

PROSPECTORS ALLIANCE CORP.

2.18166

Geological Report

on

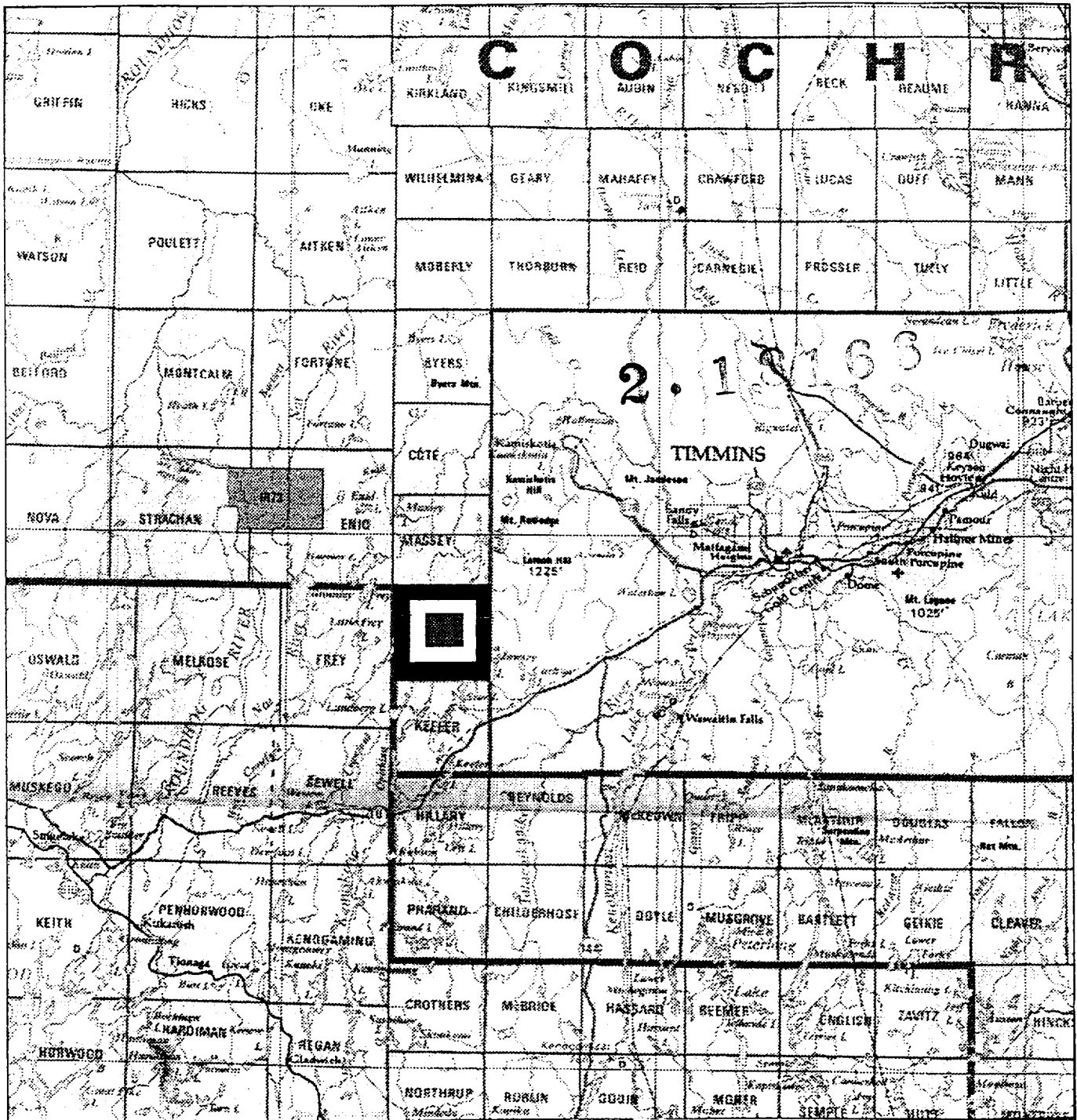
**MacKenzie Option
Whitesides Township, West Timmins.**

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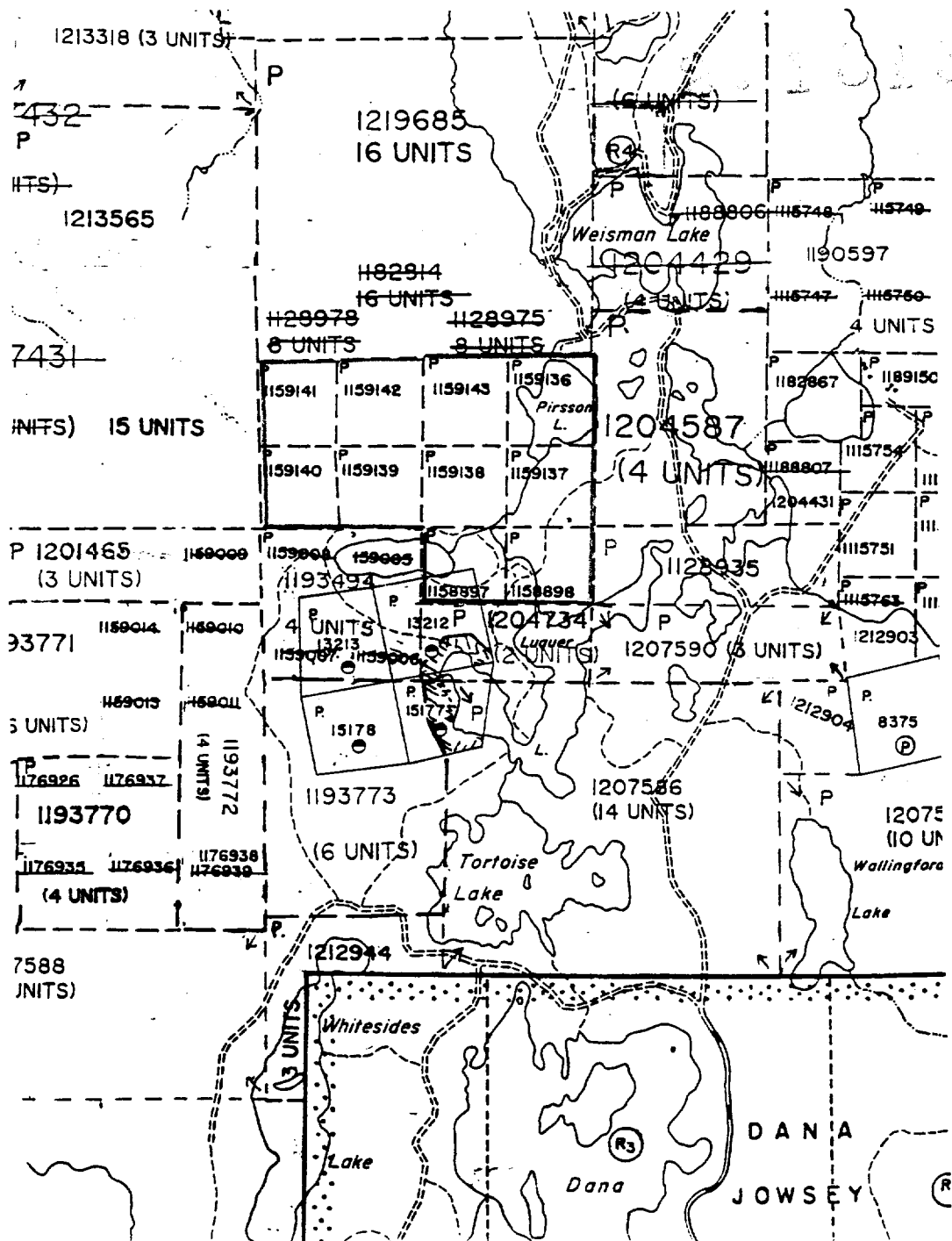
January 25 1998

