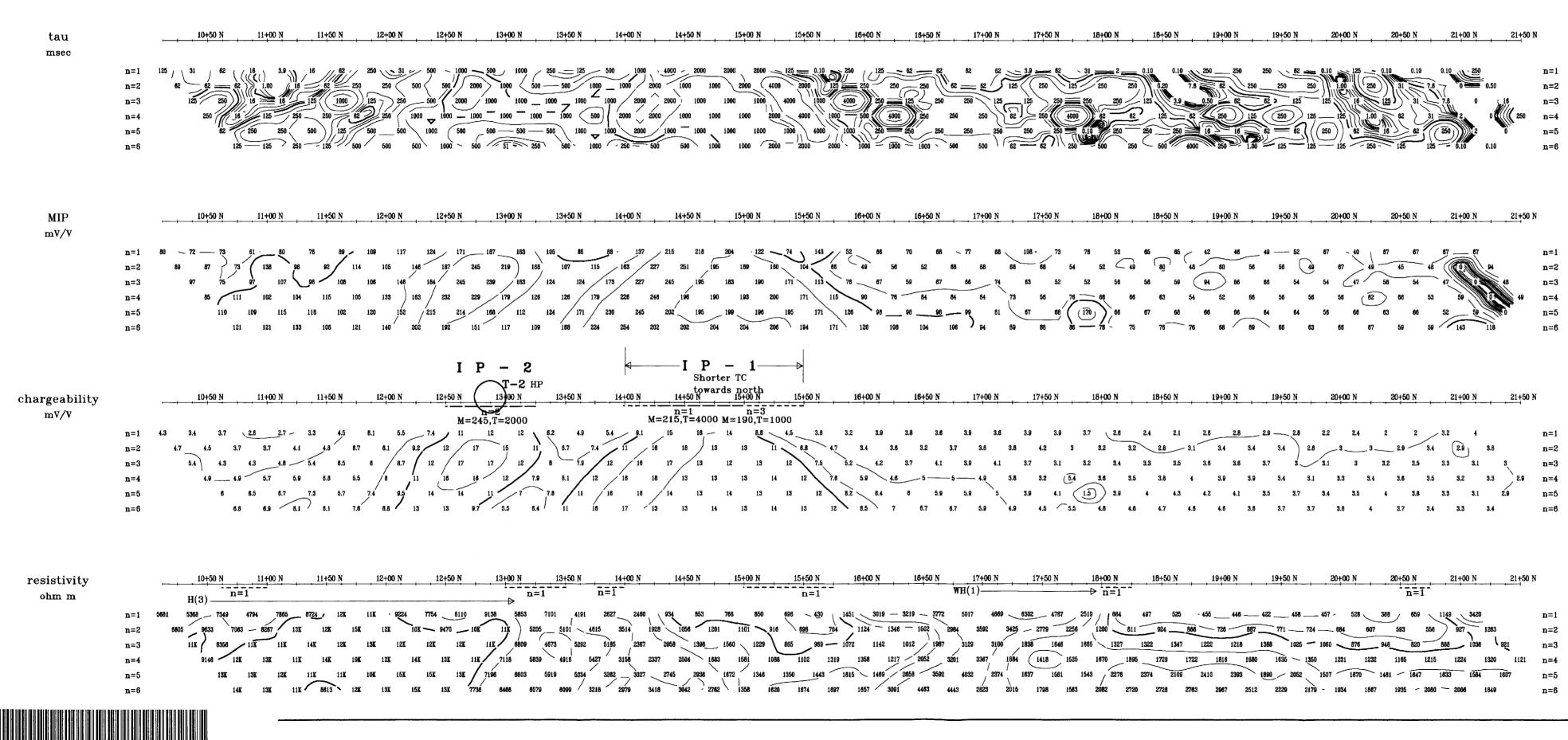






002 2.18168 WHITESIDES

230



42A05NE2002 2.18168

WHITESIDES 240

# tau msec

MIP

mV/V

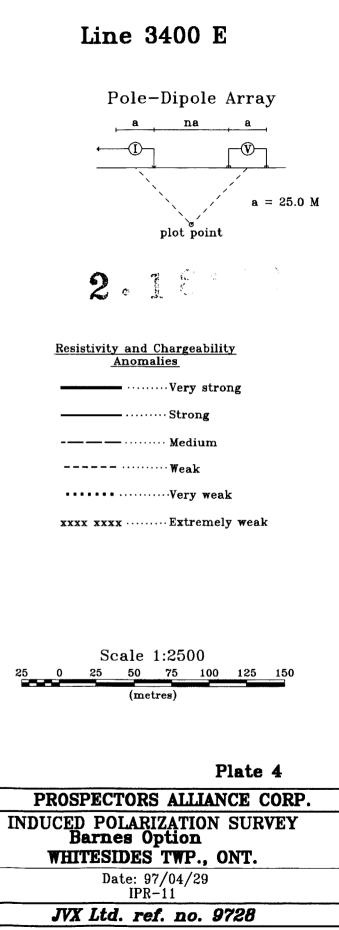
N	16+50 N	17 <b>+00</b> N	17+50 N	18+00 N	18+50 N	19+00 N	19+50 N	20+00 N	20+50 N	21+00 N 21	+50 N
-											
56	70 68	77 68	108 - 73	76 53	65 65	42 46	_ 49 52	67 - 40	67 67	67 67	n=1
	56 52	68 68 68	68 54	52 49	⁽ 80) 48	60 56	56 49	67 49	45 48	(C) 94	n=2
17	59 67	66 74	63 52	52 56	56 59 (	94 66	66 54	54 47	56 54	47 0 48	n=3
_	76 84	84 84 75	3 58 78	66 66	63 54	52 66	56 56	56 (82	66 53	59	49 n=4
. 94	98	99 81 \	67 68 (	(170) ) 66	67 68	66 66	64 64	56 66	63 66	52 59 0	n=5
	108 104	106 94 85	36 88 ¢	<b>—</b> 78 - 75	76 76	68 59	66 63	66 67	59 59	143 118	n=6

