

McDougall Mines

Florgold Mine

Aug. 11/50

Sta. 40. Region St. N47°E dip 60° NE

white quartz vein in an Oinile(?) near contact
of cg. quartz diorite.

Vein 2½ ft. wide carrying sparse
pyrite and free gold - some color(?) galena
and chalco -(sparse.)

Sta. No. 1 -00 down to 2 ft.

#1 bulk sample 18600 lbs averaged

0.43 oz. will run . is patchy(?)

No. 1 vein 51 ft. long average 2.8 to 3.0 ft.

dip NE 60° strike N 47 E

massive white quartz vein showing
considerable chlorite bl??? in
fractures. Carbonate (ankerite leur??)
1/8" wall in qtz & gold occurs in
the carbonate shreds &
chlorite shreds.

Walls sharp

Diorite altered 2 ft. either side

of vein by carb & sparse pyrite

walls don't carry

vein swings 30° to E

V.G. seen

very little sulphide less 1% in general

some spar py, galena, sphal

some tourmaline needles.

& calcite. Some minor pyrite

Stat 1 ton sample shipped 1500 qtz.
500 schist

0+22S? of quartz

large grab sample ran \$23.00? grab from NE wall

small pit blasted out, at this part the vein sipl(??)

a lack?? of 1" strgs over width of 3 ft.

Diorite walls are carbonate & pyritized.

DUPLICATE COPY
POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL
TO FOLLOW

S2J04NE0023 S2J04NE0019 SHARRON LAKE

010

St. 1. 1000 ft. 1000 ft. ; 176

MCDONOUGH MILLS Aug 11/50

FLORGOLO MINE

STA 40 RECON 372 N47°E DIP 6 NE

Walls of vein in and out near contact
of Cg. quartz diorite
Venn 2 ft wide carrying sparse
pyrite & free gold. Some holes yellow
& chalcite (pyrite)

Sta 401.00 down to 2 ft

#1 bulb sample 18600 lbs averaged
0.43 oz. mill run. no pyrite
No. 1 Venn 5 ft long. Average 2.8 to 3.0 ft
ap #E 600. Strike N47E

Walls and out in 6 ft.
Oxide ^{white} quartz vein. Pyrite
considerable chalcite lined in
fracture. Carbonate (ankerite comb)
1/2" wide in gully & gold occurs
in the carbonate shreds &
chalcite shreds

Walls sharp.
Inlets aligned 2 ft along side
of vein by carb & sparse pyrite
Walls don't carry

Venn average 30 to E
V.G. run.
Very little sulphide < 170 on ground
Some open py. galen. sphal.
Some tourmaline. Tourmaline needles
& calcite. Some minor pyrite.

STAT 110 sample shipped 1500 ¹⁵⁰⁰ ⁵⁰⁰ ⁵⁰⁰

57225. of quartz
large grab sample from 25"
grab from NE wall
Small pit blasted out
As the part the vein system
a line of .1" slips over middle of
3 ft.
Inlets with or carbonated &
pyritized.

HISTORY

Orig. discov. J. Paquette in 1937

Prospectors ourway(?) 1938-39

did most of work.

Offered 27,000 cash & 36,000

shares of stock.

Wureligo(?) also in Conaigias took over

Bulk sampled did 2500 ft. drilling in 1941

Hutchison recommended 3 camp shaft two levels

150 - 200 and 1000 ft. lateral work on each.

Bishop turned it down & option lapo??

Florgold caught showing in 1950 May.

Log of Holes (A Core)

Hole 1 0.10 Carry location

10-178 small qtz vein in basic syenite or dior.

Location 2" with coarse pyrite ran \$3.50

Drilled 45° in gold.

under main the rods in a med. to c.g. greenish diorite

pit at E. end of basic syenite with $\frac{1}{2}$ white feld phenose?

of showings 50% Hb 50% a code?, No qtz mls??? 2-7 ft.

& 50 rock locally contains 90% feldspar. Sure(?) are a

drilled distinct grey silicified zones containing

from N to S fine pyrite.

less 5%. same local zones go 80% Hb.

**DUPLICATE COPY
POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL
TO FOLLOW**

History
 Orig. discov. G. Paquette
 in 1937.
 Prospectors runway 1938-39
 all ^{most} of work
 Offered \$27,000 cash & 36000
 shares of stock
 W. Meligo also in
 Bonanzas look over
 length sampled did 2500 ft
 drilling in 1941.
 Hutchison recommended
 3 camp shaft two levels
 150 & 200 to 1000 ft lateral
 work on each.
 Bishop turned it down
 & after long
 Feb 1950 Bob Lamb bought claim
 in 1950 May
 15 claims & patented

LOG OF HOLE (A CORE)

Hole 1	0.20	Core Location
10-178	-	Slightly vein in base pyrite or chert 2' with loose pyrite over 3.50 in gold
<u>LOCATION</u>		
Drilled 450		The rock in c. with C. g. granitic dark brown "pyrite" with 1/2 white field. phenos. 5076 Hb 5076 - Core no gr. Phenos 2-7 ft locally contain 9070 feldspar. There are in distinct grey siliceous zones containing fine pyrite 25%. Some lower zones go to 3070 Hb.
under main		
pit at E		
end of stream		
& 50' drilled		
from N. to S.		

178-225 Hb granite - coarse texture. 30% qtz 30 Hb
30% feldspar. Some epidotization

225-253 Hb granite
(238-238.6 qtz strg \$4.90)

260-418 Hb synienite(?) no sharp contact with syenite
(@350' two samples \$3.50 & 3.15 2" qtz strg with
1/4" of massive pyrite)(@382 6" ran 2.10 qtz strg
+ pyrite)

418-435 Sheared basic syenite containing massive qtz
strgs - a spars pyrite value @ 420 ft. Sample
42 - \$2.27 (two samples over 1.5 ft.)
Sample 43 - 1.3 ft. - 3.15

There does not appear to be any grstone in this hole.
Well altered section, silicified Hb syenite.

435-

#2 Hole 100 ft. NE of No. 1
some shearing at 419 - 446
sheared granodiorite
shearing intensified for 5 ft.
in hanging wall + mya???
of qtz strgs at 420-425.
Another parallel zone of
shearing from 475-490
less qtz strgs.

No 3 Hole 100 ft. NE of #2

**DUPLICATE COPY
POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL
TO FOLLOW**

178 - 225

Hb. granite - coarse
lithic. 3070 of 30 HB
3070 field par.
Some epidoleration

225 - 233

Hb quartz

233 - 260

Hb granite

(238-239 6" gly stry 4.90)

260 - 418

Hb quartz no sharp
contact with quartz
(@ 355' two samples 3.50 &
3.15 2" gly stry with
1/2" of massive quartz)
(@ 382 6" run 2.10
Qz stry + pyrite)

418 - 435

Sheared basal quartzite
containing various of
strigs - sparse pyrite
Values @ 420 ft
Sample 42 - 2.27 (two samples
over 1.5 ft
Sm 43 - 1.3 ft - 3.15.

There does not appear to be
any gullies in this hole

Well sheared section

435 -

Sheared hb. quartzite

#2 hole 100 FT NE of #03.

Some shearing at 419-480

Sharp granoblastic

Shearing interrupted for 5 ft
in hanging wall + mylonite
of gly stry. at 420-425.

Another parallel zone
of shearing from 475-490
less gly. stry.

#03 HOLE 100 FT NE #2

Stat No .19

Pit -25ft long 6' deep.

Vein is 18" wide, white quartz

Bulk samples 9000 lbs taken

Stat. 20

• Small cross lava? vein

2" wide , not strong?

Strong? shear.

Stat 20 + 15'

Vein 4" wide cross? fractures ??lid?

with qtz in them.

Some small displacements notic? at right angles

Stat 21 to vein

Rock trench across 8 ft. 25' long

chip samples ran 12.00 to 14.00

nils and traces.

Note: Qtz vein here 3 ft. wide

550 total length of zone?

Still open on south end.

Vein picked up 3200 ft. to south

on picket line on strike

3½ to 4 ft. wide two small

pits. Some grand. in between?

Chips ran trace.

**DUPLICATE COPY
POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL
TO FOLLOW**

Stk No 17

Pat 24" long. 6' deep

Ven is 18" wide white quartz -
Total sample 9000 lbs taken

Stk 20

Small cross section vein

2 1/2" NCH #3 WIDE. NOT STRONG

Strong clear.

Stk 20 + 15'

Ven 4" wide cross fractures noted
with off in them

Saw small displacement note at right angle

Stk 21. to vein

Reel back across 8 ft 25' long

Chap samples run 12" to 14" out
with 2 tubes.

Note 9/4 run here 3 ft run

550' total length of zone

exposed

Still open on south end.

Ven pushed up 5200 ft to south

on parallel line on strike -

3 1/2 ft 4 ft side less run

pts Saw ground in between

Chap run trace

The bulk sampling represents 350 ft.
of ore zone.

**DUPLICATE COPY
POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL
TO FOLLOW**

The bulk sampling represents
350 ft. of oil zone.

given by Harry Buckles, May 1, 1945

RLMD⁶

REPORT ON BULK SAMPLING OF GHOST RIVER SYNDICATE GROUP, MCDOUGALL'S MILLS, ONT.

Pat E. - Simboli President

1. HISTORY OF PROPERTY

- A. Staked by Joe Paquette and associates, and optioned by Prospectors Airways who did the surface work on the # 1 Vein or main break in 1938.
- B. The property was later sampled by various interests including O'Brien, Wendigo, and Coniagas.
- C. The property was optioned by Coniagas Mines Ltd., in 1940 and some 2100 ft. of shallow drilling was done including 4 holes on the newly discovered # 2 and # 3 veins.
- D. In July 1941 the property was bulk-sampled by The Coniagas Mines, Ltd., 16 samples were taken, of which 14 were from the # 1 vein or "main break" and 2 were from # 3 vein.

2. DESCRIPTION OF SHOWINGS

A. # 1 vein or "Main Break"

A picket-line, which roughly parallels this break, has a strike of N 48° E. This showing falls naturally into three parts.

(I.) The north east section, from 0 00' to 125' on the picket line. Here the zone consists of 4 parallel veins, which are designated as veins "A", "B", "C" and "D". Of these, the "A" vein is best exposed on the east slope of an exposure of rock, in #1 Trench, and for a continuous length of some 75 feet at the west end of Trenches 2, 3, 4 and 5. The best exposure is in the "Pit" some 5 feet deep, where the vein shows a width of 3.5 ft. To the south west of the pit this "A" vein is seen to narrow down and finally pinch out at about 125' on the P.L.

Veins "B", "C" and "D" are exposed in this low ground to the east of vein "A" in trenches 2, 3, 4 and 5. Trenches 6 and 7 further south-east, are in deep ground and are caved in.

To the north east, D.D.Holes #3 and 4 show this break to be carrying on strong. Veins A and B appear to have joined to form one vein, and veins C and D to form another, and these combined veins show good widths of quartz in these two holes.

(II) The middle section, from 125' to 340' on the picket line. Here the break is covered with deep overburden so that little can be seen. Several deep trenches are caved in. The exposure of rock, already referred to, carries on along the picket line to about 225 ft. and shows some irregular patches and stringers of quartz which became stronger on the west end of Tr. # 7 at 220 ft. on the picket-line. D.D.Holes # 17, 18, 19, 10 and 11 show the break to carry on strong with plenty of vein matter.

(III) The south west section, from 340 ft. to 600 ft. on the P.L. Here the surface trenches show the break to carry on strong, as do also the shallow drill holes # 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16.

