

52P08NE0009 2.16148 PETAWANGA

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**NORANDA MINING AND EXPLORATION INC.**

**REPORT OF WORK - 1994**

**PETAWANGA PROJECT**

**N.T.S. 52P/8**

**WEST PRECAMBRIAN DISTRICT**

*Quat. # 2.3297*

**PROJECT NO. 327  
THUNDER BAY, ONTARIO  
APRIL 1995**

**REG FELIX  
SR. PROJECT GEOLOGIST**

**2.16148**



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## **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

This report describes linewatering, ground HLEM surveying, geological mapping and lithogeochemical surveying on the Petawanga claim group in the Fort Hope area in Northwestern Ontario during 1994. The objective of these exploration programs was to aid in the evaluation of favourable volcanic stratigraphy for VMS type base metal mineralization. The programs focused on the stratigraphy, structure, and potential hydrothermal alteration around mineral showings, as well as untested or partially tested HLEM targets delineated by previous workers.

## **2.0 LOCATION AND ACCESS**

The property is located in the Thunder Bay Mining District approximately 100 kilometers north of Armstrong and 25 kilometers west of Fort Hope. The property is situated about 5 kilometers south of Petawanga Lake on the Albany River. The Discovery Lake grid is accessible from Armstrong, Nakina or Pickle Lake via float or ski-equipped plane charter to a tent camp on Disco Lake. The lake is shallow and small allowing fixed wing aircraft to exit with only partial cargo loads. Diamond drilling programs require helicopter support. Landing strips for wheel based aircraft near the property include Fort Hope and Miminiska Lake (15 kilometers northwest (Figure 1).

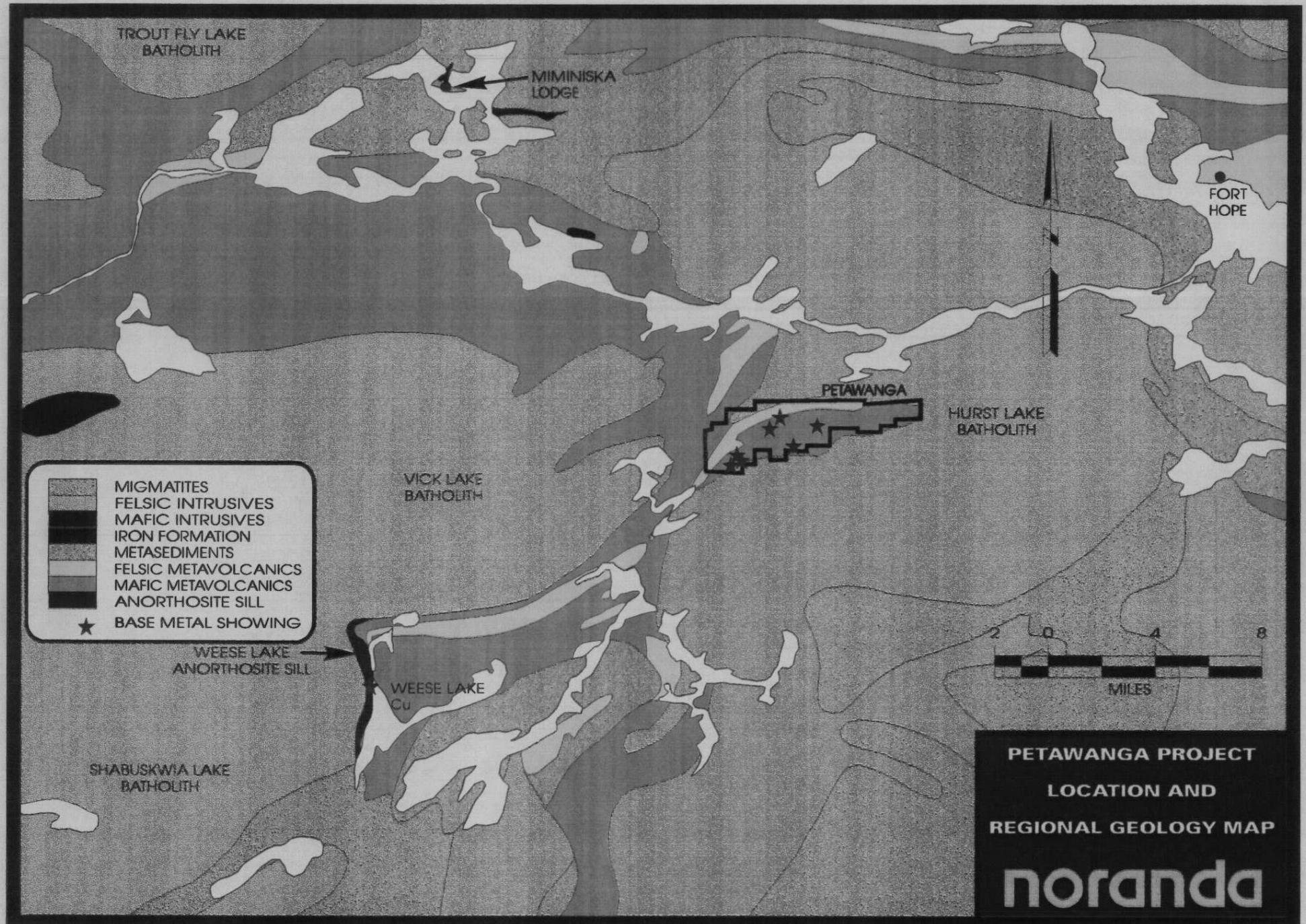
## **3.0 PROPERTY DESCRIPTION**

The property encompasses 193 unpatented mining claims (193 units) totalling 3088 hectares. The claims are situated within claim map areas G-378 (Petawanga Lake) and G-287 (Kawitos Lake) of the Thunder Bay Mining Division and are listed below (Figure 2).

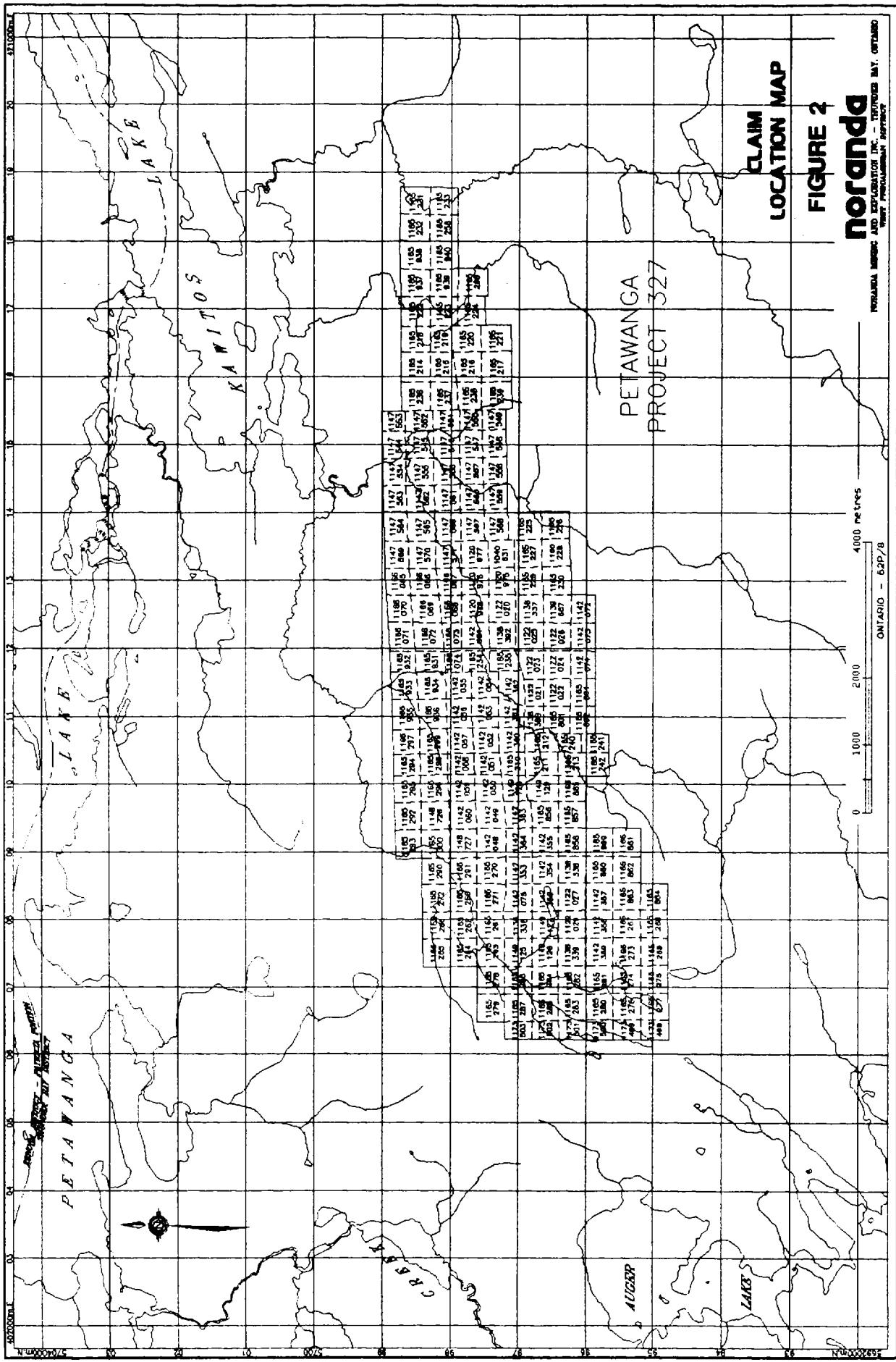
Table 1: Petawanga Claims

Claim Numbers	Recorded	Claim Numbers	Recorded	Claim Numbers	Recorded
TB 1,040,631	7/17/89	TB 1,138,389	3/8/90	TB 1,165,231-233	9/24/90
TB 1,120,975-978	7/17/89	TB 1,138,392	3/8/90	TB 1,165,234-242	9/7/90
TB 1,122,020	7/17/89	TB 1,139,667	3/8/90	TB 1,165,258	9/24/90
TB 1,122,021-022	9/20/89	TB 1,142,048-061	3/8/90	TB 1,165,260-287	8/24/90
TB 1,122,023-024	8/23/89	TB 1,142,072-075	3/8/90	TB 1,165,288	9/7/90
TB 1,122,025-026	9/20/89	TB 1,142,353-364	3/8/90	TB 1,165,290-300	8/24/90
TB 1,122,027	8/23/89	TB 1,147,544-571	9/6/90	TB 1,165,801-803	8/24/90
TB 1,122,029	8/23/89	TB 1,148,726-727	8/24/90	TB 1,165,856-865	8/24/90
TB 1,138,336	9/20/89	TB 1,149,125-129	8/24/90	TB 1,165,931-940	9/7/90
TB 1,138,337	3/8/90	TB 1,165,210-213	8/24/90	TB 1,166,065-073	9/7/90
TB 1,138,338-339	9/20/89	TB 1,165,214-230	9/7/90		

The project is covered by an option agreement between Falconbridge Limited/S.Parent/M. Smith and Noranda Mining and Exploration Inc. The claims were staked by S. Parent and M. Smith who together hold a 25% interest. Noranda has the right to earn 50% (37.5%) of Falconbridge's 75% interest subject to an NSR by spending \$900,000 over four years and 100% of Parent/Smith's total 25% interest by making cash payments totalling \$50,000 to Parent/Smith. Noranda is the operator.



**FIGURE 1**



**FIGURE 2**

noranda

**URARADA MINING AND EXPLORATION INC. - THURSDAY DAY, OCTOBER**

## **4.0 PREVIOUS WORK**

Through the years geological mapping and exploration in the Petawanga Lake - Kawitos Lake areas has been limited by its remote location and poor accessibility. Geological maps published by government agencies (Geological Survey of Canada - 1960 and the Ontario Department of Mines -1969 ) which encompassed the current property were the result of reconnaissance surveys that were part of much larger areas. These maps provided a very generalised geological data base. In 1973 the Ontario Geological Survey initiated a program of detailed geological mapping in the eastern part of the Uchi Subprovince. Included in this program were the Attwood Lake area (Wallace 1977) situated immediately to the southwest of the Petawanga property, and the Miminiska Lake and Opikeigen Lake areas (Wallace 1978) situated immediately to the north. In the past 35 years four companies are known to have directed mineral exploration activity on the Petawanga property toward the location of base - metal sulphide or gold deposits.

In 1961, Boylen Engineering Offices followed up a previous airborne reconnaissance survey with ground magnetic and magniphase EM surveys, geological mapping, trenching and 11 diamond drill holes totalling 1276 meters.

In 1976, New Jersey Zinc Exploration Company Limited undertook geological mapping and prospecting and completed 9 diamond drill holes totalling 317 meters followinf an A.E.M. survey of the region.

During 1986 Goldfields followed up a Mag, VLF, EM airborne survey with linecutting, outcrop stripping and 1 drill hole totalling 245 meters.

Falconbridge Limited obtained an option on the property in 1990 and conducted linecutting, geological mapping, ground Mag, VLF and HLEM geophysical surveying and mechanical stripping. In the summer of 1991, nine drill holes totalling 1723.5 meters tested a number of geological and geophysical anomalies.

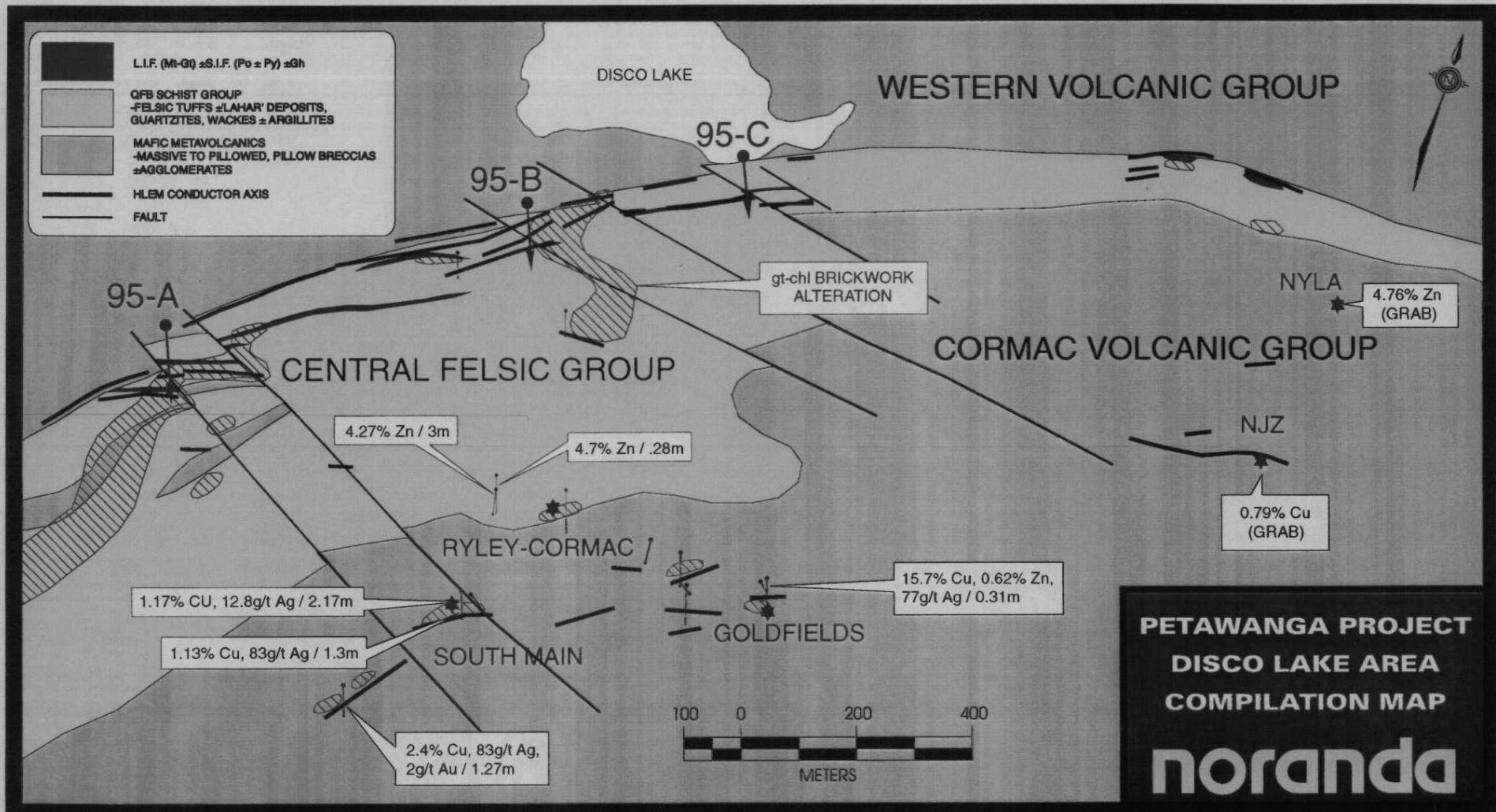
## **5.0 PERSONNEL**

Linecutting and ground HLEM geophysical surveying were completed by Northwest Geophysics of Thunder Bay. The programs were supervised by R. Swire and R. Sharpe; both are or were employees of Noranda.

Geological mapping and lithogeochemical sampling were completed by J. Harper, C. Galeschuk, M. Stares and the author. The surveys were supervised by the author. All personnel are or were employees of Noranda Mining and Exploration Inc.

## **6.0 REGIONAL GEOLOGY (Figures 1 and 3)**

The property is located within an "underexplored" northeast-trending belt of metavolcanics and metasediments along the southern margin of the Uchi Subprovince, part of the Superior Province of the Canadian Shield. This belt connects with the main regional greenstone belt of the Uchi Subprovince about 16 kilometers north of Attwood Lake. According to Wallace (1977), the older metavolcanics are predominantly pillowd and massive mafic flows intermixed with units of andesitic to rhyolitic pyroclastic rocks. The metavolcanics are conformably overlain by clastic metasedimentary rocks consisting mainly of polymictic conglomerate rocks rich in metavolcanic clasts. Ferruginous chemical metasediments occur in several places close to the metavolcanic-metasedimentary interface. The supracrustal sequence is surrounded by granitoid rocks, predominantly trondhjemite to granodiorite in composition. The rocks have been metamorphosed under amphibolite facies conditions. The property has been interpreted by Falconbridge to consist of five distinct geological domains, the Cormac Volcanics, Central Volcanics, Western Volcanics, and the Northern and Southern Granite Domains. A number of small localized Cu +/- Zn occurrences occur within the Cormac Volcanics and have been previously trenched and/or drill tested. The Central Domain contains "brickwork" style chlorite-amphibolite-garnet alteration within "lahar-type" deposits where lapilli to block sized fragments occur infrequently.



**FIGURE 3**

## **7.0 1994 PROGRAMS**

### **7.1 Linecutting**

Surveys were carried out on three selected grid areas, part of a large grid established by Falconbridge Ltd in 1990. Lines were rechained and cleaned in preparation for the surveys. On the West Grid, baseline 0+00 (Azimuth 070 deg.) was extended from 38+00W to 47+00W and an additional 9.0 km of line were cut.

### **7.2 Geophysics**

In 1990 Falconbridge carried out ground magnetometer and VLF surveys over the entire grid area. In the present program HLEM surveys using two frequencies (440 and 1760 Hz.) were performed to re-establish favourable AEM targets for possible drill testing (Figures 4). Coverage is summarised in Table II. Data are plotted on Maps 1 - 6.

**Table II. 1994 HLEM Survey Areas**

Grid	HLEM Survey (km)
West	70.9
Central	25.1
T-Bone	9.7

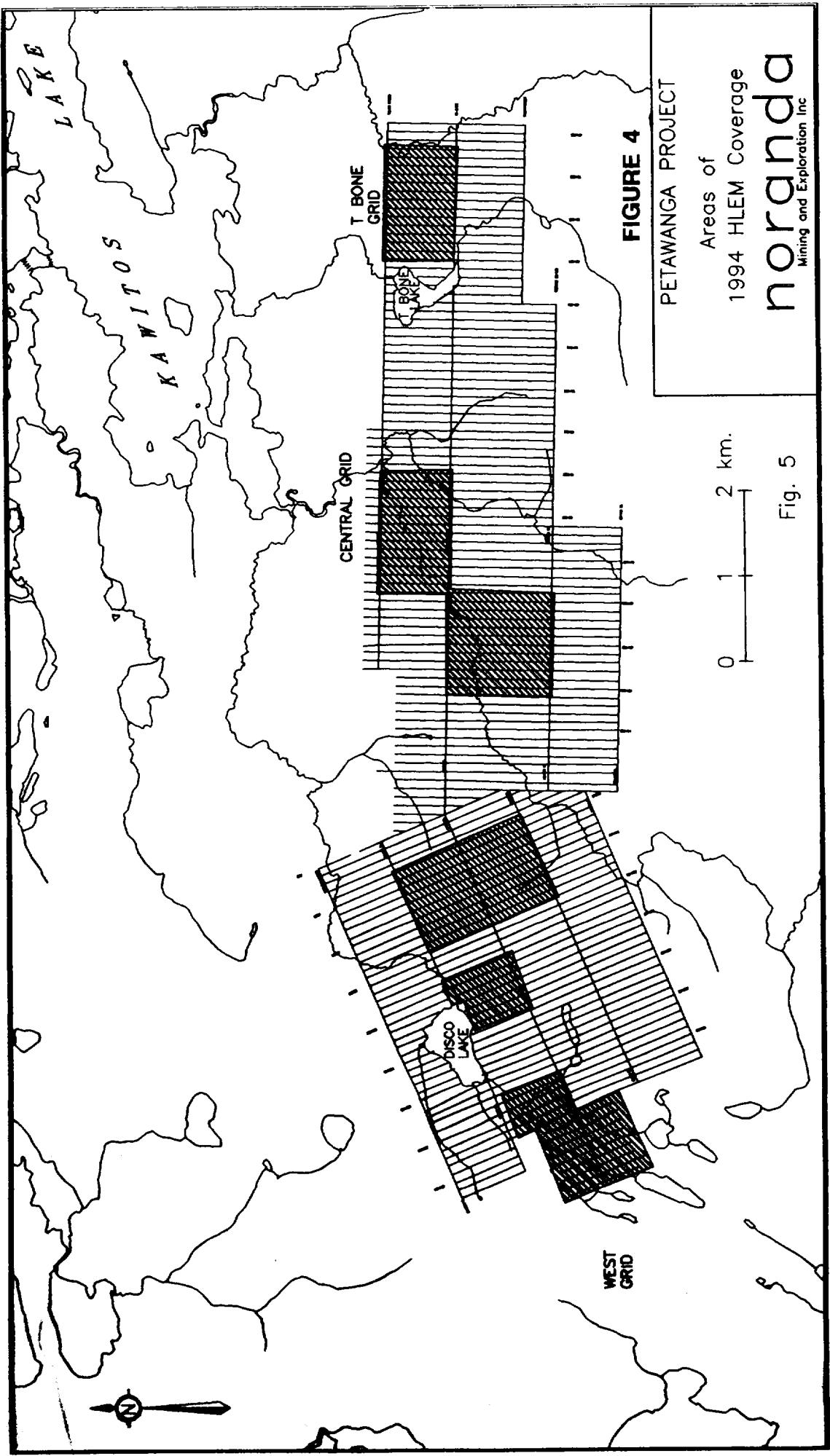
#### **7.2.1 Instrumentation**

An Apex Parametrics MaxMin I horizontal loop electromagnetic unit was used. In-phase and quadrature readings are measured as a percentage of the primary transmitted field. The readings represent characteristics of the secondary induced field. They are recorded at a phase separation of 90 degrees to provide maximum information. The readings are normalised to the primary field using a cable which connects the transmitter to the receiver. Readings can be read to +/- 0.2 percent although they are usually only accurate to +/- 1 percent.

