42A06NW0228 2.3034 OGDEN

010

RECEIVED

SEP 6 1979

MINING LANDS SECTION

MATTAGAMI LAKE MINES LIMITED EXPLORATION DIVISION

INDUCED POLARIZATION & RESISTIVITY SURVEY

CARLSON CLAIMS
OGDEN TOWNSHIP

TIMMINS AREA, ONTARIO

D.B. SUTHERLAND
GEOPHYSICAL CONSULTANT

OCTOBER, 1978

INTRODUCTION:

An induced polarization survey has been carried out on five N-S traverses on the four claim Carlson Property In Ogden Township, Ontario. The purpose of the survey was to locate and delineate any metallic mineralization that might correlate with important gold values intersected by previous drilling.

The surveying was carried out under contract by Phoenix Geophysics Ltd. in two periods: - August 25 and September 16 to 18, 1978.

dholder a Parvious Work:

The southern half of the property is underlain by marke volcanics and the north by metamorphosed ultramafic intrusives. The contact between the rock types, strikes slightly north of east and is clearly indicated on the magnetic maps.

Initial work on the property consisted of trenching by G. Sandford. In 1916, Tonmac Porcupine Mines Etd., reported good gold calues, but no assays were given. Subsequently, magnetics and electromagnetics were done by Globe Exploration and Mining do. Etd., but no details are available.

In 1904, electromagnetic and magnetics were carried out by Tex-Sol Explorations Limited and reported by S.S. Szetu.

No recognizeable conductors were reported in the electromagnetic data. The magnetics appear to outline the contact very well

and an interesting magnetic low was delineated at 8N on 21E. This target was tested in 1965 by three drill holes totalling 1,095 feet. Interesting gold values (0.35 oz/ton) were reported for 3 five foot sections in hole No. 1 but were not confirmed in holes No. 2 and No. 3 in the same section. The host rock is described as mineralized, siliceous, fragmental, andesite with "fine pyrite throughout" in sections up to 75 feet thick.

LOCATION & ACCESS:

The claims are located about 1.5 miles northeast of the confluence of the Mattagami and Grassy Rivers in the southwest portion of Ogden Township.

Access is via the Wawaitin Falls road approximately 6 miles southwest of Timmins.

METHODS & INSTRUMENTS:

A Phoenix frequency type induced polarization unit was used for the survey. Operating frequencies were 0.25 and 5.0 hz. The dipole-dipole configuration, with 200 foot separation, was used for the survey with values of n = 1, 2, 3 and 4.

PRESENTATION OF RESULTS:

The induced polarization and resistivity results are shown on the accompanying psuedo-sections.

12E 200' dipoles

18E 200'

21E 200' "

24E 200' "

30E 200'

Maps 1 and 2 are plan maps of part of the property and show the Metal Factor and Frequency Effects for the n=2 observation in contour form. Both are at a scale of 1" = 200' and also show the location of previous drilling.

DISCUSSION OF RESULTS:

There are no strong I.P. effects on the data that are typical of zones of highly concentrated or massive sulphides. There are, however, a number of weaker effects that could be representative of the fine pyrite encountered in previous drilling.

Three zones, Zones A, B and C have been interpreted from the data. All three appear to be due to sources of low metallic content.

ZONE A:

Both the Metal Factor and frequency effect data show that Zone A extends from 8E to 30E with a width of 400 to 600 feet. The Metal Factor on 21E (drilled section) indicate the centre of the zone to be near 3N while the PFE shows the peak

values near 6N which correlates with the sulphides in previous drilling.

While either location may be the center of the zone, experience has shown the Metal Factor to be the better parameter for zone location. Consequently, the most logical target location for Zone A would be vertically below 3N on 21E. The source appears to be shallow (i.e. 100 feet or less).

Slightly stronger values give a target of 3N on 24E as an alternate location. However, drilling on 21E combined with previous holes, would give a better geologic section.

Zone A appears to be due to a broad area of weak metallic mineralization such as described in the previous drilling. Note that D.D.H. No. 1 occurs on the north flank of both the Metal Factor and PFE anomalies.

ZONE B:

Zone B is a stronger response than Zone A, but is based chiefly on a single reading. It may be a shallow source of somewhat higher metallic content that may extend farther southeast. It appears to be underlain by mafic volcanics and may warrant a drill test.

However, an extension of the grid southward and additional I.P. detailing are recommended prior to drilling this anomaly.

ZONE C:

Zone C occurs in the ultramafic rocks on the north part of the property. It is based chiefly on a single isolated value and a repetition of the survey would be required to firmly establish the existence of this zone.

Zone C is regarded as a low priority target from both geological and geophysical considerations.

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

Three I.P. zones, Zones A, B and C have been outlined by the survey. All three are typical of sources of low metallic content.

Zone A is a 400 to 600 foot wide source extending from 18E to 30E with the previous drill holes lying on its northern flank. Zone A may be representative of the pyrite encountered in three drill holes and suggests the centre of the mineralized zone lies near 3N on 21E. If further testing of the pyrite zone is desirable, then a hole near 2N on 21E is recommended. Slightly stronger values on 24E show an alternate target near 3N on this line. At both locations, the source appears to be less than 100 feet deep.

Zone B lies south of Zone A but in the same geologic unit. It may also represent similar weak pyrite mineralization. However, the data are far from complete and the lines should be extended south and surveyed to outline this apparently stronger source.

Zone C is based chiefly on a single, isolated reading and lies in the less favourable ultramafic rocks. Zone C is a low priority target at present.

Respectfully submitted,

Ha Ball Mill of

D. B. Sutherland

Consulting Geophysicist

October, 1978.