In this section, the vein from 340' to 420' is the more interesting in gold values. In the vein from 420' to 600' except for a few sporadic high assays, the values in the surface samples are low.

B. # 2 vein.

This is found at 180' on # 2 P.L. and was discovered by J. Gatcher during the work last fall. It is a zone consisting of a series of parallel veins and stringers. It was stripped for some 60 ft., and shows a width on surface of about 14 ft. A small vein along the north west side of this zone showed visible gold and gave some good surface assays, as shown on previous charts. The general strike is N. 40° E.

D. D. hole # 6, 7 and 9 show a well defined zone from 16 to 24 ft. wide, carrying from 8' to 16' of quartz and silicified diorite. This zone probably deserves more attention. No bulk samples were taken on this zone, but advantage was taken of the opportunity to blast a shallow rick trench across it. This trench was recently sampled but assays are not yet available.

C # 3 vein

This is exposed on # 2 P.L. from 237' to 355' and was discovered by J. Gutcher last fall, during the first examination of the property. At the north west end this vein is very flat, but is seen to straighten up on the north edge of the surface stripping. Values are mostly low and irregular, except for a short section at 270' on # 2 P.L. (#11 Bulk sample), where some high assays, and later, some remarkable samples of coarse gold were obtained.

3. BULK SAMPLING A. Practice used.

At about 150' on # 1 P.L. a sampling platform about 14' x 16' was built of lumber and solidly supported on log sills. On either side of this platform the flat rock was bared and swept clean for an area of about 8' x 10' and surrounded by a low log wall. These served as crushing floors. After being drilled and blasted, the sample was carried in a hand barrow to one of the crushing floors, there it was broken down to a maximum size of 1" cubes. After crushing, the sample was transferred to the adjacent sampling floor, where it was reduced to convenient size by repeated coning and quartering. This portion of the work was done by me only. Special care was taken to have the crushing floors swept clean, the sweepings of course being added to the sample.

B. Notes on the Vein Matter.

The vein matter consists of quartz with usually minor amounts of carbonates and bands of needles of black tourmaline. Sulphides include chalcopyrite, pyrite and galena, except for occasional small pockets, these sulphides are found only sparingly.

The veins often show one or more slips or fractures, with the development of a dark to pure green talcose chlorite in the fracture.

Gold, usually coarse, is found on the face of the fracture, in the green chlorite, and in the solid quartz. The coarse gold on the slips or fractures often shows stride, indicating further movement after the gold was deposited.

11 Sample was remarkable for coarse gold and galena, and, in one specimen, of coarse gold in chalcopyrite. After this sample was taken, enough coarse gold in quartz was high-graded from the pit to have materially raised the assay, if this material had been included in the sample. This is also true, in a somewhat lesser degree, in samples # 1, #3 and # 6.

C. Treatment of high grade found in the samples.

When visible gold was found during the crushing of the sample, this material was set aside and later, when the sample was coned on the sampling floor, was crushed fine on a piece of newspaper, and added to the top of the cone with the sweepings. The object was to permit of better distribution of this material in the sample. Special warnings about high-grading from the sample were given, but no restriction was put on high-grading from the pits after the sample was removed. Such restriction would be of little use anyway.

D.

DATA ON BULK SAMPLES

No.	Location	Approx. Wt. of original sample	Wt. of final sample	Width of sample	\$35. Gold Assay
1	A Vein at 65' on # 1 P.L.	lbs 2400	75 lbs	3.5'	24.85
2.	A Vein at 60' on # 1 P.L.	1200	73 "	2.9'	34.65
3.	A vein at 75' on # 1 P.L.	1000	62.5"	3.5'	50.75
4.	A vein at 87' on # 1 P.L.	600	73.5"	1.5'	16.62
5.	A vein at 46' on # 1 P.L.	600	73.5"	4.0	5.25

cont'd.

6.	G Vein at 365' on # 1 P.L.	840 lbs	70.2 lbs	3.5'	\$ 25.55
7.	G. Vein at 387' on # 1 P.L.	625"	66.5 "	2.0'	3.50
8.	G. Vein at 247' on # 1 P.L.	680 "	70.7 "	2.8'	14.52
9.	U. Vein at 392' on # 1 P.L.	864 "	70 "	0.8'	9.45
10.	-- Vein at 530 ' on # 1 P.L.	584 "	68 "	2.5'	1.05
11.	# 3 Vein at 270' on # 2 P.L.	624 "	65 "	2.0'	19.25
12.	# 3 Vein at 255' on # 2 P.L.	528 "	58 "	2.0'	0.35
13.	B Vein - # 2 Tr. at 45' on # 1 P.L.	413 "	45 "	2.5'	0.35
14.	D Vein - # 4 Tr. at 92' on # 1 P.L.	528 "	56 "	3.4 '	0.17
15.	C Vein - # 4 Tr. at 92 ' on # 1 P.L.	562 "	46 "	2.2'	0.70
16.	A & B Veins - # 1 Tr. at 7' on # 1 P.L.	528 "	66 "	2.5'	9.17

COMMENT

1. The final samples were weighte for shipment, and the weights of the original samples were approximated from the number of splits taken.

2. 8 duplicate samples were made by bagging both parts of the final split. By request of Mr. D.C. McKechnie, these duplicates were shipped to the assay office of Con. Smelters at Sudbury. Only 8 duplicates were made owing to the number of bags available. These are # 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9 and 11. No assays on these samples have as yet been received.

In order to have the check assay, the attempt was made to make duplicates of what were expected to be the higher grade samples. This attempt was badly astray in making a duplicate of # 6 and failing to make one of # 2 sample.

3. For the most part the assays are surprisingly high. # 2 sample is much higher than expected, on the other hand # 11 is lower, from the amount of coarse gold seen in the pit aft the sample was taken it was expected that this sample would be "tops".

4. Owing to heavy rains the trenches were full of mud and water. Samples # 13, 14, 15 and 16 were obtained after blowing the trenches dry with repeated blasts of dynamite, but this attempt failed in some of the other trenches. The result is only 1 sample on veins C and D (# 15 and # 14 in Tr. 4) 1 sample on vein B (# 13 in Tr. 2) and a combined sample on A and B. (# 16 in Tr. 1)

SOME FIGURES

1. On A Vein
Combining samples # 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 16 gives an average of \$ 23.68/2.9' for a length of 100 ft.

2. On G Vein
Combining samples # 6, 7, 8 and 9 gives an average of $\sqrt{15.90/2.27}$ ft. for a length of 50 ft.

Both of these veins pinch out on surface to the south-west, but both are open at the north-east end.

SUMMARY

1. The property is very conveniently located, within 1 mile of the main line of the C.N.R.
2. The geology is excellent.
3. Surface trenching and shallow diamond drilling have proven the existence of a strong shear-zone striking about N 50° E. Some $\frac{1}{4}$ mile on strike to the north-east what is thought to be this same shear zone is seen crossing the track, with some quartz in evidence.
4. The Bulk Sampling has indicated the presence of excellent values in places, particularly in the "A" and "G" veins.
5. From a consideration of these facts further exploration would seem to be warranted.

SUGGESTION AS TO FURTHER EXPLORATION:

1. A few deeper holes to test the break, and quartz, at depth, 300 and 600 ft.
2. Some shallow drilling to trace the zone to the north east from # 4 hole to the track.
3. Ed. Dwyer and W. McCambly, who shot out the bulk samples, are keen to sink a small test shaft to 60 ft. by hand steel and horse winch, estimated to cost $\$40 - 45$. a foot. This for sampling purposes on "A" vein.
4. A 3 comp. shaft to 250 ft. plus 30' sump with two levels at 125 and 250 ft. with 500 feet of drifting and X cuts.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Rather than spend considerable sums of money on drilling on small test shafts, I would recommend sinking a working shaft, preferably 3 compartment, as outlined in suggestion # 4 above.

Ft. William,
Aug. 6/41

" R.H.Hutchison "

given by Harry Buckles, May 1, 1945

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RLMD

FINAL REPORT

On the Ghost River Syndicate Property, McDougall's Mills, Ont.

Following the bulk sampling done on this property in July, it was recommended that a series of 6 holes at 150 ft. intervals be drilled to the north-east of the previous drilling, starting at 220 ft. north of 0-00 on the picket line (0-00 is 5 ft. north of #1 Trench-the north trench). The object of this work was to explore the main shear to the north-east of all previous work. Since Holes # 3 and # 4 of the Coniagas X-ray drilling had indicated the presence of good widths of quartz, it was hoped that favourable results might be had in the more acid rock to the north-east.

Drilling was started on # 1 Hole on Oct. 7 and the work was completed on # 6 hole on Oct. 27. The drilling was done by Boyle Bros. of Port Arthur in an efficient and satisfactory manner. In order to obtain as large a sample as possible of all vein material intersected, a large core was made - 1 1/8" - and provision was made to catch all cuttings in suitable sludge boxes. Sludge samples were taken at 5 ft. intervals.

In operation, the rock was found to be badly fractured, which necessitated cementing the hole at frequent intervals in order to obtain the return water with the sludges. This condition became aggravated as the work progressed, until in # 4 Hole it was found necessary to cement 6 times for a depth of 110 ft. From this point cementing was discontinued, owing to the cost of this work and the slowing down of the drilling, and the recovery of sludges was abandoned.

In the 6 holes drilled, the main break was explored under heavy overburden for a length of 750 ft. - from 220 ft. to 970 ft. north of 0-00 on the picket line. As in the earlier drilling, quartz was found in two zones of heavy shearing, separated by a band of rock that was only slightly sheared, which carried no quartz. As the drilling progressed to the north, the two sheared zones were found to diverge, necessitating deeper holes to cut the break. It was also found that the north shearing weakened, and in # 5 Hole had practically pinched out.

Commercially, the results of the drilling were disappointing. No new ore was developed, the large widths of quartz, intersected in holes # 3 and # 4 of the X-Ray drilling, were not duplicated. The veins intersected were all comparatively narrow, and all assay values were low or nil.

SUMMARY The early surface work indicated two short shoots of ore of good grade and this was confirmed by bulk sampling. The X-Ray drilling, confined chiefly to exploring the known surface showings at comparatively shallow depths, failed to indicate any further ore. The recent drilling by Boyle Bros. exploring the break for a length of 750 ft. to the north-east of all previous work, has also failed to add anything favorable to the picture.

RECOMMENDATIONS It is recommended that further work be discontinued on the property of the Ghost River Syndicate, and that the option on this property be dropped.

"R.H. Hutchison"

TORONTO
NOV. 1, 1941

PROSPECTUS

OF

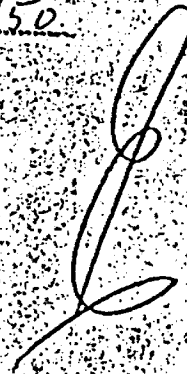
FLOREGOLD RED LAKE MINES LIMITED

(No Personal Liability)

File Floregold R.L.

Date Oct 150

October 1950



The next work planned on this property is a geophysical survey of the unpatented claims and a complete and detailed geological survey of the entire property. This work will not be undertaken before the summer of 1951.

