010



# QUESTOR SURVEYS LIMITED

# AIRBORNE ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY REPORT

AREA 1969-44

TIMMINS AREA

ONTARIO

PREPARED FOR
HOLLINGER MINES LIMITED



# CONTENTS

INTRODU	CTION1
SURVEY	AREA1
EQUIPME	NT1
SURVEY	PROCEDURE1
MAP COM	PILATION2
DATA PR	ESENTATION2
RESULTS	
INTERPR	ETATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS4
FIGURES	: SAMPLE RECORD
	AREA OUTLINE

#### NTRODUCTION

This report contains our interpretation of the results of an airborne electromagnetic and magnetic survey flown in the Timmins Area of Ontario on February 21st to March 28th, 1970. A brief description of the equipment and the survey procedure are also included, together with some recommendations for ground follow-up.

The survey totalled 2312 line miles and was performed by Questor Surveys Limited. The survey aircraft was a Super Canso CF JMS and the operating base was Timmins, Ontario.

# SURVEY AREA

The area outline is shown on a 1:250,000 map at the end of this report. This is a part of the National Topographic Series sheet number 42A.

A line spacing of 1/8 mile was used.

#### EQUIPMENT

The aircraft was equipped with the Mark V INPUT airborne E.M. system and an AM-101 Precession magnetometer. An APN-1 radio altimeter was used for vertical control. The outputs of these instuments, together with fiducial timing marks were recorded by means of a galvanometer type recorder using light sensitive paper. A 35mm continuous strip camera was used to record the actual flight path.

# SURVEY PROCEDURE

feet as possible, with the E.M. "bird" at approximately 150 feet above the ground. A normal S-pattern flight path using approximately one mile turns was used. The equipment operator logged the flight details and monitored the instruments.

## MAP COMPILATION

The base maps are uncontrolled mosaics constructed from 1" = 1/4 mile Ontario Department of Lands & Forests photographs. These mosaics were reproduced at a scale of 1" = 1/4 mile on stable transparent film from which white prints can be made.

Flight path recovery was accomplished by comparison of the prints of the 35mm film with the mosaic in order to locate the fiducial points. These points are approximately one mile apart.

#### DATA PRESENTATION

The symbols used to designate the anomalies are shown in the legend on each map sheet, and the anomalies on each line are lettered in alphabetical order in direction of flight. Their locations are plotted with reference to the fiducial numbers on the visicorder record. A sample record is included at the end of this report identifying the method used to correct for the position of the E.M. "bird" and identifies the parameters recorded on each channel.

the anomaly was recorded, and a surrounding circle indicates that a coincident magnetic anomaly has been observed. The value of the magnetic anomaly in gammas is shown as a number beside the anomaly letter. If a magnetic anomaly is recorded within 1000 feet on either side of a conductor, its location and value are also shown as illustrated in the legend.

Occasionally a question mark may be shown alongside the anomaly symbol. This may occur when the response is very weak and there is some doubt as to whether or not it is caused by turbulence or compensation noise caused by large changes in the position of the "bird" relative to the aircraft.

All the anomaly locations, magnetic correlations, and the amplitudes of channel number 4 are listed on the data sheets accompanying the final maps.

#### RESULTS

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The INPUT system will respond to conductive overburden and near surface horizontal conducting layers in addition to bedrock conductors. Differentiation is based on the rate of transient decay, magnetic correlation and anomaly shape together with the conductor pattern and topography.

Power lines sometimes produce spurious anomalies but these can be identified by reference to the monitor channel. Railroad and pipeline responses are recognized by studying the film strips.

In the Canadian Shield, the most common bedrock conductors are graphites and formational sulphides. These quite commonly occur in long trends having multiple conducting zones with or without magnetic correlation depending upon the presence or absence of magnetite or pyrrhotite. The possibility of a commercial sulphide body occuring within one of these zones cannot be ruled out, but it is extremely difficult to recommend any particular location unless some change in anomaly character or structure can be recognized.

Graphite or carbonaceous material exhibits a wide range of conductivities. When long conductors without magnetic correlation are located on or parallel to known faults or photographic linears, graphite is most likely to be the cause.

Contact zones can often be predicted when anomaly trends coincide with the lines of maximum gradient along a flanking magnetic anomaly. It is unfortunate that graphite can also occur as relatively short conductors, and produce attractive looking anomalies. With no other information than the airborne results, these must be examined on the ground.

Serpentinized peridotites often produce anomalies with a character that is fairly easy to recognize. The conductivity which is probably caused in part by magnetite, is fairly low so that the anomalies often have a fairly large response on channel number 1, they decay rapidly; and they have strong magnetic correlation.

INPUT E.M. anomalies over massive magnetites show a relationship to the total Fe. content. Below 25-30% very little or no response at all is obtained, but as the percentage increases the anomalies become quite strong, with a characteristic rate of decay which is usually greater than that produced by massive sulphides.

Commercial sulphide orebodies are rare, and those that respond to airborne survey methods usually have medium to high conductivity. Limited lateral dimensions are to be expected and many have magnetic correlation caused by magnetite or pyrrhotite. Provided that the ore bodies do not occur within formational conductive zones as mentioned above, the anomalies caused by them will usually be recognized on an E.M. map as priority targets.

The notes in the following sections are intended to give as much information as possible about the origin of the anomalies using the combined information from all the data available. They may be used to select priority targets, but the final assessment must be based on ground results.

# INTERPRETATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A brief discussion follows on the majority of the conductors in the areas. They are not listed in any priority with regard to ground investigation. Interference from the radar transmitter has affected the results in blocks E and G and conductors could possibly exist in this area which were not picked up.

Weak anomalies may be significant because of the amount of overburden which is known to exist in the Timmins area.

# WEST SHEET 1969-44A

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1. Intercepts 21A and 23D are both well defined, good conductivity responses indicating a good conductor of

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# WEST SHEET 1969-44A

1. Intercepts 21A and 23D are both well defined, good conductivity responses indicating a good conductor of short strike length. Ground work is recommended on this conductor and the weaker conductor directly to the north.

- 2. Ground work is recommended on this conductor comprised of well defined, good conductivity anomalies. Sulphides at depth could possibly be the cause.
  - 3. Intercept 20A is a weak but definate, good conductivity bedrock response on the flank of a 130 gamma magnetic high. Ground work is recommended.
  - 4. A graphitic or formational sulphide zone is the probable cause of the long conductor. Possibly a portion of the zone could be investigated near intercept 10B which is a good conductivity response.
  - 5. Ground work should be done on this conductor. Intercept 10C is similar to that which could result from massive sulphides.
  - 6. Good conductivity is exhibited by the anomalies of these two conductors. Ground work is recommended.
  - 7,8,9,10. A ground electromagnetic survey should be done to resolve the various conductors in this area and to further evaluate these zones. Moderate conductivity is exhibited by most of the responses in this area.

## EAST SHEET

- 11. These two anomalies are weak responses which may be caused from a bedrock source. A reconnaisance ground electromagnetic survey is recommended in an effort to detect the conductors.
- 12. These broad low conductivity anomalies are typical of conductive overburden. No ground work is recommended.
- 13. Similar recommendations are given to this zone as those of zone 11.
- 14 & 15. Both of these conductors appear to be bedrock effects.

- This weak bedrock conductor could possibly be caused by sulphides at depth. A reconnaisance electromagnetic survey is recommended.
- 25. This is a superficial effect so no recommendations are given.
- 26. These weak responses could indicate a bedrock conductor at depth.
- 27. A low priority rating is given to these anomalies in the area. The conductors are marginal bedrock responses.
- 28. A high priority is given to this conductor. The anomalies are not strong but good conductivity is exhibited by the intercepts.