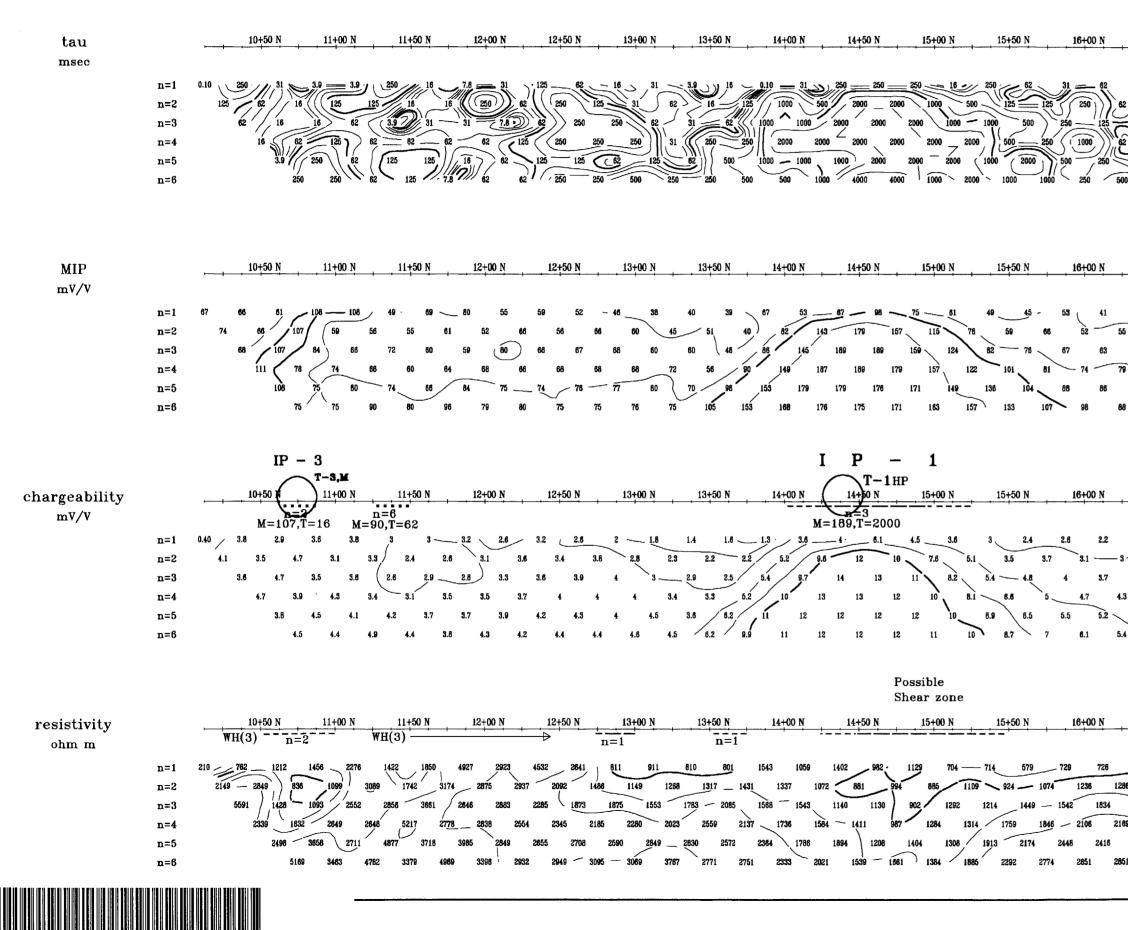
N,	16+50 N	17+00 N	17+50 N	18+00 N	18+50 N	19+00 N	19+50 N	20+00 N	20+50 N	21+00 N	21+50 N	chargeability mV/V
3.9 3.1	3.8 3.6 5 3.2	3.9 3.6 3.7 3.6 3.				2.8 2.8 3.4 3.4	\	2.2 2.4	2 2 2.9 3.4	3.2 4	n=1 n=2	

00 N	16+50 N	17+00 N WH(1)	17+50 N	18+00 N → n=1	18+50 N	19+00 N	19+50 N	20+00 N	20+50 N	21+00 N 2	1+50 N →	resistivity ohm m	
24 - 1 1142 58 1 - 1489	1012 1987 217 2052 3 2858 3592	5017 4669 984 3592 34 3129 3100 201 3387 18 4032 2374 443 2823 20	1838 1646 84 1418 152 1637 1561	1665 <u>1327</u> 25 1670 186 1543 2278	2374 2109	8 728 88 1222 1218 1222 18 1816 168 2410 2393	1890 2052	4 684 607 1060 878 0 1231 123 1507 1870	946 820 12 1165 1215 1481 - 1647	888 1036 921 5 1224 1320 1 1633 1584 1607	n=1 n=2 n=3 1121 n=4 n=5 n=6		IN

