



42A06SE2002 2.18533 LANGMUIR

010

Report of Work

on the

2000

Langmuir Property

Langmuir Township, Ontario
Porcupine Mining Division
District of Cochrane

RECEIVED

JUN 02 1998

PERMITS ASSISTANT
OFFICE

May 27, 1998

Geoserve Canada Inc.

Rodney Barber



1.0 SUMMARY

Recent limited magnetometer and induced polarization surveys performed at the Langmuir property . Have located several IP anomalies flanking or coincident with narrow zones of high magnetics. These anomalies are of interest for base metal and nickel sulphide exploration. An expanded magnetometer survey, HLEM and geological surveys and a data compilation are recommended to advance the property.

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PLAN, FIGURES AND IP SECTIONS

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Plan 1	Magnetic Survey	Pocket
4	1:5000 IP Sections	Pocket

2.0 INTRODUCTION

The Langmuir property consists of 56 units in 38 unpatented claims located in west central Langmuir Township, ON, approximately 25 km southeast of Timmins, ON. The property is accessible by the Stringer and Langmuir Mine roads, from South Porcupine, ON. The property contains part of the area covered by the past producing Langmuir Mine.

During April and May, 1998, Geoserve Canada Inc. conducted line cutting and an induced polarization survey on selected areas of the property. These areas were selected based on the presence of airborne electromagnetic conductors.

3.0 1998 WORK

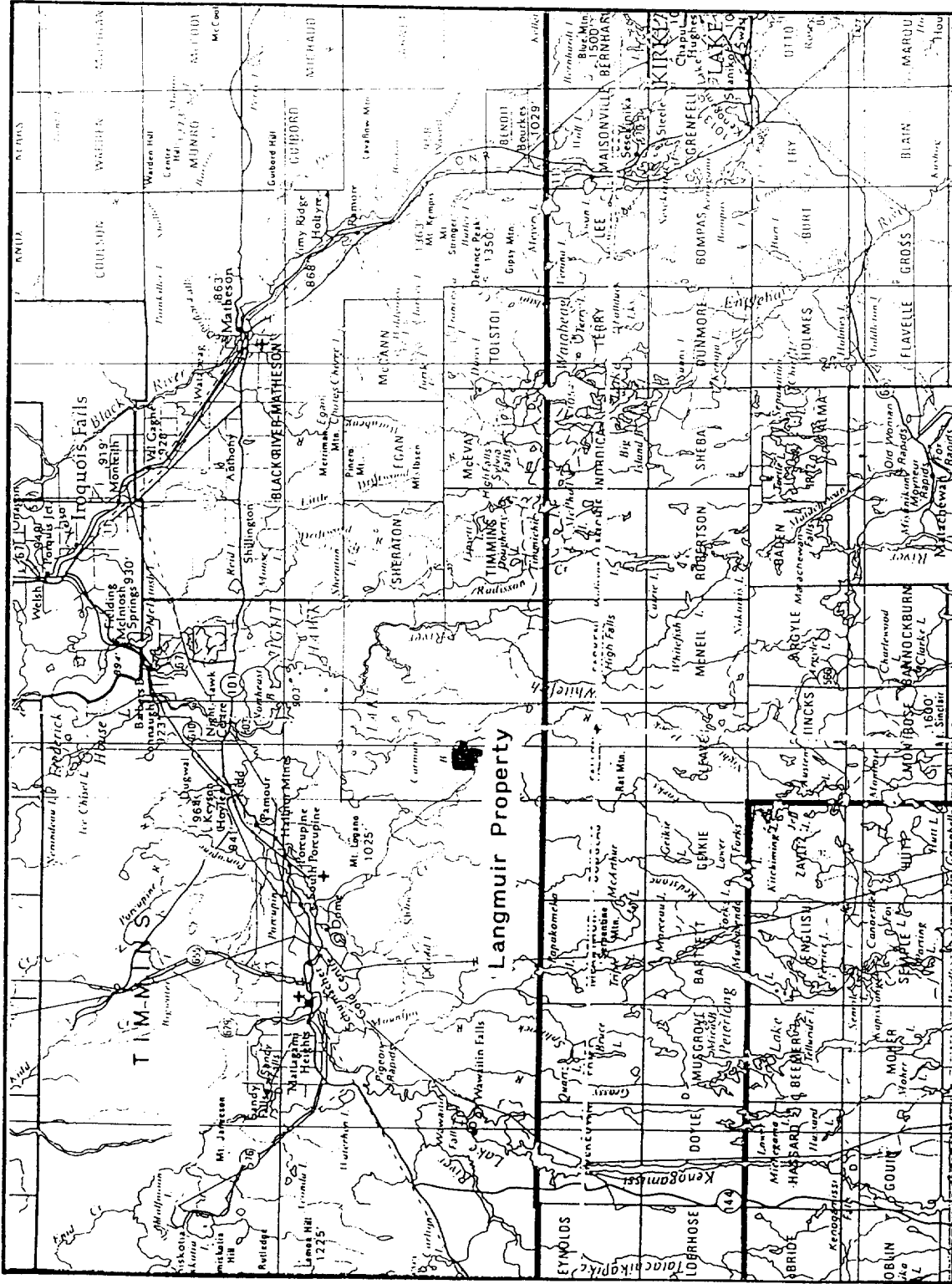
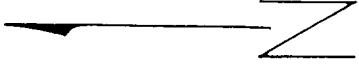
3.1 Line Cutting

Line cutting consisted of a baseline 2.1 km long oriented east-west, a tie line at 1100N and cross lines at 0, 200E, 300E, 500E, 700E, 900E and 900W. All lines were picketed every 25 m for a total of 10.925 km.

3.2 TFM Survey

3.2.1 Procedure

The total field magnetics survey was conducted during May 1998 by Glenn O'Keefe. A TerraPlus GSM-19 magnetometer was used to take readings at 12.5 m intervals along the cross lines. In this manner, a total of 730 stations were surveyed, for 9.125 km.



Langmuir Property
Location Map

Scale: 1:600 000

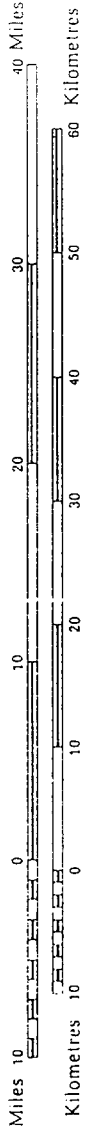
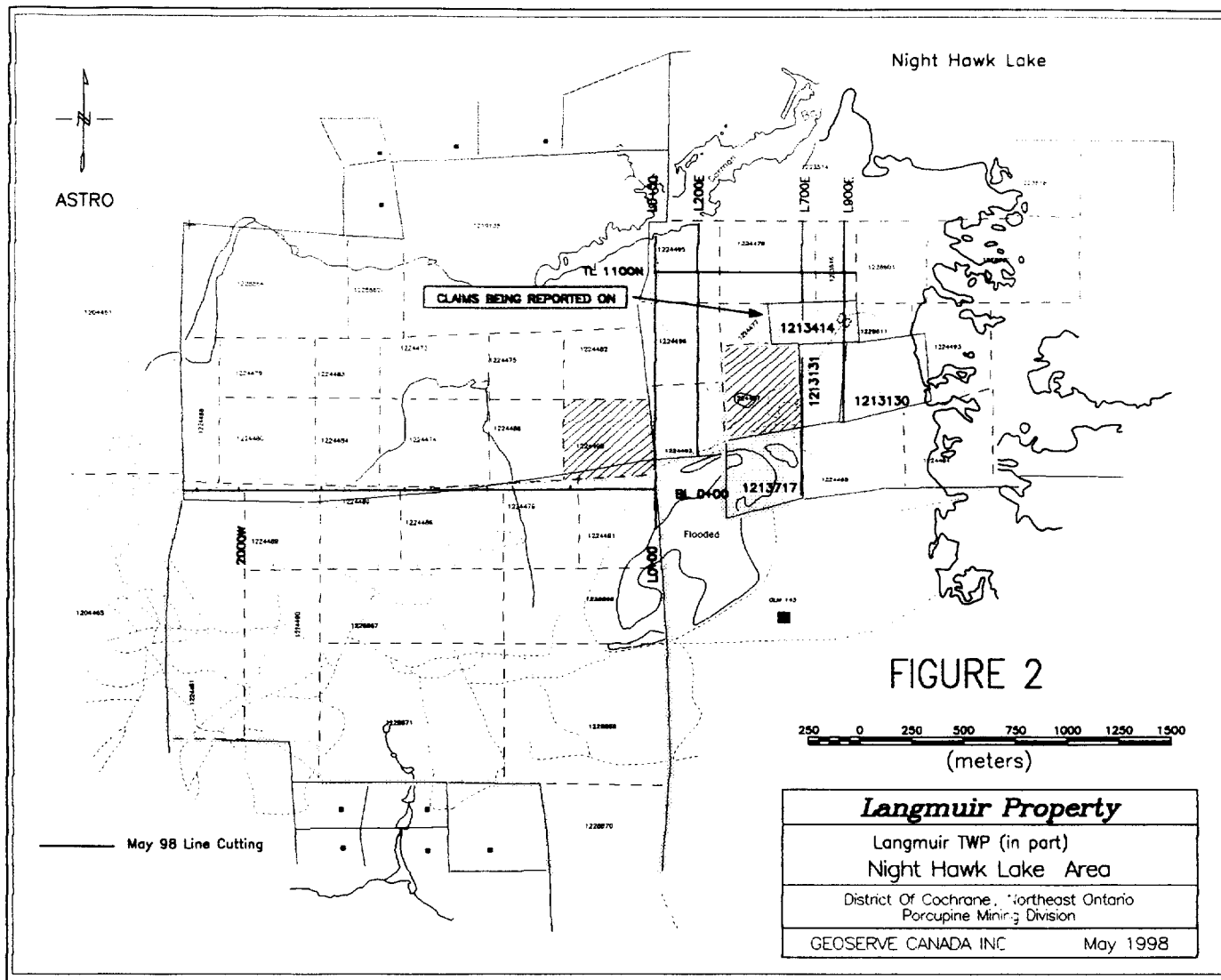


