



EXPLORATION

EASTERN DISTRICT PROJECTS UNIT

REPORT OF WORK

GIB PROPERTY

GUIBORD TWP., ONTARIO

PERIOD SEPTEMBER 1976 - AUGUST 1977

W. M. Little

1. LOCATION, ACCESS, HISTORY

The property is located in Guibord Township, Larder Lake Mining Division, Ontario, about 45 miles east of Timmins, 10 miles east of Matheson, and 3 miles east of the Ross gold mine.

Highway #101 crosses the northern edge of the property and a bush road along the eastern boundary provides additional access. Although much of the property is underlain by muskeg, most areas were quite dry in August - September 1976, and all parts of the property could be reached easily on foot or with tracked vehicles.

The property is part of a larger claim block held by Hollinger Mines Ltd. from 1964-1972. Their work (primarily gold exploration) consisted of ground E.M. and magnetometer surveys, and about 20 widely spaced drill holes. The present Gib Property was staked by Cominco for gold exploration possibilities in August and September 1976, and a 32 hole "overburden drill" program in September 1976 is the subject of the present report.

2. PROPERTY

The property is owned 100% by Cominco Ltd., 120 Adelaide St. W., Suite 1700, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 1T1.

Assessment credits are claimed for application against 113 claims, in Guibord Twp., Ont., with numbers as follows:

- L 475766-785; 797-806; 824-833 inclusive.
- L 477203-219; 222-234; 237-250; 252-262 inclusive.
- L 477312-319; 322-325 328-329; 332-335 inclusive.

The claim locations are shown on the attached map.

The overburden drilling involved 32 holes, on the following claims:

- L 475770, 777, 780, 781
- L 477214, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230,
231, 232, 233, 234, 238, 239, 242, 243, 252,
255, 260, 262
- L 477319, 322

The present submission does not apply to an additional 21 adjoining claims (L 476814-823, L477220-221, 235-236, 251, L477320-321, 326-327, 336, 379) in Guibord and Michaud Townships, which gave the property an original total of 134 claims.

3. WORK CARRIED OUT

The main work carried out was a program of 32 vertical "overburden drill" holes on a grid roughly 1000' x 2000'. The holes were drilled to penetrate approximately 5' into bedrock, and had an average depth of 116'. The drilling was done under contract by Bradley Bros. Limited, P. O. Box 367, Noranda, P.Q., using track mounted "reverse circulation" equipment, giving a hole roughly 3½" in diameter.

The cuttings were divided into plus and minus 14 mesh fractions, and 5-10 lb. samples of both fractions were collected from (a) approximately the lower 10' of the overburden (2-5' sample intervals) and (b) the bedrock (1-2' intervals). Since the bedrock depth could not be accurately predicted, the overburden sampling was usually started well above the expected depth to ensure that the sampling covered the 10' basal section. Extra samples, from higher parts of the overburden, were subsequently disposed of.

The sampling was carried out by R. L. Lortie (geologist) and R. Campbell (sampler). For the overburden sampling, the exceptionally high drill penetration (up to 5'/minute) made it necessary to have two men to handle the sieving and bagging of samples, measure and note footages, and remove access materials. Additional duties of the geologist were to log the full length of the holes (mostly involving overburden variations), to decide when holes should be stopped (i.e. to distinguish bedrock from boulders), to change hole locations depending on bedrock lithologies, and to make preliminary binocular microscope studies of the bedrock cuttings.

The program involved 4 days field time (August 24-27, 1976) by the writer and R. Lortie, to spot drill hole locations, and 18 days (September 7-24) by R. Lortie and R. Campbell, when the drilling was in progress.

Analytical procedures were as follows:

Samples were pulverized and split at the Cominco Geochemical Laboratory, Toronto.

The original coarse (+14 mesh) fraction was used for all bedrock analyses. The ppb Au determinations were done by Bondar-Clegg and Company, Ottawa, using a fire assay - AA procedure. The major element analyses were carried out by XRF by the Cominco Research Laboratory, Vancouver, and the FeO, Co₂, H₂O+, MnO₂, As₂O₃ and S determinations by wet chemical methods by the Cominco Toronto Laboratory.

The basal overburden samples (original-14 mesh fraction) were treated by the Cominco Vancouver Laboratory. Analyses were made on a -20 mesh "silt fraction" (cut before liquid separation) and a "heavy mineral fraction" from which magnetite was removed. All samples were pulverized before analysis. The ppb Au analyses were by aqua regia extraction AA procedure, the Cu, Pb and Zn by acid extraction plus AA, and the As by a colorometric method.

4. GEOLOGY

The geology shown on the attached map is based on the ODM mapping by Prest (1953) modified for the results of Hollinger's 1964-72 drilling and the present overburden drill program. For most of the property, however, the geology is still very poorly known - there are essentially no outcrops, and the widely scattered drill holes provide as many questions as answers.

The following discussion is restricted to new information provided by the present work.

Overburden

Descriptions of the overburden in individual holes are given in Table II.

From the exploration standpoint, the most obvious characteristic is its thickness - an average of 110', and over 90' thick in 28 of the 32 holes.

The bulk of the material, and possibly all of it, has been water transported, and probably represents part of the Munro Esker system. Two distinct layers are usually present. The upper part, averaging about 60' thick, consists of clean, fine sand, which sometimes grades laterally or upwards into sandy clay or silt. The lower subdivision, 50' thick on the average, is usually a fine (-1") well sorted gravel, although the basal sections sometimes contain coarser gravel "up to 3") and occasionally boulders of larger size.