**J. Goodwin M. Sc.
P. J. Vamos P. Eng.**





**PROSPECTORS ALLIANCE CORP.
TOWNSHIP LOCATION MAP**



PROSPECTORS ALLIANCE CORP.
CLAIM MAP
MCKENZIE OPTION
WHITESIDES TOWNSHIP



42A05NW2005

2.18166

WHITESIDES

010C

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SUMMARY

This property, consisting of ten claims in Whitesides Township on the west edge of the Timmins mining camp, was optioned by Prospectors Alliance Corp. The general area was explored intermittently during the last 30-35 years. Anomalous copper and nickel values were reported at a contact area between volcanic and volcanosedimentary rocks located adjacently to a large mafic intrusive complex. Geophysical and geological surveys completed for Prospectors did not provide sufficient encouragement for continued efforts at the present time.

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INTRODUCTION

The property was first acquired by Mr. L Bonhomme of Timmins from Mr. McKenzie a local geologist-pro prospector and was later turned over to Prospectors Alliance Corp. of Toronto with Prospectors honouring the terms of the agreement signed by Bonhomme and McKenzie. The property is located on the west side of the Timmins Greenstone Belt and had some, sporadic, exploration activity. The work done by the earlier explorers indicated a gold and base metal potential.

Prospectors conducted an exploration program on these claims, as part of a larger program in the West Timmins area, between March and August 1997.

The field work consisted of line cutting, magnetic surveys, and was concluded with geological mapping. An Induced Potential survey, and geochemical sampling of was carried over selected lines. The line cutting and the magnetic surveys were concluded by Exsics Exploration of Timmins. The geological mapping was conducted by Mr. John Goodwin M. Sc. Who also supervised the geochemical sampling. The analytical work on soil samples was completed by an associate of Bondar-Clegg Co. Ltd. While the Spectral Induced Potential survey was executed by JVX Ltd. of Richmond Hill. The author of this report, Peter J. Vamos of Waterdown Ont., was commissioned to manage the project. At the time of the compilation of this report all the results of the program are known to the author. The report is the result of a joint effort by Mr. Goodwin and Mr. Vamos. The sections dealing with the aspects of regional and economic geology was written by Mr. Julius Bigauskas who mapped for PAL on the adjacent property to the East.

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

The McKenzie Option consists of ten staked mining claims and as many units. The program covered an approximate 80% of the property with the exception of a narrow strip of land at the west property boundary, and an area south east of Bean Lake where surface rights over some old patents are retained by a local individual who objected to lines being cut on his property. The same applies to an area of cottages which are located just immediately south of the claims. The claims are numbered as:

P 1158897
P 1158898

P 1159139
P 1159140

P 1159136
 P 1159137
 P 1159138

P 1159141
 P 1159142
 P 1159143

LOCATION AND ACCESS

The McKenzie Option is located in the center part of Whitesides Township in the Timmins Mining Division, it covers an area between Pirsson and Bean lakes, and is approximately 1 mile north of the north boundary of the Dana Jowsey Provincial Park.

The property can be approached during the summer months by road from the City of Timmins by Highway 101 and the Dana-Jowsey park road, the latter being a well maintained gravel road most of the year, but it is not kept open for normal traffic during the winter months. A narrow logging road branching from the gravel road about 8 km. from the highway leads to the south side of the claims. A few old trails, reduced by now to walking trails can be utilized by ATV or snowmobiles in the winter.

TOPOGRAPHY, VEGETATION AND DRAINAGE

The property can be described as an area of changing topography characterized by glacial features such as eskers and boulder trains as well as small lakes, ponds and kettle ponds. The timber was cut at various times resulting in a very mixed secondary growth of dominantly poplar and birch with moderate sections of spruce and pine. The lower lying areas are overgrown by tag alders.

The drainage consists of a series of interconnected small lakes distributed in a north southerly direction.

PREVIOUS WORK

While field evidence suggests notable early work (1920-1930) in the form of several overgrown shallow trenches, no written documentation of any work from this period was found.

The earliest written documentation comes from Claw Lake Molybdenum Mines. The files date to 1968 and covers trenching, geophysical survey including IP., and by a single drill hole testing a sulphide horizon along the contact between volcanics and a gabbro, related to the Kamiskotia Complex.

In 1978 a reconnaissance geological mapping over the Smith-Morrison Claims suggested follow up work in the Bean Lake area.

Finally in 1992 D. Lalonde engaged in some stripping and trenching along with two drill holes testing a volcanic and gabbro contact as well, resulting in anomalous copper and nickel values from a narrow sulphide zone.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

In the Timmins area, Archean metavolcanics and felsic to intermediate intrusives dominate the early lithology (Pyke, 1982). Metavolcanics are divided into the Deloro and Tisdale Groups- which are structurally separated by the regionally significant Porcupine Destor Fault. The Deloro group mainly consists of lower andesitic and basaltic flows; of dacitic flows; of dacitic and rhyolitic pyroclastic rocks; and iron formation near the top of the Group. The basal portion of the Tisdale Group is dominated by ultramafic volcanic rocks and basaltic komatiites. Tholeiitic basalts and calc-alkaline (dacite) volcanoclastics complete the volcanic supracrustal sequence.

Metasedimentary wackes, siltstones and minor conglomerates form a turbidite sequence- the Porcupine Group- which is contemporaneous with the Tisdale Group and the upper part of the Deloro Group.

Archean intrusive rocks include porphyritic monzonite, porphyritic granodiorite, diorite (hornblende- and quartz-diorites); trondhjemite; small stocks and dykes of felsic composition, and quartz-feldspar porphyry dykes. Quartz-feldspar porphyry dykes are notably associated by some (eg. Karvinen, 1977) to carbonatization and gold mineralization. Archean volcanics and sediments are regionally metamorphosed to the lower or middle greenschist facies. Smaller sill-like bodies of dunite and lherzolite are nearly exclusively found within the Deloro Group. Some of these may show some differentiation to gabbro and pyroxenite near the sill roof. Gabbro, quartz gabbro and pegmatoidal gabbro may also be found in the Timmins area. Northeast-trending diabase dykes, quartz diabase and olivine diabase dykes span the ages from Early to Late Precambrian.

