## ASSESSMENT REPORT

M. SWEREDA PROPERTIES.

GERALDTON,ONTARIO

SEPTPMBER 21,1991
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## INTRODUCTION:

This report is on behalf of Melvin Swereda for assessment credit on his properties within the Geraldton Beardmore Gold Belt. These properties were surveyed by B. Docherty and G. Royer in August and September, 1991. All the claims are registered under M. Swereda of Geraldton, Ontario, who staked all lands in question. The surveyed properties are located within Ashmore and Croll townships near the town of Geraldton,Ontario and include the following claims: TB1093416,TB1093418,TB1093419,TB1093420,these claims are refered to as the North Ashmore property. The Croll claims include the following: TB1093411,TB1093412,TB1093413l\& $l$. TB1139984,TB1139985,TB1139986,TB1139987,TB1 173047,TB1 17344d,
 south east Ashmore Township and incluge the following claims:
 TB1139994,TB1 139995,TB1139996,TB1139997,TB1 139882,TB1139883.

The surveys included geological mapping of all properties and VLF-EM on all properties except claims TB1139882 and TB1139883 where a ground magnetic survey was conducted. The surveys were performed on chained grids and all work is referenced to a north baseline. Geophysical values were taken at 25 metre intervals with lines at 100 to 200 metre seperation depending on the property. Mapping was also done between lines. The instruments used were a Geometrics precession magnetometer and a Geonics EM-16 VLF unit. The transmitter used for the VLF survey was NaA at 24 Khz ,except on the southern Ashmore claims where NLK at 24.8 Khz was used. The change of transmitter was necessary since NAA at Cutler, Maine was off the air due to a hurricane (BOB) on the east coast in August of 1991.

Access to the Croll and South Ashmore claims is Via Highway \#11 to the Eldee Lake Road. This road divides these two properties. The North Ashmore claims are reached by secondary road north of Geraldton and then by a older road which can be attained by 4 wheel drive vehicle. All posts have been tagged and all grid lines have been blazed.

## GEOLOGY: NORTH ASHMORE

Metavolcanic rocks are by far the most abundant on the claim group although universially distributed,they are especially prominent on the northern areas. Most of the outcrops are subdued, no cliffs exist on the property. The majority of the claims are covered by dry muskeg. The main criterion used for dividing the metavolcanics is colour; the second is the presence or absense of amygdules and phenocrysts. Although the latter two components are probably ubiquitous, they are often sufficiently rare to the extent that the rock is virtually aphyric. Colour may not be a very reliable parameter, as it is often due to alteration. Nevertheless,one is able to distinguish between Basalts which vary from dark green to black; Andesites which are medium shades of green and Dacites which are light to medium grey. The rock types are mentioned in order of decreasing abundance.Chlorite alteration is almost pervasive These chlorite schists are probably derived from volcanics. Epidotization,silicification and carbonatization are of secondary importance whereas Hematite and Sericite occur more locally. Reddish-brown carbonate(Ankerite?) is often quite prominent on external surfaces. The so called "Dacites" may actually be strongly silicified volcanics of intermidiate composition. Veining is common but almost never abundant. Quartz and carbonate compose the majority of the veins,though Epidote and Chlorite occur also. Mafic phenocrysts,usually chloritized and epidotized are more numerous in Basalts, while feldspars are dominant within the Andesites. Amygdules which maybe up to 1 cm . in diameter are usually infilled by Quartz and Calcite. The aforementioned rock: types can be generally described as "lavas". Tuffaceous beds are found sporadically vithin these rock types but rarely is Tuff a dominant component. It is finely bedded in layers, up to 1 cm . thick and is usually grey coloured. Where the mafic and intermediate
metavolcanics are strongly sheared and/or foliated they grade into Chlorite Schist. The strike is uniformly east-west and the dip steeply south. All the lithologies on the claims conform to this orientation. The more felsic volcanics grade to a grey sonewhat soft Phyllite;it is similar to the Chlorite Schists except for the colour. One single narrow Diabase dyke was mapped on the extreme east edge of the claim group. It is massive,medium grained and trends in a north-south direction.