Bedrock Types

Bedrock drill cuttings were studied under a binocular microscope by the writer and the results of whole-rock analyses are listed in Table III.

A fine grained, light grey coloured talc schist interpreted as an altered ultra-mafic flow, was intersected in one hole, G-76-11 at the southern edge of the drilled area. As a matter of interest, it might be noted that ultra-mafic flows are present in outcrop along Highway #101, about a mile north of the property, and that the band of "green carbonate" extending to the north west from the north west corner of the property, is more or less accepted as an altered ultra-mafic.

Fine to medium grained, greenish grey, basic to intermediate volcanics form an irregular fringe on the west side of the syenite body, and regional mapping shows large east-west trenching belts of generally similar rocks to the north and south.

In the drilled area, these rocks have probably been subjected to some degree of contact metamorphism by the nearby syenite - the somewhat coarser grain size which occurs in some places gives this appearance, and the K_2O content is a little high for normal rocks in the basalt - andesite range.

Rocks ranging from dacites to rhyodacites occur to the west of the basic to intermediate volcanics. They are light grey in colour, generally aphanitic, but with tiny (1 mm) quartz eyes in a few places. Although they would seem most likely to be flows, the possibility of fine grained intrusives isn't ruled out.

The rock type termed "basic" syenite, consisting of coarse (up to $\frac{1}{4}$ ") pink feldspar with "clots" of fine grained dark material, occurs in a number of places, between the basic to intermediate volcanics and the syenite, and almost certainly represents a contaminated border phase of the syenite body.

The syenite consists predominately of coarse pink feldspar, and is somewhat higher in SiO_2 and substantially lower in Fe_2O_3 , MgO and CaO than the mixed rock above.

Alteration and Mineralization

Information on possible wall rock alteration is provided by the H_2O , CO_2 , S and As_2O_3 data in Table III.

As compared with published analyses of altered rock adjacent to ore zones at Porcupine (Ferguson, S, 1968, p. 61) and Kirkland Lake (Thompson, J.E., 1950, p.70), the higher H_2O values are in the range of potential interest, but the CO_2 and S are rather low.

	<u>Basic, Intermediate Volcanics</u>			<u>Porphyry, Dacite</u>		
	<u>H₂O</u>	<u>CO₂</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>H₂O</u>	<u>CO₂</u>	<u>S</u>
Porcupine	.6-2.7	9.5-16.8	.1-14.0	1.0-1.9	3.8-4.2	.2-1.5
Kirkland Lake				.9-2.3	4.1-8.2	.2
Gib	1.1-3.5	.1-6.0	.1- .6	.7-2.5	.2-1.7	0- .5

The Gib rocks do show some indication, however, of a relationship between alteration and gold values. In both the basic to intermediate volcanics and the "basic" syenite, the holes with the highest CO₂ content (#29 and #19 respectively) are the holes with anomalous Au, and the two anomalous dacite holes (#21 and 23) have the highest H₂O. Hole #21, with the highest bedrock Au values obtained in the program, is the only one with anomalous As.

Bedrock Au values and Cu, Pb, Zn, As, Au results from the overburden samples are listed in Table IV. It might be noted that although the different trace Au analytical procedures used for the bedrock and overburden samples give different lower levels of determination (-5 ppb for Bondar-Clegg bedrock analyses, and -25 ppb for Cominco Vancouver overburden results), test work by the writer has shown that the two laboratories give comparable results with samples in the "anomalous" range.

The following discussion is restricted to the trace Au results - the overburden base metal values show no obvious patterns in their distribution.

In the bedrock samples, anomalous Au values (+25 ppb) occur in only 4 of the 32 holes, and even in these 4 holes less than half the samples gave significant values. The highest result was 170 ppm, in hole #29, the equivalent of .0005 oz/T.

The overburden samples gave anomalous Au in the "heavy mineral" fraction in 10 holes, and in the "silt" fraction in 6 - only one hole, #21 showing anomalous results from both fractions. The "heavy mineral" anomalous values (up to 190 ppb) are in the same range as the bedrock figures, but a few values up to 1600 ppb were obtained from "silt". For both overburden fractions, the majority of the anomalous samples came from immediately above the bedrock - the exceptions average 3' above.

As is shown on the geological map, the holes with anomalous "heavy mineral" and "silt" samples occur in rough clusters.

The "heavy mineral" anomalies occur in three groups; (a) in holes #19, 29 and 30, in the north-east, in association with bedrock anomalies in holes #19 and 29; (b) in holes #21, 28 and 17, to the west, in association with bedrock values in holes #21 and 23, and (c) in holes #8, 10, 13, 15 and 16, to the south, without associated bedrock anomalies.

Anomalous "silt" values occur in two areas, more or less independently of the "heavy mineral" anomaly distribution. Two holes, #21 (with anomalous bedrock, "heavy mineral" and "silt" values) and #22 ("silt" values alone) occur on the west side of the drilled area, and a second group of four holes, #3, 4, 5 and 6 (without associated bedrock or "heavy mineral" values) occurs in the central part of the area.



5. WRITER'S QUALIFICATIONS

The writer is a registered Professional Engineer (Ont.) and holds B.A.Sc (1949), M.A.Sc(1950) and Ph.D (1957) degrees in Economic Geology from the University of Toronto. He has been employed as a mine geologist and in mining exploration since 1954.

He is familiar with the work described in the above report, having initiated, planned and directly supervised the project, having spent four days on the property, and having personally compiled and evaluated the results.

Submitted by:

W.M. Little P-Eng.