Figure 1



3.2.2 Results

The results of the magnetics survey are shown as profiles on Plan 1. The most prominent features noted are two prominent, relatively narrow (<100m) magnetic highs. One trends northeast from L0, 600N to L500E, 1237N. The other trends east-northeast from L0, 275N to L700E, 425N. Both appear to trend toward a prominent high on L900W, 50S. These narrow magnetic high probably represent magnetite iron formation.

3.3 Induced Polarization Survey

3.3.1 Procedure

The IP survey was conducted in May 1998 by Geoserve Canada Inc. The Pole-Dipole crews used an Androtex TDR-6 Time Domain Receiver in conjunction with an Androtex STX-10 Transmitter. Readings were taken every 50 m for n=1 to n=6 using the Pole Dipole Array.

3.3.2 Results

Results of the IP survey are shown on the sections which accompany this report.

Line 0 shows two chargeability anomalies, both slightly south of magnetic peaks inferred to represent iron formation. As well, these anomalies coincide with narrow conductive zones, at 212N and 575N, respectively, flanked by more highly resistive zones.

L200E also shows two chargeability/resistivity anomalies, from 375N to 450N and 900N to 1025N. The first anomaly is slightly north of a magnetic peak, while the second is coincident with magnetic peaks. These anomalies are believed to represent the same zones as are seen on L0.

L700E shows one broad chargeability anomaly from 350N to 625N. This is partially coincident with a zone of high resistivity from 300N to 425N. The "pantleg" part of the chargeability anomaly corresponds to a broad zone of reduced resistivity. The magnetics are highly variable over the zone. Both the resistivity and chargeability anomalies appear to extend beyond the survey limits.

L900E has a strong chargeability anomaly from 625N, southward to the limits of the survey. Resistivity appears fairly uniform over this zone. The anomaly is accompanied by an increase in the magnetics, on the south flank of a magnetic peak.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Due to the small area surveyed, few definitive conclusions can be drawn. The IP anomalies are interesting with regard to base metal and nickel sulphide exploration and should be investigated further. A compilation of existing data pertaining to the Langmuir Mine, perhaps in conjunction with a geological survey would be useful to provide geological control on these anomalies. The magnetometer survey should be expanded to include the entire property, and a horizontal loop electromagnetic survey should be performed.

Respectfully submitted for approval,

May 28/98
Date

R Barber
Rodney Barber

5.0 CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, **Rodney Alan Barber**, residing at 119 Lois Crescent, Timmins, ON., certify that:

1. I hold a B.Sc. (Honours) in Geology, obtained from Laurentian University, Sudbury, ON in 1988.
2. I have worked within the mineral exploration and mining industries since 1988, with an emphasis on northeastern Ontario for the last 7 years.
3. This report is the product of the examination of the survey results which accompany this report.
4. I have no direct interest in the Langmuir Property.

May 28/98
Date

R Barber
Rodney A Barber

GEM Systems Inc
 52 West Beaver Creek Road, Unit 14
 Richmond Hill, Ontario
 Canada, L4B-1L9

Phone; (905) 764- 8008
 Fax ; (905) 764- 9329

Instrument Description

- The sensor is a dual coil type designed to reduce noise and improve gradient tolerance. The coils are electrostatically shielded and contain a proton rich liquid in a pyrex bottle, which also acts as an RF resonator.
- The sensor cable is coaxial, typically RG-58/U, up to 100m long.
- The staff is made of strong aluminum tubing sections. This construction allows for a selection of sensor elevations above the ground during surveys. For best precision the full staff length should be used. Recommended sensor separation in gradiometer mode is one staff section, although two or three section separations are sometimes used for maximum sensitivity.
- The console contains all the electronic circuitry. It has a sixteen key keyboard, a 4x20 character alphanumeric display, and sensor and power input/ output connectors. The keyboard also serves as an ON-OFF switch.
- The power input/output connector also serves as a RS232 input/output and optionally as analog output and contact closure triggering input.
- The keyboard front panel, and connectors are sealed (can operate under rainy conditions)
- The charger has two levels of charging, full and trickle, switching automatically from one to another. Input is normally 110V 50/60Hz. Optionally, 12V DC can be provided.
- The all-metal housing of the console guarantees excellent EM protection.

Instrument Specifications

Resolution 0.01 nT, magnetic field and gradient
 Accuracy 0.20 nT over operating range
 Range 20,000 to 120,000 nT automatic tuning, requiring initial setup
 Gradient Tolerance over 10,000 nT/m
 Operating Interval 3 seconds minimum, faster optional. Reading initiated from keyboard, external
 trigger, or carriage return via RS-232
 Input/Output 6 pin weatherproof connectors
 Power Requirements 12V, 200mA peak, 30mA standby, 300mA peak with Gradiometer
 Power Source Internal 12V, 1.9Ah sealed lead-acid battery standard, external source optional.
 Battery Charger Input; 110/ 220VAC, 50/60Hz and/or 12VDC
 Output; 12V dual level charging
 Operating Ranges Temperatures; -40°C to +60°C
 Battery Voltages; 10.0 V min to 15.0V max
 Humidity; up to 90% relative, non condensing
 Storage Temperature -50°C to +65°C
 Dimensions Console; 223 X 69 X 240 cm
 Sensor Staff; 4 x 450mm sections
 Sensor; 170 x 71 mm diameter
 Weight; Console 2.1Kg Staff 0.9Kg Sensors; 1.1Kg

Magnetic Survey

Theory;

The magnetic method is based on measuring alteration in the shape and magnitude of the earth's naturally occurring magnetic field caused by changes in the magnetization of the rocks in the earth. These changes in magnetization are due mainly to the presence of the magnetic minerals, of which the most common is magnetite, and to a lesser extent ilmenite, pyrrhotite, and some less common minerals. Magnetic anomalies in the earth's field are caused by changes in two types of magnetization; (1) Induced, caused by the magnetic field being altered and enhanced by increases in the magnetic susceptibility of the rocks, which is a function of the concentration of the magnetic minerals. (2) Remanent magnetism is independent of the earth's magnetic field, and is the permanent magnetization of the magnetic particles (magnetite, etc..) in the rocks. This is created when these particles orient themselves parallel to the ambient field when cooling. This magnetization may not be in the same direction as the present earth's field, due to changes in the orientation of the rock or the field. The unit of measurement (variations in intensity) is commonly known as the Gamma which is equivalent to the nanotesla (nT).

Method;

The magnetometer, GSM-19 with an Overhauser sensor measures the **Total Magnetic Field (TFM)** perpendicular to the earth's field (horizontal position in the polar region). The unit has no moving parts, produces an absolute and relatively high resolution measurement of the field and displays the measurement on a digital lighted display and is recorded (to memory). Initially, the tuning of the instrument should agree with the nominal value of the magnetic field for each particular area. The Overhauser procession magnetometer collected the data with a **0.2 nanoTesla accuracy**. The operator read each and every line at a **12.5 m interval** with the sensor attached to the top of three (56cm) aluminum tubing sections. The readings were corrected for changes in the earth's magnetic field (diurnal drift) with a similar GSM-19 magnetometer, >>base station<< which automatically read and stored the readings at every 30 seconds. The data from both units was then downloaded to PC and base corrected values were computed.

Induced Polarization

•Androtex TDR-6; The TDR-6 induced polarization receiver is a highly cost-effective instrument for the detailed measurements of IP effects and apparent resistivity phenomenon. Up to six dipoles can be measured simultaneously, thus increasing production. A wide input voltage range, up to 30V, simplifies surveys over the narrow shallow conductors of large resistivity contrast. Input signal indicators are provided for each dipole. All data are displayed on a 2x16 character display LCD module and any selected parameters can be monitored on a separate analogue meter for noise evaluation during the stacking/averaging. Although the TDR-6 receiver is automatic it allows full control and communications with the operator at all times during measurements. Since the input signal synchronizes the receiver at each cycle, the transmitter timing stability is not critical and any standard time domain transmitter can be used. Data are stored in the internal memory with a capacity of up to 2700 readings (450 stations). The data format is directly compatible with Geosoft without the necessity of an instrument conversion program.

