2 249 80

#### **PROSPECTING - MAPPING REPORT**

for the

#### SCHREIBER PYRAMID AREA

Priske Township NTS 42 D/14

RECEIVED 6. Courtney BSc Geology

April 2002

FEB 0 7 2003

GEOSCIENCE ASSESSMENT OFFICE



42D14SE2011 2.24960

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Schreiber Pyramid/Makenna McCann Properties General Location Figure 1 Northern Ontario

0 50 100 200 Kms

# 2 4 9 6 Q

#### INTRODUCTION

This report details the work done during July/August of 2001 on the Schreiber Pyramid property, north of the town of Schreiber in northern Ontario. The purpose of this prospecting/mapping/sampling was to investigate the potential of developing a small scale gold mining operation.

#### **WORK DONE**

Five days were spent on the property by the author and two days assistance was had by prospector George Daniels of Terrace Bay Ont. Four substantial quartz veins were mapped and sampled in detail. Location was via compass and chain, and GPS (NAD 27). A total of 18 lithogeochemical samples were collected, 18 were assayed for Au, Ag, Cu, Zn, P, and Pd,. 10 were sent for multi element analyses by ICP-ES (see appended Certificates of Analysis). Sampling was concentrated on Quartz veins and locally altered or mineralized host rock, general prospecting and mapping of the area was carried out.

#### LOCATION and ACCESS

The property is located approximately 4kms northeast of the town of Schreiber in Northern Ontario, which is situated on trans Canada highway 17 and the CNR railway. The topography of this area is typical to this region of the north shore of Lake Superior being very rugged, with steep hills/cliffs. The area has several distinct faults represented by valleys containing creeks, streams, and small lakes. The glacial overburden is shallow on the hills and several meters thick in the valleys. This yields a percentage of surface bedrock exposure. The vegetation is mature spruce, balsam, birch, poplar, cedar, and locally dense alder. Access was gained via the "Cook's lake road" which is navigable by quadrunner or snowmobile. Traveling the 7.5 kms to the property may be possible by 4x4 truck, however, Big Duck Creek would need to be forded, as the bridge now in place only supports these lighter vehicles.

The work performed here encompasses an area that lies entirely within the claim block #1218345 in Priske township. The claim is held 100% by R&K Sales of Downsview Ont., and is in good standing.

#### HISTORY

The property was first developed by Schreiber-Pyramid Gold Mines Ltd. during 1935-36. In the summer of 1937 the property was taken over by Kennocho Gold Mines Ltd. who trenched/stripped 6 separate quartz veins as well as driving an adit into the number one vein. With the two 25TPD amalgam mills that were installed in 1936, approximately 150 tons were reportedly processed recovering 76.5 ounces of gold. (ave. grade of 0.56 oz/ton).

A minor amount of drilling was reported in 1938 on the #1 veins, but results are unknown. The mining rights were cancelled in 1951.

In 1969 Zenmac Metal Mines diamond drilled 797 feet with five holes to test a zinc showing near the # 2 vein. Hole number GP-1 returned 4.56% Cu and 19.2% Zn over 1.8 feet at a depth of 50 feet.