W. M. LITTLE
SENIOR GEOLOGIST

Qualifications 2.2682 and on this file

REFERENCES

Ferguson, S.A. (1968) Geology and Ore Deposits of Tisdale Township. O.D.M. Geol. Dept. 58.
Prest, V.K. (1953) Geology of Guibord Township. O.D.M. Vol. LX, Part IX.
Thompson, J.E. et al (1950) Geology of the Main Ore Zone at Kirkland Lake. O.D.M. Vol. LVIII, Part V.

ATTACHMENTS

TABLE I	Cost Breakdown
TABLE II	Overburden Drill Holes, 1976
TABLE III	Bedrock Geochemistry
TABLE IV	Mineralization Summary
Geologist Map, 1" = 1000'	

DISTRIBUTION

Ministry of Natural Resources (Ont.)	(2) ✓
File	(1)

Cominco Ltd.

Statement of Expenditures

Gib Group (Note 1)

During the Period

August 24, 1976 to July 31, 1977

Geology	\$ 2,740
Geochemistry	2,794
Overburden drilling	25,560
Administrative services	3,109
	<u>\$34,203</u>

Note 1 - 113 Mining Claims in Guibord Township, Larder Lake
Mining Division Ontario:
Nos.: L-475766-785, 797-806, 824-833; L-477203-219,
222-234, 237-250, 252-262; L-477312-319, 322-325,
328-329, 332-335, inclusive in all cases.

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R. Craig
Vancouver Office
October 13, 1977

Certified Correct



R. L. Woods
Supervisor, Exploration
& Foreign Accounting

7-31, 1977 - 15 = 2,285.2 days



TABLE II
GIB PROPERTY

Overburden Drill Holes, 1976

Hole	G-76-1		Claim <u>477223</u> September 7, 8
	0-65'	-	Grey clay
	65-93	-	Gravel
	93-95	-	Gravel till, sand/clay balls
	95-115	-	Gravel
	115-121	-	Bedrock, andesite
	121	-	End of hole
	G-76-2		Claim <u>477224</u> September 8
	0-72'	-	Clay
	72-90	-	Gravel
	90-92	-	Granitic boulder
	92-100	-	Bedrock, syenite
	100	-	End of hole
	G-76-3		Claim <u>477252</u> September 8
	0-80'	-	Clay
	80-95	-	Gravel
	95-100	-	Till (sand/clay balls)
	100-113	-	Gravel 103' - lost water 103-113 - no return
	113-118	-	Boulder? diabase?
	118-126	-	Till (sand/clay balls) (includes a few large boulders)
	126-128	-	No return
	128-132	-	Bedrock, syenite
	132	-	End of hole
	G-76-4		Claim <u>477252</u> September 8, 9
	0-32'	-	Clay
	32-105	-	Fine sand
	105-120	-	Gravel (w 2' of clayey gravel at top)
	120-121	-	Till
	121-128	-	Gravel
	128-134	-	Bedrock, basic syenite
	134	-	End of hole
	G-76-5		Claim <u>477228</u> September 9
	0-10	-	Clay
	10-67	-	Fine sand
	67-71	-	Bedrock, syenite
	71	-	End of hole

TABLE II (cont'd)

Hole G-76-6		Claim <u>477229</u> September 9
0-30'	-	Clay, minor fine sand
30-55	-	Clay and fine sand, sand more abundant
55-57	-	Gravel
57-58	-	Boulder (diabase)
58-60	-	Gravel
60-78	-	Pebbly sand and gravel
78-79	-	Coarse gravel
79-82	-	Bedrock, andesite
82		End of hole
G-76-7		Claim <u>477232</u> September 9
0-60'	-	No return - probably organics (swamp)
60-73	-	Sand, very fine
73-74	-	Gravel, minor clay till
74-78	-	Bedrock, dacite
78		End of hole
G-76-8		Claim <u>477232</u> September 11
0-69'	-	Fine sand
69-122	-	Gravel, very minor clay till
122-124	-	Bedrock, dacite
124		End of hole
G-76-9		Claim <u>477233</u> September 11
0-90'	-	Very fine sand
90-100	-	Gravel (fine) and pebbly sand - large proportion of sand
100-109	-	Gravel, minor clay till (between 107' & 109')
109-112	-	Bedrock, andesite
112		End of hole
G-76-10		Claim <u>477232</u> September 11, 13
0-86'	-	Fine sand; minor silty clay at 70', 76', 84'
86-116	-	Gravel
116-120	-	Bedrock, dacite
120		End of hole
G-76-11		Claim <u>477234</u> September 13
0-40'	-	No return - sand
40-60	-	Fine sand, minor clay at bottom (58'-60')
60-74	-	Fine gravel and sand - very minor clay
74-81	-	Fine sand and clay
81-86	-	Gravel
86-90	-	Gravel, clay till
90-93	-	Bedrock, talc schist (ultramafic)
93		End of hole

TABLE II (cont'd)