Features

•Wide input signal range •Automatic self-potential cancellation
•Stacking/averaging of Vp and M for high measurement accuracy in noisy environments
•High rejection of power line interference •Continuity resistance test •Switch selectable delay and integration time •Multiwindow chargeability measurements
•Digital output for data logger •Six channel input provided •Compatible with standard time domain transmitters •Alpha-numeric LCD display •Audio indicator for automatic SP compensation •Portable

Specifications

•Dipole n1 to n6 simultaneously
•Input Impedance 10 megohm
•Input Voltage (Vp) range:100 μ V to 30 Volts (automatic), accuracy:.25%, resolution:10 μ V.
•Self Potential (SP) range: \pm 2V, accuracy:1%, Automatic compensation \pm 1
•Chargeability (M) range:300mV/V, accuracy:.25%, resolution:.1mV/V
•Automatic Stacking 2 to 32 cycles
•Delay Time programmable
•Integration Time programmable for each gate (10 gates)
•Total Chargeability Time During integration time of all gates
•Synchronization Signal programmable from channel 1 to 6
•Filtering power lines:dual notch 60/180Hz or 50/150Hz, 100dB, other:Anti-alias, RF and spike rejection.
•Internal Test Vp=1V, M=30mV/V
•Ground resistance test 0 to 200 Kohm
•Transmitting Time 1,2,4 and 8 sec pulse duration, ON/OFF.
•Digital Display Two line 16 alphanumeric LCD.
•Analogue Meters Six-monitoring input signal and course resistance testing.
•Controls Push button reset, toggle start-stop, rotary Rs-in-test, rotary (data scroll) display, rotary (data scroll) Dipole, keypad 16 key 4x4.
•Memory Capacity 2700 readings, 450 stations (n1 to n6).
•Data Output serial I/O RS-232 (programmable baud rate), Geosoft compatible output format.
•Temperature Range Operating:-30 $^{\circ}$ to +50 $^{\circ}$ C, storage -40 $^{\circ}$ to +60 $^{\circ}$ C.
•Power Supply Four 1.5V D cells.
•Dimensions 31x16x29 cm
•Weight 6.5 kg (14.3lbs)

IP Method

The phenomena of Induced Polarization (IP) was reported as early as 1920 by Schlumberger. The IP survey technique allows a variety of arrays (which all have advantages and disadvantages) and reads two separate elements; (1) The chargeability or IP effect (M) and Apparent Resistivity. The IP technique is useful for detecting sulphide bodies and is also useful as a structural mapping tool. The IP effect is the measurement of the residual voltage in rocks that remains after the interception of a primary voltage. It includes many types of dipolar charge distributions set up by the passage of current through consolidated or unconsolidated rocks. Among the causes are concentration polarization and electrokinetic effects in rocks containing electronic conductors such as metallic sulphides and graphite. The term overvoltage applies to secondary voltages set up by a current in the earth which decays when it is interrupted. These secondary effects are measured by a receiver via potential electrodes. The current flow is actually maintained by charged ions in the solutions. The IP effect is created when this ionic current flow is converted to electronic current flow at the surface of metallic minerals (or some clays, and platy silicates). The IP method is generally used for prospecting low grade (or disseminated) sulphide ores where metallic particles, sulfides in particular, give an anomalous response. Barren rock (with certain exceptions) gives a low response. In practice, IP is measured in one or two ways; (1) In a pure form, a steady current of some seconds (nominally 2 seconds) is passed and abruptly interrupted. The slowly decaying transient voltage existing in the ground are measured after interruption. This is known as the time domain method. The factor V_s/V_p is the integrated product for a specified time, and several readings are averaged (suppressing noise and coupling effects). The resultant chargeability, M is essentially a unitless value but it is usually represented in mV/V. The second method entails a comparison of the apparent resistivity using sinusoidal alternating currents of 2 frequencies within the normal range of 0.1 to 10.0 cps.. The factor used to represent the IP effect by this frequency domain method is the percent frequency effect (PFE) and is defined by $(R_1 - R_2)/R_1 \times 100\%$ where R_1 and R_2 are the apparent resistivities at the low and high frequencies.

Use and Limitations

The effective depth of penetration of any IP survey is a function of the resistivity of the surface layer ('s) with respect to the resistivity of the lower layer. All arrays have different effects from this resistivity contrast, some are less affected than others. When the surface layer is 0.01 of the lower layer, the effective penetration is very poor hence the term masking. Masking occurs most often in areas of thick clay cover. The size of the target therefore becomes important when detection is desirous under a conductive surface layer. The frequency domain methods are the most adversely affected by masking as inductive coupling can be much greater than the response.

Standard Definitions of Chargeability

The IP parameter, chargeability (M) varies with time. For practical reasons the entire decay curve is not sampled. Instead the secondary voltage is sampled one or more times at various intervals. Because the secondary voltage is received at extremely low levels in many prospecting situations, measurements of its amplitude at any given time is extremely susceptible to noise. Therefore, the secondary voltage is usually integrated for a period of time called a gate. Thus, if the noise has a zero mean, the integration will tend to cancel the noise. The Newmount M Factor is a standard time domain IP parameter. The gate delay, of 80 mSeconds (used by the TDR-6) was chosen to allow time for normal electromagnetic effects and capacitive coupling effects between the transmitter and receiver to attenuate so that the secondary voltage consists only of the IP decay voltage.

The TDR-6 total integration time of 1580 milliSeconds (gate) is divided into ten individual gates. The time-constant of the IP dispersion curve, Cole-Cole dispersion (W H Pelton, 1977), obtained from the ten individual gates (windows) is directly related to the physical size of the metallic particles. This data is available at the clients request since all of the obtained field data is archived (downloaded) to computer.



**Declaration of Assessment Work
Mining Land**

Transaction Number (office use) <i>19860.00562</i>
Assessment Files Research Imaging



42A06SE2002 2.18533 LANGMUIR

900

sections 65(2) and 65(3) of the Mining Act. Under section 8 of the Mining Act, this work and correspond with the mining land holder. Questions about this collection act and Mines, 3rd Floor, 933 Ramsey Lake Road, Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 6B5.

Instructions: - For work performed on Crown Lands before recording a claim, use form 0240.
- Please type or print in ink.

1. Recorded holder(s) (Attach a list if necessary)

Name <i>MIKE CARON</i>	Client Number <i>#116051</i>
Address <i>PO BOX 362</i>	Telephone Number <i>705-235-8668</i>
<i>PORCUPINE ONT P.O. 100</i>	Fax Number <i>705-235-8038</i>
Name	Client Number
Address	Telephone Number
	Fax Number

2. Type of work performed: Check (✓) and report on only ONE of the following groups for this declaration.

Geotechnical: prospecting, surveys, assays and work under section 18 (regs) Physical: drilling stripping, trenching and associated assays Rehabilitation

Work Type *LINECUTTING, MAG SURVEY, I.P SURVEY*

Office Use
Commodity
Total \$ Value of Work Claimed <i>\$11,702</i>
NTS Reference
NTS Work performed From <i>10 05 98</i> To <i>29 05 98</i>
Global Positioning System Data (if available)
Township/Area <i>LANGMUIR</i>
M or G-Plan Number
Mining Division <i>Porcupine</i>
Resident Geologist District <i>Timmins</i>

Please remember to: - obtain a work permit from the Ministry of Natural Resources as required;
- provide proper notice to surface rights holders before starting work;
- complete and attach a Statement of Costs, form 0212;
- provide a map showing contiguous mining lands that are linked for assigning work;
- include two copies of your technical report.

Person or companies who prepared the technical report (Attach a list if necessary)

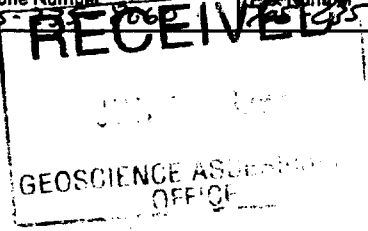
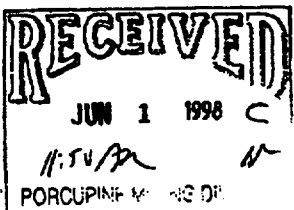
Name <i>GEOSECURE CANADA INC.</i>	Telephone Number <i>705-235-8661</i>
Address <i>99 BRUCE ST SOUTH PORCUPINE ONT</i>	Fax Number <i>705-235-8038</i>
Name	Telephone Number
Address	Fax Number
Name	Telephone Number
Address	Fax Number

Certification by Recorded Holder or Agent

MIKE CARON (Print Name), do hereby certify that I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this Declaration of Assessment Work having caused the work to be performed or witnessed the same during or after its completion and, to the best of my knowledge, the annexed report is true.