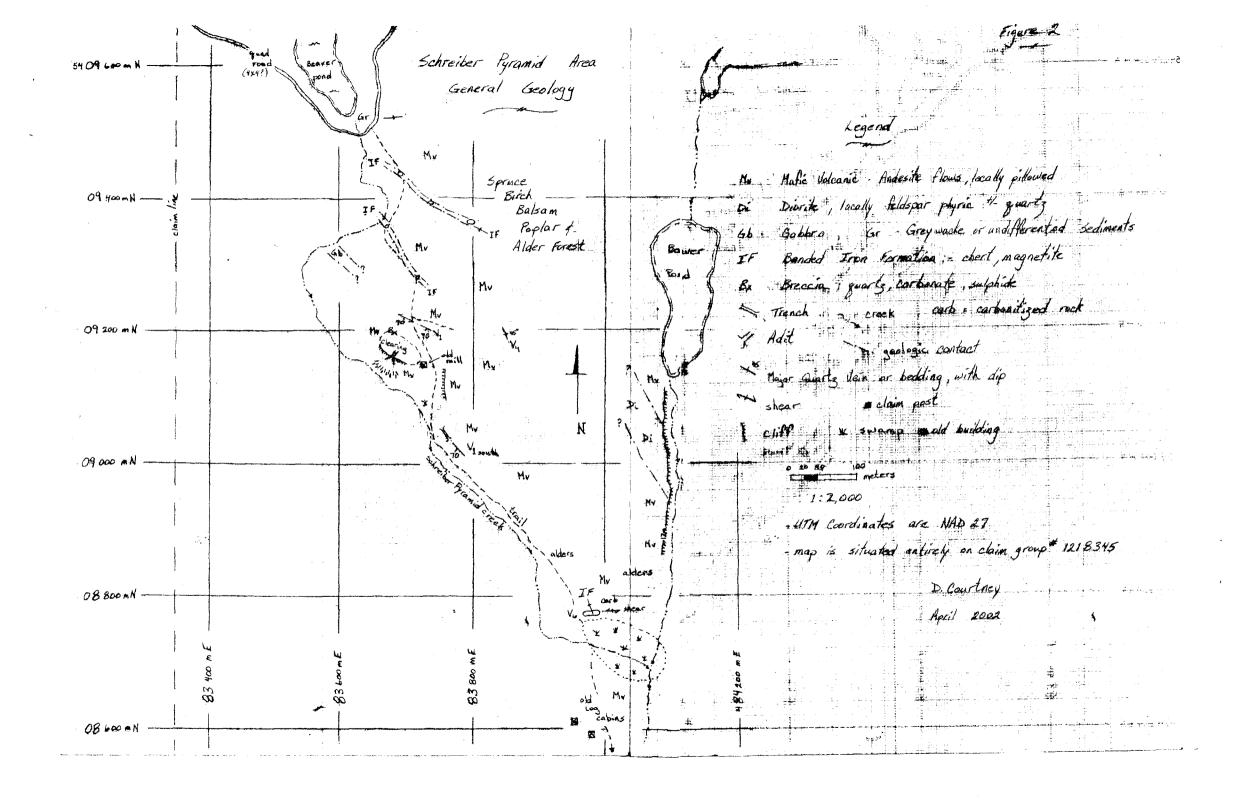
In 1992 Prospecting, stripping, and sampling was carried out by Timothy J. Twomey under an OPAP grant, in order to better assess the possibility of small scale gold minging. Results were encouraging but no further work was done.

Other previous small scale gold producers local to this area include, the neighboring McKenna McCann, the Gold Range mine, Walter Acker's mine, the North Shore Mines, the Empress mine, and more.

#### GENERAL GEOLOGY

The project area lies within the Schreiber-Hemlo greenstone belt and represents a portion of the Abitibi-Wawa subprovince of the Superior province. The (productive) Abitibi-Wawa subprovince is a supracrustal east-west trending metavolcanic-metasedimentary sequence which has been intruded by granitic-syenitic plutons and gabbroic dikes and sills.

The Schreiber portion of the belt is approximately 70 kms long and 25 kms wide. The western portion of the belt is composed of two limbs, separated by the Crossman Lake Batholith, forming an east-west trending regional anticline. The northern limb; the Big Duck Lake volcanic belt is approximately 35 kms long and 10 kms wide, while the southern is approximately 50 kms long and 10 kms wide. The project area lies within the southern limb. This belt of rocks plays host to mines such as Hemlo, Geco, Winston Lake, and a host of other smaller deposits too numerous to mention.