The sedimentary rocks are restricted to the southern portion of the claim region. The bedding of the sediments is conformable to that of the volcanics. Most of the Greywackes are so fine grained that many of them might be better described as Siltstones. The sediments are frequently intercalated with Slates and in one location are minor lenses of Iron Formation. The mineral Graphite is very common within the sediments. These latter characteristics were noted only at the main trench, near the south edge of the property.

The mineral Pyrite is major sulphide found through out the claim group. It is fairly ubiquitous but occurs in concentrations of less than $1 \%$, although locally it can compose up to $5 \%$ of the rock. It is found in disseminated cubes $1-8 \mathrm{~mm}$ in diagonal length. Pyrite is much more abundant at the main trench, where it uniformly constitutes 5-20\% of the sediments. The trench which measures approximatly 15 metres east-west and 3 metres north-south has been drilled and the core did encounter sulphide mineralization. At an approximate distance of 25 metres from the trench is a exposed region where 1-5\% Chalcopyrite and traces of Sphalerite are present. Graphite is generally associated with these sulphides. As this region of the property lies at the contact between the sediments and volcanics it is worthy of further consideration.

## GEOLOGY: CROLL-SOUTH ASHMORE

Metavolcanic rocks are the most prominent on the claim group. Though generally quite subdued they often form low ridges up to 6 metres higher than the surrounding terrain. The major criteria used for dividing the metavolcanics is colour and/or the presence or absence of amygdules and phenocrysts. Although the latter two components are virtually ubiquitous, they are sufficiently rare to the extent that the rock appears aphyric. Colour may not be very reliable as a identifier,as it is often a product of alteration. Despite these hazards in classification it is possible to distinguish between Basalts,which are dark green to black and Andesites which are lighter shades of green. Mafic phenocrysts (usually chloritized and epidotized) are most common in Basalts,while feldspars dominate the Andesites. Amygdules, which may be up to 5 mm in diameter are infilled by Quartz,Carbonate and Epidote. All the matavolcanics are altered to some extent. Chloritization seems to be the prevelent form of alteration. Locally the zolcanics grade to Chlorite Schist with a orientation east-west and a steep north or south dip. Silicification, epidotization and carbonatization are also of major importance, while Limonite is locally developed. Veining is common but only locally abundant. Quartz is the major component of the veins but ofcasionally contain Tourmaline and Carbonate. Rare veins contain feldspar but these might be narrow apophyses of the porphyry. The veins locally host sulphide mineralization. Rare pillow lava is also present in the region. Dark green fine to medium grained Amphibolites are located on the north portion of the claim group. They are probably a metamorphosed phase of the Gabbro. Hornblende and more rarely Actinolite are the sole phases discernable in hand speciman. The Gabbro is also restricted to the northern section of the property. The Gabbro is generally fine grained to rarely medium grained.

The colour index varies from $30-50$ and many of these rocks have a diabasic aspect. They are generally less altered and more massive than the metavolcanics; they are dark grey and occasionally porphyritic.
A few rare Lamprophyre dykes with a maximum width of 2 metres were mapped on the Croll claims. These dykes seem to be associated with shear zones. One extremely rare rock type was mapped on the Croll-Ashmore boundary on the northern portion of the property. This unusual rock is a soft sooty black, poorly foliated argillaceous appearing, possible slate?. Granodiorite and porphyry are very common on the east and south sections of the Croll claims. The porphyry is much more widely distributed, with minor amounts found on the Ashmore property. These porphyries generally occur as fairly narrow dykes( $1-10$ metres), intruding into the volcanics. They are light grey in colour and rarely contain phenocrysts. These characteristics give the porphyry a rhyolitic or quartzitic appearance. Quartz is the most common phenocryst except on the eastern side where feldspar is often predominent The porphyritic aspect of the rock is much more apparent here with the phaneritic components constituting up to $35 \%$ of the rock. Grey to pink,fine to medium grained granodiorite is restricted to the eastern part of Croll township. Its colour index is approximately 15 ,in which biotite is the chief mafic mineral. This rock type is massive and relatively fresh.