Ministry of Natu

GEOPHYSICAL – GEOLOG TECHNICAL DATA



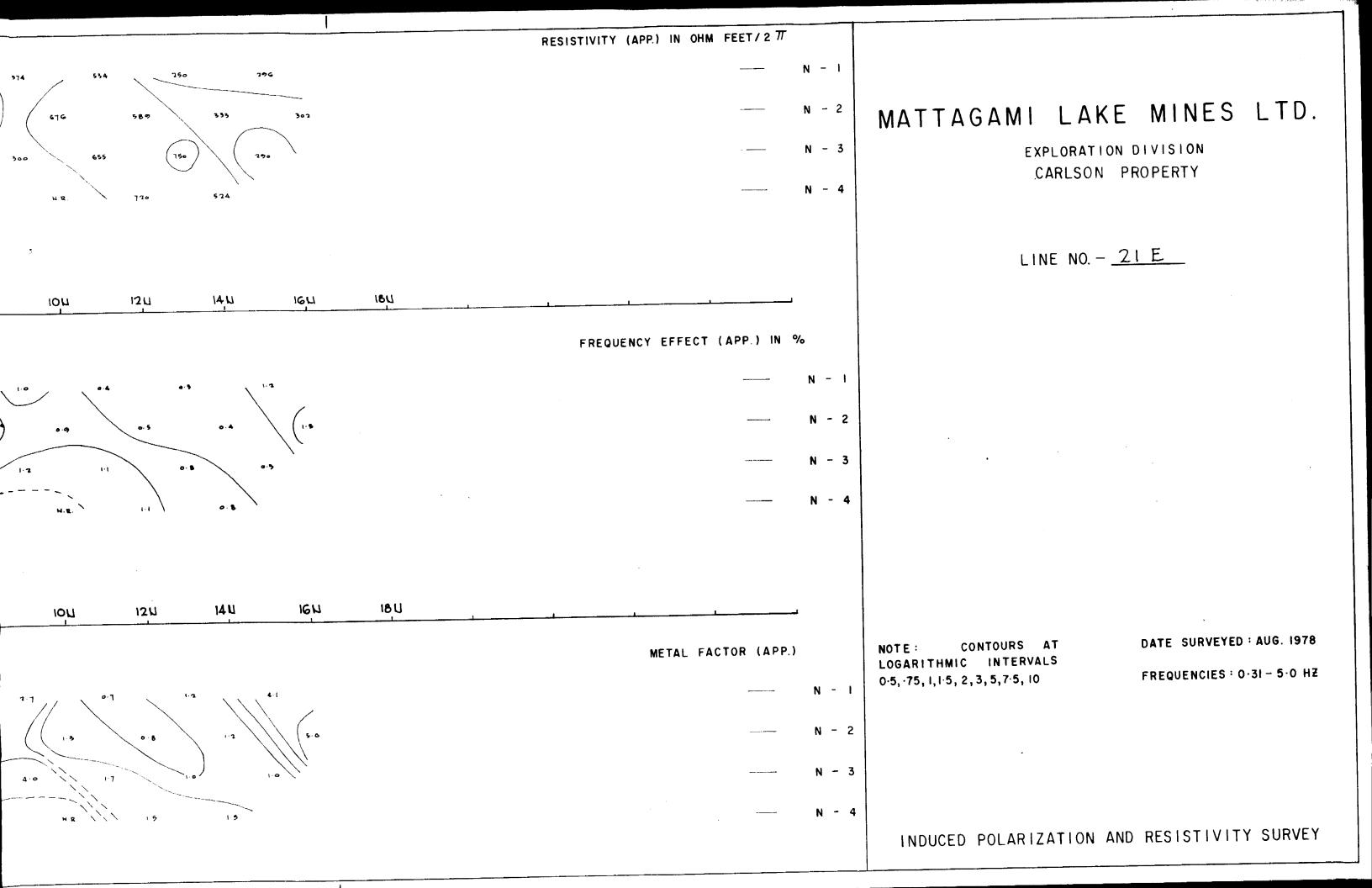
2A06NW0228 2.3034 OGDEN

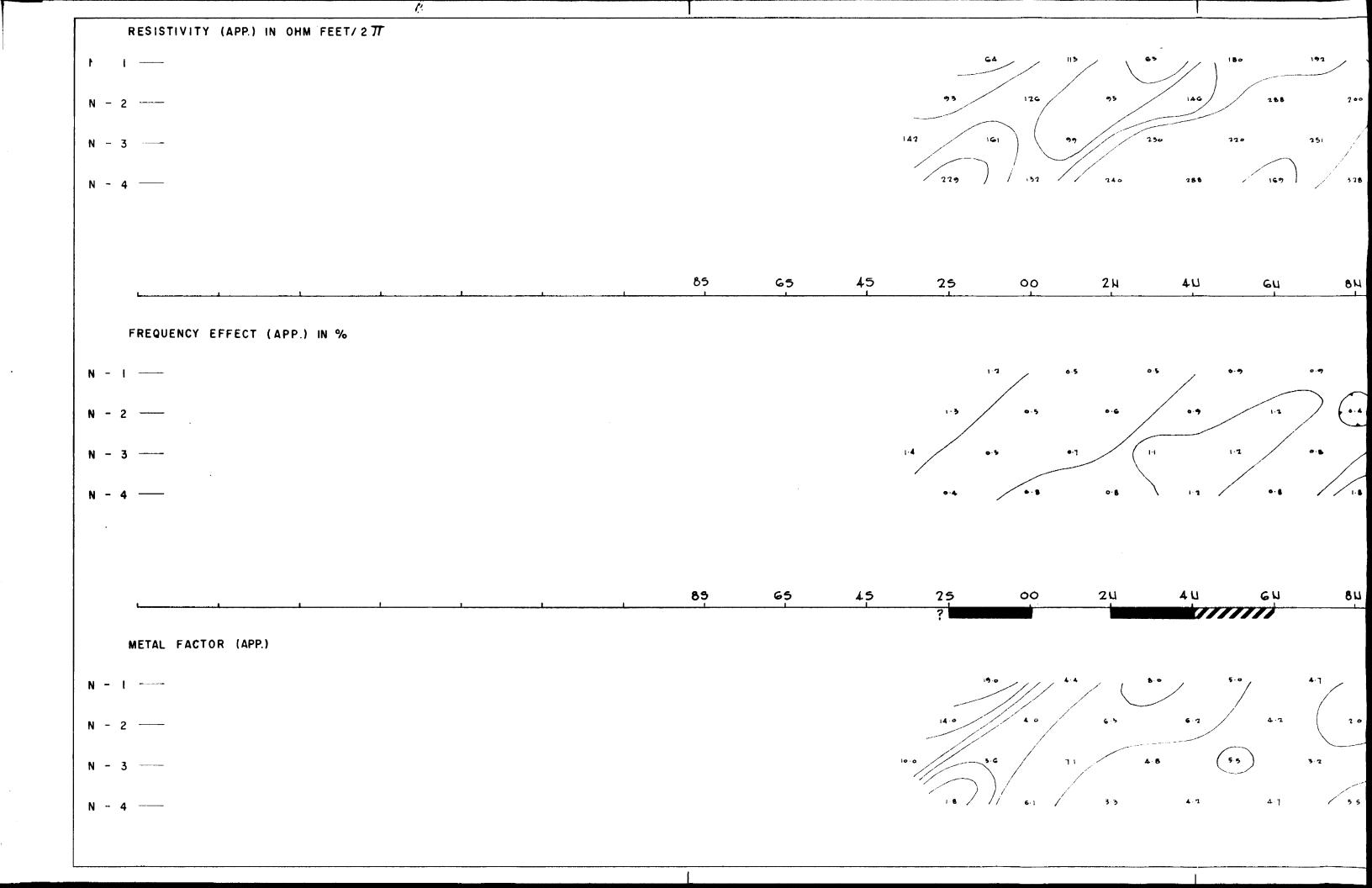
900

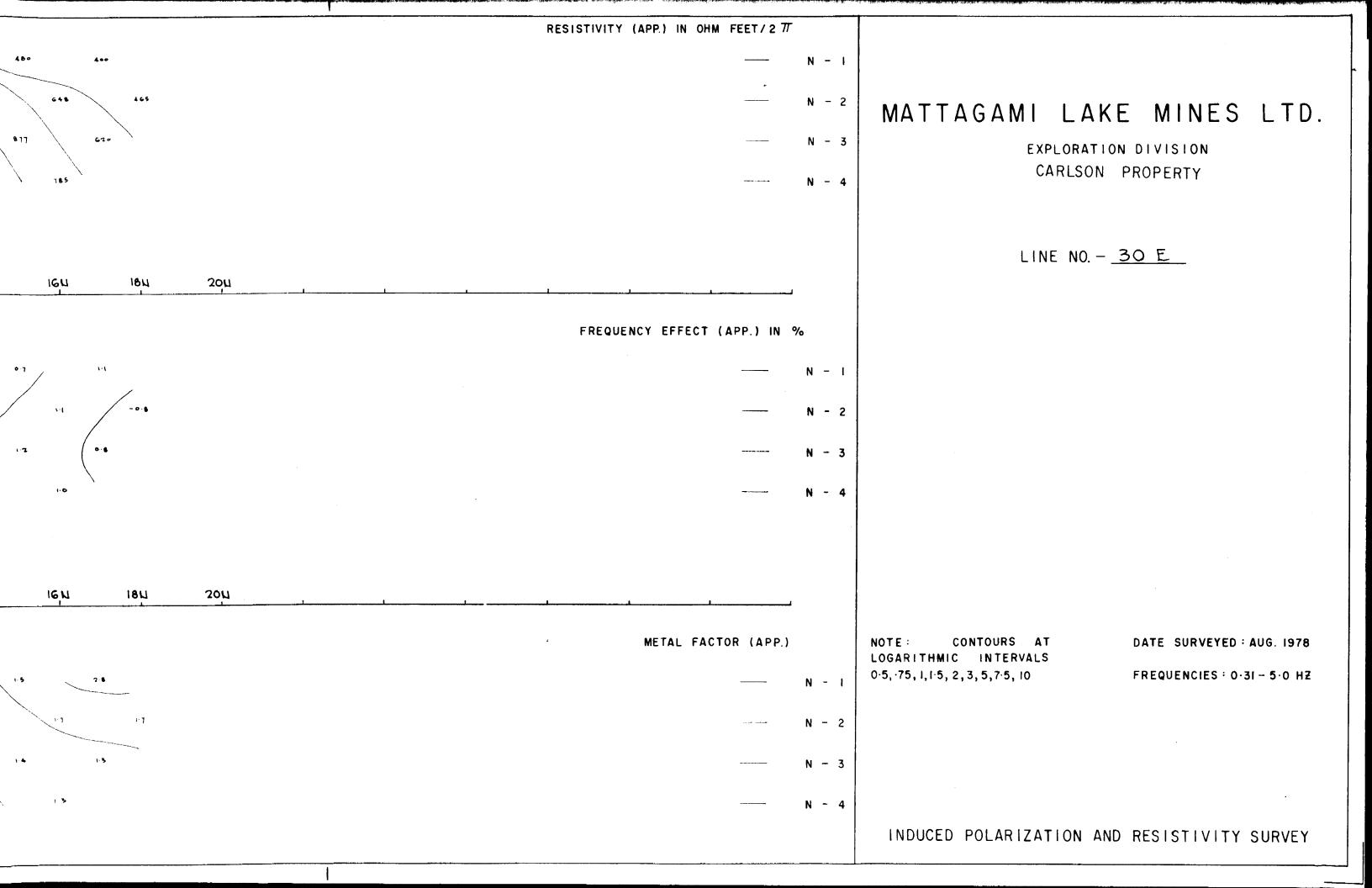
TO BE ATTACHED AS AN APPENDED TO THE FACTS SHOWN HERE NEED NOT BE AN APPENDED TO TECHNICAL REPORT MUST CONTAIN INTERFER AND THE PROPERTY OF T

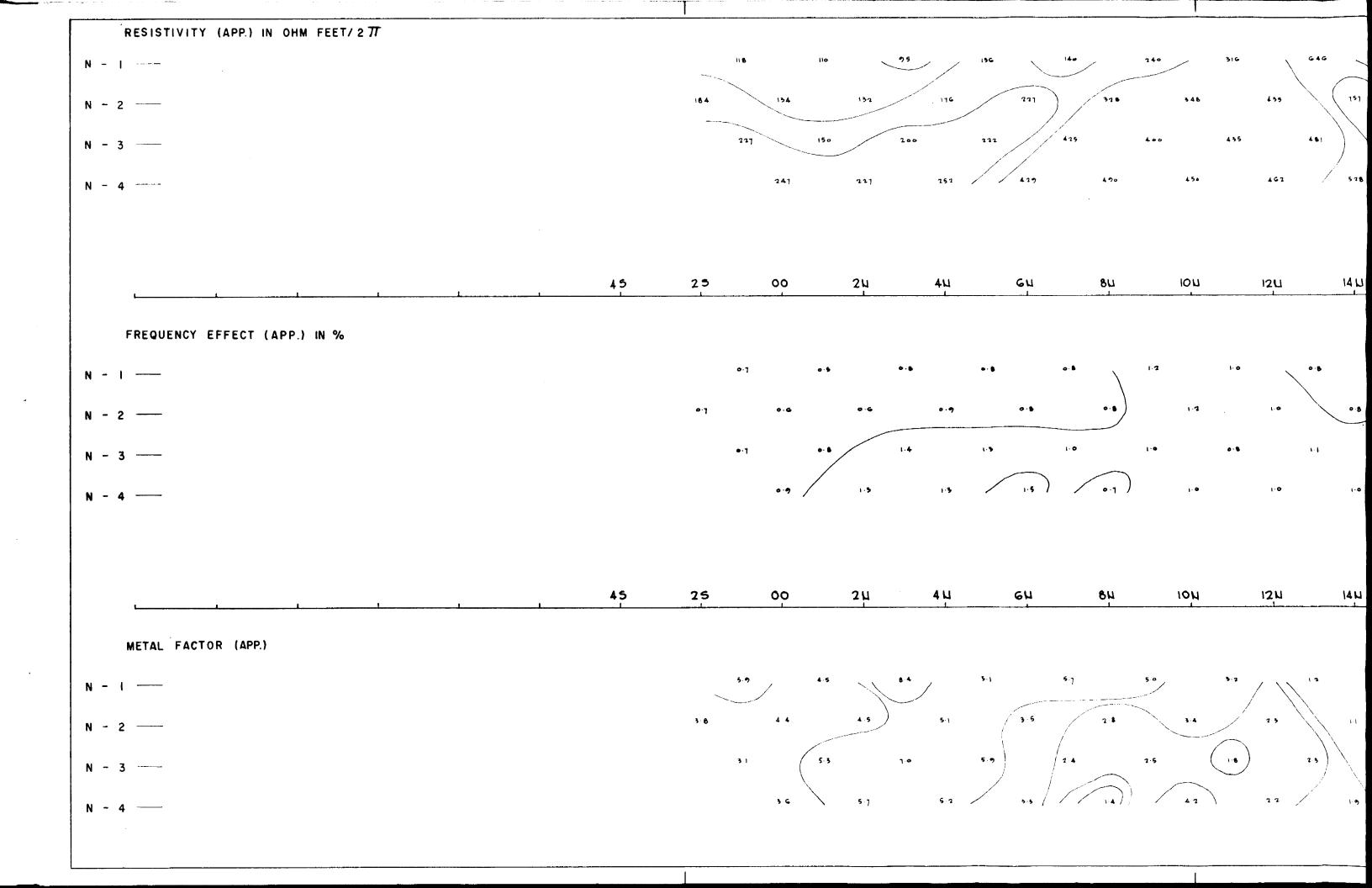
			= 17 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
			sical (I.P.				
Township o	or Area O	GDEN	4	75.03 75.03			
Claim Hold	er(s)_H	D, CAI					
Survey Con	npany Ph	oenix					
Author of I	Report De	B. Sul					
Address of	Author ///	o, 8 King					
Covering Da	ates of Surv	ey Augu					
Total Miles	of Line Cut						
			Harring Control of the Control of th	Tar			
	PROVISION REQUEST		DAYS Geophysical				
line cutti	10 days (inc ng) for first		-Electromagnetic				
survey.			-Radiometric			7. 41. 	
	20 days for		-Other_	ZĒ			
additional survey using same grid.			Geological				
6.10	•		Geochemical			4	
AIRBORNI	E CREDITS	(Special provision	on credits do not apply to also true see				
Magnetome	ter	Electromagne (enter day	etic Radiometric ys per claim)				Control
			- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1				
DATE:		SIGNAT	Author of Report of Ag		43-7		
			- The second sec				
	L . I)		100 C			
Res. Geol		Qualific	cations 63 · // 68				
Previous Su	rveys						
File No.	Туре	Date	Claim Holder				
			1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1				Control of the Contro
	••••••••						
	•••••••						
***************************************	•••••		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••				
							