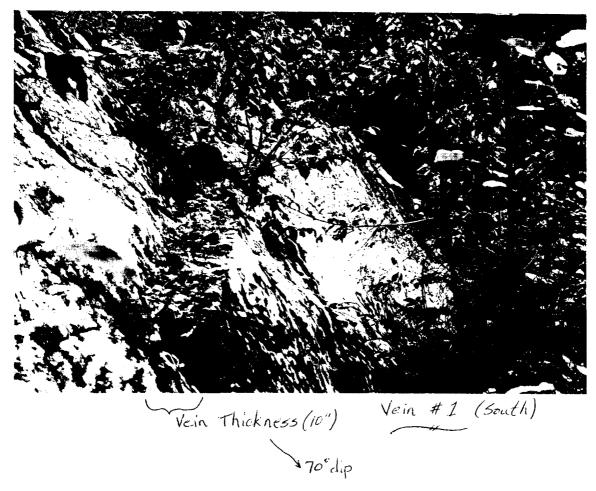


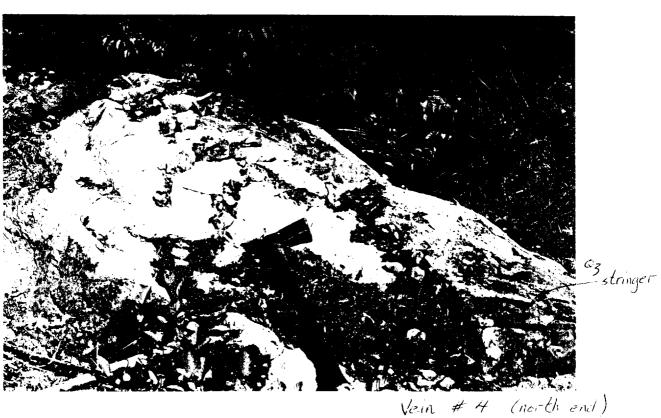
len # 1
- leage is surface expense
of quartz vein



Top of Adit to bein # 1
- bottom is buried in rubble

Plate 1





-white is quarty vein - hammer is 30 long

Plate ?

#### **LOCAL GEOLOGY**

The main rock type hosting the Schreiber-Pyramid veins and area is a mafic metavolcanic flow (andesite-basalt). This dark green fine grained rock is typically massive but can be strongly foliated within faults and shears. Alteration assemblages in these areas include chlorite, sericite, silica, carbonates, and sulphides. Locally widespread carbonitization is witnessed in the southern Vein # 6 area. The 4 veins investigated were all hosted by this mafic unit. Other rock types immediate to the area include: -a bedded east west trending greywacke in the north

-a gabbroic dike virtually northeast and coincident along strike to Vein # 1
-silcate (chert-magnetite) banded iron formation, which is probably locally tightly folded, but trends similarly to the Big Duck -Schreiber Pyramid faults.

- -a 20 foot wide quartz-porphyry dike associated with a 10 degree regional fault. (The 10 degree fault) Vein # 5 area (which wasn't visited)
- -a broad dioritic dike cuts the mafic volcanics in the west of the area trending northwesterly. This intrusion is generally massive, medium grained and locally quartz phyric. (See Figure 2)

#### Structure

The Schreiber Pyramid is aptly named. Three main structural trends are apparent and the resultant topography (creeks and small lakes) creates a triangular 'boundary' hosting the vein systems. In the west is the northwest striking Schreiber -Pyramid fault and creek, which is parallel to the nearby Big Duck fault and creek. To the east is the '10 degree fault and cliffs. In the north is a nearly east-west regional fault which is concordant with the bedding of the sediments and the shearing in Vein #6 area. These main structures are accompanied by parallel secondary structures which may not be as obvious with topography, but remain critical to vein emplacement.

There appears to be at least four episodes of both brittle and ductile deformation, and no doubt locating these structures in three dimensions, understanding there relative timing, nature, pinch and swell, and how they intersect each other, will in turn aid any discovery of new gold bearing quartz veins, or the extensions to existing ones. There are indications that the banded iron formation is locally tightly folded, and as such the nose of these folds may represent zones of dilatancy, facies change, and gold enrichment. The reported altered and veined QFP in vein # 5 area may represent a different style of gold deposition.