For this survey readings were taken at a 25 meter interval along the line. A coil separation of 100 meters was used and readings were recorded at frequencies of 1760 and 440 hertz.

### **7.3 Property Geology**

A portion of the property, specifically the West grid area (Figure 4) was mapped along a cut and chained grid at a scale of 1:5000. Outcrop, physiographic features, and geological interpretation are presented on Map 7. Geological inspections were also made of the two HLEM conductive features within the Central grid area. There was no bedrock exposed within the northern region of the grid area except for subcroppings of felsic intrusive. The southern HLEM anomaly is signified by the "Boylen" showing. The area about the HLEM conductive features west of T-Bone Lake was inspected and no outcrop could be found. The collar location of the 1986 Goldfields drill hole was located and it appears that it tested one of the two HLEM anomalies.



## 7.4 Lithogeochemistry

A total of 27 surface lithogeochemical samples collected in 1994 consist of grab samples taken along grid lines spaced generally at 100m apart. Samples were analysed for the major element oxides and trace elements by Chemex Labs of Vancouver, B.C. In addition 21 samples were collected and analysed for copper, zinc, silver and gold content. Major element oxide ( $\text{SiO}_2$ ,  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{CaO}$ ,  $\text{MgO}$ ,  $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{Na}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{K}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{TiO}_2$ ,  $\text{MnO}$ ,  $\text{P}_2\text{O}_5$ ) and trace element (Cu, Zn, Ba, Zr, Y, Rb, Sr and Nb) analyses were carried out by the ICAP-AES technique. Analyses for Cu, Zn, Ag, Ni, Co and Au were carried out by Atomic Absorption measurements following acid digestion of the prepared samples. Sample descriptions, analytical procedures and assay certificates are provided in Appendix I. Sample locations are shown on the geology map (Map 7).

The purpose of the lithogeochemical sampling was to identify major element enrichment/depletion trends related to mineralogical and chemically distinct hydrothermal alteration zones associated with volcanogenic massive sulphide deposits (Table III).

**Table III - Enrichment/Depletion Geochemical Trends  
Typical of Hydrothermal Alteration Associated  
With VMS Deposits**

Major Elements	ENRICHMENT	DEPLETION
	$^{+/-}\text{SiO}_2, >\text{FeO}, >\text{MgO}, ^{+/-}\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ $^{+/-}\text{K}_2\text{O}, ^{+/-}\text{CO}_2$	$<\text{Na}_2\text{O}, <\text{CaO}, ^{+/-}\text{MnO}, ^{+/-}\text{TiO}_2$
Trace Elements	$^{+/-}\text{Co}, \text{Y}, \text{Zr}, \text{Rb}, \text{Ba}, \text{Cu}, \text{Zn}, \text{Ag}, \text{Au}$ (erratic)	

The enrichment/depletion trends are manifested by alteration mineral assemblages such as silicification ( $(>(\text{SiO}_2, \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3), <(\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3, \text{MgO}, \text{MnO}, \text{TiO}_2))$ ), chloritization ( $(>(\text{MgO}, \text{FeO}, \text{Co}, \text{Y}, \text{Zr}), <(\text{Na}_2\text{O}, \text{SiO}_2\text{-K}_2\text{O-Rb-Ba}))$ ), sericitization ( $((<(\text{Na}_2\text{O}, \text{CaO}), >(\text{K}_2\text{O}, \text{Rb-Ba}))$ ), carbonatization ( $((>(\text{CO}_2, \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3), <(\text{SiO}_2, \text{Na}_2\text{O}))$ ) and sulphidization  $>(\text{FeO}, ^{+/-}\text{Cu}, \text{Zn}, \text{Ag})$ . It is generally accepted that these alteration mineral assemblages/zones represent crosscutting, subconformable or conformable synvolcanic alteration zones, which were coeval with and have been metamorphosed with the massive sulphides. Whether massive sulphide ore metals are derived from sub-volcanic magma chambers, or whether they are wholly leached from the footwall volcanics during attendant hydrothermal alteration, the alteration zones associated with VMS deposits are more extensive than the deposits themselves, and therefore represent important targets for exploration. Various alteration indices such as Ishikawa ((Alteration Index :  $(\text{MgO} + \text{K}_2\text{O}) / (\text{MgO} + \text{K}_2\text{O} + \text{CaO} + \text{Na}_2\text{O}) \times 100$ )) and ACNK ((AI: (molecular proportion  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 / (\text{CaO} + \text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{K}_2\text{O})$ ), Chlorite (AI:  $(\text{MgO} + \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3) / (\text{MgO} + \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3) + 2(\text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{CaO}) \times 100$ ) and Zn/ $\text{Na}_2\text{O}$  can be used to quantify the intensity of the alteration (Table IV).

**TABLE IV Alteration Indices**

INTENSITY OF ALTERATION	ISHIKAWA ALTERATION INDEX	ACNK ALTERATION INDEX	CHLORITE INDEX	Zn/ $\text{Na}_2\text{O}$ INDEX
UNALTERED	30-50	<1.2	<40	<10
WEAK	51-70	1.2-2.0	40-60	10-100
MODERATE	71-80	2.0-3.0	60-80	100-200
STRONG-INTENSE	>80	>3.0	>80	>200

The alteration indices together with variations within the Cu - Zn metal distributions may be useful in identifying areas of alteration proximal to sites of significant mineralization and can be used as vectors leading to ore. A listing of the lithosamples collected on the property with the accompanying calculated alteration indices is provided in Appendix II.

## **8.0 DISCUSSION OF RESULTS**

### **8.1 Geophysics**

#### **WEST GRID (Maps 1 and 2)**

The 1994 HLEM surveying re-established one of the North Central Anomalies previously delineated by Falconbridge (lines 25W to 33W, 6+50N to 4+00N) and further extended the conductive feature to line 23W to the east and line 43W to the west. This conductive feature is truncated on line 20W (possibly by a north-westerly trending structure - see figure 5), but reappears along strike to the east from lines 9W to 4W, 6+00N to 7+00N, and is still open to the east. The NYLA Showing (4.76% Zn - grab) lies about 400 meters to the south on line 2W, 2+00N. On line 43W the anomaly is again truncated and possibly offset 100 meters to the south. An en echelon anomalous feature extends from 40W to 47W and is still open to the southwest. Another weak to moderate conductor was delineated from lines 9W to 4W within the area of the New Jersey Zinc Showing (line 5W, 3+50S).

Significant anomalous trends delineated in the 1994 HLEM survey have been tabulated as follows:

**Table V: HLEM Anomaly Trends - Discovery Lake Grid (West)**

Anomaly	Northing	Easting	Length
1a	150S	4000W-4700W	700 m.+
1b	50N-550N	2300W-4300W	2000 m.+
1c	600N-700N	400W-900W	500 m.+
1d	100N	2800W-2900W	100 m.
2	275S-350S	400W-900W	500 m.+

Anomalous trend 1a displays moderate to high conductivity (17-100 mhos) and a consistent depth of 10-25 metres. Width varies from 15 to 175 metres and represents a geophysically interesting and potential massive sulphide target. The anomaly may extend southwest beyond the survey area.

Anomalous trend 1b is a lengthy "formational" feature displaying moderate to high conductivity (20-60 mhos) and consistent depth of 10-30 metres. Conductor width varies from 20-100 m.

Anomalous trend 1c displays moderate conductivity (16-21 mhos) and a depth of 12-40 metres. Width varies from <10 m to 75 m. The anomaly may extend east beyond the survey area.

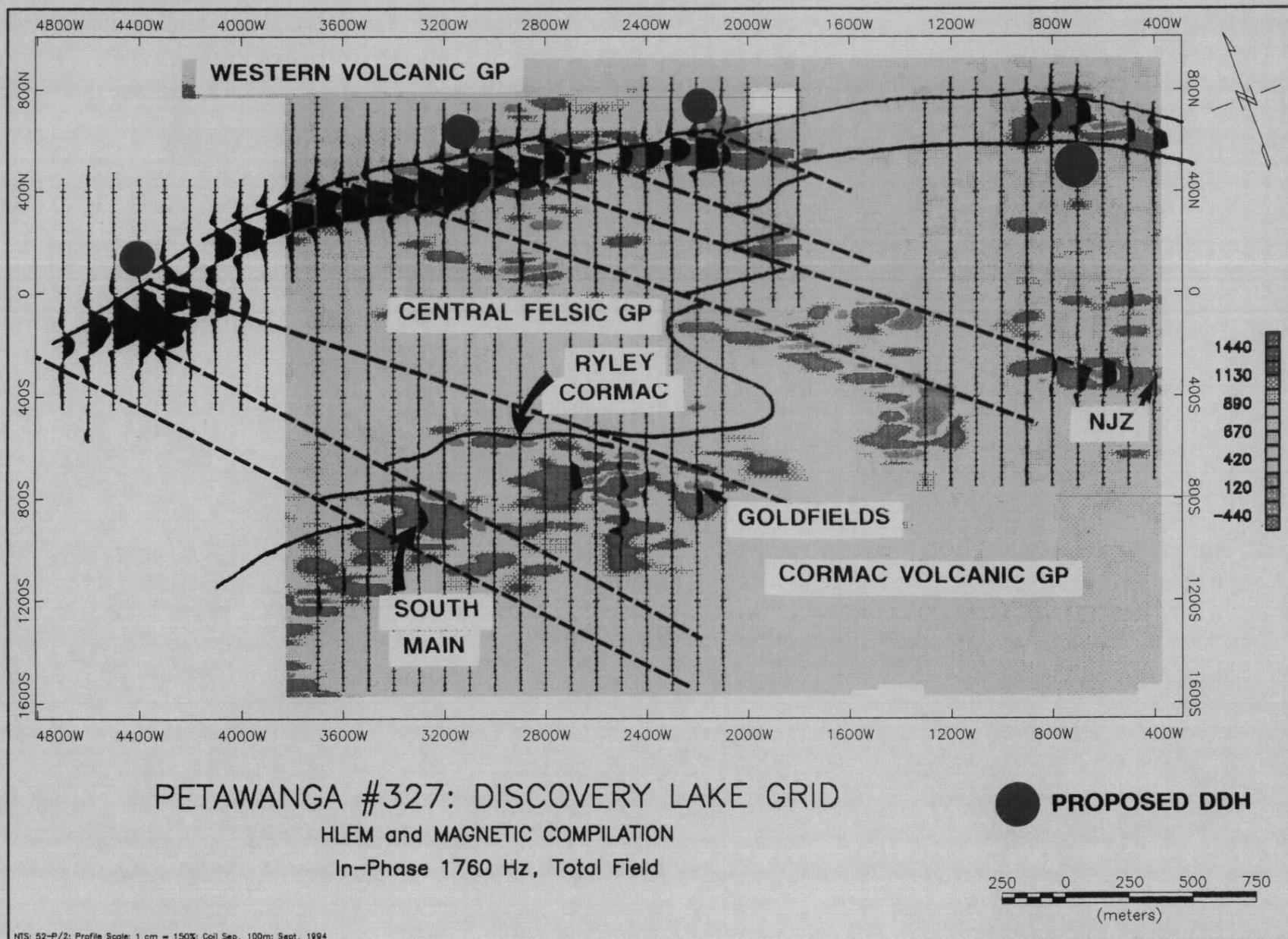
Anomalous trend 2 displays low to moderate conductivity (3-12 mhos) and a depth of 16-23 metres. Width varies from <10 metres to 15 metres. The anomaly may extend east of the presently surveyed area.

#### **CENTRAL GRID (Maps 3 and 4)**

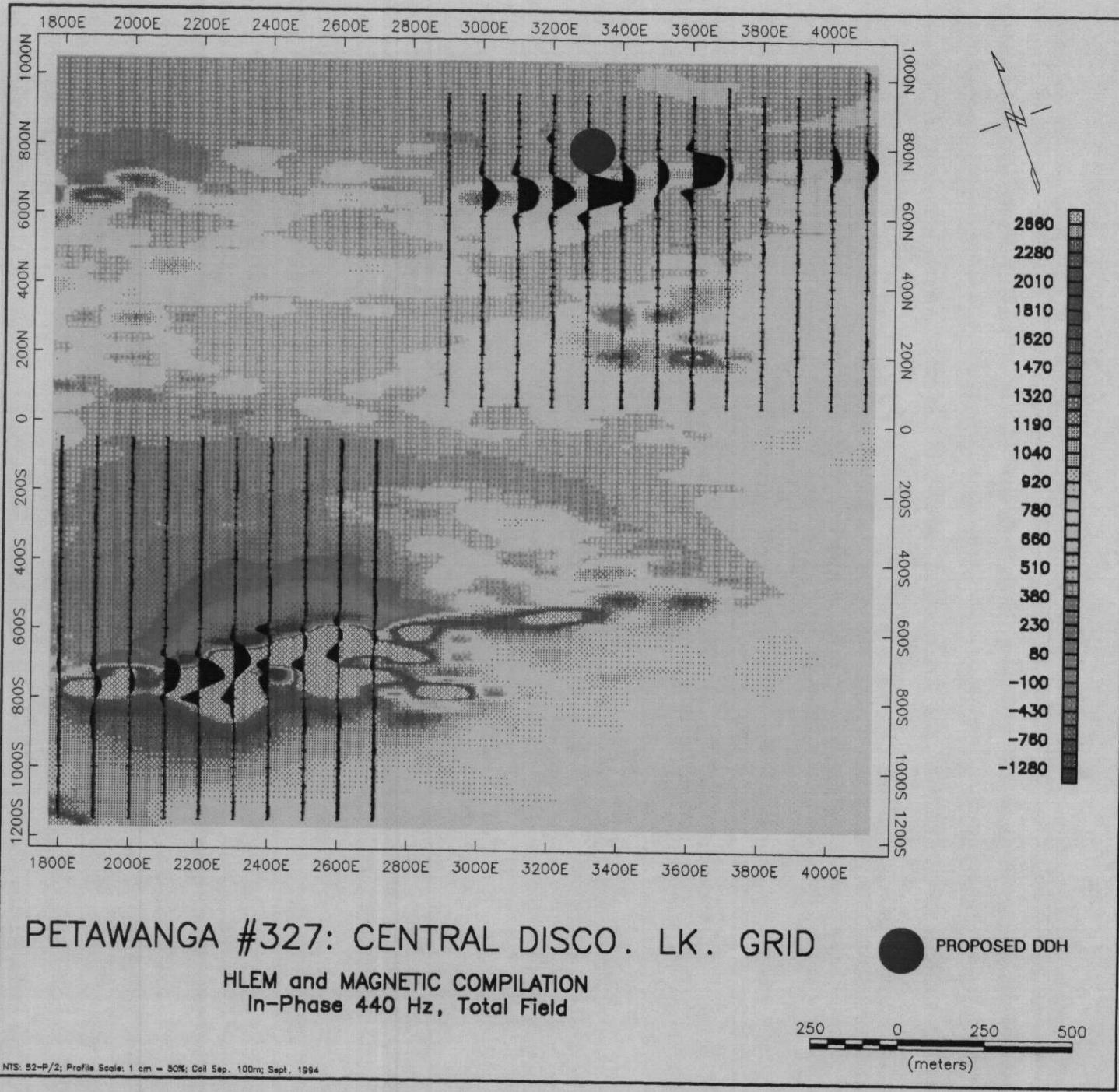
Two anomalous trends exist at approximately 750S from 1800E to 2600E and at 750N from 3000E to 4100E (see Figure 6). The southern anomaly displays weak to moderate conductivity (1 to 25 mhos) and a variable depth from 1 to 60 m. The anomaly is best defined on lines 2100E to 2300E and exhibits a width of about 40 to 50 m. This conductive feature is associated with the Boylen showing (line 24E, 6+50S), where previous drilling intersected a best assay of 4.01% Cu over 0.61 meters. The northern anomaly displays moderate conductivity on the higher frequency (1760 Hz.) and high conductivity on the low frequency (440 Hz). Depth is fairly consistent at 22-40 m. The best defined part of the anomaly extends from 3000E to 3600E and exhibits widths of 10 to 15 m.

#### **T-BONE GRID (Maps 5 and 6)**

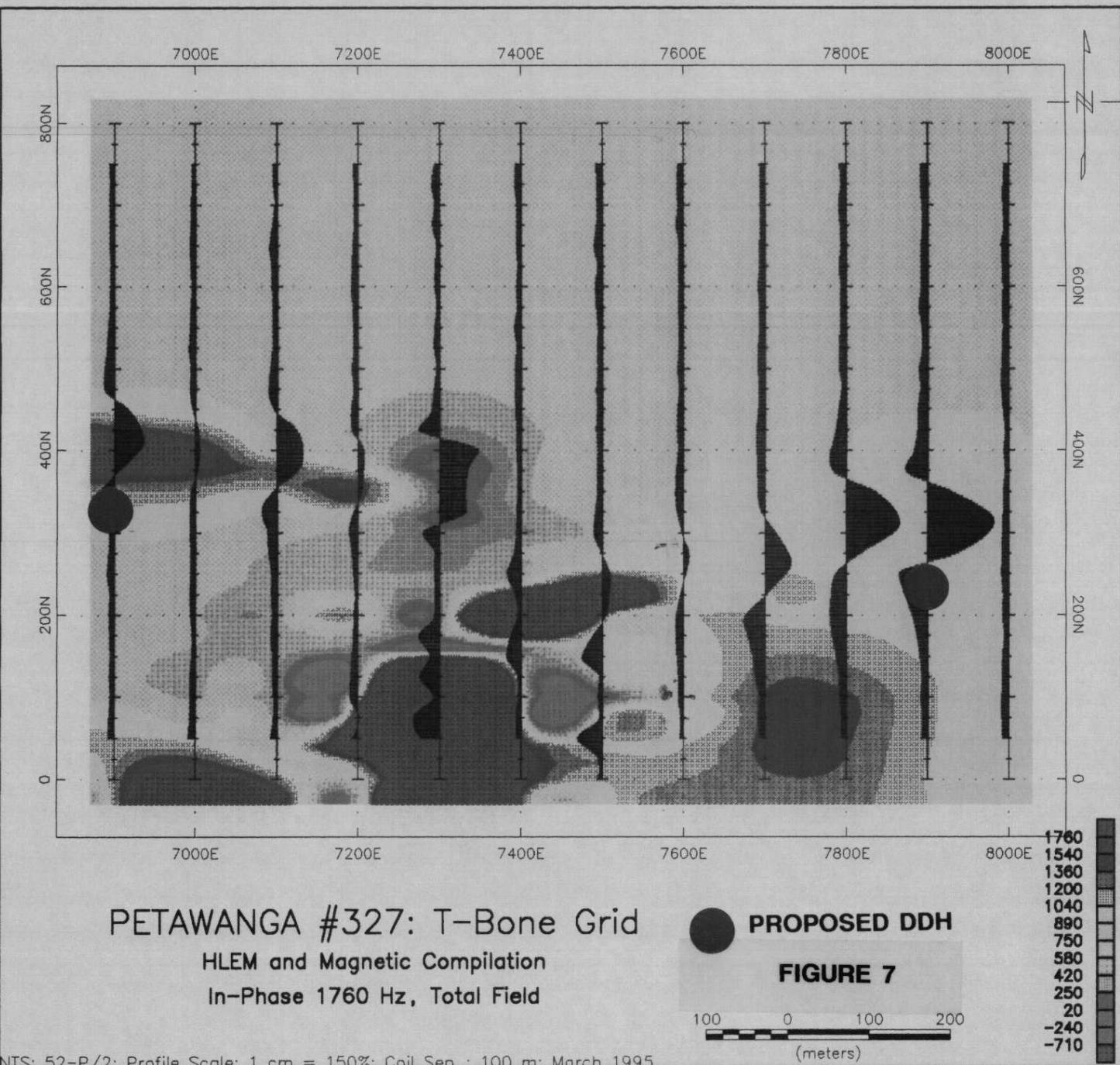
Two anomalous trends exist at approximately 300N from 6900E to 7500E and at 400N from 7500E to 7900E (see Figure 7). The trends display moderate to high conductivity (51 to 97 mhos) and a relatively



**FIGURE 5**



**FIGURE 6**



consistent depth of 37-50 m. The best defined anomalies are at 400N on line 7100E and 325N on line 7900E. The anomalous zones generally exhibit widths of less than 10 metres, but may be as wide as 30 meters on line 7900E at 325N. These anomalies represent the most geophysically interesting targets for massive sulphide mineralization. The 1987 Goldfields diamond drill was collared at 75+75E, 1+00N and tested the weakest section of the HLEM anomaly. An 8 meter sulphide zone varying from 3 - 30 % pyrite-pyrrhotite was intersected.

## 8.2 Geology

Outcrop exposure on the property is relatively poor; approximately 3 - 5%. The most prominent and abundant rock outcrops are basaltic pillow and massive flows and tuffs intermixed with quartz feldspar biotite schists localised within the northwestern sector of the claim group. Most of the property is covered by extensive areas of sphagnum swamp, a few small shallow ponds, and rare small inland outcrops that form low ridges. Esker ridges also contribute to the topographic relief in a relatively subdued area. Drainage is poor and is generally oriented north-eastwards towards Petawanga Lake on the Albany River. The region between Disco Lake and T-Bone Lake has been subject in part to a forest fire in the early 1990's.

