## AFOREST-HLAVA EXPLORATION SERVICES LTD.

## REPORT

ON
GEOPHYSICAL SURVEYS

# RECRMOM <br> ON THE <br> 1989 <br> PROPERTY OF <br> Matiala lrives sevion MARKBRIDGE RESOURCES LTD. 

IN
MINNIPUKA TOWNSHIP

DISTRICT DF ALGOMA, ONTARIO

April 8, 1989
Timmins, Ontario
H.Z. Tittley, P.Eng.


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MARKBRIDGE RESOURCES LTD.
MINNIPUKA TOWNSHIP
District of ALGOMA
PORCUPINE Mining Division ONTARIO



## LOCATION MAP

MARKBRIDGE RESOURCES LTD.
MINNIPUKA TOWnship
District of ALGOMA
ONTARIO
Scale, 1:500,000


CLAIM MAP
MARKBRIDGE RESOURCES LTD. MINNIPUKA Township

PORCUPINE Mining Division
ONTARIO

Scale, 1:50,000

REPORT<br>ON<br>GEOPHVEICAL BURVEYB<br>ON THE<br>PROPERTY OF<br>MARKBRIDGE RESOURCES LTD. IN<br>MINNIPUKA TOWNSHIP<br>DISTRICT OF ALGOMA, ONTARIO

## INTRODUCTION

Based on recommendations made by Jean Descarreaux, in his February 1988 report on the Minnipuka Township property of Markbridge Resources, geophysical investigations have been conducted in the northwest quarter of the property.

The work, consisting of a magnetic survey and a Max-Min horizontal loop electromagnetic survey, was executed by Laforest-Hlava Exploration Services Ltd. of Timmins, Dntario during February and March, 1989.

Airborne conductors running through the area are well tested. Apart from serving in the evaluation of the conductors, the magnetic data display alteration and structural features of possible interest.

## PROPERTY, LOCATION \& ACCESS

Markbridge Resources' Minnipuka property is a near-rectangular block consisting of 261 contiguous unpatented mining claimsfmin Ontario's Porcupine Mining Division. Only those $4 S^{\prime} 40 \mathrm{claims}$ that are touched by the geophysical surveys fall within the scope of this report.

They are:

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
P-893124 \text { to } P-893136 & 13 \\
P-893182 \text { to } P-893196 & 15 \\
P-930012 \text { to } P-930015 & 4 \\
P-930032 \text { and } P-930040 & 2 \\
P-930361 \text { and } P-930362 & 2 \\
P-930370 \text { and } P-930374 & 52 \text { Rm } \\
\text { and } P-930395 \text { and } P-939396 \text { all inclusive. } & 2
\end{array}
$$

The property lies in the southeastern quarter of Minnipuka Township in the District of Algoma, Northern Ontario. It ia bounded on the east by the Minnipuka-Byng township iine, between mile posts 1 and 4 . The area of investigation lies in the central part of the township north of Little Goat Lake.

The region, known as Kapuskasing-Hearst, lies 200 kilometres northwest of Timmins and 140 kilometres northeast of Wawa, both, mining communities. Nearer communities include the railway town of Oba, the railway and logging town of Hearst, and the pulp and paper town of Kapuskasing which are respectively, 20 km west, 70 km north, and 100 km east-northeast of the property

The survey area and the overall property is intersected by a major forestry road that connects with the Trans-Canada Highway (11) at Hearet. Diverse partially abandoned branch roads extend all through the property. The area is also accessible from Oba which is joined to Highway 11 by the secondary road 583.

Oba is at the junction of Canadian National Railways' main transcontinental $l$ ine and the Algoma Central railway that runs from Sault Ste. Marie to Hearst. The station of Minnipuka on the Canadian National line is 13 kilometres southwest of the survey grid.

## TOPOGRAPHY

Minnipuka Township lies at the southwestern margin of the Abitibi Clay Belt of Northern Ontario and Quebec; an ancient lake bed where most of the relief is due to erosion. Near the survey area, along the north boundary of the property, there is a small ridge that rises over 30 metres above the surrounding plain. Three kilometres south of the gridded area, a prominent knoll rises 80 metres above two neighbouring lakes.

Much of the forest that covered the area has recently been harvested by open slash methods. Reforestation in the form of burns, scarification of the land, and planting is currently in progress.