  There is magnetic correlation with two of the intercepts.
- 29,30,31. These three conductors are composed of weak responses but the conductivity indicates that the source of the conductors is in bedrock. Ground work is suggested on all three zones.
- 32,33,34. A portion of each of these zones should be investigated with ground geophysical techniques. The anomalies are not strong but the conductivity suggests sulphides and/or graphite at depth.

  On zone 32 intercepts 73A and 74A should be checked, on zone 33 intercepts 84B and 85B need attention while in zone 34 intercepts 80B, 81D, 82B and 83B should be investigated.
- 35,36,37. These short weak conductors are marginal bedrock responses. A low priority is given with regard to ground investigation.
- 38. The direct magnetic correlation with the weak but moderate conductivity conductor suggests the presence of pyrrhotite. Ground work is recommended.
- 39. A low priority is given to this weak, fair conductivity conductor.

- 16. This short bedrock conductor flanking a longer conductor exhibits moderate conductivity. Ground work is suggested.
  - 17. This long conductor is associated with high magnetics which indicate a gabbro intrusive. Ground work is suggested on a portion of this zone, preferably around intercept 69A which is a strong, good conductivity anomaly.
  - 18. The anomalies of this zone are strong, good conductivity intercepts coincident with the peak of a high magnetic feature which may reflect the gabbro in the area. Ground work is recommended.
  - 19. The conductivity and strength varies along this long conductive zone which may be caused by graphite. Ground work is suggested to cover intercepts 69B and 70C which are both well defined good conductivity responses.
  - 20. This conductor is similar to zone 19 and should be given the same considerations as zone 19. Ground work is suggested on intercepts 69C and 70B.
  - 21. This zone appears to be on strike with zone 20 and it probably has the same cause. The anomalies are weak but definate bedrock responses which exhibit good conductivity. Ground work is recommended.
  - Poor to moderate conductivity is exhibited by the anomalies in this zone. Ground work is recommended, but on a low priority rating.
  - 23. The strike of this zone is confirmed by the government aeromagnetic map. The anomalies are not well defined and indicate moderate conductivity. A low priority rating is given to this bedrock conductor.

The remainder of the anomalies in the south are in the vicinity of a built up area. A visual examination is recommended on these anomalies to see if they are caused by cultural features.

## 1969-44G

- 1 & 2 These anomalies are assumed to be caused by overburden effects and as a result no recommendations are given.
- 3. This is a low priority ground target. The anomalies are poor conductivity responses.
- 4. This is an overburden effect.
- 5. This weak response could possibly be due to bedrock source. A reconnaisance survey is recommended.

D. Watson

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P. Lazemby



Area Timming Area
File No. 1969-44A
Page No.

Anomaly Number		Fiducial	Number of	Channel 4	Direct Magnetic	Flanking Ma	ignetic Peak	
			Channels	Amplitude	Correlation	Location	Value	Remarks
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2_	A	957.51	3		508			Shoulder Mag
3	A	145.29	3					
4_	A	077.59	3					
5	Δ	318.20	5	(6)				
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د	12	0,7.77		.00				
6	A	013.05	6	.12	<del></del>			
	3	.21	6	.10				
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	A	148.64	_5_	.06		148.45	2358	
3	A	133.03	4	.10		132.90	1758	
	$\mathcal{B}$	.75	4	.10		133.80	1208	Shoulder Man
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	B	064.92	3		308		7000	Shoulder Mag.
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3	A	307.06	3					
4	A	027.05	5	.10				
	B		4	.10	15008			
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# Questor Surveys Limited

File No '969-44A

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Num	ber	Fiducial	Channels	Amplitude	Correlation	Location	Value	Remarks
16	A	128.15	5	10				
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		130.24	4	20				
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Area Timmins Area
File No. 1969 - 44 A
Page No 3

Anon	naly	Fiducial	Number of	Channel	Direct Magnetic	Flanking Mag	netic Peak	
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	B	986.83	_5	15				<u> </u>
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27	A	090.36	3					
	B	097.27	3			097.45	408	
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Area <u>Timmins Area</u>
File No. <u>1969-444</u>
Page No. <u>5</u>

Anom Numb	er A	Fiducial	of Channels	Amplitude	Magnetic	<del>}</del>		
	A B	568.32			Correlation	Location	Value	Remarks
61	$\mathcal{B}$		4	.OB	. 🚅			
61		575.57	5	14		51570	5008	Shoulder Maa
61	C	87	5	06		575.70	5008	Shoulder Mag Shoulder Mag
	A	863.10	4	.15	20008			
	B	32	4	.12				
	C	.58	4	.10				
62	A	843.60	5	B				
		844.12	4	10				
	C	43	4	.15	23008			
63	A	26533	4	.45			:	
	B	271.79	3			27/85	508	
	C	212.17	5	.10				
	7	.45	3					
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	E	157.32	6	.20	508			
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		158.21		.10		158.10	158	
		159.18		.05		159.35	708	
66	A	465.43	4	.08	. <del> </del>	465.30	158	
·		10.32		10				
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		472.22		20	26408			
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# Coestor Surveys Limited

Area <u>Timmins Area</u>
File No. <u>1969 - 44 A</u>
Page No. <u>6</u>

Anomaly		Eiducial	Number of	Channel 4	Direct Magnetic	Flanking Mag	netic Peak	Remarks
Numbe	er	Fiducial	Channels	Amplitude	Correlation	Location	Value	
67	A	244.54	3			244 40	208	
		247.12	5	.10	_			
	2	28	5	.05		24740	20008	
	D	.83	3					
	E	248.02		.12	_			
	F	./4	.3					
	G	249.02	1	05	408			
	<del></del>	254.52		-08				
		256.27	2	4		25645	208	Shoulder Mag
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			<u> </u>					
70	A	131.29		.10		43/20	2008	
	$\mathcal{B}$	.59	5	28				
	C	98		.13				
	D	132 44	! 6	66				
	E	•		20		432 65	3/508	
	_							
71	A	288.7	5 6	.50	2008			
	B	.92	6	.20	-			
	C	0000		.20				
	D		1 .	.05				
	E			.05				
	F	290.4				296.35	408	
72		531.29	3 3	.04				
-	- <del>/</del> j	3 .52		.00				
	_!_ (			21		53870	4208	
	<u>ر</u> (	539/		.06	_			
-	_ <i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>	.62		.47	20008	7		Shoulder Mag
-	_ <u>F</u>	539.8		15	1			
-								
	ز)	540.8	1 3	10		541.30	3008	
<b></b>	_£	1541.2	1 2	.02	<del></del>	747.50	1000	
<del> </del>		-				-	<del></del>	
		+			<del> </del>		-	