Overlying the Archean rocks are minor Middle Precambrian rocks of the Gowganda Formation, Cobalt Group, Huronian Supergroup (arkose, wacke, argillite, and conglomerate).

The west Timmins area includes much of the volcano-sedimentary belt extending west from the main Timmins gold camp into Bristol, Carscallen, Whitesides, Denton Townships- and parts of Keefe and Thorneloe Townships (Pyke, in prep.)

In the Kamiskotia-Whitesides area the large Kamiskotia mafic complex intrudes older, tightly folded, Archean mafic to felsic flows, agglomerates, tuffs and welded tuffs (Wolfe, 1971). These are most generally of greenschist-facies metamorphism. Contacts are generally obscured by hybrid gabbro-norite and granitic intrusions (quartz porphyry, trondhjemites, quartz monzonites in the Kamiskotia River area). Wolfe distinguished the hybrid rock as a separate unit of uncertain origin (Unit 3), while Leahy (1968) compiled and distinguished a diorite intrusive unit in the Bean Lake area- a probable contact zone hybrid (?).

Mafic intrusive rock includes norite, clinopyroxene norite, anorthositic norite, leucocratic gabbro, orthopyroxene gabbro, hornblende gabbro, hornblendite and minor serpentized peridotite. Irregular pegmatitic segregations of hornblende-plagioclase-magnetite (/pyrrhotite)

appear to correlate with some airborne magnetic anomalies. Otherwise, magnetic intensity may be affected by secondary alteration and metasomatism to a point which may make contacts with metavolcanics and granitic rock difficult to discern. Large parts of the mafic intrusion are regionally metamorphosed to greenschist facies assemblages of albite-epidote-actinolite-chlorite; metasomatized to epidote-tremolite-calcite-quartz, epidote-chlorite-quartz assemblages; or serpentinized- dependent on original composition and on later alteration/metasomatic episodes.

All lithologies are cut by northerly-trending, medium-grained, equigranular-to-porphyritic diabase dykes.

SUMMARY TABLE OF FORMATIONS

PLEISTOCENE AND RECENT
Clay, sand, gravel, till

PRECAMBRIAN

MIDDLE PRECAMBRIAN
MAFIC INTRUSIVE ROCKS

Diabase

-----intrusive contact-----

EARLY PRECAMBRIAN (ARCHEAN)
MAFIC INTRUSIVE ROCKS

-----intrusive contact-----

FELSIC INTRUSIVE ROCKS

-----intrusive contact-----

METAMORPHOSED MAFIC INTRUSIVE ROCKS

-----intrusive and gradational contact-----

METAMORPHOSED ULTRAMAFIC INTRUSIVE ROCKS

-----intrusive contact-----

METAVOLCANICS AND METASEDIMENTS
METASEDIMENTS

FELSIC METAVOLCANICS (CALC-ALKALIC)

INTERMEDIATE METAVOLCANICS (CALC-ALKALIC)

MAFIC METAVOLCANICS (THOLEIITIC)

IRON FORMATION

ECONOMIC GEOLOGY

The Timmins Gold Mining Camp represents the major gold mining area of the Canadian Shield, where gold was first discovered near the beginning of our century, where mines begun producing gold in the second decade of the twentieth century and continued to do so, right to the present days.

The last gold rush is still in full swing, with at least one of the many active prospects indicating a good chance for an other producer to be developed and gold production to continue into the twenty-first century.

Gold and base metals were discovered in the Timmins Camp in a variety of geological settings and conditions. A summary of the ore making geological controls are presented to the reader in a summary form.

Pyke (1982) has summarized regional economic geology for the Timmins area as follows:

1. Copper-zinc deposits- within felsic calc-alkalic volcanic rocks in the iron-rich tholeiitic sequence (at the upper interface or just below the top of the Lower Supergroup) eg. Kamiskotia, Kidd Creek deposits (iron formation appears to occupy the same stratigraphic position as Cu-Zn deposits north of the Porcupine-Destor Fault).
2. Nickel deposits- in peridotitic komatiites (base of the Upper Supergroup, Tisdale Group) eg. the former Langmuir Deposit in Langmuir Township.
3. Asbestos deposits- within ultramafic intrusions (within komatiitic rocks at the base of the Lower Group eg. the former Bowman Deposit in Deloro Township; magnesite and talc-magnesite deposits- in carbonatized dunitic intrusions (not flows) eg. the Canadian Magnesite property in Deloro Township.
4. Gold deposits- generally within 6 km of the Porcupine-Destor fault zone (in the base of the Upper Supergroup, Tisdale Group) or other major shear zones; possibly at the contact between the largely calc, calc-alkalic, iron-formation-bearing, Lower Supergroup and the komatiitic, iron-tholeiitic, calc-alkalic succession of the Upper Supergroup; in association with quartz-feldspar porphyry; in extensively altered (carbonatized, sericitized) host rock.

A summary of the characteristics of Porcupine camp gold deposits is provided by A. Fyon in the Field Trip Guidebook, 8th IAGOD Symposium. The major features listed include

1) a spatial relationship with crudely linear corridors (breaks) of ductile to brittle-ductile shearing and associated brittle-ductile "splays"- the latter generally recognized as more productive. An asymmetric distribution of deposits (locally either north or south of such structures, but not both) is noted, but not fully understood as yet. Within these zones a complex or progressional deformation/alteration pattern is believed to be favourable including a recognizable succession of quartz veining and even late shearing in felsic intrusives.

2) a spatial relationship with late, felsic intrusives (porphyries)

3) carbonate alteration (high CO₂ density 0.7-1.0 g/cm³); alkali alteration; sulphide mineralization associated with deformation; salinity < 6 wt% NaCl equivalent in trapped fluids

4) fracture controlled chlorite and sericite alteration- in either sheared or unsheared rock

A. J. Macdonald (1984) examined the special role of banded iron formations (BIF) in the localization of gold concentrations in Ontario generally. He concludes that gold deposits hosted by BIF show a marked association with localized zones of deformation and hydrothermal alteration.

In 1996, much attention has been given by media to gold developments in Thornloe Township to the east. In winter/spring drilling Band-Ore identified higher-grade mineralization in pyritic-arsenopyritic, quartz-sericite schists and ankeritic alteration zones. Early drilling indicated a 6.5 metre intersection of greater than 4 g/t gold and another 18.3 metre intersection of 8.7 g/t. Further drilling 1.2 km west of the discovery zone (Golden River Zone) cut 3 metres with a grade of 8.2 g/t gold. The company was anticipating results from another hole with similar alteration and sulphide mineralization 1.2 km east of the discovery hole. Another zone was reported 1.2 km northwest of the early discovery. Grades from fill-in holes in the discovery zone area have been reported range of 3-12 g/t gold generally over intervals less than 6 m. More exceptional values and intervals have been cut. (Northern Miner- NM- May 6, 1996, p 14; June 10, 1996, p 1,14; June 17, 1996, p 1,2; Sept. 2, 1996, p1, 15).