The property is dominantly underlain by metavolcanic and metasedimentary supracrustal rocks of Archean age, which extend south-westwards to Attwood Lake. The supracrustals on the Petawanga property are bound to the north, east, and south by felsic to intermediate intrusive batholiths. The rocks have been metamorphosed to amphibolite facies and possibly because of the high metamorphic grade previous classification of a central band of quartzofeldspathic rocks has been a problem. They have been mapped either as impure quartzites (Boylen Engineering and Goldfields) or felsic volcanics (New Jersey Zinc and Falconbridge). This band is about 1 kilometer wide in the western portion of the property and appears to lens out to the east. It is bounded to the north and south by mainly mafic metavolcanic stratigraphy. In the interest of continuity the 5 geological domains outlined and described in the work completed by Falconbridge with the exception of one were utilized. The Central Felsic Volcanic Domain as described by Falconbridge is referred to in this report as the Central Felsic Group. It is comprised of a mixed group of interlayered felsic tuffs, well banded to cross bedded quartz feldspar biotite schists, finely laminated to thickly bedded argillites and coarse 'lahar-style' deposits with lapilli to block size fragments. Anastomosing "brickwork style" fracture controlled chlorite - garnet alteration is often exhibited in this group especially in the outcrops south of the baseline between Line 40+00W and Line 47+00W and north of the baseline between Line 27+00W and Line 31+00W (Map 7).

In 1990 - 1991, Falconbridge focused much of its exploration efforts within the Cormac Volcanic Domain, specifically geophysical surveying, detailed geologic mapping, outcrop stripping and diamond drilling of several Cu or Zn occurrences and HLEM anomalies between lines 20W to 38W. All of the mineral showings and geophysical anomaly sites were re-examined in 1994 during the course of the current program. The predominant lithologies include medium grained to coarse grained, massive to pillowd mafic flow units with minor amounts of felsic volcaniclastic tuffs and debris flow sediments. The southern contact of the Central Felsic Group with the Cormac Volcanics is complex and several northwesterly trending offsetting structures are inferred (see Figure 5). Alteration again occurs mainly as chlorite - garnet assemblages within the felsic units.

### **8.2.1 Description of Main Rock Types**

A stratigraphic table and descriptions of major rock types is provided below:

**Table VI: Stratigraphic Sequence - Major Rock Types  
On The Petawanga Property**

#### **Chemical and Clastic Metasedimentary Rocks**

- 5** - Chemical Sediment - Quartz - Magnetite - Garnet +/- (Pyrite - Pyrrhotite) Schist/Iron Formation

#### **Mixed Metasedimentary and Metavolcanics Rocks**

- 4a** - Chlorite - Garnet - Staurolite Schist  
**4** - Quartz - Feldspar - Biotite Schist with local Felsic Volcaniclastic Tuff, 'Lahar-style' Lapilli Tuff, and finely laminated Argillite  
**1** - Mafic Metavolcanics

#### **Mafic Metavolcanics**

The mafic metavolcanics occur as massive and pillowed, coarse to medium to fine grained, dark green to black flows, flow breccias and tuffs. They are composed essentially of amphibole and feldspar. The coarse grained nature of some massive flows mimic those of gabbroic intrusions, however intrusive contact features were not observed. The pillows are elongated and top determinations are speculative at best; pillow tops in a few localities indicate younging is to the north. These rock types are predominant both within the Western Volcanic Group and the Cormac Volcanic Group.

#### **Quartz Feldspar Biotite Schist**

These rocks make up most of the Central Felsic Group which is sandwiched, up to 1 kilometer in thickness between the two mafic metavolcanic groups. Texturally, they range from medium to coarse grained, granular quartzofeldspathic rocks to true schists, but most are porphyroblastic with relatively equiangular, weakly foliated biotitic matrices. In most rocks, biotite and garnet form small (0.5cm.) equant, subhedral crystals ranging from 5% to greater than 20%. Local anastomising "brickwork style" fracture controlled chlorite-garnet-amphibole +/- magnetite alteration occurs with varying intensities in a number of outcrop exposures. The intensity of the alteration appears to increase near the northern (top?) boundary of the Central Felsic Group.

#### **Felsic Tuff**

There are fine grained quartzofeldspathic units within the more dominant coarser grained quartz-feldspar-biotite schist described above. Texturally they appear to be felsic volcaniclastic tuffs and they sometimes exhibit crystal rich components with about 10 to 15% feldspar crystals/grains and 3-10%, 2-3mm quartz eyes.

#### **Felsic Debris Flow**

These rocks are characteristically 'lahar style' deposits composed of several, generally unsorted, subrounded felsic fragments of varying sizes up to 0.5 meters set in a medium grained quartzofeldspathic matrix. The matrix was typically intensely altered with the chlorite-garnet brickwork alteration at the outcroppings of this rock type at the south end of Lines 45+00 and 46+00 W.

#### **Chlorite-Garnet-Staurolite Schist**

These argillaceous units are very fine grained and characteristically contains subhedral 1 to 5 mm staurolite porphyroblasts. They were noted near the Main HLEM conductor axis at 45+00W/2+00S.

#### Quartz-Magnetite-Garnet Schist/Iron Formation

These rocks are characteristically banded with 1 to 4 cm. thick alternating layers of white siliceous bands, dark red, coarse-grained clusters of garnet rich bands and dark grey to black magnetite (5-10%).

#### Sulfide Iron Formation

Sulphide facies iron formation is confined to a few rare outcrop exposures along the northern or Main HLEM conductor axis. Pyrite and pyrrhotite occur as disseminations and bands, from 3 to 5%, locally up to 20% (2+90W/5+50N) hosted within a very fine grained, siliceous, banded cherty tuff. On the weathered surface the rock is typically gossanous and characteristically rusty brown and generally is intimately associated with the quartz-magnetite-garnet schist.

#### Argillaceous Metasediments

These sediments are gray to brown, very fine grained, finely laminated to well bedded. They are typically phyllitic and generally contain up to 30% biotite. Outcroppings of this unit are rare due to the recessive weathering character of the rocks.

#### **8.2.2 Structure**

The Western Volcanic, Central Felsic, and Cormac Volcanic Domains form a west to south-southwest trending sequence bounded by the Northern and Southern Granitic Domains. Foliation and geologic contacts generally have a vertical to steep northerly dip. Foliations vary in strike from 030 degrees to 090 degrees from west to east across the map area. Pillow directions where developed (e.g. NJZ and Ryley Cormac occurrences) indicate younging to the north. The magnetic and HLEM patterns have assisted in defining gross stratigraphic variation and three major structural regimes (Figure 6). Firstly the initial aggregation of supracrustal assemblages to produce the greenstone belt. The north and south contacts of the Central Felsic Group correlate with anomalous high magnetics. The northern contact with the Western Volcanic Group is also signatured with a strong northeast-southwest trending HLEM conductor. Secondly, magnetic patterns along the inferred south contact of the Central Felsic Group with the Cormac Volcanic Group, as well as the en echelon pattern of the North-Central and South-Main HLEM Anomalies suggest a number of WNW and NW-trending faults with off-sets from tens to several hundred meters. Within the large areas of felsic to intermediate intrusive rock in the southeastern region of the claim group are anomalous magnetic high trends as well as local fracture patterns (Alpamayo occurrence) which also trend at 100-120 degrees. Where outcrop is present along these postulated faults intense chlorite-garnet alteration is present. Thirdly, at roughly right angles to these breaks are less prominent magnetic lineaments (055 degrees) which parallel topographic lineaments and are for the most part parallel to the greenstone belt trend and batholith margin. This structural style appears to have been operative during the emplacement of the batholithic intrusions and has not affected the internal parts of the Petawanga greenstone belt. Previous detailed exploration by Falconbridge in the vicinity of the Ryley Cormac and Goldfields showings suggested tight folding of the stratigraphy. On a mesoscopic scale a fourth structural regime may be represented by the axial traces of tight folds related to either batholithic emplacement or deformation that postdates magmatism.

### **8.2.3 Sulphide Mineralization**

The copper rich Goldfields showing and the zinc rich Ryley Cormac showing appear to be remobilized mineralization to some extent. The former occurs as a local pod of massive chalcopyrite within weakly mineralized (pyrite-pyrhotite) quartz feldspar-biotite schists near their contact with pillow mafic volcanics. Green malachite staining was observed in other localized narrow gossan zones which returned anomalous copper (6300 ppm) and zinc (570 ppm) values. The Ryley Cormac occurrence occurs as very thin fracture controlled bands of sphalerite within a narrow (0.25m) silicified zone hosted by mafic volcanics. Portions of the exposed mineralized zone exhibit an argillaceous character. The footwall pillow mafics are mineralized with large porphyroblastic garnets, while the mafic tuffs to the north are banded and mineralized with pinhead size garnets. Of particular note is the exposure of intense chlorite-garnet alteration within an outcrop exposure 150 meters to the south.

Inspections were also made of the NYLA, NJZ, Boylen, and Alpamayo mineral occurrences. The NYLA zinc occurrence is hosted by thin biotitic interflow metasediments within a relatively unaltered mafic tuff locally mineralized with finely disseminated sphalerite up to 5%. A grab sample returned an assay of 4.76% zinc. The occurrence is approximately 200 meters south of the Cormac Volcanic Group - Central Felsic Group contact. The NJZ occurrence is also hosted by mafic flows of the Cormac Volcanic Group, however the rocks are much coarser grained and distinctively pillowed with tops to the north. A number of localized patches of gossanous amphibole rich units are mineralized with 2-5% pyrite and pyrrhotite. Interestingly enough the best mineralization (up to 5% cpy) was reported by New Jersey Zinc to have been intersected in the most southern drill hole (ATT-8) which tested the showing. A sample of the only felsic rock to outcrop in the area (100 meters to the southwest) returned anomalous Cu-Zn metal enrichment of 1800 ppm and 1500 ppm respectively. The Boylen showing occurs within the Central grid area and is signatured by anomalous HLEM conductivity and high magnetics. Disseminated pyrrhotite-pyrite mineralization with scattered blebs of chalcopyrite is hosted by magnetite iron formations within fine grained mafic flows which locally exhibit intense chlorite-carbonate-garnet alteration. Previous trenching (4 trenches from 6m to 50m long) and diamond drilling (5 holes totaling 582m) tested the zone along the most conductive 300m of strike length. Best intersections of 4.01% Cu over 0.4m and 3.44% Cu over 0.46m were hosted within magnetite rich zones and intense carbonate altered sections respectively. The Alpamayo mineralization (12E, 15+50S) appears to be a structurally controlled sulfide burn localized along northwesterly trending fractures within a felsic intrusive. This fracture orientation roughly parallels the northwesterly trending lineaments interpreted from magnetic and HLEM patterns (see Figure 5). The only new sulfide mineralization observed to were angular subcrop located at lines 43W, 0+50S; 35W, 3+50N; 34+50W, 3+50N; 22W, 5+75N. They were mineralized with 5-40% pyrite-pyrhotite. A narrow (<1m) sulfide iron formation was uncovered on line 3W, 5+50N.

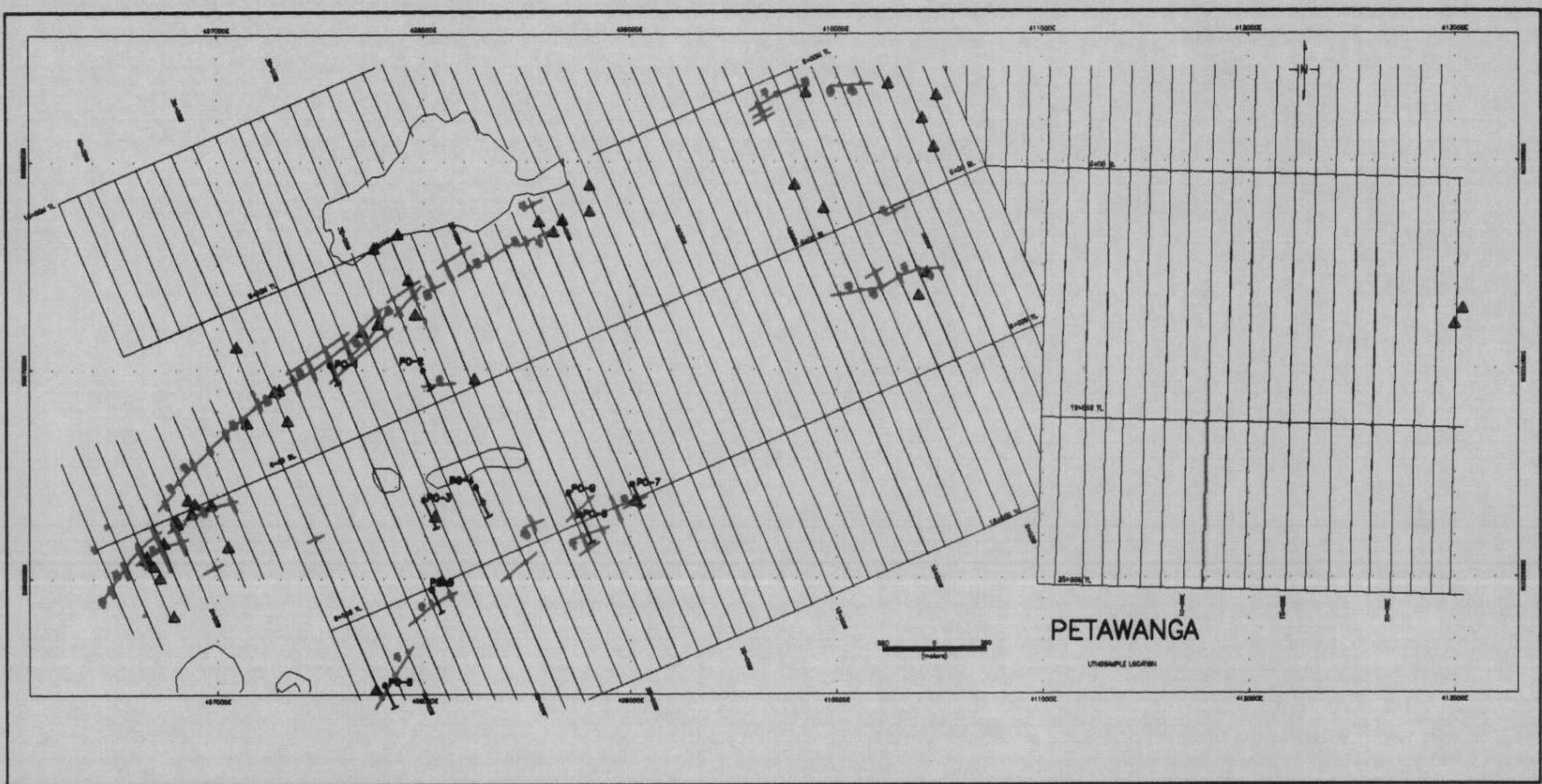
### **8.3 Lithogeochemistry**

The paucity of outcrop and consequent very low sample density prevent a rigorous lithogeochemical evaluation. On the basis of surface mapping, sporadic zones exhibiting chlorite +/-. amphibole +/-. garnet alteration mineral assemblages typify the most widespread style of alteration manifested within the felsic rocks on this property. They are signatured geochemically with enriched Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and MgO or K<sub>2</sub>O and depleted Na<sub>2</sub>O trends relative to their unaltered equivalents. The altered mafic rocks in the vicinity of Cu+/-Zn showings are enriched with Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and CaO and depleted in SiO<sub>2</sub> and Na<sub>2</sub>O relative to background levels in their unaltered equivalents. Alteration is also expressed as anomalous Cu-Zn enrichment.

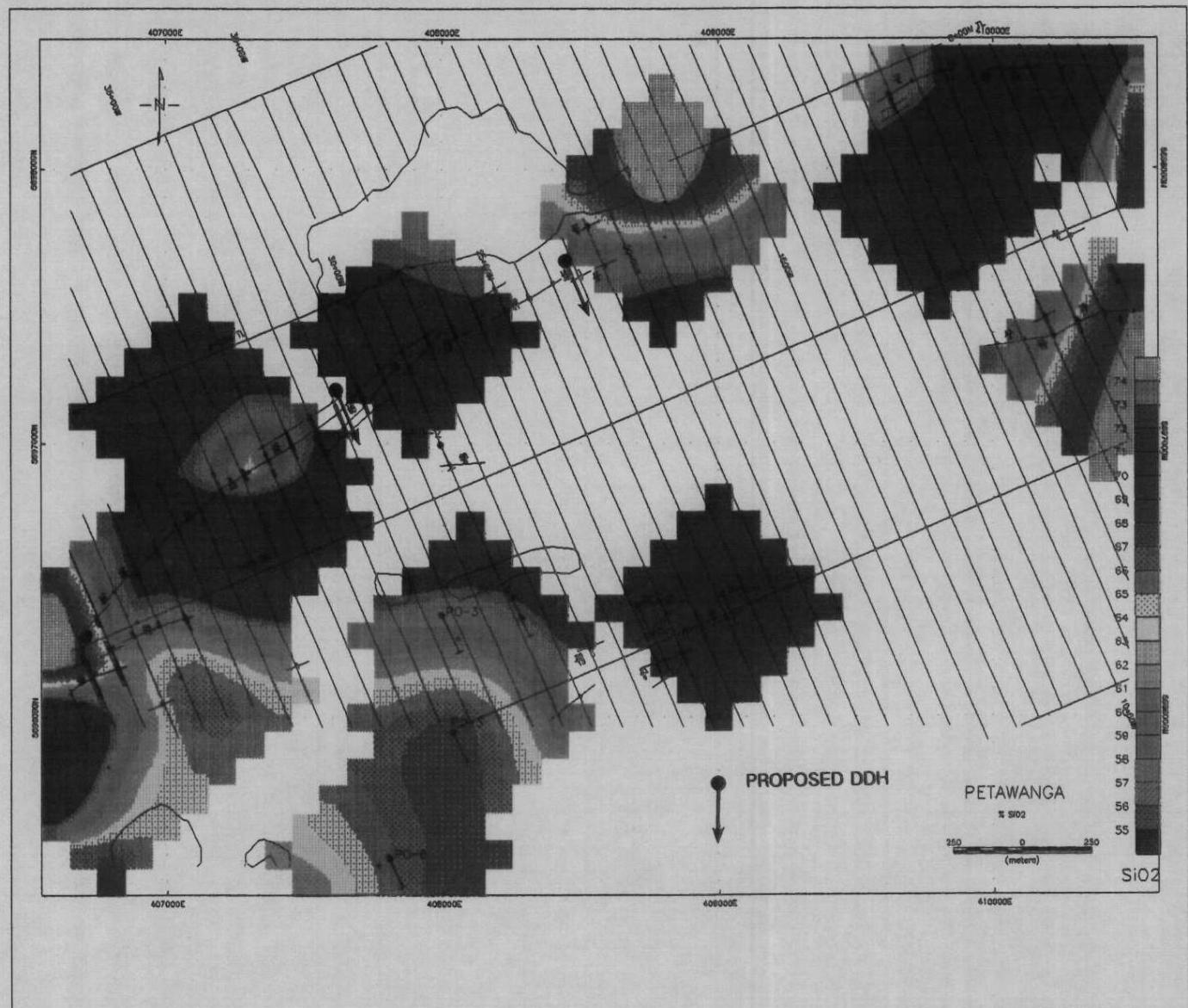
**Table VII: Partial Whole Rock And Trace Element Geochemistry Of Petawanga Property Volcanics**

	SAMPLE	SiO <sub>2</sub> %	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> %	Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	MgO %	K <sub>2</sub> O %	CaO %	Na <sub>2</sub> O %	TiO <sub>2</sub> %	Cu ppm	Zn ppm
Mafic Flow	2040B	51.38	16.03	11.72	7.24	0.15	8.19	2.62	1.11	100	15
	2042A	53.15	15.32	12.12	4.17	0.59	8.87	2.31	1.60	40	42
Altered Mafic Flow	2013A	40.76	11.00	18.5	3.53	0.01	20.23	0.17	0.11	6300	570
	2014S	40.59	11.72	20.9	5.91	0.51	13.09	0.78	0.84	1150	66
Unaltered Felsic	2040D	64.13	13.48	11.15	1.87	0.67	4.54	3.6	0.55	17	33
Altered Felsic	2013C	65.7	15.83	10.06	1.81	3.29	1.1	0.54	0.54	120	17
	2013B	60.15	13.54	12.29	4.6	0.84	4.39	0.65	0.49	160	500
Chlorite-Garnet-Staurolite Schist	2014P	60.27	4.67	18.17	2.42	0.23	2.58	0.62	0.16	87	19
Altered Quartz Phryic Felsic	2014T	70.3	12.71	5.79	0.86	0.35	7.1	0.93	0.16	1800	1500

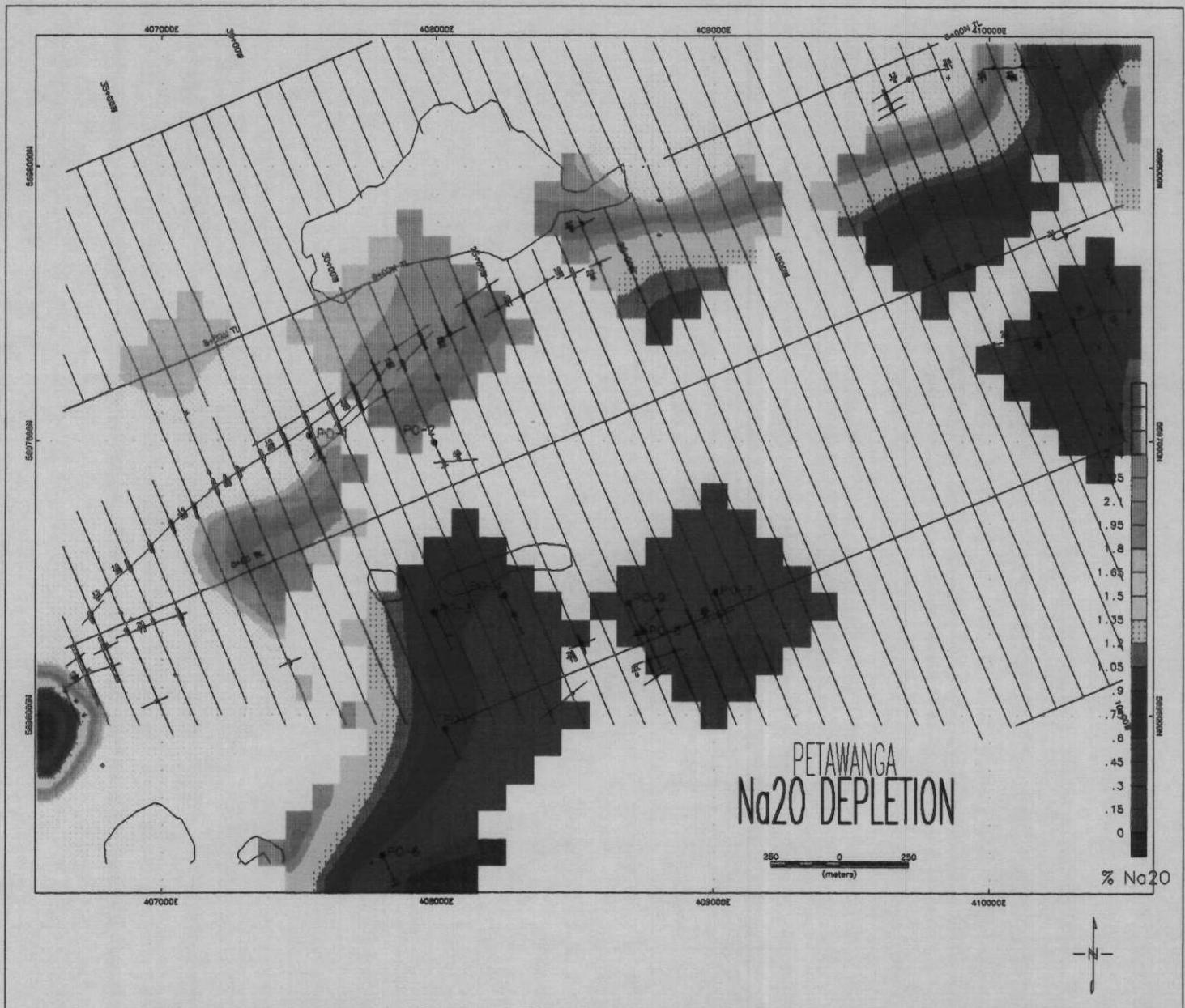
A number of the calculated alteration indices including Ishikawa, ANCK, Chlorite, Sericite, Spits as well as, Add-Depletion ratios and Na<sub>2</sub>O depletion indicate the presence of weak to moderate hydrothermal alteration within the Petawanga stratigraphy, however, the extent of the alteration is uncertain due to poor exposure. They are graphically represented on Figures 8-17. The broad zones of zinc and copper enrichment intersected in Falconbridge drill holes PO-3 (100 meters with anomalous zinc varying from 284 ppm to 1900 ppm) and PO-5 (100 meters with anomalous copper varying from 400 ppm to 1400 ppm) lend credence to the supposition that hydrothermal alteration potentially attendant to a VMS deposit is present within that region of the Cormac Volcanic Group. It is premature to dismiss the potential for similar geochemical alteration along the north contact zone of the Central Felsic Group. Limited data from samples collected to date depict alteration patterns that compare to some extent with that of well known VMS deposits (Table VIII).