A lot of surface work such as trenching has been accomplished on the Croll claims. This work revealed barren quartz and tourmaline veins,although a little pyrite is commonly found. The occurrence of pyrite is quite universal in the volcanics,though only rarely does it exceed $1 \%$ of the rock. It mainly occurs in disseminated cubes (.5-10 mm) and is often common in rusty quartz veins or rarely in epidote veins. Other sulphides are much rarer and have a more restricted distribution. Traces of arsenopyrite were noted in a few locations on the Croll property. Rare stringers of Molybdenite, 1 mm wide is noted on both Ashmore and Croll claims.

The latter mineral seems to be restricted to the quartzfeldspar porphyry. Cupriferous minerals are relatively abundant in a stripped off region on the western edge of Croll township. In a zone 1.5 metres wide, Chalcopyrite occurs in blebs up to 2 cm . in diameter, and constitutes up to $5 \%$ of the host rock. Associated with Chalcopyrite but in a much lower concentration are the minerals Bornite,Malachite and Azurite. The copper occurs at a shear zone between massive amphibolites and sheared chlorite schist,although the schist maybe a phase of the amphibolite. The shear zone is conformable to the orientation of the schists, that is a east-west strike. Approximately 350 metres south of this stripped area is another outcrop which has recieved much attention. Here a Quartz porphyry, intensèly quartz vèfnèd. is at contact with sheared porphyritic andesite and a narrow lamprophyre dyke. There is little visible mineralization at the surface, even pyrite is less than 1\%. The structure encountered here makes this region a viable drilling target.

Fewer trenches were noted on Ashmore and many of these are very shallow and overgrown,although $5 \%$ pyrite does occur in one trench. Many of the old trenches are located just west of the property adjacent to the old Roche Long Lac occurrence. This particular region is worthy of more detailed work as, a previous producing mine lies immediately west of it. A major contact exists between volcanics and plutonic rocks and there is a zone of semi-massive copper and apparently visible gold mineralization, on both the southwest Croll and the old Roche Long Lac properties.

## GEOPHYSICS:

On the North Ashmore claims the responses are a direct reflection of the diversity of the underlying lithology. In the southern portion of the group between lines $9 \|, 7+50 S$ and $3 W, 8+75 S$ the profiles suggest the presence of a structural feature such as a lithologic contact. Along this contact seems to be the best anomalous feature. Narrowing the target it is noticed that between L6W at stations $5+255$ to $6+005$ the crossovers indicate the possibility of sulphide mineralization. This idea collaborates well with the observed geology of the region, where anomolous amounts of sulphides $\frac{18}{18}$ directly observable in the rock. The Fraser contours highlight the conductive zones in a more comprehendable manner. The contours indicate that this contact trends northwest and that conductivity is strongest just west of the trench. This region is probably the best location for further work. Another region of interest is the one located between lines 3W to 5 W at stations $2+005$. The weak conductor located here suggests a shear zone which may continue westwards out of the property. This region also is worthy of some followup investigation.

The Croll claims indicate no major conductive zones. The profiles are reflective of the underlying geology of the region. Contacts between the Basaltic and Andestic volcanics and the Gabbroic rocks are responsible for the uniform pattern through all the survey lines. There is weak conductive zone between lines 0 and 1 E from stations $4+00$ to $6+00 \mathrm{~N}$. This region may contain a small shear structure and may contain minor sulphide material. Visible sulphides were noted in the stripped region 100 metres northwest. Further survey work would be advisable from the trench through this zone. Provincially sponsered airborne surveys failed to detect any high conductive zones in this region of Croll Township.