McDougall's Mills Property:

The property in the McDougall's Mills Area lies immediately south of the main line of the Canadian National Railways. There are nine patented claims comprising 331.96 acres, particulars of which are as follows:

Claim Nos.	Land Titles Parcel No. (Kenora)
K 7456 ✓	16064 Dist. Kenora
KRL 17655 ✓	16065 Dist. Kenora
KRL 17656 ✓	16066 Dist. Kenora
KRL 16876 ✓	16067 Dist. Kenora
KRL 16878 ✓	16068 Dist. Kenora
KRL 16881 ✓	16069 Dist. Kenora
KRL 16882 ✓	16070 Dist. Kenora
KRL 16883 ✓	16071 Dist. Kenora
X 7457 ✓	16072 Dist. Kenora

and seven unpatented mining claims of approximately 40 acres each:

PA 10099 to 10103 inclusive;
KRL 30271 and 30272

The patented claims were purchased from Patrick Simboli of Sioux Lookout, Ontario, for \$10,000.00 cash and 100,000 shares. The unpatented claims, PA 10099 to 10103 were staked and recorded at the expense of the Company. The unpatented claims, KRL 30271 and 30272 were purchased from Henry Oslund of Sioux Lookout, Ontario, for \$1,000.00 cash.

As this property lies so close to the Canadian National Railways, transportation is no problem. A winter road leads directly from the railway to the No. 1 vein.

The patented claims were first staked in 1938 by J. Paquette and associates (of whom Patrick Simboli was one). In the same year the claims were optioned to Prospectors Airways who carried out surface work on the No. 1 vein. The option was dropped and subsequently the property was sampled by various interests including O'Brien Gold Mines, Limited, Wendigo Gold Mines Limited and Coniagas Mines, Limited. Under an option granted to Coniagas Mines, Limited in 1940 a program of shallow drilling was carried out and in 1941 the property was bulk sampled. After the expiration of the Coniagas option, only a limited amount of assessment work was done.

The unpatented claims, PA 10099 to 10103 were staked on open ground in March, 1950 to give added acreage on the line of strike of the No. 1 vein. Claims Nos. KRL 30271 and 30272 were staked by Henry Oslund in January, 1949 and represent intervening claims on the same line of strike. No previous history is known.

- 5 -

There has been no underground exploration of the McDougall's Mills property and there is no underground plant or equipment.

The surface development work carried out is described in a report by Robert McCombe, dated September 30th, 1950 to which reference is hereby made and which forms part of this prospectus. The Company has no surface plant or equipment on this property.

The Company plans to complete the current diamond drilling program referred to in Mr. McCombe's report. Further bulk sampling will be done. If vein continuity is proved, the Company plans to sink the three compartment shaft recommended by Mr. McCombe.

Laval Township Property:

In the Autumn of 1949, the Company caused to be staked and recorded twelve mining claims, of approximately 40 acres each, near Troutly Lake in Laval Township:

K 13603 to 13614 inclusive.

These claims lie $\frac{3}{4}$ miles south of the property of Newlund Mines Limited.

It is not known whether the property was ever previously staked.

The claims lie within one-half mile to the northwest of Sioux Lookout-Dinoric Highway. Railway routes are available at Sioux Lookout 30 miles northeast or at Dinoric 16 miles to the southwest.

There has been no underground exploration of the Laval Township property and there is no underground plant or equipment.

During the summer of 1950, a geophysical survey of the claims was made and a limited amount of prospecting and surface work done.

The report of Mining Geophysics Corporation Limited dated June 30th, 1950 and the report of Robert McCombe dated September 30th, 1950, attached hereto, are hereby made a part of this prospectus.

It is proposed in the summer of 1951 to do further surface work and the diamond drilling recommended by Mining Geophysics Corporation Limited.

Under an agreement in writing dated the 2nd day of November, 1950, Gillingham Security Company (Guilford Stanley Gillingham sole proprietor) subscribed for 111,060 treasury shares @ 8¢ per share, the \$8,884.80 being payable on or before the 31st day of March, 1951, and was granted by the Company an option to purchase an additional 500,000 treasury shares at the prices and within the time following:

100,000 shares @ 10¢ per share on or before June 30th, 1951;
150,000 shares @ 15¢ per share on or before August 31st, 1951;
100,000 shares @ 25¢ per share on or before December 31st, 1951;
100,000 shares @ 35¢ per share on or before March 31st, 1952;
50,000 shares @ 40¢ per share on or before December 31st, 1952.

REPORT ON THE PROPERTY OF
FLOREGOLD RED LAKE MINES LIMITED
McDOUGALL'S MILLS, ONTARIO

INTRODUCTION:

The following report supplements and brings up to date my previous report on this property to your Company dated March 31st, 1950.

For the sake of brevity much of the previous report has been condensed, certain previous conceptions regarding geology and structure have been reconsidered in the light of new information, and the various results of the work performed by your Company are set forth in detail.

EXTENT & LOCATION:

The property consists of a group of nine patented claims and seven unpatented claims more particularly described as follows:

Patented Claims

K. 7456 & 7457
K.R.L. 16876 & 16878
K.R.L. 16881 - 16882 - 16883
K.R.L. 17655 & 17656

Unpatented Claims

P.A. 10099 - 10103 inclusive
K.R.L. 30271 & 30272

The group lies immediately south of the main line of the Canadian National Railways at McDougall's Mills, eighteen miles east of Sioux Lookout in the Patricia Mining Division, District of Kenora, Ontario.

OWNERSHIP:

Both the patented and unpatented claims are totally owned by the Floregold Lake Mines Limited.

TIMBER & WATER ETC.

Although portions of the property have been burnt over, there are sufficient quantities of good grade spruce and jackpine to serve all preliminary mining needs such as camps, fuel, etc.

Clamshell Creek, approximately eight hundred feet south-east of the No. 1 vein provides a readily available source of water for all mining needs.

TRANSPORTATION:

No transportation problem is present. The northern claims lie along the main line of the Canadian National Railways from which a winter road leads to the No. 1 vein.

BUILDINGS:

Although no buildings were ever built in the immediate vicinity of the work there are several unoccupied buildings at McDougall's Mills which could easily be reconditioned to meet the demands of any preliminary work.

POWER:

Available at Sioux Lookout, 18 miles west.

HISTORY:

✓ The property was first staked in 1938 by J. Paquette and Associates and the same year was optioned to Prospectors Airways who carried out the surface work on the No. 1 vein. The option was dropped and subsequently the property was sampled by various interests including O'Brien, Wendigo and Coniagas.

✓ In 1940 Coniagas optioned the property and carried out a programme of shallow drilling. During the summer of 1941 the property was bulk sampled by the same Company. The option was allowed to expire and since that time only a limited amount of assessment work has been carried out.

PREVIOUS WORK DONE:

Practically all the work done to date has been confined to claim No. K.7456.

The work consisted of deep trenching and pits in overburden along the south-east side of the No. 1 vein, rock excavation and stripping.

Stripping and some rock work was also carried out on Nos. 2 & 3 veins which outcrop some two hundred feet north-west of the No. 1.

* ((Twenty-one hundred feet of shallow diamond drilling was carried out by Coniagas Mines Limited.

Under the present ownership an active programme of exploration and development has been carried out. Preliminary work consisted of cleaning out and preparing for blasting the old pits and trenches. Original picket lines were re-cut and extended while the road to the railway was cleared and a loading platform constructed. Bulk sampling and diamond drilling will be discussed under separate headings.

TOPOGRAPHY:

Much of the area embraced by the claims is low and swampy. Rock outcrops are not numerous and are limited in extent.

The greater part of the property is covered with a mantle of overburden of varying thickness. Except along the slopes of the low hills and ridges it is thought to be too deep to allow trenching.

Drainage, which is poor, is to Clamshell Creek to the south-east and to the Sturgeon River to the North.

GEOLOGY:

The northern portion of the property is underlain by post Temiskaming granodiorite which grades into both granite and diorite.

Intruded by the diorite and underlying the southwestern portion of the property are Kewatin flows, breccia and tuffs.

Surface examination of the No. 1 vein indicated that the vein occurred at the contact of the granodiorite and an andesite flow which shearing had altered to a chlorite schist. This conception was proved through drilling to be erroneous. What was thought to be altered flow is, in fact, a sheared and altered diorite, which to the south and east of the shear again grades out into an unaltered granodiorite.

The core showed gradations from a rather fine grained diorite to a coarse grained hornblende granite. Several sections of the granodiorite showed considerable pyrite mineralization but such sections failed to return any appreciable values in gold.

STRUCTURE:

The No. 1 vein lies in a strong and well defined shear in the granodiorite. This shear is known to persist for a length of more than three miles and within the boundaries of the Company's property the vein has been determined at points 3330 feet apart.

There is a considerable amount of pinching and rolling in the vein where it may be observed which is due to folding. It is very probable that such folding has a direct bearing on the gold deposition and it is assumed that such folding will be found in the vertical as well as the horizontal plane.

There is no doubt as to the strength of the general structure. Approximately three miles to the south-west and just south of Black Lake high values have been found in narrow quartz veins which occur on a sheared diorite. This occurrence is directly on the strike of the Floregold shear and leaves little doubt that it is located on the same main shear zone.

THE VEINS:

Three veins have been discovered to date and they are more particularly described as follows:

NO. 1 VEIN: 048/60-65NW

This vein outcrops along the south-east side of a low ridge whose main axis is north-east-south-west. The general strike of the vein is N-48-E and the dip 60 to 65 degrees to the north-west, but variations in both strike and dip occur due to gentle folding in both the vertical and horizontal planes.

The vein does not outcrop continuously along its entire strike but can be traced through outcrops, and where it is exposed in pits and trenches for a distance of over eleven hundred feet. It occurs in a shear zone in the granodiorite and is enclosed in a chlorite schist.

Most of the work, aside from the drilling done by Coniagas Mines Limited, was confined to the south-west portion of the vein. From 0.0 on the No. 1 Picket Line to 600 feet west, the vein has been exposed in the trenches and pits, and although between 125'W to 340'W the vein is covered by heavy overburden, it can reasonably be presumed to persevere in this section.

At 600' W the vein disappears under low ground. It is strong and well defined and there is little doubt that it will be found to continue for a considerable length to the south-west.

Pyrite mineralization occurs sparingly in the schist along the vein walls. The quartz contains very minor amounts of carbonate, tourmaline, and pyrite. Small pockets of galena and chalcopyrite were found in the hanging-wall at 51' W.

Two definite ages of quartz are present. The first is a cream white massive quartz, with irregular fracturing that shows practically no mineralization except minor amounts of carbonate along the fractures. The second type found is a hard and glassy blue quartz showing distance banding, and it is in this type that all the visible gold observed by the writer was seen.

Further detailed work and study will have to be given to the vein matter before the order of fracturing and deposition is completely understood.

NO. 2 VEIN:

This vein outcrops on the top of the ridge, one hundred and eighty feet northwest of the No. 1 vein.

Quartz stringers and silicified diorite, lightly mineralized with pyrite form a zone thirteen feet wide. This zone has a strike of N-40-E and dips 80 - 85 degrees to the northwest.

In my previous report and on the basis of the information, I assumed that this vein should persevere to the northeast. This assumption has proved incorrect in the light of further surface work and drilling and it is now considered that it pinches out to the northeast. Further drilling to the southwest will determine whether it perseveres in this direction.

NO. 3 VEIN:

The No. 3 vein which outcrops northwest of the No. 2 vein does not at this time appear to have any importance. Drill intersections gave very narrow widths carrying low values in gold. It may prove in the light of further work that this vein may develop importance at lower horizons but for the present, I do not think that it need be considered in any evaluation of the property.

DIAMOND DRILLING:

In July diamond drilling was undertaken with the object in view of determining the strength, attitude and value of the vein at limited depth. Due to several reasons the drilling has progressed very slowly and as of the time of this report only two holes have been completed.

The holes drilled were designed to intersect the vein at an approximate vertical depth of three hundred feet, both holes cut the vein within a few feet of its calculated position.