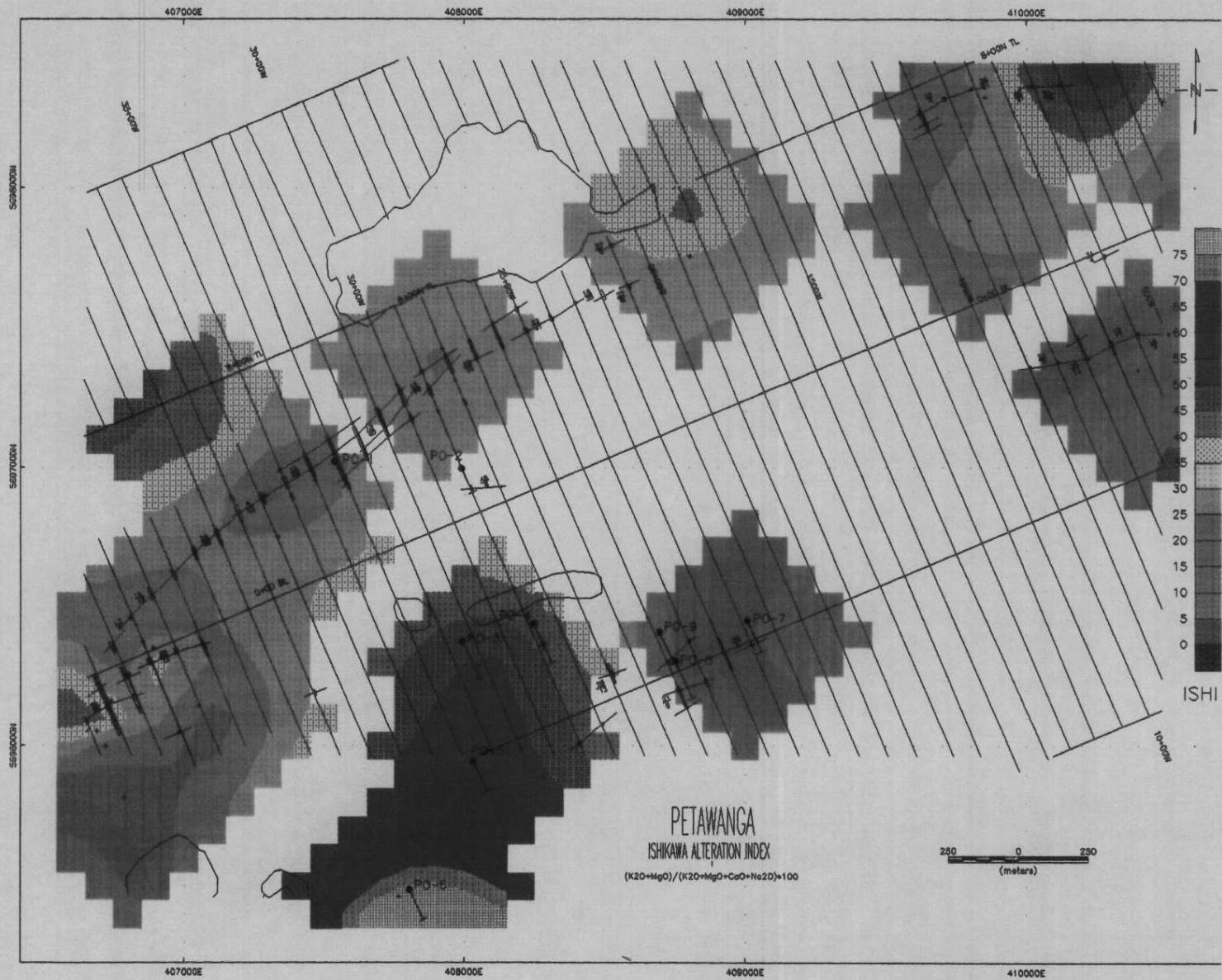
**FIGURE 8**



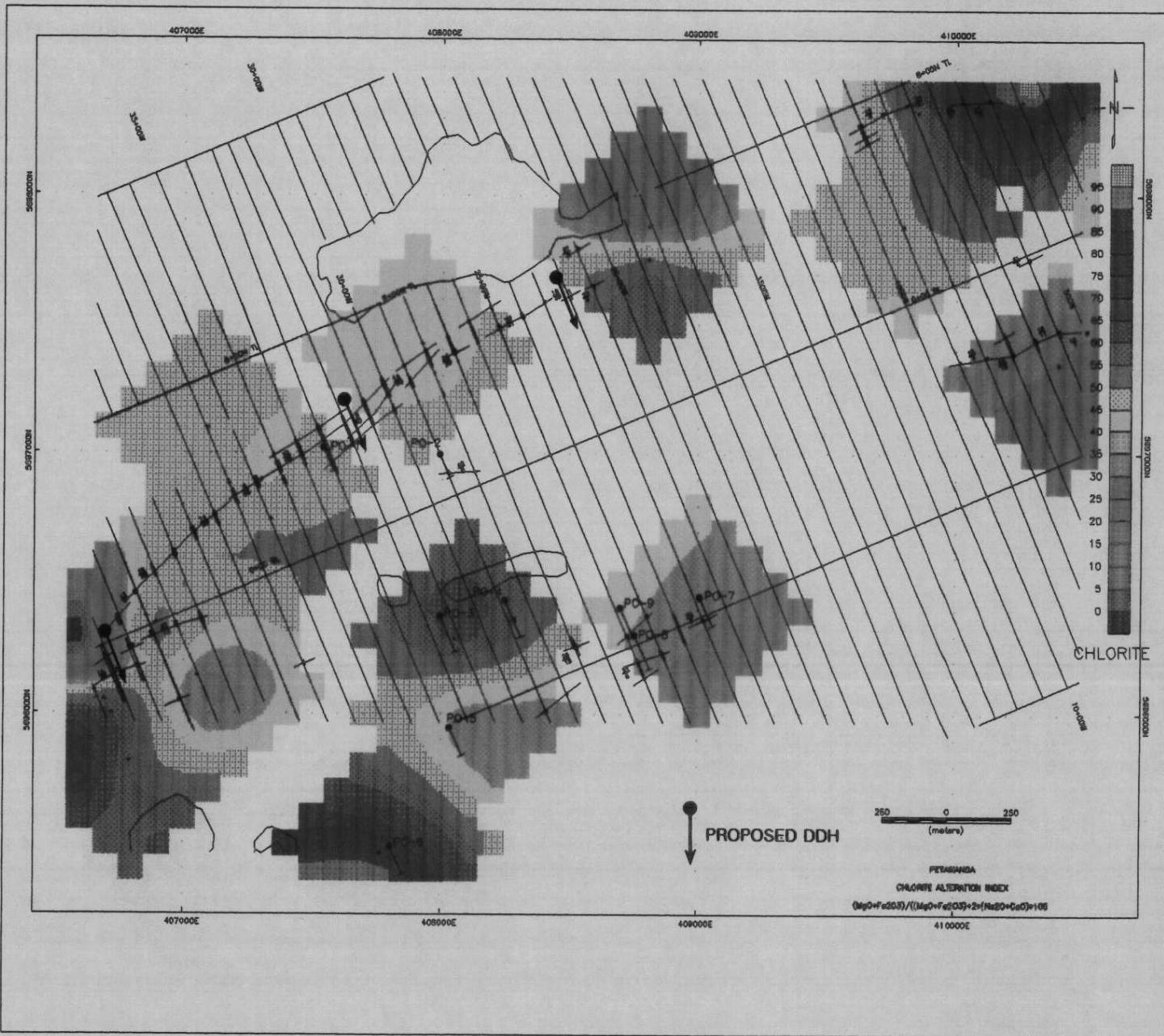
**FIGURE 9**



**FIGURE 10**



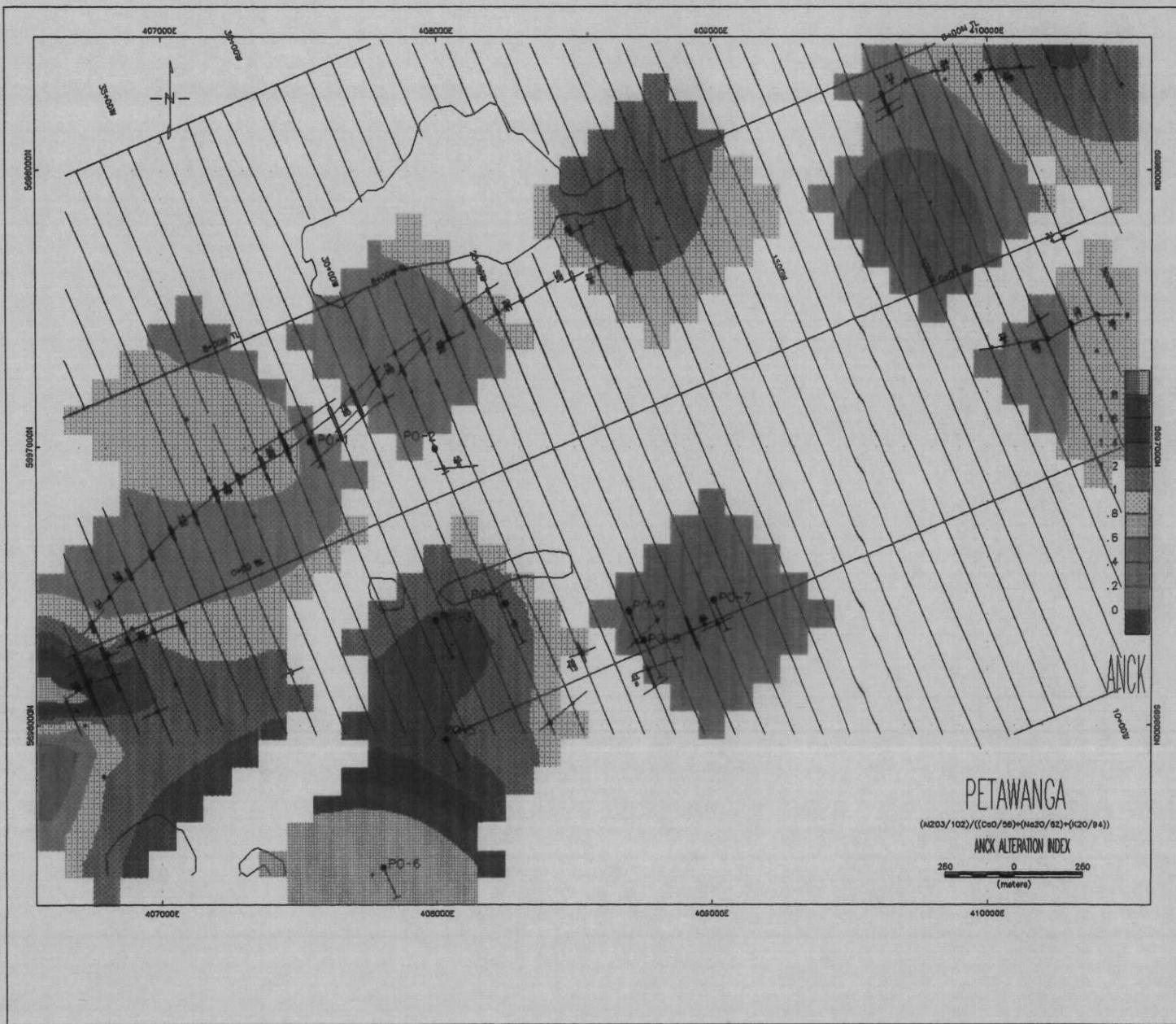
**FIGURE 11**



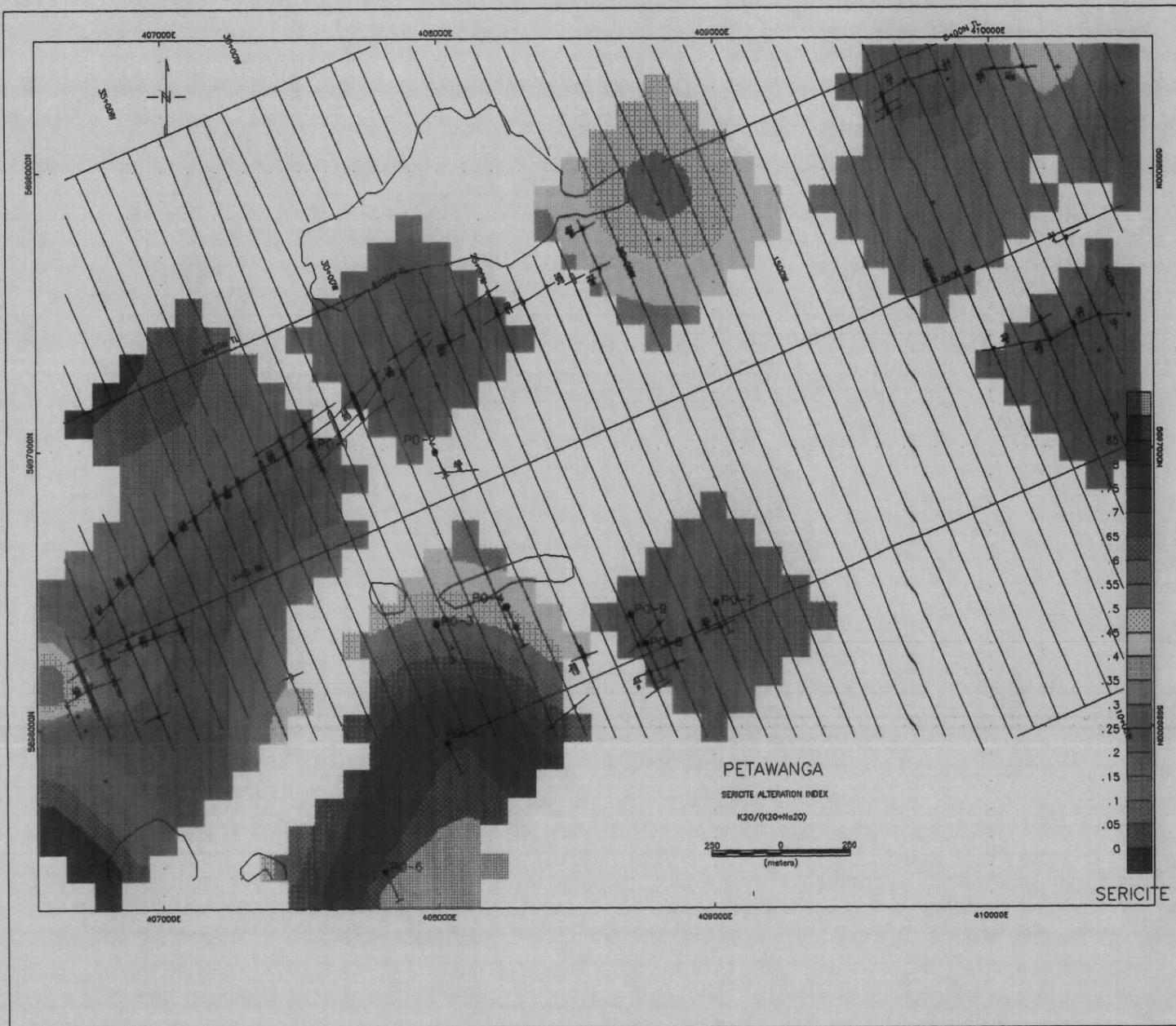
**FIGURE 12A**



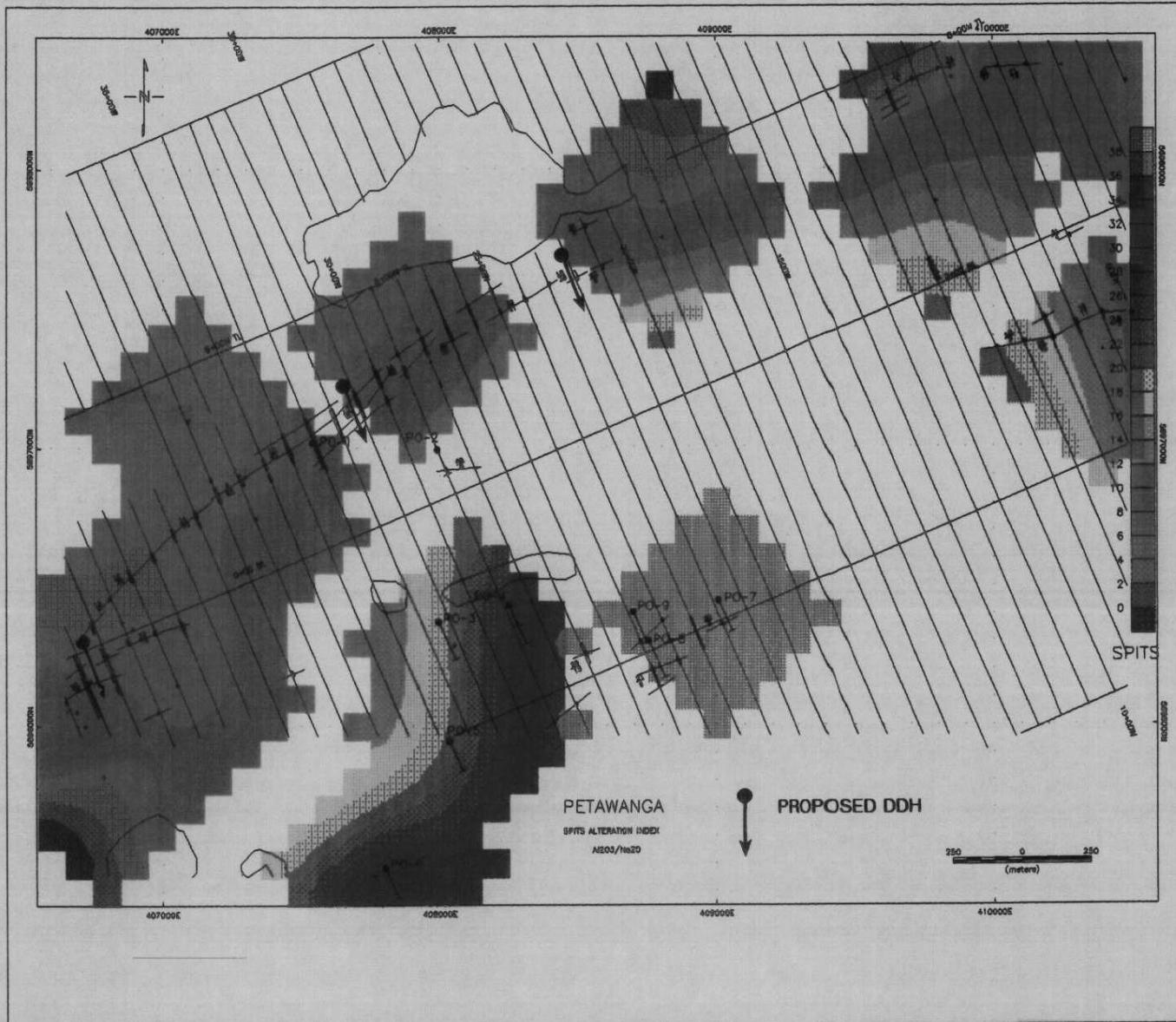
**FIGURE 12B**



**FIGURE 13**



**FIGURE 14**



**FIGURE 15**

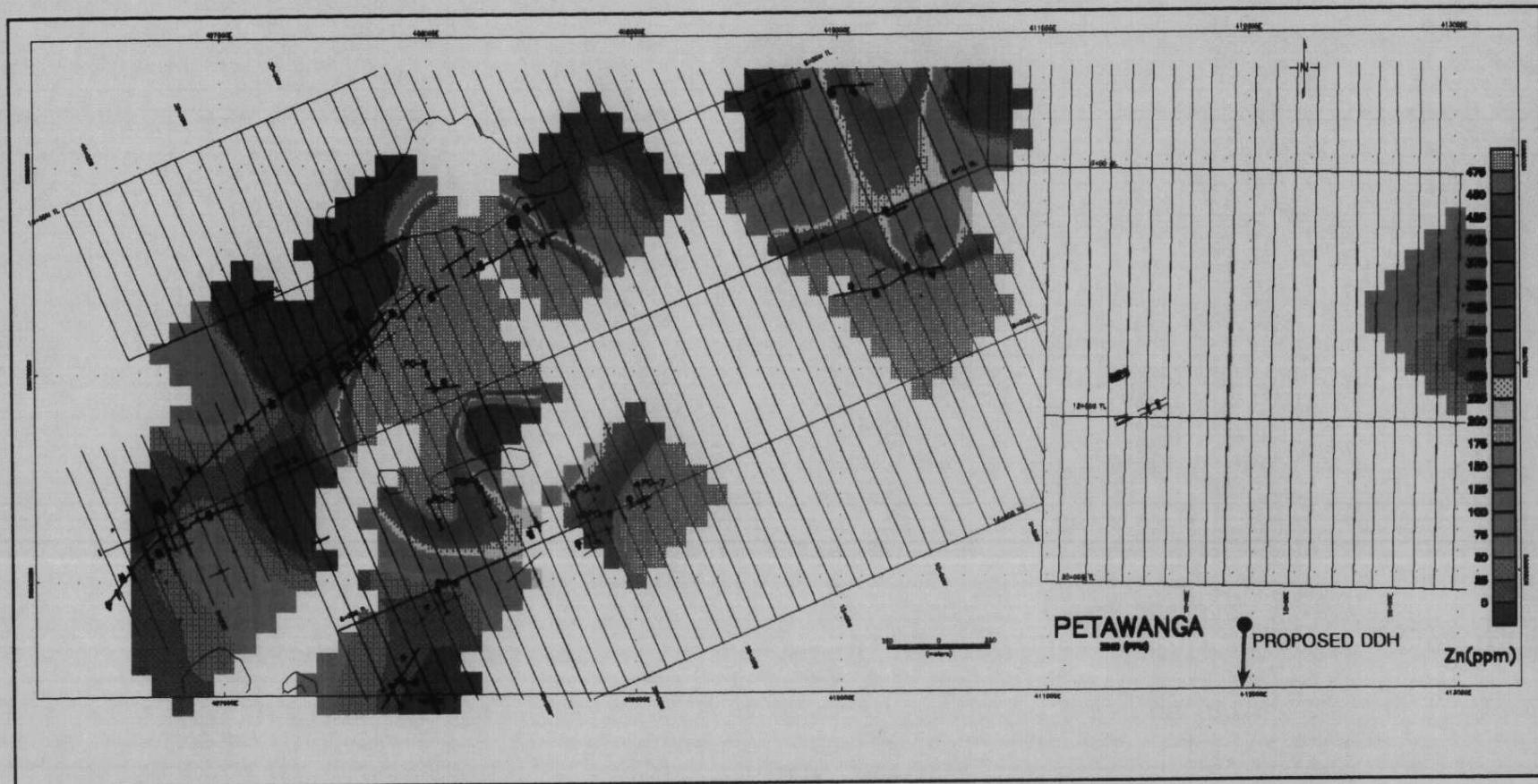


FIGURE 16

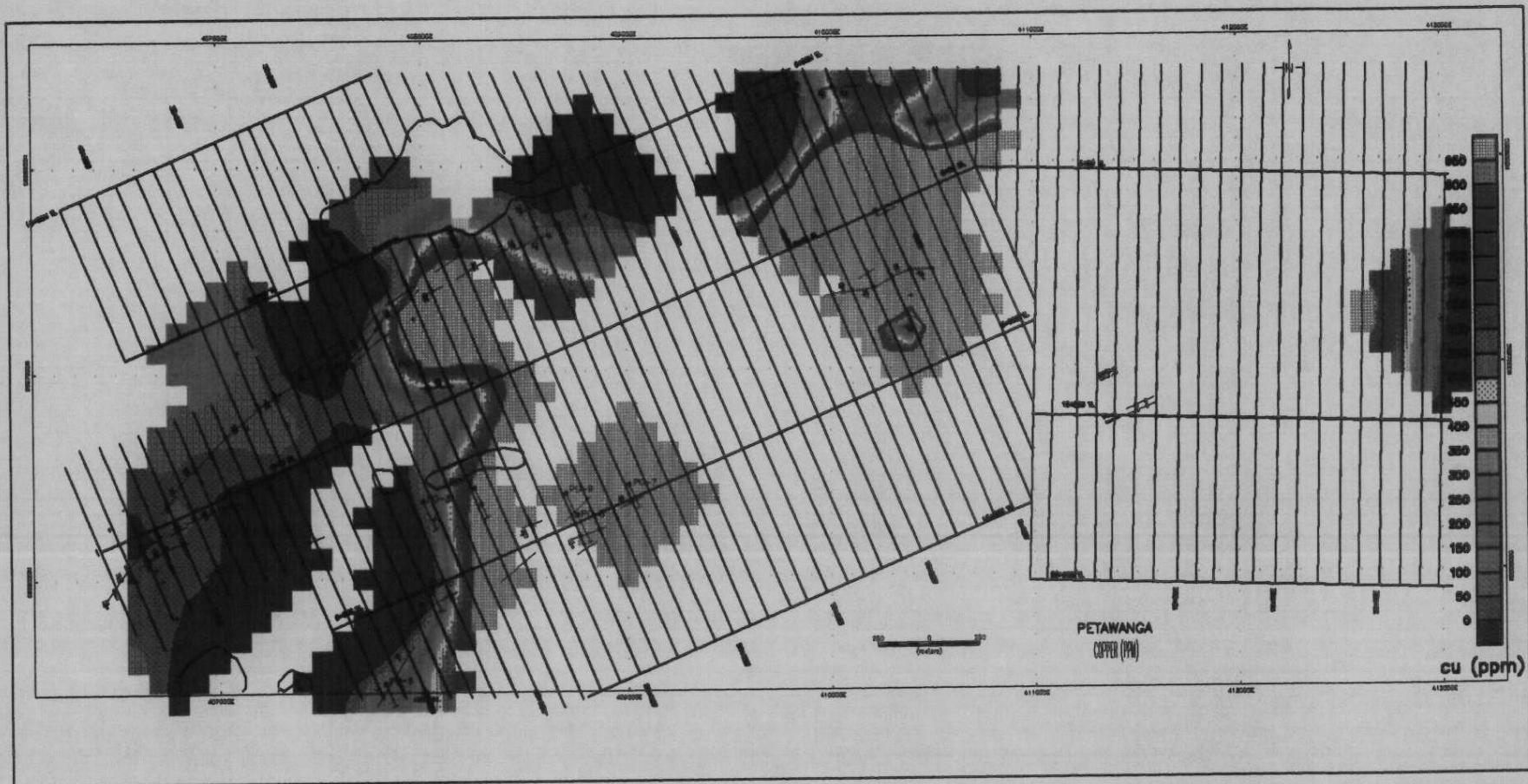


FIGURE 17

**Table VIII**  
**Comparison of Camp Alteration Indices**

VMS CAMP/LOCATION	ALTERATION INTENSITY	ISHIKAWA	SERICITE	CHLORITE	SPITS	ADD./DEP.
STURGEON LAKE	UNALTERED	46	0.52		4	1.5
	ALTERED	75	0.9		42	3.9
HORNE MINE	UNALTERED	26	0.17		3	1.4
	ALTERED	99	0.99		22	42.9
KIDD CREEK	UNALTERED	15	0.15		4	0.3
	ALTERED	85	0.86		83	30
WINSTON LAKE	UNALTERED	16	0.05		2	0.6
	ALTERED	82	0.63		10	7.2
LYNN LAKE	UNALTERED	14	0.15		2	0.2
	ALTERED	75	0.41		14	8.4
SOUTH BAY	UNALTERED	15	0.16		2	0.6
	ALTERED	7	0.3		9	1
CONFEDERATION LAKE	UNALTERED	40	0.32	30	3	
	ALTERED	96	0.9	95	86	
MARSHALL LAKE	UNALTERED	35	0.35	35	8	
	ALTERED	94	0.89	91	35	
FLY LAKE	UNALTERED	28	0.31		3	0.3
	ALTERED	93	0.82		47	22.8
PETAWANGA	UNALTERED	22	0.23	31	4	0.7
	ALTERED	54	0.56	68	15	38.2

Ishikawa Index	=	$(MgO+K_2O)/(MgO+K_2O+Na_2O+CaO)*100$
Sericite Index	=	$K_2O/(Na_2O+K_2O)$
Chlorite Index	=	$(MgO+Fe_2O)/((MgO+Fe_2O_3)+2(Na_2O+CaO))*100$
Spits Index	=	$Al_2O_3/Na_2O$
Add/Dep Index	=	$MgO+Fe_2O/Na_2O+CaO$

## 9.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Geophysical surveying, geologic mapping and lithogeochemical sampling were completed over the Petawanga property in 1994.

All of the mineral showings and HLEM targets encompassed by the Discovery Lake (West) grid appear to have been tested (drill hole +/- trenches). The North Central HLEM conductor occurs at the top contact of the Central Felsic Group with the overlying Western Volcanic Domain and has a strike extent of over 2500 meters. The conductor has only been tested with two drill holes (343-1, PO-1), collared near the middle of the conductive feature (3300W/384N). The first hole(Boylen Engineering 1961) is reported to have intersected 7.3 meters of massive to semi-massive po-py with traces of chalcopyrite and sphalerite. The second hole (Falconbridge 1991) was collared on the axis of the HLEM anomaly and intersected anastomosing "brickwork style" chlorite - garnet alteration with minor pyrite and pyrohite mineralization. The host rocks are "lahar style" deposits within the Central Felsic Domain which appear to become more dominant towards the west boundary of the claim group. The "brickwork style" alteration has been mapped intermittently due to the paucity of outcrop with varying intensities along the strike of the host lithology. Zones of intense chlorite - garnet alteration may be the loci of hydrothermal fluids along fracture/shear

splays tangential to the strike or possibly venting conduits to an exhalitive horizon that is signatured by the North Central HLEM conductor (Figures 3 and 5). A diamond drilling program is recommended to further test the top of the Central Felsic Group. A number of sites are proposed based on optimum geophysical features.

HLEM surveying in 1994 also delineated 3 more untested conductive features : 1) Discovery Lake Grid (West) - north of the NYLA showing -lines 4W-9W, 600N-700N; 2) Central Grid - at 750N from 3000E to 4100E; 3) T-Bone Lake Grid - 300N from 6900E to 7500E. Another anomaly at 400N from 7500E to 7900E was previously drill tested at the weakest point of conductivity. An 8 meter sulphide zone varying from 3 - 30 % pyrite-pyrrhotite was intersected. The strongest part of the conductor is on line 7900E. Drill testing of these targets is recommended.

Previous exploration by Falconbridge has delineated two areas of hydrothermal alteration within the Cormac Volcanic Group in the vicinity of the Ryley Cormac showing and the South Main HLEM anomaly. Copper rich disseminated sulfide and remobilized massive sulfide intersections were also reported from the Goldfields showing area. In conjunction with the proposed drilling program, borehole pulse EM surveying or deep penetrating electromagnetic surveying is recommended to be done within or about the old Falconbridge drill holes PO-3 to PO-9. Follow-up drilling will be contingent on the outcome of this surveying.

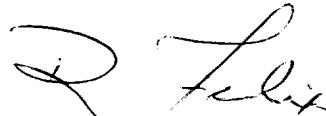
The lithogeochemical sampling program on the Petawanga property has confirmed sporadic alteration by Ishikawa, Chlorite, Sericite, Spots and Add/Dep alteration patterns and some localised copper and zinc enrichment trends. The extent of the alteration is limited to a great part to paucity of outcrop.

A diamond drilling program is recommended to evaluate a number of anomalous electromagnetic/magnetic features at the following sites:

Diamond Drill Hole	Line	Station Azimuth	Dip	EOH
A	44+00W	00+25N Grid South	-50°	300 Meters
B	31+00W	05+00N Grid South	-50°	200 Meters
C	22+00W	06+00N Grid South	-50°	150 Meters
D	07+00W	06+50N Grid North	-50°	110 Meters
E	33+00E	07+50N Grid South	-50°	150 Meters
F	69+00E	03+25N Grid North	-50°	150 Meters
G	79+00E	02+50N Grid North	-50°	150 Meters

Respectfully submitted,

NORANDA MINING AND EXPLORATION INC.



Reg Felix  
SrProjectGeologist  
West Precambrian District

Thunder Bay, Ontario  
April 20, 1995

**STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES (SEPTEMBER-DECEMBER, 1994)**

**GEOLOGY**

Labour	<b>29,385.65</b>
Supplies	<b>4467.94</b>
Equipment Rental	<b>3630.65</b>
Transportation	<b>14,477.44</b>
Food and Lodging	<b>4767.33</b>
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>57,728.01</b>

**GEOPHYSICS**

Labour	<b>2449.35</b>
Contractors	<b>17320.00</b>
Transportation	<b>6605.31</b>
Supplies	<b>213.32</b>
Equipment Repair and Rental	<b>449.80</b>
<b>SUB-TOTAL</b>	<b>27,037.78</b>

**GEOCHEMISTRY**

Labour	<b>1299.97</b>
Assaying	<b>826.20</b>
<b>SUB-TOTAL</b>	<b>2126.17</b>

**GRAND TOTAL** **\$86,891.96**

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**APPENDIX I**

**SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS, ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES AND ASSAY CERTIFICATES**

PETAWANGA  
LITHOGEOCHEMICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

SAMPLE	EASTING	NORTHING	TYPE	LITHOLOGY
2013A	409019	5696362	GRAB	GOSSANOUS MAFIC METAVOLCANIC WITH 1-2% MALACHITE.
