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KENORA GOLD
OCCURRENCES INC.

RAJAH/ROSEMAN GOLD PROPERTY
JAFFRAY TOWNSHIP
KENORA MINING DIVISION
ONTARIO

REPORT ON
GEOCHEMICAL SAMPLING, TRENCHING
AND DIAMOND DRILLING

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SUMMARY

The 16 claim Rajah/Roseman property is in Jaffray Township, 1.0 km northwest of Kenora airport, Ontario.

During 1988 the property was explored by ground geophysics and prospecting and four targets tested by geochemistry, trenching, diamond drilling and sampling.

Three of the targets tested are considered to have little potential for economic gold mineralization, however a major shear zone, crossing the center of the property, has indications of good potential.

The northeasterly-striking shear is up to 500m wide, parallels similar mineralized structures such as the Scramble shear, and contains gold values in grab samples up to 0.12 oz/t.

A dacitic tuff unit, encountered in a single drill hole, contains anomalous values up to 2,237 ppb (0.074 oz/t) gold and may have potential for a stratiform, therefore large tonnage, gold deposit.

Geological mapping and further drilling are recommended to test the shear and associated dacitic tuff in order to locate economic gold mineralization.



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report details exploration of the Rajah/Roseman property during 1988. The program consisted of linecutting, magnetic and VLF-EM surveys, humus sampling, prospecting, trenching and diamond drilling. Results of the geophysical surveys are given in the accompanying "Report on ground magnetic and VLF-EM surveys, Princess/Black Sturgeon and Rajah/Roseman properties, Haycock and Jaffray Townships, Ontario" by F.L.Jagodits.

The aim of the program was to test a number of areas that have potential for economic gold mineralization.

2.0 PROPERTY DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The Rajah/Roseman property consists of 16 contiguous mineral claims 1.0 km northwest of Kenora airport in Jaffray Township, Kenora Mining Division, District of Kenora, Ontario.

Claim numbers are:

895621, 895622, 895623, 1003745, 1017839, 1017840, 1017924, 1017925, 1017926, 1017927, 1017928, 1017929, 1017930, 1017931, 1017976, 1017977.

All claims are in good standing. Surface rights are vested in the Crown with the exception of one surface-rights-only patent covering claims 1017839 and 1017840. Right-of-ways cross the property for the Northern Ontario Pipeline (Crown Corporation), Ontario Hydro power lines and the Kenora bypass road.

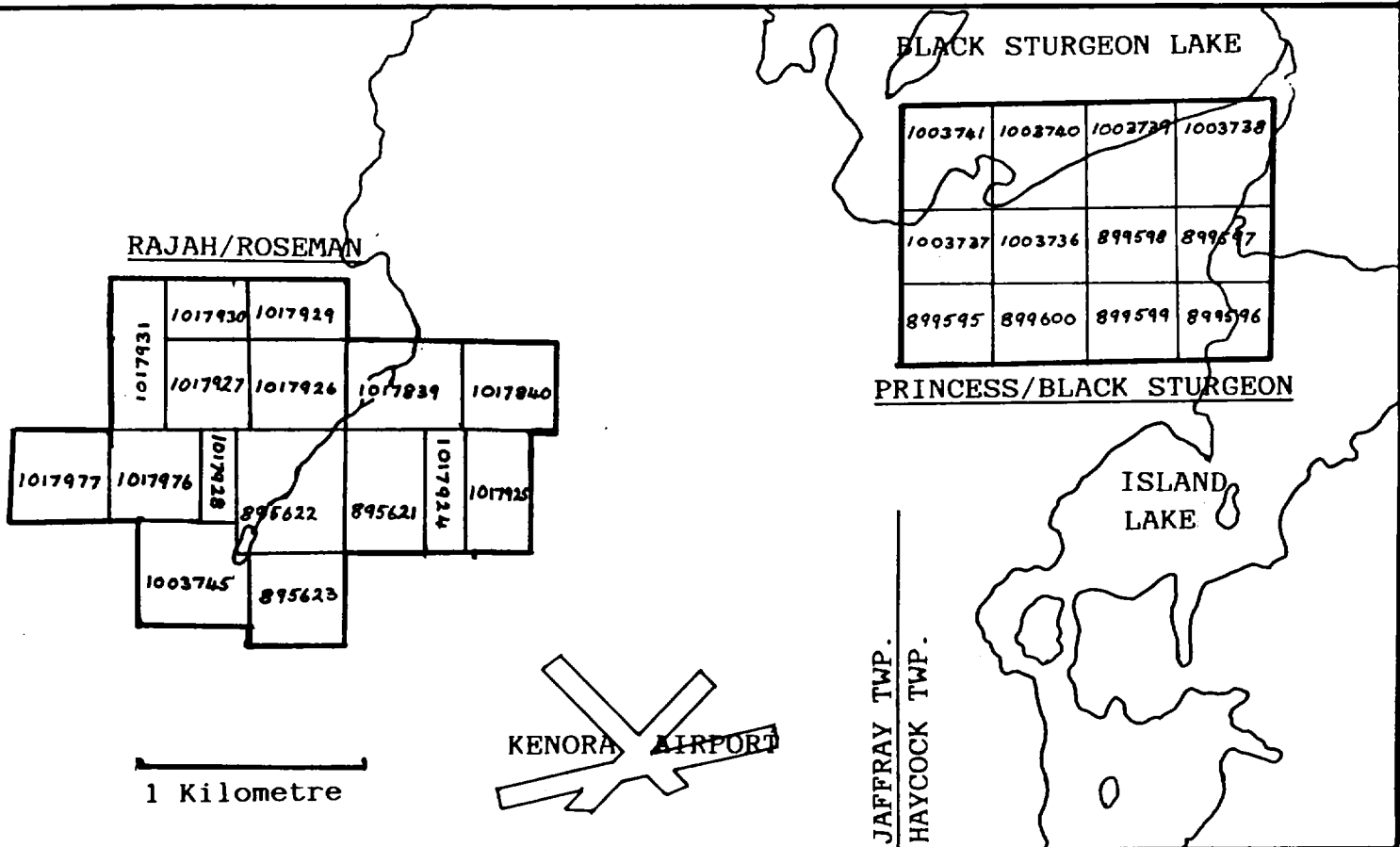
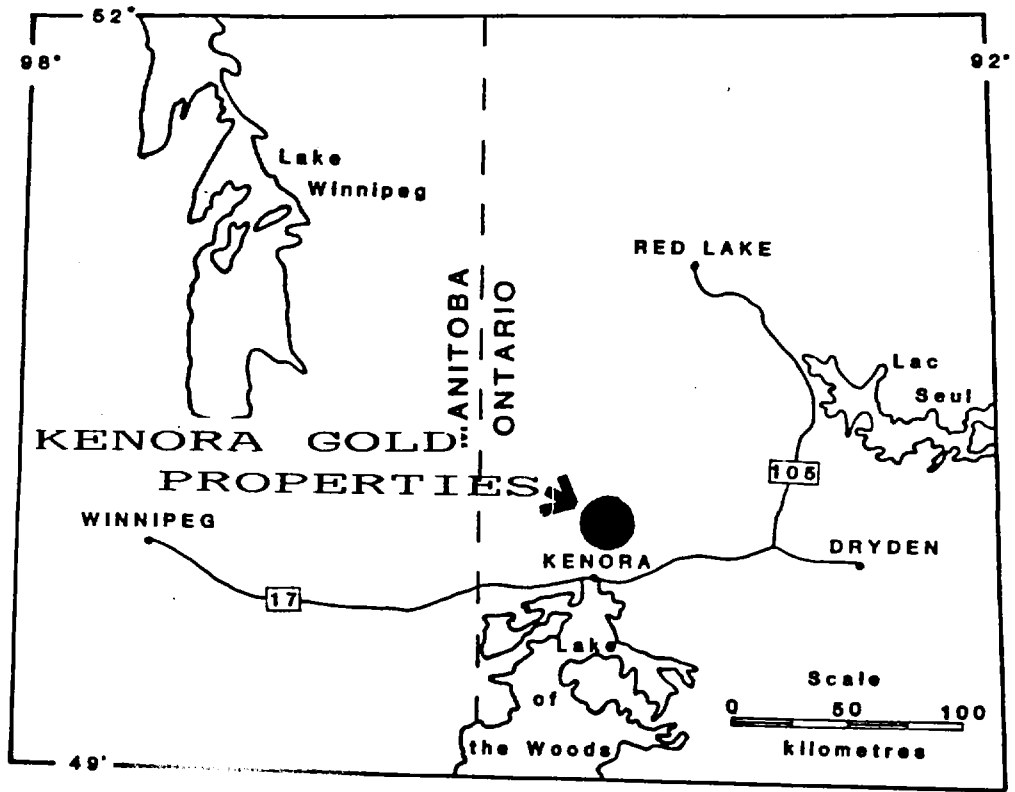


FIGURE 1: LOCATION OF KENORA GOLD INC. PROPERTIES

3.0 ACCESS, CLIMATE AND LOCAL RESOURCES

Access to the property is excellent. The Trans-Canada highway (Highway 17) is 5 km south of the property which is crossed by paved Highway 604 to the Kenora airport. In addition, all-weather gravel roads, four-wheel drive tracks and cottages, pipeline and hydro line access roads crisscross the area and a new road to bypass Kenora is being constructed over the property.

The Kenora airport, with daily jet service to Winnipeg, Thunder Bay and Toronto, is 1 km southeast of the property.

Rail access via the Canadian Pacific Railway is available less than 1 km south.

Climate is typical of Western Ontario. Snow cover and sub-zero temperatures usually last from November to April or May, followed by summer weather with daily high temperatures averaging 21°C.

Topography is moderately rugged with steep-sided ridges separated by narrow, often swamp filled valleys. Vegetation is mainly secondary growth of poplar, spruce and minor balsam and ash.

Local resources are plentiful. The property is crossed by two natural gas pipelines and a major hydro line. Fresh water is plentiful and local labour and services are available from Kenora 10 km to the southwest.

4.0 REGIONAL GEOLOGY AND MINERALIZATION

The Kenora district is underlain by rocks of Precambrian age belonging to two geological subprovinces within the Superior Province. The Rajah/Roseman property lies within a narrow, northeast-trending wedge of rocks of the Wabigoon Subprovince, north of which are gneissic rocks of the English River Subprovince.

Figure 2 illustrates the regional geology of the area. The following description is from Davies, Smith and Blackburn, 1985:

" A wedge-shaped area of volcanic and sedimentary rocks extends northeast from the main body of supracrustal rocks in the vicinity of Kenora. Intensely deformed gneisses lie to the northwest and to the east are granitoid stocks which may be related to the Dryberry batholith. Tholeiitic basalts are overlain by fine-grained intermediate to felsic pyroclastics, which in turn are overlain by clastic sediments. A gabbroic sill lies near the top of the basaltic sequence.

The principal direction of faulting, the weak to strong foliation, and the trace of fold axes are all approximately parallel to wedge boundaries and converge to the northeast. At the northwest side of the wedge mafic rocks are highly deformed and metamorphosed but elsewhere primary features are largely preserved. An oval stock of porphyritic quartz monzonite, which lies on the trace of the Airport Anticline, is only weakly foliated.

All the known volcanic-hosted gold occurrences except one are in basalt and are associated with quartz veins or silicified shears. Fractured and mineralized felsic dykes which lie in sheared basalts have also been investigated. The mineralized zones trend

northeast and are interpreted to be related to movement along near-vertical axial planar shears. Tourmaline and minor sulphides are associated with most quartz veins; chlorite, biotite, carbonate and sulphides are common in the sheared basalt.

Gold occurrences in the Island Lake quartz diorite are associated with shearing. Most of the mineralization is in or near quartz veins which occupy zones of dilatency. Gold is associated with pyrite, especially along minor fractures in the quartz and the host diorite or quartz diorite. Dyke-like bodies of ultramylonite lie near mineralized and silicified shears at these occurrences."

The potential for economic gold mineralization in this area is indicated by the Scramble Prospect. This occurrence, lying directly south of the Rajah/Roseman property, is being explored underground by Madelaine Mines and Boise Cascade Canada Ltd. Three hundred thousand tons grading 0.3 oz/ton gold is said to have been defined to date.

5.0 HISTORY OF THE PROPERTY

Gold has been known on the Rajah and Roseman properties since the 1890's. Early work consisted of pitting, trenching and exploration shafts. Before the work by Kenora Gold Occurrences Inc, little comprehensive exploration has been done.

The following information is compiled from ODM Annual Reports, King and Foster (1983) and reports in the MNR assessment files.