The southern Ashmore claims show several weak conductive zones. The region between lines $2 W$ and $3 W$ at stations $3+00$ to $4+00 S$ contain two crossovers, with the one on L2W being the ons ith the best response. Sulphides were observed in outcrop 100 metres east of this station and thus the response is most likely a result of the continuation of this sulphide bearing rock. This zone,however quickly dissipates westward. A northeast trending structure is located in north western portion of the claim group. This feature is most likely a result of resistivity differanclas between the Dioritic and volcanic lithologies.The airborne survey refered to earlier does show some weak conductors within the property at the edges of the magnetic high, which correspondes to the Diorite or Gabbro intrusive rock. The only suggestion for further work on these claims would be a ground magnetic survey to complement the present survey, to further define any zones of interest.

The magnetic survey covers two claims, one of which is the site of the Roche Long Lac shaft,where visible gold was noted in previous years (Mason et al 1986). The southwest trending anomalous zone is a reflection of the mafic intrusive which is traceable further eastwards and is observable in places on surface. This unit weakens in amplitude tovard the west. The magnetic contours outline this zone quite clearly and indicates that the best location for further investigation would be on line $7+00 \mathrm{~W}, 150$ metres north of the shaft. There is a small anomalous zone around the shaft itself but not of the magnitude of the more northern one.

## RECOMMENDATIONS:

From the data acquired from these surveys it is suggested that a ground magnetic survey be conducted throughout all properties. This type of survey would greatly assist in defining more precisely the location of conductive zones. Lithogeochemistry,with emphasis on whole rock analysis should be performed to determine if the rock near the outlined shear zones is ausceptible to Gold concentration.

> Enclosures; 4 geological maps
> 3 VLF-FM profile maps
> 1 magnetic profile map
> 1 magnetic contour map
> 1 fraser contour map
> 2 claim maps

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

Kresz, D.U. and Zayachivsky, B.
1991 : Precambrian geology, northern Long Lake area;

Masons. and Whites
1986: Gold Occurrences, Prospects, and Deposits of the Beardmoremeraldton Area, Districts of Thunder Bay and Cochrane;Ontario Geological Survey, Open File Report 5630,680p.,21 figures,11 tables, and 1 map in back pocket.

Ontario Geological Survey
1989: Airborne Electromagnetic and Total Intensity Magnetic Survey. Tashota-Geraldton-Longlac Area. District of Thunder Bay by Aerodat Limited for the Ontario Geological Survey. Geophysical/Geochemical Series Map 81326,81327 Scale 1:20000. Survey and Compilation, June to December 1988.

This report and all field work mentioned in report was performed by Guy Royer and Brian Docherty who at the date of this report are employed as Geologists for The Cayuga Syndicate of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

I Guy Royer acquired an advanced B.Sc. in Geology from the University of Saskatchewan. I have been active in this profession since 1979 and have worked within the Geraldton-Beardmore Gold belt for the past two years.

I, Brian Docherty, Geologist/Geophywicist have. acequired various degrees ranging from Geology to Electronics. I am a member of Association of Exploration Geochemists as well a member of. The Institute of Electronic. and Electrical Engineers. I have worked within the GeraldtonBeardmore Gold Belt since 1985 as Exploration Manager for The Cayuga Syndicate.


## EM16 SPECIFICATIONS


w $9240-00017$

Report of Work C After Recording 1

Mining Act

900
Personal information collected on this form is obtained under the authority of the Milining Act. This information will be used for correspondences, Cuesuons amour this collection should be directed to the Provincial Manager, Mining Lands, Ministry of Norther Developrifent and Mines, Fourth Floor, 159-Gedar Street, Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 6A5, telephone (705) 670-7264.

Instructions: - Please type or print and submit in duplicate.

- Refer to the Mining Act and Regulations for requirements of filing assessment work or consult the Mining Recorder.
- A separate copy of this form must be completed for each Work Group.
- Technical reports and maps must accompany this form in duplicate.
- A sketch, showing the claims the work is assigned to, must accompany this form.