Hole G-76-12		Claim <u>477231</u> and <u>477234</u> (on the boundary) Sept. 13
0-35	-	No return - probably sand and organics
35-77	-	Fine sand
77-92	-	Gravel
92-95	-	Bedrock, andesite
95		End of hole
G-76-13		Claim <u>477231</u> September 13
0-30'	-	No return - organics and fine sand
30-90	-	Fine sand
90-131	-	Gravel - high proportion of sand
131-134	-	Bedrock, andesite
134		End of hole
G-76-14		Claim <u>477231</u> and <u>477262</u> (on the boundary) Sept. 13
0-30'	-	No return - probably organics and sand
30-79	-	Sand
79-140	-	Gravel; minor clay - till at 92-93' 138-139': boulder, intrusive rock (bedrock)
140-146.5	-	Bedrock, basic syenite
146.5		End of hole
G-76-15		Claim <u>477230</u> and <u>477231</u> (on the boundary) Sept. 14,15
0-69'	-	Sand; minor clay
69-130	-	Gravel - fine gravel and sand
130-132	-	Boulder (of bedrock); mafic intrusive veinlets or dikelets of feldspar.
132-134	-	Boulder (or weathered bedrock) of pink, soft (weathered) intrusive with mafics.
134-141	-	Bedrock, basic syenite
141		End of hole
G-76-16		Claim <u>477214</u> and <u>477227</u> (on the boundary) Sept. 15
0-40'	-	Fine sand and clay (in equal proportions)
40-92	-	Fine - medium grained sand (with large flakes of muscovite)
92-124	-	Gravel
124-130	-	Bedrock, syenite
130		End of hole
G-76-17		Claim <u>477243</u> Sept. 15, 16
0-25'	-	Clay, minor fine sand
25-59	-	Silt (not sticky clay)
59-113	-	Fine gravel
113-127	-	Gravel with occasional boulders
127-131	-	Bedrock, dacite
131		End of hole

TABLE II (cont'd)

Hole	G-76-18		Claim <u>477225</u> September 16
	0-66'	-	Clay and fine sand
		-	Minor clay only (at 20-30')
	66-100.5	-	Gravel; minor till beds below 80' (80-90')
	100.5-104	-	Bedrock, basalt
	104	-	End of hole
	G-76-19		Claim <u>477222</u> September 16
	0-45	-	Silty clay and fine sand, in equal proportions.
	45-74	-	Fine sand; very minor clay
	74-140	-	Gravel; minor till
	140-145	-	Bedrock, basic syenite
	145	-	End of hole
	G-76-20		Claim <u>477238</u> September 17
	0-24'	-	Fine sand and clay
	24-26	-	Gravel with boulders
	26-28	-	Bedrock, basalt
	28	-	End of hole
			<u>Note:</u> Redrilled G-76-20 (15' north) to confirm bedrock at 26' - hole logged exactly as before.
	G-76-21		Claim <u>475777</u> September 17
	0-25'	-	Clay and fine sand
	25-92	-	Gravel
	70-92	-	Till (mainly)
	92-114	-	Coarse gravel
	114-123	-	Bedrock, dacite
	123	-	End of hole
Hole	G-76-22		Claim <u>475780</u> and <u>475781</u> (on the boundary) Sept. 18
	0-62'	-	Fine sand, minor clay
	62-78	-	Gravel
	78-92	-	Clay till, small pebbles (no boulders)
	92-95	-	Gravel, high proportion sand
	95-113	-	Till with small boulders
	113-128	-	Coarse gravel (boulders <2-3")
	128-131	-	Bedrock, dacite
	131	-	End of hole
	G-76-23		Claim <u>477242</u> Sept. 18 & 20
	0-52'	-	Fine sand, subordinate clay
	52-140	-	Gravel (102-104', large boulder, basic tuff?)
	140-145	-	Bedrock, dacite
	145	-	End of hole

TABLE II (cont'd)

Hole	G-76-24	Claim <u>477319</u> and <u>477322</u> (boundary)	Sept. 20
	0-53'	- Organics (10'); clay and fine sand	
	53-70	- Fine gravel	
	70-80	- Gravel (mainly), minor till layers	
	80-90	- Till (mainly)	
	90-94	- Clay	
	94-102	- Gravel, occasional clay bed	
	102-110	- Clay	
	110-115	- Gravel	
	115-122	- Boulder - green sandstone (graywacke)	
	122-128	- Bedrock, basalt	
	128	- End of hole	
	G-76-25	Claim <u>477260</u>	Sept. 21
	0-62'	- Silty clay	
	62-68	- Fine sand and silt	
	68-100	- Gravel (fine)	
	100-110	- Coarse gravel (poor return)	
	110-123	- Till	
	123-129	- Gravel	
	129-135	- Bedrock, basic syenite	
	135	- End of hole	
	G-76-26	Claim <u>477260</u>	Sept. 21
	0-58'	- Clay (silty)	
	58-105	- Fine gravel	
	105-115	- Bouldery gravel	
	115-130	- Till and gravel	
	130-136	- Bedrock, syenite	
	136	- End of hole	
	G-76-27	Claim <u>475770</u>	Sept. 21
	0-39'	- Clay, fine sand	
	39-51	- Gravel	
	51-72	- Till	
	72-80	- Coarse gravel	
	80-89	- Till	
	89-92	- Clay with sand	
	92-96	- Sand, minor clay	
	96-99	- Till and gravel	
	99-103	- Bedrock, basic syenite	
	103	- End of hole	

TABLE II (cont'd)

Hole G-76-28		Claim <u>477239</u>	Sept. 22
0-38'	-	Clay and fine sand	
38-59	-	Gravel	
59-90	-	Till and gravel (about equal proportions - alternating)	
90-94	-	Bedrock, dacite	
94	-	End of hole	
G-76-29		Claim <u>477225</u>	Sept. 22
0-36'	-	Silty clay	
36-73	-	Fine silty sand	
73-88	-	Gravel	
88-92	-	Bedrock, basalt	
92	-	End of hole	
G-76-30		Claim <u>477226</u>	Sept. 23
0-40'	-	Silty clay and fine sand	
40-70	-	Fine sand	
70-72	-	Gravel	
72-76	-	Sand	
76-109	-	Gravel	
109-116	-	Bedrock, syenite	
116	-	End of hole	
G-76-31		Claim <u>477226</u>	Sept. 23
0-72	-	Fine sand, minor clay near top	
72-118	-	Gravel	
118-120	-	Till	
120-140	-	Gravel	
140-145	-	Boulders, coarse gravel	
145-153	-	Boulders	
153-160	-	Bedrock, syenite	
160	-	End of hole	
G-76-32		Claim <u>477255</u>	Sept. 23
0-38'	-	Sand	
38-120	-	Gravel	
		82')	
		97') thin till beds	
		118')	
120-128	-	Bedrock, basic syenite	
128	-	End of hole	