Olivine-bearing cumulates appear to be of particular significance in Proterozoic rocks at Voisey's Bay, Labrador and in the Abitibi Belt, at the Langmuir deposit. Some deposits are situated in or near major structural sutures, for example, at geological province boundaries. Smaller-scale transgressive structures (eg. dykes, offsets, faults) can be associated with mineralization. More silicic rocks (eg. gneisses, granitoids, sediments) may be found at the margins of some mineralized intrusives, or as inclusions- in some cases even enriching the intrusive phases with quartz/silica. The Langmuir and related deposits are located at the base of the Tisdale Group- the footwall Deloro group notably consists of felsic pyroclastics, (sulphide) iron formation among other rock types. Ordinarily principal cumulate phases lack hydrous or accessory carbonate mineralogy- although some exceptions exist in portions of some mineralized intrusions.

Volcanic-associated massive sulphide deposits (VMS, Cu-Zn, Zn-Cu) are part of a larger group of concordant, massive or semi-massive sulphides (60% or more sulphides, ideally) with a lower discordant or stringer zone of vein sulphide minerals surrounded by hydrothermally-altered rock. The upper contact of upper sulphide lens usually has a distinct contact with the hanging wall, while the lower contact may be gradational into a stringer zone (Noranda-, Cu-Zn type) or indistinct (with no distinct lower stringer zone as in the case of Zn-Cu/Mattabi-type or Cu-Zn Kidd Creek deposits). In the Superior Province VMS deposits usually occur in bimodal (mafic-felsic) metavolcanic sequences- most particularly in the middle and upper stratigraphic, subaqueous units. Rhyolites have also been associated with such deposits, but as for the above criteria, the associations are not exclusive. Likewise the presence of subvolcanic intrusions of various compositions (eg. trondhjemite, gabbro) is notable but not exclusive.

Locally, the former Kam-Kotia, VMS deposit in Robb Township consists of massive and stringer zones of pyrite, sphalerite, chalcopyrite and minor pyrrhotite in a sheared basalt-andesite (flows, pyroclastics) and felsic pyroclastic sequence. Near the ore zone, chlorite is the dominant alteration indicator in mafic rocks while sericite replaces felsic rocks. Schistosity and stratigraphy coincide with the strike of mineralization, but the orebodies plunge westward.

DESCRIPTION OF THE WORK PERFORMED

To access the previously unexplored areas under water a winter program was elected with line cutting starting early in March of 1997 immediately followed by an IP survey over the lakes and ponds. The East-West running North Tie line of an earlier grid cut for Prospectors on an adjacent property, was extended and used as a base line. The grid was continued to the East and crossed over the neighbouring property to the east, which is also under option to Prospectors. A total of 21 km of lines was cut which includes 1.4 km of base line. The magnetic survey and the geological mapping covers the all lines of the entire grid system. Two lines, 24E and 26E on the west side of the claims were selected to be surveyed by a Spectral Induced Potential Survey, as well as Lines 30E to 34E on the east side were also surveyed. The line cutting and both geophysical surveys are subjects of a separate report and will be submitted separately for assessment credits. Soil samples were collected on the above two lines as well. The IP survey covering dry land and the geological mapping was done in July of the same year, and by late August all the field work was completed.

PROPERTY GEOLOGY

The northwestern portion of Whitesides Township is underlain by a mafic intrusive, part of a large intrusive complex to the north of the township. The eastern side of the township is believed to be underlain by a series of volcanics and volcanosediments. Interfingering of the intrusives and the altered volcanics is common and was the target of previous exploration ventures. Sections showing remnants of sedimentary textures with considerable pyrrhotite mineralization were located both west and southwest of the McKenzie Option.

Outcrop is generally very sparse on these claims, with most of the outcrop located was found on the northwest quarter of the claim group. Here, immediately north of Pirron Lake mafic volcanics are inferred to be in contact with gabbro. The contact is believed to be irregular with

complex interfingering of gabbroic and volcanic rocks, as observed immediately west of Pirrson Lake. The dark green, fine to medium grained, massive to weakly foliated units probably represent mafic flows. A narrow zone of less mafic volcanics, possibly andesite and some thin bedded siliceous sediments were identified near the west shore of Pirrson Lake. Silicification in this area is apparent, with some irregular and narrow quartz-carbonate veining hosting a trace of sulphides.

Elsewhere the property was found to be overburden covered. The most outstanding features are the north-south trending ridges of boulders and eskers.

CONCLUSIONS

Much of the property appears to be underlain by gabbroic intrusions with lesser exposed altered volcanics. Neither the geological mapping nor the concurrently completed geophysical surveys have provided any encouragement to maintain the option and justify any new expenditures. The only geophysical anomaly obtained on a single line on the west side of the claims was already drilled in the past, providing anomalous values both in copper and nickel. Some low priority and one medium priority anomaly was located near the southeast corner of the property. This may require some attention in the future.

It is therefore suggested that this report and the accompanying geological and compilation maps be submitted for assessment credits as well as the results of the magnetic and Induced Potential survey. It is also recommended that the claims be returned to the vendor.

Respectfully submitted

Peter J. Vamos P. Eng.



Ministry of Northern Development and Mines

Mck G.

Declaration of Assessment Work Performed on Mining Land

Mining Act, Subsection 65(2) and 66(3), R.S.O. 1990

Transaction Number (if any)	09860.00100
Assessment Files Research Imaging	



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of subsections 65(2) and 66(3) of the Mining Act. Under section 8 of the review the assessment work and correspond with the mining land holder. Recorder, Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, 6th Floor.

Instructions: - For work performed on Crown Lands before recording a claim, use form 0240.
- Please type or print in ink.

1. Recorded holder(s) (Attach a list if necessary)

Name <i>John Peter Huot</i>	Client Number 146 892
Address <i>Box 106, 36 Maple Street S. Timmins On P4N 7K9</i>	Telephone Number (705) 267-6464
	Fax Number 264-3260
Name	Client Number
Address	Telephone Number
	Fax Number

2. Type of work performed: Check (✓) and report on only ONE of the following groups for this declaration.

Geotechnical: prospecting, surveys, assays and work under section 18 (regs)
 Physical: drilling, stripping, trenching and associated assays
 Rehabilitation

Work Type <i>Geological mapping</i>	Office Use
	Commodity
	Total \$ Value of Work Claimed <i>\$8,500</i>
Date Work Performed From <i>07 97</i> To <i>01 08 97</i>	NTS Reference
Global Positioning System Data (if available)	Mining Division <i>Pocophone</i>
Township/Area <i>Whitesides</i>	Resident Geologist District <i>Timmins</i>
M or G-Plan Number <i>CT 3230</i>	

Please remember to: - obtain a work permit from the Ministry of Natural Resources as required;
- provide proper notice to surface rights holders before starting work;
- complete and attach a Statement of Costs, form 0212;
- provide a map showing contiguous mining lands that are linked for assigning work;
- include two copies of your technical report.