- (Î)-----

- <u>— — … Medium</u> ----Weak

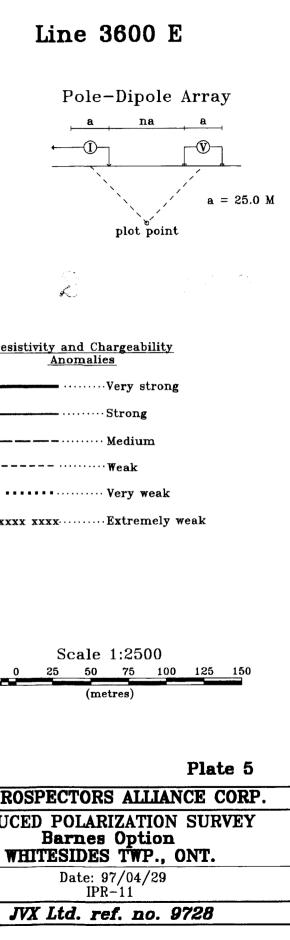


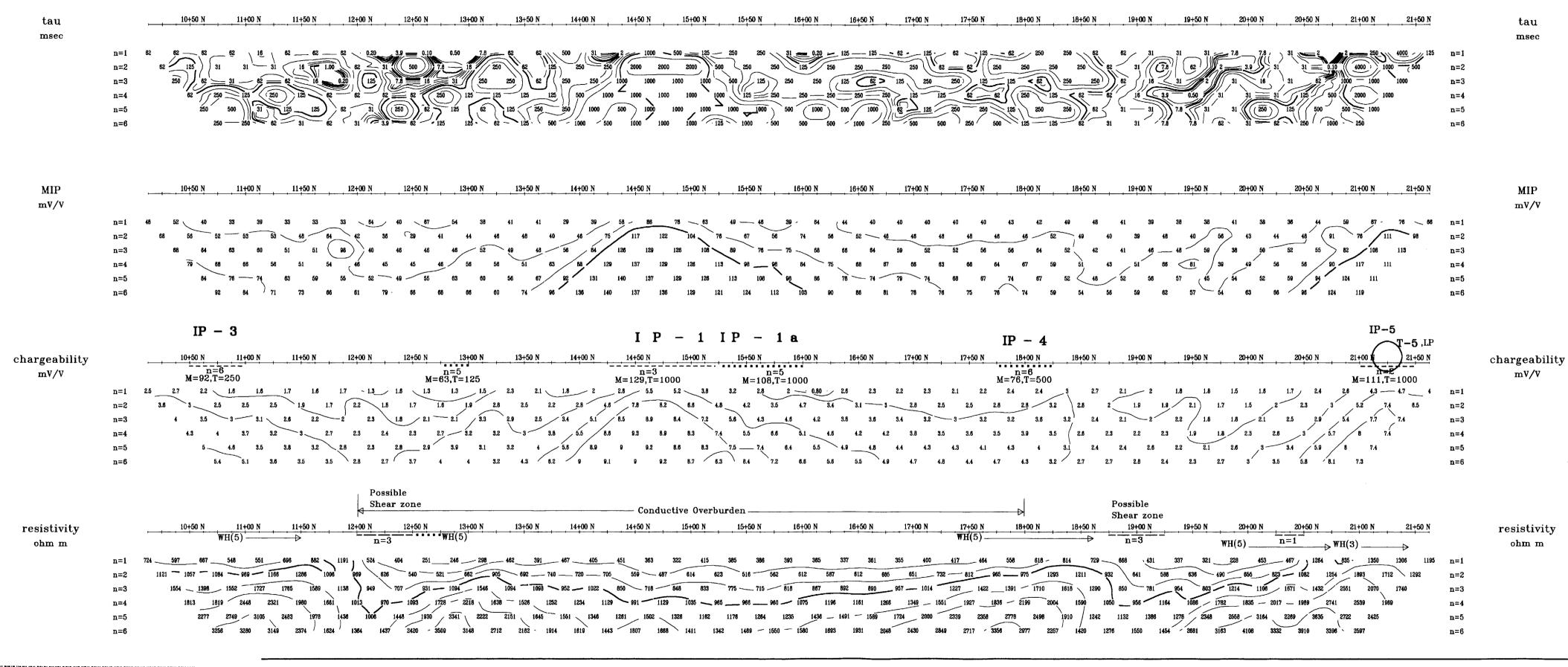


42A05NE2002 2.18168

WHITESIDES 250

		Line 3
18+50 N 17+00 N 17+50 N 18+00 N 18+50 N 19+00 N 19+50 N 20+00 N 20+50 N 21+00 N 21+50 N	tau	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	msec n=1 n=2 n=3 n=4 n=5 n=6	Pole <u>a</u> <u>(</u> ) () ()
<u>16+50 N 17+00 N 17+50 N 18+00 N 18+50 N 19+00 N 19+50 N 20+00 N 20+50 N 21+50 N 21+50 N</u>	MIP mV/V	stration €
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	n=1 n=2 n=3 n=4 n=5	<u>Resistivity and Ch</u> <u>Anomalic</u>
	n=6	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	chargeability mV/V	xxxx xxxx
22       2.5       2.4       2.6       2.2       2.3       2.7       4       3.3       3.2       3.1       2.1       2.1       2       2.9       3.7       3.7       3.7       3.4       2.9       1         -3       3.1       2.9       3.2       3.1       2.1       2.1       2       2.9       3.7       3.7       3.7       3.4       2.9       1         -3       3.1       2.9       3.2       3.1       2.1       2.1       2       2.9       3.7       3.7       3.7       3.4       2.9       1       1       2.9       3.5       3.5       3.1       3.3       3.1       3.1       2.1       2.1       2.9       3.5       3.5       3.1       3.3       3.1       3.3       1       3.3       3.4       2.9       2.5       2.3       2.2       2.1       2.9       3.5       3.5       3.1       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.4       3.5       3.4       3.9       3.5       3.1       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3       3.3	n=1 n=2 n=3 n=4 n=5	
5.4 5.2 5.2 4.9 4.8 4.4 4.8 4.3 3.9 3.9 4 4.1 4 3.9 3.2 3.4 3.7 3.6 3.5 2.9 1	n=6	Scale 25 0 25 50 (me
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	resistivity ohm m	
	n=1	PROSPECTOR
1693 1895 1672 1828 1946 2450 2008 2319 2512 1964 2202 1799 1742 1689 1617 1327 1394 1546 2265 2427 1756 1	n=2 n=3 n=4	INDUCED POLAR Barnes WHITESIDES
	n=5 n=6	Date: 9 IPF