D. D. Hole No. 1:

This hole was drilled on a bearing of S-43-W and an angle of 45 degrees to intersect the vein at an estimated depth of 300 feet vertical 50 feet west of the zero point on the No. 1 Picket Line.

The hole was stopped at a depth of 509.5 feet. Core recovery was very good with a loss of only 2.0 feet of chopped core.

The No. 1 vein was intersected at a core depth of from 417.2 to 420 feet. This section of 2.8 feet returned a gold content of \$2.68.

The No. 2 vein was intersected at a core depth of 350 feet. A narrow section of quartz 0.9' returned \$3.23 in gold.

Other narrow quartz intersections returned \$3.50, \$4.90 and \$2.10.

The No. 1 vein was intersected within 1.5 feet of its estimated position and showed normal width and strength. Typical alteration along the hanging wall as found on the surface was present. The quartz showed good fracturing. No visible gold was observed.

The low values returned are no cause for discouragement. They are quite in line with channel samples where later bulk sampling gave very satisfactory returns.

D. D. Hole No. 2:

This hole was drilled on the same angle and bearing as No. 1 and was located 100 ft. northeast of No. 1. It was designed to intersect the No. 1 vein at a vertical depth of approximately 300 ft. at a point 50 ft. northwest of the northeast of the Zero point on the No. 1 Picket Line.

The hole was stopped at a depth of 480 feet. The No. 1 vein was intersected at a core depth of from 425.3 to 430.3 feet. Assays return no gold values. The quartz was well fractured and similar to that on surface.

Two narrow quartz veins were cut at 258 ft. and 273 ft. It is possible that these may represent the No. 2 vein, but to be intersected at this depth, the vein would have to flatten sharply. It is more probable that this vein pinches to the northeast.

D. D. Hole No. 3:

This hole, at present drilling, is located 100 feet northeast of Nos. 1 and 2. It is drilled on the same angle and bearing as Nos. 1 and 2 and is designed to intersect the No. 1 vein at a point 150 northeast of the Zero point on the No. 1 Picket Line.

Following the completion of Hole No. 3, it is intended to move southwest and to move up towards the surface outcrop and drill shallower holes to intersect the vein at approximately 150 ft. vertical. The holes will be spaced 100 ft. apart and the balance of the contract will cover the ground to the south boundary of the patented claims.

BULK SAMPLING:

Bulk sampling of the No. 1 vein was carried out to check on the results obtained by Coniagas Mines Limited and to establish an average grade for vein material.

In all 341 bags of ore with a total dry weight of 28,359 lbs. were shipped to the Temiskaming Testing Laboratories at Cobalt, Ontario.

The results obtained are set forth as follows:

Lot No.	Location	Average Width	No. Pounds dry weight	Result ounces gold	N. Min Nov. 1
1. <i>50'</i>	From 44' to 95' No. 1 Picket Line	2.5'	17,778 ^{tms} ~9	0.481	✓ 0.4
2.	From 240' to 254' on No. 1 Picket Line	1.5'	1,168 $\frac{1}{2}$	0.035	not in
3.	From 240' to 254' on No. 1 Picket Line	1.5'	401 $\frac{1}{4}$	0.01	"
4. <i>30'</i>	From 344' to 373' on No. 1 Picket Line	2.0'	9,012 $4\frac{1}{2}$	0.544	✓ 0.54
			28,359		

Lots Nos. 1, 2 and 4 were vein quartz while Lot No. 3 was predominantly mineralized wall rock.

These returns substantiated the results obtained by Coniagas Mines Limited and again demonstrated that normal sampling, i.e., chip or channel, do not give any true indication of the values present.

VALUES:

The values obtained from the several samplings of this property and substantiated by the bulk sampling done by your Company indicate that while gold is more erratically distributed, substantial gold values are present.

The low values so far obtained in diamond drilling should not be considered as too discouraging a feature. It must be borne in mind that both chip and channel samples of the surface vein produced generally low results where bulk sampling later proved a good grade of ore to be present. To accept a very high drill result as representative of the vein values would be as incorrect as to treat a low value drill intersection as proving the vein to be only of low grade material.

I very much doubt if any average grade can be determined by drilling. It will remain for underground work to determine what grade the vein will make, but it is reasonable to presume that where the same type of quartz is found in drilling, that a grade conforming to the bulk sampling results will be found.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS:

The values so far obtained from surface sampling would indicate that certain portions of the vein will furnish ore.

Further work is necessary to fully develop the ore situation.

The wouthwest portion of the vein still remains to be explored.

The geology and structure are good and indicate that both vein and values should continue to depth.

The shear zone in which the No. 1 vein occurs is a major structural feature with known strength and continuity.

The No. 2 vein appears to pinch out the north-east but may continue to the southwest.

The property is well situated within one mile of the main line of the Canadian National Railways main western line. There is no transportation problem and development costs, as a result, will be moderate.

The property fully justifies an active development programme. The present diamond drilling programme should be completed and possibly extended to cover the projected strike of the vein to the southwest.

If drilling proves that the vein is present at lower horizons and if the width and general attitude are the same underground, exploration will be justified.

The property definitely indicates mine making possibilities.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

That further bulk sampling of the southwest portion of the vein be carried out.

That the present drilling programme be completed.

That if the drilling proves the vein continues on both strike and dip, that underground work be considered.

That if vein continuity is proved, that a three compartment shaft be sunk to 300' plus 30' sump, with two levels at 150' and 300', with 500' of drifting plus necessary cross cut on each level.

Respectfully submitted,

"ROBERT McCOMBE"

Mining Geologist.

Sioux Lookout, Ontario,
September 30th, 1950.

Sioux Lookout, Ontario,
September 30th, 1950.

I, Robert McCombe of 48 Wellington Street, Sioux Lookout, Ontario, Mining Geologist, certify that:

I graduated from the Alaska School of Mines at Fairbanks, Alaska in 1931 with the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Geology and Mining.

I have no interest in the property or securities of Floro-gold Red Lake Mines Limited nor do I expect to receive any interest, either directly or indirectly.

The above report is based on personal examinations consisting of five full days spent on the property in November, 1946, two full days spent on the property in October, 1947, and three full days spent on the property in March, 1950, and 35 part days spent on the property during May, June, July and August, 1950.

I have also used information properly secured by me regarding the work carried out by Coniagas Mines Limited in 1941.

"ROBERT McCOMBE"

31 March 1952

PROSPECTUS

OF

FLOREGOLD RED LAKE MINES LIMITED
(No Personal Liability)

The head office of Floregold Red Lake Mines Limited (No Personal Liability) is at 77 York Street, Toronto.

The Company was incorporated under the Ontario Companies Act by Letters Patent dated the 23rd day of September, 1946.

The officers and directors of the Company are:

President and Director	Guilford Stanley Gillingham	Broker-Dealer	905 Avenue Rd., Toronto, Ont.
Vice-President and Director	John Joseph Coghlan	Mining Executive	37 St. Edmunds Dr., Toronto, Ont.
Secretary-Treasurer	Harold Sampson Day	Solicitor	Lorne Park, Ontario
Director	William John Dyke	Secretary-Treasurer	365 East St., North Sarnia, Ont.
Director	Stanley Joseph Hunt, M. L. A.	Farmer	R. R. #5, Pembroke, Ont.
Director	Byron Holmes Boyes	Retired	7 Edmund Ave., Toronto, Ont.

The promoter of the Company was Guilford Stanley Gillingham above-mentioned.

The Company's Auditor is J. Bowman Boyter & Company, 244 Bay Street, Toronto, Ontario.

The Canada Trust Company, 112 Yonge Street, Toronto, is the Transfer Agent and Registrar.

The authorized capital of the Company is \$3,000,000.00 divided into 3,000,000 shares of the par value of \$1.00 each, of which 2,250,000 shares have been issued as fully paid.

There are no bonds or debentures outstanding or proposed to be issued

The Canada Trust Company is holding in escrow certificates for a total of 990,000 of the issued shares. Of these escrowed shares, 290,000 were in 1946, deposited in escrow subject to the condition that such shares should be released on the basis of one share for each and every treasury share of the capital stock of the Company taken up and paid for in cash and until such release the condition that such shares should not be sold, assigned, transferred, hypothecated or otherwise alienated except with the written consents of the Ontario Securities Commission and the Company; a further 610,000 shares were, in 1946, deposited in escrow subject to the conditions that such shares should not be released, sold, assigned, transferred, hypothecated or otherwise alienated except with the written consents of the Ontario Securities Commission and the

Company until a total of 1,000,000 treasury shares should be taken up and paid for in cash after which they all would be released from escrow, the balance of 90,000 shares were, in 1950, deposited in escrow subject to release, sale, transfer, assignment, hypothecation or other alienation only with the written consents of the Ontario Securities Commission and the Company. The present policy of the Ontario Securities Commission is such that its consent could not be obtained to the release of any of the 990,000 shares until it was satisfied that the progress of the Company would not be prejudiced by the release. The present policy of the Company is to consent to the transfer, within the escrow, of any escrowed shares for the transfer of which the Ontario Securities Commission gives its consent in writing.

A total of 1,150,000 shares have been sold for cash to date at the following prices:

5 shares @ \$1.00 per share;
 319,795 shares @ 6¢ per share,
 830,200 shares @ 8¢ per share.

No commissions have been paid on the sale of any of said shares and the total cash received by the Company has amounted to \$85,608.70.

No securities other than shares have been sold for cash to date.

Guilford Stanley Gillingham, the promoter of the Company received a total of 390,000 shares, part of the 1,000,000 shares issued by the Company for mining claims as hereinafter mentioned, and, with the exception of the five incorporators' shares, all shares sold for cash to date have been issued to the said Guilford Stanley Gillingham or to Gillingham Security Company (of which Guilford Stanley Gillingham is sole proprietor) or its nominees.

The Company owns three separate properties:

CASUMMIT LAKE PROPERTY:

The property in the Casummit Lake area comprises 952.90 acres adjoining on the west the property of New Jason Mines Limited. There are six patented claims (under-water portions being held under License of Occupation) particulars of which are as follows:

<u>Claim No.</u>	<u>Land Titles Parcel No. (Kenora)</u>	<u>License of Occupation No.</u>
KRL 17905	2234 Dist. Patricia	10,962
KRL 17906	2233 Dist. Patricia	10,961
KRL 17907	2229 Dist. Patricia	10,963
KRL 17908	2232 Dist. Patricia	Nil
KRL 17909	2231 Dist. Patricia	10,965
KRL 17910	2230 Dist. Patricia	10,964

and fourteen unpatented mining claims:

KRL 29496 to 29509 inclusive.

No work is planned on this property at the present time.

McDOUGALL'S MILLS PROPERTY:

The property in the McDougall's Mills Area lies immediately south of the main line of the Canadian National Railways. There are nine patented claims comprising 331.96 acres, particulars of which are as follows:

<u>Claim Nos.</u>	<u>Land Titles Parcel No. (Kenora)</u>
K 7456	16064 Dist. Kenora
KRL 17655	16065 Dist. Kenora
KRL 17656	16066 Dist. Kenora
KRL 16876	16067 Dist. Kenora
KRL 16878	16068 Dist. Kenora
KRL 16881	16069 Dist. Kenora
KRL 16882	16070 Dist. Kenora
KRL 16883	16071 Dist. Kenora
K 7457	16072 Dist. Kenora

and seven unpatented mining claims of approximately 40 acres each:

PA 10099 to 10103 inclusive;
KRL 30271 and 30272

The patented claims were purchased from Patrick Simboli of Sioux Lookout, Ontario, for \$10,000.00 cash and 100,000 shares. The unpatented claims, PA 10099 to 10103 were staked and recorded at the expense of the Company. The unpatented claims, KRL 30271 and 30272 were purchased from Henry Oslund of Sioux Lookout, Ontario, for \$1,000.00 cash.