3. Person or companies who prepared the technical report (Attach a list if necessary)

Name <i>Peter J. Vamos</i>	Telephone Number <i>(905) 689-6276</i>
Address <i>19 Berry Hill Av Waterdown On LOR2W9</i>	Fax Number <i>690-2175</i>
Name	Telephone Number
Address	Fax Number
Name	Telephone Number
Address	Fax Number

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4. Certification by Recorded Holder or Agent

I, *Peter Vamos*, do hereby certify that I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this Declaration of Assessment Work having caused the work to be performed or witnessed the same during or after its completion and, to the best of my knowledge, the annexed report is true.

Signature of Recorded Holder or Agent <i>Peter Vamos</i>	Date <i>Feb 9, 98</i>
Agent's Address <i>19 Berry Hill Waterdown On</i>	Telephone Number <i>(905) 689-6276</i>
	Fax Number <i>(905) 690-2175</i>

0241 (02/98) *Named Nov 18/98*

Work to be recorded and distributed. Work can only be assigned to claims that are contiguous (adjoining) to the mining land where work was performed, at the time work was performed. A map showing the contiguous link must accompany this form.

49860.00/00

Mining Claim Number. Or if work was done on other eligible mining land, show in this column the location number indicated on the claim map.	Number of Claim Units. For other mining land, list hectares.	Value of work performed on this claim or other mining land.	Value of work applied to this claim.	Value of work assigned to other mining claims.	Bank Value of work to be distributed at a future date.
eg TB 7827	16 ha	\$26,825	N/A	\$24,000	\$2,825
eg 1234567	12	0	\$24,000	0	0
eg 1234568	2	\$8,892	\$4,000	0	\$4,892
1 1159136	1	857	400	10	447 /
2 1159137	1	848	400	2	446 /
3 1159138	1	1095	400	100	595 /
4 1159139	1	1398	400	100	898 /
5 1159140	1	290	400		
6 1159141	1	248	400		
7 1159142	1	1607	400		1207 /
8 1159143	1	848	400		448 /
9 1158898	1	402	400		2 /
10 1158897	1	559	400		159 /
11 1193444	4	298	400		298 / P1
12					
13					
14					
15					
Column Totals		8,500	4298 PU 4000	212	4302 PU 4,500

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 OFFICE

I, Peter J. Vands (Print Full Name), do hereby certify that the above work credits are eligible under subsection 7 (1) of the Assessment Work Regulation 6/96 for assignment to contiguous claims or for application to the claim where the work was done.

Signature of Recorded Holder or Agent Authorized in Writing: [Signature] Date: February 9, 1998

6. Instructions for cutting back credits that are not approved.

Some of the credits claimed in this declaration may be cut back. Please check (✓) in the boxes below to show how you wish to prioritize the deletion of credits:

- 1. Credits are to be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option 2 or 3 or 4 as indicated.
- 2. Credits are to be cut back starting with the claims listed last, working backwards; or
- 3. Credits are to be cut back equally over all claims listed in this declaration; or
- 4. Credits are to be cut back as prioritized on the attached appendix or as follows (describe):

Note: If you have not indicated how your credits are to be deleted, credits will be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option number 2 if necessary.

For Office Use Only

Received Stamp <div style="border: 2px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> RECEIVED APR 21 1998 8-15 GEOSCIENCE ASSESSMENT OFFICE </div>	Deemed Approved Date	Date Notification Sent
	Date Approved	Total Value of Credit Approved
	Approved for Recording by Mining Recorder (Signature)	

Personal information collected on this form is obtained under the authority of subsection 6(1) of the Assessment Work Regulation 6/96. Under section 8 of the Mining Act, the information is a public record. This information will be used to review the assessment work and correspond with the mining land holder. Questions about this collection should be directed to the Chief Mining Recorder, Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, 6th Floor, 933 Ramsey Lake Road, Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 6B5.

Work Type	Units of Work <small>Depending on the type of work, list the number of hours/days worked, metres of drilling, kilometres of grid line, number of samples, etc.</small>	Cost Per Unit of work	Total Cost
Project preparation			315.11
Geological mapping	13.34 days	\$ 250.00	3,334.24
Project Management	2.6 days	\$ 300.00	780.00
Report compilation	5 days	\$ 300.00	1,500.00
Map preparation	work & materials	\$ 192.50 / p of	954.00
Associated Costs (e.g. supplies, mobilization and demobilization).			
Transportation Costs			
Travel, Accom. Meals J. Goodman		\$ 54.14 / day	720.33
" " " P VAMOS			897.06
Food and Lodging Costs			
Total Value of Assessment Work			8,500

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MINISTRY OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT AND MINES

Calculations of Filing Discounts:

1. Work filed within two years of performance is claimed at 100% of the above Total Value of Assessment Work.
2. If work is filed after two years and up to five years after performance, it can only be claimed at 50% of the Total Value of Assessment Work. If this situation applies to your claims, use the calculation below:

TOTAL VALUE OF ASSESSMENT WORK $\times 0.50 =$ Total \$ value of worked claimed.

Note:

- Work older than 5 years is not eligible for credit.
- A recorded holder may be required to verify expenditures claimed in this statement of costs within 45 days of a request for verification and/or correction/clarification. If verification and/or correction/clarification is not made, the Minister may reject all or part of the assessment work submitted.

Certification verifying costs:

I, Peter J. VAMOS (please print full name), do hereby certify, that the amounts shown are as accurate as may reasonably be determined and the costs were incurred while conducting assessment work on the lands indicated on the accompanying Declaration of Work form as Agent I am authorized (recorded holder, agent, or state company position with signing authority) to make this certification.

Signature: Peter J. VAMOS Date: Feb 9, 1998

May 1, 1998

JOHN PETER HUOT
36 MAPLE STREET, SOUTH
TIMMINS, ONTARIO
P4N-7H9

Geoscience Assessment Office
933 Ramsey Lake Road
6th Floor
Sudbury, Ontario
P3E 6B5

Telephone: (888) 415-9846
Fax: (705) 670-5881

Dear Sir or Madam:

Submission Number: 2.18166

Status

Subject: Transaction Number(s): W9860.00100 Deemed Approval

We have reviewed your Assessment Work submission with the above noted Transaction Number(s). The attached summary page(s) indicate the results of the review. **WE RECOMMEND YOU READ THIS SUMMARY FOR THE DETAILS PERTAINING TO YOUR ASSESSMENT WORK.**

If the status for a transaction is a 45 Day Notice, the summary will outline the reasons for the notice, and any steps you can take to remedy deficiencies. The 90-day deemed approval provision, subsection 6(7) of the Assessment Work Regulation, will no longer be in effect for assessment work which has received a 45 Day Notice.

Please note any revisions must be submitted in **DUPLICATE** to the Geoscience Assessment Office, by the response date on the summary.

If you have any questions regarding this correspondence, please contact Steve Beneteau by e-mail at benetest@epo.gov.on.ca or by telephone at (705) 670-5855.

