



52F05SE0062 41 ROWAN LAKE

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DIAMOND DRILLING

Area: Rowan Lake

Report No: 41

WORK PERFORMED FOR: Bigstone Minerals Ltd./Anglo Canadian Mining Corp.

RECORDED HOLDER: SAME AS ABOVE []

: OTHER [x] John F. O'Donnell

<u>CLAIM NO.</u>	<u>HOLE NO.</u>	<u>FOOTAGE</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NOTE</u>
K 728784	AC86-1	136'	Jan-Feb/86	(1)
	AC86-2	122'	Feb/86	(1)
K 728557	AC86-3	300'	Feb/86	(1)
K 728528	AC86-4	140'	Feb/86	(2)
K 728784	AC86-5	350'	Feb/86	(1)
K 727136, 727828	AC86-6	350'	"	(1)
K 728528	AC86-7	148'	"	(2)
K 728783, 728524	AC86-8	325'	"	(1)
K 728528	AC86-9	170'	"	(2)
K 728460	AC86-10	120'	"	(1)
K 728557	AC86-11	300'	"	(1)
K 727828	AC86-12	195'	"	(1)
K 728460	AC86-13	600'	"	(1)
K 697711	AC86-14	190'	"	(1)
K 727828	AC86-15	143'	"	(1)

NOTES: (1) #133-86
(2) #134/86

REPORT
FOR
ANGLO CANADIAN MINING CORPORATION
AND
BIGSTONE MINERALS LTD.
ON THE
DIAMOND DRILLING PROGRAM
AT
ROWAN LAKE,
KENORA MINING DIVISION, ONTARIO
JANUARY - FEBRUARY, 1986.

15 April, 1986.
Vancouver, B.C.

A.M. de QUADROS, Ph.D., P.Eng.,
Consulting Geologist.



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SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A diamond drill program, consisting of fifteen (15) holes totaling 3,589 feet, was conducted on the Rowan Lake Property of Anglo Canadian Mining Corporation and Bigstone Minerals Ltd. during the months of January and February 1986. This program, funded by Anglo Canadian Mining, was designed to test eight quartz-carbonate zones previously identified by surface mapping and trenching and the stratigraphy at Patmour. Though the drilling confirmed the presence of alteration zones, visually similar to the auriferous zones at the Nuinsco gold deposits, to the depth of three hundred feet, most of the zones were found barren on assaying. The program did, however, identify a long zone on Bigstone Island of better than trace values.

The claims would, on application of the work credits, have enough assessment work to take them to lease. It is therefore recommended that:

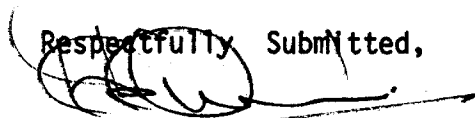
- a. geochemical assaying of the rejects from Custom Fire Assay to check the trace values obtained by fire assay for geochemically interesting values for gold, silver, copper and zinc
- b. two small summer programs on surface detail exploration on Bigstone Island (to check for cross-cutting features that may localise higher values) and on the Patmour Showing
- c. keeping the claims in good standing pending the results of the overburden drilling that have been conducted by Nuinsco, Echo Bay and Silver Lake south, east and west of the property
- d. taking the claims to lease by conducting an official claim inspection, followed by the issuance of certificates of record and a perimeter survey by a licensed Ontario land surveyor.

The costs would be as follows:

a.	Geochemical Assays	150 samples @ \$20.00	\$3,000.00
b.	Summer Exploration Programs on Patmour and Bigstone Island		\$10,000.00
c.	i) Certificates of Record		\$2,000.00
	ii) Legal Survey (estimated)		\$25,000.00
			<hr/>
		T O T A L	\$40,000.00
			<hr/> <hr/>

15 April, 1986.
Vancouver, B.C.

Respectfully Submitted,

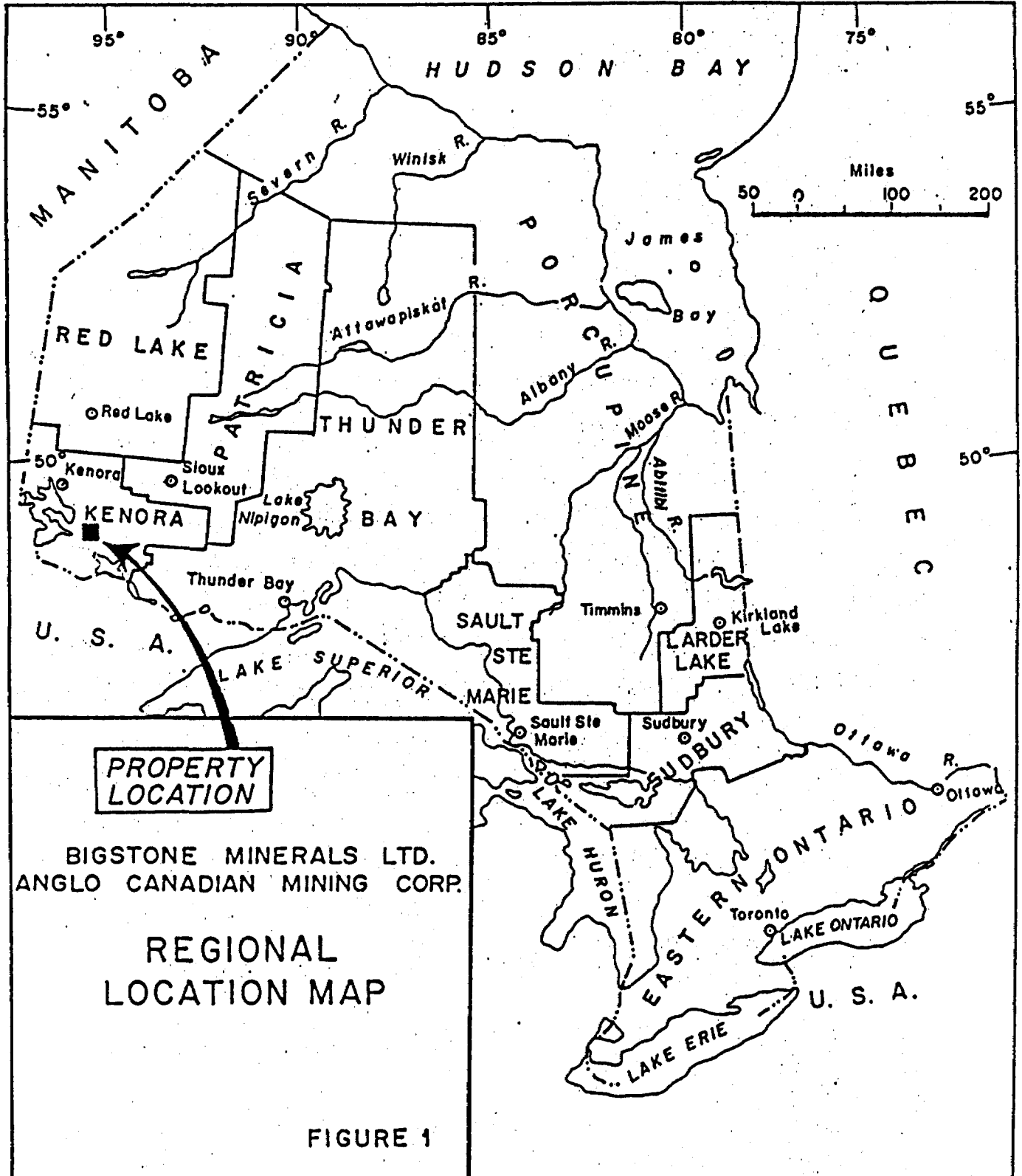

A.M. de Quadros, Ph.D., P.Eng.
Geologist.

THE WORK PROGRAM

During the months of January and February, 1986, an extensive diamond drill program was conducted on the Rowan Lake Claims held jointly by Anglo-Canadian Mining Corporation and Bigstone Minerals Ltd. Concurrently with the drilling program, a detailed linecutting (at 100 foot spacing) and magnetometer survey (at 25 foot stations) was conducted on a selected portion of the claims over the Patmour Gold Showing. The program was funded by Anglo Canadian Mining Corporation.

The diamond drilling consisted of 15 holes totalling 3,589 feet and was done by Ultra Mobile Diamond Drilling Ltd. of Surrey, B.C. under the supervision of the owner, Keith Allen. Two drills were used: the shorter holes were drilled with a Hydracore machine using standard A equipment and resulted in core slightly smaller than BQ: the longer holes were drilled with a JKS 300 machine using the 'thin wall' BDBGM equipment resulting in core intermediate between BQ and NQ sizes. The core was logged at Rowan Lake Lodge, split when warranted, and is now stored at the Nuinsco Resources logging facility at Monte Christo Island.

Assays for the first two holes were carried out by Vangeochem Labs of North Vancouver, B.C. who did a fire extration followed by atomic absorption analyses for Au and Ag. However, in interests of quicker assays, the rest of the samples were sent to Paul Okanski's Custom Fire Assay Laboratory in Cochenour, Ontario. Sludge samples were considered but not taken for two reasons, namely: (1) the drilling fluid was water and it was considered doubtful that native gold or other heavy metals would be carried up the hole, and (2) the infrequent return of water out of the collar due to the fractured nature of the rocks.



In discussions, the Nuinsco geologists agreed that in their experience sludges had proven to have very poor correlation with the core and with the rocks in general, and this, coupled with excellent core recovery, had led to the discontinuance of sludge sampling.

Access to the property was initially by the new mining road built by Nuinsco from Highway 71, five miles south of Sioux Narrows, to the Cameron Lake Deposit, and thence by the Nuinsco Ice Road across Sullivan Bay over a portage to Rowan Lake. Towards the middle of February, the ice road across Kakagi Lake from Hansen's Camp at Nestor Falls was ploughed and was used for the rest of the program. Access roads to drill sites and to Rowan Lake Lodge was ploughed by Keith Allen of Ultra Mobile Diamond Drilling Ltd.

A considerable amount of work was being carried out in the area during this period by Nuinsco and Echo Bay as well as smaller drill programs by Falconbridge (at the Wampum) and by Silver Lake Resources on Rowan Lake. The presence of all these companies made the operation of our program easier and more cost effective.

Mr. Chester Kuryliw, P.Eng. of Dryden, Ontario visited for a day to conduct EM-17 work for Hole No. AC86-13. Other visitors included Mr. Doug Hunter and Mr. Paul Jones, geologists of Nuinsco, and Mr. Mike Morrel of Echo Bay Mines, who looked at the core and gave some sound advice; Mr. Mike Hailstone, geologist at the Ministry of Natural Resources at Kenora and Mr. Mark Hall, Mining Recorder of Kenora. We wish to thank Mr. Doug Hume and Mr. George Archibald of Nuinsco for permitting access to their road, logging facilities and other help received during our program and to Dr. C. Blackburn, Mr. H. Hailstone and Mr. Mark Hall of the Kenora Ministry of Natural Resources for help and discussions of the Rowan-Cameron Lake Area.

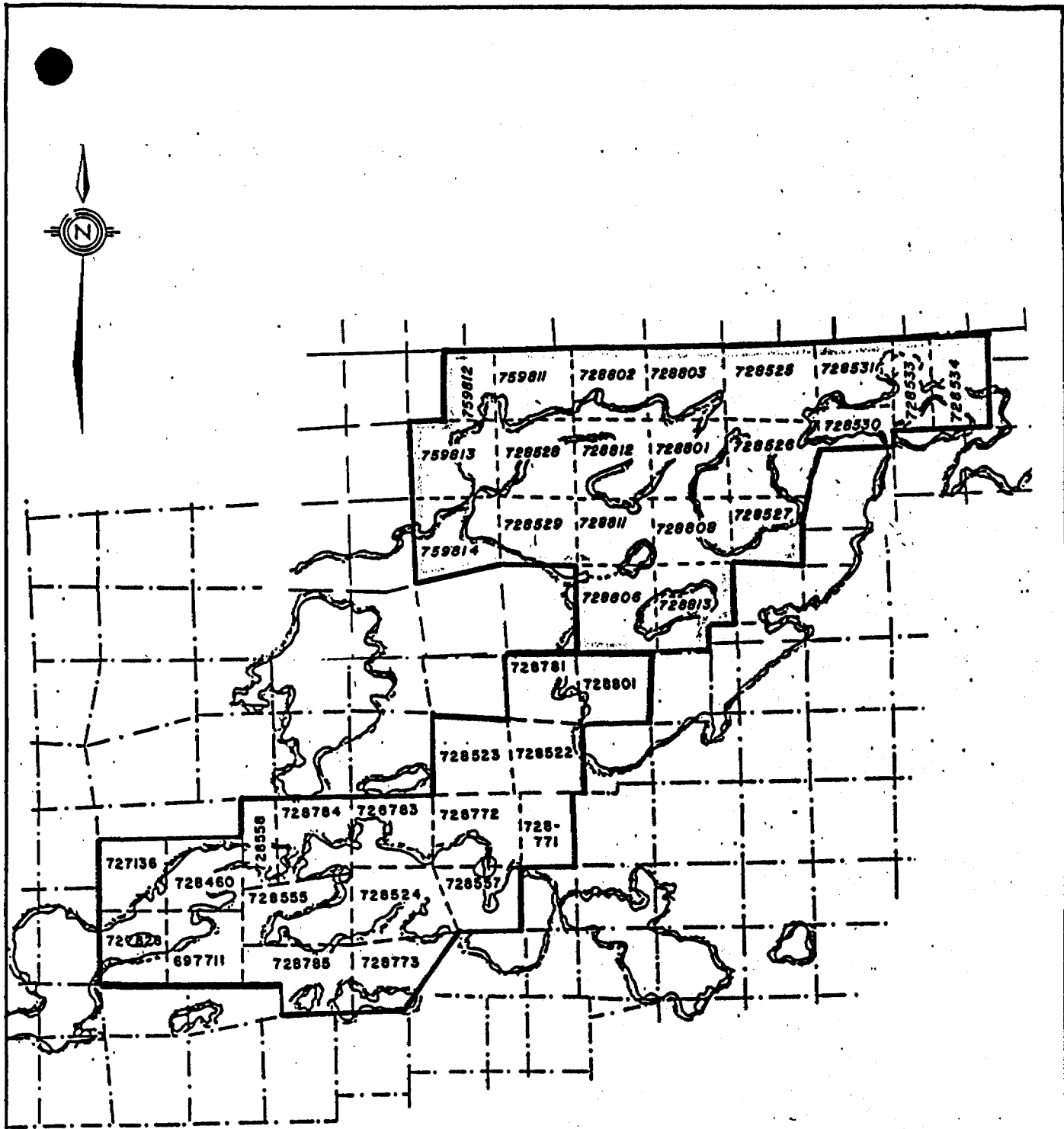
PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

The property consists of 39 claims staked in 1982 by various parties and optioned by Anglo Canadian Mining Corporation and Bigstone Minerals Ltd., who then entered into a Joint Venture. The location of the claims is shown on Figure 1 and the details on Figure 2. A list of the claims is given on Table 1.

Extensive corrections to the staking were carried by Manwa Exploration Services Ltd. geologist Seymour Sears in 1984 following a rough compass and claim survey, and included replacing of posts and reblazing of lines to comply with orders of the Kenora Mining Recorder. The claims are in good standing and assessment credits for the present program are being applied for and will result in about 150 man days being applied to each claim. Should the companies desire to take these claims to lease, an official claims inspection followed by a legal perimeter survey will be all the further work required.

Access to the claims is by the ice roads, as given previously, during the winter. During the summer, the claims are accessible by float plane from Kenora, Dryden or Nestor Falls, with travel between the islands by boat.

Permanent camps in the area include Ultra Mobile's camp at Montre Christo Island, Nuinsco's camp also at Monte Christo Island and the cabins of Rowan Lake Lodge and Showalter's Camp. There are also several private summer cabins in the area.



Data from: Rowan Lake
M-2580

Scale 1" = 1/2 mile

ANGLO / BIGSTONE J. V.	
ROWAN LAKE, KENORA	
CLAIM MAP	
FIGURE 2	

TABLE 1.

LIST OF CLAIMS

LOSS BAY GROUP

K759811	K728528	K728525
K759812	K728529	K728526
K759813	K728812	K728527
K759814	K728811	K728531
K728801	K728813	K728530
K728802	K728806	K728533
K728803	K278808	K728534

BIGSTONE ISLAND
GROUP

K728528	K728772	K728460
K728523	K728773	K727136
K728524	K728781	K727828
K728555	K728783	K697711
K728557	K728784	
K728558	K728785	
K728771	K728801	

GEOLOGY OF CAMERON LAKE DEPOSITS

Several descriptions of the Cameron Lake deposits have been published (e.g. Hunter and Curtis, 1983; Blackburn and Hailstone, 1983) but the latest and most extensive reports are by Melling et al (1985) and Melling and Watkinson (1985). The following description is taken largely from the last two papers.

The rocks hosting the gold deposits are mafic volcanics consisting of fine grained pillowed and massive flows with minor occurrences of breccia, interlayered intermediate to felsic pyroclastic rocks. Gabbroic sills intrude the intermediate and felsic pyroclastic rocks. Quartz-feldspar porphyry sills and dykes are also present. The Cameron Lake deposit itself is located within the Cameron Lake Volcanics near the contact with the Rowan Lake Volcanics. It occurs in sheared mafic volcanic rocks adjacent to the highly deformed intrusive contact with a gabbroic sill. Melling and associates recognise three veining stages in the carbonatised rocks of Cameron Lake Volcanics:

1. early barren extensional quartz-carbonate veins,
2. major system of gold-bearing pyritic quartz-rich breccia veins,
3. late crosscutting en echelon extension veins consisting of quartz-carbonate-chorite-haematite-gold.

The localisation of highly anomalous quantities of gold along the Cameron Lake Shear Zone is related to the development of oblique secondary bedding-controlled sympathetic shear zones. The pitches of the deposits are coincident with the intersection of these shear systems, and consequently tend to have complex subsurface geometry. The periodicity of the high grade pods have not been understood and the reader is directed to read the two papers by Melling and associates for greater detail. At this stage, it should be noted that the complexity of the geometry of these deposits makes exploration for these deposits very difficult.

