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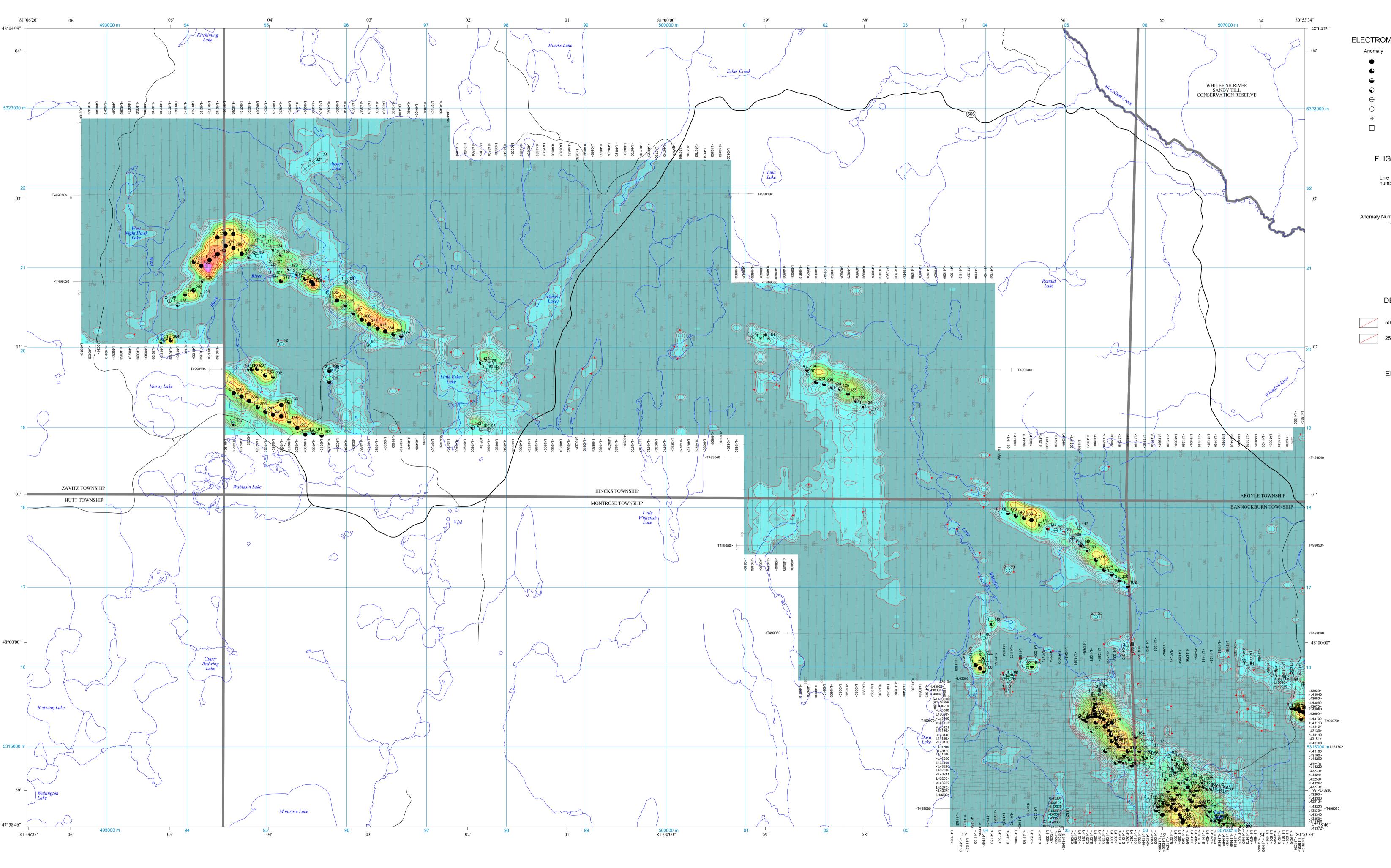
It is recommended that reference to the Content be made in the following form:

Ontario Geological Survey 2015. Airborne magnetic and electromagnetic surveys, colour-filled contours of the EM decay constant and electromagnetic anomalies, Matachewan–Timmins area—Purchased data; Ontario Geological Survey, Map 60 435, scale 1:20 000.