The property is drained by Byng Creak to the east, North Dishnish Creek to the south, Little Goat River to the west, and two tributaries of the Goat River in the northern part, which includes the gridded area. All are tributaries of the Missinaibi River and part of the Hudson Bay - James Bay watershed.

## HISTDRY

Following construction of the main railway near the turn of the century, government gealogists carried out early examinations of the area. In 1923, gold was discovered by loggers working 25 kilometres due west of the property, near the Algoma Central Railway in Hawkins Township. That area was mapped by T.L. Gledhill for Ontario Department of Mines in 1928.

Initial mapping in Minnipuka Township was done by J.E. Maynard in 1929. The north part of the township was examined during Dperation Kapuskasing in 1966, and the southern half during Operation Chapleau in 1970. All these activities were sponsored by the Ontario government.

In 1979, Amax Mineral Exploration Ltd. flew an aeromagnetic survey over the townships of Walls and Minnipuka. Follow-up in 1981 consisted of ground checks, detail helicopter-borne magnetic/electromagnetic surveys and drilling of 14 holes across strong conductive zones. Four of the holes are on Markbridge's property, two of which are close together in the southern part of the grid.

Around 1984 to 1986, large tracks of land were staked across several townships including Minnipuka and the present claims. During the winter of 1986-1987, H. Ferderber Geophysics Ltd. of Val d'Or, Quebec flew the properties with basic airborne magnetic and VLF electromagnetic equipment on behalf of Golden Trio Minerals Ltd.

## GEOLOGY

The general geology of the Oba Area consists of Archean basement granites, and supracrustal sedimentary-volcanic rocks in the form of narrow generally east-west-trending belts. All the rocks are intruded by granitic stocks and northeast an northwest-trending diabase dykes. This part of the Precambrian Shield is at. the northern edge of.the Wawa Subprovince of the Superior Province.

The northern half of Minnipuka Township is underlain by massive granitic rocks. The south half contains two east-southeast-trending intercalated volcanic-sedimentary belts both averaging 1.5 kilometre in width and separated by 3 kilometres of partially foliated and partially porphyritic granite.

Markbridge's Minnipuka property straddles the northerly belt as does the survey grid. Drilling in the southern part of the gridded area, intersected a band of sediments lying between the predominantly volcanic rocks to the north and granites.

## SURVEY METHODS

## Linecutting:

From a point situated approximately 100 metres north of Little Goat River along the west boundary of the property, the $800 S$ tie line was cut in the direction of 105 degrees over a distance of 1200 m to line 00 . The latter was extended from 10005 to 1000 N and served to establish tie lines at thes extremities and the 00 base line at the centre. From the 00 base line, between 1200 W and 2700 E , lines 100 metres apart were extended in a grid north and grid south directions to the tie lines or other predetermined point. Between 400W and 1400 W on the North side, lines are at 200 metre intervals. Altogether, 8.7 km of tie line and base line, and 56.2 km of cross line were established with stations at 25 metre intervals.

## Magnetic Survey:

The magnetic survey was conducted over all the grid lines with a Geometrics model G-816 proton precession magnetometer. Readings were taken at 12.5 m intervals and corrected for diurnal variations by applying values obtained from observing stations along the base line that had been read previously in a series of closed loops.

The main magnetic base is at station 00 on the 00 base line where the assigned total field value is 58,743 gammas.

EURVEY METHODS. . . . . . . . . conti nued
Electromagnetic Burvey:
The electromagnetic survey was conducted along the cross lines with an APEX Parametrics Model Max-Min II horizontal loop unit. Using 444 and" 1777 hertz, observations were made at 25 metre intervals with a coil separation of 100 metres.

## RESULTB

Magnetic Survey:
The magnetic survey results are plotted and contoured on the accompanying plan entitled 'Magnetic Survey' at a scale of 1:5000. The total range of 10,500 gammas is due mainly to a series of sharp highs and lows occurring as narrow bands.

The majority of features can be placed in five susceptibility ranges. The first range covers the overall background of 1020 gammas. A second range is represented by a series of highly magnetic anomalies that trend easterly across the length of the grid. The third range consists of 3 north-northwest zones in the central part of the grid. Range 4 is an area of generally higher background extending across the southerly part of the grid beginning with, and continuing south of, the main magnetic band. The fifth range is a depression running from the north end of 1 ine 200W to 125 N on line 1300E. A somewhat similar but strataform range follows the base line in the centre of the grid.

