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JUN 2 3 1971

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY

on the

Remo Opatowski Properties

Adama Township, Onterio

Timmina, Onterio,

May 13, 1971.

R. J. Bradshaw, P. Eng., Consulting Geologist. A megnetic survey has been completed on the properties of Remo Opatowski in <u>Adams Township</u>, Ontario.

A <u>picket line grid system was established on the properties</u> during the period March 2 to April 17, 1971, and the magnetic survey was carried out during the month of April.

Object of the survey on the two claim blocks is to assist in the evaluation of the base metal potential of the property, primarily for nickel.

The sast portion of the Opstowski property overlies the southwest rim of a domical structure centred in Shaw Township immediately northeast of Adams Township. Along the rim of the domical structure are nickel-bearing serpentinized ultramafic bodies. Norands-Inco, to the east, in Langmuir Township are presently preparing their nickel orebody for production.

PROPERTY, LECATION AND ACCESS

The properties include two separate claim blocks totalling 65 claims. The claims in the gast block, designated 278770, diste 279964 http: 279231 to 279235 inclusive; 279379, 279962 to 279966 inclusive; and 313774 to 313776 inclusive, total 75 claims all contiguous and unpatented. Those in the west block, also contiguous and unpatented, total 50 claims and are designated 255919 to 255926 inclusive; 256200 to 256217 inclusive; 236561 to 256565 inclusive; 278487 to 278495 inclusive; 279227 to 279230 inclusive; 292335 to 292337 inclusive; 301355, 313772 and 313773.

The north boundary of the two claim blocks coincides with the north boundary of Adams Township approximately 10 miles south of Timmins, Ontario.

A gravel road extending south from Timmine crosses the extreme west sector of the west claim block thereby providing access to the properties.

PREVIOUS WORK

Some previous work has been completed on the Opatowski properties, mainly for gold.

In the east sector of the west claims group, a number of holes were drilled by Balmoral Porcupine Gold Mines Limited in <u>1947.</u> Some interesting but erratic gold intersections were encountered in carbonatized rocks.

One or two other holes were drilled on the west group for gold, with negative results.

On claim 279232, of the east group, the Opatowski interests did some rock trenching in <u>1970</u>, spparently for fresh samples of the magnesite-bearing carbonstized ultramafic exposures.

JECLOGY

Issued in 1969, Map F571 by the Untario Department of Mines, displays the geology of Adams Township. Rock exposure is

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excessingly limited, particulary in the morth portion of the Township, probably amounting to less than one percent on the Opetowski properties. The regional geology of the area is best displayed on a plan, at a scale of one inch to two miles, issued with Miscellaneous Paper 41 by the Untario Department of Mines in 1970.

The southwest rim of a domical structure, centred in Shaw Township about 4 miles northeast, is present in the northeast sector of Adams Township. Nickel-bearing alpine type serpantinized ultramafic intrusives form the rim of the dome. The Norenda-Inco nickel deposit in Langmuir Township, currently being prepared for production, is located at the contact of a serpentinized ultramafic body.

Based on a few rock exposures it is postulated on Map P571 that the entire Opatowski samt block is underlain by merpentinized and carbonatized ultramafic to mafic intrusives. In the northeast sector of the west Opatowski block these ultramafic to mafic rocks are interpreted as forming a generally conformable southeasterly trending contect with amphibolitized mafic volcanic flows and pyroclustics. These volcanic rocks display a foliation which strikes southeasterly and dips about 60° southwest. Based on a few rock exposures along the Mountjoy River, the entire west two thirds of the Opatowski west block is interpreted to be underlain by granodicrite.

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An occurrence of magnesite in the northwest sector of the Opstowski east block is described on Map P571. In the sast sector of the west block is present gold mineralization in a cerbonatized northeast trending shear zone.

MAGNETIC SURVEY RESULTS AND INTERPRETATION

Picket Lines have been established on the properties in a north-northeast direction at 400 foot intervals. The megneticsurvey date is plotted and contoured on the accompanying plan at a scale of one inch to four hundred feet. The survey method and instrument is described in the Appendix to this report.

The magnetic relief on the property is generally not pronounced despite the presence of ultramafic to mefic rocks on the sest claims. Where the magnetic relief is more pronounced particularly to the sest, the isomagnetics trend generally eastsoutheast thereby reflecting the strike of the rocks in the area. In the extreme west portion of the claims the isomagnetics depart from the usual trend a reflection of unconformable intrusives in the area. The very much less pronounced trend of the isomagnetics in the central portion of the claims, between base lines 1 and 2, is pertially a result of variable depths of overburden in an area of low magnetic relief.