Signature of Recorded Holder or Agent <i>[Signature]</i>	Date <i>MAY 27 1998</i>
Agent's Address	Telephone Number <i>705-235-8038</i>
	Fax Number <i>705-235-8038</i>

41 (02/87)



to be recorded and distributed. Work can only be assigned to claims that are contiguous (adjoining) to the mining where work was performed, at the time work was performed. A map showing the contiguous link must accompany this

FINAL REVISION 11/98 00562

Mining Claim Number. Or if work was done on other eligible mining land, show in this column the location number indicated on the claim map	Number of Claim Units. For other mining land, list hectares.	Value of work performed on this claim or other mining land	Value of work applied to this claim.	Value of work assigned to other mining claims	Bank. Value of work to be distributed at a future date
89 787827	16 ha	\$26,825	N/A	\$24,000	\$2,825
89 1234567	12	0	\$24,000	0	0
89 1234568	2	\$ 8,892	\$ 4,000	0	\$4,892
1 1219135	6	\$41.00'	Q	\$ 41.00	Q
2 1224473	1	\$123.00'	Q	\$123.00	Q
3 1224474	1	\$200.00'	Q	\$200.00	Q
4 1224487	1	\$270.00'	Q	\$270.00	Q
5 1228887	2	\$164.00'	Q	\$164.00	Q
6 1228871	4	\$369.00'	Q	\$369.00	Q
7 1224481	2	\$90.00'	Q	\$90.00	Q
8 1224489	1	\$120.00'	Q	\$120.00	Q
9 1224486	1	\$120.00'	Q	\$8.00	\$102.00
10 1224476	1	\$90.00'	Q	\$90.00	Q
11 1224491	1	\$797.00'	\$400.00	\$397.00	Q
12 1224492	1	\$207.00'	\$800.00	\$1273.00	Q
13 1224496	1	\$2,724.00'	\$800.00	\$1924.00	Q
14 1224495	1	\$2,000.00'	\$400.00	\$1600.00	Q
15 1224477	1	\$873.00'	\$800.00	\$73.00	Q
Column Totals					

I, MIKE CARON (Print Full Name) do hereby certify that the above work credits are eligible under subsection 7 (1) of the Assessment Work Regulation 6/96 for assignment to contiguous claims or for application to the claim where the work was done.

Signature of Recorded Holder or Agent Authorized in Writing: [Signature] Date: JUNE 1/98

6. Instructions for cutting back credits that are not approved.

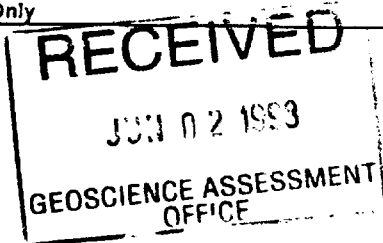
Some of the credits claimed in this declaration may be cut back. Please check (✓) in the boxes below to show how you wish to prioritize the deletion of credits:

- 1. Credits are to be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option 2 or 3 or 4 as indicated
- 2. Credits are to be cut back starting with the claims listed last, working backwards; or
- 3. Credits are to be cut back equally over all claims listed in this declaration, or
- 4. Credits are to be cut back as prioritized on the attached appendix or as follows (describe):

Note: If you have not indicated how your credits are to be deleted, credits will be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option number 2 if necessary.

For Office Use Only

Received Stamp



0241 (03/97)

Deemed Approved Date	Date Notification Sent
Date Approved	Total Value of Credit Approved
Approved for Recording by Mining Recorder (Signature)	

... to be recorded and distributed. Work can only be assigned to claims that are contiguous (adjoining) to the mining claim where work was performed, at the time work was performed. A map showing the contiguous link must accompany this declaration.

FINAL REVISION W9860.00562

Mining Claim Number, Or if work was done on other eligible mining land, show in this column the location number indicated on the claim map.	Number of Claim Units. For other mining land, list hectares.	Value of work performed on this claim or other mining land.	Value of work applied to this claim	Value of work assigned to other mining claims	Bank Value of work to be distributed at a future date
eg TB 7827	16 ha	\$26,825	N/A	\$24,000	\$2,825
eg 1234567	12	0	\$24,000	0	0
eg 1234568	2	\$ 8,892	\$ 4,000	0	\$4,892
16 1224478	1	\$1,648.00	\$ 400.00	\$1,248.00	0
17 1213414	1	0	\$ 2000.00	0	0
18 1213131	1	0	\$ 2000.00	0	0
19 1213130	1	0	\$ 2000.00	0	0
20 1213717	1	0	\$ 2000.00	0	0
✓					
✓					
✓					
✓					
✓					
✓					
✓					
✓					
✓					
✓					
✓					
✓					
Column Totals	30	\$11,702.00	11,600.00	\$7,990.00	\$ 102.00

MIKE CAREN do hereby certify that the above work credits are eligible under subsection 7 (1) of the Assessment Work Regulation 6/96 for assignment to contiguous claims or for application to the claim where the work was done.

Signature of Recorded Holder or Agent Authorized in Writing: [Signature] Date: June 1 1993

- Instructions for cutting back credits that are not approved.
- Some of the credits claimed in this declaration may be cut back. Please check (✓) in the boxes below to show how you wish to prioritize the deletion of credits:
- 1. Credits are to be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option 2 or 3 or 4 as indicated
 - 2. Credits are to be cut back starting with the claims listed last, working backwards, or
 - 3. Credits are to be cut back equally over all claims listed in this declaration; or
 - 4. Credits are to be cut back as prioritized on the attached appendix or as follows (describe)

Note: If you have not indicated how your credits are to be deleted, credits will be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option number 2 if necessary.

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Received Stamp

RECEIVED

JUN 02 1993

GEOSCIENCE ASSESSMENT OFFICE

Deemed Approved Date	Date Notification Sent
Date Approved	Total Value of Credit Approved
Approved for Recording by Mining Recorder (Signature)	



Personal information collected on this form is obtained under the authority of subsection 8(1) of the Assessment Work Regulation 696. Under section 8 of the Mining Act, this information is a public record. This information will be used to review the assessment work and correspond with the mining land holder. Questions about this collection should be directed to a Provincial Mining Recorder, Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, 3rd Floor, 933 Ramsey Lake Road, Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 1B5.

FINAL REVISION f

Table with 4 columns: Work Type, Units of work, Cost Per Unit of work, Total Cost. Rows include LINE CUTTING, MAG SURVEY, I.P SURVEY, and Associated Costs.

Calculations of Filing Discounts:

- 1. Work filed within two years of performance is claimed at 100% of the above Total Value of Assessment Work.
2. If work is filed after two years and up to five years after performance, it can only be claimed at 50% of the Total Value of Assessment Work.

TOTAL VALUE OF ASSESSMENT WORK x 0.50 = Total \$ value of worked claimed.

Note:

Work older than 5 years is not eligible for credit. A recorded holder may be required to verify expenditures claimed in this statement of costs within 45 days of a request for verification and/or correction/clarification.

Certification verifying costs:

MIKE CARON do hereby certify, that the amounts shown are as accurate as may reasonably be determined and the costs were incurred while conducting assessment work on the lands indicated on the accompanying Declaration of Work form as HERBERT HODGE I am authorized to make this certification.

Signature box containing signature of Mike Caron, date JUN 1 1998, and stamp: GEOSCIENCE ASSESSMENT OFFICE JUN 2 1998

Geoscience Assessment Office
933 Ramsey Lake Road
6th Floor
Sudbury, Ontario
P3E 6B5

Telephone: (888) 415-9846
Fax: (705) 670-5881

August 13, 1998

MICHEL GEORGE CARON
99 BRUCE P.O. BOX 362
SOUTH PORCUPINE, Ontario
P0N-1H0

Visit our website at:
www.gov.on.ca/MNDM/MINES/LANDS/mlsmnpg.htm

Dear Sir or Madam:

Submission Number: 2.18533

Status

Subject: Transaction Number(s): W9860.00562 Deemed Approval

We have reviewed your Assessment Work submission with the above noted Transaction Number(s). The attached summary page(s) indicate the results of the review. **WE RECOMMEND YOU READ THIS SUMMARY FOR THE DETAILS PERTAINING TO YOUR ASSESSMENT WORK.**

If the status for a transaction is a 45 Day Notice, the summary will outline the reasons for the notice, and any steps you can take to remedy deficiencies. The 90-day deemed approval provision, subsection 6(7) of the Assessment Work Regulation, will no longer be in effect for assessment work which has received a 45 Day Notice. Allowable changes to your credit distribution can be made by contacting the Geoscience Assessment Office within this 45 Day period, otherwise assessment credit will be cut back and distributed as outlined in Section #6 of the Declaration of Assessment work form.

Please note any revisions must be submitted in **DUPLICATE** to the Geoscience Assessment Office, by the response date on the summary.