Yours sincerely,



ORIGINAL SIGNED BY
Blair Kite
Supervisor, Geoscience Assessment Office
Mining Lands Section

Work Report Assessment Results

Submission Number: 2.18166

Date Correspondence Sent: May 01, 1998

Assessor: Steve Beneteau

Transaction Number	First Claim Number	Township(s) / Area(s)	Status	Approval Date
W9860.00100	1159136	WHITESIDES	Deemed Approval	April 30, 1998

Section:

12 Geological GEOL

Correspondence to:

Resident Geologist
South Porcupine, ON

Assessment Files Library
Sudbury, ON

Recorded Holder(s) and/or Agent(s):

Peter J. Vamos
WATERDOWN, ON

JOHN PETER HUOT
TIMMINS, ONTARIO

POSITION

RIGHTS

Location File

S.R.O. 171506

M.R.O.

M. & S.R. 171506

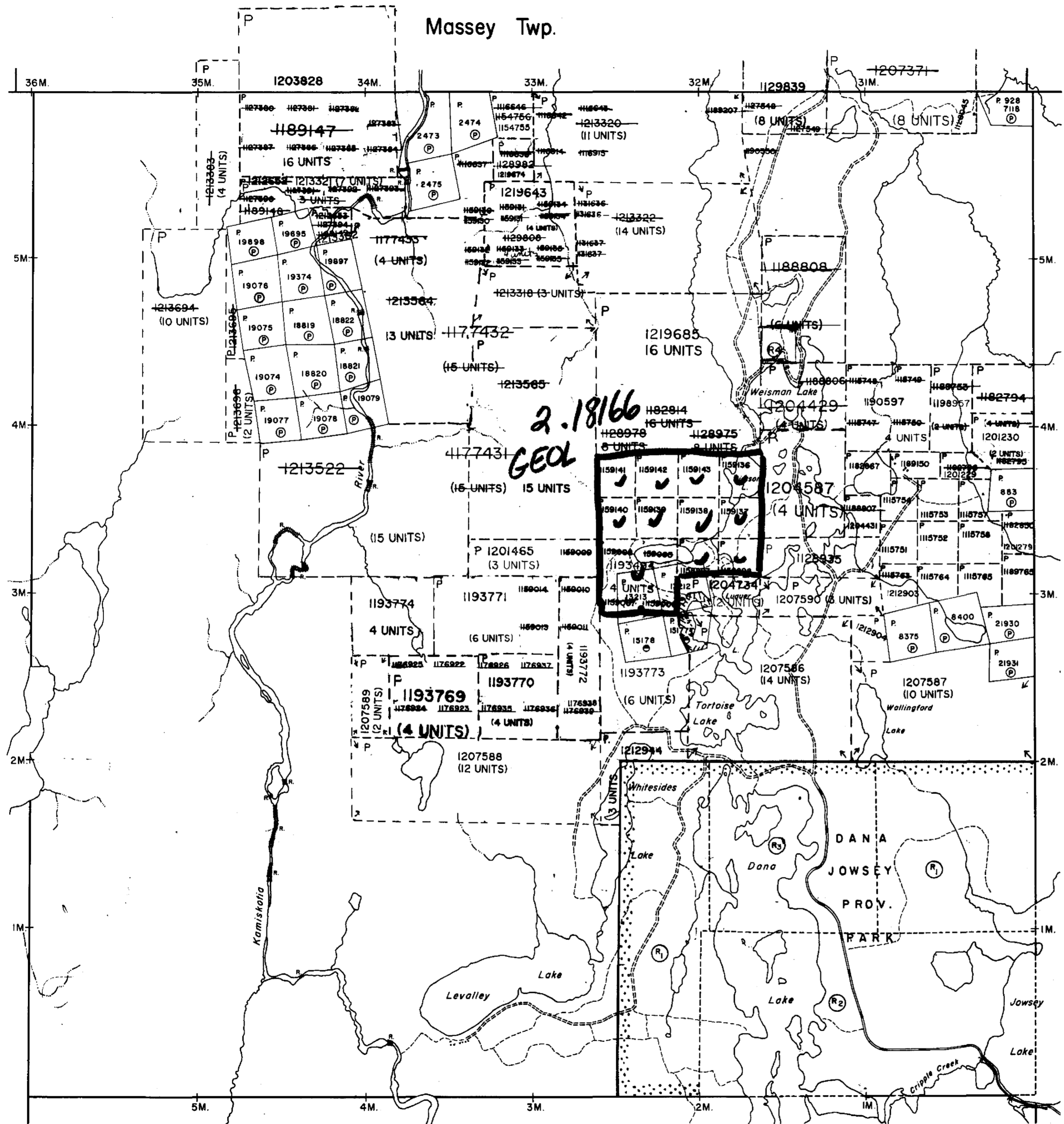
M. & S.R. 171506

PLAN FROM

EASE

R.S.O. 1990

MAY-02



Frey Twp.

Carscallen Twp.

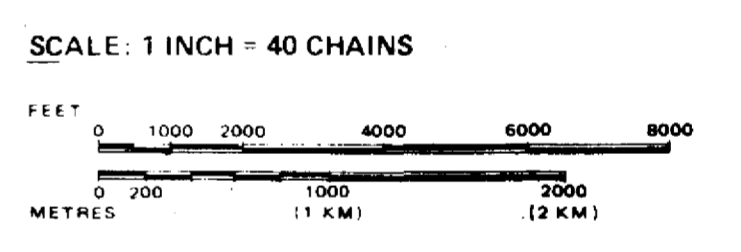
LEGEND

- HIGHWAY AND ROUTE No.
- OTHER ROADS
- TRAILS
- SURVEYED LINES:
 - TOWNSHIPS, BASE LINES, ETC.
 - LOTS, MINING CLAIMS, PARCELS, ETC.
- UNSURVEYED LINES:
 - LOT LINES
 - PARCEL BOUNDARY
 - MINING CLAIMS ETC.
- RAILWAY AND RIGHT OF WAY
- UTILITY LINES
- NON-PERENNIAL STREAM
- FLOODING OR FLOODING RIGHTS
- SUBDIVISION OR COMPOSITE PLAN
- RESERVATIONS
- ORIGINAL SHORELINE
- MARSH OR MUSKEG
- MINES
- TRAVERSE MONUMENT

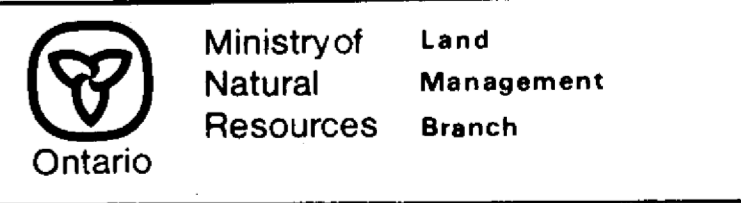
DISPOSITION OF CROWN LANDS

TYPE OF DOCUMENT	SYMBOL
PATENT, SURFACE & MINING RIGHTS	⊙ or ●
" SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY	○
" MINING RIGHTS ONLY	◐
LEASE, SURFACE & MINING RIGHTS	■
" SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY	□
" MINING RIGHTS ONLY	◑
LICENCE OF OCCUPATION	▼
ORDER-IN COUNCIL	OC
RESERVATION	⊙
CANCELLED	⊖
SAND & GRAVEL	⊕

NOTE: MINING RIGHTS IN PARCELS PATENTED PRIOR TO MAY 6, 1913, VESTED IN ORIGINAL PATENTEE BY THE PUBLIC LANDS ACT, R.S.O. 1970, CHAP. 380, SEC. 63, SUBSEC. 1.