#### Veining

Historically there are seven known significant quartz +/- gold veins. As of yet veins #2 and #5 have not been visited by the author. All records for vein #3 are lost and its location and history is unknown.

Vein # 1 (north) is exposed on surface along the face of a steeply dipping outcrop

of mafic volcanics. It is 11 meters long, 3 meters high along the dip face and averages a quite consistent 25cm (10") width. This vein strikes 115 degrees (similar to the Schreiber-Pyramid and Big Duck faults) and dips 70 degrees to the south west. The hanging wall contact and host rock to this exposure has been eroded away. The chloritic, sheared, and weakly mineralized footwall contact (1-3cm) was assayed and found to carry 0.27 Oz/t AU. This may prove beneficial in any mining efforts. The vein itself is bullish, grey/pinkish quartz which is highly and finely fractured. Locally cm wide tourmaline/quartz veinlets cross-cut the main vein. Sulphide and gold mineralization remains somewhat sporadic and varied. Of the 6 samples taken, values ranged from 0.24 Oz/t. To 2.48 Oz/t. Au. Only one trace of galena was found but a very impressive sample of quartz carrying very high grade visible gold was found at this vein. The mineralization appears mostly as coatings along micro -fractures, and the free gold can be very very fine, to locally very visible. (see Figure 3)

Vein # 1 (south) This vein is located approximately 200 meters south-southeast of #1 north. It has a similar strike, virtually identical dimensions of exposure, with the hanging wall eroded away, and consistent 25cm thickness Again it strikes 115 degrees and dips 70 degrees to the southwest with the hanging wall eroded away. Also the bull quartz is of similar color and degree of fracturing and mineralization and grade. As such this vein was thought to be a continuation of #1 north. This may be true but given the 115 degree strike between them a fault offset(s) is needed to explain the non continuous line. Along strike to the north of the exposed vein is an old trench for some 25 meters. Although mostly buried and requiring cleaning out vein material was witnessed at one spot on the trench floor. In this area alteration, foliation and mineralization is very minor. (see Figure 4). Of the 7 samples taken, values ranged from 0.072 Oz/t – 0.33 Oz/t AU

Vein # 4 This vein strikes 347 degrees and dips 45 degrees westerly. Five grab samples from the vein and immediate host rock obtain values of 0.07 Oz/t Twomey has reported gold values of up to 0.03 oz/ton. It is exposed on surface for approximately 50 meters along an old stripping. It varies in width from 20 cm to nearly 1 meter (see Figure # 4). The vein is white bull quartz containing 1-2% Py which has been oxidized on surface. The host rock is a mafic volcanic flow which is moderately to strongly chloritized in the vicinity of the vein. It is also somewhat stained with FeOx's. It appears this system is not as strongly mineralized with gold.

<u>Vein # 6</u> Vein # 6 is more of an alteration and shear zone than a vein, near the intersection of the S-P fault and 10 degree fault. A 150 x 150 area was stripped in 1989 by Placer Dome, because of an old trench which reportedly returned 0.18 oz/ton gold over one meter. The stripping displays a 15 meter wide shear zone