As this property lies so close to the Canadian National Railways, transportation is no problem. A winter road leads directly from the railway to the No. 1 vein.

The patented claims were first staked in 1938 by J. Paquette and associates (of whom Patrick Simboli was one). In the same year the claims were optioned to Prospectors Airways who carried out surface work on the No. 1 vein. The option was dropped and subsequently the property was sampled by various interests including O'Brien Gold Mines, Limited, Wendigo Gold Mines Limited and Coniagas Mines, Limited. Under an option granted to Coniagas Mines, Limited in 1940 a program of shallow drilling was carried out and in 1941 the property was bulk sampled. After the expiration of the Coniagas option, only a limited amount of assessment work was done.

The unpatented claims, PA 10099 to 10103 were staked on open ground in March, 1950 to give added acreage on the line of strike of the No. 1 vein. Claims Nos. KRL 30271 and 30272 were staked by Henry Oslund in January, 1949 and represent intervening claims on the same line of strike. No previous history is known.

There has been no underground exploration of the McDougall's Mills Property and there is no underground, plant or equipment.

The surface development work carried out is described in a report by Robert McCombe, dated June 21st, 1951 to which reference is hereby made and which forms part of this prospectus. The Company has no surface plant or equipment on this property.

The Company's immediate plans for this property are to do approximately 2,000 feet of diamond drilling on that portion of No. 1 Vein which was bulk sampled as described in Mr. McCombe's report aforesaid.

LAVAL TOWNSHIP PROPERTY:

In the Autumn of 1949, the Company caused to be staked and recorded twelve mining claims, of approximately 40 acres each, near Troutfly Lake in Laval Township:

K 13603 to 13614 inclusive.

These claims lie 3 1/2 miles south of the property of Newlund Mines Limited.

It is not known whether the property was ever previously staked.

The claims lie within one-half mile to the northwest of Sioux Lookout-Dinoric Highway. Railway facilities are available at Sioux Lookout 30 miles northeast or at Dinoric 16 miles to the southwest.

There has been no underground exploration of the Laval Township property and there is no underground plant or equipment.

During the summer of 1950, a geophysical survey of the claims was made and a limited amount of prospecting and surface work done.

The report of Mining Geophysics Corporation Limited dated June 30th, 1950 and the report of Robert McCombe dated September 30th, 1950, attached hereto, are hereby made a part of this prospectus.

No work is planned on this property at the present time, except as may be necessary to keep the claims in good standing.

Under an agreement in writing dated the 10th day of April, 1952, Gillingham Security Company (Guilford Stanley Gillingham sole proprietor) subscribed for 50,000 treasury shares @ 10¢ per share, the \$5,000.00 being payable \$2,500.00 forthwith after the 10th day of April, 1952 and \$2,500.00 on or before the 10th day of June, 1952, and was granted by the Company an option to purchase an additional 200,000 shares at the prices and within the times following:

100,000 shares @ 10¢ per share on or before August 31st, 1952;

100,000 shares @ 15¢ per share on or before November 30th, 1952.

Failure to pay for the subscribed or the optioned shares, within the times above-mentioned, automatically terminates the option. If all the subscribed and optioned shares are purchased in accordance with the agreement, Gillingham Security Company will then have the right of first refusal of any further treasury shares which the Company may propose to sell for its further financing.



FLOREGOLD RED LAKE MINES LIMITED

McDougall's Mills, Ontario

INTRODUCTION

The following report supplements and brings up to date my previous reports on this property to your Company dated March 31st and September 30th, 1950.

For the sake of brevity much of the previous report has been condensed, certain previous conceptions regarding geology and structure have been reconsidered in the light of new information, and the various results of the work performed by your Company are set forth in detail.

EXTENT and LOCATION

The property consists of a group of nine patented claims and seven unpatented claims more particularly described as follows:

Patented Claims

- K. 7456 & 7457
- K. R. L. 16876 & 16878
- K. R. L. 16881 & 16882 & 16883
- K. R. L. 17655 & 17656

Unpatented Claims

- P. A. 10099 - 10103 inclusive.
- K. R. L. 30271 & 30272

This group lies immediately south of the main line of the Canadian National Railways at McDougall's Mills, eighteen miles east of Sioux Lookout, in the Patricia Mining Division, District of Kenora, Ontario.

OWNERSHIP

Both the patented and unpatented claims are totally owned by the Floregold Red Lake Mines Limited.

TIMBER & WATER, ETC.

Although portions of the property have been burnt over there are sufficient quantities of good grade and jackpine to serve all preliminary mining needs such as camps, fuel, etc.

Clamshell Creek, approximately eight hundred feet south-east of the No. 1 vein provides a readily available source of water for all mining needs.

TRANSPORTATION

No transportation problem is present. The northern claims lie along the main line of the Canadian National Railways from which a winter road leads to the No. 1 vein.

BUILDINGS

Although no buildings were ever built in the immediate vicinity of the work there are several unoccupied buildings at McDougall's Mills which could easily be reconditioned to meet the demands of any preliminary work.

POWER

Available at Sioux Lookout, 18 miles west.

HISTORY

The property was first staked in 1938 by J. Paquette and Associates and the same year was optioned to Prospectors Airways who carried out the surface work on the No. 1 vein. The option was dropped and subsequently the property was sampled by various interests including O'Brien, Wendigo and Coniagas.

In 1940 Coniagas optioned the property and carried out a programme of shallow drilling. During the summer of 1941 the property was bulk sampled by the same Company. The option was allowed to expire and since that time only a limited amount of assessment work has been carried out.

PREVIOUS WORK DONE

Practically all the work done to date has been confined to Claim No. K. 7456. The work consisted of deep trenching and pits in overburden along the south east side of the No. 1 vein, rock excavation and stripping.

Stripping and some rock work was also carried out on Nos. 2 and 3 veins which outcrop some two hundred feet north-west of the No. 1 vein.

Twenty-one hundred feet of shallow diamond drilling was carried out by Coniagas Mines Limited.

Under the present ownership an active programme of exploration and development has been carried out. Preliminary work consisted of cleaning out and preparing for blasting the old pits and trenches. Original picket lines were re-cut and extended while the road to the railway was cleared and a loading platform constructed. Bulk sampling and diamond drilling will be discussed under separate headings.

TOPOGRAPHY

Much of the area embraced by the claims is low and swampy. Rock outcrops are not numerous and are limited in extent.

The greater part of the property is covered with a mantle of overburden of varying thickness. Except along the slopes of the low hills and ridges it is thought to be too deep to allow trenching.

Drainage, which is poor, is to Clamshell Creek to the south-east and to the Sturgeon River to the north.

GEOLOGY

The northern portion of the property is underlain by post Temiskaming granodiorite which grades into both granite and diorite.

Intruded by the diorite and underlying the southwestern portion of the property are Keewatin flows, breccia and tuffs.

Surface examination of the No. 1 Vein indicated that the vein occurred at the contact of the granodiorite and an andesite flow which shearing had altered to a chlorite schist. This conception was proved through drilling to be erroneous. What was thought to be altered flow is, in fact, a sheared and altered diorite, which to the south and east of the shear again grades out into an unaltered granodiorite.

The core showed gradations from a rather fine grained diorite to a coarse grained hornblend granite. Several sections of the granodiorite showed considerable pyrite mineralization but such sections failed to return any appreciable values in gold.

STRUCTURE

The No. 1 Vein lies in a strong and well defined shear in the granodiorite. This shear is known to persist for a length of more than three miles and within the boundaries of the Company's property the vein has been determined at points 3330 feet apart.

There is a considerable amount of pinching and swelling in the vein where it may be observed which is due to folding. It is very probable that such folding has a direct bearing on the gold deposition and it is assumed that such folding will be found in the vertical as well as the horizontal plane.

There is no doubt as to the strength of the general structure. Approximately three miles to the southwest and just south of Black Lake high values have been found in narrow quartz veins which occur on a sheared diorite. This occurrence is directly on the strike of the Floregold shear and leaves little doubt that it is located on the same main shear zone.

THE VEINS

Three veins have been discovered to date and they are more particularly described as follows:

No. 1 Vein

This vein outcrops along the south-east side of a low ridge whose main axis is north-east-south-west. The general strike of the vein is N-48-E and the dip 60 to 65 degrees to the north-west, but variations in both strike and dip occur due to gentle folding in both the vertical and horizontal planes.

The vein does not outcrop continuously along its entire strike but can be traced through outcrops, and where it is exposed in pits and trenches for a distance of over eleven hundred feet. It occurs in a shear zone in the granodiorite and is enclosed in a chlorite schist.

Most of the work, aside from the drilling done by Coniagas Mines Limited, was confined to the south-west portion of the vein. From O O on the No. 1 Picket Line to 600 feet west, the vein has been exposed in the trenches and pits, and although between 125'W to 340'W the vein is covered by heavy overburden it can be reasonably presumed to persevere in this section.

At 600'W the vein disappears under low ground. It is strong and well defined and there is little doubt that it will be found to continue for a considerable length to the south-west.

Pyrite mineralization occurs sparingly in the schist along the vein walls. The quartz contains very minor amounts of carbonate, tourmalin, and pyrite. Small pockets of galena and chalcopyrite were found in the hanging wall at 51'W.

The definite ages of quartz are present. The first is a cream white massive quartz, with irregular fracturing that shows practically no mineralization except minor amounts of carbonate along the fractures. The second type found is a hard and glassy blue quartz showing distance banding, and it is in this type that all the visible gold observed by the writer was seen.

Further detailed work and study will have to be given to the vein matter before the order of fracturing and deposition is completely understood.

No. 2 Vein

This vein outcrops on the top of the ridge, one hundred and eighty feet northwest of the No. 1 Vein.

Quartz stringers are silicified diorite, lightly mineralized with pyrite form a zone thirteen feet wide. This zone has a strike of N-40-E and dips 80 - 85 degrees to the northwest.

In my previous report and on the basis of the information I assumed that this vein should persevere to the northeast. This assumption has proved incorrect in the light of further surface work and drilling and it is now considered that it pinches out to the northeast. Further drilling to the southwest will determine whether it perseveres in this direction.

No. 3 Vein

The No. 3 Vein which outcrops northwest of the No. 2 Vein does not at this time appear to have any importance. Drill intersections gave very narrow widths carrying low values in gold. It may prove in the light of further work that this vein may develop importance at lower horizons but for the present I do not think that it need be considered in any evaluation of the property.

BULK SAMPLING

Bulk sampling of the No. 1 Vein was carried out to check on the results obtained by Coniagas Mines Limited and to establish an average grade for vein material.

In all 341 bags of ore with a total dry weight of 28,359 lbs. were shipped to the Temiskaming Testing Laboratories at Cobalt, Ontario.

The results obtained are set forth as follows:

. 4 -

<u>Lot No</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Average Width</u>	<u>No. Pounds dry weight</u>	<u>Results Ozs. gold</u>
1	From 44' to 95' No. 1 Picket Line	2.5'	17.778	0.481
2	From 240' to 254' on No. 1 Picket Line	1.5'	1.168	0.035
3	From 240' to 254' on No. 1 Picket Line	1.5'	.401	0.01
4	From 344 to 373' on No. 1 Picket Line	2.0'	9.012	0.544

Lots Nos. 1, 2 and 4 were vein quartz while Lot No. 3 was predominantly mineralized wall rock.