2013B	408051	5696288	GRAB	GARNETIFEROUS QUARTZ FELDSPAR SCHIST
2013C	407765	5695460	GRAB	RUSTY GARNETIFEROUS QUARTZ FELDSPAR SCHIST
2013D	408084	5695982	GRAB	QUARTZ FELDSPAR BIOTITE SCHIST
2014A	406654	5696087	GRAB	ALTERED QUARTZ FELDSPAR BIOTITE SCHIST, 2-5% GAR-MT
2014B	406657	5696098	GRAB	CHLORITE GARNET MAGNETITE IRON FORMATION, 5-10% MT
2014C	406692	5696052	GRAB	CHLORITE-STAUROLITE SCHIST(BIOTITE MUDSTONE)
2014D	406721	5695999	GRAB	CHLORITE-GARNET SCHIST(MAFIC VOL.)
2014E	406788	5695815	GRAB	QUARTZ FELDSPAR BIOTITE SCHIST
2014F	406740	5696163	GRAB	QUARTZ FELDSPAR BIOTITE SCHIST(WEAK CHL-SER ALT.)
2014G	406804	5696257	GRAB	QUARTZ FELDSPAR BIOTITE SCHIST
2014H	406800	5696272	GRAB	LEAN IRON FORMATION; 10-20% MT, 2-3% PO
2014I	406800	5696272	GRAB	LEAN IRON FORMATION; 10-20% MT, 5-10% GH
2014J	406855	5696371	GRAB	QFB SCHIST WITH CHLORITE-GARNET BRICKWORK ALTERATN
2014K	406891	5696349	GRAB	GARNET-BIOTITE MUDSTONE
2014L	406874	5696306	GRAB	GARNETIFEROUS QUARTZ FELDSPAR BIOTITE SCHIST
2014M	407051	5696145	GRAB	QFB SCHIST WITH CHL-GAR BRICKWORK ALTERATION
2014N	406969	5696347	GRAB	QFB SCHIST WITH INTENSE CHL-GAR BWK ALTERATN
2014O	410486	5698312	GRAB	CHLORITE-STAUROLITE SCHIST
2014P	410486	5698312	GRAB	CHLORITE-STAUROLITE SCHIST
2014Q	410252	5698367	GRAB	GOSSAN, 10-20% PYRITE
2014R	409851	5698326	GRAB	GOSSAN, 2-3% MAGNETITE, TR. PYRITE
2014S	409795	5697882	GRAB	GOSSANOUS MAFIC VOLCANIC, 1-2% PYRITE, TR. CPY
2014T	410398	5697346	GRAB	GOSSANOUS QFB SCHIST, 1-2% PY-PO, TR. SPH., CPY
2017A	413112	5697234	GRAB	MAFIC METAVOLCANIC WITH INTENSE CHL-ACTINOLITE ALT
2017B	413036	5697278	GRAB	GOSSANOUS QFB SCHIST WITH MT-ACT ALT
2017C	412996	5697205	GRAB	SEMI-MASSIVE PO BAND IN MAFIC METAVOLCANIC
2039A	408803	5697880	GRAB	FINELY LAMINATED FELSIC TUFF
2039B	408803	5697754	GRAB	FELSIC DEBRIS FLOW WITH RIP UP BEDS
2039C	408670	5697711	GRAB	GOSSAN WITH GARNET AND MAGNETITE
2039D	408627	5697655	GRAB	IRON FORMATION WITH GH AND MT. VEINLETS OF PY-PO
2039E	408556	5697705	GRAB	SULPHIDE IRON FORMATION, SEMI-MASSIVE PO, MINOR PY
2040A	407142	5696736	GRAB	GOSSANED LEAN IRON FORMATION, 1%PO
2040B	407092	5697100	GRAB	MAFIC-VOLCANIC FLOW
2040C	407273	5696889	GRAB	BANDED SULFIDE IRON FORMATION
2040D	407296	5696896	GRAB	QUARTZ FELDSPAR BIOTITE SCHIST WITH WEAK GARNETS

PETAWANGA  
LITHOGEOCHEMICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

2040E	407336	5696747	GRAB	GABBROIC DYKE, GARNETS LEAN IRON FORMATION
2041A	408590	5697715	GRAB	MAFIC META-VOLCANIC
2042A	407921	5697424	GRAB	QUARTZ FELDSPAR BIOTITE SCHIST WITH BRICKWORK ALT.
2042B	407956	5697255	GRAB	QTZ FSPAR PEGMATITE WITH 1% MOLY NYLA SHOWING, SPHALERITE IN THIN BANDS
2042C	408244	5696945	GRAB	GARNET ALTERED MAFIC FLOW WITH TRACE PO,PY
2043A	410472	5698062	GRAB	GOSSAN WITH 1-2% DISS PO 3%CPY, 1%MT FROM NJZ SEMI MASSIVE SHOWING
2043B	410417	5698200	GRAB	QUARTZ FELDSPAR BIOTITE SCHIST WITH MOD. GOSSAN BANDED MAFIC VOLCANIC, WITH MODERATE GOSSAN, 5% PO QFB SCHIST WITH STRONG GOSSAN, SEMI-MASSIVE PO, 5% GH QFB SCHIST, STRONGLY GOSSANED, 5%PO-GH PILLOWED MAFIC VOLCANIC
2043C	409936	5697768	GRAB	
2043E	410437	5697456	GRAB	
2047A	407773	5697208	GRAB	
2047B	407696	5697173	GRAB	
2047C	407870	5697643	GRAB	
2047D	407754	5697575	GRAB	
2047E	406218	5695626	GRAB	

**PETAWANGA**  
**TRACE ELEMENT ANALYSES**

SAMPLE	EASTING	NORTHING	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	Au(ppb)	Ag(ppm)	Zn %
2013 A	409019	5696362	6300	570			
2013 B	408051	5696288	160	500			
2013 C	407765	5695460	120	17			
2013 D	408084	5695982	37	21			
2014 A	406654	5696087	16	93			
2014 B	406657	5696098	94	14	3	0.1	
2014 C	406692	5696052	4	6			
2014 D	406721	5695999	6	30			
2014 E	406788	5695815	5	25			
2014 F	406740	5696163	3	12			
2014 G	406804	5696257	15	44			
2014 H	406800	5696272	210	56	3	1	
2014 I	406800	5696272	28	25	3	0.1	
2014 J	406855	5696371	16	20			
2014 K	406891	5696349	80	117			
2014 L	406874	5696306	11	57			
2014 M	407051	5696145	4	57			
2014 N	406969	5696347	5	32			
2014 O	410486	5698312	9	10			
2014 P	410486	5698312	1100	85	3	0.1	
2014 Q	410252	5698367	1850	1350	10	0.6	
2014 R	409851	5698326	28	28	3	0.1	
2014 S	409795	5697882	1150	66	3	0.1	
2014 T	410398	5697346	1800	1500	10	0.1	
2017 B	413036	5697278	14	134			
2017 C	412996	5697205	52	36			
2039 A	408803	5697880	46	90			
2039 B	408803	5697754	13	43			
2039 C	408670	5697711	36	26			
2039 D	408627	5697655	126	4	3	0.1	
2039 E	408556	5697705	8	17	3	0.1	
2040 A	407142	5696736	67	42	3	0.8	
2040 B	407092	5697100	100	15			
2040 C	407273	5696889	46	15	3	0.1	
2040 D	407296	5696896	17	33			
2040 E	407336	5696747	110	20			
2041 A	408590	5697715	210	10	1	0.6	
2042 A	407921	5697424	40	42			
2042 B	407956	5697255	2800	15000	10	2	4.76
2042 C	408244	5696945	162	270	3	0.1	
2043 A	410472	5698062	350	190	15	0.1	
2043 B	410417	5698200	200	240	3	0.1	
2043 C	409936	5697768	3850	55	3	2.8	
2043 E	410437	5697456	15000	15	25	1.8	1.13
2047 A	407773	5697208	25	48	3	0.1	
2047 B	407696	5697173	18	69	3	0.4	
2047 C	407870	5697643	95	114	3	0.8	
2047 D	407754	5697575	134	42	3	1.2	

N.T.S. 52 P/8

NS

SAMPLE	FIELD #	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	WIDTH	ASSAYS						CO-ORDINATES		
					WRA	Au	Ag	Cu	Pb	Zn	GRID	UTM	
A		Grossanous Mafic Metavol; 1-2% maf, silty grds			✓		✓		✓		22100 W	409019	
B		Garnet, Fe-schist; 5-10% gts of rck			✓						8115 S	5696362	
C	*	Rusty garnet from QFB schist; 220% of grds			✓						31425 W	408051	
D		QFB Schist; (Mafic sediment) grds			✓						5100 S	5696298	
E					✓						32100 W	407765	
F											8100 S	5695460	
G													
H													
I													
J													
K													
L													
M													
N													
O													
P													
Q													
R													
S													
T		Later flow Sed; 1-2% py. & gal.											

44	324	410	398
255	5697348		
1850	1350		

NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY, LIMITED

SAMPLE REPORT

Nº 2017

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WHITE - OFFICE  
YELLOW - FIELD

PROJECT NO./PROPERTY 327-Petawenga N.T.S. 5298 FLOOR - FIELD

LAB Chemey

R-FELIX/M Stares

GRID REFERENCE Boyken Occurrence DATE Scene 12/94

## CO-ORDINATES ASSAYS

卷之三

NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY, LIMITED

SAMPLE REPORT

Nº 2039

LAB \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGIST/PROSPECTOR Harter/Groeschuk

PROJECT NO/PROPERTY 327 Petawanga N.T.S.