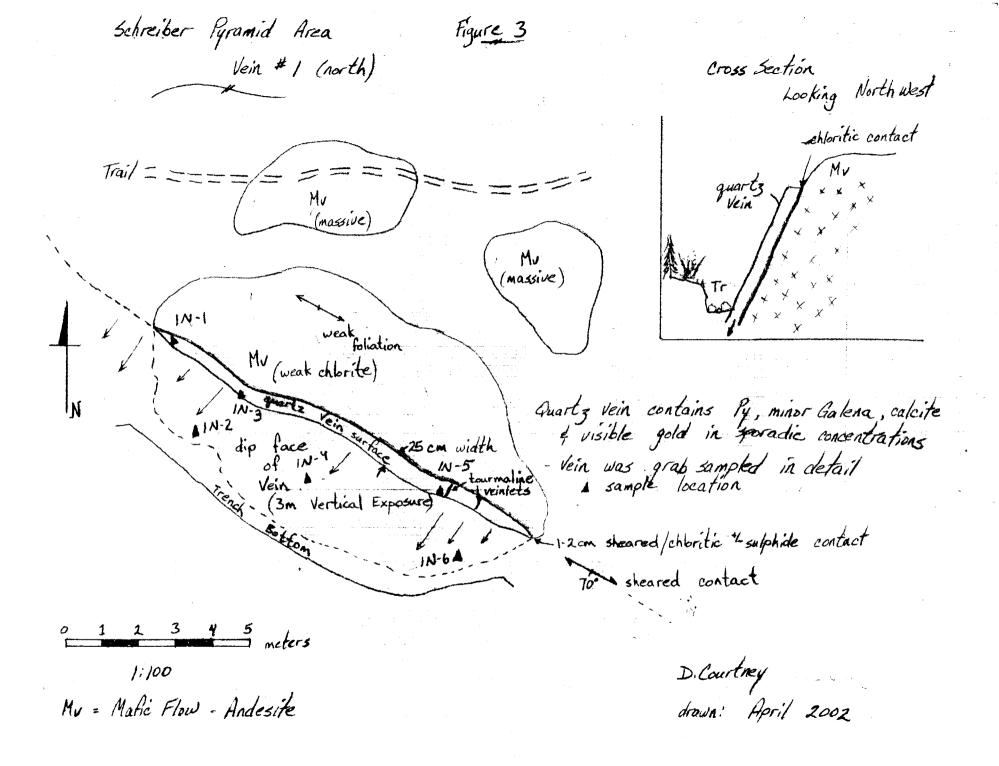
#### LOCAL GEOLOGY (continued)

which trends near east-west and dips near vertical. The host material is mafic volcanic which is strongly chloritized within the shear, and pervasively carbonitized over a broad area. Central to this stripping is a 15 meter wide banded iron formation which has been strongly oxidized and strikes north-south and dips vertically. The western end displays stringer quartz infilling small enechelon fractures. This quartz appears mostly barren,

however, very fine gold has been observed under magnification.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS and CONCLUSIONS

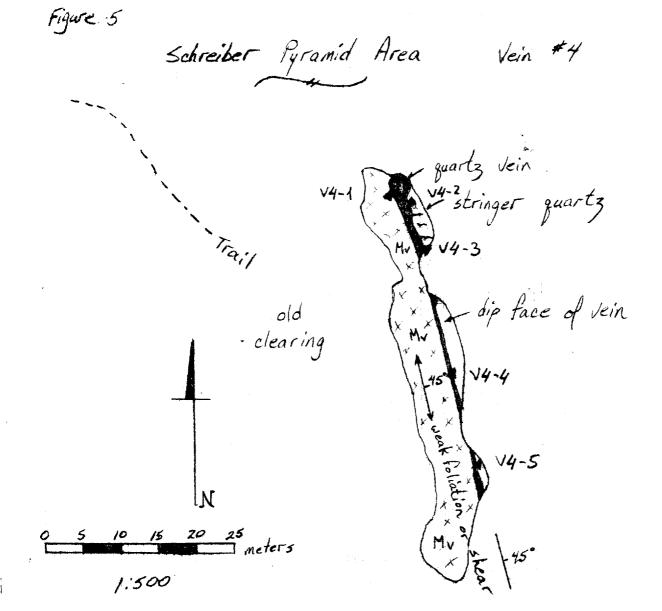
Some of the quartz vein systems in the Schreiber-Pyramid area display excellent potential for containing high grade free gold, and possibly small scale mining. Veins numbered 2 and 5 should be located mapped and sampled in detail. The reported QFP in vein # 5 area may represent a larger gold deposition target. The existing veins need to be tested along strike and down dip. Structure plays a key role in locating these systems and as such a VLF - magnetic survey is recommended to help locate these faults and shears, there intersections and any offsetting. Detailed geological mapping of the area is also recommended. Mapping of the adit could prove informative providing a level of safety is maintained. A program of diamond drilling may be needed to outline any ore or possible tonnage. Closely spaced, shallow holes are recommended in following the veins. An open mind as to the pinch and swell, offsetting, variable nature of gold mineralization, and nugget effect may also be required when considering gold grades in drill core and the size of any orebody.