PREVIOUS WORK

The Rowan Lake area has been explored sporadically since middle 1890's. In 1894 and 1896, A.P. Coleman conducted a reconnaissance over the area for the Geological Survey of Canada. In 1898, Anglo-Canadian Gold Estates of London, England acquired exclusive prospecting rights over the area, and did some prospecting. In 1933-1934, James Thompson of the Ontario Geological Survey mapped the area; his work was published in 1935 in the Annual Reports of the Ontario Department of Mines. The next staking period in 1936-1943 resulted in location of gold showings in the Rowan Lake area, including the Wampum, the Errington, the Monte Christo and the Victor. During this period, the McCrae Brothers of Wampum Gold Mines staked the area of the Peninsula (around the Patmour Showing) and worked on two gold showings. The first just off the west boundary of the property was apparently drilled by R.J. Jowsey and H.R. Drummond-Hay in 1939 with disappointing results (see Northern Miner; September-December 1939). The other showing, believed to be the Patmour, was trenched and pitted but no further work was recorded. In 1960, Noranda carried out work in the area but dropped their properties following poor results. The area remained inactive until the discoveries of Nuinsco Resources in Cameron Lake and Rowan Lake in 1981-1982 resulted in a major staking rush in the area. The Anglo-Canadian- Bigstone claims were acquired in 1983. These companies conducted airborne surveys over the area using Aerodat and Terraquest in 1984.

In 1984, the area of the claims was prospected and mappedd by Seymour Sears of Manwa Exploration Services Ltd. Numerous carbonate-altered zones were mapped and trenched by plugger and explosives and sampled. Low gold values were encountered, the best being 0.046 oz/ton Au at the "Breccia Zone" (site of Holes 86-3 and 86-11).

Towards the end of the program, a visible gold showing was located by Patrick Chevalier of Bigstone Minerals. This showing, names the 'Patmour' was trenched and assayed and gave values of up to 26 ounces/ton over narrow widths. The results of this program were described in the three reports written by S. Sears in December 1984.

In December 1984, Bigstone Minerals and Anglo Canadian Mining proceeded with an 11 hole, 1130-foot diamond drill program over the Patmour Showing (Kretschmar and Kretschmar, 1984). While the drilling showed the presence of several mineralised quartz veins and mineralised and altered host rock, the results overall were disappointing. The best results were 0.126 oz/ton over 3 feet and 0.105 oz/ton over 4 feet with some visible gold. However, though the gold values were not economic, they indicated the presence of gold on these claims.

PROPERTY GEOLOGY

The property geology has been described by Sears (1984a, b and c) from whose reports much of the following has been summarised; other workers on the claim group are Kaye (1973) and Kretschmar and Kretschmar (1984).

The property is underlain by a series of submarine metavolcanic rocks ranging from mafic to intermediate flows and pillow lavas and mafic to felsic volcaniclastic rocks with minor local interbedded metasediments. These rocks have been locally intruded by granitic dykes and gabbroic sills. These rocks form a slightly overturned, north dipping homoclinal sequence. All these units have been locally sheared, altered and sometimes brecciated; alteration consists of quartz + carbonate ± pyrite ± sericite ± green mica. Carbonate is present everywhere on the property as veinlets, blebs and pervasive dissemination, especially in volcaniclastic rocks.

Sears (1984, a, b and c) identified several promising occurrences of quartz-carbonate alteration; two strong zones of shearing and accompanying quartz-carbonate breccia were located and sampled and an earlier reported occurrences of gold (the 'Patmour') was rediscovered. The altered zones and the breccia zones on the property are very similar in appearance, mineralogy and geological setting to the host environments for the Cameron Lake and Montre Christo deposits. The central core of the zones consist of a quartz-carbonate breccia, quartz stockwork or quartz veins, with accessory minerals sericite ± pyrite ± minor chalcopyrite ± green mica. This in turn is surrounded by a zone of bleached and weakly altered and sheared rock which grades back into the host rock. These altered zones range from a few feet to tens of feet in width, with the

central quartz-rich zone developed erratically within the altered zone; the central zone ranges from absent to 15-20 feet in width. The continuity on strike appears to be of the order of a few hundred feet but definition of this dimension is generally impossible due to the Lake and due to the poor outcrop on land.

The 'Patmour' Showing is atypical for the area. It is an east-west trending quartz-carbonate and stringer system in a sheet of shared and altered tuffaceous unit within a gabbroic sill or flow. The main mineralised zone appears to be a set of narrow discontinuous thin (0.5-1.5 feet wide) quartz veins and stringers. (Sears, 1984a, Kretschmar and Kretschmar, 1984). The gold in this showing is free and coarse, easily visible but erratic in distribution, resulting in very high (up to 20.24 oz Au per ton) to very low values (to 0.02 oz/ton) over very limited distances. Sears (1984a) suggests that the overall grade of the vein for 30 or 40 feet would be approximately 2 to 3 oz/ton gold. Drilling in 1984 showed the complexity of the zone but failed to give satisfactory evaluation to the down-dip potential of the zone.

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY

A detailed line cutting program was carried out on the peninsula and Bigstone Island in an attempt to explore for the continuation of the altered zones and test for the continuation of the rock units across the S Bend Narrows, and in particular to test for continuation of the 'Patmour' geology. The base line was set East-West through the short base line cut along the 'Patmour' showing from the western claim boundary to 3,600 feet East. North-South lines were cut at 100 foot intervals for 600 feet North and 600 feet South of the base line, with stations at 50 foot intervals. The lines were extended at 200 foot spacing between the 600 North to 2,000 North with stations at 100 feet. Three east-west tie lines were established for grid control at 600 South, 600 North and 2,000 North. The magnetometer readings were taken every 25 feet from 600 North to 600 South and to 2,000 North every 100 feet. The data was corrected by using base stations along the baseline. The instrument used was a Scintrex MP-2 proton magnetometer rented from Mr. Charter Kuryliw, P.Eng. The data was plotted at 1":100' scale and contoured at 100 gamma interval and then reduced photographically to 1":200' scale for presentation (Figure 4 in pocket).

The magnetometer survey shows the following results:

1. The geological trends on the area are roughly east-west as shown by geological mapping, in contrast with much of Rowan Lake Area, where the regional strike is NE-SW.

2. A magnetic high, as shown by the 60,000 gamma contour runs almost parallel to the base line just north of the 'Patmour' Showing in the gabbroic sill for between 50 feet and 300 feet; this may correspond to an gabbroic outcrop mapped by Sears (1984) between the two intermediate tuff units, containing coarse hornblende and magnetite on the shore exposure ENE of the 'Patmour' Showing.
3. A magnetic low defined by the 59,500 gamma contour parallel and immediately north of the magnetic high; this feature appears to indicate either a zoning of the gabbroic unit or suggest that the gabbroic unit consists of two members.
4. The magnetic survey does show no correlation with the EM-17 anomaly at D.D.H. AC 86-13 north of the peninsula . This was found surprising in view of the amount of pyrrhotite in the drill hole. Similar lack of magnetic correlation with holes drilled north of the peninsula and the Bigstone Island, all of which contained pyrrhotite to varying degrees, indicate that the pyrrhotite was essentially non-magnetic.
5. The postulated fault, found in DDH AC 86-5 at the S-Bend Narrows, trending NNE-SSW appears to have no magnetic expression, nor does it offset the magnetic high along the base line. This would indicate little or no horizontal movement along the postulated fault.

SCOPE OF THE PROGRAM

The mapping program by Sears (1984, a, b and c) delineated several altered and brecciated zones on the Joint Venture Property. Exploration of these zones was hampered by the lack of outcrop from the shore line outcrops and by the difficulty of following these zones either geophysically or by trenching - the latter requiring much manual labour. The general geology, the alteration and the visual appearance of these zones however is very similar to those of the deposits being explored by Nuinsco Resources at Cameron Lake and at Victor and Monte Christo on Rowan Lake.

Due to the ease of mobilising in winter over the frozen lake, it was decided that the drill program be used as an exploration tool in order to obtain continuous rock samples of as many altered zones as feasible in order to select and locate any zones that could be gold-bearing for further drilling. To this end, all the major zones located by Sears (1984, a, b and c) were drilled during this program with fairly short holes ranging from 122 feet to 350 feet. One hole was reserved for the EM-17 anomaly located by Hudson's Bay Mining and Smelting (Hole AC 86-13) and this hole was drilled to 600 feet to test the two anomalies relocated by Mr. C. Kuryliw, P.Eng. The altered zones were thus explored at depths of between 60 and 250 feet below surface. The holes were successful inasmuch as altered zones of similar alteration and affinity to the mineralised zones at the Nuinsco properties were encountered in all but two holes. However, apart from the 0.06 and 0.04 oz/ton Au assays obtained in Hole AC 96-3, the zones were found to be essentially barren. The results are briefly described below and plotted in the accompanying figures. The drill logs (with assays) are in Appendix 1; the assay certificates form Appendix 2. (See Figures 3 and 5.)

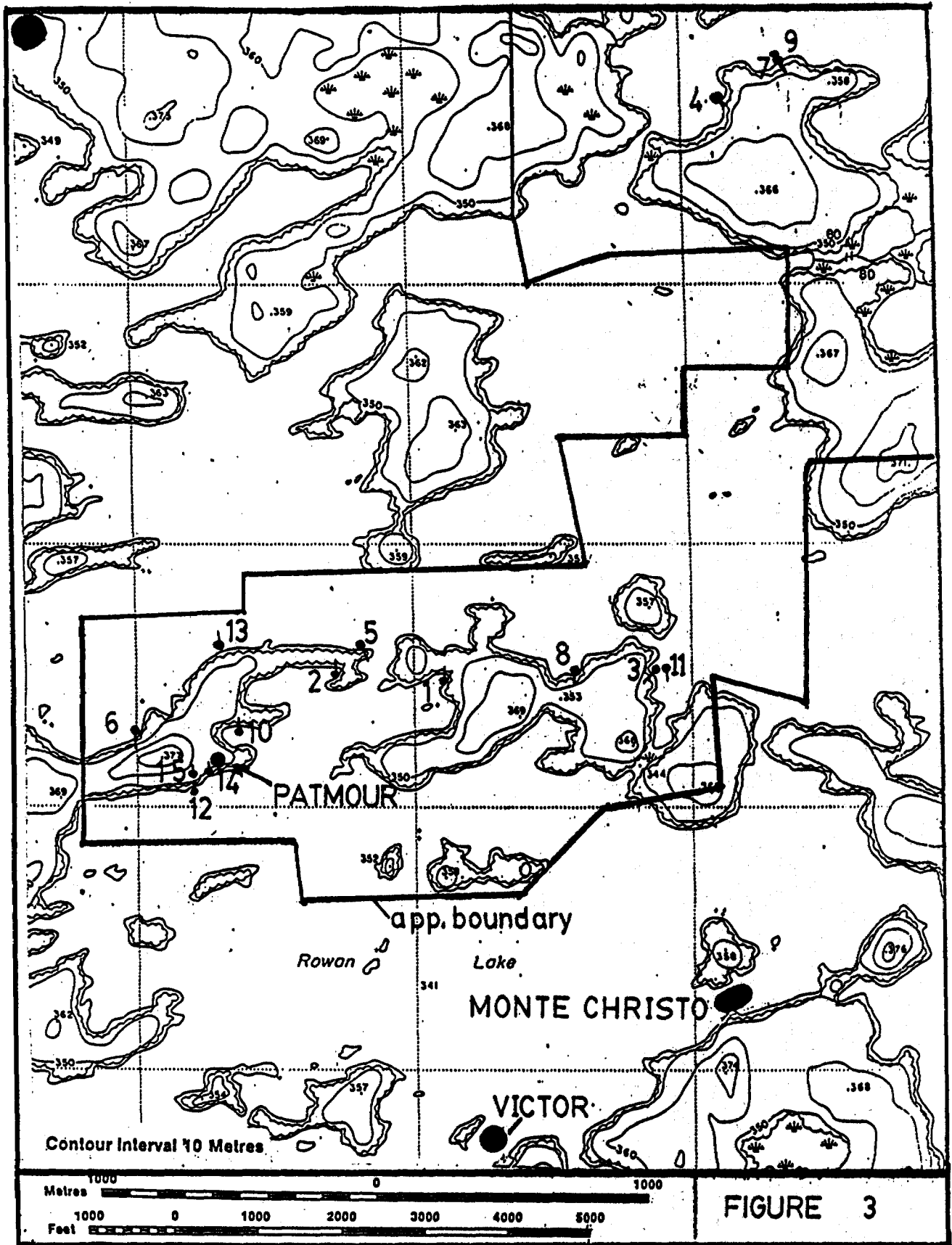


TABLE 2: DIAMOND DRILL HOLE DATA.

ROWAN LAKE PROJECT

DRILLING 31 JANUARY - 26 FEBRUARY, 1986.

<u>HOLE #</u>	<u>PERIOD</u>	<u>CLAIM NO.</u>	<u>AZIMUTH</u>	<u>DIP</u>	<u>FOOTAGE</u>	<u>SIZE</u>
AC 86-1	31 Jan-01 Feb	K728555 ?	N 000°	- 45°	136'	BQ
AC 86-2	02 Feb	K728558 ?	N 000°	- 45	122'	BQ
AC 86-3	04 - 05 Feb	K728772 ?	N 225°	- 45	300'	BDBG
AC 86-4	03 Feb	K728528	N 135°	- 45	140'	BQ
AC 86-5	06 - 07 Feb	K728784	N 135°	- 45	350'	BDBG
AC 86-6	07 - 08 Feb	K727136	N 180°	- 45	350'	BDBG
AC 86-7	07 - 08 Feb	K728528	N 135°	- 45	148'	BQ
AC 86-8	08 - 10 Feb	K728524	N 180°	- 45	325'	BDBG
AC 86-9	09 - 10 Feb	K728528	N 135°	- 45	170'	BQ
AC 86-10	11 - 13 Feb	K728460	N 000°	- 45	120'	BQ
AC 86-11	11 - 13 Feb	K728772 ?	N 180°	- 45	300'	BDBG
AC 86-12	14 Feb	K727828	N 000°	- 45	195'	BQ
AC 86-13	15 - 17 Feb	K728460	N 000°	- 60	600'	BDBG
AC 86-14	21 Feb	K727828 ?	N 000°	- 45	190'	BQ
AC 86-15	23 - 25 Feb	K727828	N 000°	- 45	143'	BQ

TOTAL FOOTAGE 3,589 FEET

ASSESSMENT 14,356 MAN DAYS

D.D.H. AC 86-1 (FIGURE 6)

This hole was drilled to test the area of Trench #3 (Sears 1984a, pp 26-27). A well developed quartz-carbonate zone was trenched and sampled over 36 feet. The results indicated a strongly anomalous gold zone with six feet (three samples) averaging 193 ppb Au with a high of 245 ppb. A grab sample of a similar zone 200 feet west returned the value of 40 ppb Au. The exposure is described by Sears as being one of the more intensely altered zones with locally abundant pyrite.

The hole intersected three zones of altered rock from 28' 05" - 52' 00"; 83'10" - 101'05" and 121'00" to 136'00". The best assays were obtained from the first zone; 45'0" - 50'00" (60 inches) averaged 0.44 gms per tonne Au, with high of 1.2 gms per tonne Au over 12" (0.013 and 0.035 oz/ton respectively).