These returns substantiated the results obtained by Coniagas Mines Limited and again demonstrated that normal sampling, i. e., chip or channel, do not give any true indication of the values present.

DIAMOND DRILLING

Since the inception of the diamond drilling programme by your Company in July 1950, a total of 3,228.4 feet of A core drilling and 195.2 feet of X-ray drilling has been completed. This consists of 9 holes of A core and 5 holes of X-ray core.

Holes number 1, 2 and 3 were designed to intersect the vein at a vertical depth of 300 feet. Holes number 4, 5, 6, 7 and 9 were laid out to give vein intersection of approximate depth of 150 feet. One number 8 was spotted to intersect the vein at a shallower horizon and to explore the ground to the southeast.

The X-ray drilling was done to determine the attitude and the widths of the vein at a shallow depth between the trenches which were bulk sampled in June, 1950.

Holes No. 1 - 3 inclusive all cut the vein within a few feet of its estimated position and gave widths comparable to those on surface.

Holes No. 4 - 6 inclusive gave vein intersections at an approximate vertical depth of 150 feet. The vein was intersected in all these holes with no apparent loss of width.

Holes No. 7 and 8 intersected a faulted condition with considerable quartz breccia. The vein intersections were numerous but narrow. It is thought that in this section there is a flatly dipping normal fault plunging to the southwest.

Hole No. 9 was drilled on Claim No. KRL-30271. It was spotted 235 feet northwest of the No. 1 picket line and should have intersected the vein approximately 200 feet. Only a very shear was encountered from 152 feet to 155 feet. It is considered that the main shear zone has been foled to the southeast and that this hole should be extended at least another one hundred feet to determine whether or not the vein does persist.

Holes No. 1-S to 5-S inclusive were X-ray. They were put down under the trenches previously bulk sampled and while they did not return any high values they did determine that the vein held width and that there was no change in the character of the vein material from that on the surface.

VALUES

The values obtained from the several samplings of this property and substantiated by the bulk sampling done by your Company indicate that while gold is more erratically distributed, substantial gold values are present.

The low values so far obtained in diamond drilling should not be considered as too discouraging a feature. It must be borne in mind that both chip and channel samples of the surface vein produced generally low results where bulk sampling later proved a good grade of ore to be present. To accept a very high drill result as representative of the vein values would be as incorrect as to treat a low value drill intersection as proving the vein to be only a low grade material.

I doubt very much if any average grade can be determined by drilling. It will remain for underground work to determine what grade the vein will make but it is reasonable to presume that where the same type of quartz is found in drilling that a grade conforming to the bulk sampling results will be found.

SUMMARY and CONCLUSIONS

The values so far obtained from surface sampling would indicate that certain portions of the vein will furnish ore.

Further work is necessary to fully develop the ore situation.

The southwest portion and a further portion of the No. 1 vein to the northeast, still remain to be explored.

The geology and structure are good and indicate that both vein and values should continue to depth.

The shear zone in which the No. 1 vein occurs is a major structural feature with known strength and continuity.

The property is well situated within one mile of the main line of the Canadian National Railways main western line. There is no transportation problem and development costs, as a result, will be moderate.

The property fully justifies an active development programme.

Drilling to date has determined that the vein is present to a vertical depth with no loss of width and that the vein material is the same as that found on the surface.

The property definitely indicated mine making possibilities.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That further bulk sampling of the southwest portion of the No. 1 vein be carried out.

That hole No. 9 be continued for at least a further core length of one hundred feet.

That two further diamond drill holes of approximately 300 feet each be drilled to the northeast of Hole No. 3, to explore the No. 1 vein in this direction at distances of 200 feet, and 400 feet, respectively.

That consideration be given to the sinking of a three compartment shaft to a depth of 300 feet plus 30 feet sump, with two levels at 150 feet, and 300 feet, with 500 feet of drifting plus necessary cross cuts on each level.

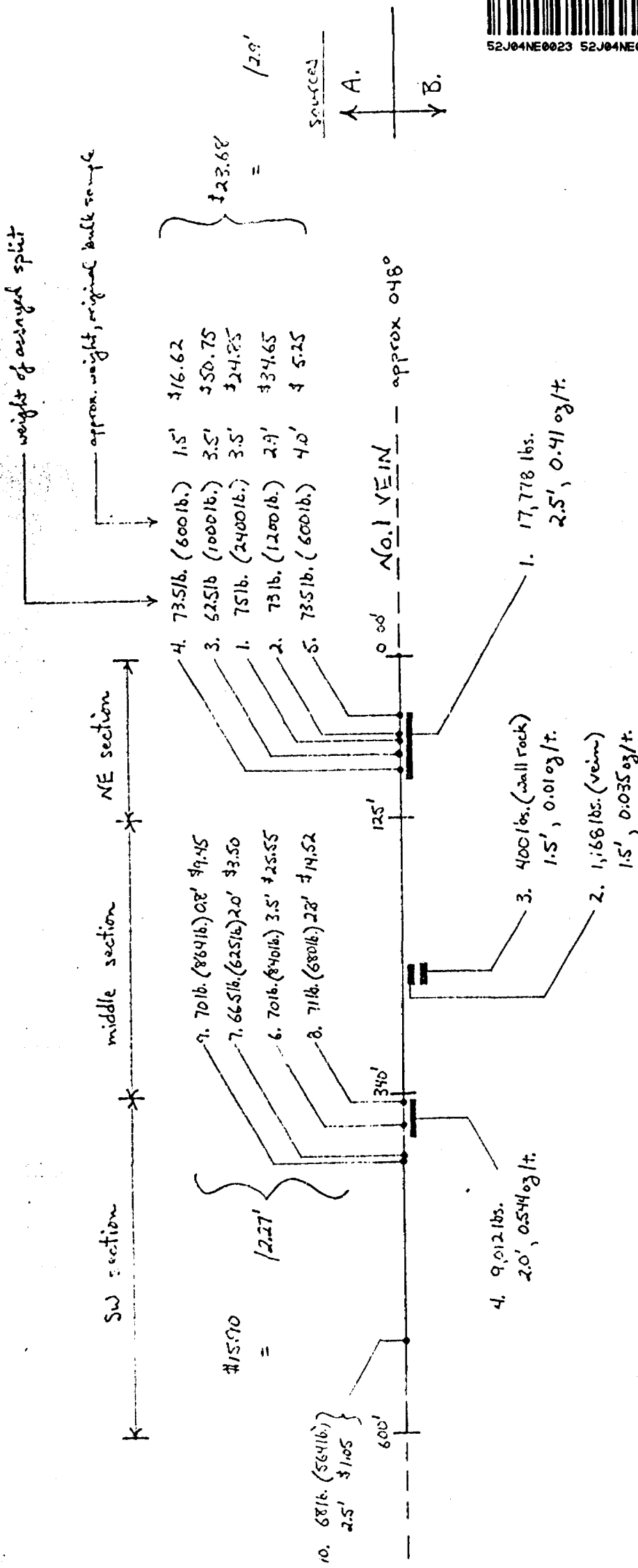
Respectfully submitted,

"Robert McCombe"

Robert McCombe,
Mining Geologist.

Sioux Lookout, Ontario.

June 21st, 1951.



Sources of information

- A. Report by R.H. Hutchinson, dated August 1941 (probably for Conington Mines Limited); from Files of Resident Geologist, O.G.S., Sioux Lookout.
- B. Report by R. McCombe, dated September 1950, included in October 1950 Prospectus of Florence Red Lake Mines Limited; from Files of Resident Geologist, O.G.S., Sioux Lookout.

Figure — : Schematic bulk sample plan and assays of the no.1 vein, R. Moretti property near McDougall Mills

5.13

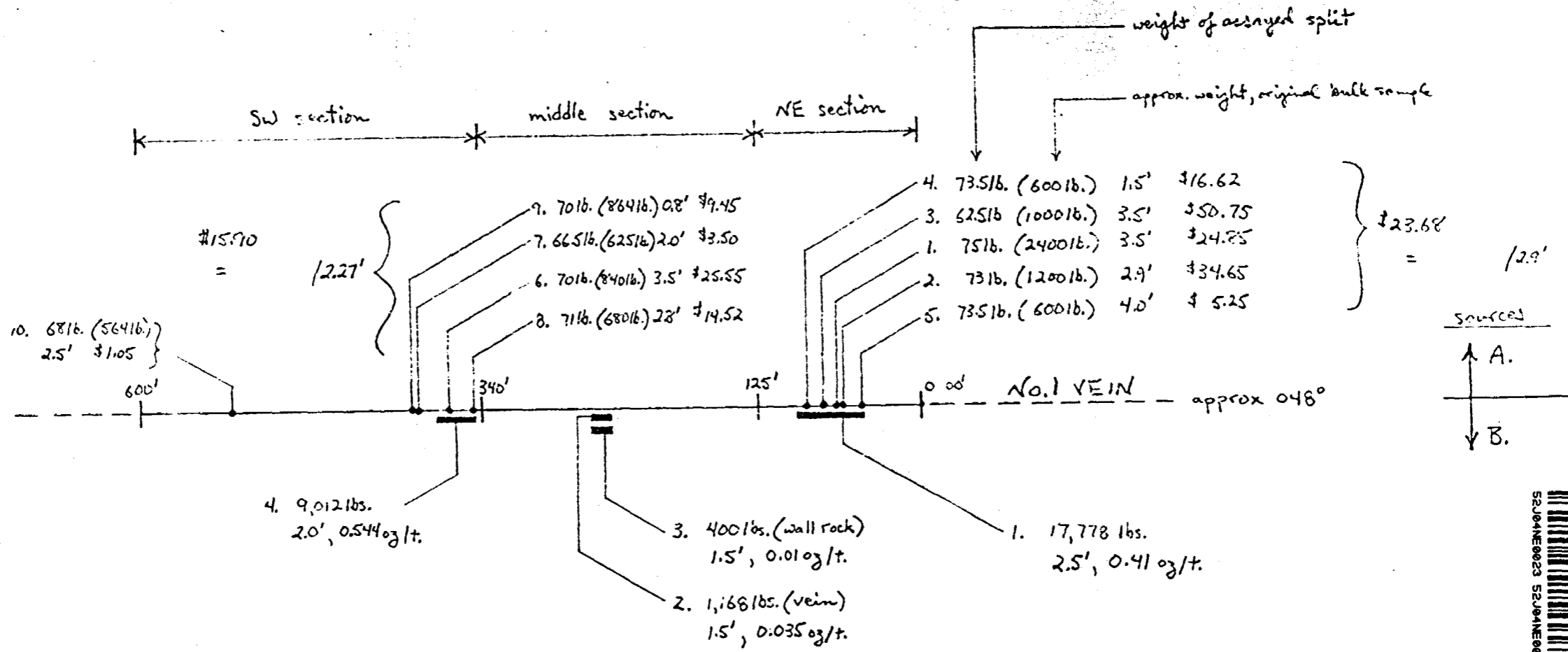


Figure — : Schematic bulk sample plan and assays of the no. 1 vein, R. Moretti's property near McDougall Mills

Sources of information

- A. Report by R.H. Hutchinson, dated August 1941 (probably for Cominas Mines Limited); from Files of Resident Geologist, O.G.S., Sioux Lookout.
- B. Report by R. McLombe, dated September 1950, included in October 1950 Prospectus of Floregold Red Lake Mines Limited; from ...



MINERALIZATION. The showing is on claims staked by J. Donnelly, of Port Arthur. It consists of a stripping 18 by 20 feet, which exposes a brecciated and carbonatized zone containing scattered threads of chalcopyrite and pyrrhotite. Values of 0.05 ounces in gold, 2.81 per cent copper, and a trace of nickel were obtained by the writer from a grab sample of the best-mineralized material.