# Qestor Surveys Limited

File No. 1969-44A

Page No. 7

Anomaly		<del></del>	Number	Channel	Direct	Flanking Magn	etic Peak	<b>D</b>
<b>Unoma</b> Vumbe	- 1	Fiducial	of Channels	4 Amplitude	Magnetic - Correlation	Location	Value	Remarks
	-+	128.87		08	508			
	A	<del></del>	4	.10	5008			
	$\mathcal{B}$	13512	5	1				
-	<u> </u>	37	5	10	9.1			
	D	.82	6	.70	20008	136.20	5008	
	E	136.02	6	.30		136.20	2000	
	F	11	3			107	604	
	G	137.19	4	05		13700	1008	
	#/	.53	3					
74	A	16538	4	.05	408		· ·	
	B	167.11	5	.06		166.95	1308	
	C	171.52	5	.20				
	$\overline{\mathcal{D}}$	172.08		.70	20008			
	F	30		.50		172.45	7008	Shoulder Mag
	F	.92	+					<u> </u>
		172		-				
		00 0	1	+		220.90	308	
75		220.97	1 —	10			2000	
	<u>B</u>	227.37	1	10		22750	2000	
75P.L		231.35						
		2334	1 4	10	<u> </u>			
	C	1 / / 👱	5	.30				
	$\overline{D}$	9/	6	60	25008	1		
	F	234.12	2 6	.15		234 30	1000	1
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
74		366.2	3 3		208			
K)	D	373.10	2 5	15		373.20	5008	
	<i></i>	7/2/19						
		2007	7 1	10				
77		3227	7 4	,10				
<b></b>	_\$	323.0	7 4	.10	15008	<del>                                     </del>		
		. 3	1 3					
		325.2	2 4	./(	1		-	
	E	331.5	8 4	.0	5		-	
							11.	
78	A	411.78	9 1	.05		411.95	4650	
		3 4140	71	./0				
	- <del>*</del>	1 419.1	8 4	, at		419.10	358	
*	<u>د                                     </u>	2 4201	54.5	·a	1			
-		1401						
1	<del>-</del>	1 200	20 2		_			
KZ	_/	4 300.9	23 3			302.40	308	,
-		B 302:	(2) 2	+		102.70		
<u></u>		4		<del></del>	2 0.1			
80	2_	AV89-5	3 4			101 06	Kar	/
		B 196.2	27 5		2 -	196.35	1508	
4		1		1	i	1	1	