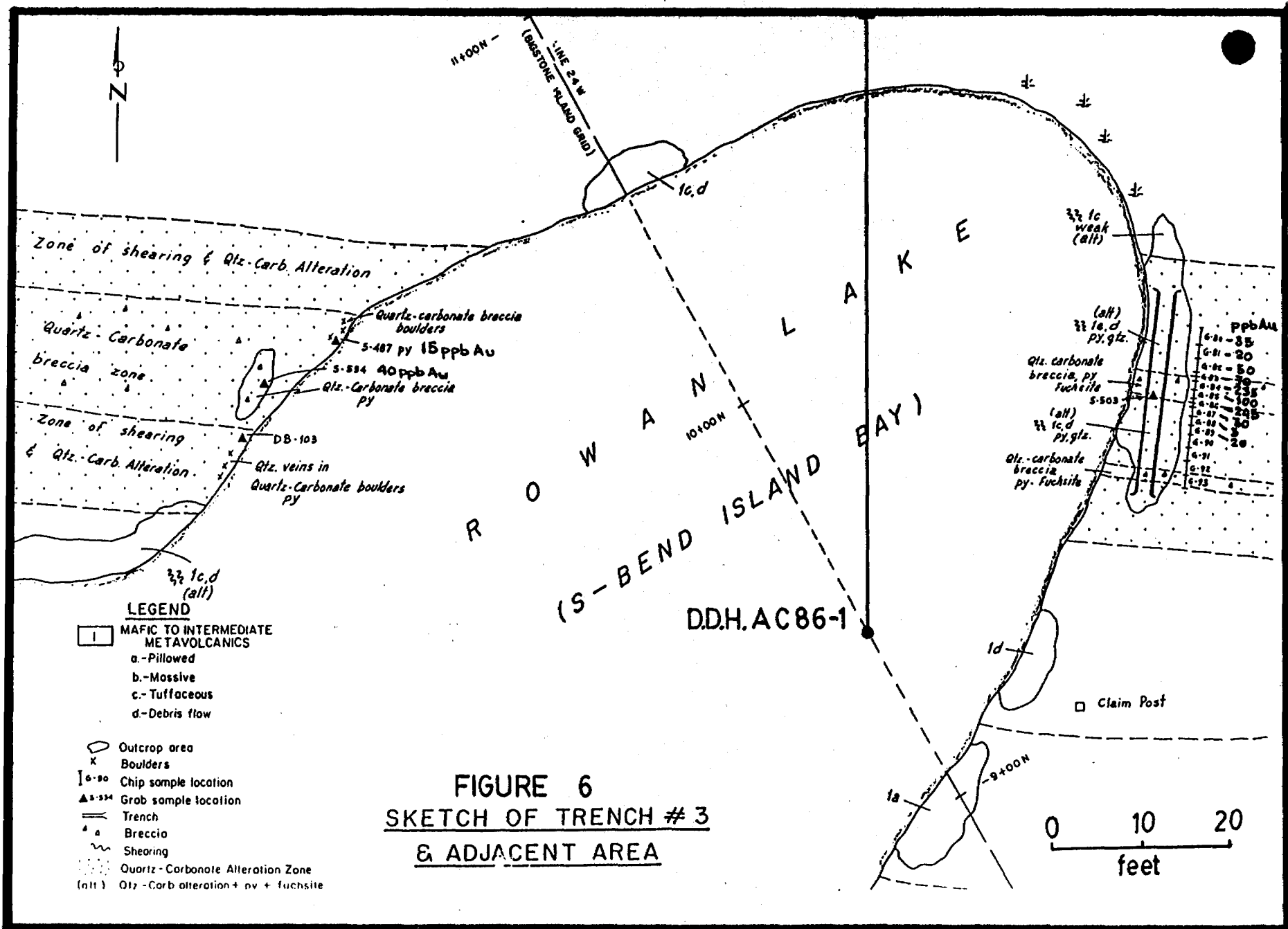
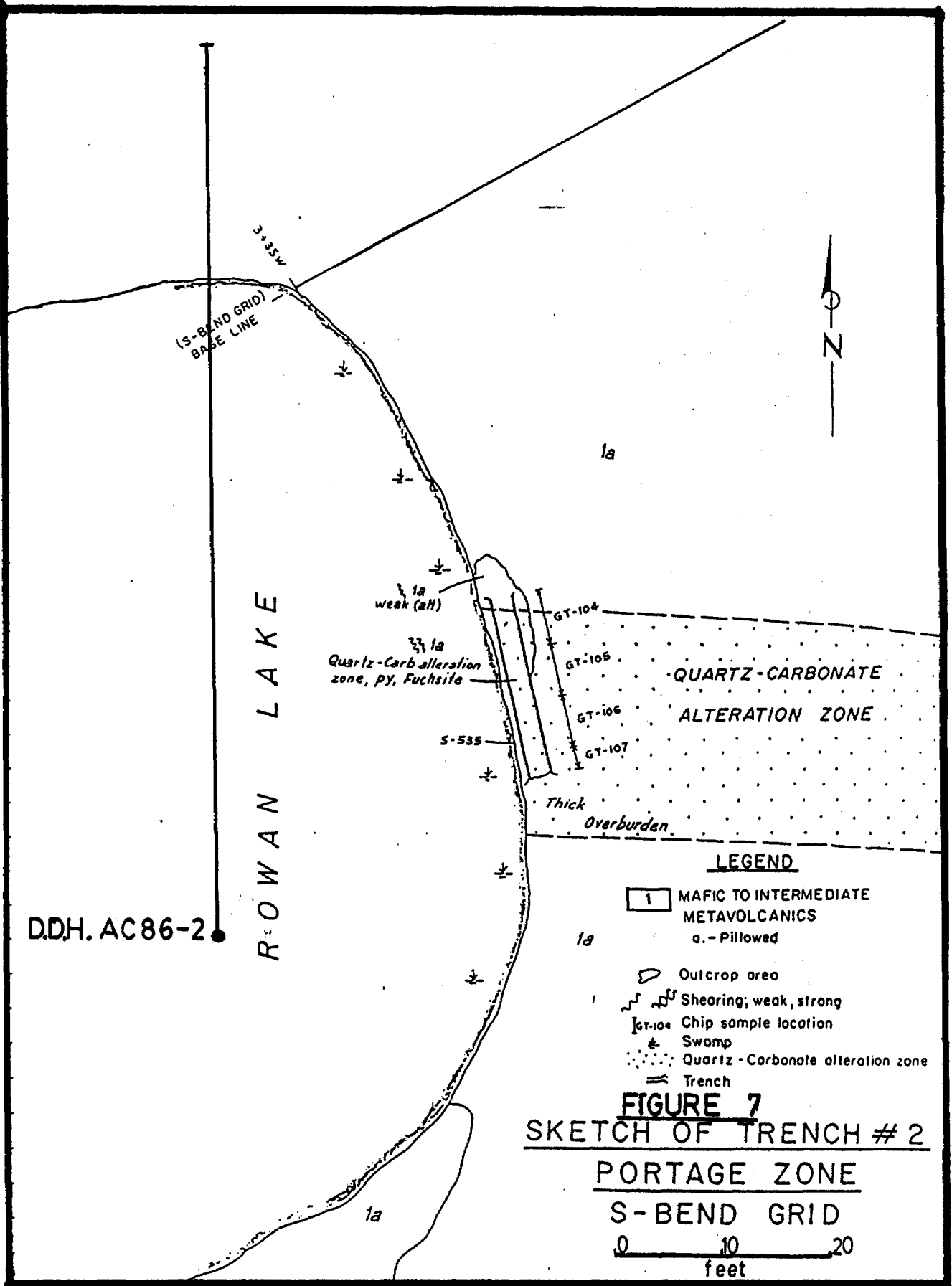


FIGURE 6
SKETCH OF TRENCH # 3
& ADJACENT AREA

D.D.H. AC 86-2 (FIGURE 7)

This hole was drilled to test the Portage quartz-carbonate alteration zone (Sears 1984 a, pp 24-25). Four samples taken from the trench were barren; however the zone has been traced for 600 feet East-West. The rocks are locally highly altered and pyritised and a green mica-bearing grab sample taken earlier on 400 feet west was reported to have run 0.01 oz/ton Au.

The hole intersected an altered zone from 53'08" to 122'00"; the most intense zone being from 66'06" to 73'00" which gave an average assay of 0.44 gms per tonne Au over 78 inches (0.013 oz/ton Au).



D.D.H. AC 86-3 AND D.D.H. AC 86-11 (FIGURE 8)

Hole 86-3 was drilled the breccia zone which had been investigated by three trenches (4A, 4B and 4C) by Sears (1984 a pp. 26-33). This well developed quartz-carbonate breccia zone has visually a remarkable resemblance to portions of the better mineralised zones at the Cameron Lake deposit. The best part of the zone is in excess of 70 feet long and is covered by the lake at the east end. Trench 4A, the most westerly trench, exposed a quartz stringer and pseudo-stockwork four feet wide surrounded by a strongly sheared quartz stringer-bearing zone. Chip samples were very interesting, with one three-foot sample running 1,445 ppb Au per tonne (0.046 oz/ton). The middle trench, 4B, returned 160 ppb. Hole AC 86-3 was drilled obliquely to the zone, in order to explore the area about trench 4A and to provide an exaggerated section. The best assays were obtained from a quartz-breccia zone from 163'06" to 171'02" which averaged 0.036 oz/ton over 80 inches. Hole AC 86-11 was drilled 50 feet East and 50 feet North of Hole AC 86-3 and was drilled southwards. The sections from 118'00" to 136'07" and 140'04" to 159'04" were visually the most similar in this program to the intersections from the ore bearing zones of the Monte Christo. Unfortunately, none of the sections gave assays better than 0.01 oz/ton, with all but one assaying at trace. This hole entered a fault zone from 192'10" and then the alteration died out rapidly.

D.D.H.'s AC 86-4, AC 86-7, AC 86-9 (FIGURE 9)

These three holes were drilled on the south shore of Loss Bay to investigate a major quartz-carbonate breccia zone. This zone was examined in some detail by Sears (1984 b pp 18-22). The zone trends 040° to 700 feet along the shore line, and appears to bend or break at 060° to a point 800 feet northeast. Only background values in gold were obtained, though the alteration zone appears well developed. Sears shows the mineralogy to be quartz-carbonate-pyrite-chalcopyrite-green mica in a strongly sheared and brecciated zone. One trench sample showed anomalous values in copper (573 ppm) and silver (4.8 ppm). Hole AC 86-4 cut a very altered zone from 28'03" to 89'00" with numerous quartz veinlets, with much pyrite (4-15%) chalcopyrite and green mica. Numerous quartz veins and brecciated, silicified zones were encountered but the best assay obtained was 0.02 oz/ton Au.

Hole AC 86-7 was perhaps visually the best looking hole due to its well developed quartz veins, high pyrite content, good alteration and brecciation and large clots of chalcopyrite and green mica. The altered zone, encountered from 37'03" to 65'00" included a 6'06" wide vein from 40'00" to 46'06". To 60'00", the altered zone consisted of quartz veinlets and clots, pyrite and green mica. Unfortunately, the zone assayed below detection level. A smaller second zone at 110'0" - 117'03" also did not assay above trace. Due to the excellent visual appearance of Hole AC 86-7, the drill was moved back 50 feet to drill Hole AC 86-9. The altered zone was encountered between 110'00" - 141'00", very similar to the zone in the previous hole. The best assay was 0.02 oz/ton Au, with an average of 0.013 oz/ton over 71 inches from 111'07" to 117'06".

D.D.H. AC 86-5 (FIGURE 10)

Hole 5 was designed to test the S-Bend Alteration zone (Sears, 1984a, pp. 22-24). This zone occurs within a sheared pillowed sequence and is just south of a swarm of felsic and porphyritic feldspar dykes. Quartz stringers and pseudo-stockwork are well developed within a highly sheared zone with quartz, carbonate, pyrite and sericite. This zone is approximately 50 feet wide and is exposed along the shoreline. Two trenches were blasted and provided some exposure from which chip samples were taken. These samples gave a high value of 15 ppb. Hole 5 encountered the dyke swarm between 23'00" to 118'07". Here it went through a basaltic unit with minor alteration zones until the unit was cut off by a major fault at 277'06" to 279'09". Major alteration zones were then encountered between 288'04" to 309'02" and 317'08" to 359'00" (end of hole). Pyrrhotite was encountered in this hole both disseminated and in clots. The hole did not give any assays above 0.01 oz/ton Au; nearly all the samples assayed trace.

D.D.H. AC 86-6 (FIGURE. 11)

Hole 6 tested a quartz-carbonate zone at the north contact of gabbroic unit on the peninsula. Sears (1984a p. 33) describes it as typical of quartz-carbonate zones in the area. It has a very irregular boundary. At surface the central quartz-carbonate breccias occur as localised pods from a few inches to two feet. They are distributed within relatively narrow alteration envelopes (10 to 30 feet wide). Grab samples from the 'core' areas returned trace and 20 ppb gold.

Hole 6 encountered andesite rocks with minor basaltic pillow lavas between 18'00" to 163'10" before entering into a minor altered zone for 8'08". It then cut through varied andesitic rocks to the end of the hole at 300 feet. The sulphides present were pyrite and pyrrhotite with a possible trace of chalcopyrite. The core displayed only minor alteration and samples taken assayed trace values of gold.

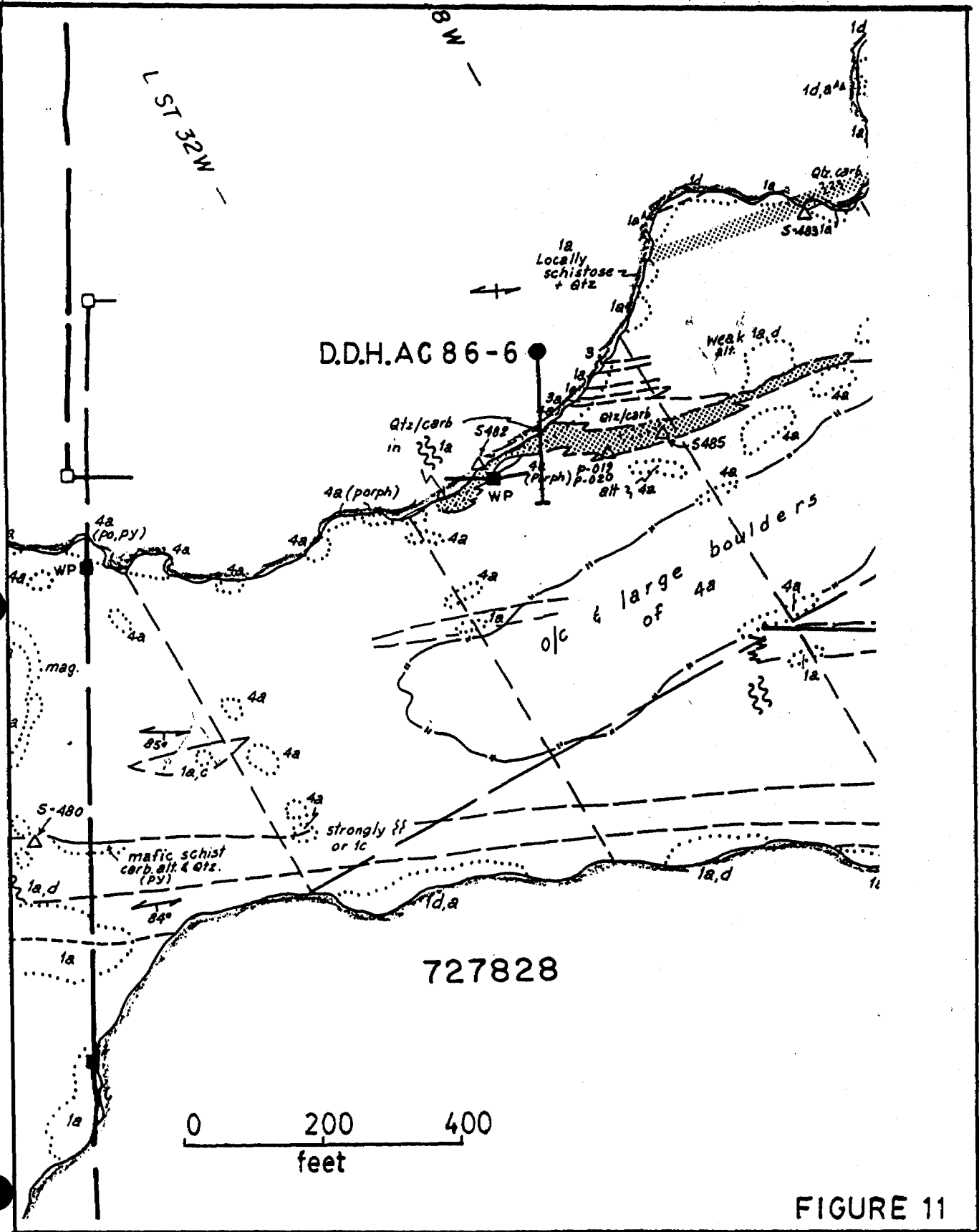


FIGURE 11

D.D.H. AC 86-8 (FIGURE 12)

Hole 8 was drilled to test an alteration zone in the bay on the north shore of Bigstone Island, and also to provide a geological section between holes 3 and 11 on the east shore and Hole 1 on the south-west shore of the Island.

Hole 8 is somewhat interesting, and gave several 0.01 oz/ton assays. It encountered alternating tuff and sediments from 22'06" to 69'08" before going through an altered zone from 86'00" to 122'00". This altered zone appears to be a sheared pillow basalt with pyrite and pyrrhotite, the latter occurring in inter-pillow material in large clots. In the zone 7 samples (out of 18) ran 0.01 oz/ton, the others trace. The drill hole then encountered mixed volcanic/sedimentary rocks with pyrite and pyrrhotite before being terminated at 325'00". The hole flattened strongly and its dip changed from -45° to -25° at the bottom, making return of rods to the bottom unsafe.

Taken together, Hole 2, Hole 3 and Hole 8 confirm the presence of some better than trace values of gold in the central belt of Bigstone Island over a length of approximately 2,200. feet east-west. The trench samples at trenches 3 and 4a support the above conclusion.

D.D.H. AC 86-10 (FIGURE 13)

This hole was drilled to test an alteration zone on the north shore of the bay just north of the Patmour Showing. The drill hole encountered andesitic volcanic rocks from 20'00" to 77'09". It then passed through a zone of metasediments to 91'06" before going through more andesitic rocks to 110'01". Moderately, altered and brecciated rocks were encountered between 91'06" and 110'00" but the assays on this zone gave trace values except for one sample of 0.01 oz/ton Au.

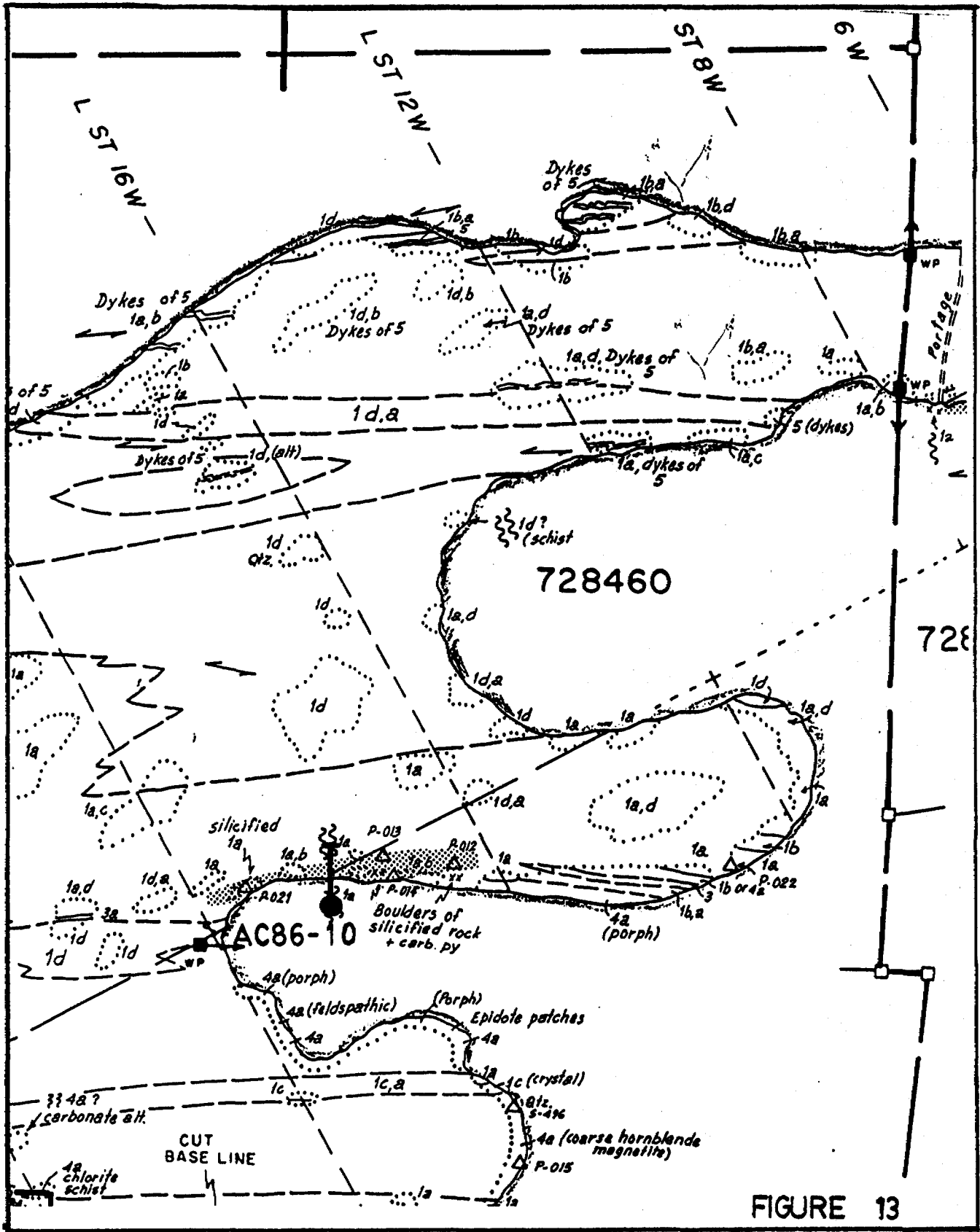


FIGURE 13

D.D.H.'s AC 86-12, AC 86-14 AND AC 86-15 (FIGURE 14)

These holes were part of six holes designed to test for extensions of the Palmour Showing to the west and to the east. However due to budget and time constraints, three of these holes were cancelled. Hole 12 was drilled to investigate the reported gold showing 500 feet west and 300 feet south of the Palmour Showing described in a Northern Miner article (October 16th, 1941). This was described as:

" a strong shear has been picked up and traced for some 300 feet. The Shear shows a width of seven or eight feet and carries quartz stringers. Visible gold has been panned from this showing. "

Hole 12 encountered andesitic volcanic rocks from 22'00" to 195'00", the end of the hole. Not much alteration or mineralisation was noted except between 45'08" - 50'00". No quartz veins were intersected, and the hole was judged to be barren.