If you have any questions regarding this correspondence, please contact Lucille Jerome by e-mail at jeromel2@epo.gov.on.ca or by telephone at (705) 670-5858.

Yours sincerely,



ORIGINAL SIGNED BY
Blair Kite
Supervisor, Geoscience Assessment Office
Mining Lands Section

Work Report Assessment Results

Submission Number: 2.18533

Date Correspondence Sent: August 13, 1998

Assessor: Lucille Jerome

Transaction Number	First Claim Number	Township(s) / Area(s)	Status	Approval Date
W9860.00562	1219135	LANGMUIR	Deemed Approval	August 12, 1998

Section:

14 Geophysical IP
14 Geophysical MAG

Correspondence to:

Resident Geologist
South Porcupine, ON

Recorded Holder(s) and/or Agent(s):

MICHEL GEORGE CARON
SOUTH PORCUPINE, Ontario

Assessment Files Library
Sudbury, ON

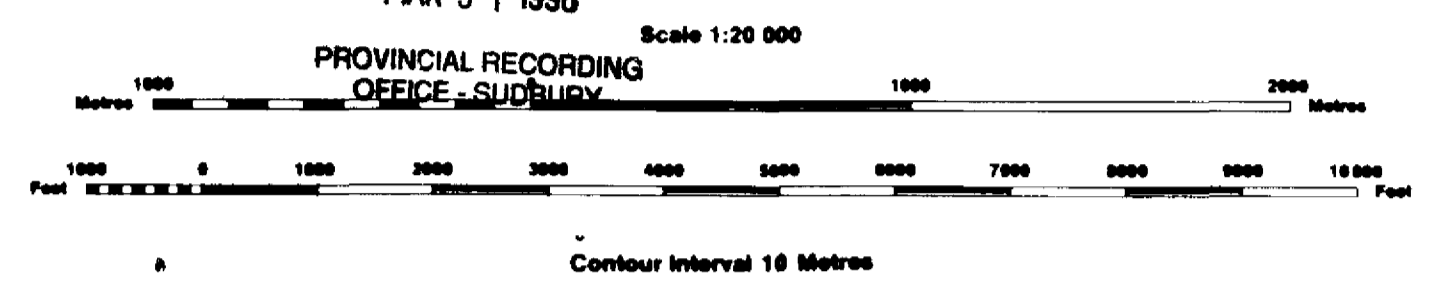
INDEX TO LAND DISPOSITION

PLAN
G-3226
TOWNSHIP

M.N.R. ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT
TIMMINS
MINING DIVISION
PORCUPINE
LAND TITLES/REGISTRY DIVISION
COCHRANE

LANGMUIR

DATE OF ISSUE
MAR 31 1998



AREAS WITHDRAWN FROM DISPOSITION

Description	Order No.	Date	Disposition	File
MRO - Mining Rights Only				
SRO - Surface Rights Only				
M + S - Mining and Surface Rights				
APPLICATION PENDING UNDER P.L.A. - SURFACE RIGHT WITHDRAWN				

SYMBOLS

Boundary	
Township, Meridian, Baseline	—
Road allowance, surveyed	—
shoreline	—
Lot/Concession, surveyed	—
unsurveyed	—
Parcel, surveyed	—
unsurveyed	—
Right-of-way, road	—
railway	—
utility	—
Reservation	—
Cliff, Pit, Pile	—
Contour	—
Interpolated	—
Approximate	—
Depression	—
Control point (horizontal)	—
Flooded land	—
Mine head frame	—
Pipeline (above ground)	—
Railway, single track	—
double track	—
abandoned	—
Road, highway, county, township	—
access	—
trail, bush	—
Shoreline (original)	—
Transmission line	—
Wooded area	—

NOTES

THIS TOWNSHIP LIES WITHIN THE MUNICIPALITY OF THE CITY OF TIMMINS
FLOODING RIGHTS ON NIGHT HAWK LAKE TO THE CONTOUR ELEVATION 903.5 RESERVED TO ONT. HYDRO.

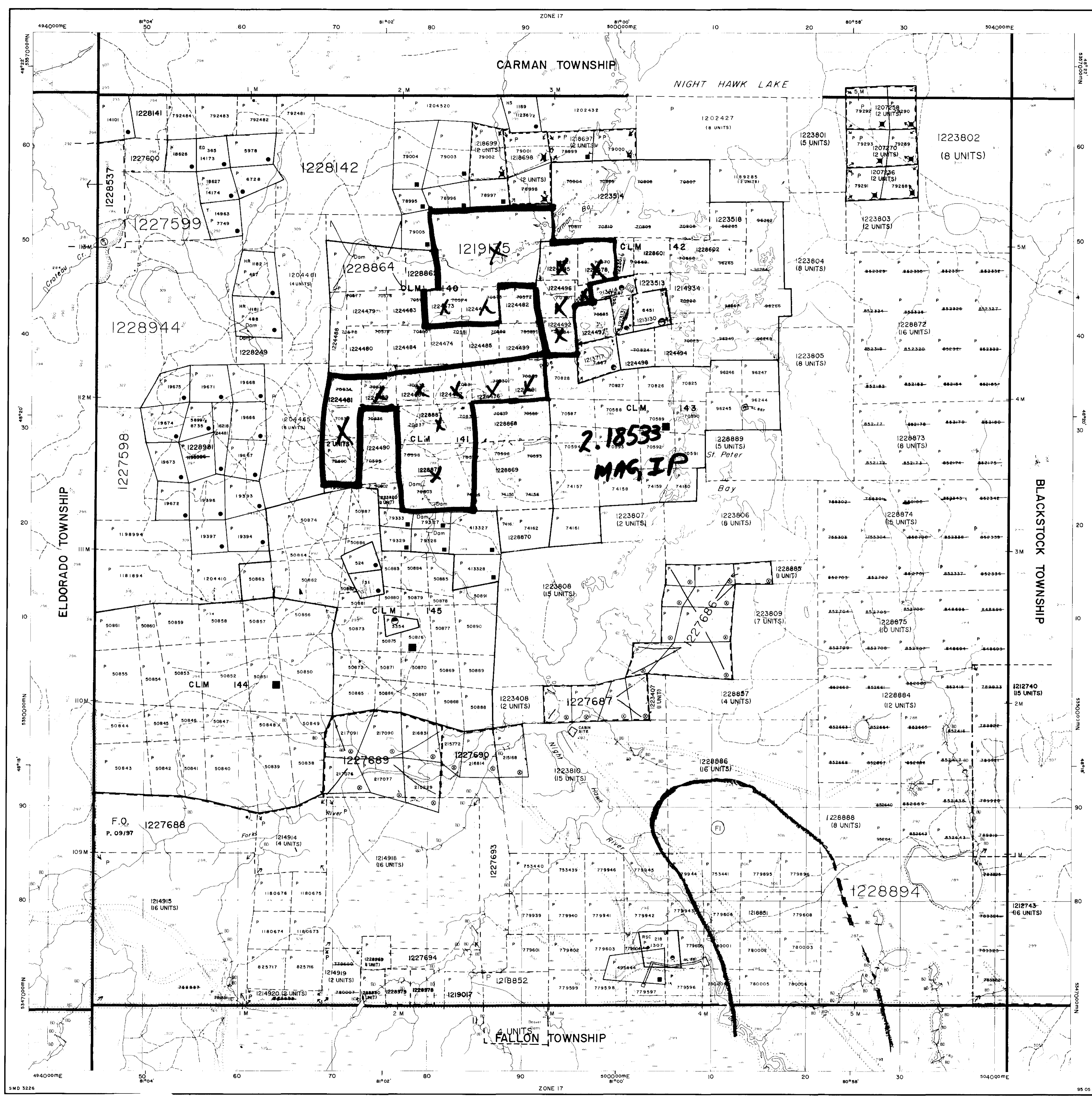
DISPOSITION OF CROWN LANDS

Patent	
Surface & Mining Rights	●
Surface Rights Only	○
Mining Rights Only	◐
Lease	
Surface & Mining Rights	■
Surface Rights Only	□
Mining Rights Only	◑
Licence of Occupation	▼
Order-in-Council	OC
Cancelled	⊙
Reservation	⊖
Sand & Gravel	⊗

ACTIVATED JULY 10, 1995 BY:

Map base and land disposition drafting by Surveys and Mapping Branch, Ministry of Natural Resources.

The disposition of land, location of lot fabric and parcel boundaries on this index was compiled for administrative purposes only.



ATION THAT THIS MAP COMPILED US SOURCES, ACY IS NOT ED. THOSE STAKE MIN- SHOULD CON- THE MINING MINISTRY OF DEVELOP- NES FOR AD- INFORMATION US OF THE N HEREON.