Area \_ Immins Area File No. 1969-41A

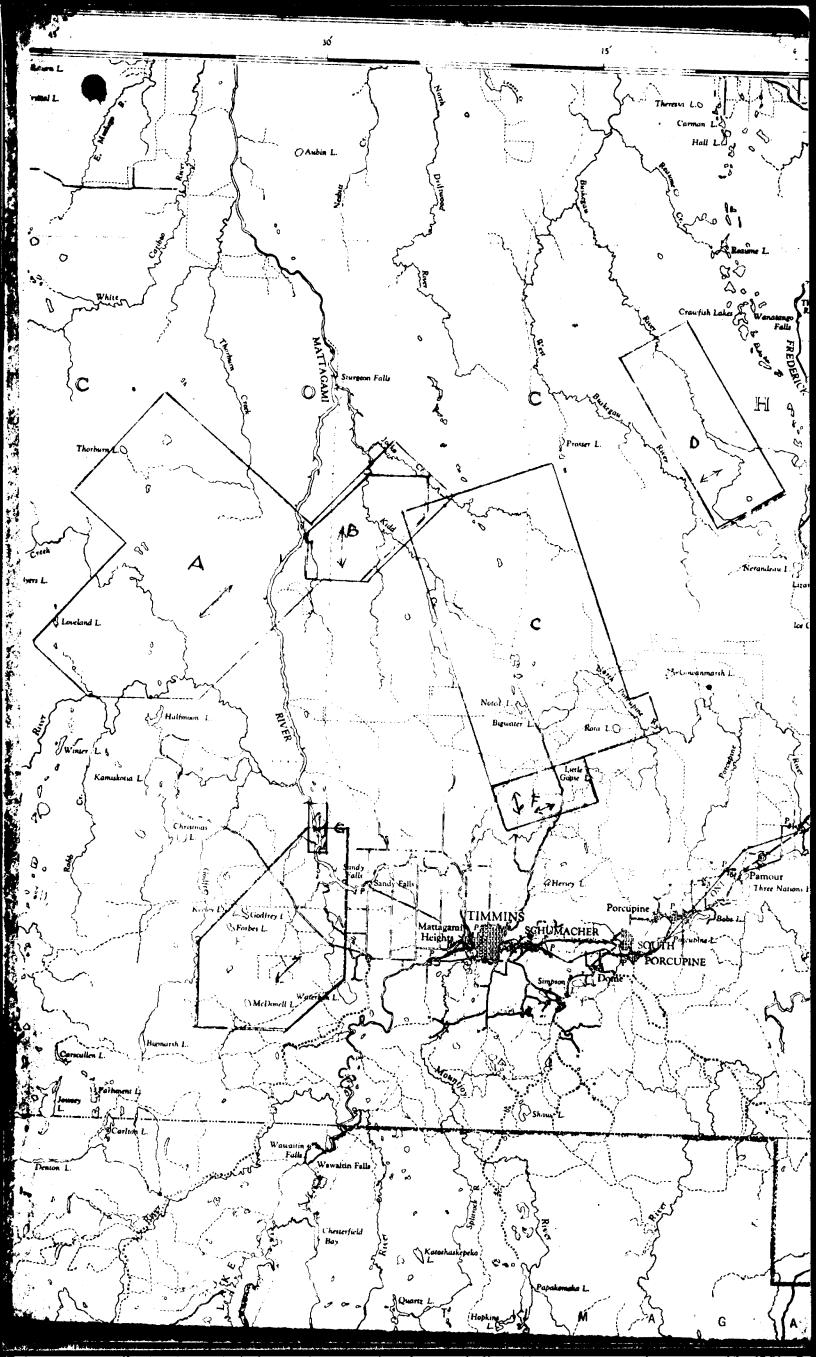
Page No. \_ 8

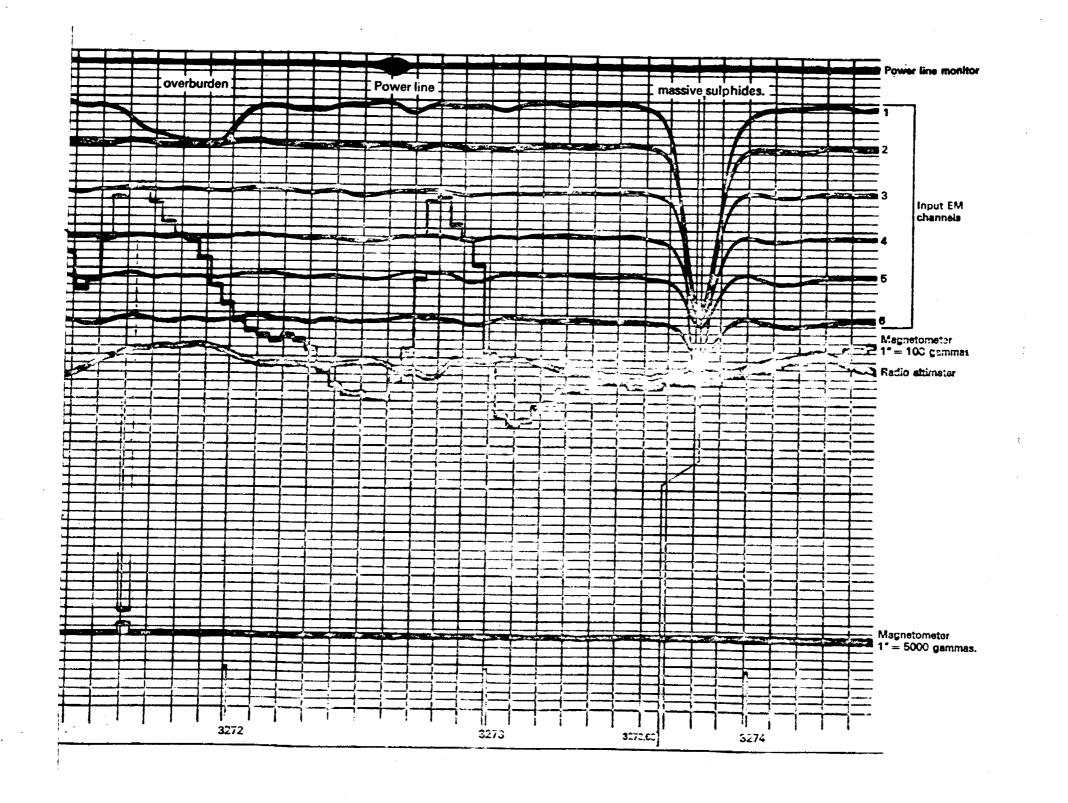
Anoma	aly	Fiducial	Number of	Channel 4	Direct Magnetic	Flanking Magn		Remarks
Numbe	er	riduciai	Channels	Amplitude	Correlation	Location	Value	
31	A	115.80	3			115.95	308	
	R	12/87	3			12180	108	
	7	122 13	5	.15		122.50	258	
	5	123.23	.5	.10		128-35	2008	
	D	129.6)		-/-		750 50		
32	A	212.85	5	15				
	$\mathcal{B}$	213.62	2	.10				
02	A	355.35	4	.08	apparament i talan ar 3.5.5 di virilli kalik i 1880 di va	355.50	158	
<u>83</u>		356.15		10				
	D.	<u> </u>		.,,				talle annimals was related approximately paint and a standard property of the standard of the
34	A	196.79	5	.08				
	$\mathcal{B}$	497.53	6	16				
	C	199 69	1	.20				
OF.		2111-	2					
<i>85</i>	$A_{D}$	34147 342 24		,10				
	<u>.</u> C			15				
	<u> </u>	144 12	4					
86	A	513.43	3?					
	3	54.18		10	108			
	C	516.40	5	20				
-			1 - 0					
8/		54.74						The state of the s
<u></u>		5073		16				
	<u>_C</u>	510.0			-	510.95	108	
	$\mathcal{L}$	1 8	7 5	10				
-		100.0	0 0					
88	_A	198.98	3 3	^-	-			
		2012	6 4	.05	)			
	C		2 2				10- V	
		203.7	1 4	.10		203.60	1208	
29		111.22	2 3					
<i>رن</i>		111.4						
-			7 4	.10		11360	1508	
		110.7.	4					
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Area	Timmins	Area
File No	1969-4	4 G
Page No	1	

maly nber	Fiducial	Fiducial Number Channel Direct Flanking Magnetic Peak Magnetic			i .				
	1	lucial of 4 Magnetic Channels Amplitude Correlation Location Value		Fiducial of		Magnetic Correlation	<u> </u>		Remarks
Λ.	770.22				770.30	508			
A	790.92	3							
	<u> </u>								
_A_	750.11	4	.10	358					
B	.66	4	.10	<del></del>	750 . 75	608			
<u>A</u> .	762.25	3							
	012 1/	7			0.0				
_/1 .	812.16	_ د			812.05	208			
A	821 00	7		1700	<del> </del>				
	l l			-1300		<del>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </del>	<u> </u>		
						<del></del>			
A	796.52	.3			796 40	200X			
Α.	807.18	2			807.00	2001			
<b>1</b> :	785.44	3?							
				<del></del>	,				
						<del></del>			
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	A . A . A . A . A .	A. 750.11 B. 66 A. 762.25 A. 812.16 A. 821.09 B30	A. 750.11 4 B 66 4 A. 762.25 3 A. 812.16 3 A. 821.09 3 B .30 3 A 796.52 3 A. 807.18 2	A. 750.11 4 .10 B66 4 .10 A. 762.25 3 A. 812.16 3 A. 821.09 3 B30 3 A. 796.52 3 A. 807.18 2	A. 750.11 4 10 3.58 B. 66 4 10 A. 762.25 3 — A. 812.16 3 A. 821.09 3 1308 B. 30 3 — A. 796.52 3 A. 807.18 2	A 750.11 4 10 3.58 B 66 4 10 750.75 A 762.25 3 - 812.05 A 821.09 3 1308 B .30 3 - 796.40 A 807.18 2 807.00	A. 750.11 4 10 3.58  B. 66 4 10 750.75 668  A. 762.25 3 - 812.05 208  A. 821.09 3 1308  B30 3 - 796.40 2008  A. 807.18 2 807.00 2008		







DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND NORTHERN AFLAIRS

## THE MINING ACT

# AIRBORNE GEOPHYSICAL CERTIFICATE

# To the Mining Recorder at Timmins:

This is to certify that Hollinger Mines Ltd., has met the requirements of Section 84(a) of The Mining Act with respect to the following 82 mining claims in the Townships of Carscallen, Jamieson, Loveland, Reid and Thorburn:

P. 256526 to 33 inclusive

256536 to 55 inclusive

236566 to 75 inclusive

278446 to 50 inclusive

292324 to 32 inclusive

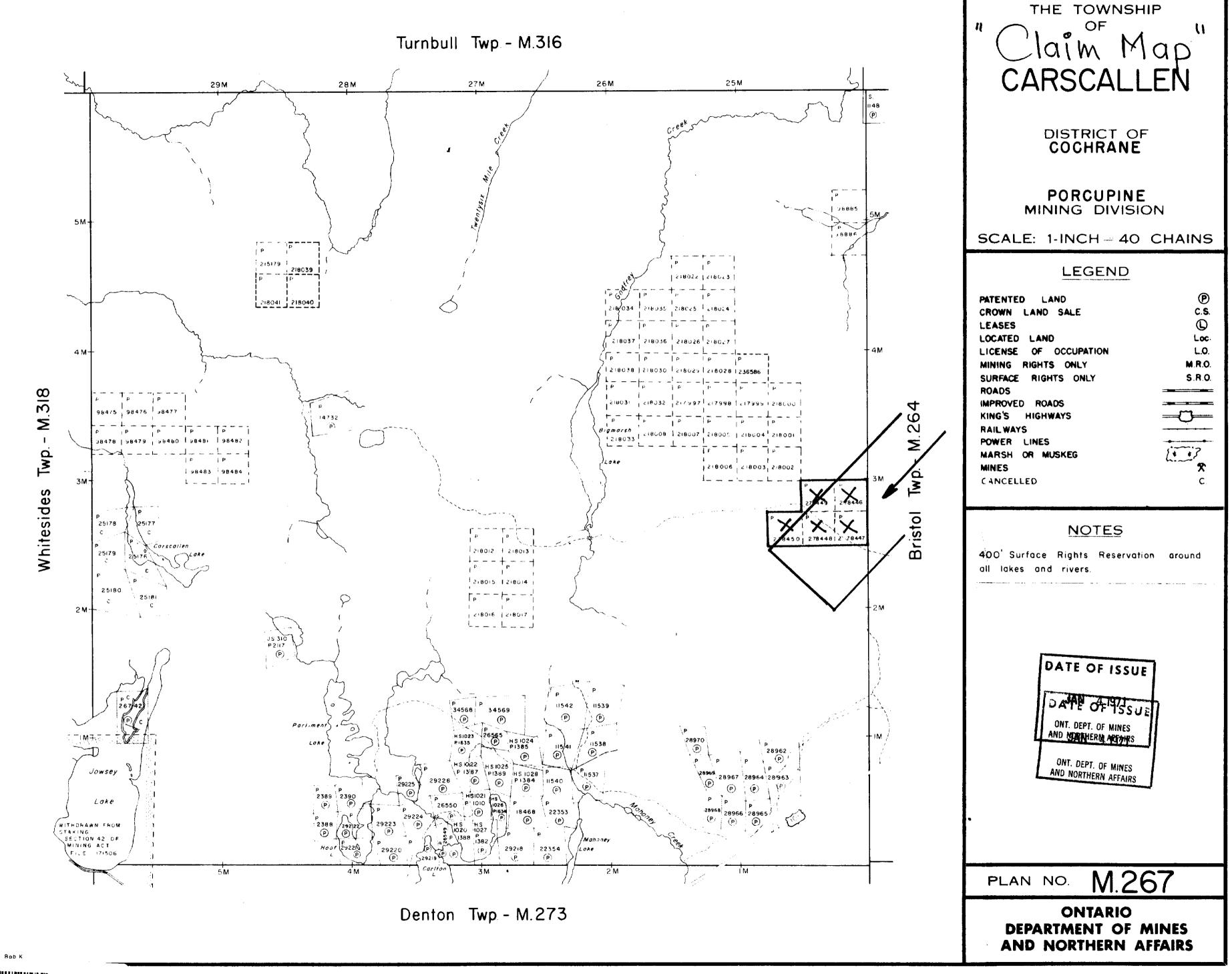
299613 to 22 inclusive

301352 to 54 inclusive

301358 to 64 inclusive 301382 to 91 inclusive

January 21st, 1971.

Allan F. Lawrence Minister of Mines.



# GEARY

PORCUPINE MINING DIVISION DISTRICT OF COCHRANE

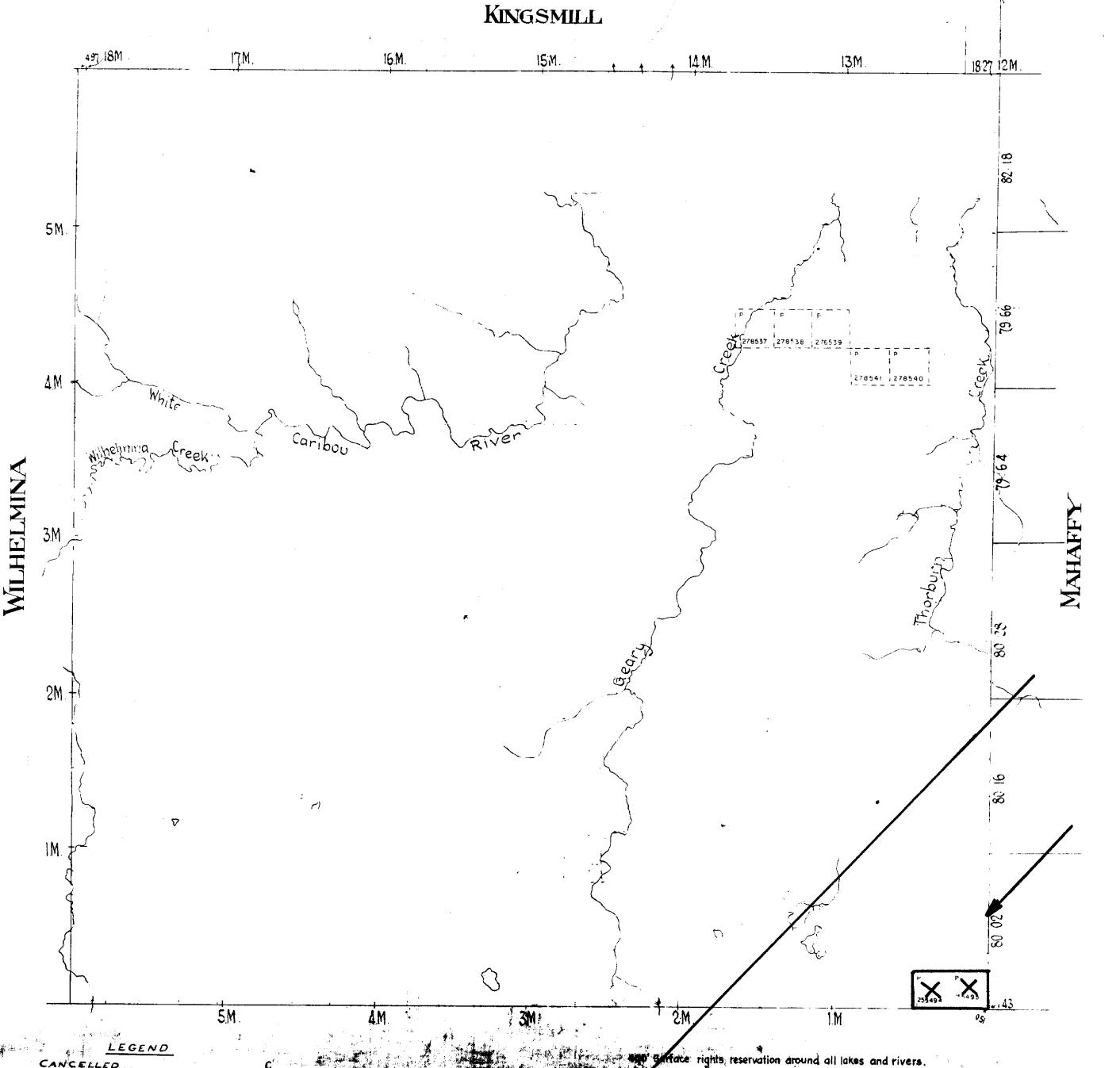
Scale-40 Chains-1Inch

M.482

Claim Map

2.251





PATENTED LAND CROWN LAND SALE

× Claims over 6 mont

THE TOWNSHIP

Jaim Map

DISTRICT OF COCHRANE

PORCUPINE MINING DIVISION

SCALE: 1-INCH=40 CHAINS

LEGEND

PATENTED LAND

LEASES

ROADS

MINES

CANCELLED

CROWN LAND SALE

SURFACE RIGHTS ONLY

IMPROVED ROADS

MARSH OR MUSKEG

OF

NOTES

400' Surface Rights Reservation around all lakes and rivers.