TABLE III
BEDROCK GEOCHEMISTRY

Hole No. Footage	U.M. (flow?)	Basic to Intermediate Volcanics									Dacite							
	G-76-11 127-130	76-1 105-111	76-6 79-81	76-9 109-112	76-12 112-115	76-13 132-134	76-18 101-104	76-20 26-28	76-24 122-127	76-29 89-97	76-7 74-78	76-8 122-124	76-10 116-120	76-17 160-165	76-21 116-123	76-22 128-131	76-23 160-163	76-28 90-94
SiO ₂	41.97	56.05	54.10	53.14	58.89	57.07	51.51	52.15	52.07	48.36	63.55	68.10	64.76	69.73	63.26	70.70	62.04	66.06
Al ₂ O ₃	5.29	13.81	14.78	14.52	12.76	12.62	13.02	14.50	14.19	13.14	15.33	16.11	16.01	14.01	16.67	12.52	17.48	15.78
Fe ₂ O ₃	5.98	3.45	2.27	3.25	.73	2.77	5.15	6.06	7.84	5.23	2.05	2.71	1.66	1.16	3.01	2.34	1.69	1.56
FeO	5.16	8.31	4.59	7.60	9.75	2.72	7.81	3.30	2.29	2.29	2.72	1.43	2.72	3.15	2.44	1.86	4.23	3.01
MgO	22.28	4.84	4.64	5.32	3.72	5.19	4.97	7.47	5.76	6.84	3.03	1.52	2.21	2.16	2.90	2.36	2.60	2.97
CaO	9.27	7.92	7.52	8.52	6.98	6.43	9.04	8.30	6.07	9.32	4.88	1.90	2.20	2.40	1.45	3.64	2.04	2.84
Na ₂ O	.20	2.55	5.03	2.44	2.72	5.45	3.61	3.30	2.40	3.85	5.92	3.37	4.49	3.26	2.02	3.42	2.91	3.26
K ₂ O	.06	1.45	1.96	1.75	1.42	2.51	1.10	1.35	1.15	2.62	1.30	2.28	2.85	1.66	3.05	1.75	2.73	2.83
MnO	.17	.17	.13	.18	.18	.10	.21	.18	.14	.19	.07	.06	.06	.06	.07	.07	.09	.06
TiO ₂	.34	1.14	.67	.95	1.17	.46	1.27	.65	.84	.75	.57	.71	.48	.54	.61	.43	.73	.55
P ₂ O ₅	.03	.10	.45	.09	.12	.24	.13	.06	.06	.39	.09	.08	.07	.03	.12	.07	.09	.10
H ₂ O ⁺	2.62	1.04	1.39	1.16	1.19	.28	1.33	1.07	3.49	.39	.83	1.58	.71	1.17	2.46	1.07	2.24	1.38
CO ₂	6.93	.12	3.31	.26	.47	3.79	.05	.80	4.28	5.98	.78	.25	.28	.36	.18	.58	.53	1.70
S	.06	.05	.20	.08	.12	.58	.11	.13	.20	.28	.48	.01	.21	.09	.01	.08	.14	.28
As ₂ O ₃ *	L5	L5	L5	L5	L5	5	L5	5	L5	L5	5	5	L5	L5	60	L5	15	35
Au**	L5	n.d.	L5	L5	L5	L5	L5	L5	L5	37	L5	L5	n.d.	L5	65	L5	11	L5
Total	100.36	101.00	101.04	99.26	100.22	100.21	99.31	99.32	100.78	99.63	101.60	100.11	98.71	99.78	98.25	100.89	99.54	102.38

* ppm

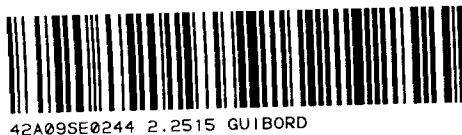
** ppb

BEDROCK GEOCHEMISTRY (cont'd)