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DESCRIPTIVE NOTES

ELECTROMAGNETIC ANOMALY SYMBOLS

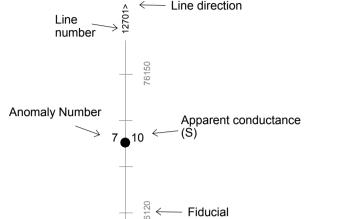
Decay Constant Classification >280 microseconds 210-280 microseconds 160-210 microseconds 120-160 microseconds 90-120 microseconds 0-90 microseconds

LEGEND

FLIGHT LINE INFORMATION

surficial conductor

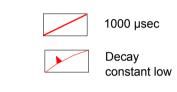
cultural response



DECAY CONSTANT (TAU)



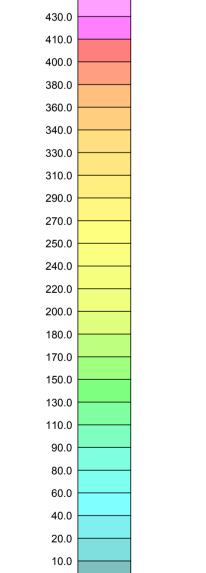




EM DECAY CONSTANT microseconds (µsec)

490.0

470.0



This survey was flown using the Aeroquest AeroTEM™ helicopter-borne magnetic and electromagnetic system. The aircraft was also equipped with a GPS navigation system and a digital data acquisition system.

EM Decay Constant

EM decay constant values were calculated for each time channel of the Z-coil response, based on the response amplitude at the particular channel and the amplitude of a later channel, either immediately successive or further down the decay curve to ensure the signal levels and signal difference are suitably above signal noise threshold. The longest time constant value in the array was favoured. For each sample, only those channels with sufficient amplitude above the noise level were used in the calculation. In semi-log space, the slope of this function will reflect the decay rate of the transient and therefore the strength of the conductivity. A slow rate of decay, reflecting a high conductivity, will be represented by a high decay constant value.

The computed decay constant values were filtered using a 21 point Hanning filter and interpolated onto a 20 m regular grid,

using the bi-cubic spline algorithm. The grid was subsequently smoothed, by applying 2 passes of a 3 x 3 point Hanning filter. **EM Anomalies** The AeroTEM™ system will respond to conductive overburden,

and posted on the map.

the power line monitor. Conductors having direct association with magnetic anomalies, as well as conductors interpreted to be steeply or moderately dipping were classified as being bedrock in origin. Interpreted broad conductors, with no correlation to the magnetic data were classified as surficial in origin. For each picked EM anomaly, the associated decay constant value was assigned

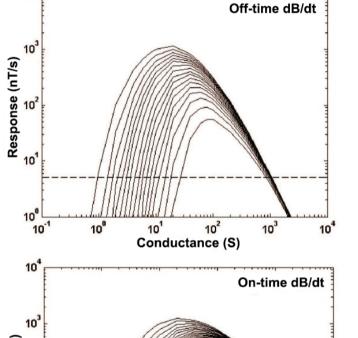
topography. Man-made responses are identifiable by examining

near-surface horizontal conducting layers, man-made sources

and bedrock conductors. Identification of natural conductors is based on the rate of transient decay, magnetic correlation

and response shape, together with the response pattern and

VERTICAL PLATE NOMOGRAM



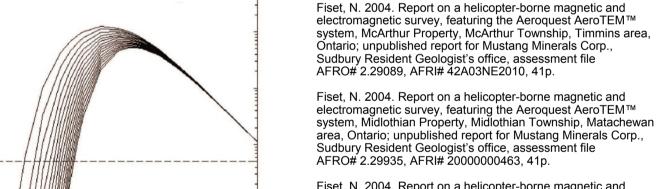
Conductance (S)

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

Magnetometer $\Box \rightarrow f$

.

(Not to scale)



Fiset, N. 2004. Report on a helicopter-borne magnetic and electromagnetic survey, featuring the Aeroquest AeroTEM™ system, Montrose Property, Montrose Township, Matachewan area, Ontario; unpublished report for Mustang Minerals Corp., Sudbury Resident Geologist's office, assessment file AFRO# 2.29867, AFRI# 20000000456, 39p.

Fiset, N. 2004. Report on a Helicopter-borne magnetic and electromagnetic survey, featuring the Aeroquest AeroTEM™ system, Powell Property, Powell Township, Matachewan area, Ontario; unpublished report for Mustang Minerals Corp., Sudbury Resident Geologist's office, assessment file AFRO# 2.29869, AFRI# 20000000457, 41p.

Fiset, N. 2004. Report on a helicopter-borne magnetic and electromagnetic survey, featuring the Aeroquest AeroTEM™ system, Serpentine Property, Semple and Sothman townships, Matachewan area, Ontario; unpublished report for Mustang Minerals Corp., Sudbury Resident Geologist's office, assessment file AFRO# 2.28603, AFRI# 41P14NE2014, 52p.

Ontario Geological Survey 1999. Single master gravity and aeromagnetic data for Ontario, Geophysical Data Set 1036.