Schreiber Pyramid Vein # 1 (South) Figure 4 Cross Section Looking Northwest quartz vein exposed on bottom trench filled in (mostly) Quartz vein contains sporadic Py to 2% of locally visible gold & variable calcite -vein was grab sampled in detail 1 sample location 15-7 V-average width of vein = 25cm

Mu = Matic flow - Andesite

D. Courtney, drawn: April 2002



Mv = Matic Volcanic, mod > strongly chloritized with moderate

FEOX staining and pitting (weathered sulphides)

Quartz veix contain 1-2% Py which is mostly oxidized

on surface

sample location

D. Courtney drawn: April 2002

1

#### STATEMENT of QUALIFICATIONS

- I, Daniel G. Courtney do hereby certify:
  - I am a resident of Kaministiquia Ontario Canada, with address RR#1 Kaministiquia Ont. P0T 1X0
  - I have been engaged in mineral exploration as a geologist since 1984.
  - I have graduated from Lakehead University with a BSc geology degree.
- I have not received, directly or indirectly, or expect to receive any interest in the company and its properties.

Signature Dan Courtney

Name Daniel G. Courtney

Date April 28,2002



## Swastika Laboratories Ltd

Assaying - Consulting - Representation

## Assay Certificate

**R&K SALES LTD** 

1W-2169-RA1

Date: SEP-27-01

Company: Project: Attn:

We hereby certify the following Assay of 30 Rock samples submitted SEP-20-01 by.

Sample	Διι	AuCheck	Au	Ag	Ag	Cu	Zn	Pt	Pd	
Number		g/tonne	mg	mg	g/tonne	¥	*	g/tonne	g/tonne	
,									_	
SP 26	61.37	65.83	-	-	2.9	-				
SP 27	0.34	-	-	-	0.1		- 			
.£₽ 20Q0	3.94	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	
-SP 2001	5.11	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	
SP 2002	0.22	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	~	
SP 2003	38.40	36.82	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	
\$2 2004	, 20.02	-	-	-	1.0	-	-		-	
SP-2005	0.13		-	-	0.3	0.077	0.028	<0.005	<0,005	<
SP 2030	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.005	<0.005	
SP 9000	0.07		-	-	<del>.</del>	-	-	<0.005	<0.005	

One assay ton portion used for Au where sample size permits.

1 Cameron Ave., P.O. Box 10, Swastika, Ontario P0K 1T0 Telephone (705) 642-3244 Fax (705) 642-3300

#### SAMPLES FOR

SWASTIKA ASSAY

#	Sample #	Claim	SWASTIKA LAB SAMPLE REFERENCE #	AU GR/T
1	1S-1	1218345	SP27 - SWASTIKA	0.34
2	1S-2	1218345	SP2000 SWASTIKA	3.94
3	1 <b>S-</b> 3	1218345	SP2001 - SWASTIKA	5.11
4	1S-4	1218345	SP2002 - SWASTIKA	0.22
5	1 <b>S</b> -5	1218345	SP2005 - SWASTIKA	0.13
6	1S-6	1218345	SP2030 - SWASTIKA	0.01
7	1S-7	1218345	SP9000 - SWASTIKA	0.7
8	1N-1	1218345	SP2004-SWASTIKA	20.02
9	1N-3	1218345	SP26-SWASTIKA	61.37
10	1 <b>N</b> -5	1218345	SP2003 - SWASTIKA	38.4