1890 - Messrs. McGee, Brereton and Henesy staked Mining Location 317P covering the Rajah #2 location and sold it to J.F. Caldwell, owner of the Sultana Mine.

1892-1894 - Property optioned to the Rajah Gold Mining Co. of London, England. Two shafts and test pits were sunk, the northern shaft (Rajah # 1) being 18 m deep and inclined at 85° to the northwest. At 11 m depth, 14 m were drifted to the south. The southern shaft (Rajah # 2) is 19 m deep: no production is reported.

Pre-1946 - Roseman occurrence held by Mr. Silverman who dug an 11 m trench on mineralization.

1946 - Mr. Roseman, who bought the property from Silverman, drilled one X-Ray hole drill hole to 32 m.

1983 - Claims 895621 to 895623 staked by G. Zeebruck and R. Schienbein to cover the Rajah #1 and #2 shafts.

1984 - Three miles of grid and magnetometer survey were done on the Zeebruck claims.

1984 - Sixteen claims surrounding the Zeebruck claims (now part of the Rajah/Roseman property) were geologically mapped and sampled by Boise Cascade.

1985 - The 16 claims were remapped, sampled and covered by 10.4 km of VLF-EM and 12.4 km of magnetic survey by Kennco.

1987 - Eleven claims covering the Roseman occurrence and the bulk of the 16 Boise Cascade claims were staked by G. Zeebruck and his total holding of 14 claims were optioned to Kenora Gold Occurrences Inc.

6.0 1988 EXPLORATION PROGRAM

6.1.0 LINECUTTING

In 1988 a survey grid was cut to cover the Rajah/Roseman claims (Map 2). The grid consists of a 1.7 km baseline at 45° (t) and cross-lines at 100 m intervals. All lines were chained and picketed at 12.5 m intervals and a tie-line cut at 10 + 00 N. The total length of cut line is 26 km.

6.2.0 GEOPHYSICS

The entire grid was covered by gradiometer, total field magnetic and VLF-EM surveys. Procedures and results are detailed in the accompanying geophysical report by F.L.Jagodits of Excalibur International Consultants Ltd.

6.3.0 GEOCHEMISTRY

An area in the northeast of the property contains a number of old trenches over sulphide and garnet-bearing rocks that may represent iron formations. Grab samples of narrow quartz veins in these trenches contain up to 0.36 oz/t Au, and the geophysical surveys indicate a possible fold nose in the area. These factors indicate a potential for economic gold mineralization.

A geochemical survey was conducted to test this area for anomalous gold. The survey covered lines 3+00 E to 7+00 E (inclusive), from BL 0+00 to 3+40 N. Humus samples were taken every 10 meters along the lines for a total of 170 samples. These were analysed for gold by Bondar Clegg and Co. Ltd. of Ottawa using the fire assay/DC plasma method. Analysis method and assay sheets are included in Appendix C.

6.3.1 RESULTS OF GEOCHEMISTRY

Results are shown on Map 1. A number of narrow, discontinuous anomalies with low gold values up to 36 ppb Au were detected. These are consistent with anomalies generated by gold-bearing veins or narrow gold-bearing rock units.

6.4.0 TRENCHING

Three targets on the property were selected for trenching (Map 2):

- 1) - Humus geochemical anomaly at line 5+00 E, 0+60 N;
- 2) - The Roseman Vein at 7+30 E, 0+50 N, and
- 3) - Old pit #4 at 5+80 W, 1+80 N.

Trenching was done using a Backhoe and the trenches were further cleaned by hand. Details of the contractor and dates of work are given in Appendix D.

6.4.1 RESULTS OF TRENCHING - HUMUS GEOCHEMICAL ANOMALY

A 45m long backhoe trench tested the highest geochemical value on line 5+00 E (Map 3). A well-sheared sequence of dacitic tuffs were exposed, hosting two sulphide/garnet bearing units up to 5m thick. These units appear to be sulphide-bearing interformational rocks rather than true exhalative iron formations and three grab samples of the best material returned only trace amounts of gold.

The origin of the humus gold anomaly was not discovered, however it is probably due either to small gold-bearing veins

that are common in the area, or to surface enrichment of gold leached from the "iron formations".

6.4.2 RESULTS OF TRENCHING - THE ROSEMAN VEIN

A backhoe trench exposed 30m strike length of the Roseman Vein (Maps 2 and 3). This is a 0.3 to 1.5m white quartz vein containing up to 20% pyrite, chalcopyrite and molybdenite hosted by sheared mafic volcanics. The vein strikes 135° and dips to the southwest at 20° to 40°.

Five grab samples from the quartz vein contained 0.16, 0.29, 0.31, 0.29 and 0.20 oz/t Au.

6.4.3 RESULTS OF TRENCHING - OLD PIT #4

This is an old blast pit in altered, sheared mafic volcanics containing 0.3m wide quartz veins that consistently give gold values up to 5 oz/t Au (Map 2).

An area of 10x10m was cleared by backhoe and hand to expose 3 east-west trending, sinuous quartz veins up to 0.3m in width. The veins pinch and swell dramatically along their length. Seven grab samples from the veins returned 0.38, 3.84, 1.17, 0.30, 0.01, 0.01 and trace oz/t Au.

6.5.0 PROSPECTING

A total of 8 man days were spent prospecting the property. Personnel involved are listed in Appendix D and results given on Map 2.

A large swamp crosses the center of the property in

a northeasterly direction and appears to lie in the middle of a major shear system. Rocks on either side of the swamp are strongly deformed with a shear fabric that increases in strength towards the swamp. Average width of the shear zone is about 500m.

Abundant evidence of mineralization can be found along the margins of this shear. Quartz veins of at least three ages exist, the oldest being narrow, usually dark-coloured and striking parallel with the shear. The Rajah vein is an example. Grab sampling of this type of vein gave gold values up to 0.12 oz/t Au in the road cut at 6+50 W, 1+50 N, and 0.02 oz/t Au at the Rajah #1 shaft. These veins contain up to 10% pyrite, pyrrhotite and minor chalcopyrite and often up to 30% carbonate. The sheared mafic volcanic host of the veins also tends to contain sulphides and carbonate and one 1.5m chip sample in the road cut contained 0.01 oz/t Au.

A second, younger, type of vein strikes easterly and cross-cuts the shear fabric and older veins. Examples of this type are the Roseman and Pit #4 veins. These veins tend to be erratic and discontinuous, consisting of white quartz with up to 5% pyrite, chalcopyrite and minor molybdenite. Gold values of grab samples are consistently high, up to 0.31 oz/t Au at the Roseman Vein and 3.84 oz/t Au at Pit #4.

The last and probably youngest type of vein identified is a multi-directional, white quartz vein of varying thickness up to 1m. These veins are common along the edge of the shear and contain up to 10% tourmaline. Grab samples returned only trace amounts of gold.

Prospecting along the northern gas pipeline located outcrop near the center of the shear at 1+00 W, 5+20 N. This consists of a sheared gabbro to the north in contact with dacitic

and felsic fragmental volcanics to the south. Strong carbonate alteration, pyrrhotite, pyrite, chalcopyrite and diopside occur throughout the volcanics and immediate margins of the gabbro.

Five grab samples of the altered material contained gold values up to 0.02 oz/t Au.

6.5.1 RESULTS OF PROSPECTING

The above observations, made during prospecting, lead to the following tentative model for mineralization on the property:

The large, northeasterly trending shear represents a major structure parallel to similar mineralized structures such as the Scramble and Treasure shears. The presence of gold values up to 0.12 oz/t Au in the shear indicate the possibility that it may host an economic gold deposit.

The easterly-striking veins such as the Roseman Vein appear to be later features filling dilatencies formed during a younger tectonic event. Gold contained in these veins is probably remobilized, possibly from the adjacent shear zone. Although gold values in these veins are high, it is unlikely that they could generate sufficient tonnage for an economic mining operation.

6.6.0 DIAMOND DRILLING

Three BQ drill holes, totalling 143.56m, were drilled on the Rajah/Roseman property during 1988. Details of the contractor, dates and equipment are given in Appendix D. Drilling tested two targets:

- 1) - The Roseman Vein, and
- 2) - The Main Shear.

6.6.1 RESULTS OF DIAMOND DRILLING - ROSEMAN VEIN

The Roseman Vein is the widest and highest grade east-erly-striking vein located on the property. At the widest point the vein is 1.5m wide and grab samples assayed up to 0.31 oz/t Au.

Two drill holes tested the vein at depth to determine if width and grade are consistent or better than at surface. Location of the holes are shown on Maps 2 and 3: results are illustrated on Map 5. Drill logs are included in Appendix A.

Hole 88-21 (87') was drilled at -45° and intersected a sequence of altered, highly sheared mafic volcanics. Alteration, caused by the Main Shear, consists of carbonate, chlorite, biotite and minor pyrite.

The Roseman Vein was intersected between 66.5 and 69.3 feet and consisted of white to grey quartz with 1% pyrite and minor chalcoppyrite, molybdenite and pyrrhotite. The 2.9' inter-section assayed 0.06 oz/t Au.

Hole 88-22 (127') was drilled from the same location at -65° to test the vein deeper than the 88-21 intersection. Similar rocks were intersected, however the Roseman Vein appears to have anastomosed into three separate veins 0.2, 0.5 and 0.3 feet wide. All veins are gold-bearing, as 1' samples including the veins contained 0.16, 0.1 and 0.06 oz/t Au.

5.6.2 RESULTS OF DIAMOND DRILLING - THE MAIN SHEAR

The potential for economic mineralization in the Main Shear has been outlined in 6.5.1. The target is, however, so large that difficulty was encountered in deciding the best location for an initial exploratory hole. The location of hole 88-20 was chosen to test the intersection of two weak geochemical anomalies near the approximate axis of the shear. The hole was drilled at -45° for a length of 257'. Location of the hole is shown on Map 2 and the geology section on Map 4. Detailed analysis information is given on Map 4a and the drill log is included in Appendix A.

The hole intersected 38.5' of gabbro followed by 125.1' of extremely sheared and altered mafic to dacitic tuffs with a very high carbonate content. The final 81.4' of the hole is in a fairly innocuous-looking dacitic tuff.

The entire core was split and analysed for gold by Bondar Clegg of Ottawa. Results were surprising as the most altered and sheared material between 38.5' and 163.6' gave low results. However, the dacitic tuff at the end of the hole is consistently anomalous in gold with values up to 2,237 ppb (0.074 oz/t) over 3.0'.

These results confirm the presence of gold in the Main Shear and raise the possibility of a stratabound gold deposit hosted by the dacitic tuff.

The geophysical anomalies are not well explained, but may be due to the altered and sheared material if a dip of 45° west is assumed. The anomalies may also be due to the mineralized dacitic tuff, assuming a vertical or slightly easterly dip. Further examination of the core with magnetic susceptibility and conductivity meters and petrology is necessary to determine if the unit is magnetic or conductive.

7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The 1988 program explored the Rajah/Roseman property by prospecting and geophysics and tested four targets using geochemical sampling, trenching and drilling.

A major shear zone, crossing the center of the property, was recognised during prospecting and extensive evidence of related gold mineralization was located. One drill hole tested the shear zone and intersected a dacitic tuff unit containing anomalous gold values up to 2237 ppb (0.074 oz/t) Au.

The easterly-striking Roseman vein was tested by trenching, drilling and sampling. On surface the vein reaches 1.5m width and grab samples contain up to 0.31 oz/t Au. Two drill holes tested the vein at depth and intersected 2.9' containing 0.06 oz/t Au and 1.0' of 0.16 oz/t Au.

An area southwest of the Roseman Vein containing several old pits with sulphide/garnet "iron formation" and narrow, gold-bearing veins was tested with soil sampling, trenching and sampling. A narrow, discontinuous geochemical anomaly was trenched and found to be underlain by sulphide/garnet-bearing interformational units that contain trace amounts of gold.

Trenching and sampling on the Pit #4 showing tested narrow, discontinuous easterly-striking quartz veins that contain up to 3.84 oz/t Au.

The easterly-striking Roseman and Pit #4 veins are considered to be late remobilized features and, although they contain significant gold values, they are considered to have limited tonnage potential. No further work is recommended on these showings.

The interformational "iron formation" is associated with narrow, gold-bearing quartz veins, but is not considered to have economic potential in itself. No further work is recommended :

The Main Shear Zone is considered to be a first class target on the property. The following program is recommended:

1) - Geological mapping and sampling of the property to define the shear, locate and test the gold-bearing dacitic tuff unit intersected in hole 88-20, and locate and test any other auriferous units.

2) - Further drilling of the zone and any other associated targets located during mapping and sampling. Drill footage will depend on whether the mineralized dacite can be located and defined on surface and the number of associated targets found. An adequate test of the shear is, however, expected to need considerable drilling.

