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42A10SW0310 2.3942 CODY

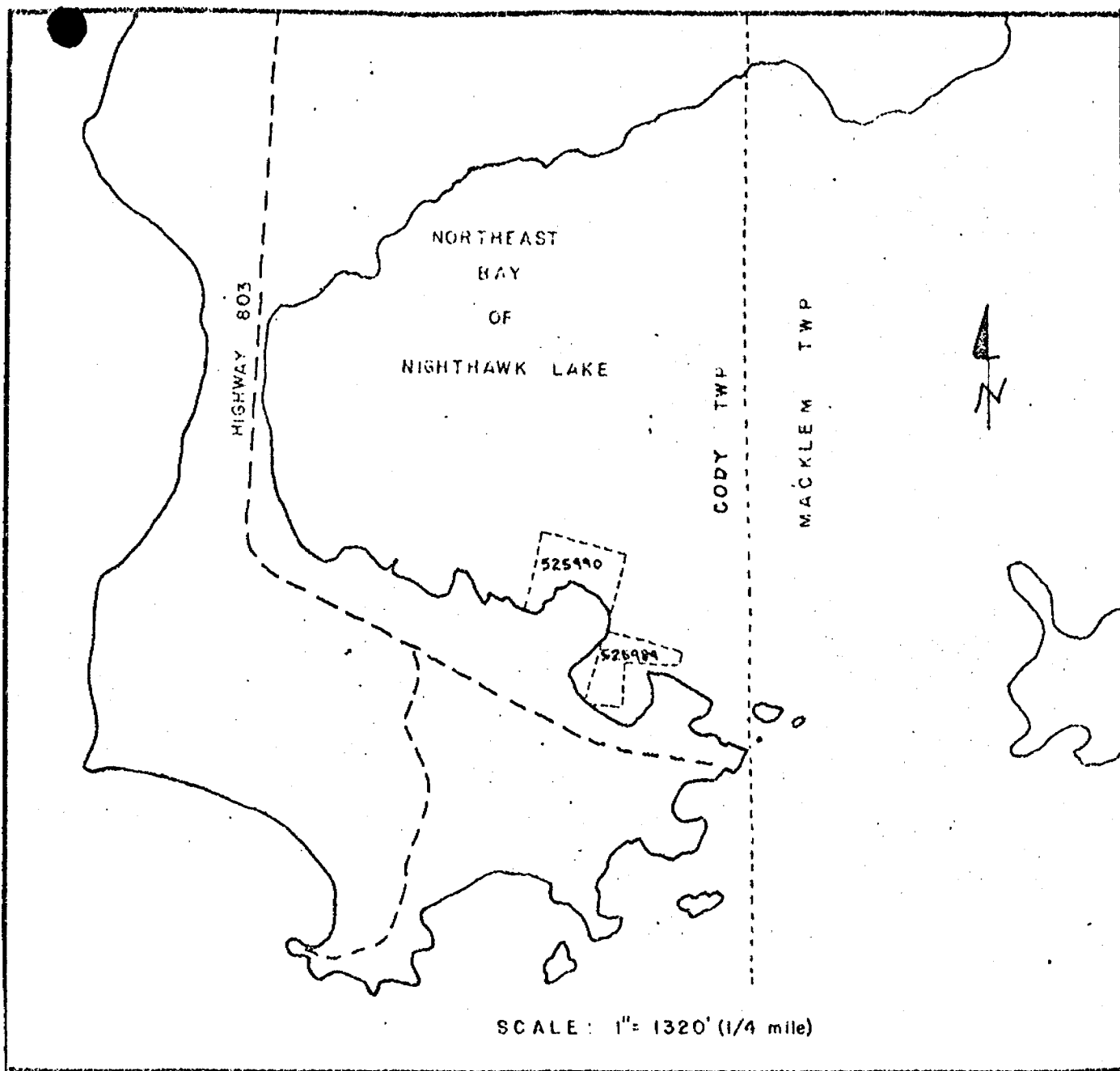
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REPORT ON VLF-EM SURVEY
CLAIM NUMBERS 525989 AND 525990
CODY TOWNSHIP
PORCUPINE MINING DIVISION
ONTARIO

BY

PAMOUR PORCUPINE MINES LIMITED

MAY 1981



LOCATION MAP

INTRODUCTION

A VLF-EM survey was carried out on two claims located on the Northeast Bay of Night Hawk Lake in the northeastern part of Cody Township, Ontario. The survey area is located near the abandoned shaft on Ronnoco property (claim number P-16923). Claim 525990 is located northwest of the shaft, and claim 525989 is located southeast of the shaft. The survey work was carried out by S. L. Schendel Weicker, geologist of Pamour Porcupine Mines, Exploration Department.