Hole 14 was drilled 100 feet west of the western most drilling during the 1984 drill program (Kretschmar and Kretschmar, 1984). It was collared in gabbro (5'00" - 10'03"), went through basalt and entered a tuffaceous zone from 59'10" to 174'07" before entering a second gabbroic unit. The rocks traversed showed very poor alteration and no major quartz veins were encountered. Assaying of a silicified and brecciated zone from 153'10" to 155'05" gave trace values.

Hole 15 was drilled 500 feet west of Hole 14. It collared in an altered tuff from 5'06" to 22'00" before going through a basalt and then into a gabbroic unit from 120'08" to 143'00", the end of the hole. Seven examples taken from the tuff unit gave two 0.02 oz/ton Au assays and the rest, trace.

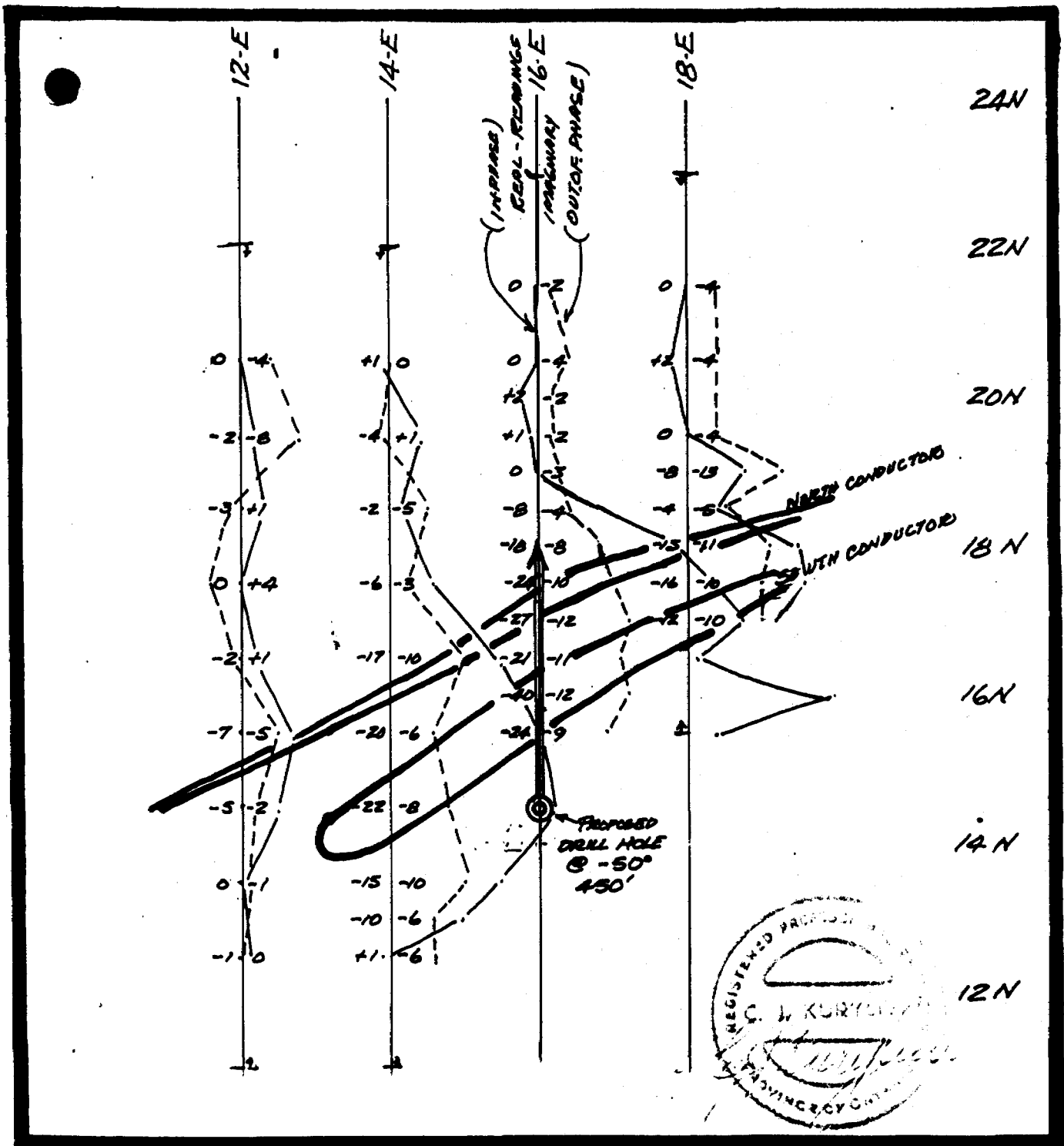
D.D.H. AC 86-13 (FIGURES 15 and 16)

In 1975 Hudson's Bay Mining Smelting conducted a reconnaissance program over the area of the claims and reported a 1000 foot long EM 17 conductor of moderate strength in the lake just north of the peninsula. Anglo-Canadian engaged the services of Mr. Chester Kuryliw, P.Eng. of Dryden, Ontario to relocate this conductor (figure 13 a). The conductor was defined to consist of two parallel zones of moderate values, and Mr. Kuryliw suggested that they were best explained as consisting of banded (but not massive) sulphide zones probably concordant with bedding - there was no magnetic correlation. He recommended a -50° collared at 1450 North on line 16E for a length of 450 feet to the North.

Due to the presence of cliffs, the hole was collared at 1525 North on line 16E at -60° and drilled for 600 feet. The geology of this hole was interesting. After collaring in andesitic volcanics at 9'00", the hole passed through three altered zones. These were:

1. 144'00" - 202'00" : grey altered zone + pyrrhotite + pyrite + sphalerite?
2. 395'07" - 414'06" : mixed sedimentary unit + graphite + pyrrhotite
3. 535'11" - 564'00" : tuffaceous unit with pyrrhotite bands and pyrite.

The pyrrhotite occurred in disseminations, in blebs and in their massive units, locally up to 40% of the rock. It was arranged in layers generally concordant with the bedding. Sphalerite was observed though only minor. Extensive assaying to all sulphides zones gave trace values in gold. The conductive zones were explained by the presence of pyrrhotite and pyrite.



PLAN

HORIZONTAL LOOP E.M.-17 SURVEY, COIL SEPARATION=300'
 For
 ANGLo CANADIAN MINING CORPORATION
 BIGSTONE OPTION, ROWAN LAKE, DISTRICT of KENORA, ONT.

PLAN SCALE: 1" = 200'
 Profile Scale: 1" = 20%

Feb. 10, 1986.

Chester J. Kuryliw

FIGURE 15

DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The drilling program on the joint venture property at Rowan Lake intersected several geologically interesting alteration zones, visually very similar to the auriferous zones at the Nuinsco deposits at the Cameron Lake, Monte Christo and Victor zones in having the same alteration minerals and sulphide content. However, the gold content of these zones were extremely low, ranging from trace to 0.03 oz/ton and the program failed to identify any target for further indepth work.

Melling and associates (1984) propose that the gold mineralisation occurs at the intersection of cross-cutting structural features with the alteration zones, and it is possible that the alteration zones on the property may indeed have pipe-shaped ore-zones within them. These cross-cutting features may have been missed by the drill holes; experience at the Nuinsco deposits tends to show that the ore bodies have complex geometries that need much structural data. On this basis, some potential is seen for two areas on the property and further surface work may identify cross-cutting features that may guide further drilling:

1. the area of Bigstone Island between Holes AC 86-1 and AC 86-3, covering Hole AC 86-8. Several sections in these holes assayed 0.01 oz/ton or better and surface samples from trenches gave similar values. A careful and detailed surface mapping and sampling program may help select further targets within this zone.
2. the area of the Patmour Showing. The drill program here was curtailed due to time constraints. The presence of gold in quartz veins in any atypical setting for Cameron Lake area needs further work for explanation. A brief summer sampling and mapping program may help to select targets for drilling deeper and on strike extensions.

A short summer program on these zones is recommended, especially if the overburden drilling results of Nuinsco, Echo Bay and Silver Lake, east, west and south of the property indicate that the area of the claims may contain source(s) of gold found in the overburden samples.

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2741 Chesterfield Avenue
North Vancouver, B.C.
V7N 3M5

April 15th, 1986.

CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Antonio M. de Quadros do certify that:

a) I have the following degrees in Geology

1. B.Sc. Honours, University of London 1964
2. M.S. U.C.L.A. 1968
3. Ph.D Nairobi 1972

b) I have worked in exploration geology in Canada since 1972 including for Union Carbide, Kerr Addison, Dolmage Campbell and Associates and Chinook Construction all of Vancouver, B.C., as well as an independent consultant.

c) I am a member of the following associations:

1. Member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy.
2. Fellow of the Geological Association of Canada.
3. Member of the Association of Professional Engineers of British Columbia.

d) I conducted the drilling program on Rowan Lake, and I was on the property for the duration of the program.

Respectfully Submitted,



15th April, 1986.

A.M. de Quadros, Ph.D., P.Eng.

2741 Chesterfield Avenue,
North Vancouver, B.C.
V7N 3M5

April 15th, 1986.

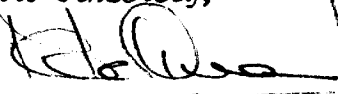
Mr. R. Kemeny, President,
Anglo-Canadian Mining Corporation,
713-744 W. Hastings Street,
Vancouver, B.C.
V6C 1A5.

Dear Mr. Kemeny,

CERTIFICATE OF CONSENT

This letter is to authorise Anglo Canadian Mining Corporation and Bigstone Minerals Ltd. to use the appended report on diamond drilling at Rowan Lake, Kenora Mining Division, Ontario, January-February 1986, for any lawful purpose necessary, including filing with the regulatory authorities in Ontario (the Ontario Securities Commission and the Toronto Stock Exchange) and in British Columbia (the B.C. Superintendent of Brokers and the Vancouver Stock Exchange).

Yours sincerely,



A.M. de Quadros, Ph.D., P. Eng. (B.C.)

APPENDIX 1.

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE CLAIM K728555
 HOLE NO. AC 86-1 LENGTH 136 FEET
 LOCATION BIGSTONE ISLAND
 LATITUDE 9+50N DEPARTURE 24+00W
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N000° DIP -45°
 STARTED 31 JAN 1986 FINISHED 01 FEB 1986

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0.00	-45°	N000°			
136.00	-43°				

HOLE NO. 86-1 SHEET NO. 1/2

REMARKS _____
 CORE BQ
 RECOVERY 98%

LOGGED BY Mel de Quadros

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS				
FROM ft in	TO ft in		NO.	FOOTAGE		TOTAL	Ag g/t	Au g/t	oz/TON	oz/TON	
0.00	27.00	LAKE									
27.00	28.05	OVERBURDEN Mixed boulders and clays									
28.05	52.00	INTERMEDIATE TUFF UNIT (ALTERED) Silicified and carbonatised, well foliated, with good cleavage. Thin quartz and calcite veinlets generally parallel to foliation. Cross cutting veinlets 1/16"-3/16" thick; parallel veinlets to 4". Light green colour, some sections cream due to bleaching. Traces of light green mica. Pyrite, disseminated ~ 2-5%. Details: 28.05 - 31.00: silicified, chloritic - Py 3%. Core Angle decreases from 32° to 45° at base - 33.02: increasing quartz content, paler - 35.06: pale, bleached, very siliceous, minor quartz veins Core Angle 45° - 41.00: chloritic, less siliceous, more massive - 42.06: chloritic, siliceous; 2" quartz vein at 41.01-41.03 - 46.11: dark green, less altered - 49.00: strong foliation, becoming increasingly bleached Core angle 45°; py in streaks and clots. - 50.00: very quartz rich; 2" quartz veinlets separated by chloritic sections. Quartz 65%, Py 5% - 51.00: decreasing alteration - 52.00: siliceous, pale green, core angle 48°	13	901	28.05	31.00		0.3	n.d.	n.d. = not detected	
				902		33.02		n.d.			
				903		35.06		0.6	0.2		
				904		38.05		0.6	n.d.		
				905		41.00		0.3	n.d.		
				906		42.06		0.3	n.d.		
				907		45.00		n.d.	n.d.		
				908		46.11	23"	0.3	0.2		
				909		49.00	25"	n.d.	0.3		
				910		50.00	12"	0.6	1.2		
				911		52.00		0.3	n.d.		
				912		55.00		n.d.	n.d.		
				913		58.00		n.d.	n.d.		

ONTARIO GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
 ASSESSMENT FILES
 RESEARCH OFFICE
 OCT 16 1986
 RECEIVED

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE, CLAIM 728555
 HOLE NO. AC 86-1 SHEET NO. 2/2

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS				
FROM	TO		NO.	FOOTAGE			Ag	Au	OZ./TON	OZ./TON	
			ft	in	ft	in	TOTAL	g/T	g/T		
52.00	83.10	INTERMEDIATE TUFF UNIT Dark to light green, unaltered, well foliated with minor calcitic and quartz veinlets. Pyrite 0.5-1%. Tends to become massive at base, indicating minor flows. Core Angle 43°-50°									
83.10	101.05	INTERMEDIATE TUFF UNIT (ALTERED) Alteration increasing towards base, with increasing carbonate and silica. Has banded appearance due to alternating light and dark green bands. Pyrite content 3-5%. Core Angle 50°. 99.00-101.00: massive	13	914	91.00	94.00		CANCELLED			
				915		97.08		n.d.	n.d.		
				916		99.00		n.d.	0.3		
				917		101.05		n.d.	n.d.		
101.05	106.00	QUARTZ-CARBONATE BRECCIA Highly altered, with angular chloritic fragments in quartz-carbonate matrix; pyrite content 5%. Details: 101.05-102.11: very brecciated, very siliceous (60%) - 103.09: less broken - 106.00: smaller fragments, chloritic		918	101.05	102.11		0.3	n.d.		
				919		103.09		0.3	n.d.		
				920		106.00		n.d.	n.d.		
106.00	110.00	INTERMEDIATE TUFF Green, well foliated, fine grained, similar to 52.00-83.10 above									
110.00	121.00	ALTERED TUFF Contact gradational above and below, core angle 50°									
121.00	136.00	ALTERED ZONE Silicified, carbonatised, light green to creamish. Minor quartz and pyritic veinlets; overall pyrite content 5-8%. Core Angle 45°. Details: 125.09 : 2" veinlet with Quartz and Pyrite 130.06-131.00: Four quartz-pyrite veinlets 131.00 : 1/2" quartz-pyrite veinlet 134.10-134.11: quartz-pyrite veinlet		921	121.00	123.06		n.d.	n.d.		
				922		126.00		0.3	n.d.		
				923		128.06		n.d.	n.d.		
				924		131.00		n.d.	n.d.		
				925		133.06		n.d.	n.d.		
				926		136.00		0.6	0.2		
136.00		END OF HOLE									

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE CLAIM T28558
 HOLE NO. AC 86-2 LENGTH 122 FEET
 LOCATION PORTAGE BAY NEAR S BEND NARROWS
 LATITUDE _____ DEPARTURE _____
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N 000° DIP -45°
 STARTED 02 FEB '86 FINISHED 02 FEB '86

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0.00	-45°	N 000°			
122.00	-43°				

HOLE NO. AC86-2 SHEET NO. 1/2

REMARKS
 CORE BQ
 RECOVERY 98%

LOGGED BY Mel de Quadras

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS			
ft in	ft in		NO.	FOOTAGE		TOTAL	Ag g/t	Au g/t	oz/TON	oz/TON
0.00	17.06	LAKE								
17.06	53.08	INTERMEDIATE TUFF UNIT Green, well-foliated rock with pervasive carbonate alteration, and numerous calcite veins and sulphide streaks. Pyrite overall 2-3%. Not silicified, fairly soft. Details: 20.00-22.00 : Pyrite 10%, in streaks 24.02-25.00 : harder, minor silicification, pyrite 3%, low angle 50° -53.08 : soft, no alteration.	13	927	20.00	22.00	0.6	0.2		
				928		25.00	0.6	n.d.		
				929		28.00	n.d.	n.d.		
53.08	122.00	ALTERED INTERMEDIATE TUFF UNIT Increasingly altered, lighter green with depth. Frequency of veining also increases with depth, consisting of quartz, calcite and quartz-calcite. Pyrite overall 4-6%, but concentrated in veinlets. low angles 45-50°. 53.08-56.00 : well altered in patches, numerous qtz-calcite veinlets especially between 55.00-56.00 (30%) -60.06 : minor alteration -70.06 : bleached, light green, well foliated. Pyrite 10%. Qtz veinlets at 62.09-64.02 and 66.07-66.09 -76.09 : decreasing alteration, Qtz veinlet at 72.01-72.03 -79.02 : increasing alteration -82.00 : quartz-carbonate breccia with quartz veins -90.00 : light green, altered, with numerous small (1/8") quartz veinlets. Well foliated, low angle 45° -91.01 : quartz-carbonate breccia -93.05 : altered, well foliated -100.00 : unaltered dark green Qtz veinlets at 95.01-95.02 and 98.10-99.00	930	53.08	56.00	n.d.	n.d.			
			931	60.06	63.00	0.3	n.d.			
			932		66.06	0.6	n.d.			
			933		70.00	42"	0.3	0.3		
			934		73.00	36"	n.d.	0.6		
			935	76.00	79.02	0.6	n.d.			
			936		82.00	0.3	n.d.			
			937		86.04	0.3	0.2			
			938		89.00	0.3	n.d.			
			939		90.00	n.d.	n.d.			
			940		91.01	n.d.	n.d.			
			941		93.05	n.d.	n.d.			
			942	100.00	101.09	n.d.	0.2			