Work Performed (Check One Work Group Only)

| Work Group |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Geotectrical Survey | Type |
| Physical Work, <br> Including Drilling |  |  |
| Rehabilitation |  |  |
| Other Authorized <br> Work |  |  |
| Assays |  |  |
| Assignment from <br> Reserve |  |  |

Total Assessment Work Claimed on the Attached Statement of Costs
\$ $\qquad$ $478 / .32$
Note: The Minister may reject for assessment work credit all or part of the assessment work submitted if the recorded holder cannot verify expenditures claimed in the statement of costs within $\mathbf{3 0}$ days of a request for verification.

Persons and Survey Company Who Performed the Work (Give Name and Address of Author of Report)

(attach a schedule if necessary)
Certification of Beneficial Interest *See Note No. 1 on reverse side
I certify that at the time the work was performed, the claims covered in this work
report were recorded in the current holder's name or held under a beneficial interest
by the current recorded holder.

Certification of Work Report





## Credits you are claiming in this report may be cut back. In order to minimize the adverse effects of such deletions, please indicate from which claims you wish to priorize the deletion of credits. Please mark ( $r$ ) one of the following:

1. $\square$ Credits are to be cut back starting with the claim listed last, working backwards.
2.Credits are to be cut back equally over all claims contained in this report of work.
2. Credits are to be cut back as priorized on the attached appendix.

In the event that you have not specified your choice of priority, option one will be implemented.

Note 2: If work hes been pertorued on petented or leased land, plesee complete the folloving:

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or loesed land at the time the work was performed.
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Report of Work Conducted After Recording Claim

Mining Act

Personal information collected on this form is obtained under the authority of the Mining Act. This information will be used for corr pondence. Questions about this collection should be directed to the Provincial Manager, Mining Lands, Ministry of Northern Developrient and Mines, Fourth Floor, 150-Cedar Street. Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 6A5, telephone (705) 670-7264.

Instructions: - Please type or print and submit in duplicate.

- Refer to the Mining Act and Regulations for requirements of filing assessment work or consult the Mining Recorder.
- A separate copy of this form must be completed for each Work Group.
- Technical reports and maps must accompany this form in duplicate.
- A sketch, showing the claims the work is assigned to, must accompany this form.


Work Performed (Check One Work Group Only)


Total Assessment Work Claimed on the Attached Statement of Costs $\$ 173868$
Note: The Minister may reject for assessment work credit all or part of the assessment work submitted if the recorded holder cannot verify expenditures claimed in the statement of costs within $\mathbf{3 0}$ days of a request for verification.

Persons and Survey Company Who Performed the Work (Give Name and Address of Author of Report)

(attach a schedule II necessary)
Certification of Beneficial Interest * See Note No. 1 on reverse side


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## REGIONAL GEOLOGY

These properties are contained within the Beardmore-Geraldton metavolcanic-metasedimentary Archean assemblage. This arrangement consists of two sedimentary belts seperated by a volcanic sequence of mafic massive to pillowed flows. The sediments are epiclastic in nature and are found to be mainly Greywacke in lithology. Chemical sediments in the form of Banded Iron Formation are also located in various sites within the region. These formations are composed of interbedded layers of Magnetite,Jasper,siltstone and greywacke. Intrusive rocks are also located within the belt. These consist of QuartzFeldspar Porphyritic dikes,mafic to ultramafic varieties and felsic stocks and sills of granitic composition. Airborne surveys indicate north-west striking diabase dikes which intrude all Archean rocks.

The region also contains several major structural features, such as Tombill , Paint Lake faults and Little Long Lac Syncline. Localized folding is found in Iron Formation and geophysically interpreted shear zones are also common.

The geologically recent material is comprised of sandy to silty till with smaller regions of lacustrine deposits. Muskeg and peat are prevelent thoughout the entire belt. Greater detail on soil characteristics of the properties shall be presented,if soil surveys are initiated.