ROSNEL-MCDOUGALL MILLS AREA

The existence of several gold showings along a general northeast strike from a point half a mile south of the west end of Black lake to McDougall Mills station indicates that there may be a regional shear in this section controlling the deposition.

RICHARDS GROUP

E. Richards, of Sioux Lookout, located an old showing (18) about 3 miles south of Rosnel station on the Canadian National railway. The showing is south of Black lake, 8 chains south of No. 1 post of claim No. 11,014. A quartz stockwork is exposed in a sheared and altered porphyry dike, for a width of 20 feet and a length of 125 feet. The stockwork is made up of one main stringer from 6 inches to a foot wide, which strikes at N. 70° E, parallel to the regional schistosity, and a series of smaller stringers angling off it. The main stringer is locally mineralized with scattered pyrite, chalcopyrite, and patches of galena. Visible gold was noted at one place associated with the galena. Mr. Richards reports that erratic values in gold up to several ounces per ton were obtained in grab samples. Low values were reported in the mineralized wall rock. The showing has not been systematically sampled.

A smaller showing similar in nature is exposed 300 feet to the west along strike. Low values in gold were reported here.

Two additional showings, not examined by the writer, were reported on claim Pa. 11,012 and on the general line of strike to the northeast.

FLOREGOLD RED LAKE MINES, LIMITED

The property of Floregold Red Lake Mines, Limited, is located at McDougall Mills station on the Canadian National railway to the northeast of Sioux Lookout. It is an old showing, on which bulk sampling and a considerable amount of diamond-drilling was done in the summer of 1950.

The main showing is located on claim K. 7,456, about a mile southwest of McDougall Mills. It consists of a 2-to 3-foot wide quartz vein in a well-defined shear zone from 30 to 140 feet wide in a granite plug. The vein strikes N. 47° E. and dips 60° N. E. It has been traced by a series of surface pits and drilling for a distance of 550 feet and by diamond drilling for an additional 250 feet. The vein consists of white quartz almost barren of mineralization. The drilling cut the vein at a vertical depth of 300 feet. Visible gold was noted in the quartz, associated with chlorite threads and ankerite veinlets. A 5-ton bulk sample from the surface pits was reported to have returned 0.48 ounces per ton in gold. Owing to the nature of the occurrence of the gold, channel and drill samples do not appear to give reliable indications of the grade. An additional trench across the strike of the vein to the south indicates that the total length of the vein may be at least 3,200 feet. The intervening ground is swamp-covered and is being drilled.

From O.D.M. Prod. Rep. 1951-1, p. 10

GHOST RIVER MINING SYNDICATE
LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that under the provisions of The Companies Act Letters Patent bearing date the 13th day of March, A.D. 1940, have been issued, in the terms and conditions and subject to the limitations and restrictions, if any, therein set forth constituting Edward Johnson, Clerk; Thomas Fasano, Storekeeper; and Ernest Humphries, Commercial Traveller; all of the Town of Sioux Lookout, in the District of Kenora and Province of Ontario; and any others who have become subscribers to the memorandum of agreement of the Company, and persons who thereafter become shareholders therein, a corporation under the name of GHOST RIVER MINING SYNDICATE LIMITED: (a) To prospect for, acquire, own, lease, explore, develop, work, improve, maintain and manage mines and mineral lands and deposits and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same or any part thereof or interest therein; and for the further purposes and objects therein set forth; with a capital of Thirty-five Thousand dollars divided into Thirty-five Thousand shares of One dollar each; with its Head Office at the said Town of Sioux Lookout; and its Provisional Directors being Edward Johnson, Thomas Fasano and Ernest Humphries, hereinbefore mentioned.

(337)

F. V. JOHNS,
Assistant Provincial Secretary.

12

CONIAGAS MINES DRILLS
GHOST RIVER OPTION. 9 1940

Coniagas Mines Ltd. has secured an option on the Ghost River Mining Syndicate Ltd. property and is now proceeding with a program of diamond drilling. The drilling started at the first of November but considerable delay has been encountered, it is understood, owing to the severe weather conditions.

The syndicate holds a group of 800 acres lying one and a half miles south of McDugalls Mills which is situated 20 miles east of Sioux Lookout on the C.N.R. transcontinental. Surface trenching is reported to have exposed vein matter for 600 ft. with evidence of extension for a further 800 ft. Gold values were secured over the whole exposed portion of the vein and syndicate officials reported one high grade section averaging \$43 across 1.9 ft. for a length of 75 ft. Principals behind the syndicate are all from Sioux Lookout.

GHOST R. SYNDICATE PLANS
- - WORK ON CLAIMS

Ghost River Mining Syndicate Limited, a recently incorporated organization, has taken over a group of 20 claims comprising approximately eight hundred acres in the Kenora district, Ontario, 20 miles east of Sioux Lookout. The company was incorporated in March, 1940, under an Ontario charter, with an authorized capital of 35,000 shares, \$1 par value, 15,000 shares of which are issued but pooled indefinitely. Executive office of the company is at Sioux Lookout, Ontario. Officers are: J. Garfinkel, president; J. N. Robinson, secretary-treasurer and consulting engineer for the company; J. Dickson, E. Johnson and P. Simboli, directors, all of Sioux Lookout.

Surface trenching has exposed vein matter for 600 ft. with indications for a further 800 ft. Over the whole exposed portion of the vein, gold values average \$43 across 1.9 ft., including a high grade section of 75 ft. Surface trenching and diamond drilling are proposed before further development is undertaken. Operations have been suspended until after the breakup.

Mining Claim No. KRL-16881

NAME AND ADDRESS OF LICENSEE

Oscar Ducheneau
McDougalls Mills, Ont.

NUMBER OF LICENSE

P. 5538

LOCALITY

N. of Claushell? Lake Alcana?? area

RESERVATIONS

400 FOOT SURFACE RIGHTS RESERVATION AROUND ALL LAKES AND RIVERS. SAND AND GRAVEL RESERVED

DATE AND HOUR OF STAKING

15th. June, 1938 at 11 am by Self.

DATE OF RECORDING

28th June, 1938

CERT. OF RECORD GRANTED

Nov. 25/46 35 89acres

CERT. OF WORK GRANTED

Nov. 25/46

ASSAY COUPONS

Sep. 15/38

Transported to Joseph Paquette. P 3615

Sep. 27/38

30 Days work recorded

July 1/39

40 " " "

Apr 17/40

J. Paquette transfers to Chas River Mining Synd? A. Mls

Dec. 9/40

Agreement with Boniagas Mines Lak resonded

Jan 23/41

80 Days work drilling

Dec 12/41

50 " " "

Sept 27/44

Extensions granted to June 28/45

June 19/45

Extension granted to Dec 31/45

Dec 21/45

Extension granted to Oct. 30/46

Nov 2/46

40 Days work by survey

Nov 25/46

Appen for Pa???

**DUPLICATE COPY
POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL
TO FOLLOW**

File No.

Mining Claim No. *RR-16881*

Name and Address of Licensee

*Oscar Duchesneau
McDonnell Hills, Ont.*

Number and date of License

P. 5539

Locality

N. of Glanshell Lake. Adams Area

Date and Hour of Staking

15th June, 1938, at 11 am by Secy

Date of Recording Forestry Permit Granted

21st June, 1938

35 8/10 acres ✓

Forestry Permit Refused

Cert. of Record Granted

NO 25 1946

Cert. of Work Granted

NO 25 1946

SEP 13 1938

Transferred to Joseph Paquette. 136'5.

SEP 27 1938

30 Days work returned

JUL 1 1939

40

APR 17 1940

J. Paquette transfers to Glad River Mining by A. Mc...

DEC 9 1940

Agreement with Bonjago Mines Ltd. recorded

JAN 23 1941

90 Days work drilling

DEC 12 1941

50

SEP 27 1944

EXTENSION GRANTED TO JUN 28 1945

JUN 19 1945

EXTENSION GRANTED TO DEC 31 1945

DEC 21 1945

EXTENSION GRANTED TO OCT 30 1948

NOV 2 1946

40 Days work by survey.

NOV 2 1948

Apply for Patent

P

C-49251-68

Mining Claim No. KRL-16882

RECT. NO.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF LICENSEE

Oscar Ducheneau
McDougalls Mills, Ont.

NUMBER OF LICENSE

P 5538

LOCALITY

N of Claushell Lake. Alcoma area

RESERVATIONS

400 FOOT SURFACE RIGHTS RESERVATION AROUND ALL LAKES AND RIVERS. SAND AND GRAVEL RESERVED

DATE AND HOUR OF STAKING

15th June 1938 at 1 pm by self

DATE OF RECORDING

28th June 1938

CERT. OF RECORD GRANTED

Nov 25/46

34 37acres

CERT. OF WORK GRANTED

Nov 25/46

ASSAY COUPONS

Sep17/38

Transformed to Joseph Paquette P 365

Spt.27/38

30 Days work recorded

Jul 11/39

40 " " "

Apr 17/40

J. Paquette transfers to Chas River Mining Synd A 18865

Dec.9/40

Agreement with Coniages Mines Ltd. resonded?

Jan 23/41

30 Days work drilling

Jul 17/41

11 Days work recorded

Dec 12/41

39 " " "

Sep.27/44

Extension Granted to Jun 28/45

Jun 19/45

Extension Granted to Dec. 31/45

Dec /45

Extension Granted to Oct.30/46

Nov. /46

40 Days work by survey

Nov. /46

Sppels? + Pat??

**DUPLICATE COPY
POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL
TO FOLLOW**

File No.

Mining Claim No. 16882

Name and Address of
Lessor

Oscar Andrusson
Albany Mills, Ind.

Number and date of
License

A 3533

Locality

N. of Glenhall Lks. Adams Area

Date and Hour
of Staking

22 June, 1938, at 1 p.m. by self

Date of Recording
Forestry Permit
Granted

22 June, 1938

34.37 acres

Forestry Permit
Refused

Cert. of Record
Created

NOV 25 1944

Cert. of Work
Granted

NOV 25 1944

SEP 1 1938

Transferred to Joseph Pagette, Ind.

SEP 1 1938

30 Days work recorded

JUL 31 1938

40

APR 17 1940

J. Pagette transfers to Chad Lee Mining Land A 1310

DEC 9 1940

Agreement with Chicago Lumber Co. recorded.

JAN 23 1941

30 Days work drilling

MAR 17 1941

11 Days work recorded

DEC 1 1941

39

SEP 27 1944

EXTENSION GRANTED TO JUN 28 1945

JUN 19 1945

EXTENSION GRANTED TO DEC 31 1945

DEC 1 1945

EXTENSION GRANTED TO OCT 30 1948

NOV 1 1948

40 Days work by survey
App. for Patent

NOV 1 1948

P

Mining Claim No. 30271

RECT. NO.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF
LICENSEEHenry Oslund,
Sioux Lookout, Ont.

NUMBER OF LICENSE

P-6453

LOCALITY

Rosnel Area
restaking KRL-20306

RESERVATIONS

400 FOOT SURFACE RIGHTS RESERVATION AROUND ALL LAKES
AND RIVERS, SAND AND GRAVEL RESERVED

DATE AND HOUR OF STAKING

21st Jan/49 at 2 pm self.

5056

DATE OF RECORDING

27th Jan/49

CERT. OF RECORD GRANTED

Aug 17/49 May 28/52

CERT. OF WORK GRANTED

ASSAY COUPONS

Jan 27/49

Transferred to Robert McCombe -7023 an un-
designated one half in???