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APPENDIX A
DRILL LOGS

| Location | | Rajah | | Anomaly | | Deformation Zone | | D.D.H. No. | | KGRA-88-20 | |
|-----------------------|-------|---|------|-----------|--------|------------------|----|------------|----|------------|-----|
| Coordinates at Collar | | L400W/415N metric grid | | Azimuth | | 135° | | Dip | | -45° | |
| Claim No. | | K.895622 | | Logged By | | W.C. Hood | | Start/Dec. | | 7/88 | |
| Drilled By | | Kenora Soil and Drilling | | Core Size | | BQ | | Dip Test | | - | |
| Footage | | | | GEOLOGY | | | | Sample | | Assays | |
| From | To | No. | From | To | Length | Au | Au | Au | Au | ppb | ppb |
| 0 | 3.0 | 15775 | 3.0 | 6.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 8 | |
| 3.0 | 38.5 | 15776 | 6.0 | 9.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 6 | |
| | | 15777 | 9.0 | 12.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 3 | |
| | | 15778 | 12.0 | 15.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 5 | |
| | | 15779 | 15.0 | 18.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 7 | |
| | | 15780 | 18.0 | 21.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 3 | |
| | | 15781 | 21.0 | 24.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 5 | |
| | | 15782 | 24.0 | 27.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 2 | |
| | | 15783 | 27.0 | 30.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 4 | |
| | | 15784 | 30.0 | 33.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 3 | |
| | | 15785 | 33.0 | 36.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 5 | |
| | | 15786 | 36.0 | 38.5 | 2.5 | | | | | 12 | |
| 38.5 | 104.7 | 15768 | 38.5 | 42.0 | 3.5 | | | 0.01 | | | |
| | | <p>ANDESITE FRAGMENTAL: 38.5-42.0 fine-grained, green-grey; crudely banded, sheared section of mafic tuff (?) with 25% white to grey calcite; core angle 47° at 41.0.</p> <p>42.0-104.7 generally fine-grained, green-grey, schistose; variable ash, crystal, and lapilli tuff; locally coarse fragmental; minor weakly magnetic bands or patches; heavily carbonatized (white to grey calcite) and chloritized (green chlorite); calcite is disseminated, in seams, & in irregular patches - locally appears to replace fragments; patches of calcite are generally flanked by a rind of chlorite; minor local disseminated garnet; calcite patches also host frequent white feldspar crystals & patches; heavily/massively carbonatized at</p> | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 15787 | 42.0 | 45.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 12 | |
| | | 15788 | 45.0 | 47.5 | 2.5 | | | | | 8 | |
| | | 15789 | 47.5 | 50.0 | 2.5 | | | | | 8 | |
| | | 15769 | 50.0 | 53.1 | 3.1 | | | tr | | | |
| | | 15770 | 53.1 | 57.5 | 4.4 | | | tr | | | |
| | | 15771 | 57.5 | 58.7 | 1.2 | | | tr | | | |
| | | 15790 | 58.7 | 60.8 | 2.1 | | | | | 17 | |
| | | 15791 | 60.8 | 63.0 | 2.2 | | | | | 8 | |
| | | 15792 | 63.0 | 66.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 5 | |
| | | 15793 | 66.0 | 69.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 6 | |
| | | 15794 | 69.0 | 72.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 5 | |
| | | 15795 | 72.0 | 75.0 | 3.0 | | | | | 8 | |

| Location | | Rajah | | Anomaly Deformation Zone | | D.D.H. No. KGRA-88-20 | |
|-----------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|--------|-----------------------|-----|
| Coordinates at Collar | | L400W/415N metric grid | | Azimuth 135° | | Dip -45° | |
| Claim No. | | K.895622 | | Logged By | | W.C. Hood | |
| Drilled By | | Kenora Soil and Drilling | | Start/Dec. | | 7/88 | |
| Core Size | | BQ | | Finish Dec. | | 11/88 | |
| Dip Test | | - | | Page | | 2 of 4 | |
| Footage | | GEOLOGY | | Sample | | Assays | |
| From | To | No. | From | To | Length | Au | Au |
| 104.7 | 113.2 | 15796 | 75.0 | 78.5 | 3.5 | OZ | ppb |
| | | 15797 | 78.5 | 82.0 | 3.5 | | 4 |
| | | 15798 | 82.0 | 85.3 | 3.3 | | 2 |
| | | 15772 | 85.3 | 87.8 | 2.5 | tr | 1 |
| | | 15799 | 87.8 | 90.0 | 2.2 | | 8 |
| | | 15800 | 90.0 | 93.0 | 3.0 | | 1 |
| | | 15801 | 93.0 | 96.0 | 3.0 | | 1 |
| | | 15802 | 96.0 | 99.0 | 3.0 | | 1 |
| | | 15803 | 99.0 | 102.0 | 3.0 | | 1 |
| | | 15804 | 102.0 | 104.5 | 2.5 | | 1 |
| | | 15805 | 104.5 | 107.0 | 2.5 | | 1 |
| | | 15773 | 107.0 | 110.4 | 3.4 | tr | |
| | | 15774 | 110.4 | 113.2 | 2.8 | tr | |
| | | 15806 | 113.2 | 115.9 | 2.7 | | 3 |
| 113.2 | 115.9 | | | | | | |
| 115.9 | 133.6 | | | | | | |
| 133.6 | 161.8 | | | | | | |

50.0-53.1, 57.5-58.7, 67.2-68.3, 85.3-87.8, & 94.3-97.9.

104.7 113.2 CARBONATIZED ANDESITE FRAGMENTAL: schistose section with 25% fragments & partings of chloritized/biotitized andesite and minor carbonatized feldspar crystals & patches in a matrix of fine-grained, white to grey calcite; minor greenish fuchsite (?); core angle 45° at 108.4.

113.2 115.9 SHEARED ANDESITE TUFF: fine-grained, grey, schistose; talcose, chloritic, sheared section.

115.9 133.6 DACITE/ANDESITE TUFF:
115.9-126.6 fine- to medium-grained, grey, schistose; crystal to locally lapilli tuff.

126.6-133.6 fine-grained, grey, schistose; mostly fine-grained andesite ash tuff with a band of feldspar crystal tuff at 130.7-131.6

133.6 161.8 DACITE TUFF: fine- to medium-grained, grey, schistose; crudely bedded section varying between ash & crystal tuff, with white

| Location | | Rajah | | Anomaly Deformation Zone | | D.D.H. No. KGRA-88-20 | |
|-----------------------|----|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|--------|-----------------------|------|
| Coordinates at Collar | | L400W/415N metric grid | | Azimuth 135° | | Dip -45° | |
| Claim No. K.895622 | | Logged By W.C. Hood | | Start Dec. 7/88 | | Finish Dec. 11/88 | |
| Drilled By | | Kenora Soil and Drilling | | Core Size BQ | | Dip Test - | |
| Footage | | GEOLOGY | | Sample | | Assays | |
| From | To | No. | From | To | Length | Au | Au |
| | | | | | | ppb | ppb |
| 161.8163.6 | | 15815 | 144.0 | 147.0 | 3.0 | 10 | |
| | | 15816 | 147.0 | 150.0 | 3.0 | 2 | |
| | | 15817 | 150.0 | 153.0 | 3.0 | 1 | |
| | | 15818 | 153.0 | 156.0 | 3.0 | 1 | |
| | | 15819 | 156.0 | 159.0 | 3.0 | 5 | 25 |
| | | 15820 | 159.0 | 161.7 | 2.7 | 10 | 2 |
| | | 15821 | 161.7 | 163.7 | 2.0 | 12 | 5 |
| 163.6245.0 | | 15822 | 163.7 | 165.8 | 2.1 | 1 | 5 |
| | | 15823 | 165.8 | 168.0 | 2.2 | 100 | 103 |
| | | 15824 | 168.0 | 171.0 | 3.0 | 67 | 53 |
| | | 15825 | 171.0 | 174.0 | 3.0 | 5 | 30 |
| | | 15836 | 174.0 | 177.0 | 3.0 | 5 | 6 |
| | | 15837 | 177.0 | 180.0 | 3.0 | 16 | 2 |
| | | 15838 | 180.0 | 183.0 | 3.0 | 5 | 7 |
| | | 15839 | 183.0 | 186.0 | 3.0 | 12 | 3 |
| | | 15840 | 186.0 | 189.0 | 3.0 | 10 | 2 |
| | | 15841 | 189.0 | 192.0 | 3.0 | 6 | 1 |
| | | 15842 | 192.0 | 195.0 | 3.0 | 8 | 4 |
| | | 15843 | 195.0 | 198.0 | 3.0 | 55 | 1 |
| | | 15844 | 198.0 | 201.0 | 3.0 | 61 | 2237 |
| | | 15845 | 201.0 | 204.0 | 3.0 | 116 | 8 |
| | | 15846 | 204.0 | 207.0 | 3.0 | 52 | 3 |
| | | 15847 | 207.0 | 210.0 | 3.0 | 32 | 5 |
| | | 15848 | 210.0 | 213.0 | 3.0 | 59 | 5 |
| | | 15849 | 213.0 | 216.0 | 3.0 | 11 | 4 |
| | | 15850 | 216.0 | 219.0 | 3.0 | 68 | 3 |

anhedral to euhedral feldspar crystals up to 1/10"; minor irregular veinlets; minor bleached patches with epidote-filled fractures; rare potassic alteration.

MAFIC TUFF: fine-grained, dark grey, schistose; amphibole-biotite-calcite schist unit with 60% black amphibole, 30% white to grey calcite, & 10% black biotite; trace pyrrhotite; top contact at 40°, lower contact at 39°.

DACITE TUFF: generally as at 133.4-161.8; locally fine bedded ash tuff; trace fine-grained disseminated pyrite in bleached zone at 163.6-164.2.

Au
ppb

| Location | | Roseman | | Anomaly | | Main Vein | | D.D.H. No. | | KGRS-88-21 | |
|-----------------------|------|---|--|-----------|------|-----------|-----|------------|--|-------------|--|
| Coordinates at Collar | | 705E/070N metric grid | | Azimuth | | 050° | | Dip | | -45° | |
| Claim No. | | K.1017840 | | Logged By | | W.C. Hood | | Start | | Dec. 16/88 | |
| Drilled By | | Kenora Soil and Drilling | | Core Size | | BQ | | Finish | | Dec. 18/88 | |
| Footage | | | | Dip Test | | | | | | Page 1 of 1 | |
| From | | To | | Sample | | No. | | From | | To | |
| | | | | | | | | Length | | Au | |
| 0 | 9.0 | CASING: boulder till, broken outcrop. | | | | | | | | | |
| 9.0 | 66.5 | MAFIC TUFF/FRAGMENTAL: fine-grained, brownish-grey to greenish-grey, schistose; drill hole almost directly down foliation - core angles range from 00 to 200, frequent biotitic, chloritic, carbonatized, and amphibolite layers; local minor py. | | | | | | | | | |
| 66.5 | 69.3 | QUARTZ VEIN: white to grey, glassy to sugary; mostly barren white quartz but locally patches & fracture controlled zones of grey quartz with sulphide mineralization; 1% pyrite, trace chalcocopyrite & molybdenite; trace pyrrhotite along lower contact; both contacts irregular. | | | | | | | | | |
| 69.3 | 87.0 | MAFIC TUFF/FRAGMENTAL: generally as at 9.0-66.5, but more amphibolite layers; cross-cutting fracture with quartz & coarse pyrite crystals at 74.9. | | | | | | | | | |
| 87.0 | 87.0 | END OF HOLE. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 15826 | 65.5 | 66.5 | 1.0 | tr | | | |
| | | | | 15827 | 66.5 | 69.4 | 2.9 | 0.06 | | | |
| | | | | 15828 | 69.4 | 70.4 | 1.0 | tr | | | |

William C. Hood

William C. Hood, P.Eng.

| Location | | Roseman | | Anomaly | | Main Vein | | D.D.H. No. | | KGRS-88-22 | |
|-----------------------|-------|--|--|-----------|--|-----------|------|------------|--------|------------|--|
| Coordinates at Collar | | 705E/070N metric grid | | Azimuth | | 050° | | Dip | | -65° | |
| Claim No. | | K.1017840 | | Logged By | | W.C. Hood | | Start | | Dec. 18/88 | |
| Drilled By | | Kenora Soil and Drilling | | Core Size | | BQ | | Dip Test | | - | |
| Footage | | | | GEOLOGY | | | | Sample | | Assays | |
| From | To | | | | | No. | From | To | Length | Au | |
| 0 | 3.0 | CASING: boulder till. | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.0 | 127.0 | <p>MAFIC TUFF/FRAGMENTAL: fine-grained, brownish-grey to greenish-grey, schistose; drill hole almost directly down foliation - core angles range from 0° to 20°; frequent biotitic, chloritic, carbonatized, and amphibolite layers; local minor pyrite, pyrrhotite, & chalcopyrite; narrow cross-cutting quartz-tourmaline vein at 46.3 with core angle at 20°; white to grey glassy quartz vein at 69.7-69.9; white to grey sugary quartz vein with 3% pyrite & 1% chalcopyrite at 72.4-72.9 - minor pyrite, pyrrhotite, & chalcopyrite in wall-rock at 72.2-72.4 and 72.9-73.1; grey sugary quartz vein with minor pyrite at 80.6-80.7; white to grey quartz vein with minor pyrite & pyrrhotite at 97.1-97.4; cross-cutting calcite-epidote fracture filling at 121.0-121.1.</p> | | | | 15829 | 67.0 | 69.3 | 2.3 | tr | |
| | | | | | | 15830 | 69.3 | 70.3 | 1.0 | 0.16 | |
| | | | | | | 15831 | 70.3 | 72.1 | 1.8 | tr | |
| | | | | | | 15832 | 72.1 | 73.1 | 1.0 | 0.10 | |
| | | | | | | 15833 | 73.1 | 75.1 | 2.0 | tr | |
| | | | | | | 15834 | 80.3 | 81.8 | 1.5 | tr | |
| | | | | | | 15835 | 96.7 | 97.7 | 1.0 | 0.06 | |
| | 127.0 | END OF HOLE. | | | | | | | | | |

William C. Hood

William C. Hood, P.Eng.