Flooding rights to areas along Mattagami River to H.E.P.C. - L O 7085

DATE OF ISSUE

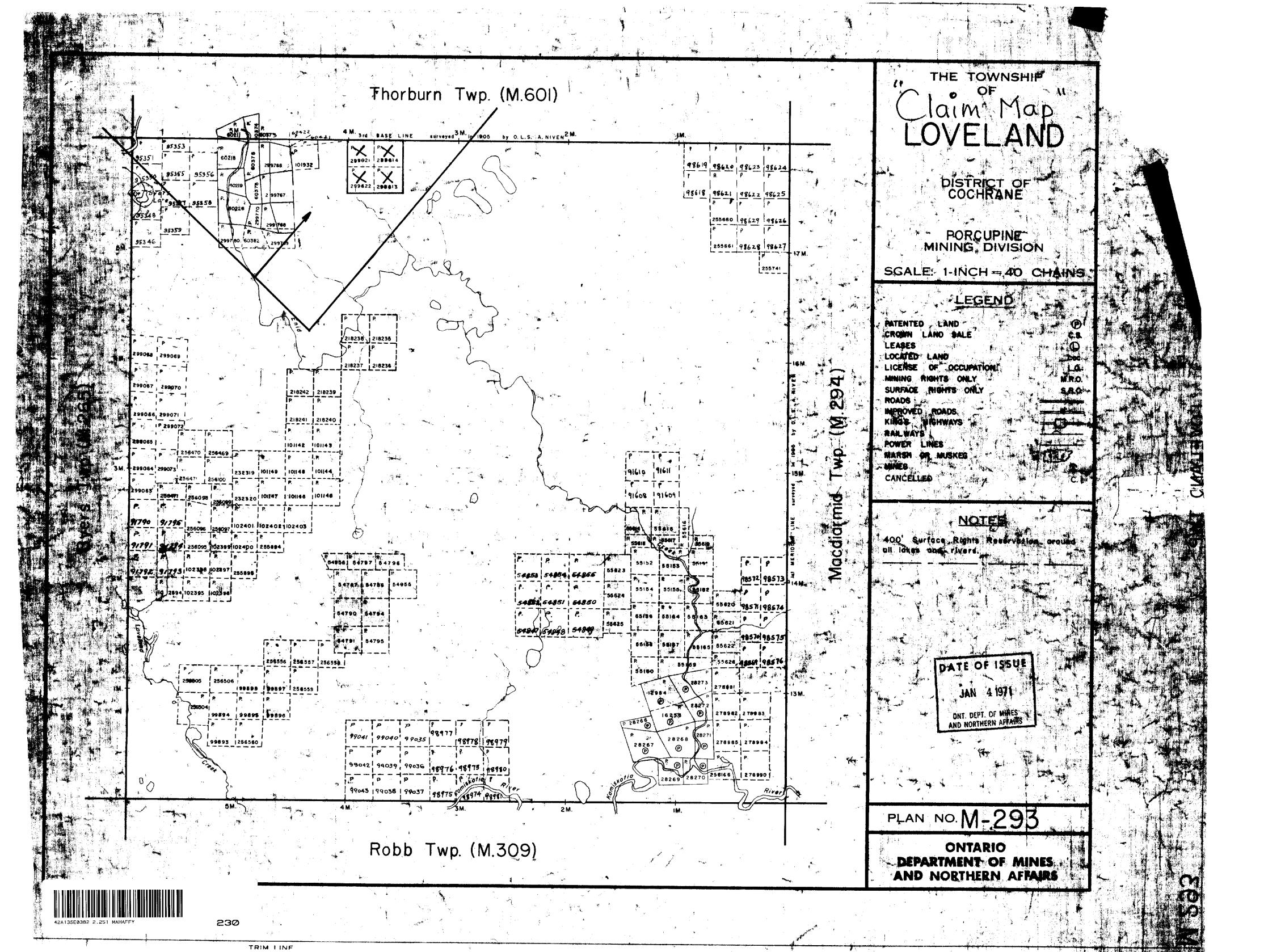
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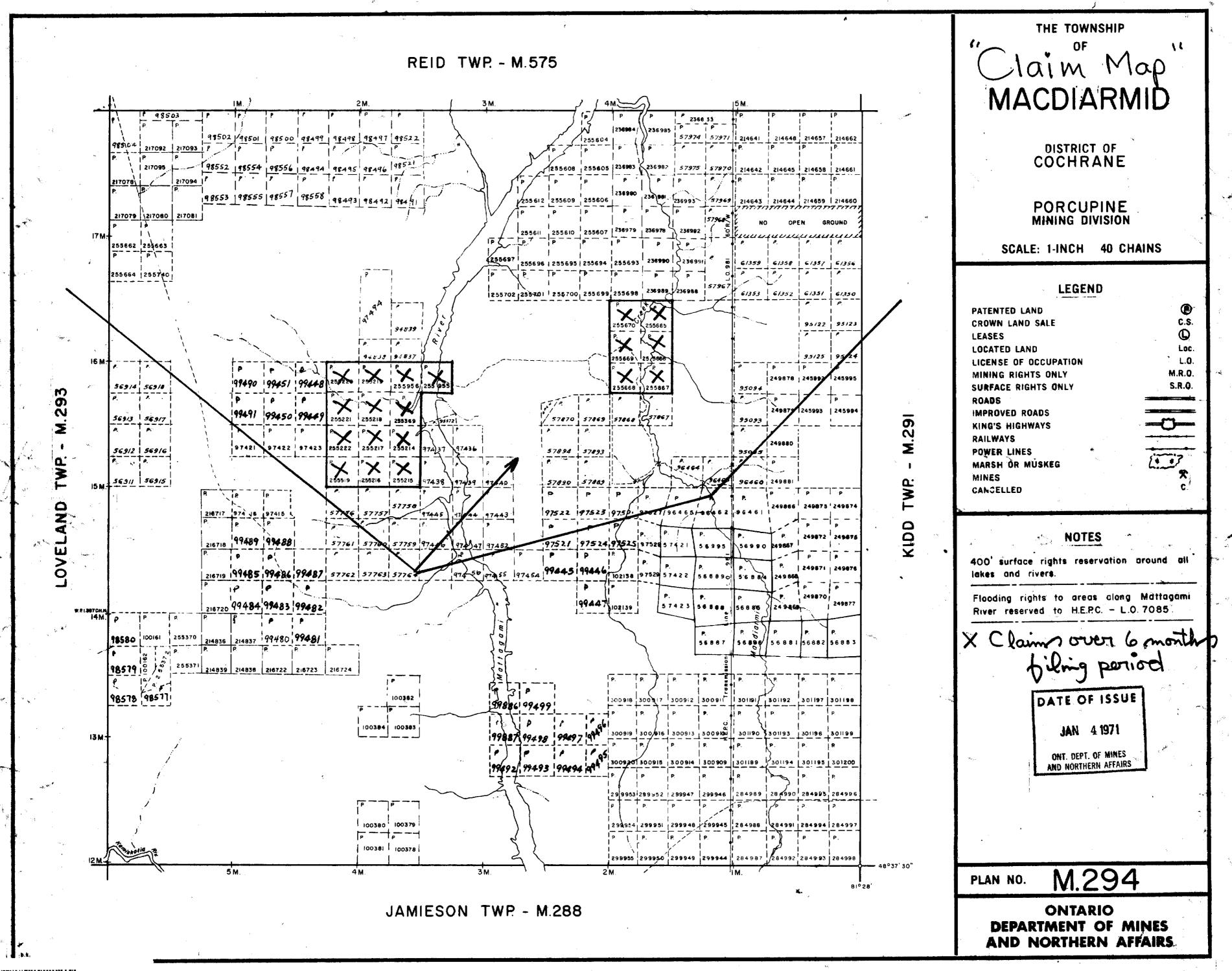
ONT. DEPT. OF MINES AND NORTHERN AFFAIRS

PLAN NO.- M.288

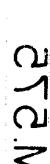
**ONTARIO** DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND NORTHERN AFFAIRS