The survey was conducted to identify anomalies similar to those associated with gold deposits in the area (i.e., Gold Island - Gold Hawk pit area). A VLF-EM survey was selected in recognition of the conductivity of shears zones and faults. Gold mineralization has been found to be associated with these features.

The grid layout was done March 1, 1981, by Joel Fink and Robert Canie of the Exploration Department, and the VLF-EM survey was carried out by Sharon L. Schendel Weicker of the Exploration Department the same day. Interpretation and report writing was done May 26, 1981, by S. L. Schendel Weicker.

THE PROPERTY

The property, consisting of claims 525989 and 525990, is located in the Northeast Bay of Night Hawk Lake in the northeastern part of Cody Township. They comprise parts of Lots 1 and 2 of Concessions IV and V.

Access was gained by Highway 101, south on Highway 803, a gravel road to Gold Hawk Pit, and then by a short trip on Northeast Bay of Night Hawk Lake to the grid.

GEOLOGY

These claims are located on Night Hawk Lake. The only geology available is on the shoreline where it has been mapped

as serpentine-chlorite-carbonate schist with a felsic intrusive occurring on shore line of claim 525990 (Leahy, 1971). A gold bearing shear is also located near the shaft on the Ronnoco claim in the area.

SURVEY SPECIFICATION

A Instrumentation

VLF-EM

Instrument: Phoenix VLF-2

Frequency: Cutler, Maine 17.8 Hz

Quantities Measured: Tilt of the ellipse of polarization for the frequency

B Procedures

VLF Survey

Cutler, Maine, was read at each station. The station interval was 50 feet.

SURVEY RESULTS

A Presentation

The Cutler VLF data was profiled parallel to the lines on the enclosed map.

B Interpretation

There are 5 anomalies as indicated on the enclosed map (anomalies A, B, C, D, and E).

Anomaly A was not clearly defined as it was on the northern border of claim 525990. Anomaly B, D, and E may be indicative of a shear zone or faults as field strength increases corresponding with the crossover in dips. Anomaly C is questionable due to poor field and limited coverage on the adjacent claim.

SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- A A geophysical survey consisting of a VLF survey was carried out over the properties under discussion.
- B Several possible shear zones and faults were expressed in the area from the VLF data.
- C There are 3 clearly defined anomalies (B, D, and E) which may be indicative of fault or shear zones.
- D It is recommended that further geophysical surveys (PEM or Max-Min II) be done on this area. This would confirm and delineate the faults and shear zones as outlined by the VLF-EM survey. Diamond drilling would be recommended as the next step after the geophysical surveys.

I hereby submit that this report and accompanying map are accurate and true to the best of my knowledge and that they were completed by myself this 26th day of May, 1981.

Sharon L. Schendel Weicker *qual on file*
2.3628
Sharon L. Schendel Weicker, BSc.
Exploration Geologist

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Leahy, E. J. (1971)
Geology of the Night Hawk Lake Area, District of
Cochrane, GR-96.

GEOPHYSICAL TECHNICAL DATA

GROUND SURVEYS - If more than one survey, specify data for each type of survey

Number of Stations 99 Number of Readings 1/station
Station interval 50 Feet Line spacing 400 feet
Profile scale
Contour interval Profiles

MAGNETIC

Instrument
Accuracy - Scale constant
Diurnal correction method
Base Station check-in interval (hours)
Base Station location and value

ELECTROMAGNETIC

Instrument Phoenix VLF-2
Coil configuration Not applicable
Coil separation Infinite
Accuracy Dip +/- 1 degree HFS +/- 25%
Method: [X] Fixed transmitter [] Shoot back [] In line [] Parallel line
Frequency Cutler, Maine 17.8 Hz (specify V.L.F. station)
Parameters measured Dip - Source direction

GRAVITY

Instrument
Scale constant
Corrections made
Base station value and location
Elevation accuracy

INDUCED POLARIZATION RESISTIVITY

Instrument
Method [] Time Domain [] Frequency Domain
Parameters - On time Frequency
- Off time Range
- Delay time
- Integration time
Power
Electrode array
Electrode spacing
Type of electrode

Attachment A

The Required Information is as Follows:

Author of Report: Sharon L. Schendel Weicker

Covering Dates of Survey: Survey - March 1, 1981
Office - May 25, 1981

Type of Instrument Used: Phoenix VLF-2

Total Amount of Expenditure:

Total man days @ \$65/day (3 people - 1 day)	\$195.00
1 day truck rental @ \$35/day	35.00
1 day report writing and drafting @ \$150/day	150.00
1.17 miles of linecutting @ \$170/mile	<u>198.90</u>
Total expenditure	\$578.90

NORTHEAST BAY OF NIGHTHAWK LAKE

PAMOUR EXPLORATION

NIGHTHAWK LAKE PROJECT

CODY TOWNSHIP, ONTARIO
PORCUPINE MINING DIVISION

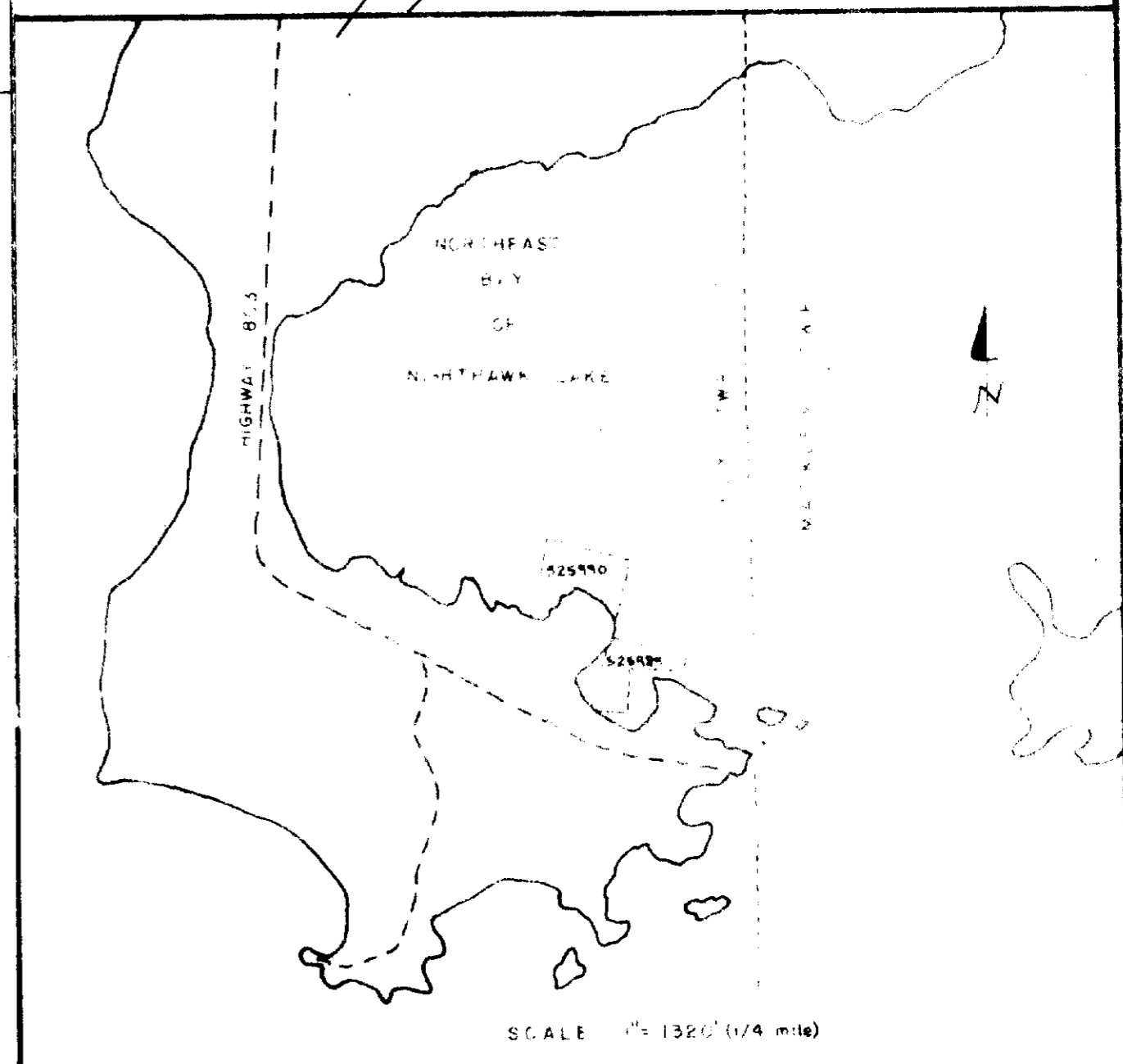
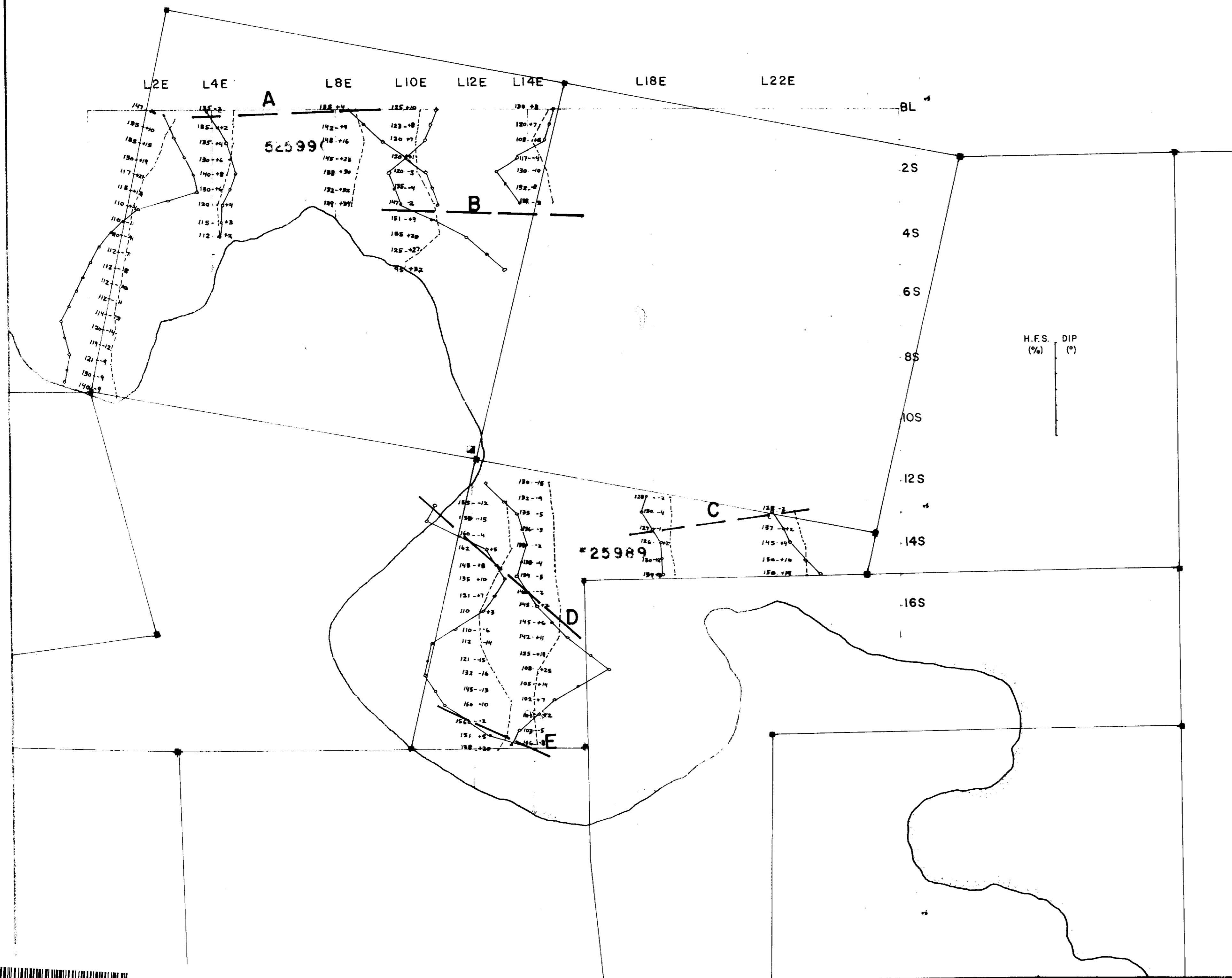
VLF SURVEY

CLAIM NUMBERS: 525989 and 525990

SCALE: 1" = 200' DATE: MARCH 13, 1981

DRAWN BY: SJSW APPROVED BY: EVH

S.J. Swick



KEY

- SHORELINE
- CLAIM POST
- SHAFT
- BL BASE LINE
- DIP (DEGREES)
- HORIZONTAL FIELD STRENGTH (PERCENTAGE)

INSTRUMENT: PHOENIX VLF-2
 SCALES: DIP 1"=20'
 HFS 1"=100%