APPENDIX B
DESCRIPTION OF SAMPLES

DESCRIPTION OF SAMPLES FROM MAIN SHEAR

KGRJ 88 1:

Grab sample, rusty weathering, sheared, silicified zone with minor green diopside, 20% sugary quartz and 3% pyrrhotite.

KGRJ 88 2:

Composite grab sample, massive coarse grained green diopside with 5% quartz and 5% calcite.

KGRJ 88 3:

Grab sample, rusty weathering, banded rock containing 60% green diopside, 30% biotite schist and 5% white calcite.

KGRJ 88 4:

Composite grab sample, rusty, sheared gabbro with 2% disseminated pyrite and pyrrhotite.

KGRJ 88 5:

Grab sample, rusty, sheared, weakly banded gabbro with 10% diopside, 5% pyrrhotite in weak bands and trace chalcopyrite.

DESCRIPTION OF GRAB SAMPLES TAKEN BY AUTHOR FROM RAJAH PROPERTY.

- 1710 Rajah shaft dump. Two-centimetre quartz vein with pyrrhotite in altered chloritic mafic rock with pyrite stringers.
- 1711 Rajah #1 shaft dump. White quartz with thin chloritic laminae and minor pyrite.
- 1712 Rajah #1 shaft dump. White quartz with 5% pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite and chlorite stringers.
- 1713 Trench near Souman showing. Banded chert-pyrrhotite iron formation.
- 1714 #4 trench on Rajah. White to grey quartz with thin tourmaline partings.
- 1715 #4 trench on Rajah. Grey-black quartz with thin rust partings.
- 1716 #4 trench on Rajah. White-grey quartz 1% pyrite on fracture faces.
-

APPENDIX C
ASSAY AND ANALYSIS
CERTIFICATES

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
 5420 Canotek Road
 Ottawa, Ontario
 K1J 8X8
 (613) 749-2220 Telex 053-3233



Geochemical
 Lab Report

REPORT: 088-52902.0 (COMPLETE)

REFERENCE INFO:

CLIENT: W.C. HOOD GEOLOGICAL CONS.
 PROJECT: NGNE

SUBMITTED BY: W.C. HOOD
 DATE PRINTED: 6-OCT-88

| ORDER | ELEMENT | NUMBER OF ANALYSES | LOWER DETECTION LIMIT | EXTRACTION | METHOD |
|-------|----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Au Gold | 184 | 1 PPB | AQUA REGIA | FireAssay/DC Plasma |
| 2 | Au Rew Au Reweighs | 4 | 1 PPB | | |
| 3 | Au Rew Au Reweighs | 4 | 1 PPB | | |
| 4 | Testwt Fire Assay Test Wt. | 11 | 0.01 gms | | |

| SAMPLE TYPES | NUMBER | SIZE FRACTIONS | NUMBER | SAMPLE PREPARATIONS | NUMBER |
|------------------|--------|----------------|--------|---------------------|--------|
| ORGANIC OR HUMUS | 184 | -10 | 184 | Sieve -10 | 184 |

REMARKS: ALL SAMPLES WERE TOTALLY PREPARED.
 < MEANS LESS THAN

REPORT COPIES TO: BOX 1722
 KENORA GOLD OCCURRENCES

INVOICE TO: BOX 1722

REPORT: 088-52902.0

PROJECT: NONE

PAGE 1

| SAMPLE NUMBER | ELEMENT UNITS | Au PPB | Au Rew PPB | Au Rew PPB | Testwt gms | SAMPLE NUMBER | ELEMENT UNITS | Au PPB | Au Rew PPB | Au Rew PPB | Testwt gms |
|---------------|---------------|--------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|--------|------------|------------|------------|
| L0-1+70S | | 3 | | | | L3E-0+70N | | 2 | | | |
| L0-1+80S | | 3 | | | | L3E-0+60N | | <1 | | | |
| L0-1+90S | | <1 | | | | L3E-0+40N | | <1 | | | |
| L0-2+00S | | 9 | | | | L3E-0+20N | | 1 | | | |
| L0-2+10S | | 3 | | | | L3E-0+10N | | 3 | | | |
| L0-2+20S | | <1 | | | | L3E-0+00N | | 2 | | | |
| L70-1+60S | | 6 | | | | L3E-A | | 4 | | | 5.00 |
| L70-1+70S | | 7 | | | | L3E-B | | 8 | | | |
| L70-1+80S | | 7 | | | | L3E-C | | 9 | | | |
| L70-1+90S | | 8 | | | | L4E-A | | 6 | | | |
| L70-2+00S | | 14 | | | 5.00 | L4E-B | | <1 | | | |
| L70-2+10S | | 8 | | | | L4E-3+40N | | 2 | | | 5.00 |
| L70-2+20S | | 5 | | | | L4E-3+30N | | <2 | | | |
| L70-2+30S | | 5 | | | | L4E-3+20N | | 7 | | | |
| L3E-3+40N | | 6 | | | | L4E-3+10N | | <1 | | | |
| L3E-3+30N | | 8 | | | | L4E-3+00N | | 7 | | | |
| L3E-3+20N | | 7 | | | | L4E-2+90N | | 7 | | | |
| L3E-3+10N | | 5 | | | | L4E-2+80N | | 4 | | | |
| L3E-3+00N | | 3 | | | | L4E-2+60N | | 4 | | | |
| L3E-2+90N | | 4 | | | | L4E-2+50N | | 2 | | | |
| L3E-2+80N | | 5 | | | | L4E-2+40N | | 3 | | | |
| L3E-2+70N | | 5 | | | | L4E-2+30N | | 12 | | | 5.00 |
| L3E-2+60N | | <1 | | | | L4E-2+20N | | 2 | | | |
| L3E-2+50N | | 3 | | | | L4E-2+10N | | 5 | | | |
| L3E-2+40N | | <1 | | | | L4E-2+00N | | 5 | | | |
| L3E-2+30N | | <1 | | | | L4E-1+90N | | <2 | | | 5.00 |
| L3E-2+20N | | <1 | | | | L4E-1+80N | | 12 | | | 5.00 |
| L3E-2+10N | | <1 | | | | L4E-1+70N | | 8 | | | 5.00 |
| L3E-2+00N | | 4 | | | | L4E-1+60N | | 3 | | | |
| L3E-1+90N | | <1 | | | | L4E-1+50N | | 9 | | | |
| L3E-1+80N | | <1 | | | | L4E-1+40N | | 6 | | | |
| L3E-1+70N | | <1 | | | | L4E-1+30N | | 12 | | | |
| L3E-1+60N | | <1 | | | | L4E-1+20N | | 9 | | | |
| L3E-1+50N | | <1 | | | | L4E-1+10N | | 5 | | | |
| L3E-1+40N | | 2 | | | | L4E-1+00N | | 5 | | | |
| L3E-1+30N | | <1 | | | | L4E-0+90N | | 11 | | | |
| L3E-1+20N | | 5 | | | | L4E-0+80N | | 1 | | | |
| L3E-1+10N | | <1 | | | | L4E-0+70N | | 3 | | | |
| L3E-1+00N | | 4 | | | | L4E-0+60N | | 4 | | | |
| L3E-0+80N | | <1 | | | | L4E-0+50N | | 10 | | | |

BLACK STURGEON
 SOIL GEOCHEM

ROSEMAN

ROSEMAN IRON FORMATION
 SOIL GEOCHEM

REPORT: 088-52902.0

PROJECT: NONE

PAGE 2

| SAMPLE NUMBER | ELEMENT UNITS | Au PPB | Au Rew PPB | Au Rew PPB | Testwt gms | SAMPLE NUMBER | ELEMENT UNITS | Au PPB | Au Rew PPB | Au Rew PPB | Testwt gms |
|---------------|---------------|--------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|--------|------------|------------|------------|
| L4E-0+40N | | 20 | 73 | 18 | ROSEMAN | L6E-3+10N | | 6 | | | |
| L4E-0+30N | | 3 | | | | L6E-3+00N | | 7 | | | |
| L4E-0+20N | | 3 | | | | L6E-2+90N | | 9 | | | |
| L4E-0+10N | | 8 | | | | L6E-2+80N | | 14 | | | |
| L4E-0+00N | | 1 | | | | L6E-2+70N | | 27 | 2 | 2 | |
| L5E-3+40N | | 2 | | | L6E-2+60N | | 6 | | | | |
| L5E-3+30N | | 2 | | | L6E-2+50N | | 10 | | | | |
| L5E-3+20N | | <1 | | | L6E-2+40N | | 13 | | | | |
| L5E-3+10N | | 9 | | | L6E-2+30N | | 4 | | | | |
| L5E-3+00N | | 2 | | | L6E-2+20N | | 11 | | | | |
| L5E-2+90N | | 2 | | | L6E-2+10N | | 6 | | | | |
| L5E-2+80N | | 4 | | | L6E-2+00N | | 6 | | | | |
| L5E-2+70N | | 3 | | | L6E-1+90N | | <1 | | | | |
| L5E-2+60N | | 3 | | | L6E-1+80N | | <1 | | | | |
| L5E-2+50N | | 4 | | | L6E-1+70N | | <1 | | | | |
| L5E-2+40N | | 4 | | | L6E-1+60N | | <1 | | | | |
| L5E-2+30N | | 3 | | | L6E-1+50N | | <1 | | | | |
| L5E-2+20N | | 4 | | | L6E-1+40N | | 12 | | | | |
| L5E-2+10N | | 1 | | | L6E-1+30N | | <1 | | | | |
| L5E-2+00N | | 3 | | | L6E-1+20N | | <1 | | | | |
| L5E-1+90N | | 2 | | | L6E-1+10N | | 1 | | | | |
| L5E-1+80N | | 2 | | | L6E-1+00N | | <1 | | | | |
| L5E-1+70N | | 2 | | | L6E-0+90N | | 29 | 6 | 8 | | |
| L5E-1+60N | | 6 | | | L6E-0+80N | | 3 | | | | |
| L5E-1+50N | | 5 | | | L6E-0+70N | | 1 | | | | |
| L5E-1+40N | | 4 | | | L6E-0+60N | | 2 | | | | |
| L5E-1+30N | | 5 | | | L6E-0+50N | | 9 | | | | |
| L5E-1+20N | | 5 | | | L6E-0+40N | | 2 | | | | |
| L5E-1+10N | | 17 | | | L6E-0+30N | | 2 | | | | |
| L5E-1+00N | | 2 | | | L6E-0+20N | | <1 | | | | |
| L5E-0+90N | | 9 | | | L6E-0+10N | | 1 | | | | |
| L5E-0+80N | | 7 | | | L6E-0+00N | | 2 | | | | |
| L5E-0+70N | | 11 | | | L7E-3+10N | | 2 | | | | |
| L5E-0+60N | | 36 | 7 | 12 | L7E-3+00N | | <1 | | | | |
| L5E-0+50N | | 9 | | | L7E-2+90N | | 3 | | | | |
| L5E-0+40N | | 4 | | | L7E-2+80N | | 4 | | | | |
| L5E-0+30N | | 8 | | | L7E-2+70N | | 3 | | | | |
| L5E-0+20N | | 5 | | | L7E-2+60N | | 3 | | | | |
| L5E-0+10N | | 8 | | | L7E-2+50N | | 5 | | | | |
| L5E-0+00N | | 10 | | | L7E-2+40N | | 2 | | | | |