42A05NE2002 2.18168

WHITESIDES 260



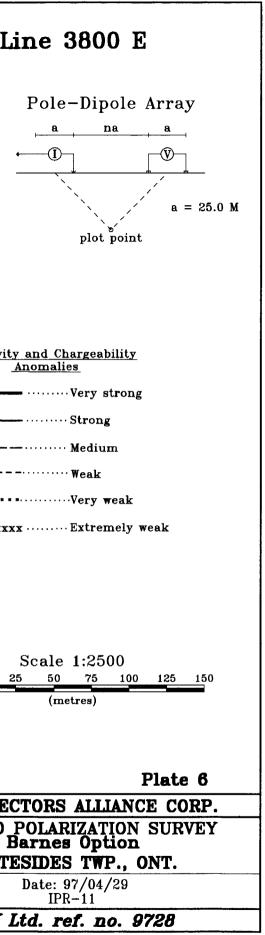
tau

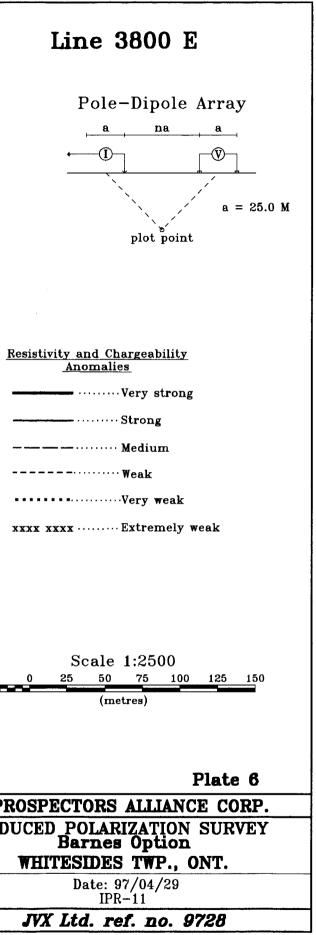
msec

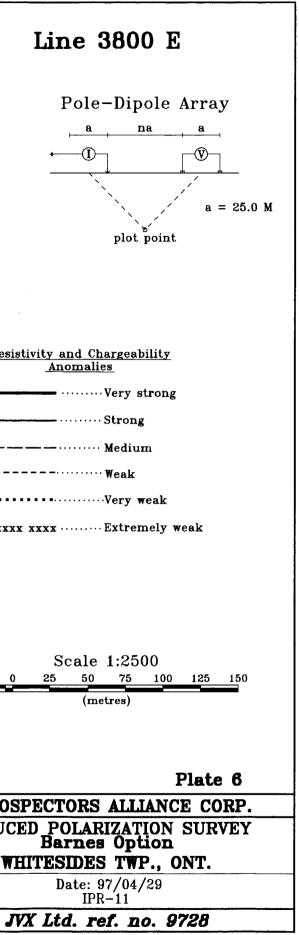
MIP

mV/V

mV/V







25

PROSPECTO	R
INDUCED POL Barr	.A
WHITESH	)I
Dat	е: П

										IP-5	
				IP – 4						<b>Т-5</b> ,LP	
	16+50 N	17+00 N	17+50 N	18+00 N	18 <b>+50</b> N	19+00 N	19+50 N	20+00 N	20+50 N	21+00 <b>x</b> 21+50 N	
				n=6 M=76,T=500							
				M=76,T=500						M=111,T=1000	
シン	2.6 2.3	2.2 2.3	2.1 2.2	2.4 2.4	32.7	2.1 2	1.8 1.8	1.5 1.6	1.7 2.4	2.8 4.3 - 4.7 4	n=1
3.4	3.1 3	2.8 2	.5 2.5	2.8 2.8 3.2	2.8	2 1.9	1.9 2.1 1.	.7 1.5 2	2.3 3	5.2 7.4 6.5	n=2
	3.6 3.6	3.4 3.2	3-3.2	3.2 3.6	<b>3.2</b> ⁾ 2.4	2.1 2	2.2 1.8	1.8 2.1	2.5 2.9	5.4 7.7 7.4	n=3
4.6	3 <b>4.2 4</b> .3	2 <b>3.8 3</b>	.5 3.6	3.5 3.9 3.5	( 2.6	2.8 2.2	2.3 1.9 1.	.8 2.3 2.6	5.7 کړ کا	8 7.4	n=4
	4.9 4.8	4.4 4.3	4.3 4.1	4.3 4	3.1 2.4	2.4 2.6	2.2 2.1	2.6 ,8-	3.4 5.9	8 7.4	<b>n=5</b>