TOWNSHIP
WHITESIDES
 M.N.R. ADMINISTRATIVE DATE OF ISSUE
TIMMINS MAY 5 1998
 MINING DIVISION PROVINCIAL RECORDING OFFICE - SUDBURY
PORCUPINE
 LAND TITLES / REGISTRY DIVISION
COCHRANE



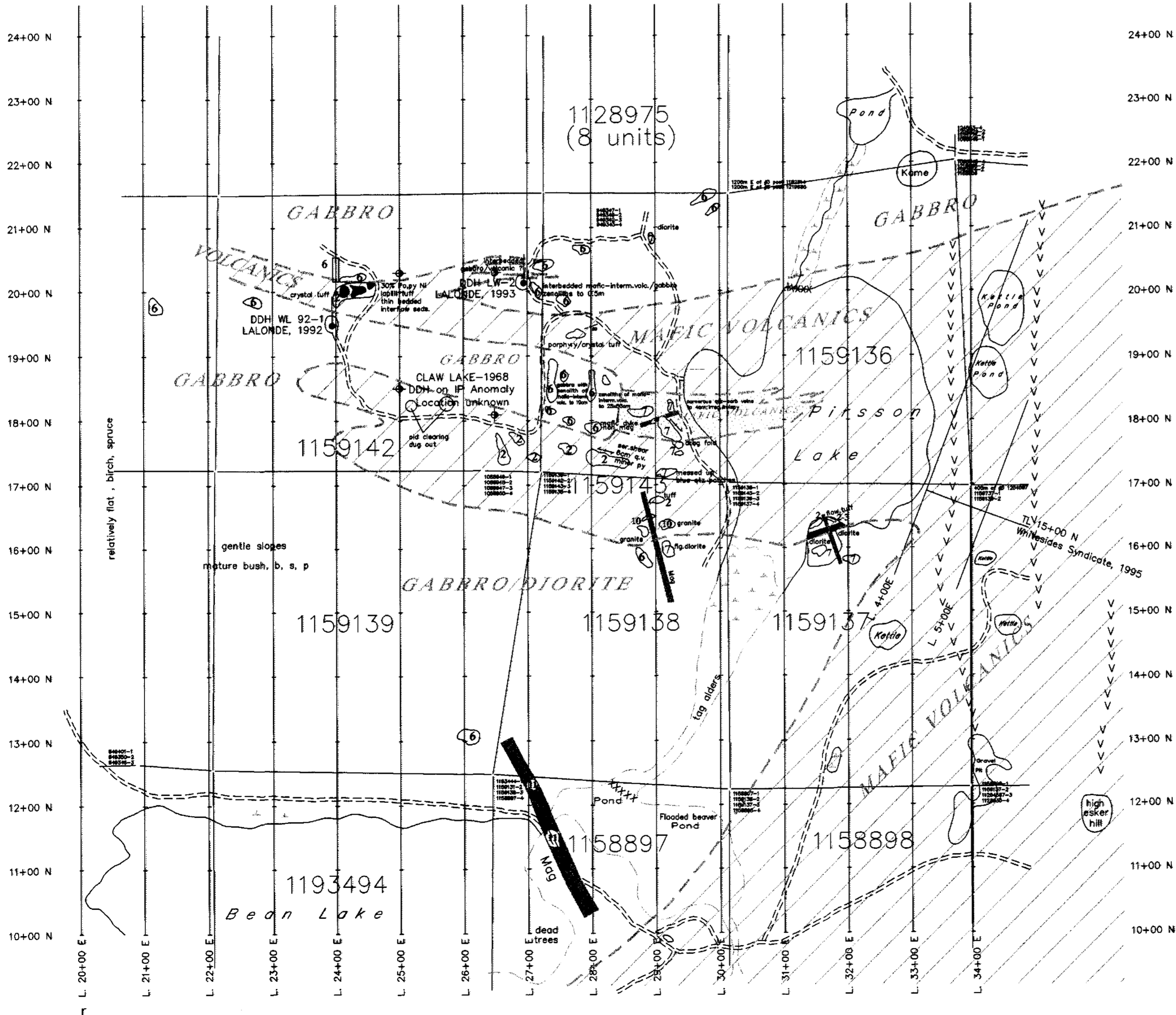
Date FEBRUARY 1985 Number
 ACTIVATED JUNE 30, 1992 BY D.C. **G-3230**



PROSPECTORS ALLIANCE CORPORATION

WHITESIDES TOWNSHIP - MCKENZIE OPTION

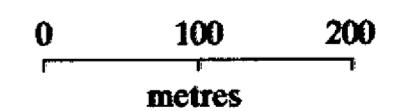
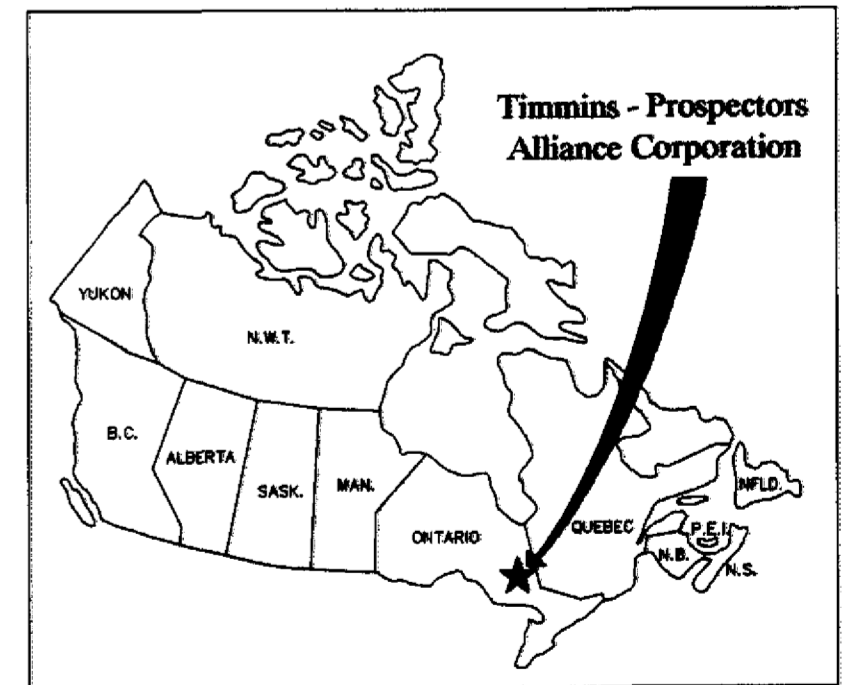
Geology Map



LEGEND

- Marsh, Lowland
- Beaver Dam
- Kettle, Pond
- Diamond Drill Hole
- Claim Line and Post
- Trail
- Traverse Line, Station
- Creek

- Unsubdivided Mafic Volcanics
- Unsubdivided Felsic Volcanics
- Unsubdivided Gabbro
- Mafic - Intermediate Volcanics
- Felsic Volcanics
- Gabbro
- Diorite
- Felsic Intrusive
- Diabase
- Esker Ridges



Compiled by JVX Ltd.