| SAMPLE | AU PPB |
|--------|-----------------|
| 001 | 30 |
| 002 | 8 |
| 003 | 21 |
| 004 | 24 |
| 005 | 21 |
| 006 | 160 |
| 007 | 99 |
| 008 | 28 |
| 009 | 40 |
| 010 | 17 |
| 011 | 17 |
| 012 | 15 |
| 013 | 17 |
| 014 | 17 |
| 015 | 11 |
| 016 | 15 |
| 017 | 12 |
| 018 | 13 |
| 019 | 3 |
| 020 | 14 |
| 021 | 9 |
| 022 | 9 |
| 023 | 22 |
| 024 | 13 |
| 025 | 13 |
| 026 | 12 |
| 027 | 15 |
| 028 | 12 |
| 029 | 11 |
| 030 | 11 |
| 031 | 5 |
| 032 | 6 |
| 033 | 8 |
| 034 | 9 |
| 035 | 11 |
| 036 | 6 |
| 037 | 11 |
| 038 | 9 |
| 039 | 15 |
| 040 | 12 |
| 041 | 9 42 |
| 042 | 12 |
| 043 | 17 |
| 044 | 13 |
| 045 | 7 |
| 046 | 11 |
| 047 | 15 |
| 048 | 19 |
| 049 | 14 |
| 050 | 12 |



| SAMPLE | AU PPB |
|--------|--------|
| 051 | 8 |
| 052 | 11 |
| 053 | 11 |
| 054 | 2 |
| 055 | 9 |
| 056 | 10 |
| 057 | 10 |
| 058 | 7 |
| 059 | 8 |
| 060 | 8 |



REPORT: 017-6778 (COMPLETE)

REFERENCE INFO:

CLIENT: J.A. GOODWIN
PROJECT: NONE

SUBMITTED BY: J.A. GOODWIN
DATE PRINTED: 14-DEC-87

| ORDER | ELEMENT | NUMBER OF ANALYSES | LOWER DETECTION LIMIT | EXTRACTION | METHOD |
|-------|---------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------------------|
| 1 | Au Gold | 17 | 5 PPB | AQUA REGIA | EA-AA @ 30 gm weight |

| SAMPLE TYPES | NUMBER | SIZE FRACTIONS | NUMBER | SAMPLE PREPARATIONS | NUMBER |
|--------------|--------|----------------|--------|----------------------|--------|
| ROCK | 17 | -200 | 17 | CRUSH,PULVERIZE -200 | 17 |

REMARKS: 1710 WAS REC'D IN DUPLICATE AND WAS GIVEN A&B DESIGNATION BY BCC.

< MEANS LESS THAN.

> MEANS GREATER THAN.

SIX SAMPLES WERE RE-ANALYZED IN DUPLICATE FOR

AU. THE ADDITIONAL RESULTS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

| | | | |
|------|---------------|------|-----------------|
| 1702 | 2570 AND 3935 | 1714 | 73790 AND 61390 |
| 1704 | 1970 AND 1560 | 1715 | 33725 AND 37325 |
| 1706 | 1700 AND 1240 | 1716 | 12260 |

REPORT COPIES TO: MR. GOODWIN

INVOICE TO: MR. GOODWIN

WAO



REPORT: 017-6778

PROJECT: NONE

PAGE 1

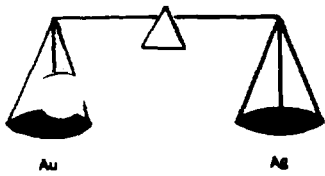
| SAMPLE NUMBER | ELEMENT UNITS | AU PPB |
|---------------|---------------|--------|
| 1701 | | 55 |
| 1702 | | 4165 |
| 1703 | | <5 |
| 1704 | | 1380 |
| 1705 | | 85 |
| 1706 | | 170 |
| 1707 | | 505 |
| 1708 | | <5 |
| 1709 | | <5 |
| 1710(A) | | 430 |

| | | |
|---------|--|--------|
| 1710(B) | | <5 |
| 1711 | | 615 |
| 1712 | | <5 |
| 1713 | | 150 |
| 1714 | | >20000 |

RAJAH #2 SHAFT DUMP
 RAJAH #1 SHAFT DUMP
 ——— || ———
 ——— || ———
 PIT # 4

| | | |
|------|--|--------|
| 1715 | | >20000 |
| 1716 | | 12940 |

PIT # 4
 PIT # 4



PAUL'S CUSTOM FIRE ASSAYING LTD.

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PAUL OKANSKI, Assayer
Box 253, Cochenour, Ontario P0V 1L0

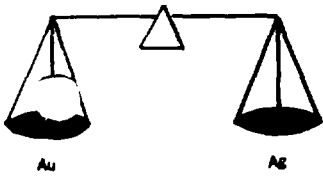
Kenora Gold Occurrences

ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Dec. 14-88

| | Sample No. | Description | oz/ton Au | oz/ton Ag |
|----|------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| 1 | 15767 | RAJAH DEFORMATION ZONE DRILL HOLE KERA-88-20 | Trace | |
| 2 | 68 | ————— 11 ————— | .01 | |
| 3 | 69 | ————— 11 ————— | Trace | |
| 4 | 70 | ————— 11 ————— | " | |
| 5 | 71 | ————— 11 ————— | " | |
| 6 | 72 | ————— 11 ————— | " | |
| 7 | 73 | ————— 11 ————— | " | |
| 8 | 74 | ————— 11 ————— | " | |
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| 25 | | | | |

Assayer:



PAUL'S CUSTOM FIRE ASSAYING LTD.

Phone: Bus. (807) 662-8171
Res. (807) 662-3361

PAUL OKANSKI, Assayer
Box 253, Cochenour, Ontario P0V 1L0

Kenora Gold Occurrences Ltd. ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Jan. 3-89

| Sample No. | Description | oz/ton Au | oz/ton Ag |
|------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| 1 15826 | RAJAH-ROSEMAN PROPERTY: DRILL HOLE 88-21 | Trace | |
| 2 27 | ———— " ———— | .06 | |
| 3 28 | ———— " ———— | Trace | |
| 4 29 | DRILL HOLE 88-22 | " | |
| 5 30 | ———— " ———— | .16 | |
| 6 31 | ———— " ———— | Trace | |
| 7 32 | ———— " ———— | .10 | |
| 8 33 | ———— " ———— | Trace | |
| 9 34 | ———— " ———— | " | |
| 10 35 | ———— " ———— | .06 | |
| 11 | | | |
| 12 | | | |
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| 24 | | | |
| 25 | | | |

Assayer: *Paul Okanski*

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
 5420 Canotek Road
 Ottawa, Ontario
 K1J 8X5
 (613) 749-2220 Telex 053-3233



Geochemical
 Lab Report

REPORT: 089-50098.0 (COMPLETE)

REFERENCE INFO:

CLIENT: KEMURA GOLD
 PROJECT: NONE

SUBMITTED BY:
 DATE PRINTED: 20-JAN-89

| ORDER | ELEMENT | NUMBER OF ANALYSES | LOWER DETECTION LIMIT | EXTRACTION | METHOD |
|-------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Au Gold | 79 | 1 PPB | AQUA REGIA | FireAssay/DC Plasma |
| 2 | Au Res Au Residues | 22 | 1 PPB | | |
| 3 | Au Res Au Residues | 12 | 1 PPB | | |
| 4 | Au Res Gold Residues | 1 | 1 PPB | | |

| SAMPLE TYPES | NUMBER | SIZE FRACTIONS | NUMBER | SAMPLE PREPARATIONS | NUMBER |
|--------------|--------|----------------|--------|------------------------|--------|
| DRILL CORE | 79 | -200 | 79 | CUSTOMER VERIFIED FLOC | 79 |

REMARKS: RESULTS WERE RETESTED AGAIN FOR SAMPLE 08944
 RESULTS AS FOLLOWS: KI
 < MEANS LESS THAN

REPORT COPIES TO: 502-80 RICHMOND ST. W.
 W.D. HOOD GEOLOGICAL CO.

INVOICE TO: 502-80 RICHMOND ST. W.

REPORT: 034-50038.D

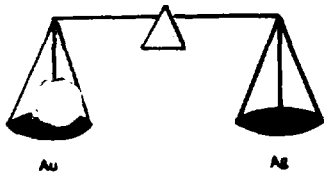
PROJECT: NDRE

PAGE 1

| SAMPLE NUMBER | ELEMENT UNITS | AU PPB | AU PPW | AU PPB | AU PPW | SAMPLE NUMBER | ELEMENT UNITS | AU PPB | AU PPW | AU PPB | AU PPW |
|---------------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 15775 | | 8 | | | | 15805 | | 10 | | | |
| 15776 | | 6 | | | | 15806 | | 2 | | | |
| 15777 | | 3 | | | | 15807 | | 10 | | | |
| 15778 | | 5 | | | | 15808 | | 10 | | | |
| 15779 | | 7 | | | | 15809 | | 5 | 15 | | |
| 15780 | | 3 | | | | 15810 | | 10 | 2 | | |
| 15781 | | 5 | | | | 15811 | | 10 | 5 | | |
| 15782 | | 2 | | | | 15812 | | 10 | 5 | | |
| 15783 | | 4 | | | | 15813 | | 100 | 100 | | |
| 15784 | | 3 | | | | 15814 | | 50 | 50 | | |
| 15785 | | 5 | | | | 15815 | | 5 | 10 | | |
| 15786 | | 11 | | | | 15816 | | 5 | 5 | | |
| 15787 | | 10 | | | | 15817 | | 10 | 2 | | |
| 15788 | | 8 | | | | 15818 | | 5 | 7 | | |
| 15789 | | 6 | | | | 15819 | | 10 | 5 | 4 | |
| 15790 | | 17 | | | | 15820 | | 10 | 2 | 2 | |
| 15791 | | 6 | | | | 15821 | | 6 | 10 | 10 | |
| 15792 | | 5 | | | | 15822 | | 8 | 4 | 2 | |
| 15793 | | 6 | | | | 15823 | | 55 | 10 | | |
| 15794 | | 5 | | | | 15824 | | 60 | 2200 | 10 | 3 |
| 15795 | | 8 | | | | 15825 | | 100 | 5 | 5 | |
| 15796 | | 4 | | | | 15826 | | 50 | 3 | 30 | |
| 15797 | | 2 | | | | 15827 | | 50 | 5 | 7 | |
| 15798 | | 1 | | | | 15828 | | 50 | 5 | 3 | |
| 15799 | | 8 | | | | 15829 | | 10 | 4 | 10 | |
| 15800 | | <1 | | | | 15830 | | 10 | 1 | 1 | |
| 15801 | | <1 | | | | 15831 | | 15 | | | |
| 15802 | | <1 | | | | 15832 | | 6 | | | |
| 15803 | | <1 | | | | 15833 | | 20 | | | |
| 15804 | | <1 | | | | 15834 | | 25 | | | |
| 15805 | | <1 | | | | 15835 | | 100 | | | |
| 15806 | | 3 | | | | 15836 | | 47 | | | |
| 15807 | | <1 | | | | 15837 | | 5 | | | |
| 15808 | | <1 | | | | 15838 | | 99 | | | |
| 15809 | | <1 | | | | 15839 | | 10 | | | |
| 15810 | | 1 | | | | 15840 | | 14 | | | |
| 15811 | | 5 | | | | 15841 | | 10 | | | |
| 15812 | | 7 | | | | 15842 | | 5 | | | |
| 15813 | | <1 | | | | 15843 | | 15 | | | |
| 15814 | | <1 | | | | | | | | | |

RAJAH DEFORMATION ZONE
 DRILL HOLE 68-20





PAUL'S CUSTOM FIRE ASSAYING LTD.