5.6	5.5 4.1	9 4.7 4	.8 4.4	4.7 4.5 3.2	2.7	2.7 2.8	2.4 2.3 2.	.7 3 3.5	5.8 8.1	7.3	<b>n=6</b>

						Possible Shear zone							
1	16+50 N	17+00 N	17+50 N	18+00 N	18+50 N	19+00 N	19+50 N	20+00 N	20+50 N	21+00 N	21+50 N		resistivity
			WH(5)			n=3	I.	¥H(5)	$\overline{n=1}$	WH(3)			ohm m
85	<b>337 36</b> 1	355 400	417 464	558 618 -	814 729	666 . 431	337 321	228 453	- 467 ) 1264	835 - 1350	1306 1195	n=1	
58	17 612 6	05 651 732	812 965	975 1293	1211 93	2 641 588	636 490	655	823 - 1082 12	54 1893 1712	1292	n=2	
87	892 890	957 1014	1227 1422	_1391 - 1710	1618 1290	850 781	- 854 803	1214 1106	1671 \ 1432	2551 2070	1740	n=3	
11	96 1161 1	86 1349 1551	1927 1836	- 2199 2004	1590 10	50 956 116	1086 178	2 1835 - 1	2017 — 1989 _ 27	41 2539 1969		n=4	
36 _	- 1491 - 1589	1724 2000	2339 2358	2778 2498	1910   1242	1132 1386	1278 2348	2558 - 3164	2269 3635	2722 2425		n=5	
16	93 1931 2	48 2430 2849	2717 - 3356	2977 2257	1420 12	76 1550 145	4 - 2681 316	3 4108	3332 3910 33	96 2597		<b>n</b> =6	