SURVEY PARAMETERS

Type: Aerospatiale AS350B2 Registration: C-FAVI

ELECTROMAGNETIC SYSTEM

Base frequency: 150 Hz

Pulse width: 1150 µsec

Current waveform: bipolar triangular

Bird Location: 40 m below aircraft

GPS receiver: Trimble® AgGPS®132

Radar altimeter: Terra 3500/TRI-30

Guidance system: Ag-Nav Inc. AG-NAV2

Magnetometer: Scintrex® CS-2 cesium

Sample interval: 1 reading per second

Survey date: April 24 to May 12, 2004

Traverse line spacing: 50 and 100 m

Nominal aircraft terrain clearance: 70 m

Projection: Universal Transverse Mercator

Central meridian: 93°00'W (UTM zone 17)

Traverse line direction: North-South and East-West

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Base map information derived from the Land Information Ontario Data Warehouse, Land Information Ontario, Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry, scale 1:50 000.

Magnetic declination for the centre of the map area was

Fiset, N. 2004. Report on a helicopter-borne magnetic and electromagnetic survey, featuring the Aeroquest AeroTEM™

Ontario; unpublished report for Mustang Minerals Corp.,

Fiset, N. 2004. Report on a helicopter-borne magnetic and electromagnetic survey, featuring the Aeroquest AeroTEM™ system, Bannockburn Property, Bannockburn Township,

Matachewan area, Ontario; unpublished report for Mustang

Minerals Corp., Sudbury Resident Geologist's office, assessment file AFRO# 2.29671, AFRI# 41P15NW2014, 42p.

Sudbury Resident Geologist's office, assessment file AFRO# 2.28796, AFRI# 42A06SE2024, 45p.

system, Redstone Property, Adams Township, Timmins area,

GPS receiver: Leica® MX9212

Control line spacing: 200 m

Central scale factor: 0.9996 False easting: 500 000 m

approximately 10°41'W in 2015.

Control line direction: East-West

SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS

CO-ORDINATE SYSTEM

False northing: 0 m

Datum: NAD83

Peak dipole moment (NIA): 38 800 Am²

Parameters: X- and Z-components of dB/dt

GPS sample interval: 5 readings per second

Video flight path recorder: 8 mm high resolution colour video

Digital acquisition system: AeroDAS, RMS Instruments

Sample interval: 10 readings per second

MAGNETOMETER

Sensitivity: 0.001 nT

Type: AeroTEM™

Off-time: 2183 usec

NAVIGATION SYSTEM

BASE STATION

Type: Geometrics® G823A cesium-vapour AIRBORNE MAGNETIC AND Sample interval: 10 readings per second ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEYS Sensor location: 19 m below aircraft

> Colour-filled contours of the EM decay constant and electromagnetic anomalies

Ontario Geological Survey

MAP 60 435

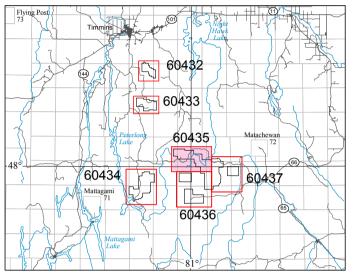
MATACHEWAN-TIMMINS

Purchased Data



NTS References: 41 P/14, 15; 42 A/2, 3

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CREDITS

1 cm equals 15 km

Data acquisition, data compilation by Aeroquest International, Mississauga, Ontario for Mustang Minerals Corp., Toronto,

Data reprocessing and map production by Scott Hogg and

Associates, Toronto, Ontario. Contract management, base maps and map surrounds by the

Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, Sudbury, Ontario. Every possible effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information presented on this map; however, the Ministry of Northern Development and Mines does not assume liability

for any errors that may occur. Users should verify critical The geophysical data on this map were purchased from the private sector. The original data acquisition was neither supervised by the Ontario Geological Survey (OGS) nor carried out to OGS technical specifications. However, the purchased

data do meet a pre-defined valuation criteria set out by the OGS.

Some quality assurance and quality control checks have been carried out on the digital data. Corresponding digital data for this survey are available from the

following Ontario Geological Survey publication:

Ontario Geological Survey 2015. Ontario airborne geophysical surveys, magnetic and electromagnetic data, grid and profile data (ASCII and Geosoft® formats) and vector data, Matachewan-Timmins area—Purchased data; Ontario Geological Survey, Geophysical Data Set 1243.

Issued 2015.

Location Map

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electromagnetic surveys, colour-filled contours of the EM decay

constant and electromagnetic anomalies, Matachewan-Timmins area—Purchased data; Ontario Geological Survey, Map 60 435, scale 1:20 000.

Users of OGS products are encouraged to contact those Aboriginal communities whose traditional territories may be located in the mineral exploration area to discuss their project.