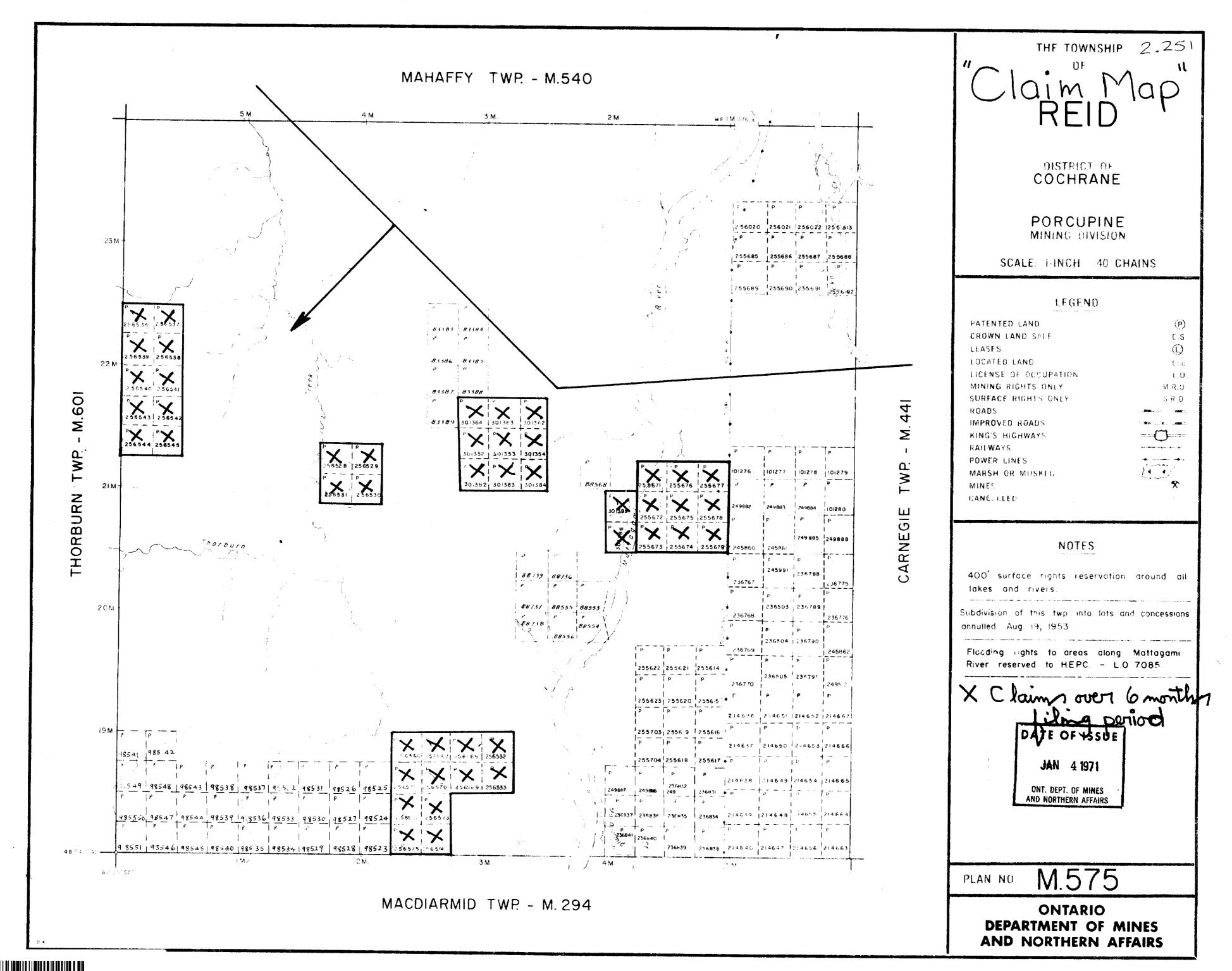
Macdiarmid Twp.+ M. 294 1899 91907 91906 91909 300032 300033 300034 300035 299928 299935 299936 299943 P 91908 91/909 91905 284970 | 284969 | 284968 | 284967 | 284966 | 284965 | 284964 1,500055 | 500055 | 500054 | 500055 51872 - 06 27 189625 | 89623 | 52154 | 52115 | 52111 | 52116 | 52121 | 51870 | 53081 | 53080 | 65531 | 85530 | 85527 | 152 113 215874 215875 52265 52262 51868 53079 53083 53067 53066 53063 77301 P P P P P P P P P 52717 53078 52713 52176 52168 53062 777302 37006 37007 36999 37000 37005 37004 3709: 37003/146022 | 36662 Godfrey Twp.-M. 284