#	Sample #	Claim	Method #	AU OZ/T
1	1S-1	1218345	6	0.175
2	1S <b>-</b> 2	1218345	6	0.23
3	1S-3	1218345	6	0.33
4	1S-4	1218345	6	0.083
5	1S-5	1218345	6	0.072
6	1S-6	1218345	6	0
7	1S-7	1218345	6	0
8	1N-1	1218345	6	1.12
9	1 <b>N-</b> 2	1218345	6	0.27
10	1N-3	1218345	6	2.48
11	1N-4	1218345	6	0.45
12	1 <b>N</b> -5	1218345	6	2.15
13	1 <b>N</b> -6	1218345	6	0.247
14	V4-1	1218345	6	0.071
15	V4-2	1218345	1	0.064
16	V4-3	1218345	1	0
17	V4-4	1218345	6	0.067
18	V4-5	1218345	1	0



### **Work Report Summary**

Transaction No:

W0340.00212

Status: APPROVED

**Recording Date:** 

2003-FEB-06

Work Done from: 2001-JUL-20

Approval Date:

2003-APR-09

to: 2001-AUG-03

Client(s):

303745

Survey Type(s):

•

**ASSAY** 

KRAVCHIK, SAM

**GEOL** 

Work Report Details:									
		Perform		Applied		Assign		Reserve	
Claim#	Perform	Approve	Applied	Approve	Assign	Approve	Reserve	Approve	Due Date
TB 1218345	\$5,680	\$5,680	\$0	\$0	\$5,680	5,680	\$0	\$0	2003-JUN-04
TB 1247018	\$0	\$0	\$5,680	\$5,680	\$0	0	\$0	\$0	2003-FEB-06
•	\$5,680	\$5,680	\$5,680	\$5,680	\$5,680	\$5,680	\$0	\$0	

**External Credits:** 

\$0

Reserve:

\$0 Reserve of Work Report#: W0340.00212

\$0 Total Remaining

Status of claim is based on information currently on record.



42D14SE2011 2.24960

PRISKE

900

Ministry of Northern Development and Mines

Ministère du Développement du Nord et des Mines

Date: 2003-APR-10



GEOSCIENCE ASSESSMENT OFFICE 933 RAMSEY LAKE ROAD, 6th FLOOR SUDBURY, ONTARIO P3E 6B5

Tel: (888) 415-9845 Fax:(877) 670-1555

Submission Number: 2.24960 Transaction Number(s): W0340.00212

SAM KRAVCHIK 117 THORNRIDGE DRIVE THORNHILL, ONTARIO L4J 1F1 CANADA

Dear Sir or Madam

Subject: Approval of Assessment Work

We have approved your Assessment Work Submission with the above noted Transaction Number(s). The attached Work Report Summary indicates the results of the approval.

At the discretion of the Ministry, the assessment work performed on the mining lands noted in this work report may be subject to inspection and/or investigation at any time.

NOTE: All future submissions will credit the analysis at a cost similar to those of a commercial lab.

If you have any question regarding this correspondence, please contact BRUCE GATES by email at bruce.gates@ndm.gov.on.ca or by phone at (705) 670-5856.