Hole No. Footage	"Basic"Syenite							Syenite						
	76-4 128-134	76-14 140-145	76-15 135-141	76-19 140-145	76-25 129-133	76-27 100-103	76-32 120-128	76-2 92-100	76-3 128-132	76-5 68-71	76-16 124-130	76-26 130-136	76-30 110-116	76-31 154-160
SiO ₂	55.01	54.53	55.06	54.72	54.25	52.81	50.19	65.98	68.36	63.07	63.56	58.59	58.04	61.81
Al ₂ O ₃	18.36	13.53	17.14	15.94	17.18	14.82	14.08	14.82	13.72	16.46	18.28	16.29	16.60	17.37
Fe ₂ O ₃	4.07	5.02	3.29	5.09	4.23	3.51	7.81	1.81	1.03	1.95	1.75	3.00	3.20	3.17
FeO	1.43	2.44	3.01	2.72	1.72	3.44	2.44	1.58	1.72	1.43	.57	3.30	2.29	1.15
MgO	1.94	4.27	2.07	2.32	1.93	4.58	3.76	1.31	1.26	1.39	.65	3.30	1.82	1.19
CaO	5.05	7.85	4.16	5.52	5.59	7.51	10.34	3.46	4.05	3.48	2.44	3.22	3.93	2.62
Na ₂ O	3.42	3.51	5.16	4.95	3.68	2.85	3.12	3.41	3.66	4.43	5.59	1.73	5.04	5.28
K ₂ O	7.34	5.61	5.78	4.38	6.18	5.64	3.53	4.92	4.14	5.74	5.38	7.54	4.70	4.82
MnO	.13	.15	.16	.17	.15	.14	.26	.06	.06	.09	.05	.10	.13	.07
TiO ₂	.77	.86	.90	.84	.86	.85	1.40	.59	.37	.48	.32	.83	.80	.47
P ₂ O ₅	.25	.61	.33	.34	.30	.67	.22	.10	.07	.14	.04	.11	.25	.13
H ₂ O+	.91	.26	.34	.56	.70	.77	1.44	.36	.63	.33	.34	1.46	.49	.58
CO ₂	1.67	1.01	1.93	3.51	3.07	2.52	.27	1.73	.67	1.90	1.93	1.21	1.78	1.35
S	.07	.13	.14	.39	.07	.08	.07	.18	.10	.16	.01	.04	.11	.06
As ₂ O ₃ *	5	5	L5	5	5	L5	L	5	5	L5	L5	L5	L5	L5
Au**	L5	L5	5	28	L5	5	L5	L5	n.d.	L5	L5	L5	L5	L5
Total	100.42	99.78	99.47	101.45	99.91	100.19	98.93	100.31	99.84	101.05	100.91	100.72	99.18	100.07

* ppm

** ppb



2.2515

Recorded Holder: Cominco Ltd.
 Township or Area: Guibord Township

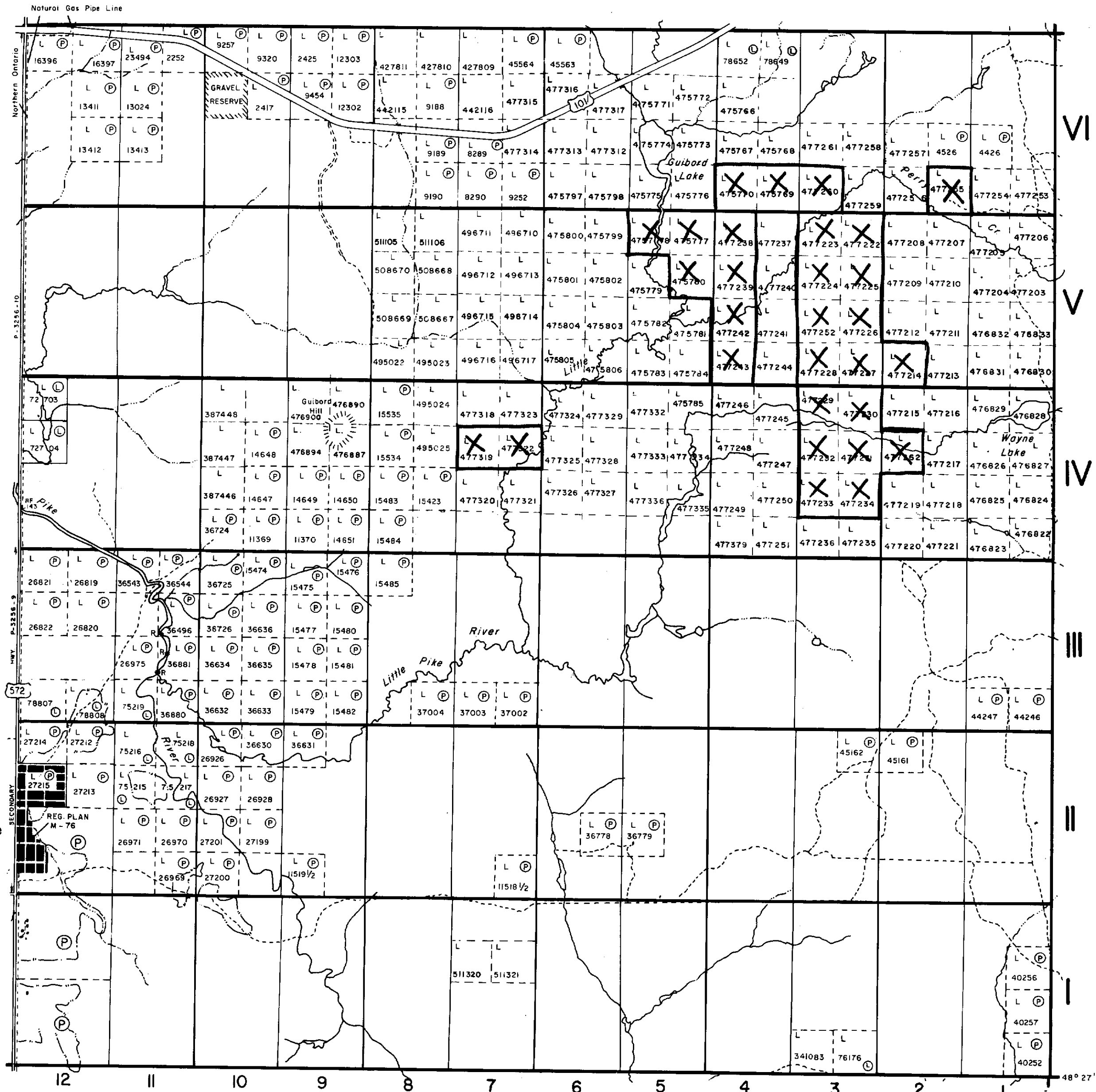
Type of survey and number of Assessment days credit per claim	OVERBURDEN DRILLING
<p>Geophysical</p> <p>Electromagnetic _____ days</p> <p>Magnetometer _____ days</p> <p>Radiometric _____ days</p> <p>Induced polarization _____ days</p> <p>Section 86 (18) <u>see across</u> _____ days</p> <p>Geological _____ days</p> <p>Geochemical _____ days</p> <p>Man days <input type="checkbox"/> Airborne <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Special provision <input type="checkbox"/> Ground <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Location of (32) drill holes:</p> <p>Mining Claims -</p> <p>L. 475769 - 70</p> <p>475777 - 78</p> <p>475780</p> <p>477214</p> <p>477222 to 34 inclusive</p> <p>477238 - 39</p> <p>477242 - 43</p> <p>477252 - 55</p> <p>477260 - 62</p> <p>477319</p> <p>477322</p>
<p>Notice of Intent to be issued:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Credits have been reduced because of partial coverage of claims.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Credits have been reduced because of corrections to work dates and figures of applicant.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No credits have been allowed for the following mining claims as they were not sufficiently covered by the survey:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>	<p>Amount spent on this programme = \$34,203.00</p> <p>Total assessment days credit allowed = 2,280</p> <p>The above 29 mining claims may be grouped under Section 85(6) of The Mining Act, for the purposes of recording the work credits of <u>2,280 days</u>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">RECEIVED</p> <p style="text-align: center;">FFR 5 1982</p> <p style="text-align: center;">MINING LANDS SECTION</p>