Based on the writer's experience and current knowledge, range 2 can be interpreted as sulphide-bearing iron-formation, 3 as diabase dyke, and 5 as an alteration zone. The latter is topographically visible running diagonally across Minnipuka Township.

RESULTS. . . . . . . . . . . continued
Electromagnetic Survey:
The results of the horizontal loop survey are plotted and profiled on two accompanying maps entitled Max-Min II H.E.M. Survey, 1777 Hz ' and 'Max-Min Il H.E.M. Survey, 444 Hz , at a scale of 1:5000. Interpretation and evaluation of the conductors is shown on the 1777 Hz plan. A ratio representing the relative conductivity of selected anomalies is shown on the plan near the interpreted intercept. The value is derived from a combination of the high and low frequencies and in-phase and out-of-phase components.

Although 15 conductors, labelled $A$ to 0 , are shown on the plan, they appear to represent only 7 stratigraphic horizons.

With the exception of anomaly $F$, all conductors have a magnetic association. Where the intensities exceed 4000 gammas, magnetite should be present. Since magnetite alone doe not usually account for these type of E.M. responses, pyrrhotite and graphite are also suspected. Based on the strength of the anomalies, many combinations are possible; all of which could host economic minerals.

Anomaly $F$ is quite different. Apart from lacking magnetic association it has irregular profiles, suggesting a non-tabular source, and very high conductivity. Since flaky graphite was encountered in Amax driliing in Walls Township, this mineral is the most likely cause. In other environments however, EM conductors with no quadrature response were found associated with pentlandite mineralization. Pyrolusite, an ore of manganese, is reportedly very conductive also.

## CONCLUSIONS \& RECOMMENDATIDNS

As previously mentioned in $J$. Descarreaux" report, the property has potential for base and precious metals. The geophysics have outlined probable areas for both types of mineralization. They should add considerably to the existing data base on the property."

Since conductor $F$ appears to be located in a difficult area, at the base of a ridge, it should be examined in greater detail before drilling. The northwesterly magnetic low should be covered by VLF electromagnetice using station NSS, followed by drilling of the principal electrical axia.


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Ministry of
Northern Development
and Mines

Ministère du
Développement du Nord et dens Mines
September 7, 1989

Mining Lands Section
880 Bay Street, 3rd Floor
Toronto, Ontario MSS 1 Z8

Telephone: (416) 965-4888

Your File: W8906-353
Our File: 2.12542

Mining Recorder
Ministry of Northern Development and Mines
60 Wilson Avenue
Timmins, Ontario
PAN 257

Dear Sir:
Re: Notice of Intent dated July 31, 1989 Geophysical (Electromagnetic \& Magnetometer) Survey submitted on Mining Claims P 893200 et al in Minnipuka Township.

The assessment work credits, as listed with the above-mentioned Notice of Intent, have been approved as of the above date.

Please inform the recorded holder of these mining claims and so indicate on your records.

Yours sincerely,

W.R. Gowan

Provincial Manager, Mining Lands Mines \& Minerals Division
hf
LS: bb
Enclosure
RECEIVED
cc: Mr. G.H. Ferguson
Mining and Lands Commissioner
Toronto, Ontario
Golden Trio Minerals Ltd.
Toronto, Ontario
H.Z. Tittle

Timmins, Ontario
Henry Hutteri
Timmins, Ontario

Ministry of Northern Development and Mines

Technical Assessment
Work Credits

|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fila } \\ 2.12542 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\text { July } 31,1989$ | Worno Rocordert Raport or |

Recorded liolder
GOLDEN TRIO MINERALS LTD.
Township or Ares
MINNIPUKA TOWNSHIP


Special credits under section 77 (16) for the following mining ciaims
$\square$
No credits have been allowed for the following mining daimsnos sulficienily covered by the surver
$\square$ insulficient tectrical data filed

The Mining Recorder mey reduce the sbove credits if necestary in order that the total number of approved essessment davs recorded on each claim does not exceed the maximum allowed os follows: Geophrical -80; Geologocel - 40; Georthemical - 40; Section 77(19)-60.

128 ( $85 / 12$ )

| Tyoeof Survev(s) |
| :--- |
| Magnetometer and Max Min II |


| Township |
| :--- |
| Molm Hoderis |
| Golden Trio Minerals Ltd. |

Araross
$1404-141$ Adelaide Street West, Toronto, Ontario M5H 3M7



Certification Verifying Réport of Work