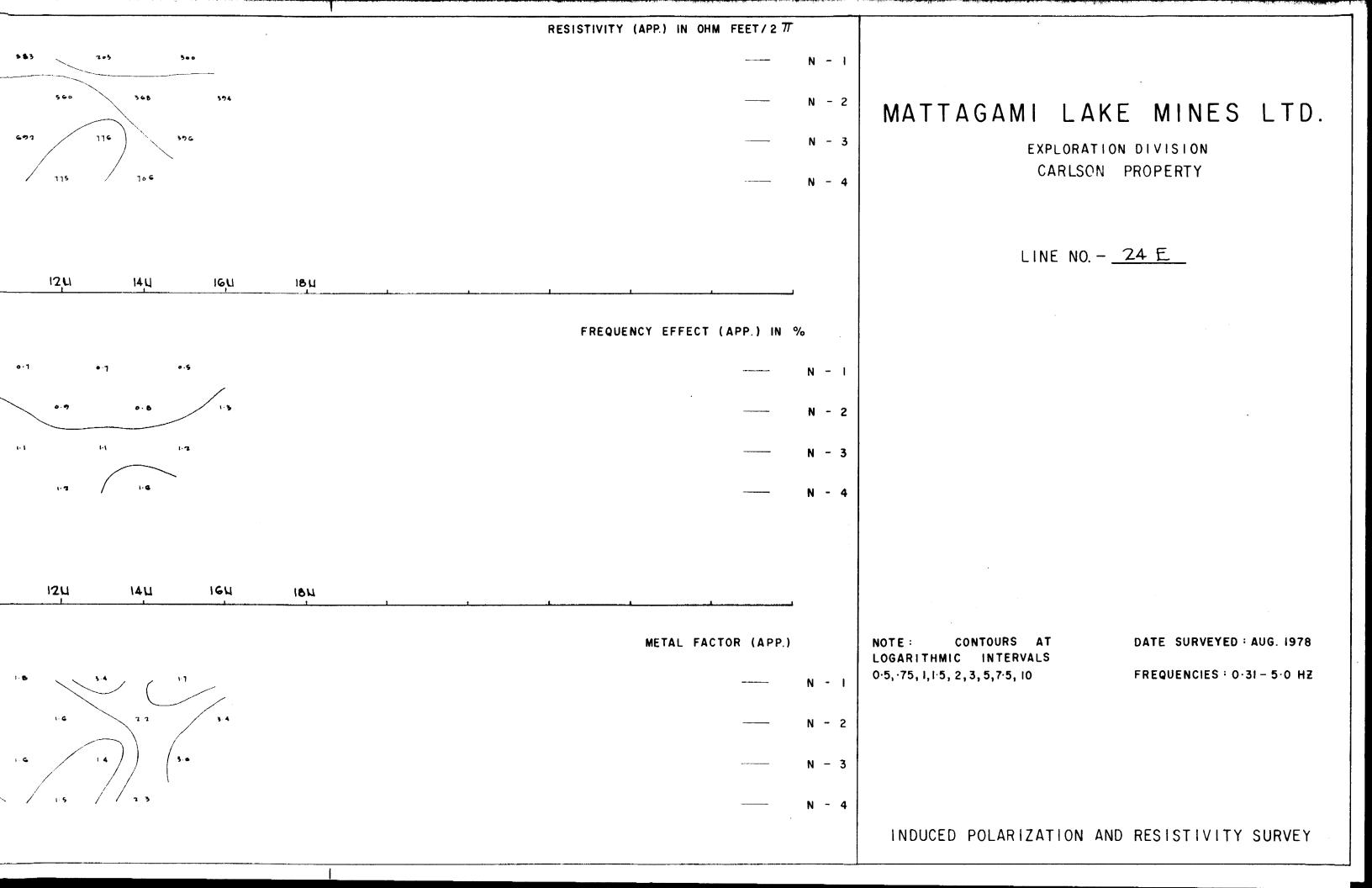
GEOPHYS	ICAL TECHNICAL DATA	A STATE OF THE STA
GROUND SURVEYS - If more than one survey, s	Decify data for any series	The state of the s
,,-		A AMERICAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A
Number of Stations	The second secon	
Number of Stations Station interval		
Profile scale		
Contour interval		
Instrument		
Accuracy — Scale constant Diurnal correction method Base Station check-in interval (hours)		
Diurnal correction method		
Base Station check-in interval (hours)		
Base Station check-in interval (hours) Base Station location and value		
- Value		
Instrument		
Coil configuration		A SERVICE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH
Coil separation		
Coil separation		
Accuracy		
— rixed transmitter	Shoot back Dr	
Frequency	(specify V.L.F. station)	
Parameters measured		
, .		
Instrument		
Scale constant		
Corrections made		
Base station value and location		
Elevation accuracy		
01		
Instrument Phoenix freque	ency Two The	
Method		
Parameters — On time		一个中央大学 人名英格兰 医二氏病 医二氏病 医二氏病 医二氏病 医二氏病 医二氏病 医二氏病 医二氏病
Off 4:		
- Oil time	Ange Tra	
Off timeDelay time		
- Delay time		
- Delay time - Integration time		
- Delay time - Integration time Power		
- Delay time		