LEGEND

Total Field Survey
 58000nt Base Removed from Data
 Profile Scale 1cm=500nt
 No Base Station Used
 TerraPlus GSM-19 Magnetometers

PLAN 1

Langmuir Property

Ground Magnetics Survey
 Night Hawk Lake Area

District Of Cochrane, Northeast Ontario
 Porcupine Mining Division

GEOSERVE CANADA INC

May 1998

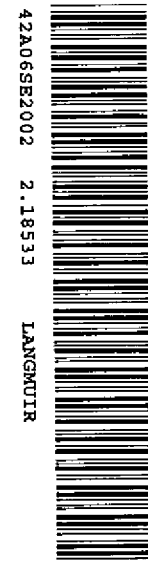
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 OFFICE



42A068E2002 2.18533 LANGMUIR 210

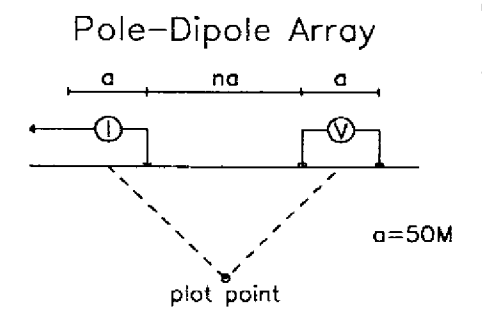
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(meters)



220

L 0+00



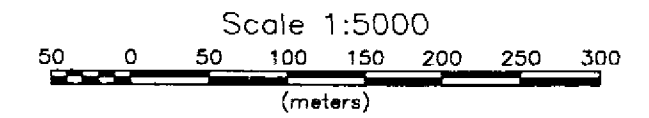
Filter
* n1
** n2
*** n3
**** n4

Cont. Intervals Profiles
Resistivity ; 50 ohm/meter
Chargeability ; 1.0 mV/V
Metal Factor ; 1%

INSTRUMENTS
Androtex TDR6, Time Domain Receiver
1760mSec Total Intergration Time, 80mS Delay.
MT= (80+80+80+80+160+160+160+320+320+320) mSec
Androtex STX-10 Transmitter
8Second Total Duty Cycle, 2Sec On/Off Time.

INTERPRETATION

- Low Effect
Poorly Chargeable mV/V, IP effect
Low Apparent Resistivity, rho
- Moderately Low Effect
- Moderately High Effect
- High Effect
Good Chargeability mV/V, IP effect
High Apparent Resistivity, rho

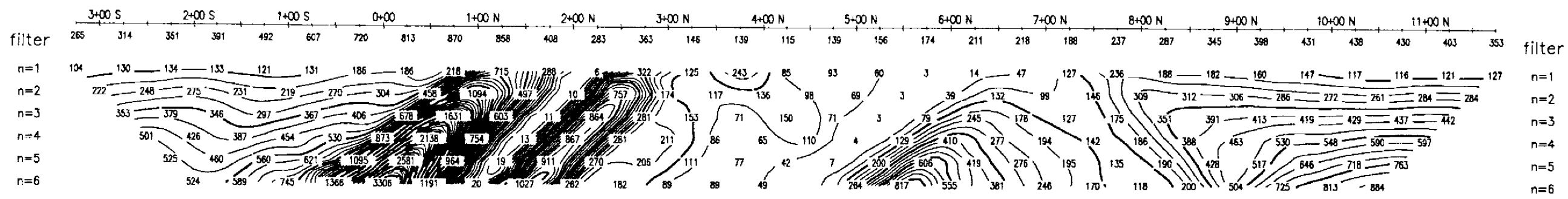
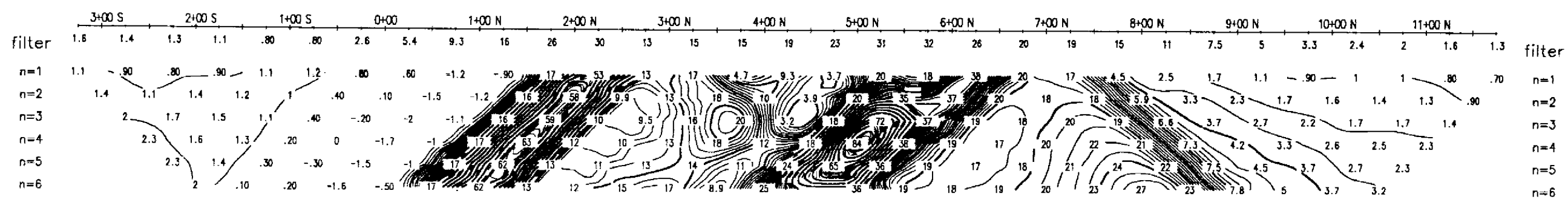
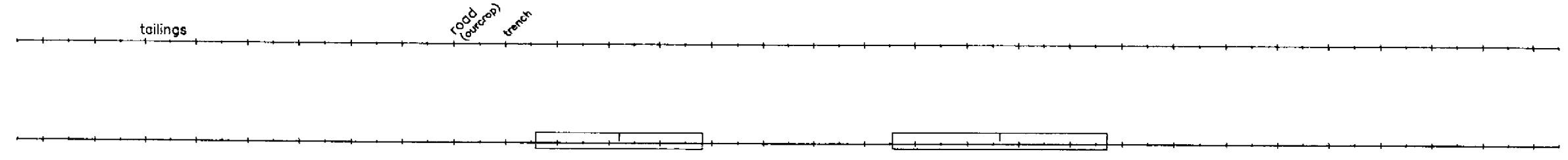
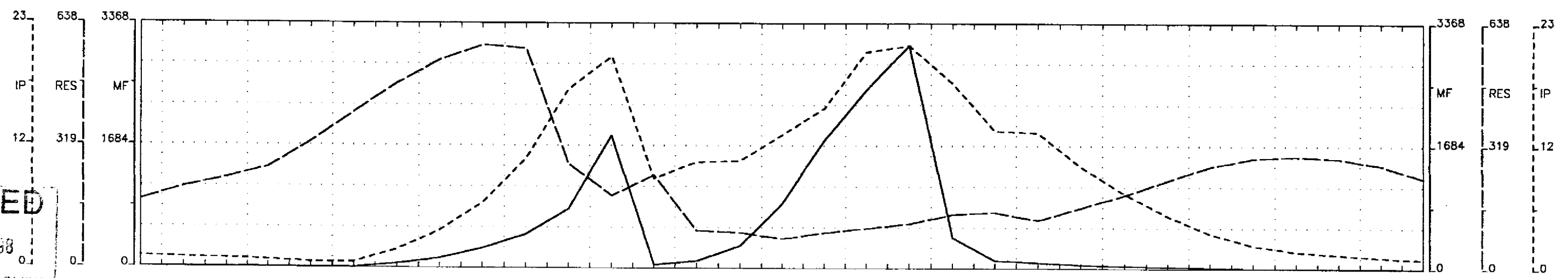


Langmuir Property

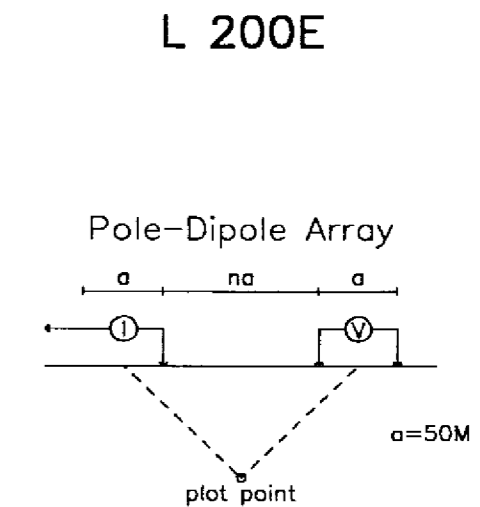
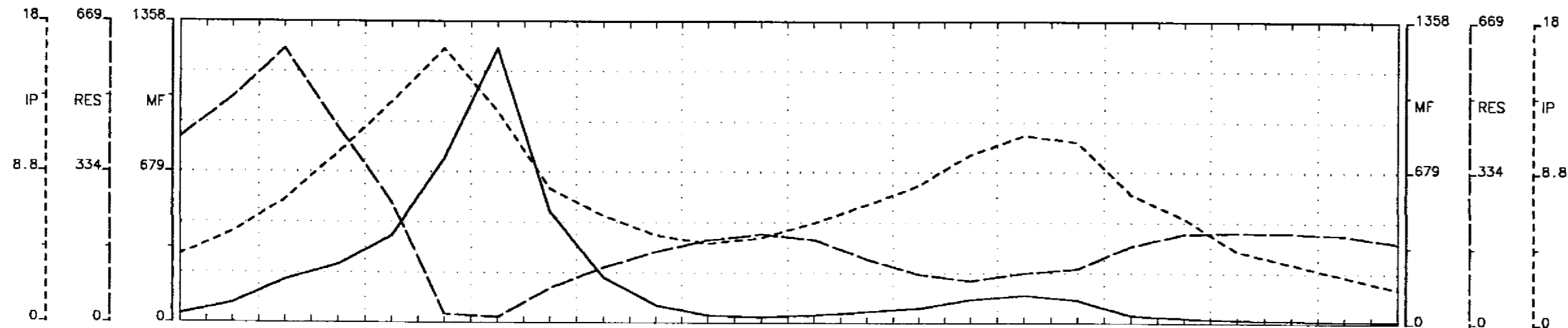
Induced Polarization Survey