GEOLOGIST PROSPECTOR Haeser/Galeschütz GRID REFERENCE



NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY, LIMITED

LAB CEMENT

SAMPLE REPORT

Nº 2041

2.

PROIEC

GEOLOGIST/PROSPECTOR Harper / STARES

GRID REFERENCE

卷之三

SAMPLE FIELD # DESCRIPTION

## NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY, LIMITED

LAB Chromex

Nº 2042 SAMPLE REPORT

PROJECT NO/PROPERTY 327 Peta weyga

N.T.S. 52-ρ-8

N.T.S.

GEOLOGIST/PROSPECTOR C. G. Leschuk GRID REFERENCE

June 4th & 6

DATE







# Chemex Labs Ltd.

Analytical Chemists • Geochemists • Registered Assayers  
 5175 Timberlea Blvd., Mississauga,  
 Ontario, Canada L4W 2S3  
 PHONE: 416-624-2806

To: NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY LIMITED

960 ALLOY DRIVE  
 THUNDER BAY, ONTARIO  
 P7B 6A1

A9418125

Comments: ATTN: REG FELIX

## CERTIFICATE A9418125

NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY LIMITED

Project: 327  
 P.O. #: TB 83564

Samples submitted to our lab in Vancouver, BC.  
 This report was printed on 21-JUN-94.

## ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

CHEMEX CODE	NUMBER SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION	METHOD	DETECTION LIMIT	UPPER LIMIT
100	13	Au Dpb: Fuse 10 g sample	FA-AAS	5	10000
2	16	Cu Dpm: HNO3-aqua regia digest	AAS	1	10000
5	16	Zn Dpm: HNO3-aqua regia digest	AAS	1	10000
6	13	Ag Dpm: HNO3-aqua regia digest	AAS-BKOD CORR	0.2	100.0
316	1	Zn %: Reverse Aqua-Regia digest	AAS	0.01	100.0

## SAMPLE PREPARATION

CHEMEX CODE	NUMBER SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION
205	16	Geochem ring to approx 150 mesh
226	16	0-5 lb crush and split
238	16	Nitric-aqua-regia digestion



# Chemex Labs Ltd.

Analytical Chemists "Geochemists" Registered Assayers  
5175 Timberlea Blvd., Mississauga,  
Ontario, Canada L4W 2S3  
PHONE: 416-624-2806

To: NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY LIMITED

960 ALLOY DRIVE  
THUNDER BAY, ONTARIO  
P7B 6A1

A9418124

Comments: ATTN: REG FELIX

## CERTIFICATE

A9418124

NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY LIMITED

Project: 327  
P.O. #: TB 83564

Samples submitted to our lab in Vancouver, BC.  
This report was printed on 21-JUN-94.

## ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

CHEMEX CODE	NUMBER SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION	METHOD	DETECTION LIMIT	UPPER LIMIT
100	5	Au ppb: Fuse 10 g sample.	FA-AAS	5	10000
2	5	Cu ppm: HNO3-aqua regia digest	AAS	1	10000
5	5	Zn ppm: HNO3-aqua regia digest	AAS	1	10000
6	5	Ag ppm: HNO3-aqua regia digest	AAS-BKGD CORR	0.2	100.0

## SAMPLE PREPARATION

CHEMEX CODE	NUMBER SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION
299 238	5	Pulp: Prepped on other workorder Nitric-aqua-regia digestion



To: NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY LIMITED

960 ALLOY DRIVE  
THUNDER BAY, ONTARIO  
P7B 6A1Analytical Chemists • Geochemists • Registered Assayers  
5175 Timberlea Blvd., Mississauga,  
Ontario, Canada L4W 2S3  
PHONE: 905-624-2806

A9418123

Comments: ATTN: REG FELIX

## CERTIFICATE A9418123

## NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY LIMITED

Project: 327  
P.O. #: TB 83564Samples submitted to our lab in Vancouver, BC.  
This report was printed on 29-JUN-94.

## SAMPLE PREPARATION

CHEMEX CODE	NUMBER SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION
208	27	Assay ring to approx 150 mesh
226	27	0-5 lb crush and split
200	27	Whole rock fusion
238	27	Nitric-aqua-regia digestion

2 HNO<sub>3</sub>-aqua regia digest  
 5 Zn Dpm: HNO<sub>3</sub>-aqua regia digest

CHEMEX CODE	NUMBER SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION	METHOD	DETECTION LIMIT	UPPER LIMIT
594	27	A1203 %: Whole rock	ICP-AES	0.01	99.99
588	27	CaO %: Whole rock	ICP-AES	0.01	99.99
590	27	Cr2O3 %: Whole Rock	ICP-AES	0.01	100.00
586	27	Fe2O3 (total) %: Whole rock	ICP-AES	0.01	100.00
586	27	K2O %: Whole rock	ICP-AES	0.01	99.99
821	27	MgO %: Whole rock	ICP-AES	0.01	99.99
593	27	MnO %: Whole rock	ICP-AES	0.01	99.99
596	27	Na2O %: Whole rock	ICP-AES	0.01	99.99
599	27	P2O5 %: Whole rock	ICP-AES	0.01	99.99
597	27	SiO2 %: Whole rock	ICP-AES	0.01	99.99
592	27	TiO2 %: Whole rock	ICP-AES	0.01	99.99
595	27	L.O.I. %: Loss on ignition	FURNACE	0.01	99.99
475	27	Total %	CALCULATION	0.01	105.00
540	27	Ba ppm	ICP	10	10000
891	27	Rb ppm	ICP	5	5
1067	27	Sr ppm	ICP	10	10000
898	27	Nb ppm	ICP	10	10000
973	27	Zr ppm	ICP	10	10000
978	27	Y ppm	ICP	10	10000
974	27	Cu ppm: HNO <sub>3</sub> -aqua regia digest	AAS	1	10000
5	27	Zn Dpm: HNO <sub>3</sub> -aqua regia digest	AAS	1	10000



**Chemex Labs Ltd.**

Analytical Chemists • Geochemists • Registered Assayers  
5115 Timberlea Blvd., Mississauga,  
Ontario, Canada L4W 2S3  
PHONE: 416-624-2806

To: NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY LIMITED  
960 ALLOY DRIVE  
THUNDER BAY, ONTARIO  
P7B 6A1

Project: 327  
Comments: ATTN: REG FELIX

29-06-1994  
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P.O. Number	: TB 8356
Account	: BUFB

SAMPLE	PREP CODE	Au ppb FA+AA	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	Ag ppm Aqua R
2014 P	299	238	< 5	94	14
2014 Q	299	238	< 5	210	< 0.2
2014 R	299	238	< 5	28	56
2014 S	299	238	< 5	25	< 1.0
2014 T	299	238	10	1100	< 0.2
				85	< 0.2
				1850	< 0.6
				1350	



**Chemex Labs Ltd.**

Analytical Chemists • Geochemists • Registered Assayers  
5175 Timberlea Blvd., Mississauga,  
Ontario, Canada L4W 2S3  
PHONE: 416-624-2806

To: NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY LIMITED

960 ALLOY DRIVE  
THUNDER BAY, ONTARIO  
P7B 6A1

Project: 327  
Comments: ATTN: REG FELIX

29 -06- 1994

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Invoice No. 19418125  
P.O. Number TB 83564  
Account :BUF

**CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

**A9418125**

SAMPLE	PREP CODE	Au ppb FA+AA	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	Ag ppm Aqua R	Zn %
2014 B	205	226	< 5	38	28	< 0.2
2014 H	205	226	< 5	7	116	< 0.2
2014 I	205	226	10	8	73	< 0.2
2039 C	205	226	---	14	134	---
2039 D	205	226	---	52	36	---
2039 E	205	226	---	36	26	---
2040 A	205	226	< 5	126	4	< 0.2
2040 C	205	226	< 5	8	17	< 0.2
2041 A	205	226	< 5	67	42	0.8
2042 B	205	226	< 5	46	15	< 0.2
2042 C	205	226	210	10	< 1	0.6
2043 A	205	226	10	2800	>10000	2.0
2043 B	205	226	< 5	162	270	< 0.2
2043 C	205	226	15	350	190	< 0.2
2043 D	205	226	< 5	200	240	< 0.2
2043 E	205	226	< 5	3850	55	2.8

*Certified by [Signature]*  
*[Signature]*



To: NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY LIMITED

960 ALLOY DRIVE  
THUNDER BAY, ONTARIO  
P7B 6A1

Project : 327  
Comments: ATTN: REG FELIX

Analytical Chemists \* Geochemists \* Registered Assayers

5175 Timberlea Blvd., Mississauga,  
Ontario, Canada L4W 2S3  
PHONE: 905-624-2806

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Invoice No. :19418123  
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Account :BUF

### CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS A9418123

SAMPLE	PREP CODE	Al2O3 %	CaO %	Cr2O3 %	K2O %	MgO %	MnO %	Na2O %	P2O5 %	SiO2 %	TiO2 %	LOI %	TOTAL %	Ba ppm
2013 A	208	226	11.00	20.21	< 0.01	18.50	0.01	3.53	0.40	0.17	0.18	40.76	0.11	2.09
2013 B	208	226	13.54	4.39	< 0.01	12.29	0.84	4.60	0.24	0.65	0.19	60.15	0.49	1.25
2013 C	208	226	15.83	1.10	< 0.01	10.06	3.29	1.81	0.10	0.54	0.33	65.70	0.54	0.98
2013 D	208	226	15.13	4.15	< 0.01	4.18	4.04	1.41	0.10	0.70	0.19	67.50	0.33	2.34
2014 A	208	226	14.34	4.76	< 0.01	15.29	2.51	2.92	0.54	2.30	0.18	55.32	0.59	0.52
2014 C	208	226	22.45	1.33	< 0.01	4.15	1.52	0.73	0.15	2.14	0.09	64.50	1.01	2.01
2014 D	208	226	11.41	6.83	< 0.01	22.83	0.28	2.81	1.33	1.09	0.13	47.30	0.47	2.80
2014 E	208	226	13.04	3.85	< 0.01	15.51	0.46	1.64	0.71	2.25	0.14	58.30	0.58	0.25
2014 F	208	226	16.29	2.26	< 0.01	2.06	2.21	0.65	0.04	3.01	0.16	71.60	1.07	1.47
2014 G	208	226	14.24	4.22	< 0.01	12.98	1.01	1.93	0.52	3.21	0.14	58.57	0.76	0.54
2014 J	208	226	13.39	5.66	< 0.01	14.16	0.87	2.68	0.72	3.35	0.08	55.55	0.53	0.43
2014 K	208	226	17.75	3.84	< 0.01	11.41	2.72	2.07	0.35	3.00	0.13	57.34	0.79	1.04
2014 L	208	226	14.02	3.31	< 0.01	13.41	1.74	1.77	0.48	3.61	0.12	59.84	0.50	1.81
2014 M	208	226	15.74	3.08	< 0.01	5.88	1.29	0.85	0.20	4.32	0.16	67.00	0.74	1.18
2014 N	208	226	12.76	4.52	< 0.01	12.90	1.23	2.42	0.57	3.08	0.12	60.82	0.45	0.38
2014 O	208	226	13.15	4.67	< 0.01	5.28	0.35	1.19	0.04	2.70	0.12	68.02	0.49	6.74
2014 P	208	226	2.75	0.87	< 0.01	47.00	0.23	2.42	0.15	0.62	0.15	60.27	0.16	11.77
2014 Q	208	226	12.21	4.88	< 0.01	15.86	1.01	2.32	0.96	3.16	0.10	55.12	0.47	1.85
2014 R	208	226	11.72	13.09	< 0.01	20.90	0.51	5.91	0.49	0.78	0.13	40.59	0.84	2.73
2014 S	208	226	11.72	13.09	< 0.01	20.90	0.51	5.91	0.49	0.78	0.13	40.59	0.84	2.73
2014 T	208	226	12.71	7.10	0.04	5.79	0.35	0.86	0.06	0.93	0.13	70.30	0.16	1.66
2039 A	208	226	13.05	2.29	0.01	2.22	3.12	0.45	0.04	2.70	0.20	75.00	0.32	0.78
2039 B	208	226	13.28	4.72	< 0.01	14.50	1.27	1.86	0.64	1.40	< 0.01	59.36	0.64	0.34
2040 B	208	226	16.03	8.19	0.03	11.72	0.15	7.24	0.16	2.62	0.13	51.38	1.11	0.70
2040 D	208	226	13.48	4.54	0.03	11.15	0.67	1.87	0.49	3.60	0.16	64.13	0.55	0.22
2040 E	208	226	15.15	10.51	0.01	19.00	0.57	5.58	0.74	1.80	0.11	41.99	0.69	1.15
2042 A	208	226	15.32	8.87	0.01	12.12	0.59	4.17	0.23	2.31	0.15	53.15	1.60	1.37

*John P. Bosch Jr.*

CERTIFICATION:



To: NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY LIMITED  
960 ALLOY DRIVE  
THUNDER BAY, ONTARIO  
P7B 6A1

Project: 327  
Comments: ATTN: REG FELIX

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Total Pages :1  
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Invoice No.: 19418123  
P.O. Number: TB 83564  
Account: BUF

### CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

A9418123

SAMPLE	PREP CODE	Rb ppm	Sr ppm	Nb ppm	Zr ppm	Y ppm	Cu ppm	Zn ppm
2013 A	208	226	< 5	70	< 10	< 10	40	6300
2013 B	208	226	15	30	< 10	40	10	160
2013 C	208	226	40	10	< 10	110	< 10	120
2013 D	208	226	55	40	< 10	90	< 10	37
2014 A	208	226	50	120	< 10	80	10	16
2014 C	208	226	20	220	10	140	10	4
2014 D	208	226	< 5	40	< 10	80	10	6
2014 E	208	226	15	130	< 10	90	10	5
2014 F	208	226	35	160	< 10	120	10	3
2014 G	208	226	20	120	< 10	120	10	15
2014 J	208	226	15	280	< 10	70	10	4
2014 K	208	226	50	180	< 10	110	10	30
2014 L	208	226	30	180	< 10	110	10	57
2014 M	208	226	35	200	< 10	136	10	57
2014 N	208	226	40	220	< 10	100	10	5
2014 O	208	226	15	170	10	140	< 10	9
2014 P	208	226	20	40	< 10	70	< 10	87
2014 Q	208	226	10	10	< 10	50	< 10	183
2014 R	208	226	20	180	< 10	80	10	52
2014 S	208	226	10	20	< 10	50	20	28
2014 T	208	226	10	60	10	80	10	1150
2039 A	208	226	50	70	10	120	10	90
2039 B	208	226	15	140	< 10	110	< 10	13
2040 B	208	226	5	140	< 10	70	10	43
2040 D	208	226	15	190	< 10	120	10	100
2040 E	208	226	10	60	< 10	50	10	15
2042 A	208	226	70	100	< 10	96	30	17
							40	33
							42	20

CERTIFICATION: Mark Bachelder

CERTIFICATION:

PETAWANGA  
LITHOGEOCHEMICAL ALTERATION INDICES

SAMPLE	SiO <sub>2</sub> %	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> %	CaO %	Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> (total) %	K <sub>2</sub> O %	MgO %	Na <sub>2</sub> O %	Cu ppm	ISHIKAWA	ACNK	ZnNa <sub>2</sub> O	CuNa <sub>2</sub> O	CHLORITE SERICITE	SPITS	ADD/DEP
2013 A	40.78	11	20.21	18.5	0.01	3.53	0.17	6300	570	15	0.3	3353	37058	35	0.06
2014 T	70.3	12.71	7.1	5.79	0.35	0.86	0.93	1800	1500	13	0.9	1613	1835	29	0.27
2014 S	40.59	11.72	13.09	20.9	0.51	5.91	0.78	1150	66	32	0.5	85	1474	49	0.40
2014 Q	28.18	2.75	0.87	4.7	0.22	1.08	0.25	183	52	12	208	732	96	0.47	11
2013 B	60.15	13.54	4.39	12.29	0.84	4.6	0.65	160	500	52	1.4	789	246	63	0.58
2013 C	65.7	15.83	1.1	10.06	3.29	1.81	0.54	120	17	78	2.4	31	222	78	0.86
2014 P	60.27	4.67	2.58	16.17	0.23	2.42	0.62	87	19	45	0.8	31	140	74	0.27
2040 E	41.99	15.15	10.51	1.9	0.57	5.58	1.8	110	20	33	0.7	11	61	50	0.24
2013 D	67.5	15.13	4.15	4.18	4.04	1.41	0.7	37	21	53	1.2	30	53	37	0.85
2040 B	51.38	16.03	8.19	11.72	0.15	7.24	2.62	100	15	41	0.8	6	38	47	0.05
2014 K	57.34	17.75	3.84	11.41	2.72	2.07	3	80	117	41	1.2	39	27	50	0.48
2042 A	53.15	15.32	8.87	12.12	0.59	4.17	2.31	40	42	30	0.7	18	17	42	0.20
2039 A	75	13.05	2.29	2.22	3.12	0.45	2.7	46	90	42	1.1	33	17	21	0.54
2039 B	59.36	13.28	4.72	14.5	1.27	1.86	1.4	13	43	34	1.1	31	9	57	0.48
2014 R	55.12	12.21	4.88	15.86	1.01	2.32	3.16	28	28	29	0.8	9	9	53	0.24
2014 A	55.92	14.34	4.76	15.29	2.51	2.92	2.3	16	93	43	0.9	40	7	56	0.52
2014 D	47.3	11.41	6.83	22.83	0.28	2.81	1.09	6	30	28	0.8	28	6	62	0.20
2014 J	55.55	13.39	5.66	14.16	0.87	2.66	3.35	16	20	28	0.8	6	5	48	0.21
2040 D	64.13	13.48	4.54	11.15	0.67	1.87	3.6	17	33	24	0.9	9	5	44	0.16
2014 G	58.57	14.24	4.22	12.98	1.01	1.93	3.21	15	44	28	1.0	14	5	50	0.24
2014 O	68.02	13.15	2.78	5.28	0.35	1.19	2.7	9	10	22	1.3	4	3	37	0.11
2014 L	59.84	14.02	2.31	13.41	1.74	1.77	3.61	11	57	37	1.2	16	3	56	0.93
2014 C	64.5	22.45	1.33	4.15	1.52	0.73	2.14	4	6	39	3.0	3	2	41	0.42
2014 N	60.82	12.76	4.52	12.9	1.23	2.42	3.08	5	32	0.9	10	2	50	0.29	4
2014 E	58.3	13.04	3.85	15.51	0.46	1.64	3.25	5	25	23	1.0	8	2	55	0.12
2014 F	71.6	18.29	2.26	2.06	2.21	0.65	3.01	3	12	36	1.4	4	1	20	0.42
2014 M	67	15.74	3.08	5.88	1.29	0.85	4.32	4	57	22	1.1	13	1	4	0.23

Ishikawa =  $(\text{MgO} + \text{K}_2\text{O}) / (\text{MgO} + \text{K}_2\text{O} + \text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{CaO}) * 100$

ACNK =  $(\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 / 10) / (\text{CaO} / 56) * (\text{Na}_2\text{O} / 62) * (\text{K}_2\text{O} / 34)$

Sericite =  $\text{K}_2\text{O} / (\text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{K}_2\text{O})$

Chlorite =  $(\text{MgO} + \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3) / (\text{MgO} + \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3) * 2 * (\text{CaO} + \text{Na}_2\text{O}) * 100$

Spits =  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 / \text{Na}_2\text{O}$

Add/Dep =  $\text{MgO} + \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 / \text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{CaO}$

**APPENDIX II**  
**LITHOGEOCHEMICAL ALTERATION INDICES**



# Report of Work Conducted After Recording Claim

## Mining Act

Personal information collected on this form is obtained under the authority of the Mining Act. This information will be used for correspondence. Questions about this collection should be directed to the Provincial Manager, Mining Lands, Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, Fourth Floor, 150 Cedar Street, Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 6A5, telephone (705) 670-7264.

2.16118

**Instructions:** - Please type or print and submit in duplicate.

- Refer to the Mining Act and Regulations for req Recorder.
- A separate copy of this form must be completed.
- Technical reports and maps must accompany th
- A sketch, showing the claims the work is assign.



52P06NE0009 2.16148 PETAWANGA

900

327

Recorded Holder(s)		Client No.
Noranda Mining and Exploration Inc./Falconbridge Limited, 200 95 Wellington St. c/o 960 Alloy Drive, Thunder Bay, Ontario P7B 6A4		176208/130679
Address		Telephone No.
		(807) 623-4339
Mining Division	Township/Area	Min G Plan No.
Thunder Bay	Petawanga/Kawitos Lakes	G-378, G-287
Dates Work Performed	From: January 1, 1994	To: December 31, 1994

**Work Performed (Check One Work Group Only)**

Work Group	Type
X Geotechnical Survey	Linecutting and HLEM
Physical Work, Including Drilling	
Rehabilitation	
Other Authorized Work	
Assays	
Assignment from Reserve	

**RECEIVED**

AUG 21 1995

**MINING LANDS BRANCH**

Total Assessment Work Claimed on the Attached Statement of Costs \$ 24,540

**Note:** The Minister may reject for assessment work credit all or part of the assessment work submitted if the recorded holder cannot verify expenditures claimed in the statement of costs within 30 days of a request for verification.