Yours Sincerely,

Ron Gashinski

Senior Manager, Mining Lands Section

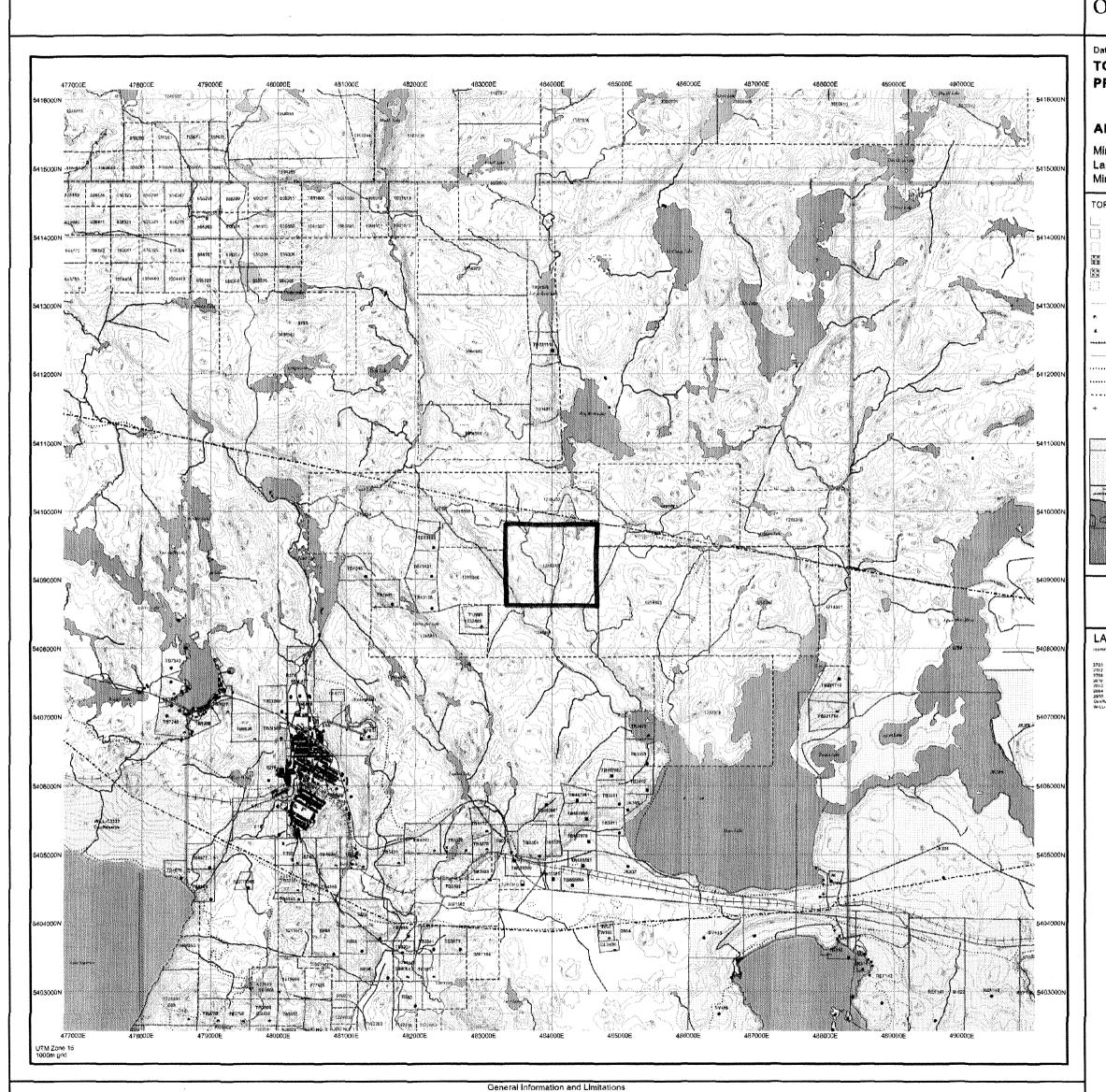
In codal.

Cc: Resident Geologist

Sam Kravchik (Claim Holder)

Assessment File Library

Sam Kravchik (Assessment Office)



ONTARIO
CANADA MINBERY OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT AND MINBER PROVINCIAL MINING RECORDERS OFFICE

Mining Land Tenure

Date / Time of Issue: Wed Apr 09 09:17:54 EDT 2003

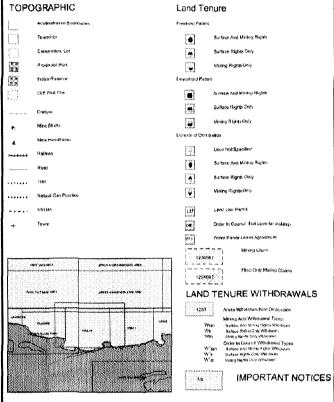
TOWNSHIP / AREA PRISKE

PLAN G-0631

#### ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICTS / DIVISIONS

Mining Division Land Titles/Registry Division Ministry of Natural Resources District NIPIGON

Thunder Bay THUNDER BAY



LAND TENURE WITHDRAWAL DESCRIPTIONS

2.24960

GEOL Assay