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE
 HOLE NO. AC 86-2 SHEET NO. 2/2

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	FOOTAGE		%	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
				FROM	TO				
		100.00-101.09 : very siliceous, numerous veinlets, Pyrite 3% 101.06-101.09 qtz veinlet -108.06 : unaltered -112.06 : bleached, well foliated. Core Angle 50° -122.00 : patchily altered, but appears barren. Numerous thin quartz veinlets, larger ones at 114.05-114.08 117.08-117.10 118.00-118.02							
122.00		END OF HOLE.							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE CLAIM 728712
 HOLE NO. AC 86-3 LENGTH 300 FEET
 LOCATION _____
 LATITUDE _____ DEPARTURE _____
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N 225° DIP -45°
 STARTED 04 FEB 1986 FINISHED 05 FEB 1986

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0'00	-45°	N225°			
300'00	-40°				

HOLE NO. AC86-3 SHEET NO. 1/3

REMARKS
 CORE : Thin wall BOBGM
 RECOVERY: 96.5%

LOGGED BY Mel de Quadros

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	ft	in	TOTAL	Au Oz/ton	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
0.00	18.05	LAKE							
18.05	19.04	GABBRO BOULDER							
19.04	56.03	PILLOW BASALT WITH TUFF LAYERS. Green, unaltered to poorly altered, fairly massive with good lamination in part. Sulphide - poor less than 2%. Minor quartz veinlets erratic in orientation. Details: 19.04 - 23.01: slight bleaching, core angle 30° - 51.10: Unaltered, massive - 52.03: minor alteration, some brecciation - 56.03: increasing alteration.							
53.03	73.06	MODERATELY ALTERED PILLOW BASALT Similar to above but with increasing alteration and bleaching. In part a quartz-carbonate Breccia. Pyrite 2-4% 56.03-60.00: minor alteration, core angle 30° - 63.04: brecciated, with quartz veinlets - 65.10: numerous veinlets, 30% of rock - 67.11: minor quartz - 69.04: numerous qtz veinlets 50%, core angle 30° - 73.06: moderately altered	13	943	60.00	63.04	tr		tr = trace
				944		65.10	tr		
				945		67.11	0.01		
				946		69.04	tr		
				947		71.06	tr		
				948		73.06	tr		
73.06	148.06	FLOW BASALT Massive, unfoliated, dark green. Unaltered, minor calcite veining. Details: 90.00-92.09: Pyrite clots, Py ~ 5-8% 105.03-107.06: numerous quartz veins, Pyrite 5-8% 112.04-114.01: as above, core angle 30°		949	90.00	92.09	tr		
				950	106.03	107.06	tr		
				951	112.04	114.01	0.01		

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

 NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE

 HOLE NO. AC 86-3

 SHEET NO. 2/3

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	FOOTAGE		TOTAL	Au oz/t	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
ft	in		ft	in						
		114.01-124.06: coarse, gabbroic - dyke? - 139.06: tuffaceous, slight alteration, core angle 25° - 148.06: coarse, gabbroic - dyke?								
148.06	163.06	ALTERED BASALTIC UNIT Bleached, carbonatised, silicified and brecciated. With clots, streaks and laminations of pyrite. Fine quartz - carbonate and quartz-pyrite veinlets. Details: 150.00- 151.10: bleached, banded, Pyrite 8%, Core Angle 30° - 154.10: very bleached, silicified Pyrite 5% - 157.10: coarse grained, brecciated. Pyrite 8% - 159.05: coarse, highly altered, Pyrite 6%, Core Angle 30° - 163.06: less altered, well foliated. Pyrite 7%.	13	952	150.00	151.10				tr
				953		154.10				tr
				954		157.10				tr
				955		159.05				tr
				956		162.00				0.01
				957		163.06				tr
163.06	171.02	QUARTZ CARBONATE BRECCIA Essentially a quartz vein with numerous angular inclusions. Disseminated Pyrite ~ 8%. Top and bottom contacts at 45° to core axis.		958	163.06	166.06				tr
				959		169.06	36"			0.04
				960		171.02	20"			tr
171.02	175.00	ALTERED ANDESITIC TUFF UNIT White to pale green, banded, very silicified. Quartz ~ 60%. Good foliation, Pyrite disseminated but also much along foliation ~ 6-8%. Core Angle 30°		961	171.02	173.02	24'			0.06
				962		175.00				tr
175.00	213.00	FLOW BASALT Dark green, massive, with minor foliated sections. Pyrite 2%. Minor quartz & calcite veins. Core angle 30°. 177.09- 179.00: well foliated - tuffaceous. Pyrite 10-12%. 205.00 : banded, core angle 30°		963	177.09	179.00				tr
213.00		ALTERED ZONE Carbonatised unit with muscovite, minor silica. Pyrite 4%. Rare quartz veinlets. Core Angle ~ 30°. Details:								

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE
 HOLE NO. AC 86-3 SHEET NO. 3/3

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	FOOTAGE		Au	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
			ft	in	TOTAL	oz/t			
		245.00-249.00: carbonate-quartz-sericite-green mica-pyrite Pyrite 5-6%, core angle 30°	13	964	213.00	216.00	tr		
		- 255.06: tuffaceous unit		965		219.06	tr		
		- 257.00: carbonate-quartz-sericite rock		966		221.00	tr		
		- 262.06: carbonate-quartz-sericite-chlorite-green mica trace chalc pyrite		967		224.04	tr		
		- 267.06: unaltered to moderately altered andesitic tuff. well banded, core angle 30°		968		228.00	tr		
		- 276.00: well altered, carbonatised, pale green core angle 25°		969		230.10	tr		
		- 278.07: very silicified, bleached, core angle 30°		970		233.00	tr		
		- 280.11: moderately altered tuffaceous bed.		971		236.06	tr		
				972		240.00	tr		
				973		243.04	tr		
				974		245.00	tr		
				975		248.00	0.01		
				976		251.06	tr		
280.11	300.00	ANDESITIC TUFF / FLOW UNIT Mixed tuff and flow unit, dark green, unaltered. Rose quartz and carbonate veinlets. core angle 30°		977		254.06	tr		
				978		257.00	tr		
				979		260.00	tr		
				980		262.06	tr		
	300.00	END OF HOLE		981	267.06	270.06	tr		
				982		273.00	tr		
				983		276.00	tr		
				984		278.07	tr		
				985		280.11	tr		

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE

HOLE NO. AC 86-4 SHEET NO. 2/2

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS					
ft	in		NO.	% SULPHIDES	FOOTAGE			%	%	OZ/TON	OZ. TON
					FROM	TO	TOTAL				
		63.05	90° to core axis								
		67.07	45°								
		72.11	30°								
		75.07	45°								
		85.00-89.00: decreasing to no alteration, trace pyrite.									
89.00	140.00	BASALTIC PILLOW UNIT Green, massive, largely pillowed, very minor carbonatisation. Sulphide content less than 1%; minor calcitic inclusions									
	140.00	END OF HOLE									

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE CLAIM 728784
 HOLE NO. AC 86-5 LENGTH 350 FEET
 LOCATION _____
 LATITUDE _____ DEPARTURE _____
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N 135° DIP -45°
 STARTED 06 FEB 1986 FINISHED 07 FEB 1986

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0'00	-45°	N 135°			
300.00	-49°				

HOLE NO. AC86-5 SHEET NO. 1/4

REMARKS _____

BORE : Thinwall BDBGM
 RECOVERY : 95%

LOGGED BY Mel de Quadros

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS		
ft in	ft in		NO.	FOOTAGE		%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
				ft in	ft in			
0.00	23.00	LAKE						
23.00	26.06	WHITE FELSIC DYKE						
26.06	27.08	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS ROCK fine grained, few coarse (1/8") pyrite xals. Core Angle 45°						
27.08	29.03	WHITE FELSIC DYKE						
29.03	30.07	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS ROCK						
30.07	33.08	WHITE FELSIC DYKE						
33.08	35.04	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS ROCK						
35.04	48.01	WHITE FELSIC DYKE						
48.01	52.04	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS ROCK						
52.04	55.01	INTERLAYA SEDIMENTARY ROCK? Volcanic derived sediments (?) with minor black/grey cherty bands. Very Pyrite - 15-20%, often coarse grained. Core Angle 50°						
55.01	61.00	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS ROCK						
61.00	65.09	PINKISH FELSIC DYKE						

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE
 HOLE NO. AC 86-5 SHEET NO. 2/4

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS			
ft in	ft in		NO.	FOOTAGE		Au	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
			ft in	ft in	TOTAL	OZ/t			
65.09	76.05	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS ROCK Minor quartz veinlets, core angle 75°							
76.05	78.10	PINK FELSIC DYKE							
78.10	81.00	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS ROCK Numerous quartz veinlets with pyrite. core angle 75°							
81.00	82.04	PINK FELSIC DYKE							
82.04	84.10	ANDESITIC ROCK Bleached, chloritic							
84.10	89.04	PINK FELSIC DYKE							
89.04	94.01	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS? ROCK Very altered, very siliceous. Chloritic. 40% Quartz, 5% Pyrite	13	986	89.04	94.01	tr		
				987	94.10	96.05	0.01		
94.01	94.10	PINK FELSIC DYKE		988	100.00	102.00	tr		
94.10	96.05	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS? ROCK As above; core angle 45°		989	102.00	105.00	tr		
96.05	100.00	PINK FELSIC DYKE		990	105.00	108.01	tr		
100.00	108.05	ANDESITIC ROCK As above; Quartz 50%, Pyrite 4%							
108.05	114.06	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS ROCK Carbonatised, well banded, minor calcite partings							
114.06	118.07	GREY FELSIC DYKE							

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DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY DOWAN LAKE

HOLE NO. AC 86-5

SHEET NO. 3/4

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS				
ft in	ft in		NO.	FOOTAGE		Au	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON	
			ft in	ft in	TOTAL	OZ/t				
118.07	277.06	PILLOW BASALT AND TUFF UNITS Green, fairly massive, chloritic with minor tuffaceous units laminated at 50° to core axis. Details: 137.00-140.06: minor quartz veining, fractures // to core axis 146.00-146.07: minor quartz veining 165.10-172.08: increasing pyrite ~ 5%, trace chalcopyrite? minor quartz-calcite-pyrite veinlets in matrix 172.08-175.06: dark green, massive, unaltered -177.01: thin quartz-calcite veinlets, tuffaceous, 50° to core axis -179.05: massive -182.10: well folliated, chloritic, core angle 60° -199.06: tuffaceous, well folliated, minor carbonate increasing bleaching, core angle 60° -209.00: moderate carbonatization, small quartz veinlets parallel to folliation. Pyrite 6%. -209.03: quartz carbonate veinlets, pyrite & pyrrhotite 15% -277.06: Massive - pillows, moderate carbonatization with silicified quartz-chlorite sections at 221.00-221.06, 237.11-239.06, 267.02-272.04. core angle 45°								
			13	991	169.00	170.00	tr			
				992		172.08	tr			
				993	199.06	203.06	tr			
				994		206.00	0.01			
				995		209.00	tr			
				996		210.00	tr			
				997	221.00	221.06	tr			
				998	237.11	239.06	tr			
			13	999	267.02	270.00	tr			
			14	000		272.04	tr			
277.06	279.09		FAULT ZONE Rusty gouge and fragments at 277.06. Filled in by hard coarse gabbroic dyke with rusty fractures at 90° to core axis.							
279.09	288.04		ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS UNIT Pale green, trace pyrite. Core angle 45°							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

 NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE

 HOLE NO. AC 86-5

 SHEET NO. 4/4

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE		ASSAYS				
ft in	ft in		NO.	FOOTAGE	Au	%	OZ/TON	OZ. TON	
			ft in	ft in	OZ/t				
288.04	309.02	ALTERED ZONE Well banded, altered tuffaceous andesite, green to grey, well carbonatised and silicified. Numerous quartz-pyrite-calcite veinlets, Pyrite overall 6-8%, tends to be in layers in partings. Core Angle 45°. Very minor brecciation.	14 401	288.04	290.00	tr			
			402		293.00	tr			
			403		296.00	tr			
			404		299.00	tr			
			405		302.00	tr			
			406		305.00	tr			
			407		308.00	tr			
309.02	317.08	GABBROIC DYKE Coarse, minor banding							
317.08	350.00	ALTERED ZONE As above, but with increasing pyrrhotite. Core Angle 50°. Pyrrhotite more than pyrite, often in thin bands (0.317.08-330.10: dark greenish-grey, chloritic - 344.03: very bleached, sulphides in layers parallel to core axis. Altered - carbonate, quartz & sericite - 347.09: darker, less altered. Streaks and clots of pyrrhotite - 350.00: very altered quartz-carbonate rich. Pyrrhotite clots and layers at 348.06-348.08	408	317.08	320.00	tr			
			409		322.09	tr			
			410		325.09	tr			
			411		328.09	tr			
			412		330.10	tr			
			413		333.10	tr			
			414		336.10	tr			
			415		339.04	tr			
			416		342.04	tr			
			417		344.03	tr			
			418		346.00	tr			
			419		347.09	tr			
			420		350.00	tr			
350.00		END OF HOLE							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE CLAIM 727136
 HOLE NO. AC 86-6 LENGTH 350 FEET
 LOCATION _____
 LATITUDE _____ DEPARTURE _____
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N 180° DIP -45°
 STARTED 01 FEB 1986 FINISHED 08 FEB 1986

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0.00	-45°	N 180°			
300.00	-49°				

HOLE NO. AC 86-6 SHEET NO. 1/2

REMARKS _____
 CORE: BDBQM 'Thinwall'
 RECOVERY: 94%

LOGGED BY Mel de Quadras

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	FOOTAGE		Au	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
			ft	in	TOTAL	oz/t			
0.00	18.00	LAKE							
18.00	163.10	<p>FLOW AND PILLOW BASALTS</p> <p>Green, fairly massive, with minor zones of poor alteration. Sulphide content 2-4%, generally disseminated but also as clots and in quartz-calcite partings. Approximately equal amounts of Pyrite and Pyrrhotite, with pyrrhotite tending to form larger clots and partings. Details:</p> <p>18.00-27.00: unaltered, flow</p> <p>-40.00: slight alteration, numerous pyrrhotite clots, minor calcite veining</p> <p>-42.00: well foliated with chert and graphite, core angle 45°</p> <p>-46.00: pillows</p> <p>-54.00: vesicular - flow top?</p> <p>-63.00: massive</p> <p>-66.06: pillows</p> <p>-68.00: hyaloclastite? pyrrhotite clots</p> <p>-72.00: tuffaceous - core angle 45°</p> <p>-76.00: pillowed</p> <p>-84.06: massive, flow</p> <p>-113.06: tuffaceous - foliated 45° to core axis</p> <p>-116.08: massive, flow</p> <p>-130.06: tuffaceous</p> <p>-132.00: vesicular</p> <p>-137.06: massive, minor quartz veining, pyrrhotite clots</p> <p>-160.00: massive, flow</p> <p>-163.10: massive, fractured, with quartz-calcite veinlets.</p>							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE
 HOLE NO. AC 86-6 SHEET NO. 2/2

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS				
ft	in		NO.	FOOTAGE		Au	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON	
ft	in		ft	in	TOTAL	oz/t				
163.10	172.06	<p>ALTERED METASEDIMENTS</p> <p>Bleached, well foliated unit, in part volcanic-derived. Details:</p> <p>163.10-167.10: graphitic, very fissile, parting at 30° to core axis. Carbonaceous, Pyrite ~ 2%.</p> <p>- 167.11: very quartzey - 60%, with pyrite and trace chalcopyrite</p> <p>- 172.06: mixed sediments with tuff layers. Very foliated and fissile, graphitic, largely unaltered.</p>	14	466	163.10	165.10	tr			
				467		167.10	tr			
				468		169.10	tr			
172.06	243.00	<p>BASALT FLOW AND PILLOWS</p> <p>Massive, green, unaltered, largely flow and pillows. Minor quartz and calcite veining. Pyrite trace. In parts vesicular.</p> <p>237.00-243.00: somewhat tuffaceous, foliated, core angle 60°</p>		469	243.00	245.00	tr			
243.00	247.06	<p>ANDESITIC TUFF</p> <p>Well altered, well banded, numerous quartz veinlets. Pyrite 4%</p> <p>Quartz veinlets at 243.03-243.09 244.09-244.10 244.11-245.01</p>								
247.06	350.00	<p>MASSIVE BASALT</p> <p>Flow, massive green rock, with minor calcite veining.</p> <p>270.06-271.09: tuffaceous, banded, core angle 60°</p> <p>278.00-330.00: coarser grained, dyke?</p> <p>338.00-340.00: core very broken - minor fault?</p>								
	350.00	END OF HOLE								

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE
 HOLE NO. AC 86-7 SHEET NO. 2/2

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS				
ft in	ft in		NO.	FOOTAGE		TOTAL	Au oz/t	%	oz/TON	oz/TON	
65.00	110.00	BASALT massive, green flow basalt, with occasional clots of pyrite crystals (e.g. at 68.11-70.06) and quartz veins (e.g. at 69.06-69.11) 77.10-95.03: coarse, dyke? 107.03-107.10: white quartz vein, clean, contact at 30°	14	445	107.03	110.00					
			446		113.00						
			447		115.06						
			448		117.03						
110.00	117.03	ALTERED ZONE - QUARTZ VEIN Mixture of quartz veins and very altered pyritic host rock. 110.00-110.05: milky to grey quartz vein, pyrite 3%, Cpy trace - 110.10: quartz-chlorite pyrite blebs, 8% - 113.06: quartz vein, milky to gray. Pyrite 3% - 114.04: mixed quartz and chloritised andesite - brecciated, Pyrite 8% - 115.06: quartz vein, minor inclusions, pyrite 3% - 117.03: altered andesite, silicified.									
117.03	130.00		BASALT massive, green - flow								
130.00	134.02		INTERMEDIATE DYKE coarse								
134.02	148.00		ANDESITIC TUFF ROCK Banded, poorly altered, tuffaceous. base angle 45° 137.02-138.00: milky white quartz vein, Pyrite 1%								
148.00			END OF HOLE								