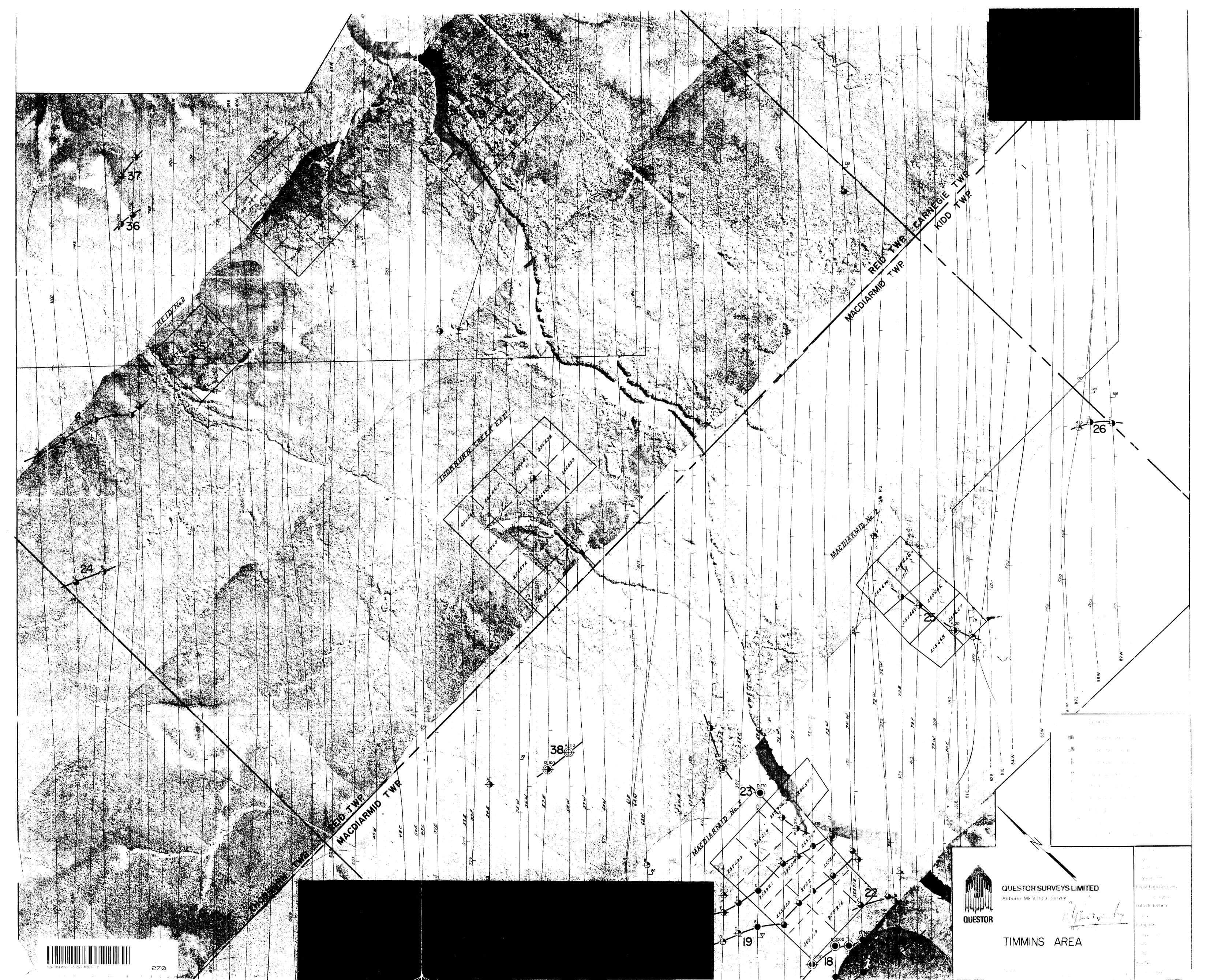


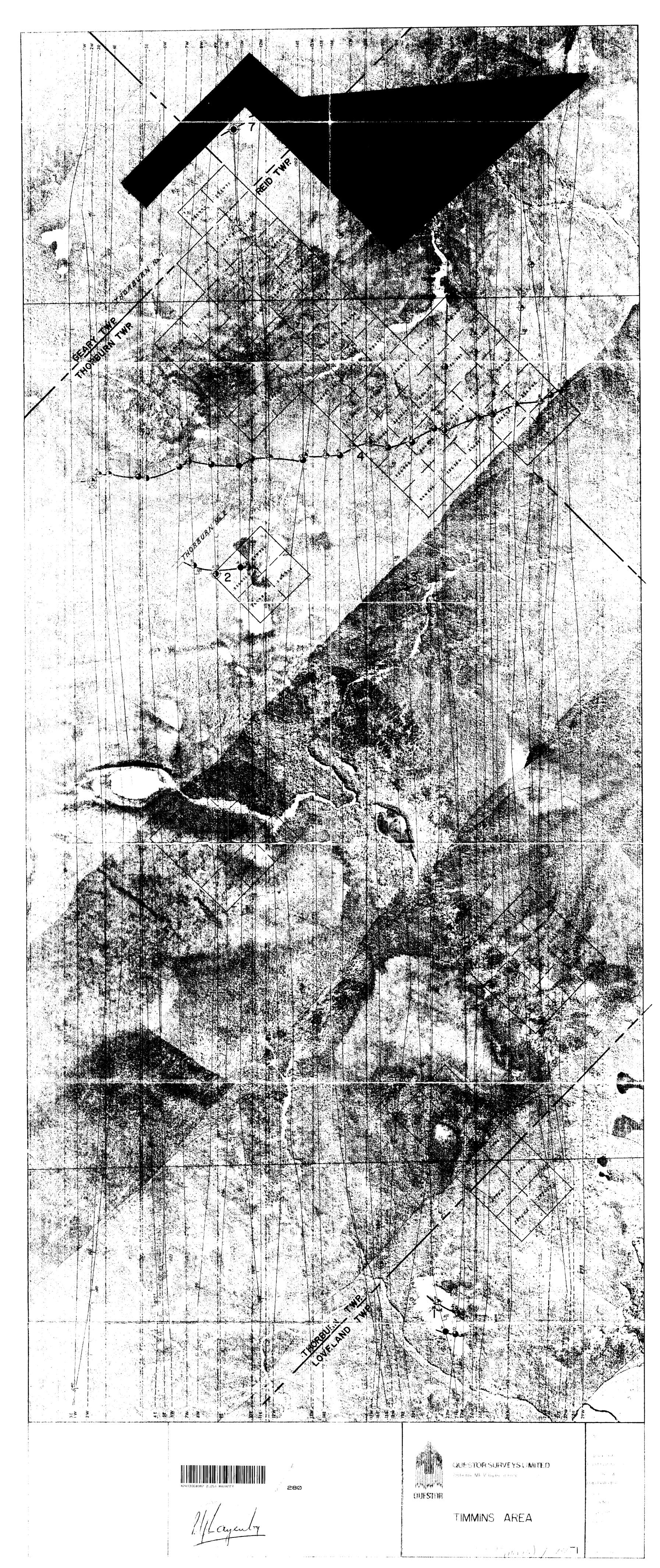


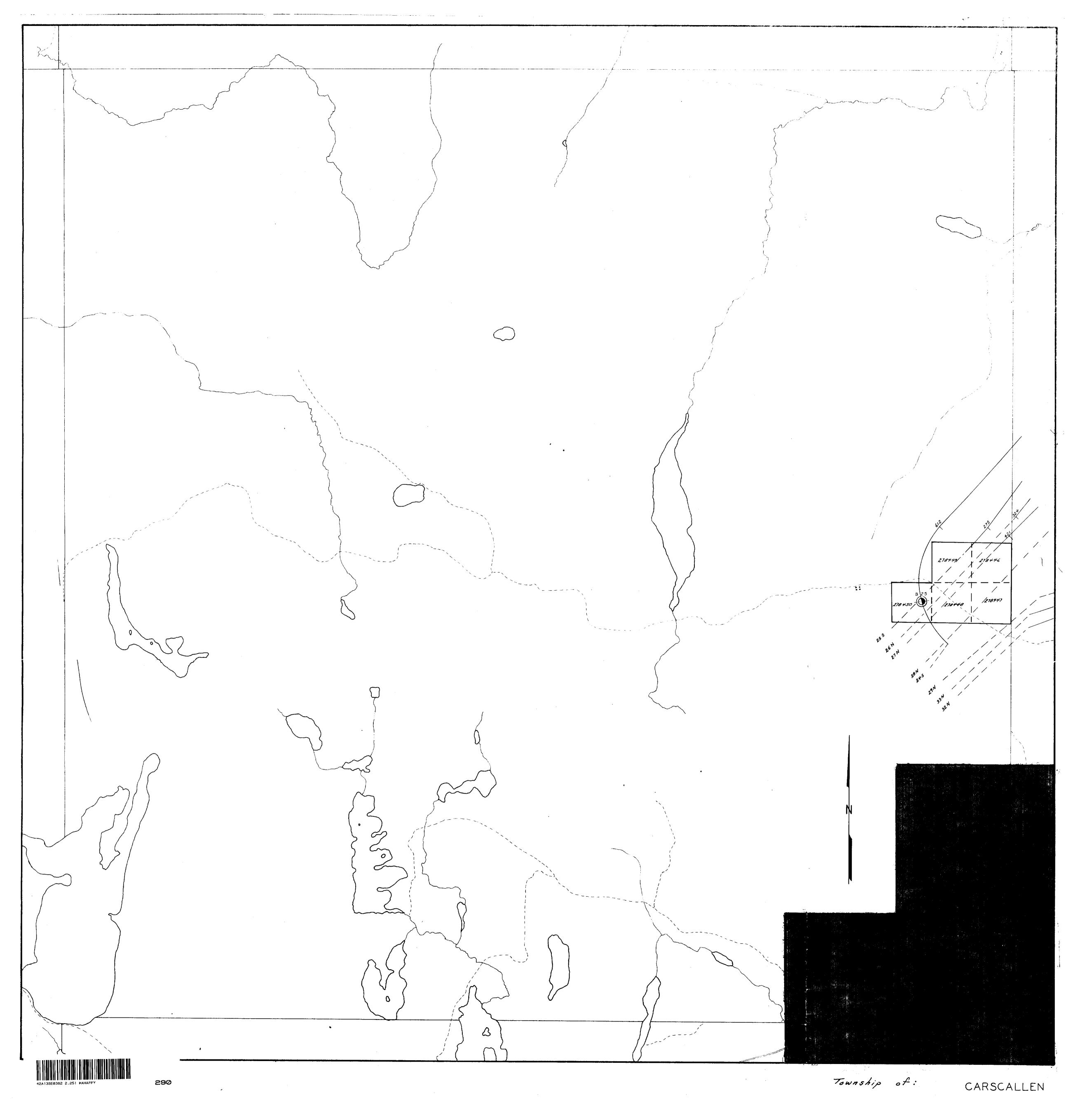




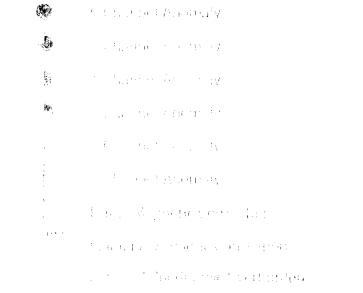












INANAINIS ADEA

TIMMINS AREA

**OUESTOR** 

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