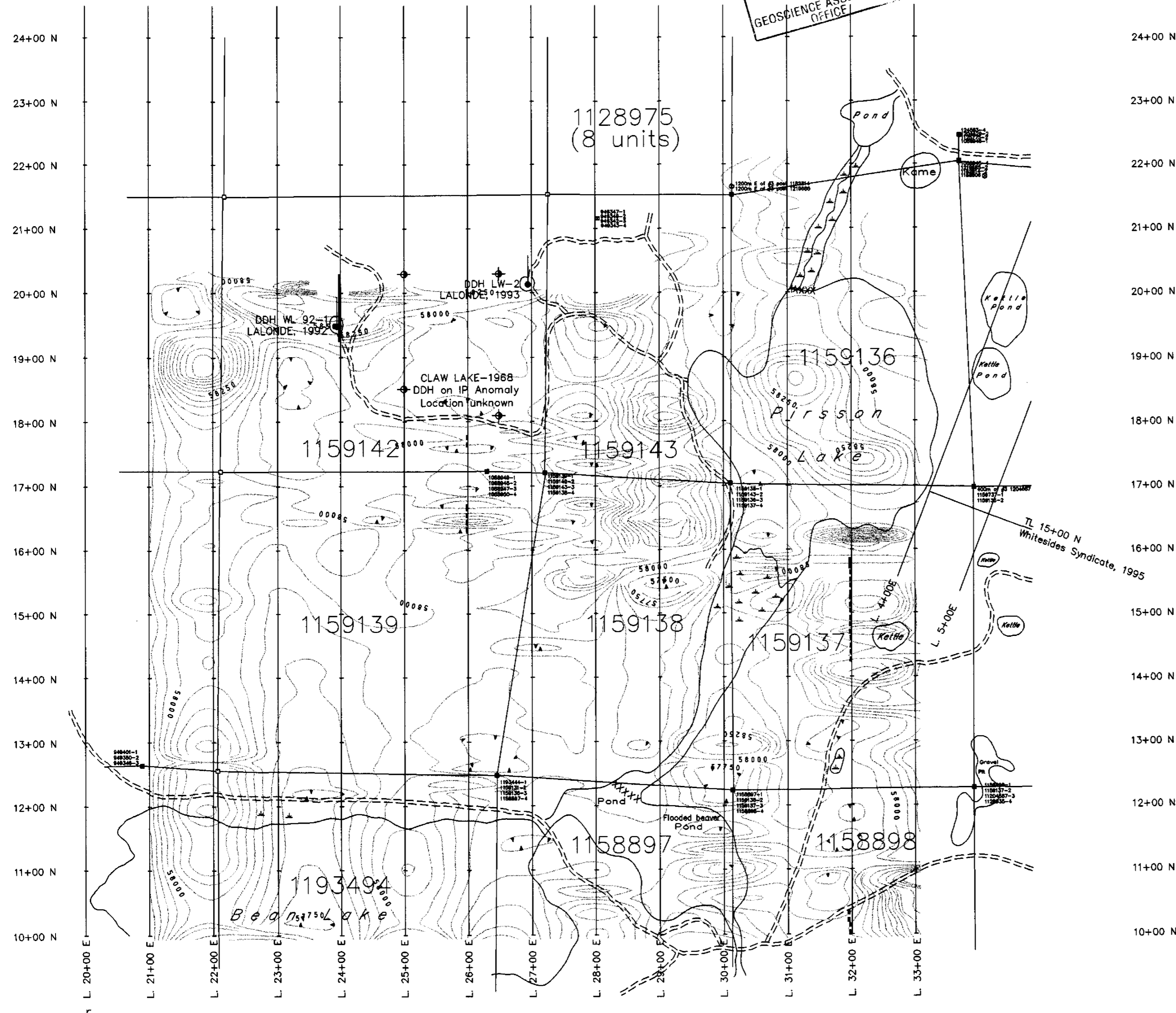


PROSPECTORS ALLIANCE CORPORATION












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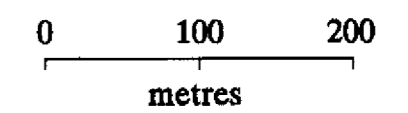
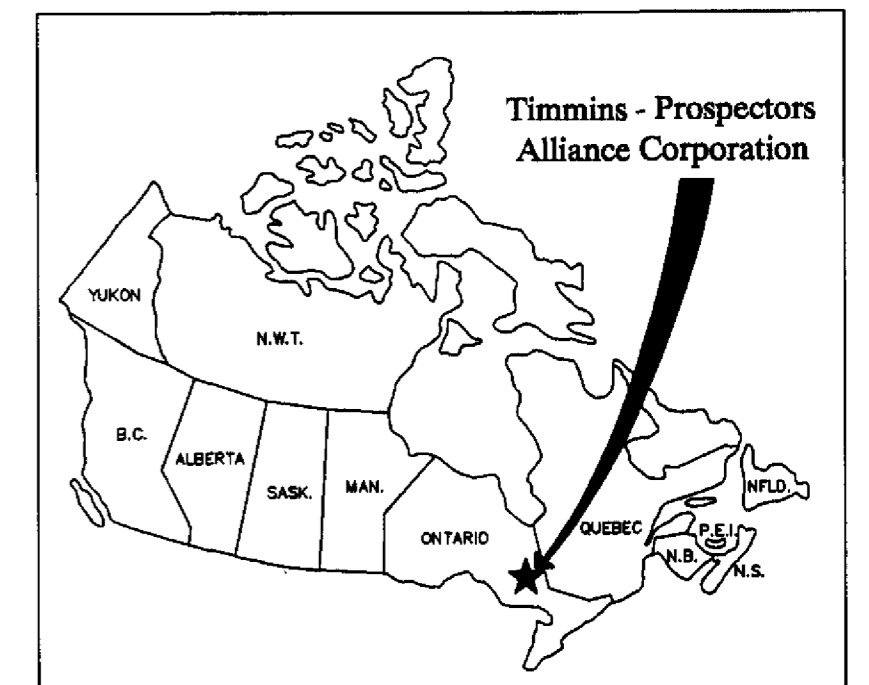
Compilation Map

RECEIVED
FEB 17 2008
GEOSCIENCE ASSESSMENT
OFFICE



LEGEND

-  Marsh , Lowland
-  Beaver Dam
-  Kettle , Pond
-  Diamond Drill Hole
-  Claim Line and Post
-  Trail
-  Traverse Line , Station
-  Creek
-  IP Chargeability - Moderate to Strong
-  IP Chargeability - Moderate to Weak
-  Total Field Magnetic Contour
Base Field: 58,000nT; Contour Interval: 50, 250nT



Compiled by JVX Ltd.