Phone: Bus. (807) 662-8171
Res. (807) 662-3361

PAUL OKANSKI, Assayer
Box 253, Cochenour, Ontario POV 1L0

Kenora Gold Occurrences Ltd

ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Dec. 8, 1988.

| Sample No. | Description | oz/ton Au | oz/ton Ag |
|---------------------|--|----------------|-----------|
| 1 15763 | RAJAH DEFORMATION ZONE GRAB | .16 | |
| 2 64 | | .02 | |
| 3 65 | | .02 | |
| 4 66 | PRINCESS DDH KGPS-88-12 | .01 | |
| 5 88-1 | KGRT RAJAH DEFORMATION ZONE GRAB | .02 | |
| 6 2 | " ——— 11 ——— | .01 | |
| 7 3 | " ——— 11 ——— | Trace | |
| 8 4 | " ——— 11 ——— | .02 | |
| 9 5 | " ——— 11 ——— | .02 | |
| 10 88-54 | KGBS OLD SHAFT, 1200' N OF BLACK STURGEON | .01 | |
| 11 55 | " SHAFT - GRAB SAMPLES FROM DUMP | .02 | |
| 12 56 | " ——— 11 ——— | .10 | |
| 13 57 | " ——— 11 ——— | .04 | |
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| 25 | | | |

Assayer:



J. A. GOODWIN
PROJECT GENERATION AND MANAGEMENT
4219 TRELIS CRESCENT, MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO, CANADA. L5L 2M1
TEL: (416) 820 - 3295

CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, John A. Goodwin, do hereby swear that:

- I reside at 4219 Trellis Crescent, Mississauga, Ontario. L5L 2M1;
- My occupation is that of a consulting and contracting geologist;
- I graduated from London University, Great Britain, in 1972 with a BSc. Degree in Geology;
- I have 17 years experience as a geologist in mineral exploration and related fields, including gold exploration programs in Ontario, the Northwest Territories and abroad;
- I am a fellow of the Geological Association of Canada;
- I have no direct or indirect financial interest in the Rajah/Roseman property;
- This report is based on several visits to the property and supervision of the exploration program.

This done and signed on the 30th day of January, 1989.





GEOPHYSICAL - GEOLOGICAL - GEOCHEMICAL TECHNICAL DATA STATEMENT

TO BE ATTACHED AS AN APPENDIX TO TECHNICAL REPORT
FACTS SHOWN HERE NEED NOT BE REPEATED IN REPORT
TECHNICAL REPORT MUST CONTAIN INTERPRETATION, CONCLUSIONS ETC.

Type of Survey(s) Geochemical, prospecting, stripping, drilling

Township or Area Jaffray

Claim Holder(s) Kenora Gold Occurrences Inc.

Survey Company see attached list

Author of Report J.A. Goodwin, FGAC

Address of Author 4219 Trellis Cres, Miss, Ont. L5L 2M1

Covering Dates of Survey Aug. 1st to Dec. 30th, 1988.
(linecutting to office)

Total Miles of Line Cut see accompanying geophys. rpt.

MINING CLAIMS TRAVERSED
List numerically

(prefix) (number)

K 895621

895622

895623

1003745

1017839

1017840

1017924

1017925

1017926

1017927

1017928

1017929

1017930

1017931

1017976

1017977

TOTAL CLAIMS _____

SPECIAL PROVISIONS
CREDITS REQUESTED

DAYS
per claim.

ENTER 40 days (includes
line cutting) for first
survey.

ENTER 20 days for each
additional survey using
same grid.

Geophysical

-Electromagnetic _____

-Magnetometer _____

-Radiometric _____

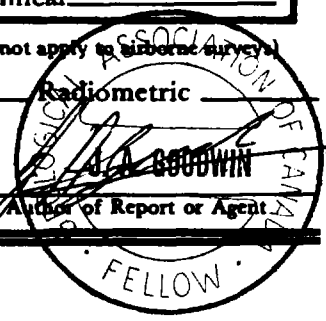
-Other _____

Geochemical

AIRBORNE CREDITS (Special provision credits do not apply to airborne surveys)

Magnetometer _____ Electromagnetic _____ Radiometric _____
(enter days per claim)

DATE: 30-01-89 SIGNATURE: J.A. GOODWIN
Author of Report or Agent



Res. Geol. _____ Qualifications _____

Previous Surveys

Table with 4 columns: File No., Type, Date, Claim Holder. Multiple rows for data entry.

OFFICE USE ONLY

If space insufficient, attach list

GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY - PROCEDURE RECORD

1017839, 1017840

Numbers of claims from which samples taken _____

Total Number of Samples 170

Type of Sample Humus
(Nature of Material)

Average Sample Weight 200g

Method of Collection manual

Soil Horizon Sampled A

Horizon Development _____

Sample Depth _____

Terrain _____

Drainage Development _____

Estimated Range of Overburden Thickness _____

SAMPLE PREPARATION

(Includes drying, screening, crushing, ashing)

Mesh size of fraction used for analysis _____

see appendix C of report

General _____

~~This is for soil geochemical survey only. Details of Drill and trench samples given in Appendices A and C of report.~~

ANALYTICAL METHODS

Values expressed in: per cent
SEE APPENDIX C OF ~~REPORT~~
p. p. b.

Cu, Pb, Zn, Ni, Co, Ag, Mo, As, -(circle)

Others _____

Field Analysis (_____ tests)

Extraction Method _____

Analytical Method _____

Reagents Used _____

Field Laboratory Analysis

No. (_____ tests)

Extraction Method _____

Analytical Method _____

Reagents Used _____

Commercial Laboratory (_____ tests)

Name of Laboratory _____

Extraction Method _____

Analytical Method _____

Reagents Used _____

General _____

CONTRACTORS AND PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN PROGRAM

GEOPHYSICS:

See accompanying geophysical report.

GEOCHEMISTRY:

G.Zeebruck, RR #1, Airport Road, Kenora, Ont. P9N 3W7

PROSPECTING, GEOLOGY AND DRILL SUPERVISION:

W.C.HOOD, Box 1722, Beausijour, Manitoba. ROE 0C0

J.A.Goodwin, 4219 Trellis Cres. Mississauga, Ontario. L5L 2M1

G.Zeebruck (see above)

DRILLING:

Kenora Soil and Drilling, Box 109, Kenora, Ont. P9N 3X1

A.Falardean, Salt Spring Is, B.C.

H.Kipling, Manigotagan, Man.

A.Brandt, Bisset, Man.

R.Ivorson, Kenora, Ont.

O.Olafson, Kenora, Ont.

G.Ivorson, Kenora, Ont.

TRENCHING:

Kenora Soil and Drilling (see above).

Devlin Timber Ltd. Kenora, Ont.

G.Zeebruck (see above).

* NOTE GEOCHEMICAL REPORT WAS A SMALL PART OF A LARGER REPORT SUBMITTED UNDER EXPENDITURE CREDITS

MAN DAYS Assessment Work Breakdown
WERE FOR COLLECTING SAMPLES ONLY

Man Days are based on eight (8) hour Technical or Line-cutting days. Technical days include work performed by consultants, draftsmen, etc..

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Type of Survey | | | | | | |
| GEOCHEMICAL (SAMPLING ONLY) | | | | | | |
| Technical Days | | Technical Days Credits | Line-cutting Days | Total Credits | No. of Claims | Days per Claim |
| 3 | X | 7 | = | 21 | + | |
| | | | | = | 21 | + |
| | | | | | 2 | = |
| | | | | | | 10.5 |

| | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Type of Survey | | | | | | |
| Technical Days | | Technical Days Credits | Line-cutting Days | Total Credits | No. of Claims | Days per Claim |
| | X | 7 | = | | + | |
| | | | | = | | + |
| | | | | | | = |
| | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Type of Survey | | | | | | |
| Technical Days | | Technical Days Credits | Line-cutting Days | Total Credits | No. of Claims | Days per Claim |
| | X | 7 | = | | + | |
| | | | | = | | + |
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|----------------|---|------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Type of Survey | | | | | | |
| Technical Days | | Technical Days Credits | Line-cutting Days | Total Credits | No. of Claims | Days per Claim |
| | X | 7 | = | | + | |
| | | | | = | | + |
| | | | | | | = |
| | | | | | | |



52E16SW0046 2.12346 JAFFRAY

900

W8901-96

Mining Act

LANDS - DO NOT USE SHEDD AREA SURVEY

Type of Survey(s): **GEOCHEMICAL**
 Claim Holder(s): **GEORGE R. ZEBRUCK**
 Address: **RR#1 AIRPORT RD. KENORA ONT.**
 Survey Company: **KENORA GOLD OCCURRENCES INC.**
 Name and Address of Author (of Geo-Technical report): **J.A. GOODWIN, FGAC 4219 TRELIS CRES MISSISSAUGA ONT. L5L 2M1**

| Special Provisions | Geophysical | Days per Claim |
|--|-------------------|----------------|
| For first survey: Enter 40 days. (This includes line cutting) | - Electromagnetic | |
| | - Magnetometer | |
| For each additional survey: using the same grid: Enter 20 days (for each) | - Radiometric | |
| | - Other | |
| | Geological | |
| | Geochemical | |
| Man Days Complete reverse side and enter total(s) here | Geophysical | Days per Claim |
| | - Electromagnetic | |
| | - Magnetometer | |
| | - Radiometric | |
| | - Other | |
| | Geological | |
| | Geochemical | 10.5 |
| Airborne Credits Note: Special provisions credits do not apply to Airborne Surveys. | Electromagnetic | |
| | Magnetometer | |
| | Radiometric | |

| Mining Claims Traversed (List in numerical sequence) | | | Mining Claims Traversed (List in numerical sequence) | | |
|--|---------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|------------------|
| Prefix | Mining Claim Number | Expend. Days Cr. | Prefix | Mining Claim Number | Expend. Days Cr. |
| K | 1017839 | | | | |
| | 1017840 | | | | |

RECEIVED

APR 12 1989

MINING LANDS SEC

APR 20 1989

Total number of mining claims covered by this report of work.

2

1003745

For Office Use Only

| | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Total Days Cr. Recorded | Date Recorded | Mining Recorder |
| 21 | APR 10 1989 | John Rivett |
| | Date Approved as Recorded | Branch Director |
| | 12 May 89 | McLoughlin |

Recorded Holder or Agent (Signature)
 m 10/89 [Signature]

Verification Verifying Report of Work

I hereby certify that I have a personal and intimate knowledge of the facts set forth in the Report of Work annexed hereto, having performed the work witnessed same during and/or after its completion and the annexed report is true.

Name and Postal Address of Person Certifying:
GEORGE R. ZEBRUCK RR#1 AIRPORT RD. KENORA ONT. P9N 3W7

Date Certified: **Apr 10/89**
 Certified by (Signature): [Signature]

* NOTE GEOCHEMICAL REPORT WAS A SMALL PART OF A LARGER REPORT SUBMITTED UNDER EXPENDITURE CREDITS

MAN DAYS Assessment Work Breakdown
WERE FOR COLLECTING SAMPLES ONLY

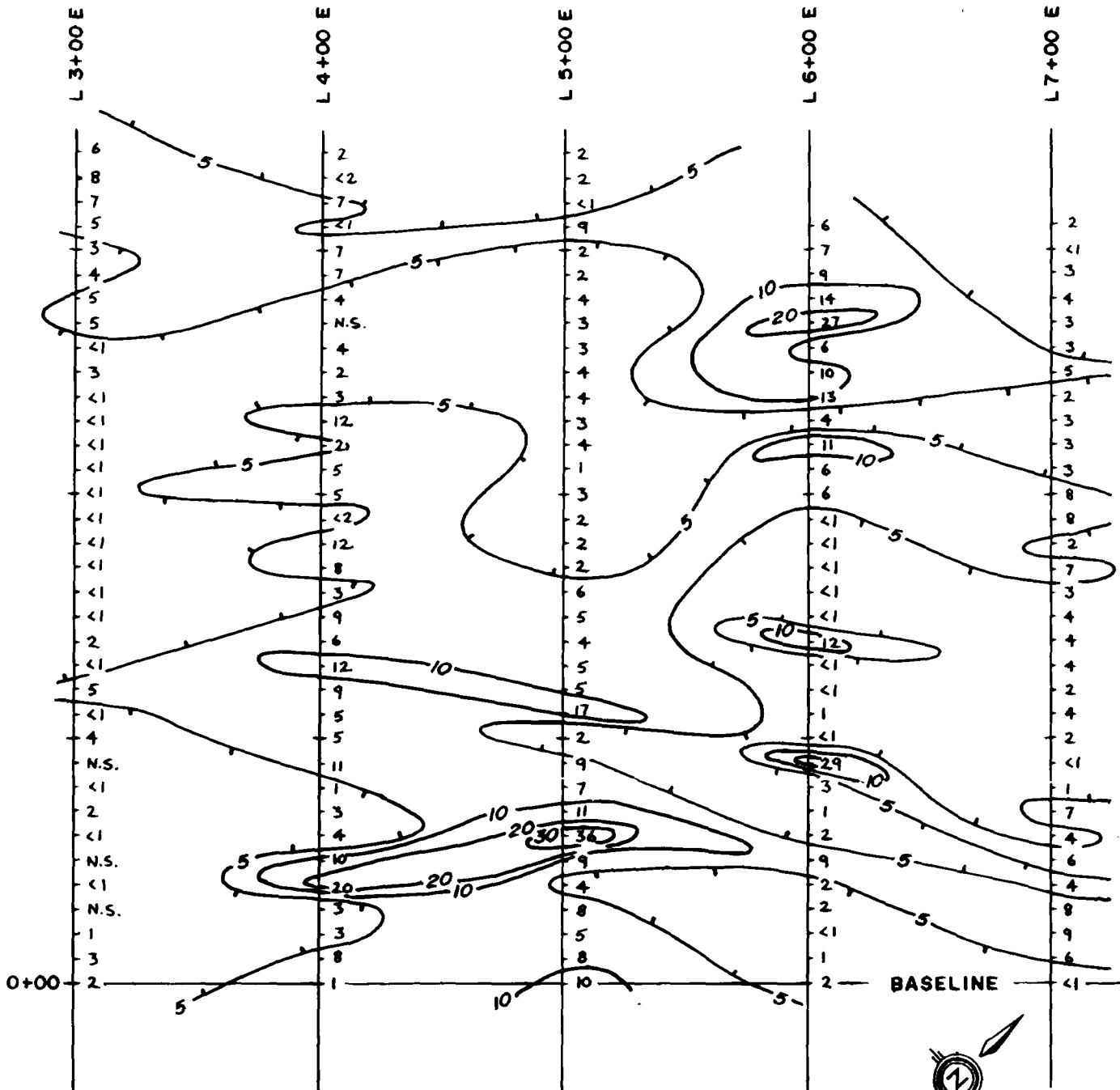
Man Days are based on eight (8) hour Technical or Line-cutting days. Technical days include work performed by consultants, draftsmen, etc..