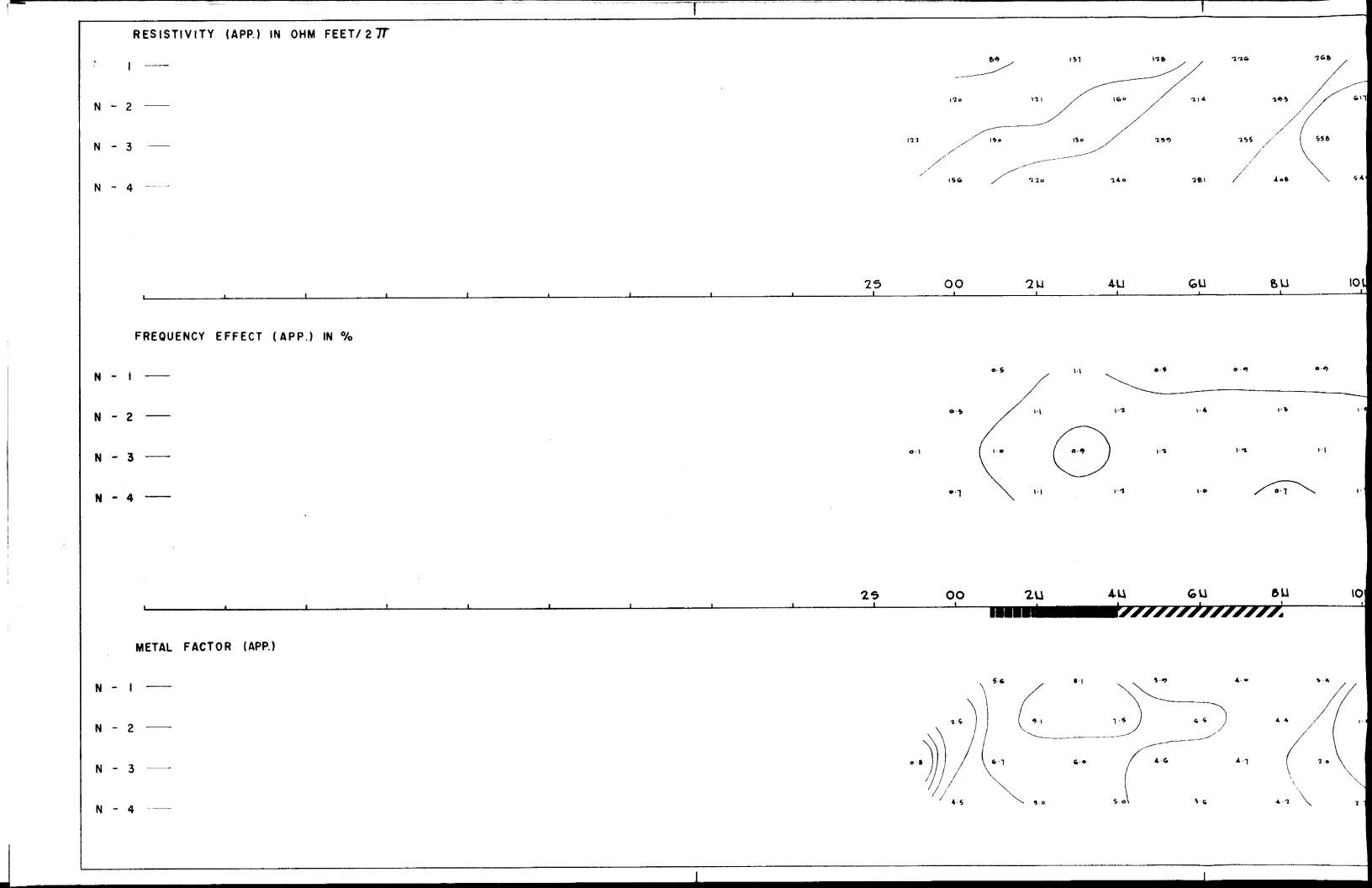




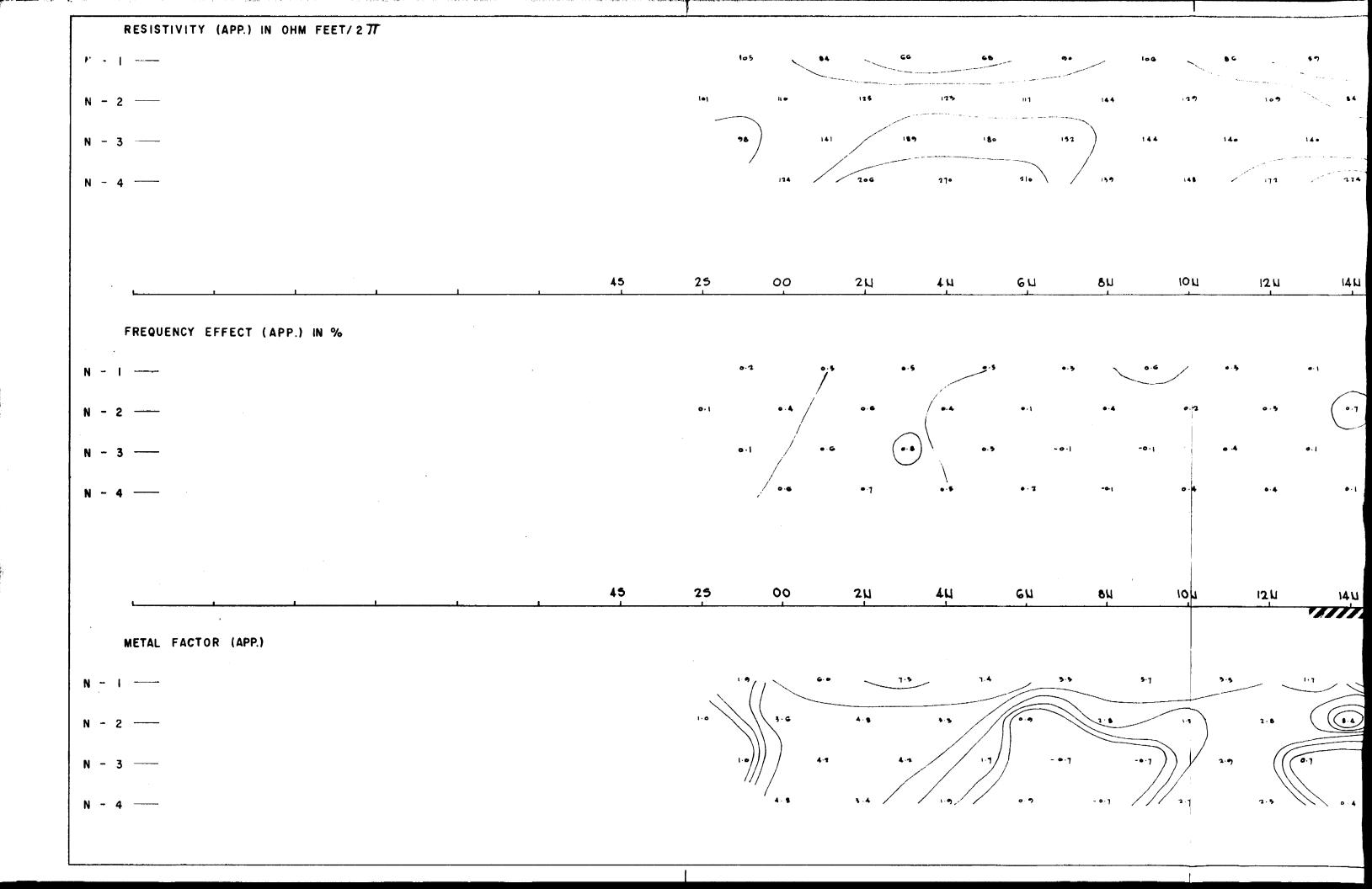


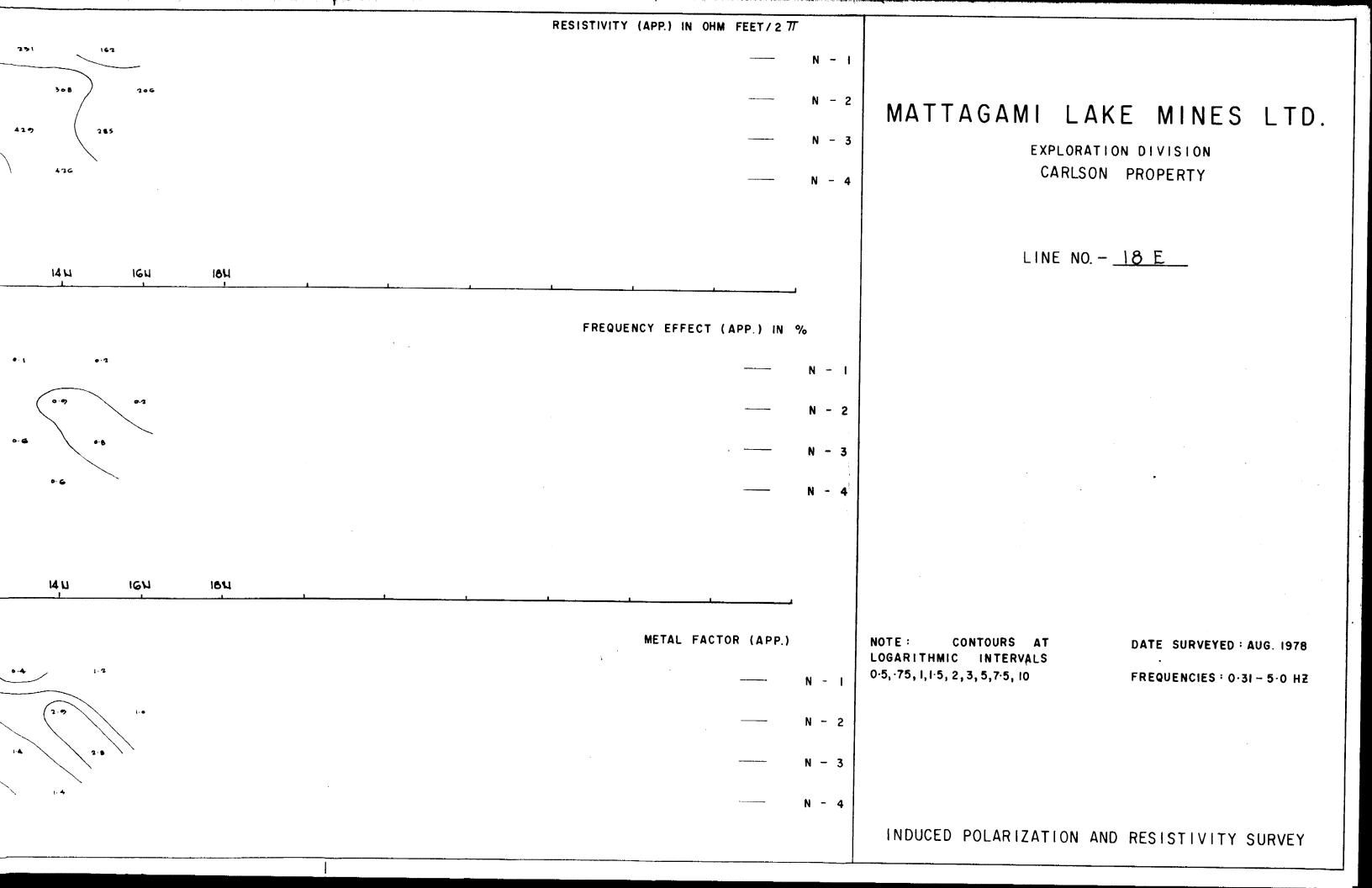


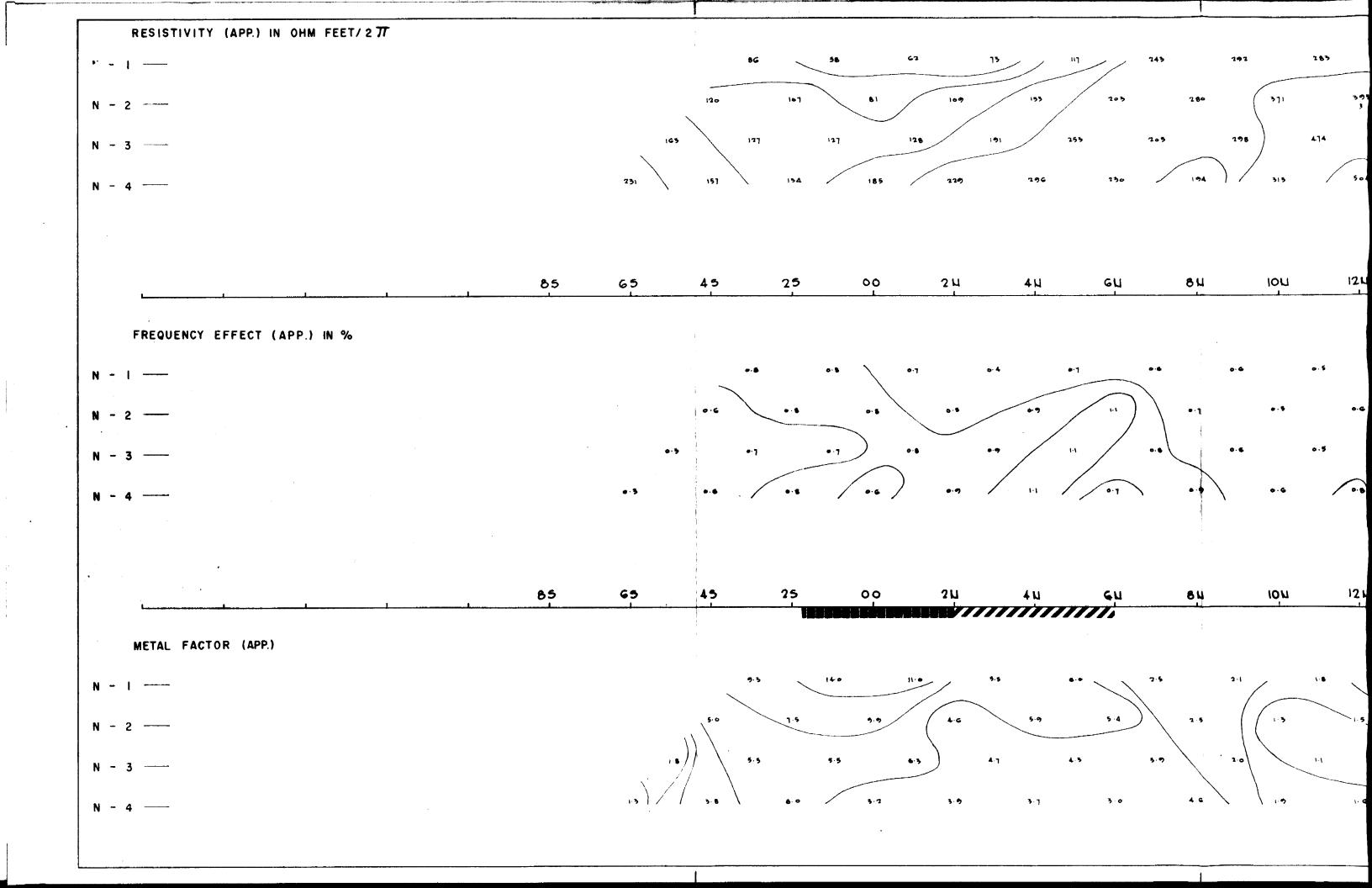


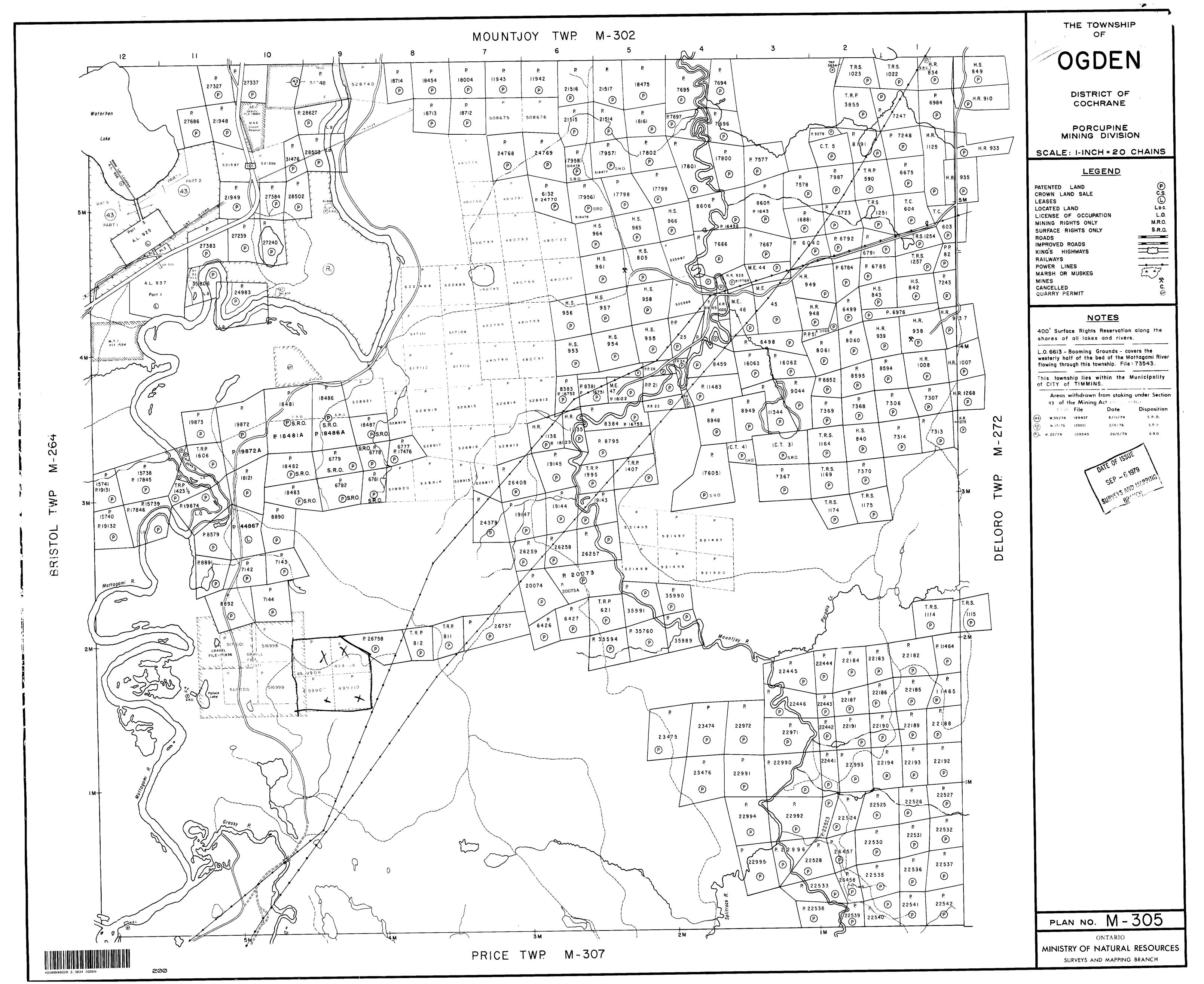


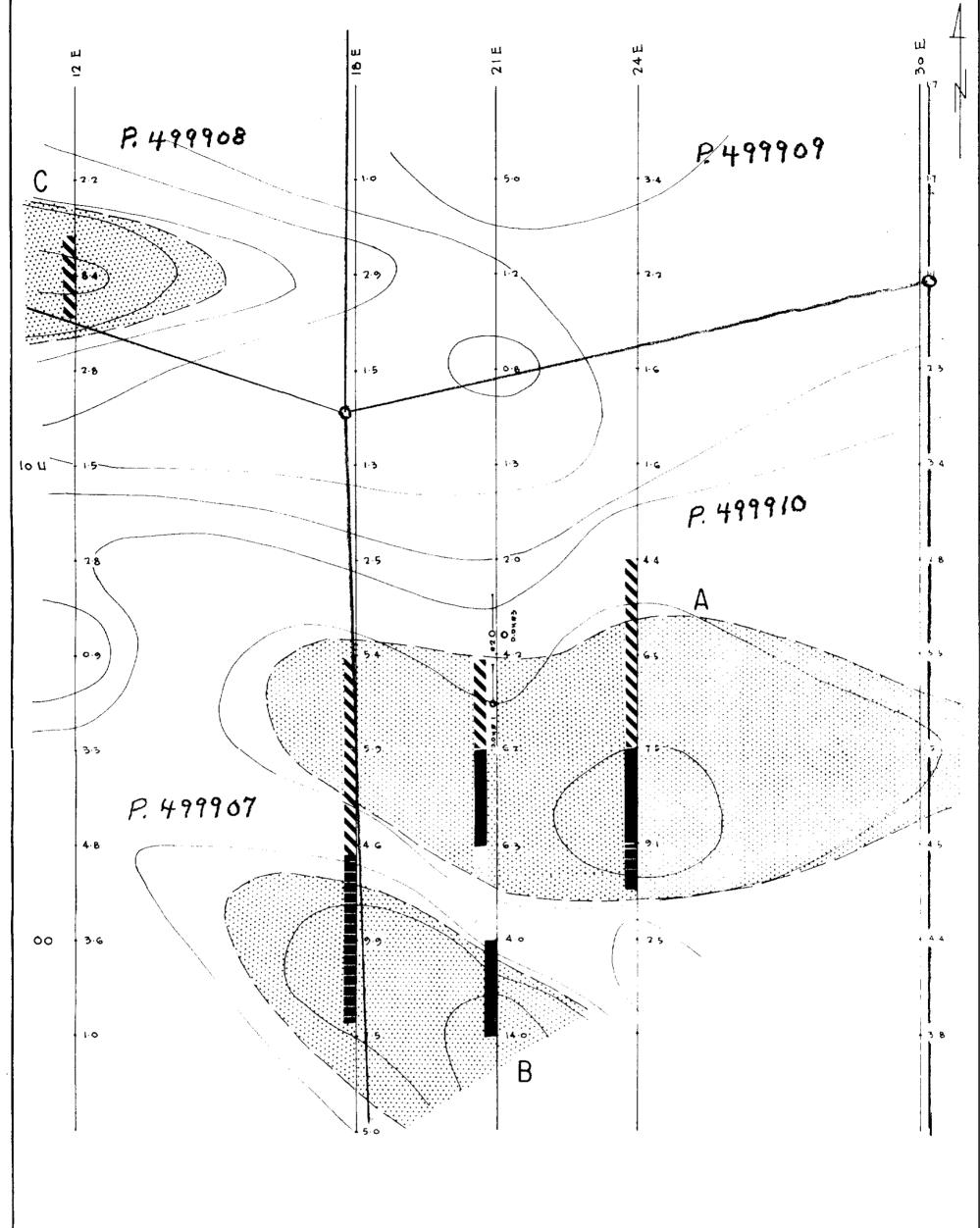
	RESISTIVITY (APP.) IN OHM FEET/2 TT				
58 41				N - 1	
9 3			en e e en	N - 2	