Langmuir Township

Porcupine Mining Division
Geosoft Canada Inc May 1998



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OFFICE



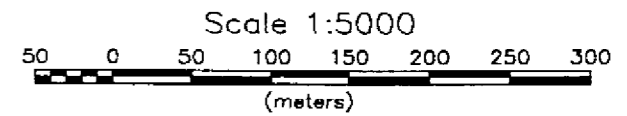
Filter
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 ** n2
 *** n3
 **** n4

Cont. Intervals Profiles
 Resistivity ; 50 ohm/meter ---
 Chargeability ; 1.0 mV/V - - -
 Metal Factor ; 1 % - - - - -

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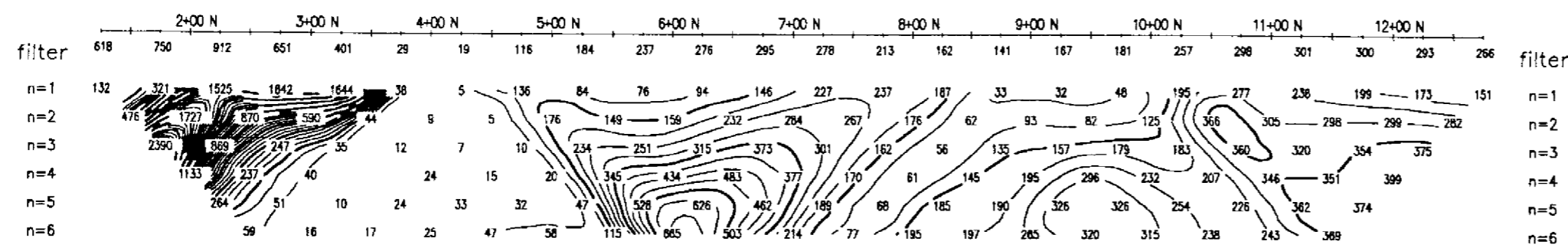
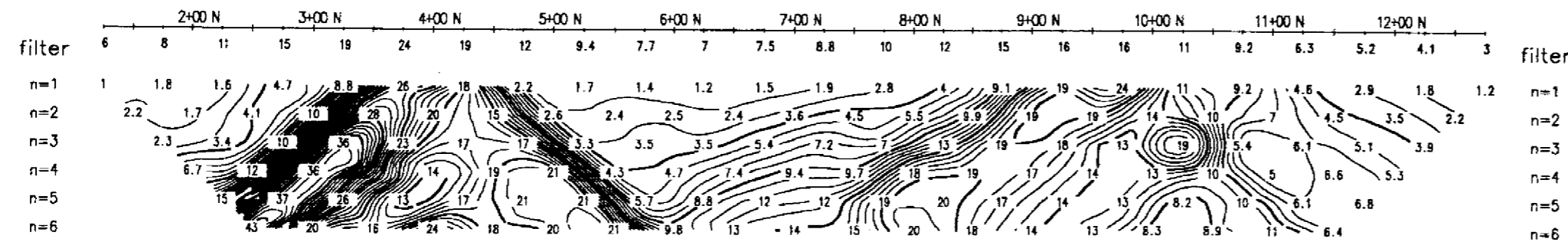
Topo

Interpretation

Chargeability
mV/V

Interpretation

Resistivity
ohm/meters



Topo

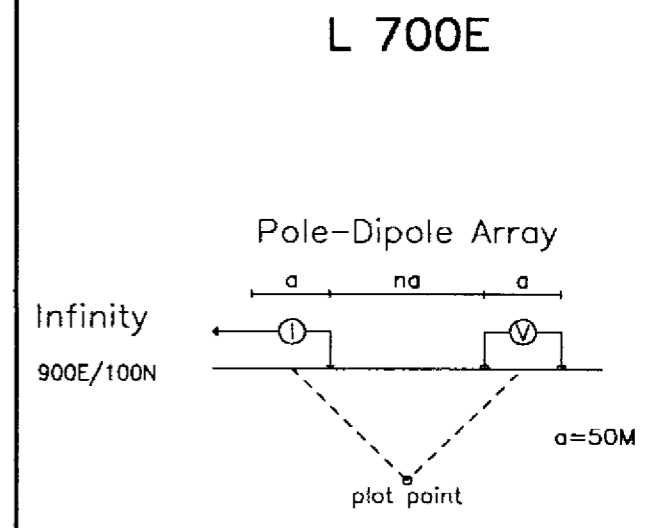
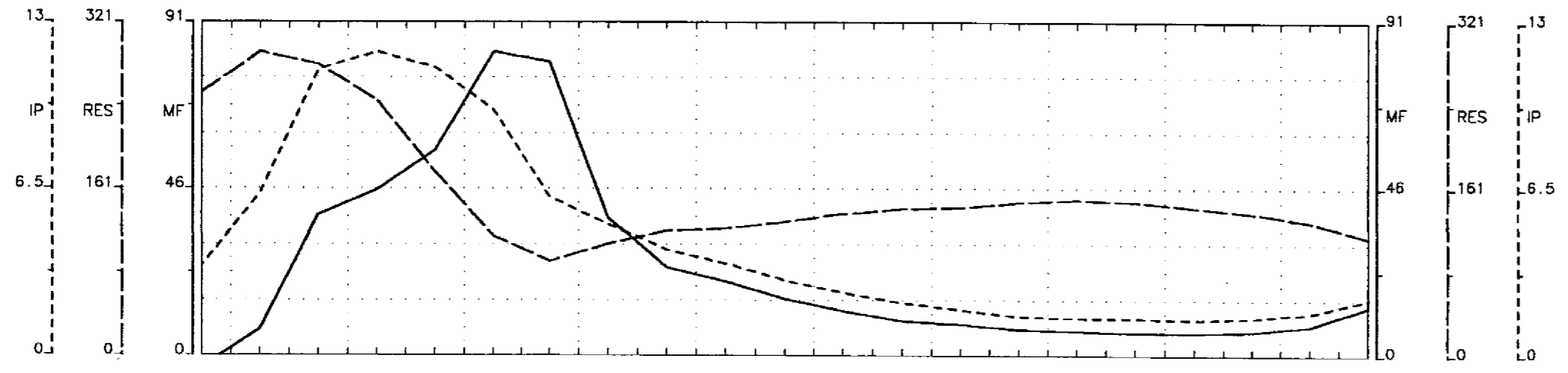
Interpretation

Chargeability
mV/V

Interpretation

Resistivity
ohm/meters

Langmuir Property
 Induced Polarization Survey
 Langmuir Township
 Porcupine Mining Division
 Geosoft Canada Inc May 1998



Filter

* n1
** n2
*** n3
**** n4

Cont. Intervals Profiles

Resistivity ; 50 ohm/meter

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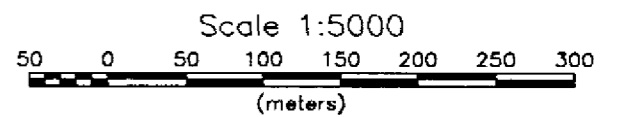
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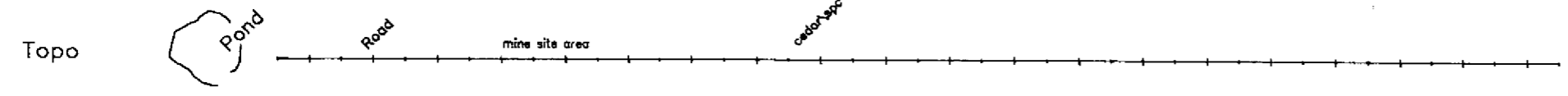


Langmuir Property

Induced Polarization Survey

Langmuir Township

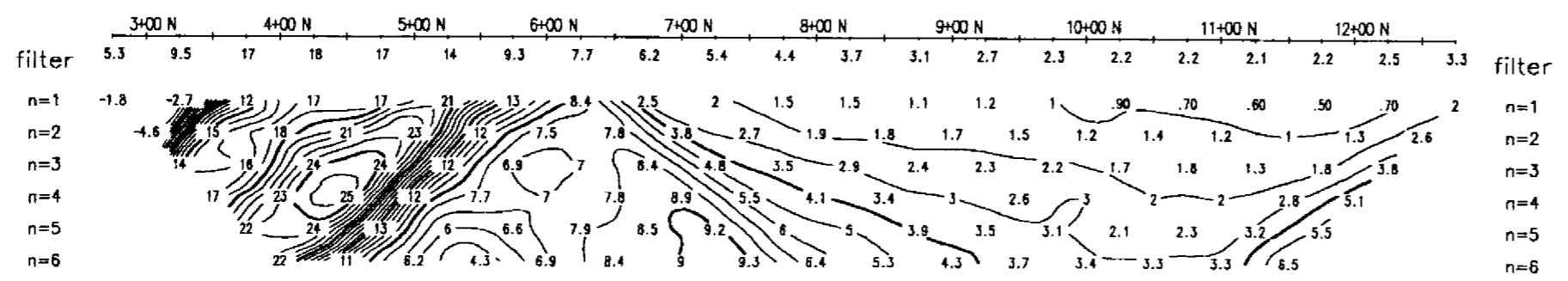
Porcupine Mining Division
Geosoft Canada Inc May 1998