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| Northern Development | Développement du Nord |
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Geoscience Approvals Section
Mining Lands Branch
159 Cedar Street, 4th Floor
Sudbury, Ontario
P3E 6A5

Telephone: (705) 670-7264
Fax: (705) 670-7262

Our File: 2. 14442
Transaction $F$ : W9240. 00017
W9240. 00018

May 12, 1992
Mining Recorder
Ministry of Northern Development
and Mines
435 James Street South
P. O. Box 5000

Thunder Bay, Ontario
P7C 5G6
Dear Sir:
RE: APPROVAL OF ASEESBMENT WORE ON MINIMG CLAIMS TB 1139984 ET AL. IN ASHMORE AND CROLL TOWNSHIPS.

The Assessment Credits for Geology and Geophysics, sections 12 and 14 of the Mining Act Regulations, have been approved as of May 8, 1992.

The Assessment Credits for Report of Work W9240.00018 are as per the original submission. The Credits for W9140.00017 are as listed on the attached Asseasment Work Credit Form.

If you have any questions please call Clive Stephenson at (705) 670-7251.

Yours sincerely,


Ron C. Gashinski
Senior Manager, Mining Lands Branch
Mines and Minerals Division
CD1
CDS/jl
Enclosures:
cc: Resident Geologist Assessment Files Office Thunder Bay, Ontario. Toronto, Ontario.

## ASSESSMENT WORK CREDIT FORM

FILE NUMBER: 2. 14442
DATE: May 12, 1992
TRANBACTION NUMBER: W9240.00017
RECORDED HOLDER: Melvin Swereda CLIENT NUMBER: 199458
TOWMSHIP: Ashmore and Croll.

## CLAIM NUMBER

TB1139984 TB1139985 TB1139986 TB1139987 TB1173047 TB1173048 TB1173049 TB1173050 TB1139988 TB1139989 TB1139990 TB1139992 TB1139993 TB1139994 TB1139995 TB1 139996 TB1 139997 TB1093411 TB1093412 TB1093413

TOTALS:

VALUE OF ASSESSMENT WORK DONE ON THIS CLAIM

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VALUE APPLIED TO THIS CLAIM
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VALUE ASSIGNED FROM THIS CLAIM

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Ontario

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| Northern Development | Développement du Nord <br> and Mines |

Geoscience Approvals Section Mining Lands Branch 159 Cedar Street, 4th Floor Sudbury, Ontario P3E 6A5

Telephone: (705) 670-7264
Fax:
(705) 670-7262

Our File: 2. 14442
Transaction \#: W9240.00017
W9240. 00018

May 12, 1992
Mr. Melvin Swereda
Box 936
Geraldton, Ontario POT 1M0

Dear Sir:
RE: APPROVAL OF ASSESSMENT WORK ON MINING CLAIMS TB 1139984 ET AL. IN ASHMORE AND CROLL TOWNSHI PE.

The Assessment Credits for Geology and Geophysics, sections 12 and 14 of the Mining Act Regulations, have been approved as of May 8, 1992.

The Assessment Credits for Report of Work w9240. 00017 are as per the original submission. The Credits for W9140.00018 are as listed on the attached Assessment Work credit Form.

You did not revise the totals for, "work done on the claims", as per the request in the Notice of Deficiency. I have therefore used the assumption that all work was even on all the claims. Work was also done on TB 1093411 to 413 incl., but was not listed on the form. The form has been revised accordingly. These changes do not affect the application of credits to the claims.

Wi.th future submissions it is required that a Statement of Costs Form be submitted, an example of which is enclosed for your information.

Please find enclosed maps etc that were not required for this submission.

May 12, 1992
Mr. Melvin Swereda

If you have any questions please call Clive Stephenson at (705) 670-7251.

Yours sincerely,


Ron C. Gashinski
Senior Manager, Mining Lands Branch
Mines and Minerals Division
CDS/jl
Enclosures:







FRASER CONTOURS
ASHMORE TWP
Contour Interval 10\%
2. 14442





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