NOTE:
 The Mining Recorder may reduce the above credits if necessary in order that the total number of approved assessment days recorded on each claim does not exceed the maximum allowed as follows: Geophysical — 80; Geological — 40; Geochemical — 40; Section 86(18)—60:

MUNRO TWP M. 376

NOTES

400' surface rights reservation along the shores of all lakes and rivers.



DATE OF ISSUE
 SEP - 8 1978
 SURVEYS AND MAPPING
 BRANCH

LEGEND

- PATENTED LAND (P or ●*)
- PATENTED FOR SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY (●*)
- LEASE (L)
- LICENSE OF OCCUPATION (L.O.)
- CROWN LAND SALES (C.S.)
- LOCATED LAND (Loc.)
- CANCELLED (C.)
- MINING RIGHTS ONLY (M.R.O.)
- SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY (S.R.O.)
- HIGHWAY & ROUTE NO. (17)
- ROADS (—)
- TRAILS (---)
- RAILWAYS (—+—)
- POWER LINES (—+—+—)
- MARSH OR MUSKEG (—+—+—)
- MINES (—+—+—)

*used only with summer resort locations or when space is limited

2-2515
 TOWNSHIP OF
GUIBORD

DISTRICT OF
 COCHRANE

LARDER LAKE
 MINING DIVISION

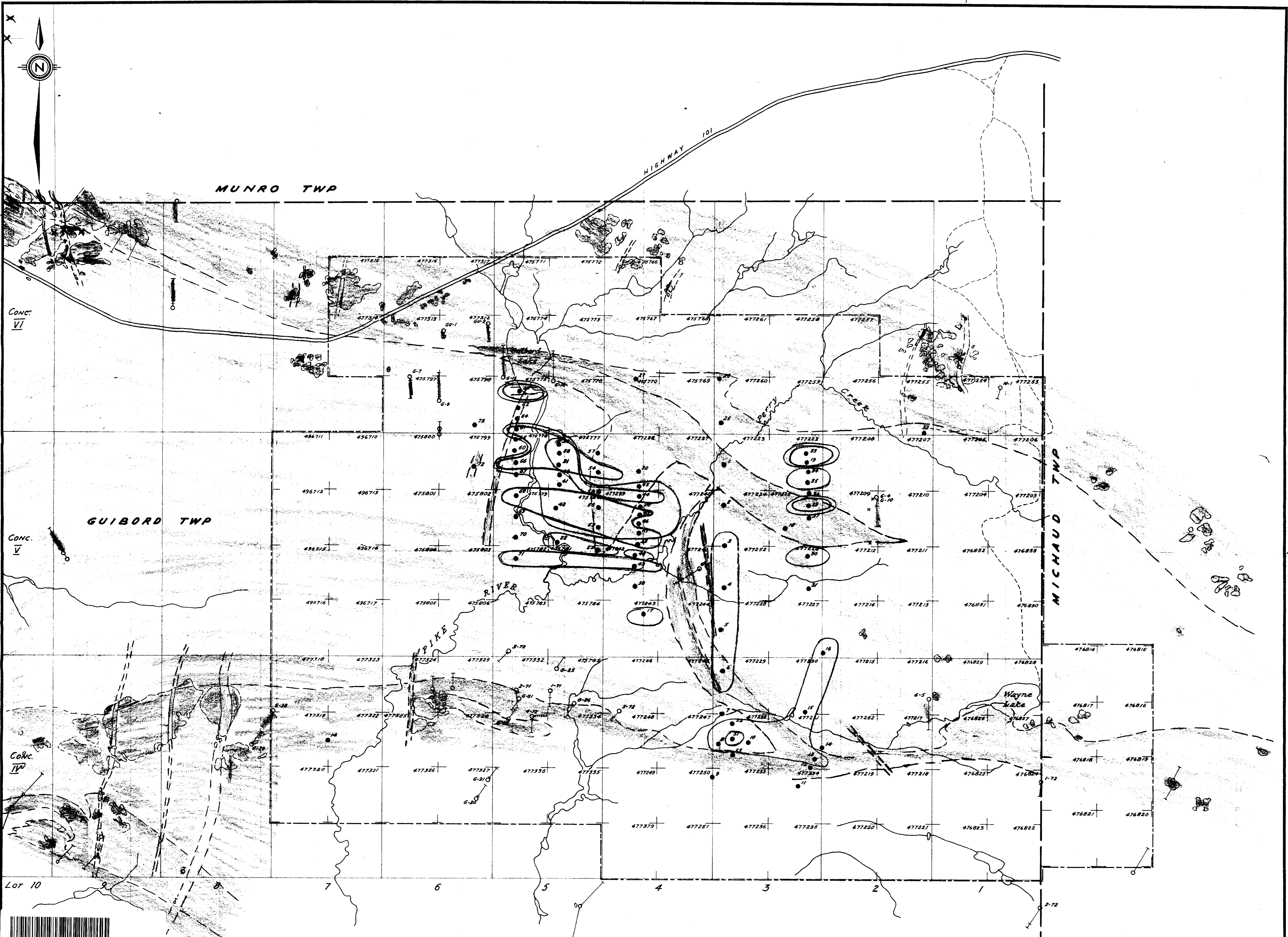
SCALE : 1 INCH = 40 CHAINS (1/2 MILE)