**Persons and Survey Company Who Performed the Work (Give Name and Address of Author of Report)**

Name	Address
Reg Felix (Author)	c/o 960 Alloy Drive, Thunder Bay, Ontario P7B 6A4
R.Sharpe, R. Swire	c/o 960 Alloy Drive, Thunder Bay, Ontario P7B 6A4
Northwest Geophysics	Thunder Bay

(attach a schedule if necessary)

**Certification of Beneficial Interest \* See Note No. 1 on reverse side**

I certify that at the time the work was performed, the claims covered in this work report were recorded in the current holder's name or held under a beneficial interest by the current recorded holder.	Date	Recorded Holder or Agent (Signature)
	July 10/95	<i>C. Barrett</i>

**Certification of Work Report**

I certify that I have a personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this Work report, having performed the work or witnessed same during and/or after its completion and annexed report is true.		
Name and Address of Person Certifying		
Cecilia M. Barrett, 960 Alloy Drive, Thunder Bay, Ontario P7B 6A4		
Telephone No.	Date	Certified By (Signature)
(807) 623-4339	July 10/95	<i>C. Barrett</i>

**For Office Use Only**

Total Value Cr. Recorded <b>24540</b>	Date Recorded	Mining Recorder <i>Callen</i>	Received Stamp 95 JUL 02 AM
Deemed Approval Date <b>Oct 19/95</b>	Date Approved	MINING DIVISION THUNDER BAY RECEIVED	
Date Notice for Amendments Sent			

Work Report# for Applying Reserve	Claim Number (see note 2)	# of Claim Units
	TB 1,040,631	1
	TB 1,120,975	1
	TB 1,120,976	1
	TB 1,120,977	1
	TB 1,120,978	1
	TB 1,122,020	1
	TB 1,138,337	1
	TB 1,139,667	1
	TB 1,142,048	1
	TB 1,142,049	1
	TB 1,142,050	1
	TB 1,142,051	1
	TB 1,142,052	1
	TB 1,142,058	1
	TB 1,142,059	1
	TB 1,142,060	1
	TB 1,142,075	1
	TB 1,142,360	1
	TB 1,142,363	1
	TB 1,147,554	1
	TB 1,147,555	1
	TB 1,147,556	1
	TB 1,147,557	1
	TB 1,147,560	1
	TB 1,147,561	1
	TB 1,147,562	1
	TB 1,147,563	1
	TB 1,147,564	1
	TB 1,147,565	1
	TB 1,147,566	1
	TB 1,147,567	1
	TB 1,148,726	1
	TB 1,148,727	1
	TB 1,149,125	1
	TB 1,149,126	1
	TB 1,149,128	1
	TB 1,165,210	1
	TB 1,165,227	1
	TB 1,165,228	1
	TB 1,165,229	1
	TB 1,165,230	1
	TB 1,165,231	1
	TB 1,165,232	1
	TB 1,165,233	1
	TB 1,165,258	1
	TB 1,165,260	1
	TB 1,165,263	1
	TB 1,165,270	1

<b>Value of Assesment Work Done on this Claim</b>	<b>Value Applied to this Claim</b>
500.00	
500.00	
500.00	
500.00	
500.00	
500.00	
500.00	
50.00	
100.00	
500.00	
500.00	
500.00	
100.00	
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500.00	
500.00	
500.00	
50.00	
500.00	
100.00	
540.00	
540.00	
540.00	
540.00	
500.00	
100.00	
500.00	

Values Assigned from this Claim	Reserve: Work to be Claimed at a Future Date
	500.00
	500.00
	500.00
	500.00
	500.00
	500.00
	500.00
	50.00
	100.00
	500.00
	500.00
	100.00
	500.00
	500.00
	100.00
	100.00
	100.00
	50.00
	500.00
	500.00
	50.00
	50.00
	500.00
	500.00
	50.00
	500.00
	500.00
	500.00
<b>RECEIVED</b>	50.00
AUG 21 1985	500.00
<b>MINING LANDS BRANCH</b>	100.00
	500.00
	500.00
	500.00
	50.00
	500.00
	100.00
	540.00
	540.00
	540.00
	540.00
	500.00
	100.00
	500.00

Ms. A. 1. 1. fol. 95-

67

24,540.00

0.00

24,540.00

Total Number  
of Claims

Total Value Work Done

**Total Value  
Work Applied**

**Total Assigned  
From**

### Total Reserve

Credits you are claiming in this report may be cut back. In order to minimize the adverse affects of such deletions, please indicate from which claims you wish to prioritize the deletion of credits. Please mark (x) one of the following:

- Credits are to be cut back starting with the claims listed last, working backwards.
  - Credits are to be cut back equally over all claims contained in this report of work.
  - Credits are to be cut back as prioritized on the attached appendix.
  - Credits are to be cut back starting with the claims that have reserve credits.

In the event that you have not specified your choice of priority, option one will be implemented.

Note 1: Examples of beneficial interest are unrecorded transfers, option payments, memorandum of agreements, etc., with respect to the mining claims.

Note 2: If work has been performed on patented or leased land, please complete the following:

I certify that the recorded holder had a beneficial interest in the patented or leased land at the time the work was performed.

E. Bennett July 10, 195



Ministry of  
Northern Development  
and Mines

Ministère du  
Développement du Nord  
et des mines

# Statement of Costs for Assessment Credit

# État des coûts aux fins du crédit d'évaluation

## Mining Act/Loi sur les mines

Transaction No./N° de transaction

W9540-186

2.16140

Personal information collected on this form is obtained under the authority of the **Mining Act**. This information will be used to maintain a record and ongoing status of the mining claim(s). Questions about this collection should be directed to the Provincial Manager, Minings Lands, Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, 4th Floor, 159 Cedar Street, Sudbury, Ontario P3E 6A5, telephone (705) 670-7264.

Les renseignements personnels contenus dans la présente formule sont recueillis en vertu de la **Loi sur les mines** et serviront à tenir à jour un registre des concessions minières. Adresser toute question sur la collecte de ces renseignements au chef provincial des terrains miniers, ministère du Développement du Nord et des Mines, 159, rue Cedar, 4<sup>e</sup> étage, Sudbury (Ontario) P3E 6A5, téléphone (705) 670-7264.

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### 1. Direct Costs/Coûts directs

Type	Description	Amount Montant	Totals Total global
Wages Salaires	Labour Main-d'oeuvre	200	
	Field Supervision Supervision sur le terrain	2,300	2,500
Contractor's and Consultant's Fees Droits de l'entrepreneur et de l'expert- conseil	Type Linecutting	3,500	
	Magnetometer	900	
	HLEM	12,900	17,300
Supplies Used Fournitures utilisées	Type Flagging Tape,etc.	200	
			200
Equipment Rental Location de matériel	Type Generator	450	
		450	
Total Direct Costs Total des coûts directs		20,450	

### 2. Indirect Costs/Coûts indirects

\* \* Note: When claiming Rehabilitation work Indirect costs are not allowable as assessment work.  
Pour le remboursement des travaux de réhabilitation, les coûts indirects ne sont pas admissibles en tant que travaux d'évaluation.

Type	Description	Amount Montant	Totals Total global
Transportation Transport	Type Air	6,500	
	Ground	50	
	Freight	50	
			6,600
Food and Lodging Nourriture et hébergement			
Mobilization and Demobilization Mobilisation et démobilisation			
Sub Total of Indirect Costs Total partiel des coûts indirects			6,600
Amount Allowable (not greater than 20% of Direct Costs) Montant admissible (n'excédant pas 20 % des coûts directs)			4,090
Total Value of Assessment Credit (Total of Direct and Allowable Indirect costs)	Valeur totale du crédit d'évaluation (Total des coûts directs et indirects admissibles)		24,540

Note: The recorded holder will be required to verify expenditures claimed in this statement of costs within 30 days of a request for verification. If verification is not made, the Minister may reject for assessment work all or part of the assessment work submitted.

Note : Le titulaire enregistré sera tenu de vérifier les dépenses demandées dans le présent état des coûts dans les 30 jours suivant une demande à cet effet. Si la vérification n'est pas effectuée, le ministre peut rejeter tout ou une partie des travaux d'évaluation présentés.

### Filing Discounts

- Work filed within two years of completion is claimed at 100% of the above Total Value of Assessment Credit.
- Work filed three, four or five years after completion is claimed at 50% of the above Total Value of Assessment Credit. See calculations below:

Total Value of Assessment Credit	Total Assessment Claimed
	x 0.50 =

### Remises pour dépôt

RECEIVED

- AUG 21 1995
- Les travaux déposés dans les deux ans suivant leur achèvement sont remboursés à 100 % de la valeur totale susmentionnée du crédit d'évaluation.
  - Les travaux déposés trois, MINING LANDS BRANCH, après leur achèvement sont remboursés à 50 % de la valeur totale du crédit d'évaluation susmentionné. Voir les calculs ci-dessous.

Valeur totale du crédit d'évaluation	Évaluation totale demandée
	x 0.50 =

### Certification Verifying Statement of Costs

I hereby certify:  
that the amounts shown are as accurate as possible and these costs  
were incurred while conducting assessment work on the lands shown  
on the accompanying Report of Work form.  
Land's Administrator

that as \_\_\_\_\_ I am authorized  
(Recorded Holder, Agent, Position in Company)

to make this certification

### Attestation de l'état des coûts

J'atteste par la présente :  
que les montants indiqués sont le plus exact possible et que ces  
dépenses ont été engagées pour effectuer les travaux d'évaluation  
sur les terrains indiqués dans la formule de rapport de travail ci-joint.

Et qu'à titre de \_\_\_\_\_ je suis autorisé  
(titulaire enregistré, représentant, poste occupé dans la compagnie)

à faire cette attestation.

Signature	Date
<i>R. J. Smith</i>	July 10/95 May 2/95

Nota : Dans cette formule, lorsqu'il désigne des personnes, le masculin est utilisé au sens neutre.



Ministry of  
Northern Development  
and Mines

Ministère du  
Développement du Nord  
et des Mines

Geoscience Approvals Office  
933 Ramsey Lake Road  
6th Floor  
Sudbury, Ontario  
P3E 6B5

Telephone: (705) 670-5853  
Fax: (705) 670-5863

Our File: 2.16148  
Transaction #W9540.00186

September 28, 1995

Mining Recorder  
Ministry of Northern Development & Mines  
435 James Street South  
Thunder Bay, Ontario  
P7E 6E3

Dear Mr. Weirmeir:

**SUBJECT: APPROVAL OF ASSESSMENT WORK CREDITS ON MINING CLAIMS  
1040631 ET AL. IN PETAWANGA/KAWITOS LAKES AREA**

Assessment work credits have been approved as outlined on the attached report of work forms for this submission. Note: The credits have been distributed to better reflect the location of the work reported. The credits have been approved under Section 14, Geophysics(HLEM), Mining Act Regulations.

The approval date is September 28, 1995. Please indicate this approval on the claim record sheets.

If you have any questions regarding this correspondence, please contact Bruce Gates at (705) 670-5856.

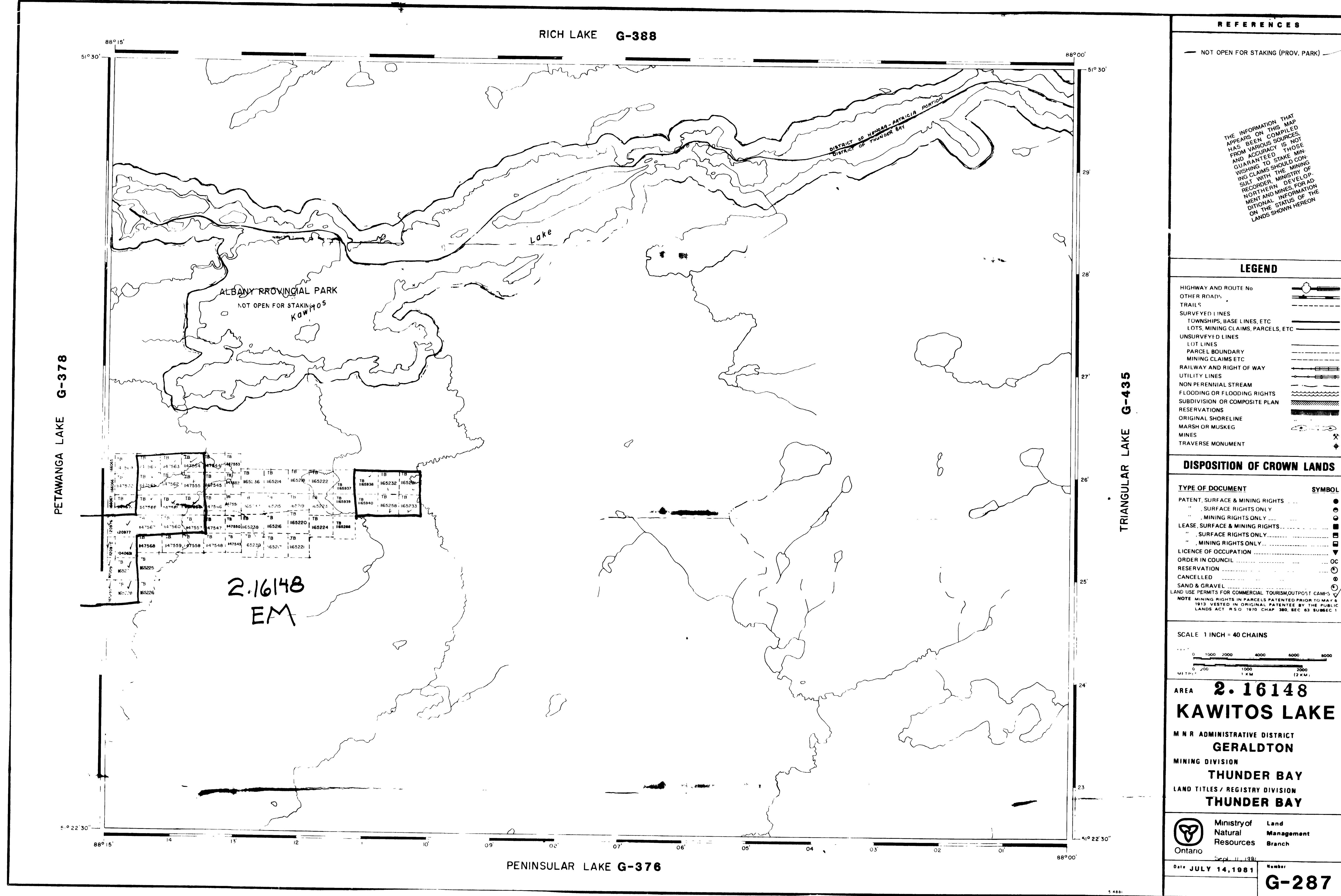
Yours sincerely,

Mark Hall  
Acting Senior Manager, Mining Lands Section  
Mining and Land Management Branch  
Mines and Minerals Division

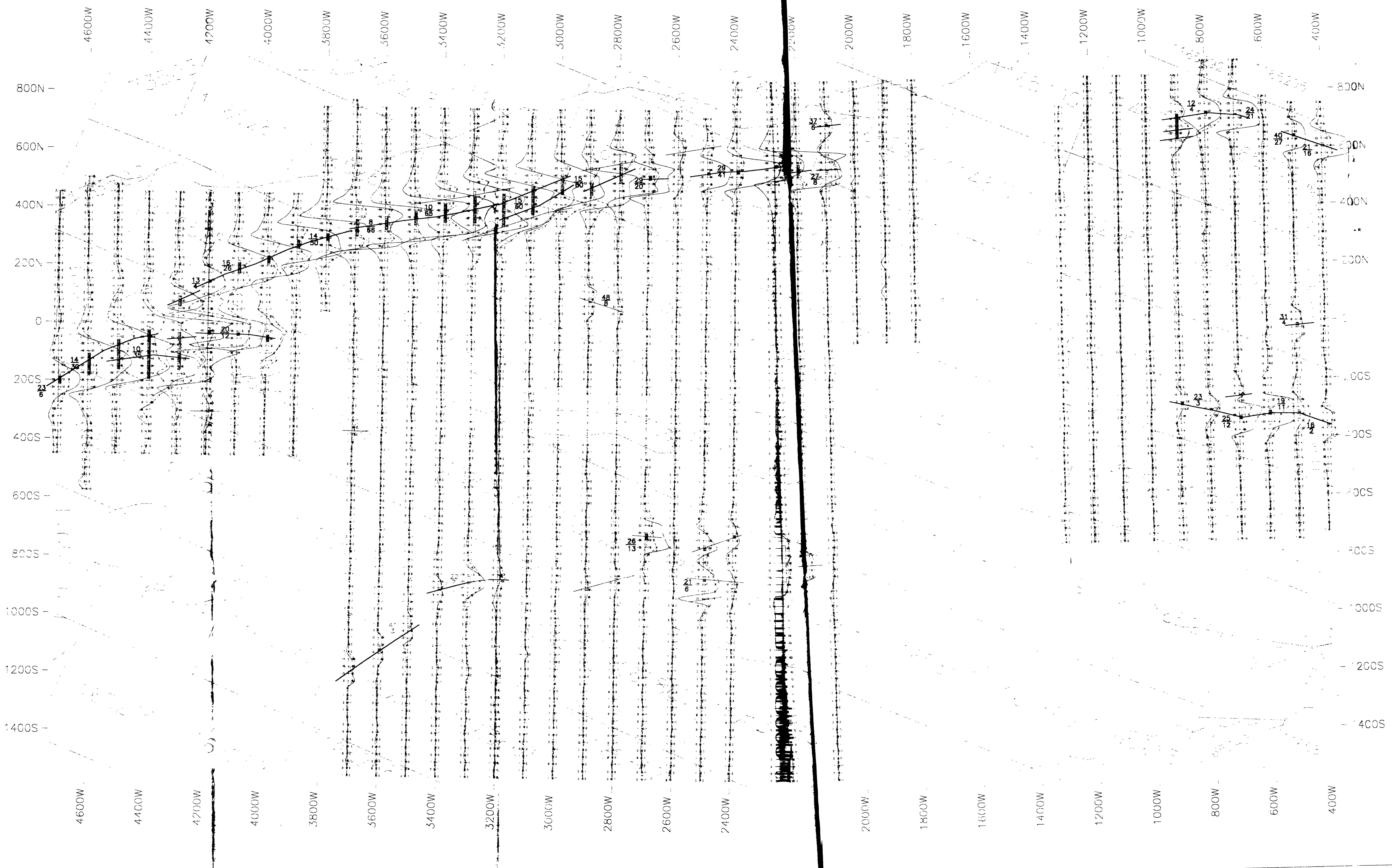
*BDS* BIG/

cc: Resident Geologist  
Thunder Bay, Ontario

Assessment Files Library  
Sudbury, Ontario



200



**MAP 2**

th-m  
d. -S

ent APEX MXMN  
 Scale 20%/cm  
 phase (left) —————  
 grature (right) - - - - -  
 Spacing . 100  
 phase —————  
 grature —————  
 ale 1:5000  
 50 100 150 200  
 (meters)

# **DISCOVERY LK GRID (WEST)**

LEM SURVEY R felix  
1760Hz NUMBER 327

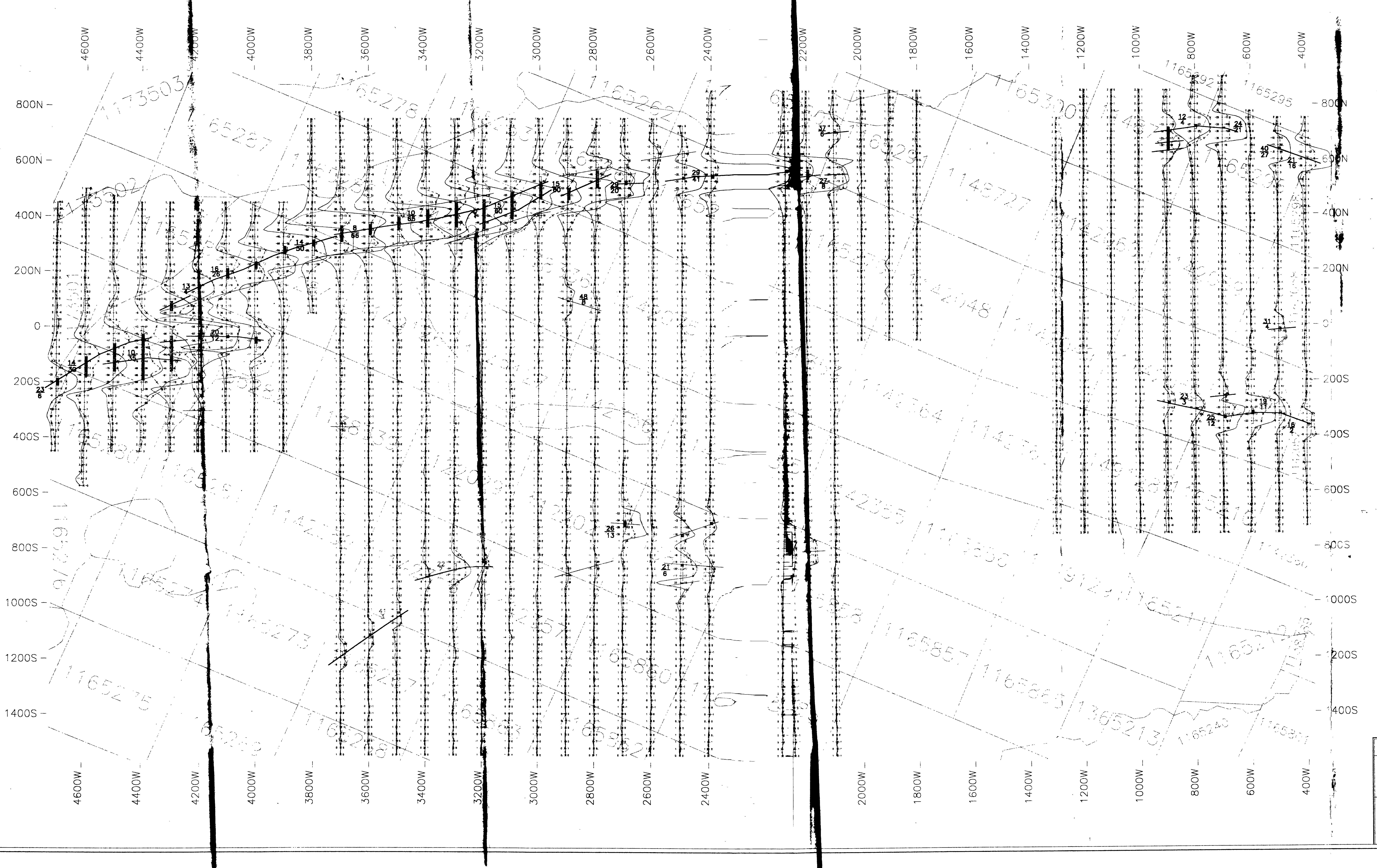
ECT : PETAWANGA NUMBER : 327  
BASELINE AZIMUTH : 70 deg

1994 NTS : 52-P-2  
SURVEY BY : NW GEOPHYSICS  
FILE : H327DLK

FILE : 102742  
**noranda**  
Mining and Exploration Inc.