14·2				N - 3	MATTAGAMI LAKE MINES LTD.
					EXPLORATION DIVISION CARLSON PROPERTY
				N - 4	
IGN 18N					LINE NO 12 E
		1			
		FREQUENC	Y EFFECT (APP.) IN %	/o	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				N - I	
o . a	+ .			N - 2	
•-1			186	N - 3	
				N - 4	
IEN 181					
			•		
		Í	METAL FACTOR (APP.)		NOTE: CONTOURS AT DATE SURVEYED: AUG. 1978 LOGARITHMIC INTERVALS
-1-7 -1-5				N - I	0.5, .75, I, I.5, 2, 3, 5, 7.5, 10 FREQUENCIES : 0.31 - 5.0 HZ
2.7		3		N - 2	,
• 7	·			N - 3	
				N - 4	INDUCED DOLADIZATION AND DECLOTIVITY OUDGES
					INDUCED POLARIZATION AND RESISTIVITY SURVEY











MAP # 1

INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEY

CARLSON GROUP

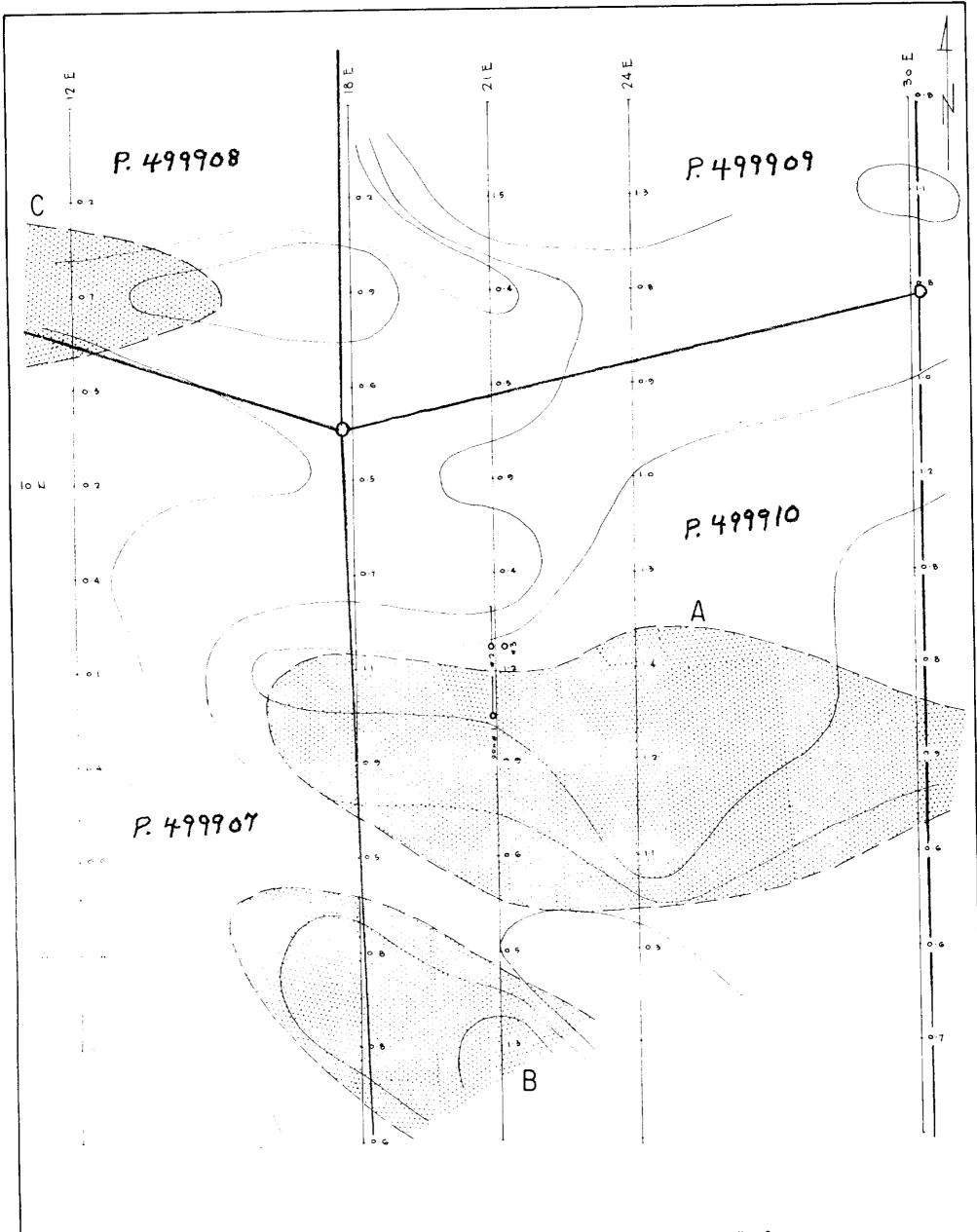
OGDEN TWP., ONTARIO

METAL FACTOR

N = 2 CONTOUR PLAN

SCALE : 1" = 200"

Alter of Dis Sidkerland





220

for D.O Sutherland.

MAP # 2

INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEY

CARLSON GROUP

OGDEN TWP., ONTARIO

FREQUENCY EFFECT

N = 2 CONTOUR PLAN

SCALE : 1" = 200