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE CLAIM 728524
 HOLE NO. AC86-8 LENGTH 325 FEET
 LOCATION _____
 LATITUDE _____ DEPARTURE _____
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N 180° DIP -45°
 STARTED 08 FEB 1986 FINISHED 10 FEB 1986

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0'00	-45°	N 180°			
200'00	-40°				
300'00	-25°				

HOLE NO. AC86-8 SHEET NO. 1/3

REMARKS
 CORE Thinwall BDBQM
 RECOVERY: 93%

LOGGED BY Mal de Quadras

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	FOOTAGE		TOTAL	Au	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
ft	in		ft	in		OZ/TON				
0.00	22.06	LAKE								
22.06	24.09	ANDESITIC TUFF Green, slightly banded, with blebs & streaks of pyrrhotite ~ 8%								
24.09	41.10	INTERLAVA SEDIMENTARY ROCK Grey to dark green, moderately cherty, foliated volcanic-derived sediment. Graphitic? Pyrite/Pyrrhotite ~ 2%								
41.10	66.07	ANDESITIC TUFF Slightly altered, pale green poorly foliated volcanic rock, with streaks and blebs of pyrite and pyrrhotite. Total sulphides - 2%. Core Angle 60°								
66.07	69.08	INTERLAVA SEDIMENTARY ROCK as above, largely derived from volcanics, core angle 60°								
69.08	86.00	MIXED ANDESITIC ROCKS As above, but mineralized with pyrrhotite rather than pyrite. 69.08-72.00: tuffaceous -72.10: very broken crumbly. Rusty - fault? -80.01: pillows with minor quartz veins. Core Angle 60° -81.03: sedimentary - grey, well foliated Core Angle 65° -83.00: tuffaceous -86.00: sedimentary - grey, volcanic-derived.	14	470	70.00	72.00	tr			
				471		73.10	tr			
				472		76.06	tr			
				473		80.00	0.01			

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE
 HOLE NO. AC 86-8 SHEET NO. 2/3

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS				
ft in	ft in		NO.	FOOTAGE		Au oz/ton	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON		
			ft in	ft in	TOTAL						
86.00	122.00	ALTERED ZONE - PILLOW BASALT Moderately carbonatised and silicified. Sulphides 4-6%, largely pyrrhotite. Some fracturing healed by quartz. Numerous blobs and streaks of fine pyrrhotite + pyrite, generally parallel to foliation, but also around fragments. Appears pillowed. 103.00-104.00: massive pyrrhotite between pillows - 25% overall 107.00-108.00: tuffaceous?, foliated 65° to core axis - 122.00: pillowed - appears brecciated. Uneven alteration minor siliceous zones.	14	474	86.00	89.00	tr				
				475		92.00	tr				
				476		95.00	0.01				
				477		98.00	0.01				
				478		101.00	tr				
				479		104.00	tr				
				480		107.00	tr				
				481		110.00	0.01				
				482		113.00	tr				
				483		116.00	tr				
				484		119.00	tr				
122.00	143.09	MIXED VOLCANIC-SEDIMENTARY UNIT Well foliated, grey to grey-green with minor chert, and appears to have been originally mudstone / reworked tuff. Soft, brittle. Minor quartz-pyrite lenses. Sulphides disseminated, largely pyrite - 4%. Core Angle 60°		485		122.00	0.01				
				486		125.00	tr				
				487		128.00	0.01				
				488		131.00	0.01				
143.09	161.10	INTERMEDIATE DYKE? Coarse grained chloritic unit, with numerous quartz veins parallel to foliation at 45° to core axis. In appearance a mottled green-yellow rock, due to moderate alteration. Pyrite 2%		489	147.00	150.00	tr				
				490		153.00	tr				
				491		156.00	tr				
161.00	179.10	MIXED VOLCANIC/SEDIMENTARY UNIT Volcanic derived tuffaceous sediments. Irregular foliation from 0° to 45° to core axis due to soft sediment deformation or slumping. Moderate alteration, minor quartz veining. 161.10-170.00: mixed, erratic foliation - 174.00: largely tuffaceous. Minor quartz veining		492	170.00	174.00	tr				
179.10	202.10	BASALT FLOW Green, massive, unaltered									
202.10	220.00	GREY METASEDIMENTARY UNIT Fine grained, well foliated grey to grey green. Minor quartz veining. Some silicification at 207.07-208.00. Pyrite 4%.		493	215.00	217.00	tr				
				494		220.00	tr				
				495		222.00	tr				

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE
 HOLE NO. AC 86-8 SHEET NO. 3/3

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	FOOTAGE		Au	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
ft	in		ft	in	TOTAL	OZ/TON			
		217.00-217.08: 40% Quartz, with Pyrrhotite 6% -222.00: minor alteration							
220.00	239.07	ANDESITIC VOLCANICS Green, well foliated largely tuffaceous unit. Becomes greyish towards base (graphitic?) Core Angle 60°							
239.07	243.03	GABBROIC DYKE Green, coarse							
243.03	309.03	MIXED TUFFACEOUS/SEDIMENTARY UNIT Greyish green, well foliated, volcanic-derived sediments with minor graphite. Very minor quartz veins (1/16") parallel to foliation, 50° Pyrite 2% 250.00-265.00: chloritised, core angle 45° 268.06-273.08: silicified, hard, green, minor fracturing, Pyrite 5% -275.08: grey - graphitic? -276.02: quartz vein, with pyrite on contacts. Pyrite 6% -300: core angle increases to 30° 60° (probably caused by hole deviation)	14	496	268.06	270.06	tr		
				497		273.06	tr		
				498	288.00	291.00	0.01		
309.03	325.00	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS ROCK Chloritised and carbonatised green rock, minor silicification. Pyrite = Pyrrhotite ~ 3% Total.							
	325.00	END OF HOLE STOPPED DUE TO EXTREME DEVIATION							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE - LOSS BAY CLAIM K 728528
 HOLE NO. AC 86-9 LENGTH 170 FEET
 LOCATION _____
 LATITUDE _____ DEPARTURE _____
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N 135° DIP -45°
 STARTED 09 FEB 1986 FINISHED 10 FEB 1986

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0.00	-45°	N 135°			
170.00	-40°				

HOLE NO. AC86-9 SHEET NO. 1/2

REMARKS _____
CORE BQ
RECOVERY 98%

LOGGED BY Mel de Quadros

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	ft	in	FOOTAGE TOTAL	oz/ton	%	oz/ton	oz/ton
0.00	33.06	LAKE								
33.06	34.06	BASALT Green, massive								
34.06	42.00	ALTERED ZONE Grey to green-grey, silicified & carbonatised showing minor brecciation healed with quartz. Pyrite 4%	14	449	34.06	36.09	tr			
				450		40.00	tr			
				451		42.00	tr			
42.00	110.00	BASALT PILLOW/FLOW Massive, green, unaltered. Hyaloclastite at 46.09 - 47.10 Minor pyritic bands at 103.00 - 103.02 107.06 - 107.08								
110.00	141.00	ALTERED ZONE WITH QUARTZ VEINS Carbonatised, silicified, partially brecciated mixed with chloritised andesitic tuffs and quartz veins. Contains Pyrite, Trace Green Mica and Trace Chalcopyrite details: 110.00-110.07: minor alteration - 115.07: moderately altered, foliation 45° to core axis - 119.06: Quartz 60%, Pyrite 8-10%, Green Mica, Chalcopyrite trace; Foliation 45° - 127.00: moderate alteration, Pyrite 8% - 128.06: mixed quartz veins and pyritic chloritised host rock. Pyrite 6-8%, Trace Chalcopyrite, Green Mica. - 141.00: moderately altered, well foliated, green, with rare quartz veins. Pyrite 5%, Chalcopyrite trace.	452	111.07	113.07	0.01				
			453		115.07	0.02				
			454		117.06	0.01				
			455		119.06	tr				
			456		121.00	tr				
			457		123.00	tr				
			458		125.00	tr				
			459		127.00	tr				
			460		128.06	tr				
			461		131.06	0.01				
			462		134.06	tr				
			463		136.07	tr				

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE
 HOLE NO. AC 86-9 SHEET NO. 2/2

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	FOOTAGE		TOTAL	AU Oz/ton	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
			ft	in						
140.00	170.00	BASALT FLOW Massive, unaltered, flow rocks. Minor calcitic veining	14	464	136.07	138.00				
	170.00	END OF HOLE		465		141.00				
							tr			
							tr			

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE CLAIM K728460
 HOLE NO. AC 86-10 LENGTH 120 FEET
 LOCATION _____
 LATITUDE _____ DEPARTURE _____
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N 000° DIP -45°
 STARTED 11 FEB 1986 FINISHED 13 FEB 1986

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0.00	-45°	N000°			
120.00	-40°				

HOLE NO. AC86-10 SHEET NO. 1/2

REMARKS _____

CORE - BQ
 RECOVERY - 95%

LOGGED BY Mel de Quadros

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS			
ft in	ft in		NO.	FOOTAGE		Au oz/ton	%	oz/ton	oz/ton
			ft in	ft in	TOTAL				
0.00	20.00	LAKE							
20.00	77.09	ANDESITIC VOLCANIC ROCKS Green, slightly carbonatised, massive and foliated, flow and tuffaceous rocks with minor sedimentary (shale) beds. Pyrite content ~ 2%. Details: 20.00-27.10: massive andesite 27.11: quartz vein, conformable ~ 50° to core axis 41.01: grey carbonatised shale, well foliated. 45° to bore axis 41.07: vesicular andesite 42.00: massive andesite 42.10: vesicular andesite, with pyrrhotite 45.05: massive andesite 45.11: banded shale, white, green, core angle 45° 66.08: tuffaceous andesite, minor pyrrhotite streaks and disseminated pyrite. Core Angle 50° 77.09: massive, green, becoming grey green in patches.							
77.09	91.06	METASEDIMENTS Grey, grey green, occasionally buff, carbonatised sedimentary rocks, in part mudstone and in part derived from tuffaceous units. Minor cherty bands. Pyrite 2%, Core Angle 45°. Details: 77.09-82.08: dark grey, fine grained, slight banding 84.11: green, tuffaceous 85.04: banded, grey & buff, with cherty bands 88.02: grey to dark grey, fine grained, fissile 88.07: pyritic 5% 91.06: dark grey, fine grained, fissile.							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY Rowan Lake
 HOLE NO. AC 86-10 SHEET NO. 2/2

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS					
ft in	ft in		NO.	FOOTAGE		Au oz/ton	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON		
				ft in	ft in					TOTAL	
91.06	110.10	ANDESITIC Green, well-foliated, moderately altered (carbonitization). Pyrite generally fine disseminated with few large cubes (1/8") Overall 2% . Forc angle 50° details 91.06-100.00: tuffaceous, alteration mainly carbonate -100.10: brecciated; healed by calcite veinlets -110.10: tuffaceous, moderately altered with carbonate	13	801	91.06	94.06		tr			
				802		97.06		tr			
				803		100.00		tr			
				804		101.06		tr			
				805		104.06		tr			
				806		107.06		tr			
				807		110.00		0.01			
110.10	120.00	ANDESITIC DYKE? Coarse, gabbroic, massive, unfoliated. 118.09-119.02: quartz-chlorite veils/breccia. Pyrite ~ 1%									
	120.00	END OF HOLE									

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE CLAIM 728742
 HOLE NO. _____ LENGTH 300 FEET
 LOCATION _____
 LATITUDE _____ DEPARTURE _____
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N 180° DIP -45°
 STARTED 11 FEB 1986 FINISHED 13 FEB 1986

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0'00	-45°	N180°			
300.00	-40°				

HOLE NO. AC86-11 SHEET NO. 1/3

REMARKS
CORE: Thinwall BDBQM
RECOVERY: 96%

LOGGED BY Mel de Quadros

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS			
Ft in	Ft in		NO.	Ft in	Ft in	TOTAL	Au oz/ton	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
0.00	32.00	LAKE								
32.00	35.11	GRANITE - BOULDER?								
35.11	118.00	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS UNIT Green, tuffaceous well foliated carbonatized rock, with minor zones of silicification. Pyrite content variable, tending to be in streaks and partings, overall 3%. Core Angle changes from 60° at top to 45° at 40 feet. Details: 35.11-51.00: well foliated, minor pyrite, core angle 50° -68.00: green chloritized with minor silicified zones. hypoblastite? layers. Pyrite 4-5% -80.02: massive, pillow lava. Pyrrhotite around pillow margins especially at 68.00-74.00 and 74.06-75.04. Foliation 50° to core axis. -85.06: well foliated. Core Angle 45° -95.09: massive ~ pillows? -99.06: well foliated, tuffaceous -118.00: massive, flow unit	13	808	51.00	54.00	tr			
				809		57.00	tr			
				810		60.00	tr			
				811		63.00	tr			
				812		66.00	tr			
				813		69.00	tr			
				814		71.00	tr			
				815		74.00	tr			
				816		77.00	tr			
				817		80.00	tr			
118.00	137.07	ALTERED ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS UNIT Well foliated, pale to light green, sericitic carbonatized rock, becoming increasingly silicified towards base. Minor sedimentary beds. Pyrite content increases from 2% at top to 5% at base. Core Angle 45° 118.00-123.00: massive, fine grained, poorly foliated, Pyrite 2% -130.00: coarse, foliated, Pyrite 3-4% -135.00: sugary texture, Pyrite 5%, well foliated at 45° -135.06: banded, Pyrite 10%	818	118.00	121.00	tr				
				819		124.00	tr			
				820		127.00	tr			
				821		130.00	tr			
				822		132.00	tr			
				823		135.00	tr			
				824		136.00	tr			
				825		137.00	tr			

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE
 HOLE NO. AC 86-11 SHEET NO. 2/3

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	FOOTAGE		Au	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
			ft	in	TOTAL	OZ/TON			
		135.06-135.08: black shale, very pyritic 25% -135.11: tuffaceous, pyrite 5% -136.00: black shale, very pyritic 30% -137.07: tuffaceous, pyrite 4%, core angle 45°							
137.07	140.04	BLACK SHALE Well foliated, black graphitic pyritic rock, fissile, brittle, carbonatized. Pyrite 15%	13	826	137.07	139.05			
				827		140.04			
140.04	151.05	ALTERATION ZONE - QUARTZ VEINS Hard, brittle, pale green silicified chloritized unit, tuffaceous with minor carbonate. Minor green mica. Details: 140.04-141.04: transitional zone, Pyrite 5%. Core angle 45° -143.02: quartz vein / breccia with green mica. Quartz 40%, Pyrite 4% -145.01: mixed tuffaceous rock and quartz veins. partially brecciated. Pyrite 6% -147.06: as above, but less quartz - 15% -150.00: silicified, foliated buff. Pyrite 8%. Core angle 45° Quartz veins at 149.06-149.08 149.09-149.10 - white -151.05: transitional zone, decrease in chlorite, rock becoming greyish. Pyrite 3%		828	140.04	141.04	tr		
				829		142.02	tr		
				830		145.01	tr		
				831		147.06	tr		
				832		150.00	tr		
				833		151.05	0.01		
151.05	159.04	GREY SILICIFIED ZONE Hard, silicified with minor carbonate. Well foliated 45-50°. Minor quartz veins at 151.05-151.10 Pyrite 4% 152.03-152.04 152.05-152.06 and 153.07-153.08		834	151.05	154.00	0.01		
				835		157.00	tr		
				836		159.04	tr		
				837		162.00	tr		
				838		164.02	tr		
164.02	182.03	ANDESITIC FLOW UNIT Green, massive, unaltered with minor carbonate Py 2%. Becoming bleached below 180.03 and silicified below 181.03		839	181.00	182.03	tr.		