DR. *JBK*
 DATE 14 Oct '71
 PLAN NO. **M. 352**

ONTARIO
 MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES
 SURVEYS AND MAPPING BRANCH

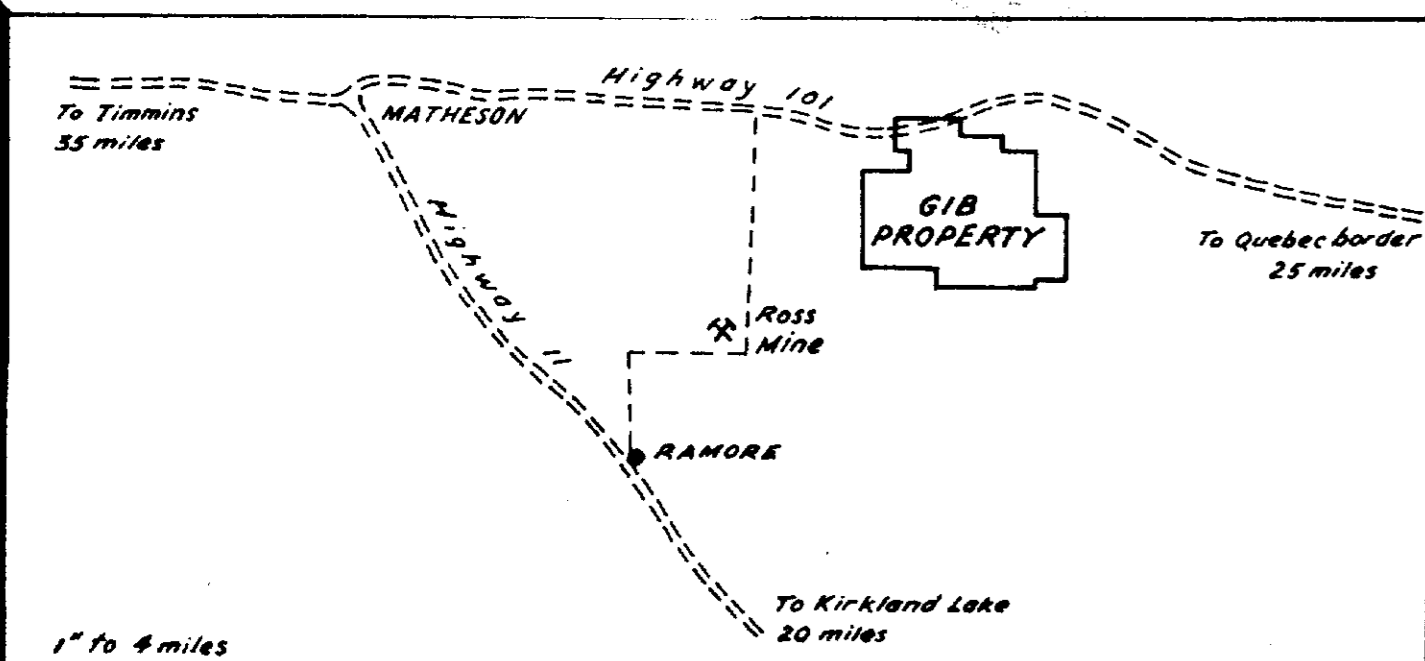
COOK TWP. M. 339





LEGEND

- Diabase
- Syenite, "basic" syenite, felsite
- Granite, granite feldspar porphyry
- Diorite, gabbro
- Graywacke, argillite
- Basic volcanics, feldspathic, basic volc.
- Ultramafic, altered U.M. (green carbonate)
- Outcrop, Au showing
- Cominco A.B. Drill Hole, ^{420?}
- Groups of A.B. holes with anomalous bedrock, "heavy mineral" or "silt" values
- Pre-Cominco DDH



EASTERN DISTRICT		GIB PROPERTY MATHESON AREA	NTS 42 A/B/E
Drawn by: <i>NML</i>	Traced by: <i>KOWL</i>		
Revised by: _____	Revised by: _____	Field: _____	FORM 276 688

W. Matheson