Topo

Interpretation

Interpretation

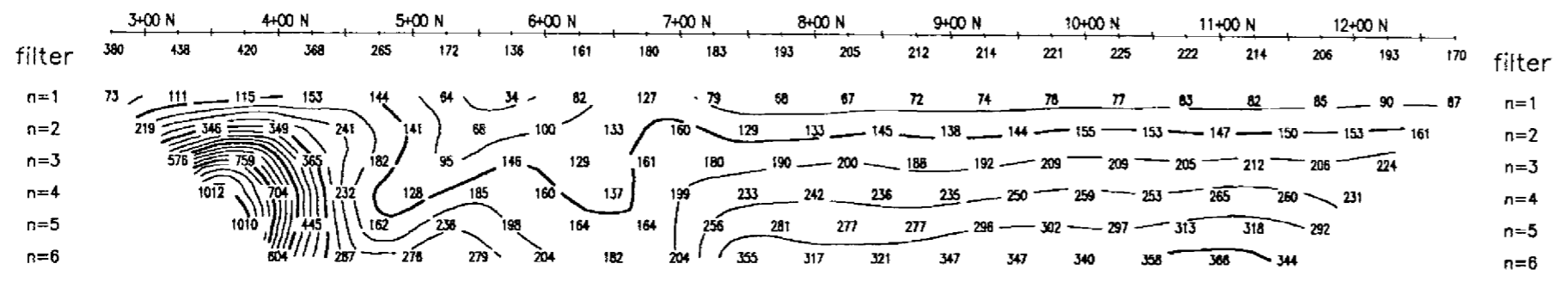


Chargeability mV/V

Chargeability mV/V

Interpretation

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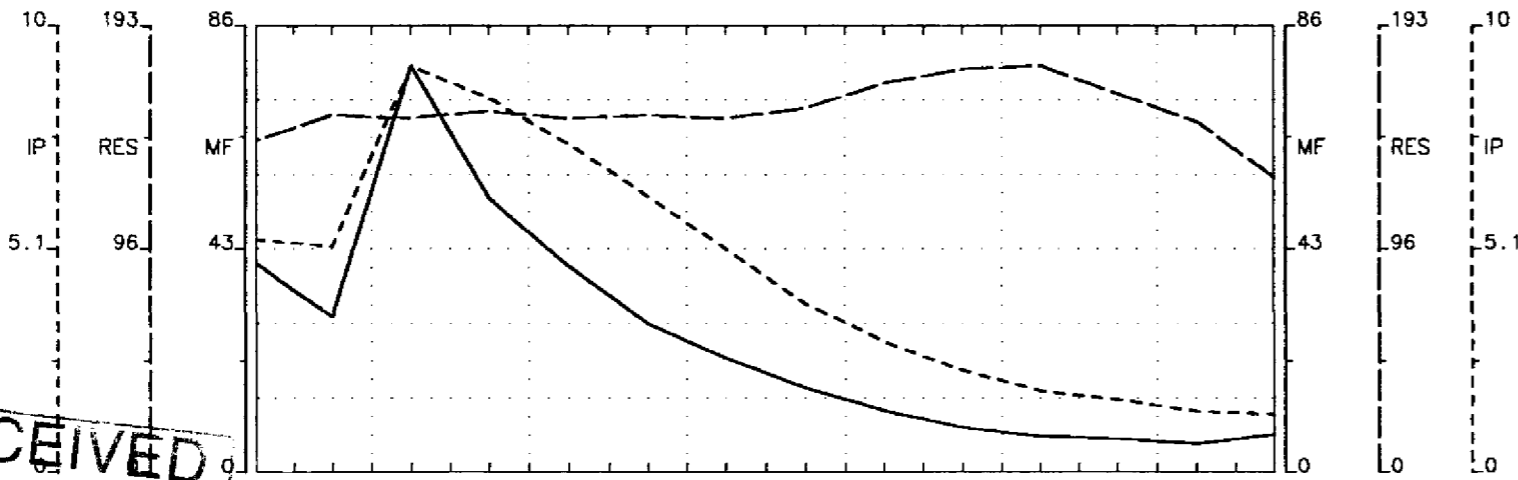
Resistivity ohm/meters

Resistivity ohm/meters



RECEIVED

2005
Langmuir



Topo

Topo

Interpretation

Interpretation

Chargeability
mV/V

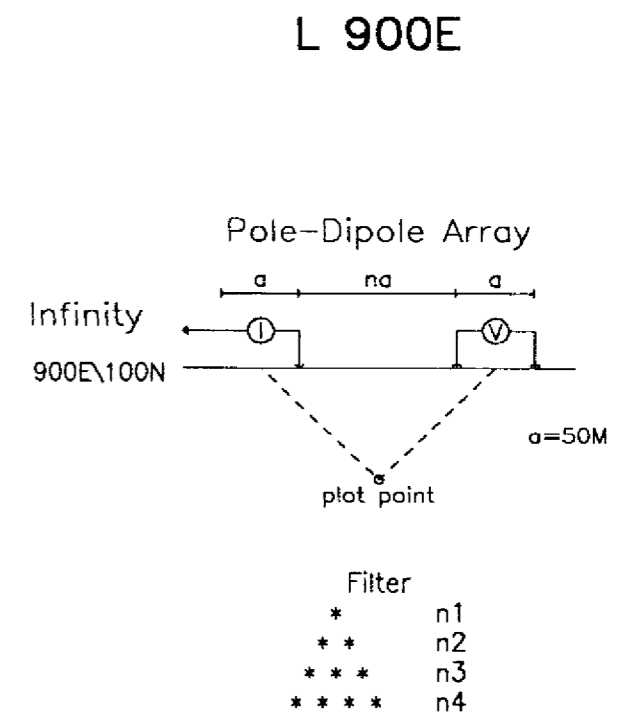
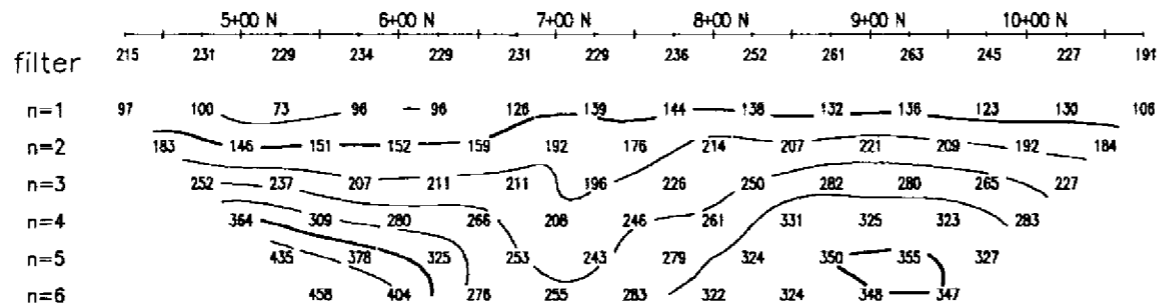
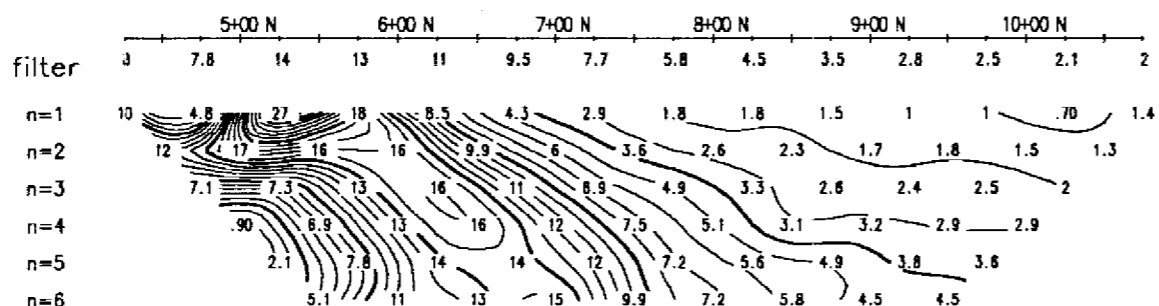
Chargeability
mV/V

Interpretation

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Resistivity
ohm/meters

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ohm/meters

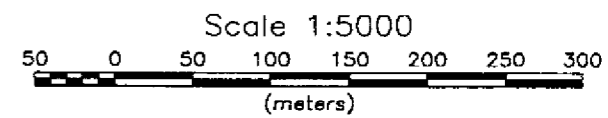


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