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REPORT OF THE MAGNETIC AND ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEYS BOYER AREA BLOCK 800-6 KAWASHEGAMUK LAKE TWP. DISTRICT OF KENORA, ONT.

> Laurie Reed, Chief Geophysicist

Toronto, Ontario May 24th, 1978

INTRODUCTION

A program of magnetic and electromagnetic surveying was carried out in February, 1978 over claims in Kawashegamuk Lake Twp. (Claim Map M-2573) in the Mining Division of Kenora, District of Kenora.

The claims surveyed here lie across Church Lake. The survey represents the continuation of surveying done on land surrounding the lake during 1977. The claims may be reached by bush road from Borrups Corners on Highway 17 some 4 miles to the north.

A contiguous grid of lines was cut and laid out with pickets every 100 feet. Lines have a 400 foot separation.

The magnetometer used on this grid was a McPhar M-700 Fluxgate instrument which measures the vertical component of the earth's magnetic field to an accuracy of 10 gammas.

The electromagnetic survey was carried out using an Apex Max.-Min. II, horizontal-loop EM instrument using a frequency of 1777 Hz with a coil separation of 400 feet. Inphase and quadrature components of the secondary field were read to an accuracy of 1% of the primary field. All instrument readings were taken on a 100 foot separation with closures to 50 feet in areas of anomalous activity.

GENERAL GEOLOGY

Volcanic rocks surround Church Lake. To the south, mafic rocks are andesitic in composition. North of the lake, andesitic basalts and basalts are observed. Minor dacite tuffs are also observed north of the lake. Felsic rocks are observed to the northeast.

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY

The magnetic response over much of the lake is subdued, suggesting a fairly uniform rock type. Some of this smoothing probably results from the greater depth to bedrock under the lake. The smooth magnetic pattern to the east and south of the lake suggests the mafic rocks of these areas continue under the lake.

To the northeast, a somewhat stronger response suggests the presence of the strong magnetic formation seen north of the lake. While the source of this formation is not identified, it would appear to be a phase of the volcanics carrying considerably more magnetite than the surrounding rocks.

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ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY

Four or five electromagnetic responses are seen running through the lake. For the most part these are identified by large quadrature responses with only moderate in-phase responses. Their location in the lake suggests fairly conductive lake sediments. Some of the in-phase responses in the lake particularly to the west on lines 36E and 40E become fairly large, however the large quadrature response indicates poor conductors of likely lake sediment origin.

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One conductor however, appears to be of bedrock origin, although its conductivity response is only somewhat better than some of those in the lake. This is the response on line 52E at 59+50S on the south shore of the lake. This conductor appears to be an easterly extension of a conductor seen on-shore by the earlier survey. No magnetic response is noted with this conductor.

CONCLUSIONS

One conductor of bedrock origin has been identified in this survey. Although mafic rocks are indicated, further geologic mapping in the environment of the conductor might usefully be carried out. Testing the conductor by drilling should be con-

sidered showing states the geologic setting warrant. A STED

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Laurie Reed, Chief Geophysicist

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GEOPHYSICAL – GEOLOGICAL – GEOCH TECHNICAL DATA	IEMICAL
TO BE ATTACHED AS AN APPEND FACTS SHOWN HERE NEED NOT TECHNICAL REPORT MUST CONTAIN INT. 52F10NW0034	2.2705 KAWASHEGAMUK LAKE
Type of SurveyGeophysical	300
Township or Area <u>M-2573</u> Claim holder(s) <u>Selco Mining Corporation Limited</u>	MINING CLAIMS TRAVERSED
55 University AVe., Toronto, Ont. Author of Report L.E. Reed M5J 2H7 Address 55 University Ave., Toronto, Ont. Covering Dates of Survey September '77 (linecutting to office) Total Miles of Line cut 3.3 mls.	K 488158 K4 Covered (prefix) (number) K 488159 K K 488160 K4
SPECIAL PROVISIONS CREDITS REQUESTED DAYS per claim ENTER 40 days (includes line cutting) for first -Electromagnetic 20 ENTER 40 days (includes line cutting) for first -Magnetometer 40 survey. -Radiometric - ENTER 20 days for each additional survey using same grid. -Other - AIRBORNE CREDITS (Special provision credits do not apply to airborne surveys) Magnetometer Radiometric Magnetometer Electromagnetic Radiometric - OATE: Mag. 24 1478 SIGNATURE: Magnetometric for Agent	K 449820 K 449821 K 449831 K 4498
PROJECTS SECTION L.D Res. Geol Qualifications <u>2.62</u> Previous Surveys	
Checked bydate	••••••
GEOLOGICAL BRANCH	
Approved bydate	
GEOLOGICAL BRANCH	
Approved bydate	TOTAL CLAIMS6

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Show instrument technical data in each space for type of survey submitted or indicate "not applicable"



GEOPHYSICAL TECHNICAL DATA

GROUND SURVEYS		
Number of Stations	EM-220 MAG. 205 Number of Readings EM-220 MAG. 205	
Station interval	100' & 50'	
Line spacing	400 '	
Profile scale or Contor	ar intervals <u>1":20%</u> Every <u>100</u> gammas to <u>1000</u> (specify for each type of survey) Every 500 gammas to 5000 Every <u>1000</u> gammas thereafter	
MAGNETIC		
Instrument	McPhar M-700	
Accuracy - Scale cons	tant <u>±5 gammas</u>	
Diurnal correction me	thodBase Stations	
Base station location_	Taken at the intersection of Base Line and Cross Lines.	
ELECTROMAGNETI	<u>C</u>	
Instrument	Apex Max. Min. II	
Coil configuration	Horizontal	
Coil separation	400'	
Accuracy	± 0.58	
Method:	□ Fixed transmitter □ Shoot back 🐼 In line □ Parallel line	
Frequency	1/// nZ. (specify V.L.F. station)	
Parameters measured.	In-phase and quadrature components of secondary field as	
<u>GRAVITY</u>	a percentage of primary field.	
Instrument		
Scale constant		
Corrections made		
Base station value and	l location	
Elevation accuracy		
INDUCED POLARIZ	ATION – RESISTIVITY	
Instrument		
Time domain	Frequency domain	
Frequency	Range	
Power		
Electrode array		
Electrode spacing		
Type of electrode		





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