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE
 HOLE NO. AC 86-11 SHEET NO. 3/3

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	ft	in	TOTAL	Gr oz/ton	%	oz/TON	oz/TON
182.03	192.10	METASEDIMENTS Black, carbonatised well foliated 'Black Shale'. Brittle, very fissile; partly bleached. Pyritic. Details: 182.03-185.00: Bleached, broken, large pyrite nodules 4%. pink quartz vein at 183.07-183.10. Core Angle 45° -190.06: Black, fissile, well foliated with large pyritic clots at 186.08-187.10. Pyrite overall 6%. Core Angle 45° -191.04: pale grey, silicified. Pyrite 3% -192.04: black 'shale'. Pyrite 8%. Core Angle 45° -192.10: pale grey, silicified. Pyrite 3%	13	840	182.03	185.00				
			841			188.00				
			842			190.06				
			843			192.10				
192.00	192.00	FAULT ZONE								
193.00	202.30	ALTERED ANDESITIC ROCKS Silicified, carbonatised, pillows mainly. Pyrite 3-4% 193.00-195.06: broken; old fractures healed by quartz -196.00: banded, grey -196.10: pillows -202.30: tuffaceous sediments. Minor cherty bands. becomes less siliceous towards base. Pyrite 4%, Core Angle 45°	844		193.00	195.06				
			845			198.06				
			846			201.80				
202.30	300.00	MIXED BASALTIC FLOWS AND TUFFS Dark green, unaltered rock. Foliation at 45°. Pyrite 2%. 234.06-235.09: broken -236.02: bull quartz 255.05-295.00: massive, flow -296.05: tuffaceous, quartz, Pyrite 6% -296.06: grey quartz vein with chlorite -297.03: tuffaceous -297.10: quartz vein/breccia -300.00: banded, minor quartz veins (1%)	847		295.00	297.00				
			848			299.00				
			849			300.00				
300.00			END OF HOLE							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE CLAIM 427828
 HOLE NO. AC86-12 LENGTH 195 FEET
 LOCATION _____
 LATITUDE _____ DEPARTURE _____
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N000° DIP -45°
 STARTED 14 FEB 1986 FINISHED 14 FEB 1986

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0.00	-45°	N000°			
195.00	-45°				

HOLE NO. AC86-12 SHEET NO. 1/1

REMARKS _____
 CORE BQ
 RECOVERY 94%

LOGGED BY Mel de Quadras

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS			
ft in	ft in		NO.	FOOTAGE		Au oz/ton	%	oz/TON	oz/TON
			ft in	ft in	TOTAL				
0.00	22.00	LAKE							
22.00	195.00	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS UNIT Green, well foliated, erratically carbonatized rock. Ayrite 2%. Foliation 50° fairly uniform. 45.08-50.00: highly carbonatized, minor brecciation, with swirling foliation - sedimentary? 80.00-80.05: minor quartz veining. Core angle 50° Minor chloritic bands at 166.10-167.10 181.04-181.05 181.08-181.10	13	850	43.08	47.00	tr		
				851		50.00	tr.		
195.00		END OF HOLE							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE CLAIM K428460
 HOLE NO. AC 86-13 LENGTH 600 FEET
 LOCATION _____
 LATITUDE _____ DEPARTURE _____
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N000° DIP -60°
 STARTED 15 FEB 1986 FINISHED 17 FEB 1986

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0'00	-60°	N000°			
200'00	-55°				
600'00	-55°				

HOLE NO. AC86-13 SHEET NO. 1/4

REMARKS
CORE 'Thinwall' BDBGN
RECOVERY 98%

LOGGED BY Mel de Quadros

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	FOOTAGE		TOTAL	Au oz/ton	%	oz/TON	oz/TON
0.00	9.00	OVERBURDEN								
9.00	144.00	BASALT Flow basalt with minor tuffaceous units. Details: 9.00-11.09: massive, flow - 12.02: very broken - 13.06: massive - 18.00: tuffaceous, very foliated, fissile. Rusty Fractures. 10% Pyrite, minor alteration - 20.09: foliated, carbonatised, 6% Pyrite, low angle 30° - 37.01: foliated, tuffaceous, minor (1%) Pyrite. - 45.06: massive, unfoliated - 48.04: Quartz-eye Porphyry dyke, contacts at 20° - 70.05: massive Pyrite nodules at 54.06-55.02 - 72.05: foliated, tuffaceous, core angle 30° - 74.04: Quartz-eye Porphyry - 77.01: foliated, tuffaceous, core angle 30° - 79.11: Quartz-eye Porphyry - 96.10: grey, foliated tuffaceous sediment. Silicified. 2% Pyrite - 116.10: green, tuffaceous, well foliated low angle 20° - 144.00: massive.	13	852	15.06	18.00	tr			
				853		20.09	0.01			
144.20	202.00	GREY ALTERED ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS ROCK Well foliated, tuffaceous, carbonatised, often cherty, with variable pyrite content. low angles 30°. Details:								
				854	88.00	90.00	tr			
				855		92.00	tr			

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE
 HOLE NO. AC86-13 SHEET NO. 24

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	FOOTAGE		TOTAL	Au	%	OZ/TON	OZ/TON
			ft	in	ft in		oz/ton			
		144.00-145.06: well foliated, core angle 30°	13	856	144.00	145.06	tr			
		-147.00: cherty, massive		857		147.00	tr			
		-153.00: cherty, well foliated; 5% Pyrite		858		150.00	tr			
		-157.08: less altered,		859		153.00	0.01			
		-161.06: bands of pyrite and pyrrhotite; 6% Sulphides, Zn?		860		156.00	tr			
		-168.08: massive		861		157.10	tr			
		-171.09: bands of pyrite and pyrrhotite; 11% Sulphides, Zn?		862		160.00	tr			
		-173.04: fairly massive cherty, minor brecciation		863		161.06	tr			
		-176.09: very cherty, 4% Pyrite		864		165.00	tr			
		-180.00: Quartz-carbonate-breccia; 6% Pyrite, trace Pyrr.		865		168.06	tr			
		-191.05: poorly altered, tuffaceous. Increasing Pyrrhotite content; in thin bands towards the base ~ 3% P.A. 30°		866		171.09	tr			
		-194.01: moderately silicified, pyrrhotite between 192.00-190.06. Overall Sulphides 5%		867		174.00	tr			
		-196.06: grey, fine grained carbonatized. Well foliated at 30° Sulphides 1%		868		175.04	tr			
		-197.06: Quartz veining 60%, with chlorite and pyrrhotite 4%		869		176.09	tr			
		-202.00: well foliated tuffaceous sedimentary rock. Pyrite 1%, Pyrrhotite 2%, core angle 30°		870		180.00	tr			
202.00	235.06	TUFFACEOUS SEDIMENTARY ROCK (WACKES?) Grey, patchily carbonatized, poorly foliated. Pyrite 1%, core angle 30° Minor tuffaceous bands								
235.06	254.00	TUFFACEOUS ANDESITE Well foliated, carbonatized, greenish, banded unit. Pyrite 1%, core angle 30° Pyrrhotite bands at 250.02-250.04								
254.00	270.09	WACKES as in 202.00-235.06								

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE CLAIM K427828
 HOLE NO. AC 86-14 LENGTH 190 FEET
 LOCATION _____
 LATITUDE _____ DEPARTURE _____
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N000° DIP -45°
 STARTED 21 FEB 1986 FINISHED 21 FEB 1986

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0'00	-45°	N000°			
190'00	-42°				

HOLE NO. AC86-14 SHEET NO. 1/1

REMARKS
CORE 89
RECOVERY 95%

LOGGED BY Mel de Quadros

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE				ASSAYS			
ft	in		NO.	FOOTAGE		TOTAL	Au	%	oz/TON	oz/TON
ft	in		ft	in		oz/ton				
0.00	5.00	OVERBURDEN								
5.00	10.03	GABBROIC UNIT Medium grained green massive								
10.03	59.10	BASALT Green, massive, flow with 1% sulphides								
59.10	174.07	ANDESITIC TUFFACEOUS UNIT Green, unaltered, foliated, with minor carbonate. Trace Pyrite. 75.00-77.06: minor quartz veinlets, Pyrite 4%. Unaltered. 85.00-86.10: chloritized, Pyrite 6%, minor quartz nodules. -99.03: coarse-flow -143.10: tuff, minor quartz veins, foliation 40° to C.A. -145.04: altered, silicified, Pyrite 3% -147.09: quartz-chlorite breccia, Pyrite + Pyrrhotite 6%. Core angle 45° -149.09: as above, less quartz, Sulphides 5% -155.08: disseminated pyrite and pyrrhotite. -174.07: tuff, slight carbonate, Pyrite 1%.	13	890	75.00	77.06		tr		
				891	85.00	86.10		0.01		
				892	143.10	145.04		tr		
				893		147.09		tr		
				894		149.09		tr		
				895		152.08		tr		
				896		155.08		tr		
174.00	190.00	GABBROIC UNIT Medium grained, massive, green								
190.00		END OF HOLE								

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

NAME OF PROPERTY ROWAN LAKE
 HOLE NO. AC 86-15 LENGTH 143 FEET
 LOCATION _____
 LATITUDE _____ DEPARTURE _____
 ELEVATION _____ AZIMUTH N000° DIP -45°
 STARTED 23 FEB 1986 FINISHED 25 FEB 1986

FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0'00	-45°	N000°			
143'00	-41°				

HOLE NO. AC86-15 SHEET NO. 1/1

REMARKS _____
LOGS
RECOVERY 89
 95%

LOGGED BY Mel de Quadras

FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE			ASSAYS				
ft	in		NO.	ft	in	TOTAL	Au	%	oz/TON	oz/TON
0.00	5.06	OVER BURDEN								
5.06	22.00	ALTERED TUFF / FAULT 5.06-8.03: foliated, fine grained, silicified. Pyrite 2%, core angle 30° -12.06: silicified, cherty, bleached, Pyrite 5%. Rusty fractures -13.04: very barren, rusty fragments, siliceous. -17.01: foliated, carbonatised. pyrite 2% -22.00: as above, but barren with rusty fractures. Sulphides leached out.	13	897	5.06	8.03	tr			
				898		12.03	0.01			
				899		15.00	tr			
				900		17.00	tr			
				901		20.00	0.01			
				902		22.00	tr			
22.00	120.08	BASALT coarse, massive unaltered, with minor (1/2-1') tuff bands. Pyritic bands between 49.00-57.00 but no alteration. Core angle erratic, between 30° and 45°.								
120.08	143.00	GABBROIC UNIT coarse, unaltered, massive								
143.00		END OF HOLE.								

ONTARIO GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
 ASSESSMENT FILES
 RESEARCH OFFICE

 OCT 16 1986

 RECEIVED

APPENDIX 2.



VANGEOCHEM LAB LIMITED

MAIN OFFICE
1521 PEMBERTON AVE.
NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. V7P 2S3
(604) 986-5211 TELEX: 04-352578

BRANCH OFFICE
1630 PANDORA ST.
VANCOUVER, B.C. V5L 1L8
(604) 251-5656

ASSAY ANALYTICAL REPORT

CLIENT: ANGLO CANADIAN MINING CORP.
ADDRESS: #713 - 744 Hastings St.
: Vancouver B.C.
: V6C 1A5

DATE: Feb 12 1986

REPORT#: 860053AA
JOB#: 860053

PROJECT#: NONE GIVEN
SAMPLES ARRIVED: Feb 11 1986
REPORT COMPLETED: Feb 12 1986
ANALYSED FOR: Ag AgM Au AuM

INVOICE#: 860053NA
TOTAL SAMPLES: 41
REJECTS/PULPS: 90 DAYS/1 YR
SAMPLE TYPE: 41 CORES

SAMPLES FROM: MEL DE QUADROS
COPY SENT TO: MEL DE QUADROS & WAYNE WHYMARK

PREPARED FOR: MR. ROBERT KEMENY

ANALYSED BY: David Chiu

SIGNED: _____

Registered Provincial Assayer

GENERAL REMARK: Results sent to Mr. Kemeny by phone on Feb 12 1986



VANGEOCHEM LAB LIMITED

MAIN OFFICE
1521 PEMBERTON AVE.
NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. V7P 2S3
(604) 986-5211 TELEX: 04-352578

BRANCH OFFICE
1630 PANDORA ST.
VANCOUVER, B.C. V5L 1L6
(604) 251-5658

REPORT NUMBER: 860053AA

JOB NUMBER: 860053

ANGLO CANADIAN MINING CORP.

PAGE 1 OF 3

SAMPLE #	Ag	Ag	Au	Au
	oz/st	gm/Mt	oz/st	gm/Mt
13901	.01	.3	<.005	<0.2
13902	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13903	.02	.6	.005	.2
13904	.02	.6	<.005	<0.2
13905	.01	.3	<.005	<0.2
13906	.01	.3	<.005	<0.2
13907	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13908	.01	.3	.007	.2
13909	<.01	<0.2	.010	.3
13910	.02	.6	.036	1.2
13911	.01	.3	<.005	<0.2
13912	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13913	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13915	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13916	<.01	<0.2	.009	.3
13917	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13918	.01	.3	<.005	<0.2
13919	.01	.3	<.005	<0.2
13920	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13921	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2

DETECTION LIMIT

1 Troy oz/short ton = 34.28 ppm

.01

1 ppm = 0.0001%

0.2

ppm = parts per million

.005

0.2

{ = less than

signed: _____



VANGEOCHEM LAB LIMITED

MAIN OFFICE
1521 PEMBERTON AVE.
NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. V7P 2S3
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BRANCH OFFICE
1630 PANDORA ST.
VANCOUVER, B.C. V5L 1L6
(604) 251-5656

REPORT NUMBER: 860053AA

JOB NUMBER: 860053

ANGLO CANADIAN MINING CORP.

PAGE 2 OF 3

SAMPLE #	Ag	Ag	Au	Au
	oz/st	gm/Mt	oz/st	gm/Mt
13922	.01	.3	<.005	<0.2
13923	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13924	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13925	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13926	.02	.6	.005	.2
13927	.02	.6	.005	.2
13928	.02	.6	<.005	<0.2
13929	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13930	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13931	.01	.3	<.005	<0.2
13932	.02	.6	<.005	<0.2
13933	.01	.3	<.005	<0.2
13934	.02	.6	<.005	<0.2
13935	.02	.6	<.005	<0.2
13936	.01	.3	<.005	<0.2
13937	.01	.3	.005	.2
13938	.01	.3	<.005	<0.2
13939	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13940	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2
13941	<.01	<0.2	<.005	<0.2

DETECTION LIMIT

1 Troy oz/short ton = 34.28 ppm

.01

1 ppm = 0.0001%

0.2

ppm = parts per million

.005

0.2

(= less than

signed: _____



VANGEOCHEM LAB LIMITED

MAIN OFFICE
1521 PEMBERTON AVE.
NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. V7P 2S3
(604) 986-5211 TELEX: 04-352578

BRANCH OFFICE
1630 PANDORA ST.
VANCOUVER, B.C. V5L 1L6
(604) 251-5656

REPORT NUMBER: 860053AA

JOB NUMBER: 860053

ANGLO CANADIAN MINING CORP.

PAGE 3 OF 3

SAMPLE #

Ag
oz/st

Ag
gm/Mt

Au
oz/st

Au
gm/Mt

13942

<.01

<0.2

.007

.2

DETECTION LIMIT

1 Troy oz/short ton = 34.28 ppm

.01

1 ppm = 0.0001%

0.2

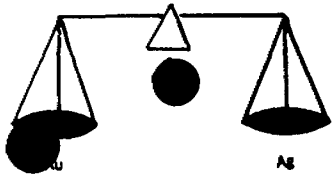
ppm = parts per million

.005

0.2

(= less than

signed: _____



PAUL'S CUSTOM FIRE ASSAYING LTD.

Phone: Bus. (807) 662-8171
Res. (807) 662-3361

PAUL OKANSKI, Assayer
Box 253, Cochenour, Ontario P0V 1L0

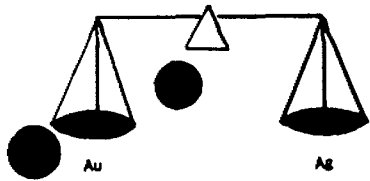
Bigstone Minerals Ltd.

ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Feb. 13-86

Sample No.	Description	oz/ton Au	oz/ton Ag
13943	(Hole #85-3 Rowan Lake	Trace	
44		"	
45		.01	
46		Trace	
47		"	
48		"	
49		"	
50		"	
51		.01	
52		Trace	
53		"	
54		"	
55		"	
56		.01	
57		Trace	
58		"	
59		.04	
60		Trace	
61		.06	
62		Trace	
63		"	
64		"	
65		"	
66		"	
67		"	

Assayer: *Paul Okanski*



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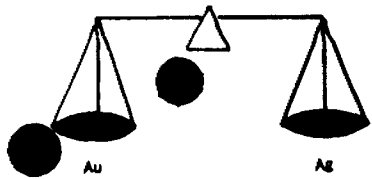
ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Feb. 13-86

Sample No.	Description	oz/ton Au	oz/ton Ag
1	13968 (Hole #85-3-Rowan Lake)	Trace	
2	69	"	
3	70	"	
4	71	"	
5	72	"	
6	73	"	
7	74	"	
8	75	.01	
9	76	Trace	
10	77	"	
11	78	"	
12	79	"	
13	80	"	
14	81	"	
15	82	"	
16	83	"	
17	84	"	
18	85	"	
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

Assayer:

Paul Okanski



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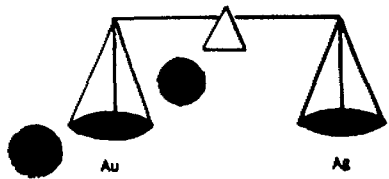
Bigstone Minerals Ltd.

ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Feb. 18-86

Sample No.	Description	oz/ton Au	oz/ton Ag
1	13986	Trace	
2	87	.01	
3	88	Trace	
4	89	"	
5	90	"	
6	91	"	
7	92	"	
8	93	"	
9	94	.01	
10	95	Trace	
11	96	"	
12	97	"	
13	98	"	
14	99	"	
15	14000	"	
16	14401	"	
17	02	"	
18	03	"	
19	04	"	
20	05	"	
21	06	"	
22	07	"	
23	08	"	
24	09	"	
25	10	"	

Assayer: *Paul Okanski*



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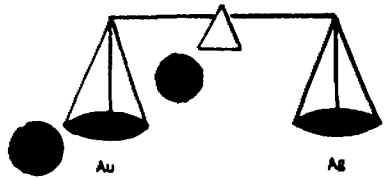
ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Feb. 18-86

Sample No.	Description	oz/ton Au	oz/ton Ag
1	14411	Trace	
2	12	"	
3	13	"	
4	14	"	
5	15	"	
6	16	"	
7	17	"	
8	18	"	
9	19	"	
10	20	"	
11	21	"	
12	22	"	
13	23	"	
14	24	.01	
15	25	Trace	
16	26	.02	
17	27	Trace	
18	28	"	
19	29	"	
20	30	"	
21	31	"	
22	32	.01	
23	33	Trace	
24	34	"	
25	35	"	
36		Trace	

Assayer:

Paul Okanski



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Box 253, Cochenour, Ontario P0V 1L0

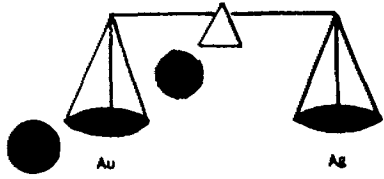
Bigstone Minerals Ltd.

ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Feb. 21-86

	Sample No.	Description	oz/ton Au	oz/ton Ag
1	14437	Rowan Lake	Trace	
2	38		"	
3	39		"	
4	40		"	
5	41		"	
6	42		"	
7	43		"	
8	44		"	
9	45		"	
10	46		"	
11	47		"	
12	48		"	
13	49		"	
14	50		"	
15	51		"	
16	52		.01	
17	53		.02	
18	54		.01	
19	55		Trace	
20	56		"	
21	57		"	
22	58		"	
23	59		"	
24	60		"	
25	61		"	

Assayer: *Paul Okanski*



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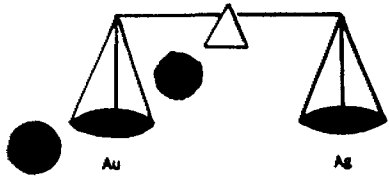
ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Feb. 21-86

	Sample No.	Description	oz/ton Au	oz/ton Ag
1	14462	Rowan Lake	.01	
2	63		Trace	
3	64		"	
4	65		"	
5	66		"	
6	67		"	
7	68		"	
8	69		"	
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				

Assayer:

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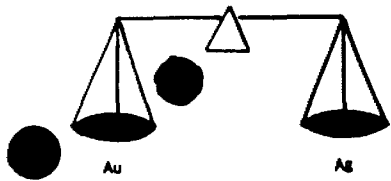
Bigstone Minerals Ltd.

ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Feb. 26-86

Sample No.	Description	oz/ton Au	oz/ton Ag
1	14470	Rowan Lake	Trace
2	71	"	
3	72	"	
4	73	.01	
5	74	Trace	
6	75	"	
7	76	.01	
8	77	.01	
9	78	Trace	
10	79	"	
11	80	"	
12	81	.01	
13	82	Trace	
14	83	"	
15	84	"	
16	85	.01	
17	86	Trace	
18	87	.01	
19	88	.01	
20	89	Trace	
21	90	"	
22	91	"	
23	92	"	
24	93	"	
25	94	"	

Assayer: *Paul Okanski*



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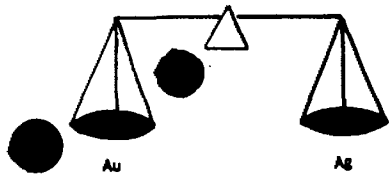
ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Feb. 26-86

Sample No.	Description	oz/ton Au	oz/ton Ag
1	14495 Rown Lake	Trace	
2	96	"	
3	97	"	
4	98	.01	
5	99	Trace	
6	14500	"	
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

Assayer:

Paul Okanski



Bigstone Minerals

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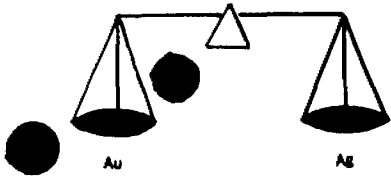
ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Mar. 4-86

Sample No.	Description	oz/ton Au	oz/ton Ag
1	13801 Rowan Lake	Trace	
2	02	"	
3	03	"	
4	04	"	
5	05	"	
6	06	"	
7	07	.01	
8	08	Trace	
9	09	"	
10	10	"	
11	11	"	
12	12	"	
13	13	"	
14	14	"	
15	15	"	
16	16	"	
17	17	"	
18	18	"	
19	19	"	
20	20	"	
21	21	"	
22	22	"	
23	23	"	
24	24	"	
25	25	"	

Assayer:

Paul Okanski



PAUL'S CUSTOM FIRE ASSAYING LTD.

Phone: Bus. (807) 662-8171
Res. (807) 662-3361

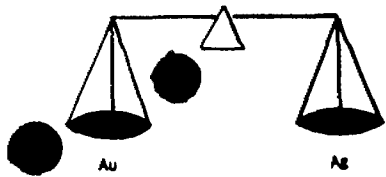
PAUL OKANSKI, Assayer
Box 253, Cochenour, Ontario POV 1L0

Bigstone Minerals

ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Mar. 4-86

	Sample No.	Description	oz/ton Au	oz/ton Ag
1	13826	Rowans Lake	Trace	
2	27		"	
3	28		"	
4	29		"	
5	30		"	
6	31		"	
7	32		"	
8	33		.01	
9	34		.01	
10	35		Trace	
11	36		"	
12	37		"	
13	38		"	
14	39		"	
15	40		"	
16	41		"	
17	42		"	
18	43		"	
19	44		"	



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Digstone Minerals

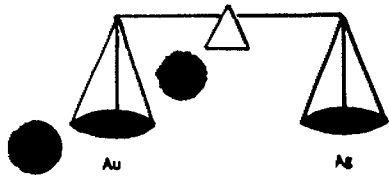
ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Mar. 4-86

	Sample No.	Description	oz/ton Au	oz/ton Ag
1	13851	Rowan Lake	Trace	
2	52		"	
3	53		.01	
4	54		"	
5	55		"	
6	56		"	
7	57		"	
8	58		"	
9	59		.01	
10	60		Trace	
11	61		"	
12	62		"	
13	63		"	
14	64		"	
15	65		"	
16	66		"	
17	67		"	
18	68		"	
19	69		"	
20	70		"	
21	71		"	
22	72		"	
23	73		"	
24	74		"	
25	75		"	

Assayer:

Paul Okanski



Bigstone Minerals

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Phone: Bus. (807) 662-8171
Res. (807) 662-3361

PAUL OKANSKI, Assayer
Box 253, Cochenour, Ontario P0V 1L0

ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Date: Mar. 4-86

Sample No.	Description	oz/ton Au	oz/ton Ag
1	13876 Rowan Lake	Trace	
2	77	"	
3	78	"	
4	79	"	
5	80	"	
6	81	"	
7	82	"	
8	83	"	
9	84	"	
10	85	"	
11	86	"	
12	87	"	
13	88	"	
14	89	"	
15	90	"	
16	91	.01	
17	92	Trace	
18	93	"	
19	94	"	
20	95	"	
21	96	"	
22	97	"	
23	98	.01	
24	99	Trace	
25	13900	"	

Assayer:

Name and Postal Address of Recorded Holder
John E. O'Donnell, 141 Adelaide St. W.

Toronto, Ontario M5H 3L5



52F055E0062 41 ROWAN LAKE

900

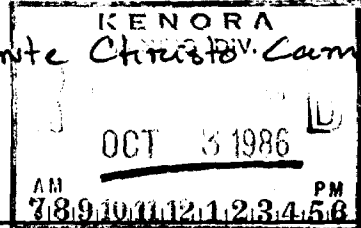
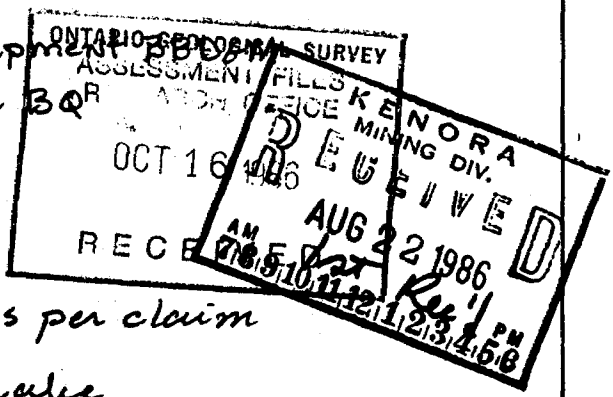
Summary of Work Performance and Distribution of Credits

Total Work Days Cr. claimed 458	Mining Claim		Work Days Cr.	Prefix	Prefix	Prefix	NUMBER	DAYS Cr.	
	Prefix	Number							
For Performance of the following work. (Check one only) <input type="checkbox"/> Manual Work <input type="checkbox"/> Shaft Sinking Drifting or other Lateral Work. <input type="checkbox"/> Compressed Air, other Power driven or mechanical equip. <input type="checkbox"/> Power Stripping <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Diamond or other Core drilling <input type="checkbox"/> Land Survey	728	802	21.8	728	525	21.8	728	534	21.8
		803	"		526	"		811	"
		806	"		527	"		812	"
		807	"		528	"		813	"
		808	"		529	"		814	"
		811	"		530	"			
		812	"		531	"			
		813	"		533	"			

All the work was performed on Mining Claim(s): **K. 728528**

Required Information eg: type of equipment, Names, Addresses, etc. (See Table Below)

Drilling CONTRACTOR: Ultra Mobile Diamond Drilling Ltd. Surrey B.C.
FOREMAN: Keith Allen
Equipment: JKS 300 Wireline with Trainwall Equipment
 Hydracore Beaver with standard BQ
Drill Holes: See attached list.
Assessment: 458 feet = 458 MAN DAYS
Credits/Claim $458 \div 21 = 21.8$ MAN days per claim
Storage = Monte Christo Camp, Rowan Lake.



Date of Report: **July 24 / 1986.**
 Recorded Holder or Agent (Signature): *[Signature]*

Certification Verifying Report of Work

I hereby certify that I have a personal and intimate knowledge of the facts set forth in the Report of Work annexed hereto, having performed the work or witnessed same during and/or after its completion and the annexed report is true.

Name and Postal Address of Person Certifying
Mel de Quadros, 3220 - 33 Harbour Square, Toronto Ont

M5S 2G2.
 Date Certified: **July 20 1986**
 Certified by (Signature): *[Signature]*

Table of Information/Attachments Required by the Mining Recorder

Type of Work	Specific information per type	Other information (Common to 2 or more types)	Attachments
Manual Work	Nil	Names and addresses of men who performed manual work / operated equipment, together with dates and hours of employment. 728525	Work Sketch: these are required to show the location and extent of work in relation to the nearest claim post.
Shaft Sinking, Drifting or other Lateral Work			
Compressed air, other power driven or mechanical equip.	Type of equipment	Names and addresses of owner or operator together with dates when drilling/stripping done.	Work Sketch (as above) in duplicate
	Type of equipment and amount expended. Note: Proof of actual cost must be submitted within 30 days of recording.		
	Signed core log showing: footage, diameter of core, number and angles of holes.		
	Name and address of Ontario land surveyor.	Nil	Nil

Name and Postal Address of Recorded Holder: **Bigstone Minerals Mining Ltd., 141 Adelaide St. W. Suite 1506 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3L5**

Prospector's Licence No.: **T 1703**

Summary of Work Performance and Distribution of Credits

Total Work Days Cr. claimed	Mining Claim			Work Days Cr.	Mining Claim			Work Days Cr.	Mining Claim			Work Days Cr.
	Prefix	Number			Prefix	Number			Prefix	Number		
3,131	697	711	✓	136.13	729	524	✓	136.13	728	784	✓	136.13
<input type="checkbox"/> Manual Work <input type="checkbox"/> Shaft Sinking Drifting or other Lateral Work. <input type="checkbox"/> Compressed Air, other Power driven or mechanical equip. <input type="checkbox"/> Power Stripping <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Diamond or other Core drilling <input type="checkbox"/> Land Survey		828	✓	"		555	✓	"		785	✓	"
		136	✓	"		557	✓	"		801	✓	"
		575	✓	"		558	✓	"		522	✓	"
		781	✓	"		721	✓	"		523	✓	"
		782	✓	"		772	✓	"		552	✓	"
		460	✓	"		773	✓	"		553	✓	"
					783	✓	"		559	✓	"	

All the work was performed on Mining Claim(s):

Required Information eg: type of equipment, Names, Addresses, etc. (See Table Below)

Drilling Contractor: **Ultra Mobile Diamond Drilling Ltd. Surrey B.C.**
 Foreman: **Keith Allen**
 Equipment: **JKS 300 Wireline with Thin wall Equipment R.B.D.G.M. Hydrocore Bower with standard T.S.**
 Drill Holes: **See Attached List.**
 Assessment: **3,131 feet = 3,131 man days**
 Credits/Claim **3,131 ÷ 23 = 136.13 man days per claim**
 Storage: **Monte Christo Camp Rowan Lake.**

KENORA MINING DIV.
RECEIVED
AUG 22 1986
AM 7:8, 10, 11, 12, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 PM

ONTARIO GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
ASSESSMENT FILES
OFFICE
OCT 16 1986
Date of Report
July 24th / 1986

Recorded Holder or Agent (Signature)
[Signature]

Certification Verifying Report of Work
I hereby certify that I have a personal and direct knowledge of the facts set forth in the Report of Work annexed hereto, having performed the work or witnessed same during and/or after its completion and the annexed report is true.

Name and Postal Address of Person Certifying: **Mel de Quadros 3220-33 Harbour Square, Toronto, Ont M5S 2G2**

Date Certified: **July 24 1986**

Certified by (Signature): *[Signature]*

Table of Information/Attachments Required by the Mining Recorder

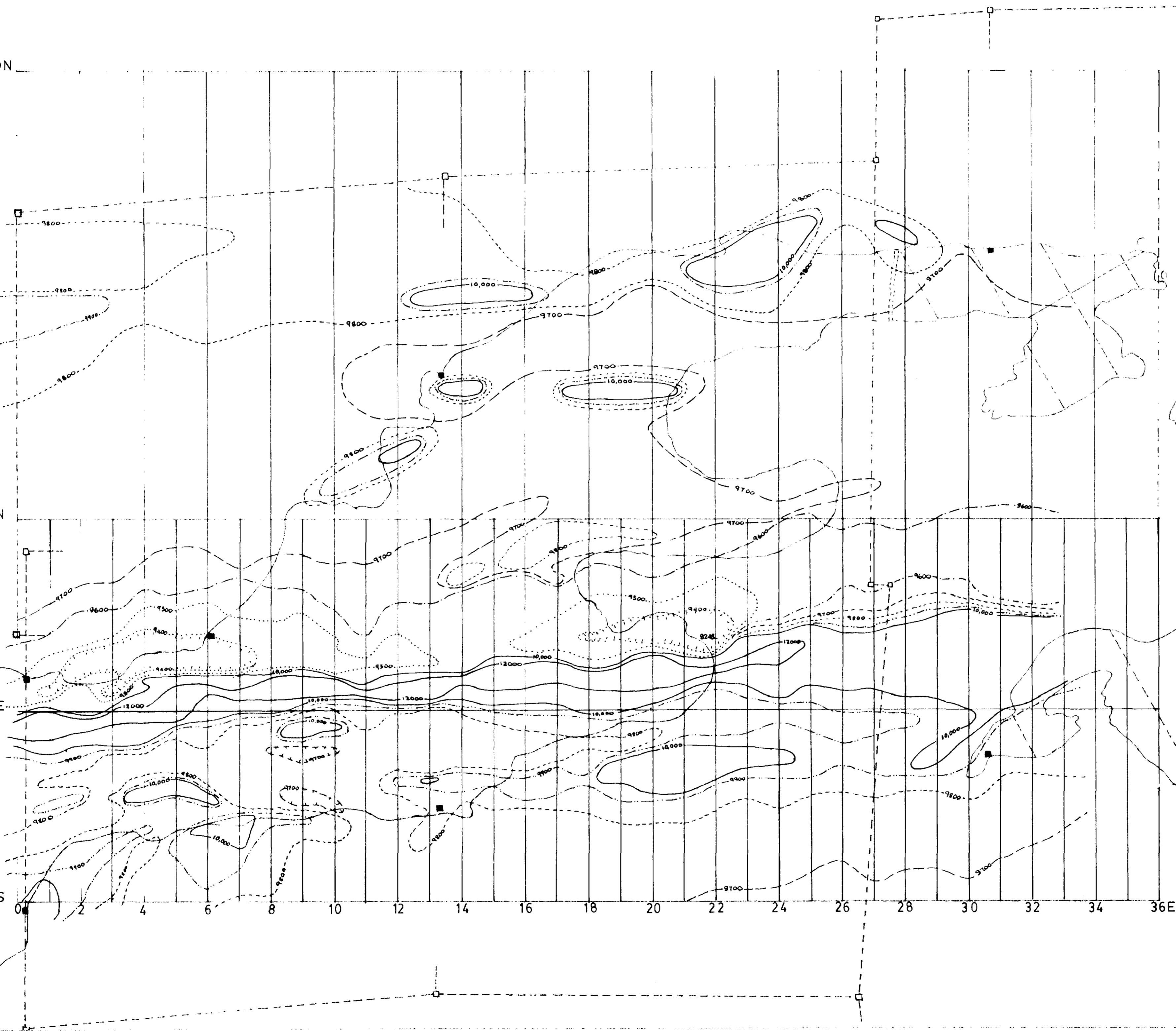
Type of Work	Specific information per type	Other information (Common to 2 or more types)	Attachments
Manual Work	NII		
Shaft Sinking, Drifting or other Lateral Work		Names and addresses of men who performed manual work/operated equipment, together with dates and hours of employment.	Work Sketch: these are required to show the location and extent of work in relation to the nearest claim post.
Compressed air, other power driven or mechanical equip.	Type of equipment	697711	
Power Stripping	Type of equipment and amount expended. Note: Proof of actual cost must be submitted within 30 days of recording.	Names and addresses of owner or operator together with dates when drilling/stripping done.	
Diamond or other core drilling	Signed core log showing: footage, diameter of core, number and angles of holes.		Work Sketch (as above) in duplicate
Land Survey	Name and address of Ontario land surveyor.	NII	NII

TIELINE 2000N

TIELINE 600N

BASE

TIELINE 600S



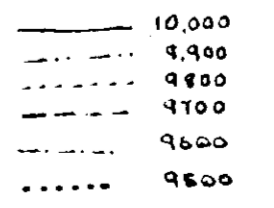
BIGSTONE ISLAND

ROWAN LAKE DDP# 41

ANGLO CANADIAN - BIGSTONE JOINT VENTURE

ROWAN LAKE, KENORA M.D.

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY



SCINTREX MP 2
base 50,000 gammas

SCALE 1 inch = 200 feet

APRIL 1986

FIGURE 4



LEGEND

- 6 LATE FELSIC INTRUSIVE ROCKS (UNSUBDIVIDED)
 - a. Granite
 - 5 EARLY FELSIC INTRUSIVE ROCKS (UNSUBDIVIDED)
 - a. Feldspar porphyry
 - b. Quartz feldspar porphyry
 - c. Granitic
 - 4 MAFIC INTRUSIVE ROCKS (UNSUBDIVIDED)
 - a. Gabbro
 - b. Diorite
 - c. Lamprophyre
 - 3 METASEDIMENTARY ROCKS (UNSUBDIVIDED)
 - a. Chert
 - b. Interflow sediments
 - 2 FELSIC TO INTERMEDIATE METAVOLCANICS (UNSUBDIVIDED)
 - a. Agglomerate
 - 1 MAFIC TO INTERMEDIATE METAVOLCANICS (UNSUBDIVIDED)
 - a. Pillowed
 - b. Massive
 - c. Turf
 - d. Basins flow (buff, pillow breccia and agglomerate)
 - e. Porphyritic (feldspar phenocrysts)
-
- Rock outcrop, small outcrop
 - Geological contact, major, minor
 - Area of abundant outcrop
 - Schistosity; dip known, vertical, dip unknown
 - Shear fabric; dip known, vertical, dip unknown
 - Sheared, strongly sheared
 - Alteration zone; (carbonate, quartz, pyrite, bleaching)
-
- Rock sample location, with number
 - Trench, with number
 - Claim post; located, assumed
 - Witness post
 - Porridge (trail)
 - Swamp
-
- Section location (See Report fig 4)