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Type of Survey | | | | | | |
| GEOCHEMICAL (SAMPLING ONLY) | | | | | | |
| Technical Days | | Technical Days Credits | Line-cutting Days | Total Credits | No. of Claims | Days per Claim |
| 3 | X | 7 | = | 21 | + | [] |
| | | | | = | 21 | + |
| | | | | | = | 2 |
| | | | | | | = |
| | | | | | | 10.5 |

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|----------------|---|------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Type of Survey | | | | | | |
| Technical Days | | Technical Days Credits | Line-cutting Days | Total Credits | No. of Claims | Days per Claim |
| [] | X | 7 | = | [] | + | [] |
| | | | | = | [] | + |
| | | | | | = | [] |
| | | | | | | = |
| | | | | | | [] |

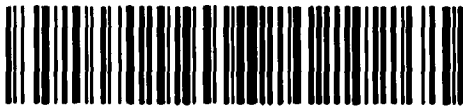
| | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Type of Survey | | | | | | |
| Technical Days | | Technical Days Credits | Line-cutting Days | Total Credits | No. of Claims | Days per Claim |
| [] | X | 7 | = | [] | + | [] |
| | | | | = | [] | + |
| | | | | | = | [] |
| | | | | | | = |
| | | | | | | [] |

| | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Type of Survey | | | | | | |
| Technical Days | | Technical Days Credits | Line-cutting Days | Total Credits | No. of Claims | Days per Claim |
| [] | X | 7 | = | [] | + | [] |
| | | | | = | [] | + |
| | | | | | = | [] |
| | | | | | | = |
| | | | | | | [] |



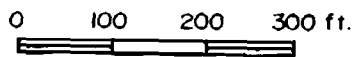
2. 12346

NOTE: VALUES = ppb Au IN HUMUS



52E16SW0046 2.12346 JAFFRAY

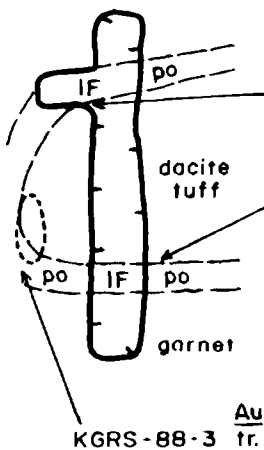
210



| | | |
|---|---------------|-----------|
| KENORA GOLD OCCURRENCES INC. | | |
| RAJAH/ROSEMAN PROPERTY Jaffray Township, District of Kenora Northwestern Ontario | | |
| GEOCHEMICAL SAMPLING GOLD IN HUMUS ROSEMAN IRON FORMATION | | |
| DATE: JAN. 1989 | SCALE: 1 2500 | FIGURE# 1 |

L 5+00 E

ROSEMAN IRON FORMATION TRENCH

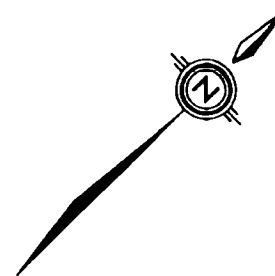


KGRS-88-2 Au tr.

KGRS-88-1 Au tr.

KGRS-88-3 Au tr.

L 6+00 E



L 7+00 E

ROSEMAN VEIN TRENCH

KBR8-88-21
88-22



py
cpy
mo

ROSEMAN QUARTZ VEIN
(HOST: MAFIC VOLCANICS)

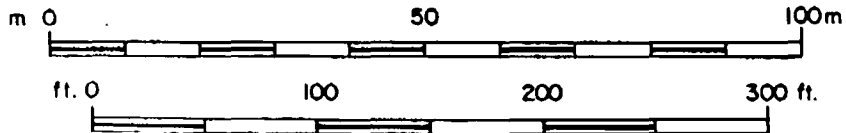
2. 12346

0+00 - BASELINE



52E16SW0046 2.12346 JAFFRAY

220



LEGEND

- IF IRON FORMATION
- po PYRRHOTITE
- py PYRITE
- cpy CHALCOPYRITE
- mo MOLYBDENITE
- DRILL HOLE
- TRENCH
- QUARTZ VEIN
- Au tr. GOLD VALUE IN oz./ton

KENORA GOLD OCCURRENCES INC.

RAJAH/ROSEMAN PROPERTY

Jaffray Township, District of Kenora
Northwestern Ontario

ROSEMAN OCCURRENCES TRENCH GEOLOGY & SAMPLING

DATE: JAN. 1989

SCALE: 1:1

FIGURE # 3

South

North

4+00N

SURFACE

88-20

12

0.01
3.6

-50'

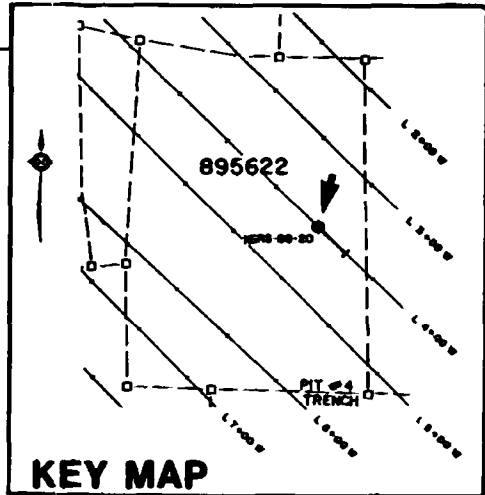
13

14

-100'

15

7



KEY MAP

2. 12346

LEGEND

- 1 Granodiorite
- 2 Sheared granodiorite
- 3 Quartz vein
- 4 Diorite
- 5 Sheared & altered diorite
- 6 Intermediate dyke
- 7 Mafic volcanic
- 8 Granite aplite
- 9 Sheared & altered mafic volcanic
- 10 Felsic sill
- 11 Calcite vein & Magnetite, sulphides
- 12 Gabbro
- 13 Andesite fragmental
- 14 Carbonatized andesite fragmental
- 15 Dacitic tuff

0.10 oz/ton Au
4.2 sample length (feet)

KENORA GOLD OCCURRENCES INC.

RAJAH/ROSEMAN PROPERTY
Jaffray Township, District of Kenora
Northwestern Ontario

**Diamond Drill Hole
Cross-Section 4+00 W
DDH# 88-20**

LOOKING NORTH

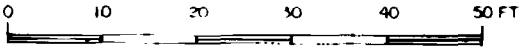
DATE JAN 1989 SCALE: 1" = 20' FIGURE# 4



52E16SW0046 2.12346 JAFFRAY

230

SCALE: 1" = 20'



88-20 (257')



88-20

GABBRO

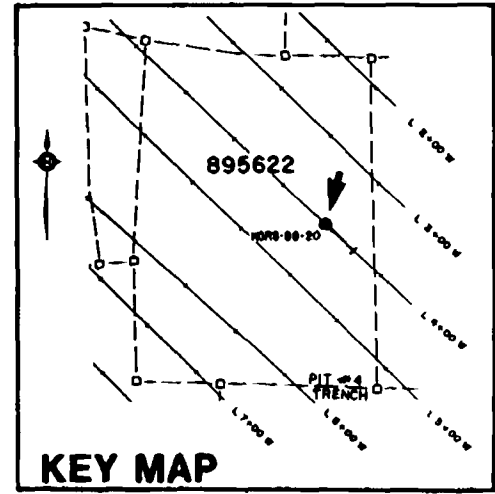
0.01

tr tr tr

SHEARED, CARBONATIZED ANDESITE / DACITE FRAGMENTALS

tr

tr tr



LEGEND

88-20

DRILL HOLE

FIRE ASSAY RESULT:
oz/1 Au OVER INDICATED
CORE LENGTH.

GEOCHEMICAL
ANALYSIS RESULT.

F AA/PLASMA, ppb Au OVER
INDICATED CORE LENGTH.

Graphed at scale 1" = 40 ppb Au.

Axis of geophysical anomaly.

DACITE TUFF

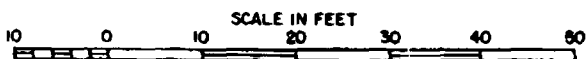
2.12346

2237 ppb
(0.074 oz/1)



52E16SW0046 2.12346 JAFFRAY

240



KENORA GOLD OCCURRENCES INC.

**RAJAH/ROSEMAN
PROPERTY**

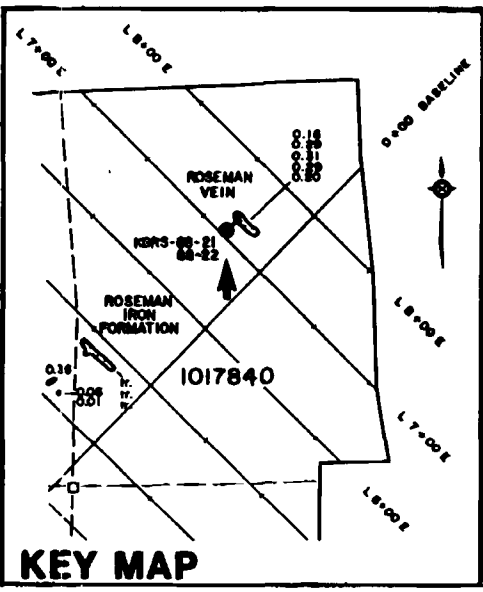
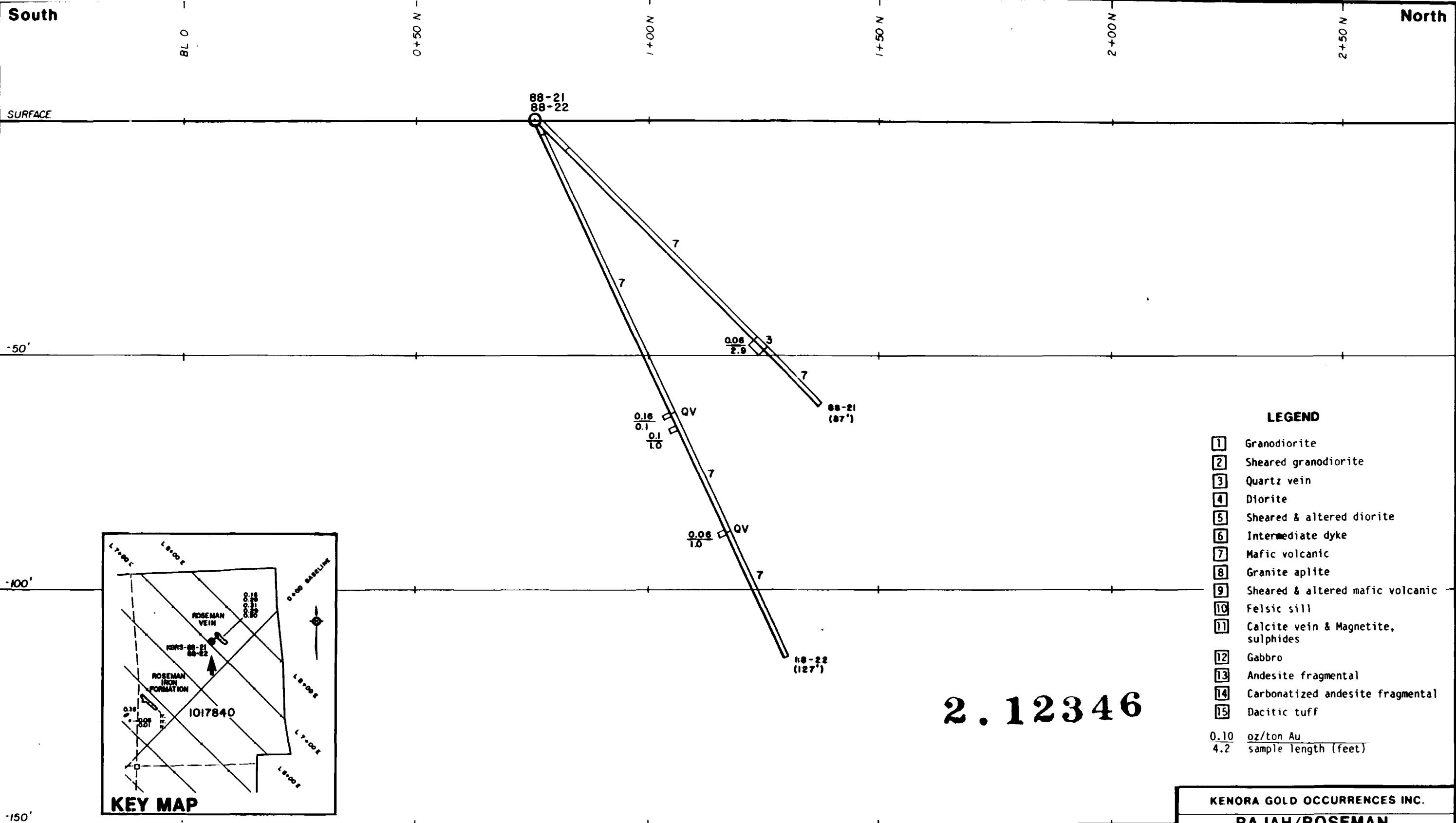
Jaffray Township, District of Kenora
Northwestern Ontario

