REPORT ON AIRBORNE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY OF THE MOBERLY TOWNSHIP AREA, ONTARIO,

FOR JELEX MINES



INTRODUCTION

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This report pertains to the combined airborne FM and magnetometer survey flown on behalf of Jelex Mines Limited over a block of ground in Moberly and Thorburn Townships of The survey was flown on November 10, 1964, by the Ontario. Canadian Aero Mineral Surveys Limited geophysically equipped Otter aircraft, (registration CF-IGM), based at Timmins.

The line direction employed was N 50°E, and the line spacing 1/8-mile. A mean terrain clearance of 150 feet was maintained throughout the survey. One hundred and thirty-seven line miles of geophysical data were recorded within the survey boundaries.

Canadian Aero Mineral Surveys Limited personnel associated with the survey were as follows:

> G. A. Curtis Project Manager

K. J. Atkins Pilot

J. Gaudry Navigator

D. Graham Flectronic Operator

J. P. Lloyd Aircraft Engineer

D. J. Sarazin Data Compiler

P. P. Tallyhoe Data Chief

G. Granger Draftsman The project was supervised by A. R. Rattew, P. Eng., author of this report.

The FM data are presented on a plan map at the scale of 1-inch - 1/4 mile. An airphoto laydown served as a base for this map. Township boundaries and planimetric detail are included.

Details of the equipment carried on the Otter and an explanation of the recorder charts are provided in Appendix II. Appendix III describes our anomaly listing procedures and anomaly rating.

Appendix I. is a complete listing of all EM anomalies detected.

II. GEOLOGY

The area is covered by Ontario Department of Mines maps:

No. 139 - (Preliminary) - at the scale of linch = 2 miles;

No. 2046 - at the scale of 1 inch = 4 miles.

Outcrop is extremely scarce in the area and very little known of the geology in detail. In general, it is presumed to be an area of acidic to basic metavolcanics with localized Archean basic intrusives and younger diabase dykes. There is certainly some granite but is difficult to say how extensive it might be.

G.S.C. magnetic maps 299-G and 300-G provide reconnaissance coverage of the area. The maps are compiled from the data flown at 500 feet and contoured to an interval of 100 gammas. The strong feature in the north-east corner of Moberly Township probably represents a basic intrusive. The lesser anomalies in Moberly Township have the appearance of basic volcanics, but some could be due to dykes. If all these features derive from the volcanics, a north-south strike is suggested in the northern part of the Township and an east-north-east strike in the southern part.

III. EM RESULTS

The only FM anomalies plotted on the map are four questionable indications, anomalies 14A, 19A, 20A, and 22A. All are very small features and all are considered probable noise effects.

The EM record quality is very good on this survey so there is no danger of losing a conductivity anomaly on a high noise background. The four EM blips which have been plotted are the only ones with any chance of deriving from a bedrock conductivity contrast.

Of the four, anomalies 19A and 20A are given a better chance than the others because they occur close together and have similar characteristics.

If conductors do exist, they are extremely weak, so considerable care must be taken in the selection of ground EM equipment and in the execution of the ground survey.

Respectfully submitted,

A. R. Rattew, P. Eng., Geophysicist.

OTTAWA, Ontario. November 25, 1964.

APPENDIX I

PROJECT No. 5025 - MOBERLY TOWNSHIP AREA

Anomaly	Fiducials	In-Phase Quad	Altitude	Magnetics	Rate	Comments
14A	2295/7	40/-	140	nil	x	Probably noise
19A	1678/81	40/	150	nil	x	Poor character
20A	1494/6	40/-	1 50	nil	x	Noise ?
22A	1191/3	40/-	150	Assoc ? 100 g	x	Probably noise







