## McPIIAR GEOPIIYSICS LIMITEI)

## GENERAL NOTES ON THE McPHAR ELECTROMAGNETIC METHOD

Electromagnetic measurements are made in terms of "dip angles" and are recorded in degrees. The dip angles measure the amount of distortion of the primary (applied) electromagnetic field caused by secondary fields associated with currents induced in sub-surface electrical conductors. These angles are plotted in degrees on the accompanying maps either beneath or to the right of the station from which each observation was taken. Where a minus sign precedes a number, the angle of dip is to the west or south; the absence of a sign preceding a number indicates an easterly or northerly dip angle.

Transmitting coil locations are termed "setups"; each one being marked on the maps with a triangle and bearing a code number. Several lines are traversed with the receiving coil when the transmitting coil is at any one location; the readings on these lines are related to the corresponding setup by the code at the end of each series of readings.
"Conductor-axes" are marked on the maps according to the legend. They are, in general, vertical projections to the surface of the upper extremities of electrically-conductive bodies.

Electromagnetic anomalies can result from sulphide mineralization, graphitic schists, carbonaceous sediments and, on occasion, fault zones. Apropos of this it is to be noted that disseminated sulphide mineralization consisting entirely of discrete particles is not a conductor at the normal frequencies used for practical geophysical exploration. Consequently, exploration of a property subsequent to an electromagnetic survey should be based not only on the indicated electromagnetic anomalies, but should take into account all the geologic and physiographic data that can be obtained.

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McPHAR GEOPHYSICS LIMITED REPORT ON THE DUAL FREQUENCY ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY THORBURN TOWNSHIP, ONTARIO FOR
ALLIED PITCH*ORE MINES LIMITED

## 1. INTRODUCTION

At the request of Mr. Steven Low, President of Allied PitchOre Mines Limited, dual frequency, electromagnetic survey has been carried out over the Company' holding In Thorburn Township, Porcupine Mining Division, Ontario. The property consists of eleven claims numbered P61417 to P61427 inclusive. Their location is shown on Figure 1.

The geology of the claims is covered by the ODM Map No. 2046, Timmins-Kirkland Lake Sheet. Outcrops of gabbro and basic volcanic are shown about 2 miles northeast of the claim e in Mahaffy Township, but no outcrops are reported in the immediate vicinity of the property. Overburden is believed to be quite extensive in this area and could be as much as 100 feet deep.

The aeromagnetics of the claim group are sown on the G.S.C. Map 2301G. A strong well closed magnetic high is centered in the northwent corner of Reid Township. This feature is believed to represent a plug of basic rock, probably gabbro. The claims are located on the

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western side of this feature, where the magnetic contourn suggent a NW-SE trend.

The field surveying was carried out during January, 1965.
2. PRESENTATION OF RESULTS

Observation were made overy 100 feet along a serles of N-S traverse lines spaced at 400 foot intervals. The dip angle values are shown in proflle form on Dowg. No. E4141, which is at a scale of $1^{\prime}=200^{\prime}$.
3. DISCUSSION OFRESULTS

Definite conductor axe have been establiahed at the 1000 cps frequency on the north portion of Line: 32 W and 36 W . These anomalies, together with the weak indication on 28 W have been interpreted as a ingle continuou: conductor, Zone $A$.

Zone A appears to strike NW-SE and to conform with the trend of the contours on the government aeromagnetic sheet. Although the responses are not large, the anomalles are quite definite and are believed to be due to a conductive zone within the underlying bedrock. Because of the strike of the zone, no definite indlcation of the depth, dip or conductivity of the conductor is possible. Detalled surveying from a more favourable transmitter location is euggested to further evaluate thls interesting anomaly.

Unusual dip angle profiles occur on the auth portion of Lines 28W, 32W and 36 W . These results could be due to a N-S trending conductor lying between these lines or in the vicinity of

Tx-6 on Line 24W. This possibility should be checked by running a series of $E-W$ reconnalseance lines; (1.e. bese line, $5 S$ and $10 S$ ) from a transmitter located near $15 S$ on Line 28 W .

The remainder of the dip angle profilos are quite featureless and typical of the result obtained over conductive overburden in the Timmine area.

## 4. SUMMARYAND RECOMMENDATIONS

A NW-SE trending conductor, Zone A, has been indicated by the reconnaissance data. The responses are quite definite and appear to be caused by a conductor within the underlying bedrock. Additional detailing with electromagnetics should be carried out from tranemitters located either on, or on strike with, Zone A to determine it location, dip and strike length. This detailing may be done either on existing lines, or on a serlea of lines cut perpendicular to the indicated strike. The latter would be expected to give more definitive resulte.

The profiles on the southern portion of Lines $28 \mathrm{~W}, 32 \mathrm{~W}$ and 36W could be caused by a N-S trending conductor lying between these lines or in the vicinity of Tx-6 on Line 24 W . This posaibility should be checked by a series of E-W reconnaiseance traverees on this portion of the grid.

Because of the apparent conformability between the aeromagnetic contours and the strike of Zone $A$, it is suggented that magnetic surveying be carried out in conjunction with the detalled EM work outlined above.

McPHAR GEOPHYSICS LIMITED

D. B. Sutherland.

Dated: April 8, 1965

## ASSESSMENT DETAILS

SPONSOR：Allied Pitch－Ore Mines Ltd．MINING DIVISION：Porcupine
LOCATION：Thorburn Townehip
TYPE OF SURVEY：Electromagnetic

OPERATING MAN DAYS： 14
EQUIVALENT 8 HR．MAN DAYS： 21
CONSULTINC MAN DAYS： 1
DRAUCHTING MAN DAYS： 3
TOTALMAN DAYS： 25

PROVINCE：Ontario

DATE STARTED：Jenuary 14，1／65
DATE FINISHED：January 23， $1 \times 65$
NUMAER OF STATIONS： 456
MILES OF LINE SURVIEYED： 3.97

CONSULTANT：
D．E．Sutherland，Apt．604， 412 Eglinton Avenue Eadt，Toronto 12，Onta io．
FIELD TECHNICIANS：
J．Hussey， 394 James Street，Timmins，Ontario．
D．Vincent，General Delivery，Timmins，Ontario．
DFAUCHTSMEN：
K．Ningham， 78 Hubbard Blvd．，Toronto 13，Ontario．
E．Helkio， 17 Annarce Street，Scarborough，Ontario．
D．F＇ounder， 252 Cottingham Street，Toronto 7，Ontario．

## MCPHAIK GEOPHYSICS LIMITED



DBS：ma：
D．E．Sutherland．

Dated：April 7， 1965

THE MINING ACT
Assessment Work Credits

Name: ALLIED PITCH-ORE MINES LIMITED

Township or Area: THORBURN TWP

Geophysical $\qquad$ 21 Days Work (per claim)

Geological $\qquad$ nil Days Work (per claim)

Mining Claims:
P 61417 to 61427 inclusive

## Assessment Work Breakdown


2. Township or Area ......THORBURN TOGNSGIIP
3. Mining claim numbers. P61417 to P 61427 INCLUSIVE
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$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. Number of miles of line cut 9.5


* 6. Scale constant or sensitivity
* 7. Number of stations established 456

8. Summary of days worked (details on reverse side)

> Total technical ( include consultants, draughting etc. ...........................................................
Total line-cutting (maximum-5-man-daye-pan-ctaim- ..... 60
Total man-days (technical plus line-cutting) ..... 235
Assessment days credit per claim ..... 21

9. Dated APRIL 12, 1965

Signed.


[^0]allied pitch-oke mines limited CLAIM GROUPS



[^0]:    * Complete only if applicable