**DRILL SECTION 4+00 W,
DDH-88-20 ANALYSIS RESULTS
RAJAH DEFORMATION ZONE**

DATE: JAN. 1989

SCALE: 1" = 20'

MAP # 4A

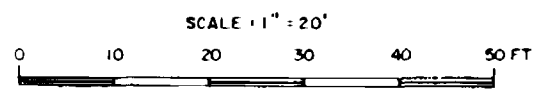


- LEGEND**
- 1 Granodiorite
 - 2 Sheared granodiorite
 - 3 Quartz vein
 - 4 Diorite
 - 5 Sheared & altered diorite
 - 6 Intermediate dyke
 - 7 Mafic volcanic
 - 8 Granite aplite
 - 9 Sheared & altered mafic volcanic
 - 10 Felsic sill
 - 11 Calcite vein & Magnetite, sulphides
 - 12 Gabbro
 - 13 Andesite fragmental
 - 14 Carbonatized andesite fragmental
 - 15 Dacitic tuff
- 0.10 oz/ton Au
4.2 sample length (feet)

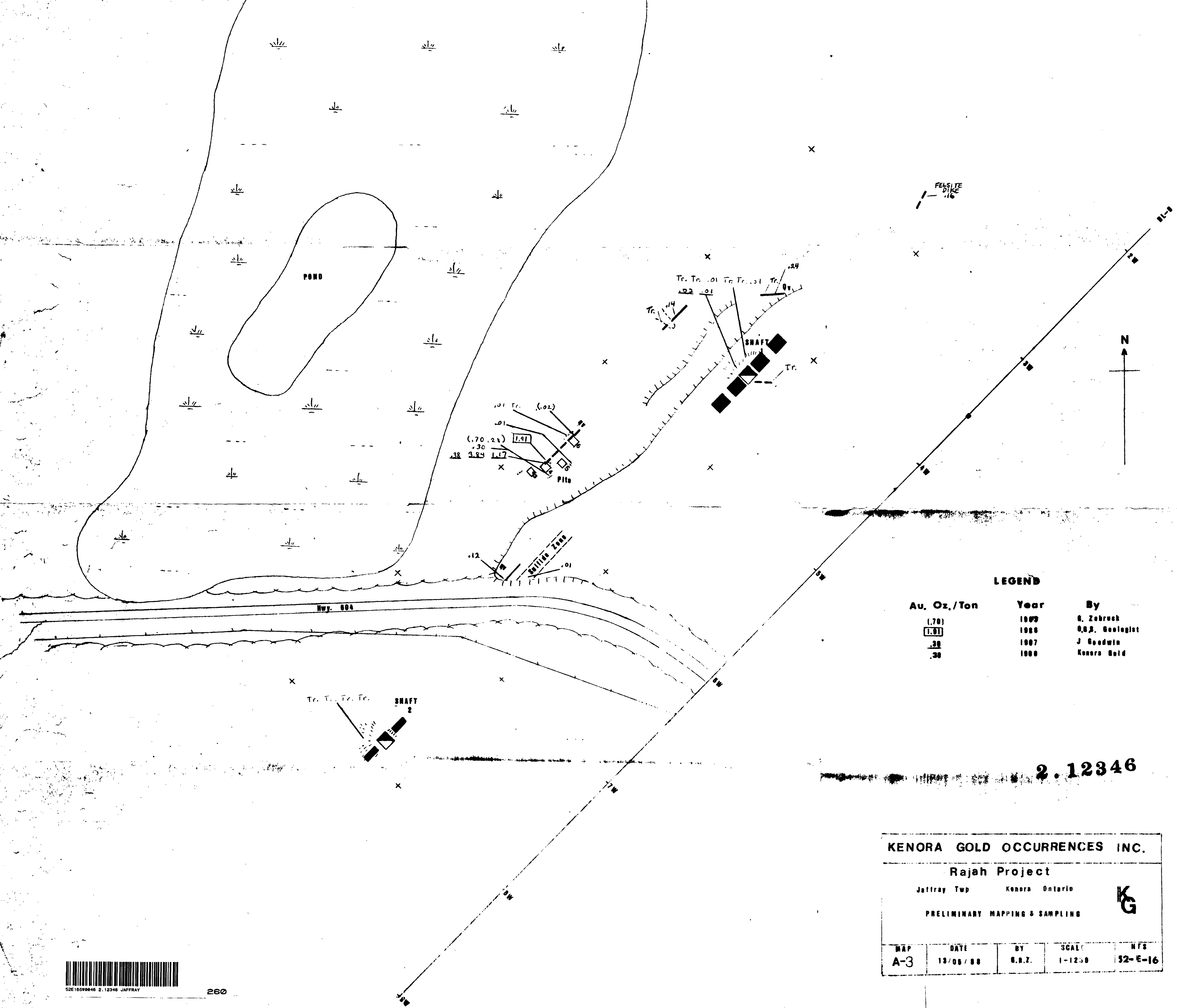
2.12346



250



| | | |
|--|----------------|------------|
| KENORA GOLD OCCURRENCES INC. | | |
| RAJAH/ROSEMAN PROPERTY | | |
| Jaffray Township, District of Kenora Northwestern Ontario | | |
| Diamond Drill Hole Cross-Section 7+05 E DDH# 88-21,88-22 | | |
| LOOKING NORTH | | |
| DATE JAN 1989 | SCALE 1" = 20' | FIGURE # 5 |



LEGEND

| Au. Oz./Ton | Year | By |
|-------------|------|----------------|
| (.70) | 1999 | G. Zehruck |
| (1.91) | 1996 | G.B. Geologist |
| .38 | 1997 | J. Goodwin |
| .30 | 1988 | Kenora Gold |

2.12346

| | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| KENORA GOLD OCCURRENCES INC. | | | | |
| Rajah Project | | | | |
| Jaffray Twp | | Kenora Ontario | | KG |
| PRELIMINARY MAPPING & SAMPLING | | | | |
| MAP A-3 | DATE 13/05/00 | BY G.B.Z. | SCALE 1-1250 | NFS 32-E-16 |



LEGEND



Interpreted Fault

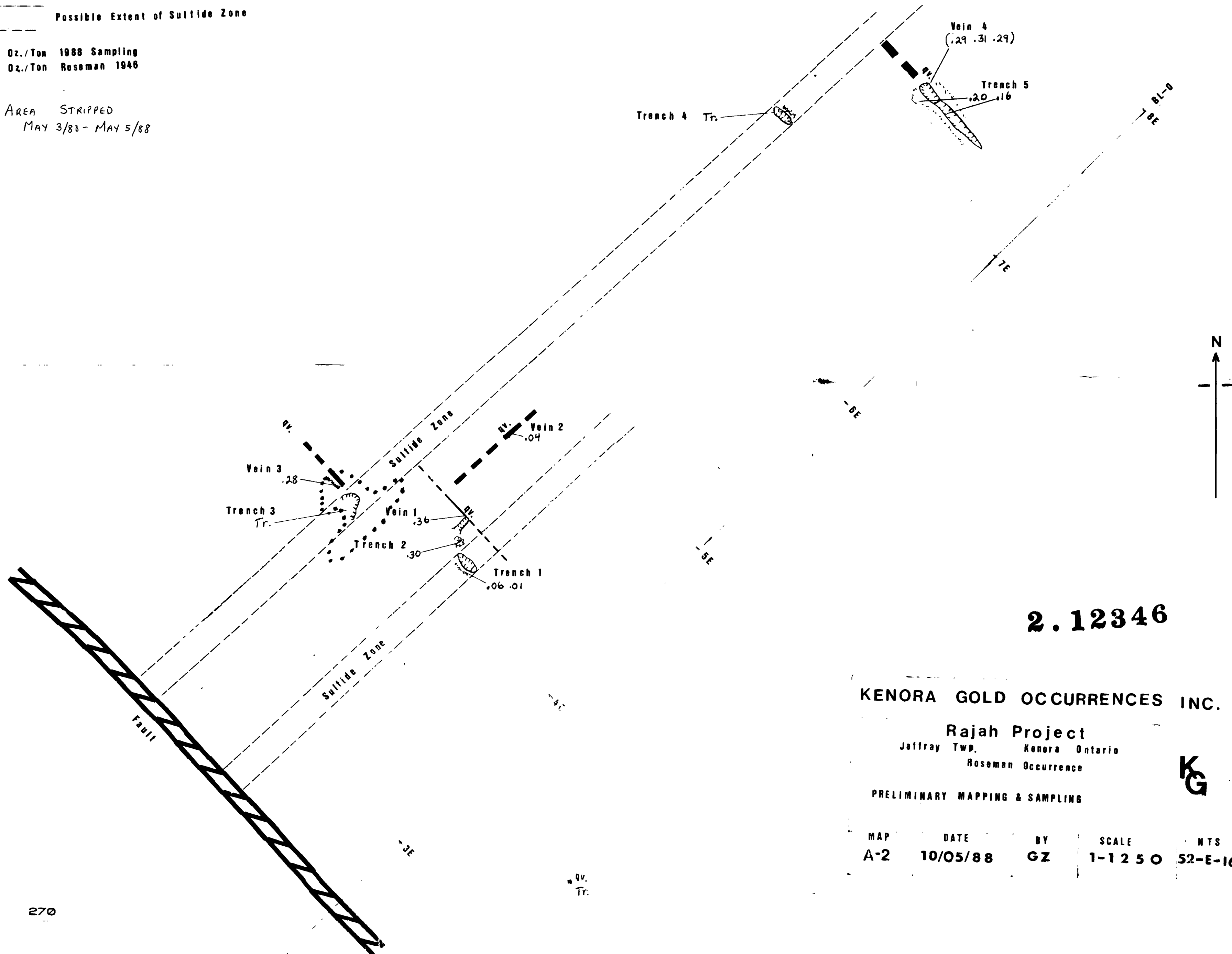


Possible Extent of Sulfide Zone

.36 Au Oz./Ton 1988 Sampling
 (.31) Au Oz./Ton Roseman 1946



AREA STRIPPED
 MAY 3/88 - MAY 5/88



2.12346

KENORA GOLD OCCURRENCES INC.

Rajah Project
 Jaffray Twp. Kenora Ontario
 Roseman Occurrence



PRELIMINARY MAPPING & SAMPLING

| | | | | |
|-----|----------|----|--------|---------|
| MAP | DATE | BY | SCALE | NTS |
| A-2 | 10/05/88 | GZ | 1-1250 | 52-E-16 |



52E16SW046 2.12346 JAFFRAY