## Mining and Exploration Inc.

2.16148



**MAP 2**

Depth-m  
Cond. -S

lument : APEX MXMN I  
 file Scale 20%/cm  
 n-phase (left) . —  
 quadrature (right) . - - - -  
 Coil Spacing : 100  
 -Phase  
 quadrature  
 Scale 1:5000  
 50 100 150 200

## **DISCOVERY LK GRID (WEST)**

EM SURVEY 1760Hz R F

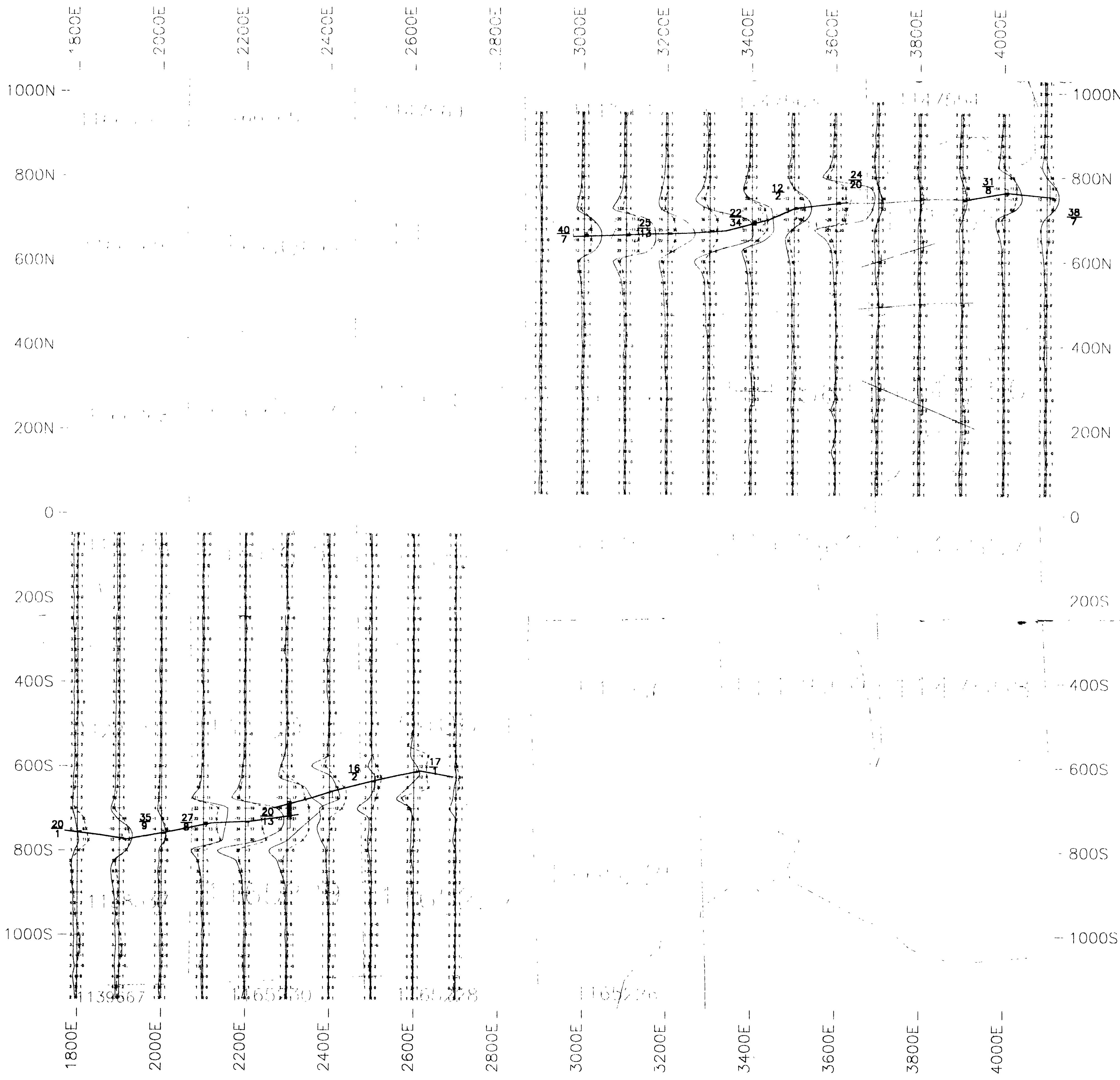
JJECT : PETAWANGA NUMBER : 327  
BASELINE AZIMUTH : 70 deg.

DATE : APRIL/1994 NTS : 52-P-2  
SURVEY BY : NW GEOPHYSICS  
FILE : 1170281X

FILE : H32/DLR  
**noranda**  
Mining and Exploration Inc.

g and Exploration Inc.

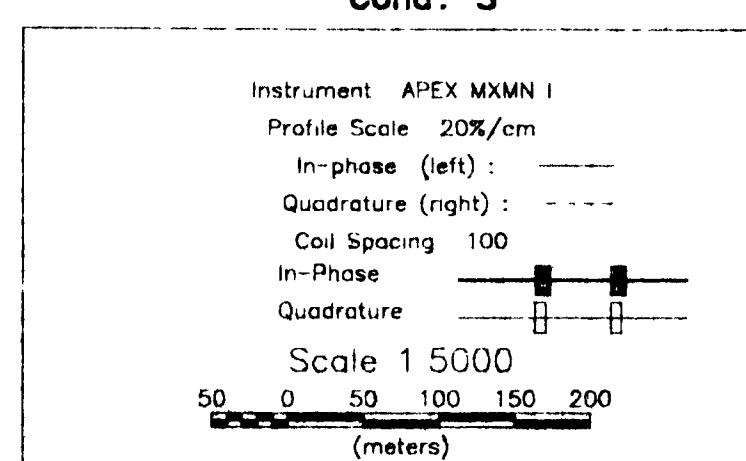
2. 16148



2.16148

MAP 4

Depth-m  
Cond. -S

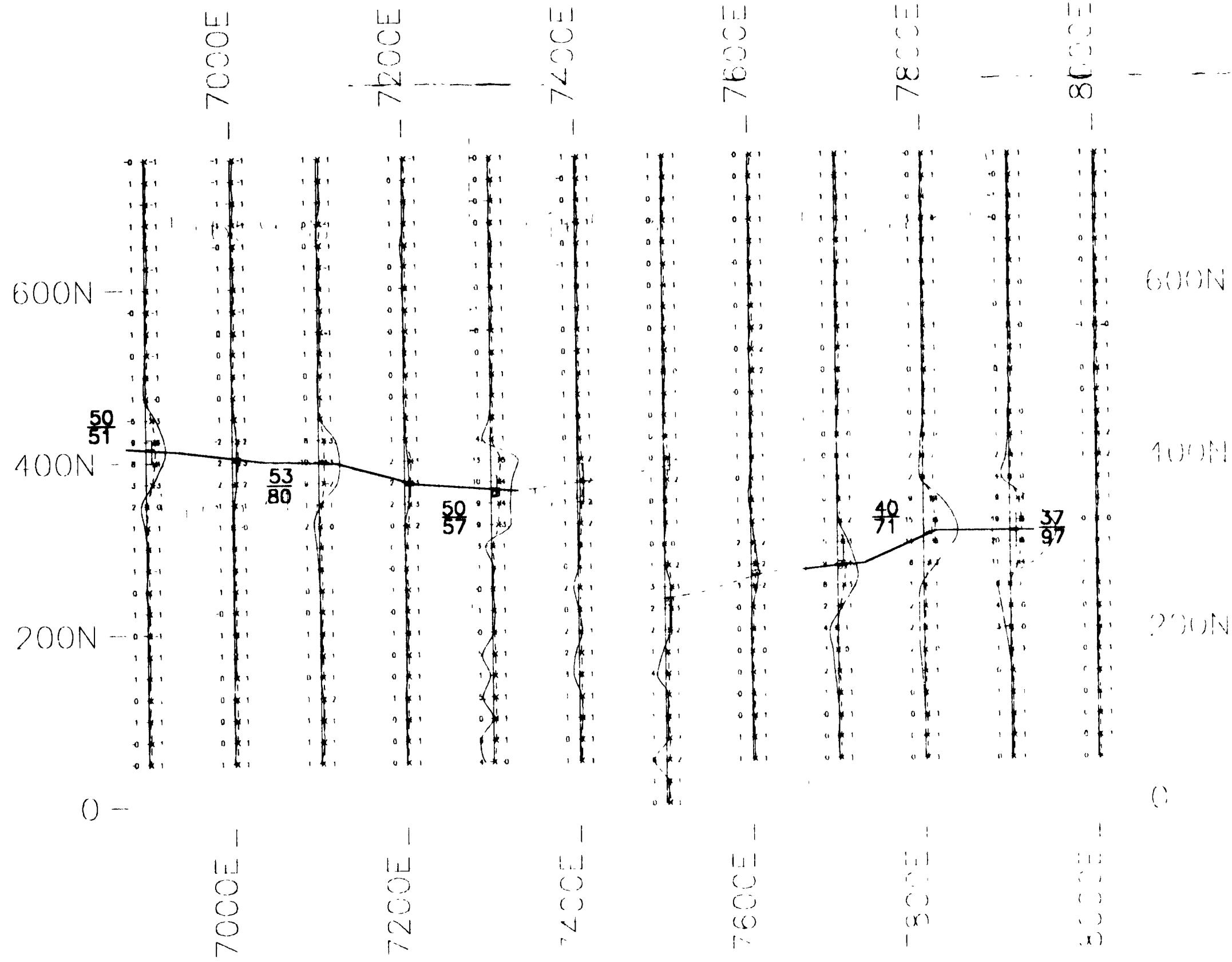


# **DISCOVERY LK GRID(CENTRAL)**

HLEM SURVEY  
1760Hz

DATE : APRIL/1994 NTS : 52-P-2  
SURVEY BY : NW GEOPHYSICS

FILE : H327CEN  
**noranda**  
Mining and Exploration Inc.



2.16148

### MAP 5

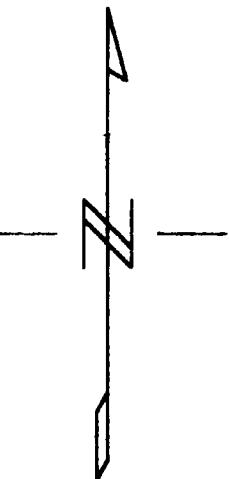
Depth-m  
Cond.-S

Instrument: APE + MXMN  
Drover rate: 20% rpm  
In-phase (left)  
Quadrature (right)  
Coh. spacing: 100  
In-phase  
Quadrature  
Scale Factor: 100  
Vertical

### DISCOVERY LK GRID (T-BONE)

HLEM SURVEY  
440Hz  
PROJECT: PETAWANGA NUMBER: 51  
BASELINE AZIMUTH: 90 deg  
DATE: APRIL /1994 NTS 52 P 2  
SURVEY BY: NW GEOPHYSICS  
FILE: H32/180  
**noranda**  
Mining and Exploration Inc



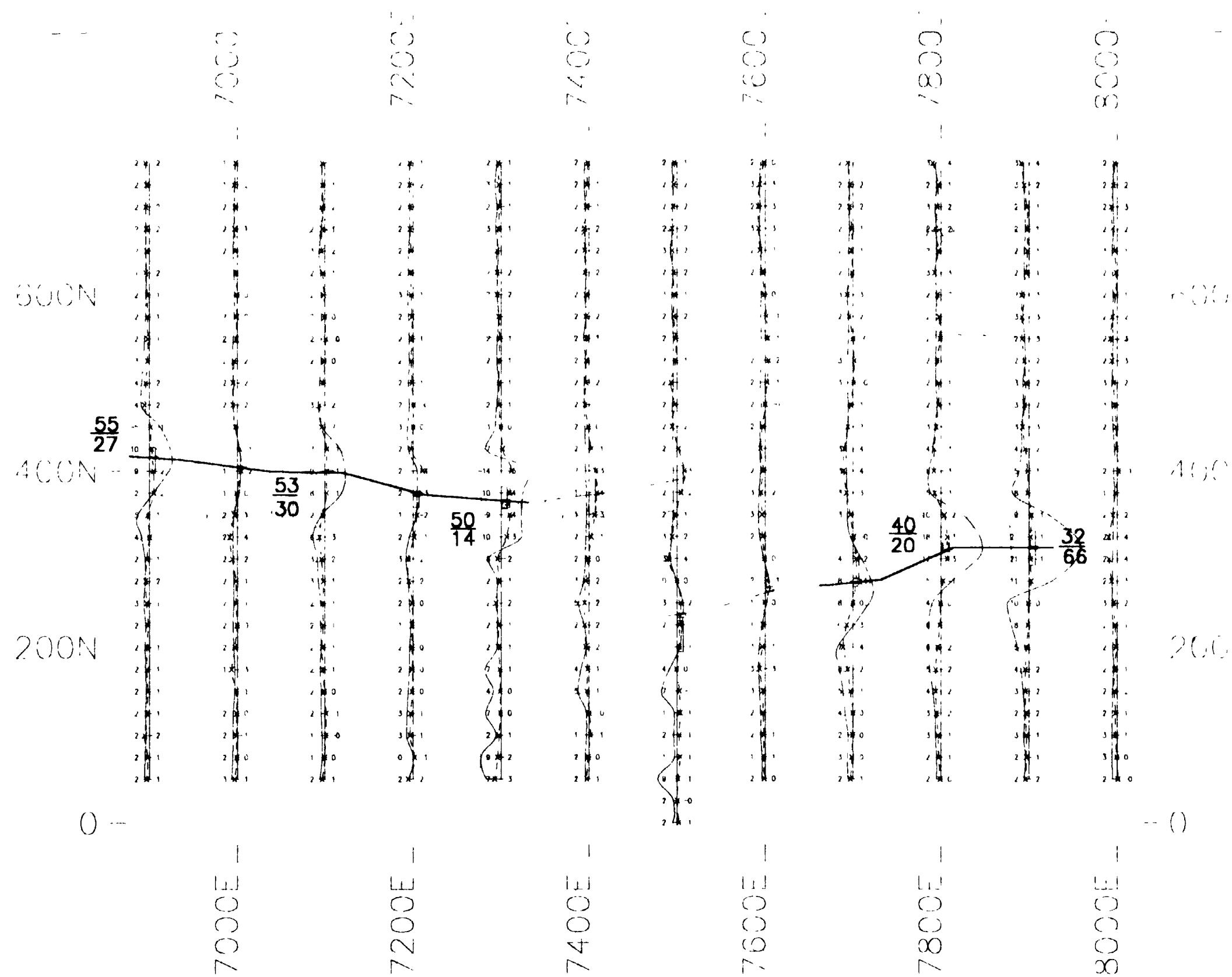


**2.16148**

### MAP 6

Depth-m  
Cond.-S

Instrument: AEM X MXMN  
Profile Spacing: 2.762 m  
Interphase (feet)  
Quadrature (feet)  
Cable Spacing: 1.6  
Interphase  
Quadrature  
Scale: 1:5000  
100 0 100 200  
(meters)



250

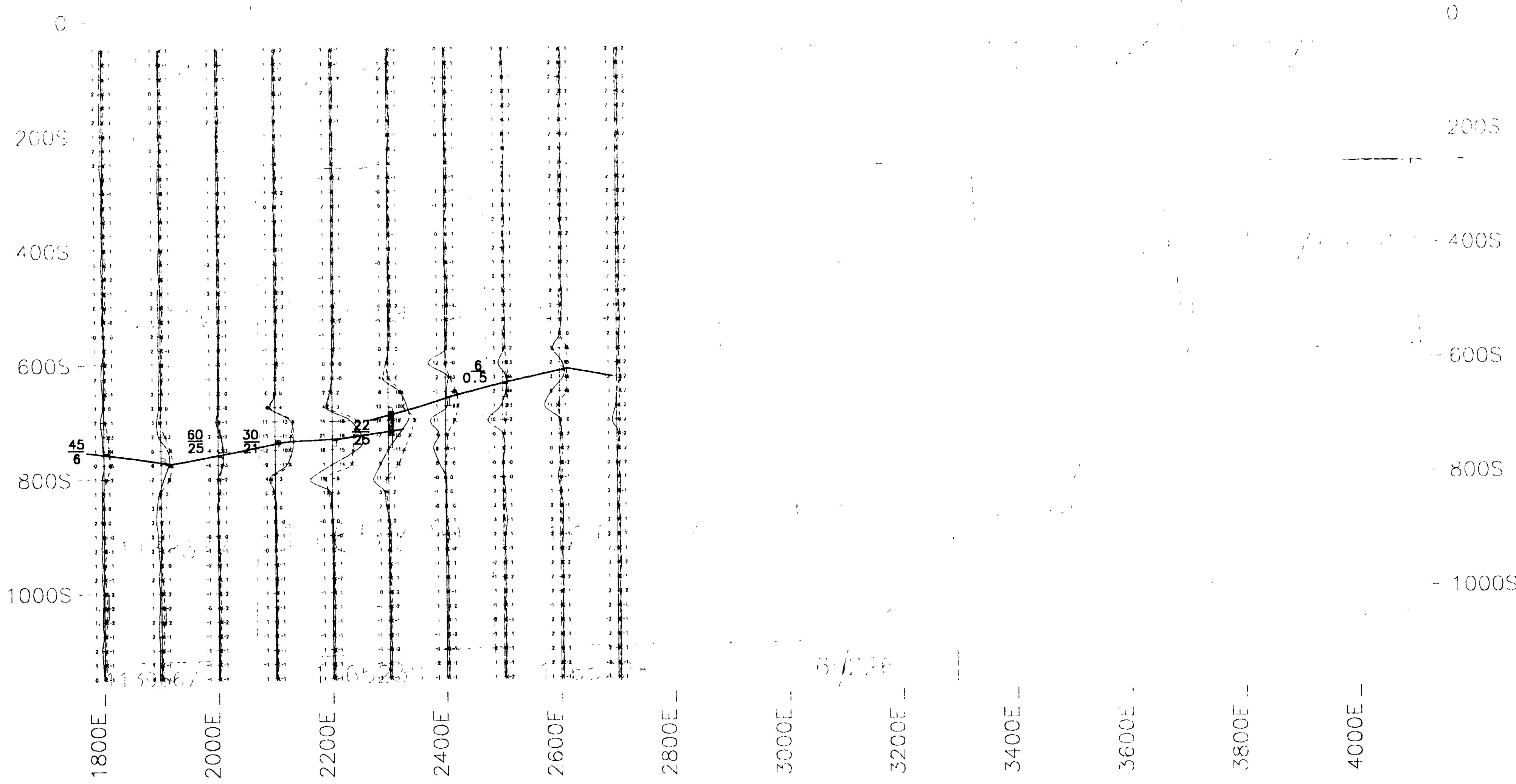
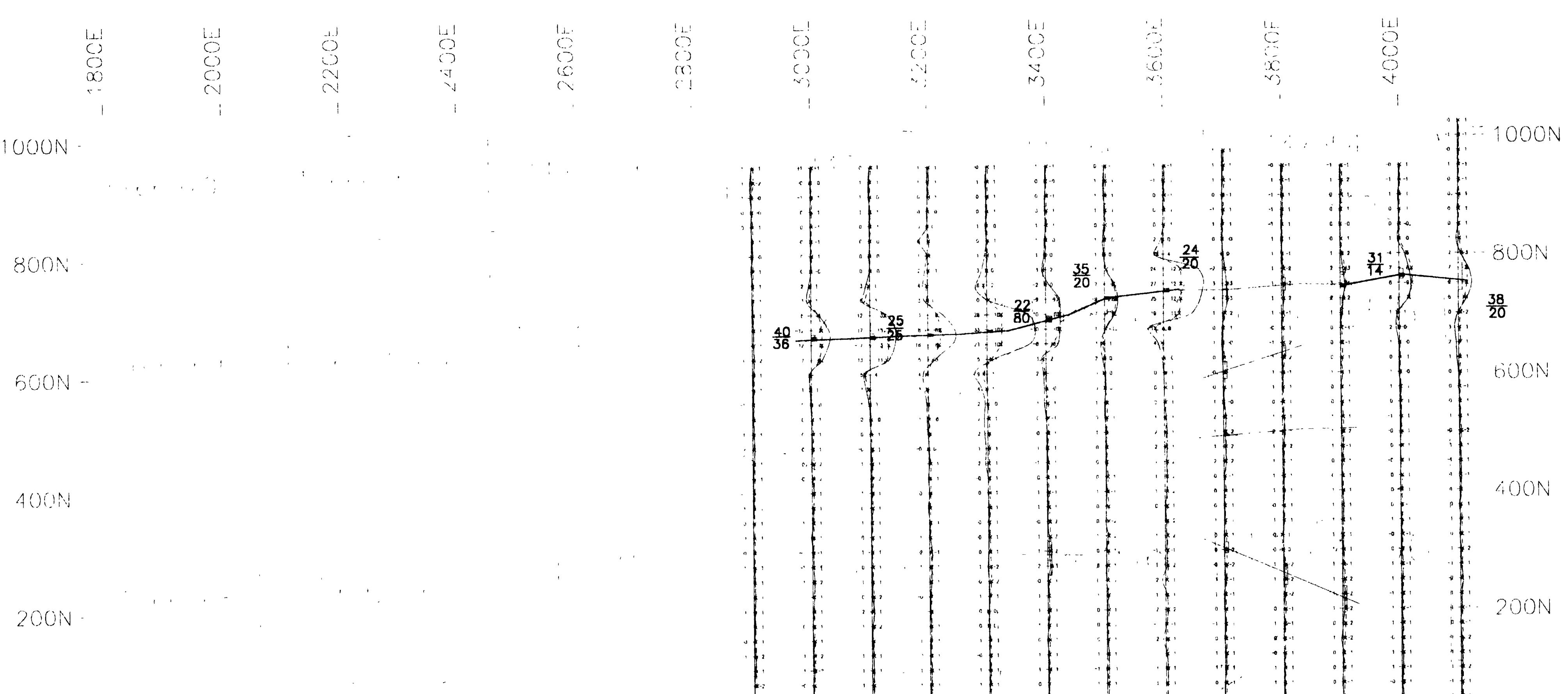
### DISCOVERY LK GRID (T-BONE)

HLEM SURVEY R *flex*  
1760Hz

PROJECT : PETAWANGA NUMBER : 32/  
BASELINE AZIMUTH . 90 deg

DATE APRIL /1994 NTS : 52-P-2  
SURVEY BY . NW GEOPHYSICS  
FILE 1132/1B0

**noranda**  
Mining and Exploration Inc.



**2.16148**

**MAP 3**

Depth-m  
Cond.-S

Instrument : APEX MXMN 1  
Profile Scale : 20% /cm  
In-phase (left) -----  
Quadrature (right) - - -  
Coil Spacing : 100  
In-Phase  
Quadrature - - -  
Scale 1:5000  
50 0 50 100 150 200  
(meters)

**DISCOVERY LK GRID(CENTRAL)**

HLEM SURVEY 440Hz *Rex*

PROJECT : PETAWANGA NUMBER : 327  
BASELINE AZIMUTH : 90 deg

DATE : APRIL/1994 NTS : 52-P-2  
SURVEY BY : NW GEOPHYSICS FILE : H327CEN

**noranda**  
Mining and Exploration Inc