In the west claim group are present a number of oval shaped magnetic highs oriented in a southeesterly direction. All of the rock exposures in this area, with one exception, consist of ultramefic to mafic rocks, variably carbonatized and serpentinized.

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Normally the magnatic highs represent serpentinized ultramefic rocks. The intervening magnetic low area may represent highly carbonatized ultramafic to mafic intrusives or alternatively, less resistent, nonexposed, metasudimentary and metavolcanic rocks.

North of base line 3, between Lines 16E and 36E is a strong lineal megnetic, peaking at 11520 gammas. This anomaly represents an iron formation horizon probably sulphide-bearing. The magnetic susceptibilities indicets a dip to the south corresponding to geological data observed on mafic volcanic exposures where the power transmission line intersects the Township boundary. If the iron formation is sulphide bearing and in contact with ultramafic rocks, a favourable condition for the presence of nickel mineralization exists.

On map P571 an exposure of diabase probably corresponds with an exposure noted by the instrument operator at the south and of Line 24E (base line 3). However, the magnetic linear, generally representative of diabase dykes, is not apparent.

The contact zone between the dominantly ultramefic to mefic rock assemblage to the east and adjacent rocks to the west is indicated on the accompanying plan several hundred feet north of base line 2. This contact zone generally parallels the base line in an seat-southeast direction and is marked by fairly well defined change in the magnetic susceptibilities.

From this contact zons to almost the west boundaries of the west claim group the magnetic susceptibilities show little

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relief except for a very general megnetic low area extending southeast from the Township boundary to Line 120E on base line 1. Based on previous drilling and rock exposures where the power line crosses the Township boundary, smphibolitized mafic flows and pyroclestics are interpreted, by the D.D.M., to form a belt everaging 3000 feet wide. This belt strikes east-southeast and dips southwest at 60°. These rocks are highly altered as a result of a granodicrite intrusion to the south covaring most of the Township. A few rock exposures, along the Mountjoy River near the south boundary, accounts for the contact interpreted by the D.D.M. as being located midway between base lines 1 and 2.

Along the abuthwest boundary of the west claim group is a lineal magnetic high which atrikes north 30° sast. This feature is interpreted as a diabase dyke intruding the granodiorite.

In the extreme northwest sector of the west claim group is a magnetic high which appears to trend in a northeasterly direction. The magnetic susceptibilities are similar in magnitude to those representing ultramafic to mafic intrusives and these rocks are known to be present a holf mile to the northwest.

CONCLUSIONS

The magnetic susceptibilities and trends on the Opstowski properties agree fairly well with the geology as interpreted by the O.D.M., with some exceptions. In the area east of the contect zone, along base line 2, the few rock exposures are ultramefic to

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mafic rocks, therefore, indicating that the entire area is underlain by these type rocks. However, the anomalously high magnetic sreas, normally expected, are isolated amongst magnetic lows. Either carbonitization of the ultramafics has eliminated the magnetic minerals or the magnetic lows represent metalvolcanic and metasedimentary rocks. Support for the presence of sodimentaryvolcanic rocks is provided by the presence of an iron formation horizon, north of base line 3 as indicated by a prominent lenticular magnetic high. Magnetic profiles across the indicated iron formation indicate a south dip of the rocks coinciding with data on rock exposures.

In the central portion of the west claim group there is no readily apparent difference between the magnetic susceptibilities of aremunderlain by granodiorite and volcanic rocks. The volcanic rocks are expected to be quite highly sltered by the granodiorite intrusion, particularly since the volcanics dip towards the intrusion. This alteration has probably eliminated the magnetic minerals. The contact area of the granodiorite intrusion is favourable to the occurrence of gold mineralization as exemplified by the Balmorel occurrence (See Freevious Work).

The presence of a diabase dyke, striking about northwest, slong the west boundary is indicated by the magnetic susceptibilities.

In the extreme northwest sector of the west group, the presence of ultramafic rocks is suggested by the magnetic survey which is not indicated on the D.D.M. map.

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Bince nickel mineralization is associated with ultramafic to mafic rocks in the area, those areas postulated to be underlain by these type rocks on the Spatowski claims merit further investigation. An area of perhaps special importance is that about the postulated iron formation herizon on the most claim group, particularly if it is sulphide-bearing.

RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommanded that a deep penetrating electromagnetic method be utilized to investigate selected areas of the Opetowski claims to determine if sulphide bodies sufficiently messive to form conductors are present. These areas include those that are expected to be underlain by ultramefic to mefic intrusives and essociated metavolcanic and metasedimentary rocks. The three areas proposed for investigation are:

1. That area bounded by Line 28E and the north, west and south boundary of the west claim block. Since the postulated ultramafic rocks here, appear to strike northeast it is advisable to establish a second grid with lines paralleling the base line for control of part of the electromagnetic survey. Total survey work on each grid would amount to about 6 miles.

2. That area extending to the northeast boundaries from base line 2. Survey work required here, amounts to about 6.5 miles.

3. That area of the east claim group which totals about 8.5 miles.

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Taking into consideration the fact that most of the survey is to be conducted along winter cut lines, thereby slowing progress, it is satimated that the survey work would cost as follows:

1. Northwest area

Linecutting: 3 mi. 2 385/mi. 3255.00 Electromagnetic survey: 6 mi. 2 3150/mi.600.00 3 855.00

2. Central area

Electromagnetic survey: 6.5 mi. & \$150./mi. 675.00

3. Lost area

Electromagnetic survey: 8.5 mi. # \$150./mi. 1275.00 Estimated detailed survey work: 5 days at \$175./day 875.00 Mobilization and demobilization by swamp machine 200.00 TOTAL <u>\$3880.00</u>

It is probable that a drill investigation of the properties could be formulated on the busis of this work.

Respectfully submitted,

SHIELD GLUPHYSICS LIMIT ROFESSIONAL -1, Brochan R. J. Brodshaw, A ACE OF OWN Consulting Geologia

Timmins, Ontario, May 13, 1971.



PERFORMANCE & CC

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ASSESSMENT WORK DETAILS 42A06SE0158	2.466 ADAMS 900
Township or Area Adams Township	List numerically
Type of Survey Magnetic A separate form is required for each type of survey	See list same in sector
Chief Line Cutter <u>D. Young Shield Geophysics Ltd.</u> or Contractor <u>26 Pine St. S. Timmins, Ont.</u>	- 20 (22 - 1 .
Party Chief <u>R. Draper, Shield Geophysics Ltd.</u> Name <u>26 Pine St. S. Timmins, Ont.</u> Address	
Consultant R.J. Bradshaw Shield Geophysics Ltd. Name 26 Pine St. S. Timmins, Ont. Address	
COVERING DATES	
Line Cutting March 2 - April 17, 1971	:
Field April 1 - 30, 1971	
Office May 1 - 13, 1971	
INSTRUMENT_DATA	
Make, Model and Type <u>Scintrex M.F1-100 fluxgate</u>	RECEIVED
Scale Constant or Sensitivity + or -5 gammas Or provide copy of instrument data from Manufacturer's brochure,	
Radiometric Background Count	PROJECTS SECTION
Number of Stations Within Claim Group 5 2808	
Number of Readings Within Claim Groups5616	
Number of Miles of Line cut Within Claim Groups 54	
Number of Samples Collected Within Claim Group	
CREDITS_REQUESTED20 DAYS per claim40 DAYS per claimIncludes (Line cutting)Geological Survey	TOTAL 654
Geophysical Survey	Send in duplicate to:
Geochemical Survey □ □	FRED W. MATTHEWS SUPERVISOR-PROJECTS SECTION DEPARTMENT OF MINES & NORTHERN A DEALDS
DATE	NORTHERN AFFAIRS WHITNEY BLOCK QUEEN'S PARK TORONTO, ONTARIO

East Block

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-	279964	- tothe	1.1
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*3	313774		
₩ З	313775		
Ж з	313776		

West Block

P255919	P256217
255920	256561
255921	256562
255922	200002
255923	20000
255924	200004 250505
255925	200000
255926	278487
256200	278488
256204	278489
256202	278490
256202	278491
256205	278492
256204 25620c	278493
256202	278494
256202	278495
256200	279227
256200	279228
250209	279229
200210	279230
200211	279355
200212	279355
256213	279057
256214	301355
256215	* 313772
200216	米 313773
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	292336

* These 5 claims were recorded ofter linealling and swary/No Credit

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