5056

Dec 16/49 40

Days work

May 15/50

Robert McCombe transfers an undinifed one
half intrust to Floregold Red L Mines Ltd.

(six)

\$21973

May 15/50

Henry Oslund transfer an undesignated one half
interests to Floregold Red Lake Mines Ltd.

(six)

21972

Feb 5/51 51

Days work by drilling & core log. file 30271

Jan 14/52

Extension granted to Sep.30/52

S-2649

Sep 4/52 36

Drilling - Core log

Jan 12/53

Extension granted to Nov. 30/53

S-3122

Dec 1/53

Extension granted to Nov. 30/54 3494

Feb. 9/55

Cancelled Sec. 88.6

DUPLICATE COPY
POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL
TO FOLLOW

Mining Claim No. 221 20071

NAME AND ADDRESS OF LICENSEE	Henry Osland, Sioux Lookout, Ontario		
NUMBER OF LICENSE	P- 2453		
LOCALITY	Roosevelt Area restaking KIL-20306		
DATE & HOUR OF STAKING	21st January, 1949	at 2 P. M. self	5252
DATE OF RECORDING	27th January, 1949		
FORESTRY PERMIT GRANTED	AUG 17 1949	MAY 23 1952	
FORESTRY PERMIT REFUSED			
CERT. OF RECORD GRANTED			
CERT. OF WORK GRANTED			
JAN 27/49	Transferred to Robert McCabe <i>and Ralph [unclear]</i>		
DEC 16 1949	to Day work		
MAY 16 1950	Robert McCabe transferred and assigned you full interest		2412
MAY 26 1950	Henry Osland transferred and assigned you full interest		2412
FEB 5 1951	51. Reopened by William G. [unclear] file 30271.		
JAN 14 1952	EXTENSION GRANTED TO SEP 32 1952		2412
SEP 4 1952	to Osland - [unclear]		
JAN 12 1953	EXTENSION GRANTED TO NOV 30 1953		2412
DEC 1 1953	EXTENSION GRANTED TO NOV 30 1954		2412
FEB 9 1955	Cancelled Sec 22. c		

C-48281-88

Mining Claim No. 30272

RECT. No.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF LICENSEE

Henry Oslund
Sioux Lookout, Ont

NUMBER OF LICENSE

P-6453

LOCALITY

Rosnel Area
Restaking KRL- 20307

RESERVATIONS

400 FOOT SURFACE RIGHTS RESERVATION AROUND ALL LAKES AND RIVERS, SAND AND GRAVEL RESERVED

DATE AND HOUR OF STAKING

21st Jan/49 at 4:30 pm self

5056

DATE OF RECORDING

27th Jan/49

CERT. OF RECORD GRANTED

Aug 17/49 May 28/52

CERT. OF WORK GRANTED

ASSAY COUPONS

Jan 27/49

Transferred to Robert McCombe P- 7023 an undivided one half interest.

5056

Dec. 16/49 40

Work

May 16-50

Robert McCombe transfer an undivided one half interest to Floregold Red Lake Mines Ltd. A21975

six

May.16/50

Henry Oslund transfer one undivided one half interest to Floregold Red Lake Mines Ltd. A-21975

Feb 5/51

51 Days work by drilling & core log.

Jan 14/52

Extension granted to Sep.30/52

S-2649

Sep. 4/52

36 Drilling - Core Log

Jan 12/53

Extension granted to Nov. 30/53 S-3122

Dec 1/53

Extension granted to Nov. 30/54 3494

Feb. 9/55

Cancelled Sec 88-C

**DUPLICATE COPY
POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL
TO FOLLOW**

Mining Claim No. **ES 30272**

Sheet No.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF LICENSEE

Henry Calund,
Stouffville, Ontario

NUMBER OF LICENSE

P- 6435

LOCALITY

Rocky Area
containing KLU-30307

DATE & HOUR OF STARTING

21st January, 1949 at 4.30 P. M. self

522

DATE OF RECORDING

27th January, 1949

FORESTRY PERMIT GRANTED

AUG 1 7 1949 MAY 28 1952

FORESTRY PERMIT REFUSED

CERT. OF RECORD GRANTED

CERT. OF WORK OBTAINED

JAN 27/49

Transferred to Robert McCombs *P- 7083 and undivided 522*
and half interest

DEC 16 1949

to work

MAY 26 1950

Robert McCombs transfers an undivided one half interest to
Henry Calund through Red Book Reg. Act. 21975
Henry Calund transfers an undivided one half interest to
Henry Calund through Red Book Reg. Act. 21975

MAY 26 1950

FEB 5 1951

Approved by drilling & work log

JAN 14 1952

EXTENSION GRANTED TO SEP 30 1952

SEP 4 1952

Drilling - base log

JAN 12 1953

EXTENSION GRANTED TO NOV 30 1953

DEC 1 1953

EXTENSION GRANTED TO NOV 30 1954

FEB 9 1955

Cancelled Sec 88-C

C-49251-68

Mining Claim No. 10099

REC7

NAME AND ADDRESS OF LICENSEE

Joe Dagg,
McDougalls Mills, Ont

NUMBER OF LICENSE

S-10

LOCALITY

Clamshell Lake Area
Restaking KRL-29172

RESERVATIONS

400 FOOT SURFACE RIGHTS RESERVATION AROUND ALL LAKES AND RIVERS, SAND AND GRAVEL RESERVED

DATE AND HOUR OF STAKING

18th March /50 at 9 am.

DATE OF RECORDING

24th March/ 50

S-100

CERT. OF RECORD GRANTED

May 28/52

CERT. OF WORK GRANTED

ASSAY COUPONS

March 29/50	Transferred to Floregold Red Lake Mines Ltd.A-21975,S-119	
Feb.23/51	64 Days drilling & core logs file 10099	
Mar21/52	Extension granted to Sep. 30/52 file 10099	S-2722
Sep.4/52	20 Drilling - Core Log	
Mar 21/53	Extension Granted to Nov 30/53	3178
Dec 1/53	Extension granted to Nov. 30/54	3494
Dec 1/55	Cancelled under Section The Mining Act.	

**DUPLICATE COPY
POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL
TO FOLLOW**

Mining Claim P.A. NY 10099

NET WT

NAME AND ADDRESS OF LICENSEE

Joe Dagg,
McDonagalls Mills, Ontario

NUMBER OF LICENSE

3-20

LOCALITY

Clonshall Lake Area
restaking KRL-29172

DATE & HOUR OF STAKING

18th March, 1950 at 9 A. M.

3-100 ✓

DATE OF RECORDING

26th March, 1950

FORESTRY PERMIT GRANTED

MAY 28 1952

FORESTRY PERMIT REFUSED

CERT. OF RECORD GRANTED

CERT. OF WORK GRANTED

March 29/50

FEB 23 1951

MAR 21 1952

SEP 4 1952

MAR 21 1953

DEC 1. 1953

DEC 1. 1953

Transferred to Floregold Red Lake Mines Limited, A-21975

EXTENSION GRANTED TO SEP 30 1952

EXTENSION GRANTED TO NOV 30 1953

EXTENSION GRANTED TO NOV 30 1954
Cancelled under Section
The Mining Act

60 Days drilling & soil log
20 Drilling - base log

file 10099
file 10099

S-112

2722

3178
2194

C-48251-68

WORK DONE
DATE

Mining Claim No. 10100

RECT. NO.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF
LICENSEE

Joe Dagg,
McDougalls Mills, Ont

NUMBER OF LICENSE

S-10

LOCALITY

Clamshell Lake Area
restaking KRL-29171

RESERVATIONS

400 FOOT SURFACE RIGHTS RESERVATION AROUND ALL LAKES
AND RIVERS, SAND AND GRAVEL RESERVED

DATE AND HOUR OF STAKING

18th March/50 at 10 am

DATE OF RECORDING

24th March/50

S-100

CERT. OF RECORD GRANTED

May 28/52

CERT. OF WORK GRANTED

ASSAY COUPONS

March 29/50

Transferred to Floregold Red Lake Mines Ltd. A-21975, S-119

Feb. 23/51

64

Days work drilling & core log

March 21/52

Extension granted to Sep 30/52

S-2722

Sep. 4/52

20

Drilling - Core Log

Mar 21/53

Extension granted to Nov. 30/53

3178

Dec. 1/53

Extension to Nov. 30/54

3494

Dec. 1/55

Cancelled under section

The Mining Act

**DUPLICATE COPY
POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL
TO FOLLOW**

Mining Claim P.A. NY 10100

See Page.

McDonnell Mills, Ontario

8-10

Clamshell Lake Area

restocking KHL-3917.

DATE & HOUR OF STAKING

18th March, 1930 at 10 A. M.

DATE OF RECORDING

24th March, 1930

8-100

FORESTRY PERMIT GRANTED

MAY 28 1952

FORESTRY PERMIT REVOKED

CHIEF OF RECORDS GRANTED

CHIEF OF WORK GRANTED

March 29/30

Transferred to Flaregold Red Lake

Mines Limited A-32975

FEB 23 1951

MAR 21 1952

SEP 4 1952

MAR 21 1953

DEC 1 1953

DEC 1 1955

EXTENSION GRANTED TO SEP 30 1952

EXTENSION GRANTED TO NOV 30 1953

EXTENSION GRANTED TO NOV 30 1954

Cancelled under Section
The Mining Act

let Roy and selling & out by

to Dennis - base by

8-110

8-100

307

347

C-49251-48

WORK DONE
DAYS

Mining Claim No. 10101

RECT. NO.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF LICENSEE

Joe Dagg.

McDougalls Mills, Ontario

NUMBER OF LICENSE

S-10

LOCALITY

Clamshell Lake Area

RESERVATIONS

400 FOOT SURFACE RIGHTS RESERVATION AROUND ALL LAKES AND RIVERS, SAND AND GRAVEL RESERVED

DATE AND HOUR OF STAKING

18th March, 1950 at 11 am

DATE OF RECORDING

24th March 1950

S-100

CERT. OF RECORD GRANTED

May 28/52

CERT. OF WORK GRANTED

ASSAY COUPONS

Transfitted to Floregold red Lake Mines Ltd. A-21975, S-119

Feb. 23/51

64 Days work drilling & core log

March 21/52

Extensions Granted to Sep 30/52

S 2722

Sep 4/52

20 Drilling - Core Log

March 21/53

Extension Granted to Nov 30/53

3178

Dec 1/53

Extension Granted to Nov 30/54

3494

Dec 1/55

Cancelled under section The Mining Act.

**DUPLICATE COPY
POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL
TO FOLLOW**

Mining Claim P.A. No. 10101

NAME AND ADDRESS OF
CLAIMANT

See back.

NUMBER OF LICENSE

2-30

LOCALITY

Glenball Lake Area

DATE & HOUR OF STAKING

18th March, 1930 at 11 A. M.

2-30 ✓

DATE OF RECORDING

24th March, 1930

FORESTRY PERMIT GRANTED

MAY 28 1932

FORESTRY PERMIT REFUSED

CERT. OF RECORD GRANTED

CERT. OF WORK GRANTED

March 29/30

FEB 23 1951

MAR 21 1952

SEP 4 1952

MAR 21 1953

DEC 1 1953

DEC 1 1955

Transferred to Floreogold Red Lake

Minco Limited & 21975

2-119

EXTENSION GRANTED TO SEP 30 1952

EXTENSION GRANTED TO NOV 30 1953

EXTENSION GRANTED TO NOV 30 1954

3-171

2-194

Cancelled under Section
The Mining Act